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## Certification Test Report

**FCC ID: N6SLFADV  
IC: 827B-LFADV**

**FCC Rule Part: 15.209  
IC Radio Standards Specification: RSS-210**

**ACS Report Number: 13-0073.W06.1A**

**Manufacturer: Gilbarco Inc.  
Model: LFADV**

**Test Begin Date: March 18, 2013  
Test End Date: April 29, 2013**

**Report Issue Date: May 2, 2013**



FOR THE SCOPE OF ACCREDITATION UNDER LAB Code 200612-0

This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the Federal Government.

Reviewed by:

**Kirby Munroe  
Director, Wireless Certifications  
ACS, Inc.**

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**This report contains 15 pages**

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**1 GENERAL****1.1 Purpose**

The purpose of this report is to demonstrate compliance with Part 15 Subpart C of the FCC's Code of Federal Regulations and Industry Canada's Radio Standards Specification RSS-210 for certification.

**1.2 Product description**

The model LFADV is a Radio Frequency Identification Device (RFID) which is designed for use in conjunction with passive transponders (not requiring a battery), Texas Instruments Part # RI-TRP-Series. The user carries the handheld transponder and the transmitter portion of the LFECIM operates at 134.2kHz.

**Technical Information:**

Range of Operation: 134 kHz

Number of Channels: 1

Modulation Format: FSK

Antenna Type: Integral Loop

Operating Voltage: 24 VDC

**Manufacturer Information:**

Gilbarco Inc.

7300 West Friendly Ave.

Greensboro NC 27420

Test Sample Serial Number(s): 80296481

Test Sample Condition: The test samples were provided in good working order with no visible defects.

**1.3 Test Methodology and Considerations**

The EUT was tested in an orientation of typical installation using a fixture which represents the final configuration. A tag was presented to the EUT (i.e. tag reader) to provide continuous transmit functionality for test purposes. An external test board and power supply was included in the test setup to provide power to the EUT.

In order to comply with 15.209 regulations, the LFADV needed a ferrite placed on the antenna and power/data cables. The part number of the ferrite used on the antenna cable was Steward Ferrite 28A2025-0A0. The part number of the ferrite used on the power/data cable was Steward Ferrite 28A2029-0A0. See the external photo exhibit included in this filing for photographs of this modification.

## **2 TEST FACILITIES**

### **2.1 Location**

The radiated and conducted emissions test sites are located at the following address:

Advanced Compliance Solutions  
5015 B.U. Bowman Drive  
Buford, GA 30518  
Phone: (770) 831-8048  
Fax: (770) 831-8598

### **2.2 Laboratory Accreditations/Recognitions/Certifications**

ACS is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 by the National Institute of Standards and Technology under their National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP), Lab Code 200612-0. Unless otherwise specified, all tests methods described within this report are covered under the ISO/IEC 17025 scope of accreditation.

The Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site, Open Area Test Site (OATS) and Conducted Emissions Site have been fully described, submitted to, and accepted by the FCC, Industry Canada and the Japanese Voluntary Control Council for Interference by information technology equipment.

FCC Registration Number: 511277

Industry Canada Lab Code: IC 4175A-1

VCCI Member Number: 1831

- VCCI OATS Registration Number R-1526
- VCCI Conducted Emissions Site Registration Number: C-1608

**2.3 Radiated Emissions Test Site Description**

**2.3.1 Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site**

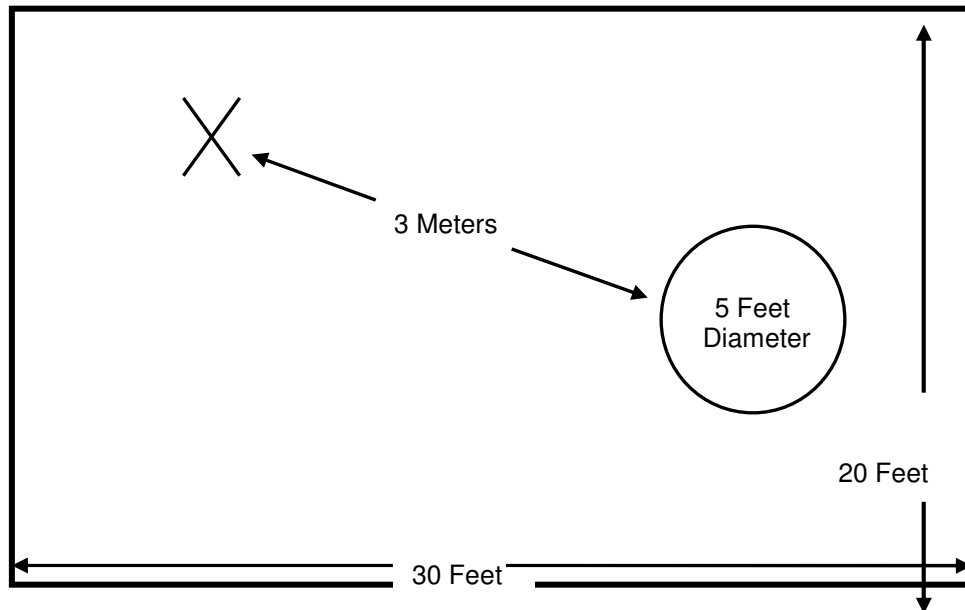
The Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site consists of a 20' x 30' x 18' shielded enclosure. The chamber is lined with Toyo Ferrite Grid Absorber, model number FFG-1000. The ferrite tile grid is 101 x 101 x 19mm thick and weighs approximately 550 grams. These tiles are mounted on steel panels and installed directly on the inner walls of the chamber.

The turntable is 150cm in diameter and is located 160cm from the back wall of the chamber. The chamber is grounded via 1 - 8' copper ground rod, installed at the center of the back wall, it is bound to the ground plane using 3/4" stainless steel braided cable.

The turntable is all steel, flush mounted table installed in an all steel frame. The table is remotely operated from inside the control room located 25' from the range. The turntable is electrically bonded to the surrounding ground plane via steel fingers installed on the edge of the turn table. The steel fingers make constant contact with the ground plane during operation.

Behind the turntable is a 3' x 6' x 4' deep shielded pit used for support equipment if necessary. The pit is equipped with 1 - 4" PVC chases from the turntable to the pit that allow for cabling to the EUT if necessary. The underside of the turntable can be accessed from the pit so cables can be supplied to the EUT from the pit.

A diagram of the Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site is shown in Figure 2.3-1 below:



**Figure 2.3-1: Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site**

2.3.2 Open Area Tests Site (OATS)

The open area test site consists of a 40' x 66' concrete pad covered with a perforated electro-plated galvanized sheet metal. The perforations in the sheet metal are 1/8" holes that are staggered every 3/16". The individual sheets are placed to overlap each other by 1/4" and are riveted together to provide a continuous seam. Rivets are spaced every 3" in a 3 x 20 meter perimeter around the antenna mast and EUT area. Rivets in the remaining area are spaced as necessary to properly secure the ground plane and maintain the electrical continuity.

The entire ground plane extends 12' beyond the turntable edge and 16' beyond the antenna mast when set to a 10 meter measurement distance. The ground plane is grounded via 4 - 8' copper ground rods, each installed at a corner of the ground plane and bound to the ground plane using 3/4" stainless steel braided cable.

The turntable is an all aluminum 10' flush mounted table installed in an all aluminum frame. The table is remotely operated from inside the control room located 40' from the range. The turntable is electrically bonded to the surrounding ground plane via steel fingers installed on the edge of the turn table. The steel fingers make constant contact with the ground plane during operation.

Adjacent to the turntable is a 7' x 7' square and 4' deep concrete pit used for support equipment if necessary. The pit is equipped with 5 - 4" PVC chases from the pit to the control room that allow for cabling to the EUT if necessary. The underside of the turntable can be accessed from the pit so cables can be supplied to the EUT from the pit. The pit is covered with 2 sheets of 1/4" diamond style re-enforced steel sheets. The sheets are painted to match the perforated steel ground plane; however the underside edges have been masked off to maintain the electrical continuity of the ground plane. All reflecting objects are located outside of the ellipse defined in ANSI C63.4.

A diagram of the Open Area Test Site is shown in Figure 2.3-2 below:

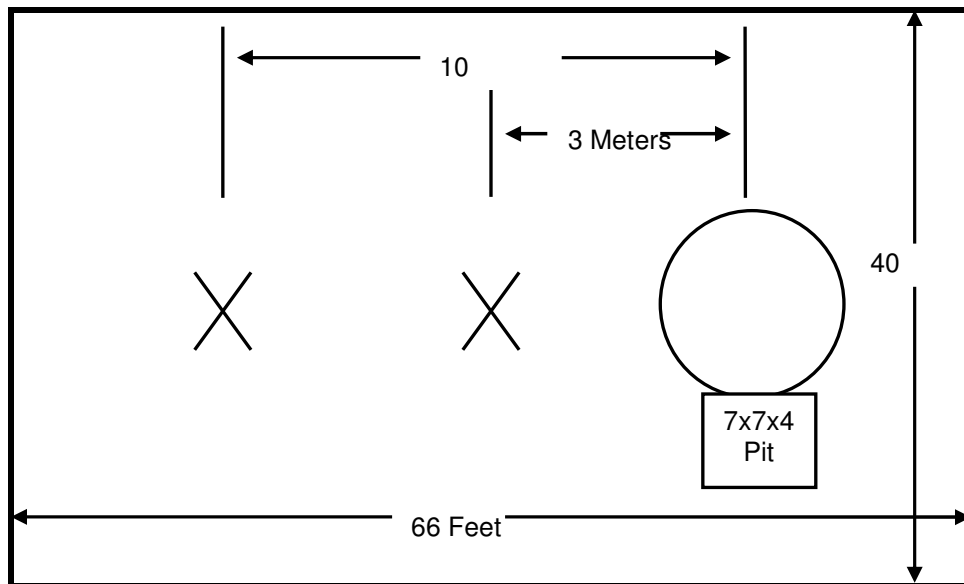


Figure 2.3-2: Open Area Test Site

## 2.4 Conducted Emissions Test Site Description

The AC mains conducted EMI site is located in the main EMC lab. It consists of an 8' x 8' solid aluminum horizontal ground reference plane (GRP) bonded every 3" to an 8' X 8' vertical ground plane.

The site is of sufficient size to test table top and floor standing equipment in accordance with section 6.1.4 of ANSI C63.4.

A diagram of the room is shown below in figure 4.1.3-1:

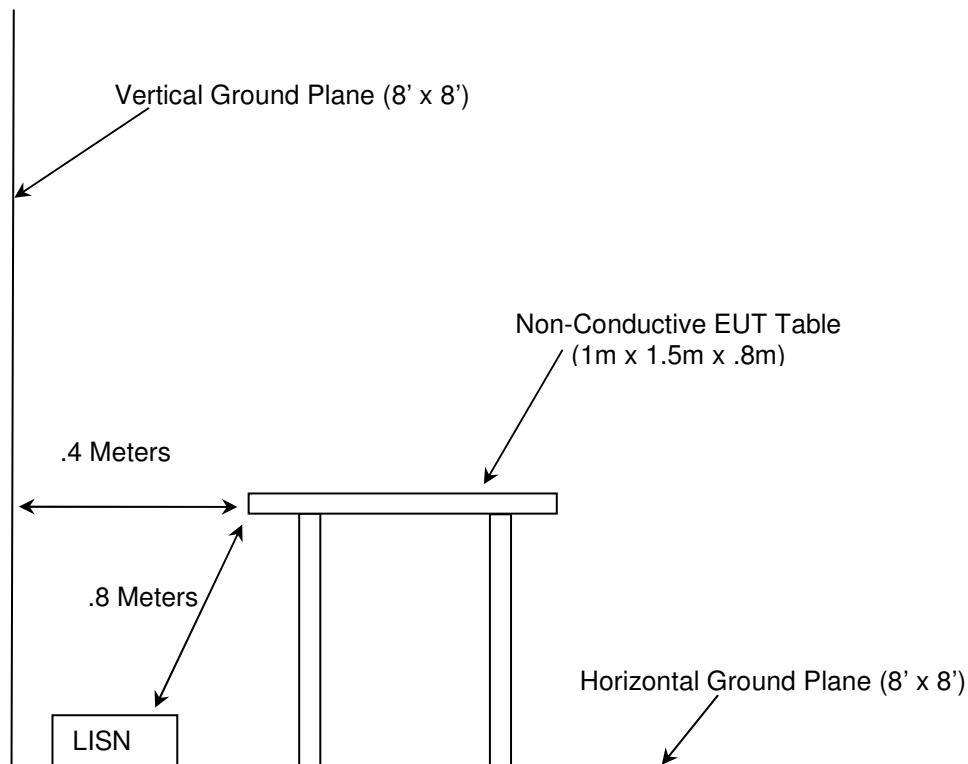


Figure 2.4-1: AC Mains Conducted EMI Site

## 3 APPLICABLE STANDARD REFERENCES

The following standards were used:

- ❖ ANSI C63.4-2003: Method of Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the 9KHz to 40GHz
- ❖ ANSI C63.10-2009: American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices
- ❖ US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR): Title 47, Part 2, Subpart J: Equipment Authorization Procedures, 2013
- ❖ US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR): Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C: Radio Frequency Devices, Intentional Radiators, 2013
- ❖ Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification: RSS-210 - Low-power License-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment, Issue 8, Dec 2010
- ❖ Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification: RSS-GEN - General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equipment, Issue 3, Dec 2010.

#### 4 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

The calibration interval of test equipment is annually or the manufacturer's recommendations. Where the calibration interval deviates from the annual cycle based on the instrument manufacturer's recommendations, it shall be stated below.

**Table 4-1: Test Equipment**

AssetID	Manufacturer	Model #	Equipment Type	Serial #	Last Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
1	Rohde & Schwarz	ESMI - Display	Spectrum Analyzers	833771/007	8/2/2012	8/2/2014
2	Rohde & Schwarz	ESMI-Receiver	Spectrum Analyzers	839587/003	8/2/2012	8/2/2014
40	EMCO	3104	Antennas	3211	2/14/2013	2/14/2015
78	EMCO	6502	Antennas	9104-2608	2/5/2013	2/5/2015
153	EMCO	3825/2	LISN	9411-2268	7/31/2012	7/31/2014
167	ACS	Chamber EMI Cable Set	Cable Set	167	12/17/2012	12/17/2013
168	Hewlett Packard	11947A	Attenuators	44829	2/1/2013	2/1/2014
283	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	Spectrum Analyzers	1000033	8/1/2012	8/1/2013
321	Hewlett Packard	HPC 8447D	Amplifiers	1937A02809	8/27/2012	8/27/2013
324	ACS	Belden	Cables	8214	6/26/2012	6/26/2013
412	Electro Metrics	LPA-25	Antennas	1241	7/27/2012	7/27/2014
RE90	Agilent	E7404A	Analyzers	US40240143	11/28/2012	11/28/2013

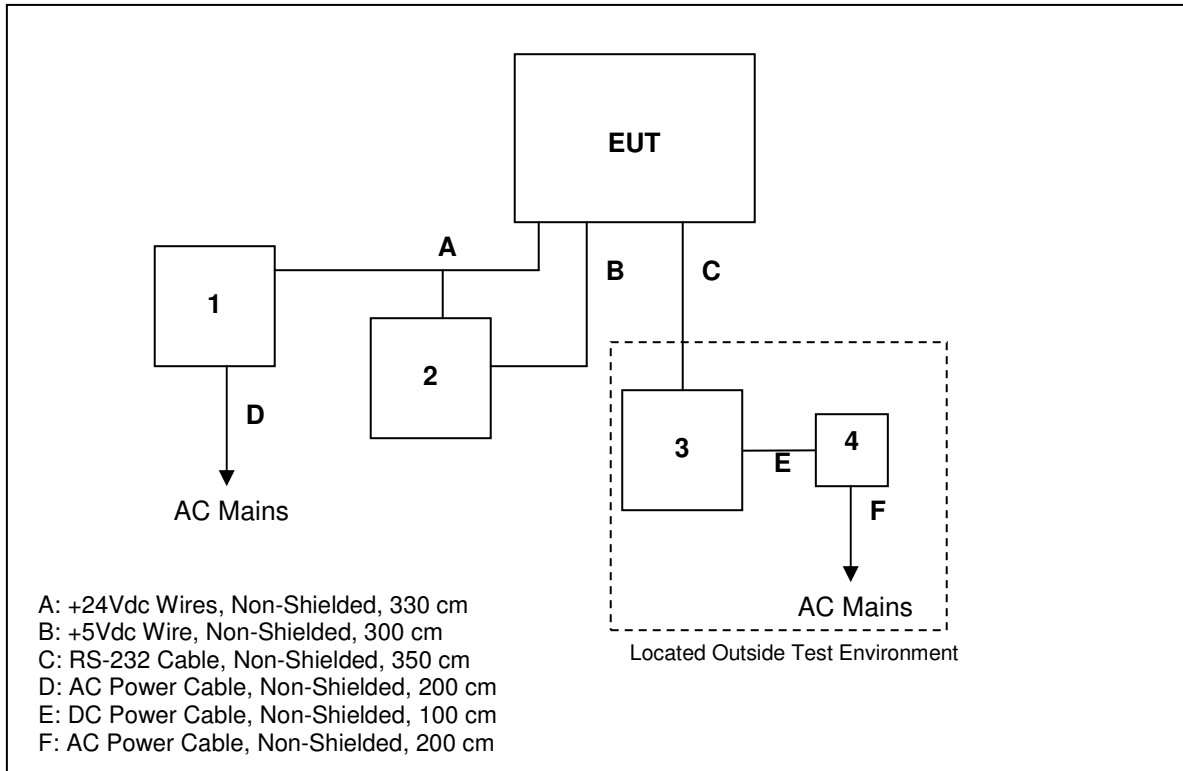


5 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

Table 5-1: Support Equipment

Item	Equipment Type	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number
1	Power Supply	Phoenix Contact	MINI-PS-100-240AC/24DC/4	3012520353
2	Support Board	Gilbarco	M09112A001	90210424
3	Laptop	Dell	PP18L	CN-0TD761-12961-68G-3200
4	Power Supply	Dell	PA-1650-05D2	CN-0F7970-71615-55M-6BF4

6 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST SETUP BLOCK DIAGRAM



**7 SUMMARY OF TESTS**

Along with the tabular data shown below, plots were taken of all signals deemed important enough to document.

**7.1 Antenna Requirement – FCC: Section 15.203**

The antenna is a PCB loop antenna which is integral to the design.

**7.2 Power Line Conducted Emissions – FCC: Section 15.207 IC: RSS-Gen 7.2.4**

**7.2.1 Measurement Procedure**

ANSI C63.4 sections 6 and 7 were the guiding documents for this evaluation. Conducted emissions were performed from 150kHz to 30MHz with the spectrum analyzer’s resolution bandwidth set to 9kHz and the video bandwidth set to 30kHz. The calculation for the conducted emissions is as follows:

**Corrected Reading = Analyzer Reading + LISN Loss + Cable Loss**  
**Margin = Applicable Limit - Corrected Reading**

**7.2.2 Measurement Results**

Results of the test are shown below in and Table 7.2.2-1.

**Table 7.2.2-1: Conducted EMI Results**

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Reading (dBuV)		Total Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV)		Limit (dBuV)		Margin (dB)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average		Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average
<b>Line 1</b>									
0.166206	36.473	31.205	9.99	46.46	41.20	65.54	55.54	19.1	14.3
0.20915	32.189	28.064	9.92	42.11	37.98	64.31	54.31	22.2	16.3
0.500318	31.756	32.033	9.99	41.75	42.02	56.00	46.00	14.3	4.0
0.50135	32.108	32.073	9.99	42.10	42.06	56.00	46.00	13.9	3.9
2.42498	25.646	25.904	10.00	35.65	35.91	56.00	46.00	20.4	10.1
2.50735	27.288	27.206	10.01	37.29	37.21	56.00	46.00	18.7	8.8
<b>Line 2</b>									
0.167106	36.131	30.067	9.99	46.12	40.06	65.51	55.51	19.4	15.5
0.501118	31.03	31.328	9.99	41.02	41.32	56.00	46.00	15.0	4.7
0.5015	31.352	31.291	9.99	41.34	41.28	56.00	46.00	14.7	4.7
1.92084	26.733	26.875	10.00	36.73	36.87	56.00	46.00	19.3	9.1
2.00511	27.234	27.193	10.00	37.23	37.19	56.00	46.00	18.8	8.8
2.21086	28.524	28.11	10.00	38.53	38.11	56.00	46.00	17.5	7.9

### 7.3 Radiated Emissions – FCC CFR 47 Part 15.209 / RSS-210 Section 2.5

#### 7.3.1 Measurement Procedure

Section 15.33(a)(4) specifies, if the intentional radiator contains a digital device, regardless of whether this digital device controls the functions of the intentional radiator or the digital device is used for additional control or function purposes other than to enable the operation of the intentional radiator, the frequency range shall be investigated up to frequency specified in 15.33(b)(1) for unintentional radiators. The upper frequency range for the digital device is 1000MHz which greater than the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The upper frequency range measured was 1000MHz.

Measurements below 30MHz were performed in a semi-anechoic chamber with a 3 meter separation distance between the EUT and measurement antenna. The EUT was rotated 360° and the loop antenna rotated about the vertical axis to maximize each emission. The magnetic loop receiving antenna was positioned with its center 1 meter above the ground.

The spectrum analyzer's resolution and video bandwidth was set to 200 Hz and 1 kHz respectively for frequencies below 150 kHz and 9 kHz and 30 kHz respectively for frequencies above 150 kHz and below 30 MHz. For measurements in the frequency bands 9-90 kHz and 110-490 kHz, an average detector was used. When average measurements are specified, the peak emissions were also compared to a limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit according to Part 15.35. All other emissions were measured using a Quasi-peak detector.

Measurements above 30 MHz were performed in a semi-anechoic chamber with a 3 meter separation distance between the EUT and measurement antenna. The EUT was rotated through 360° and the receive antenna height was varied from 1m to 4m so that the maximum radiated emissions level would be detected. For frequencies below 1000 MHz, quasi-peak measurements were made using a resolution bandwidth (RBW) of 120 kHz and a video bandwidth (VBW) of 300 kHz.

For measurements of fundamental emissions where average measurements are specified, the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) was adjusted equal to or greater than the emission bandwidth (EBW).

**7.3.2 Distance Correction for Measurements Below 30 MHz – Part 15.31**

Radiated measurements were performed at a distance closer than 300 meters and 30m as required, according to Part 15.209. Therefore a correction factor was applied to account for propagation loss at the specified distance. The propagation loss was determined by using the square of an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40dB/decade) according to 15.31. A sample calculation of the distance correction factor is shown below for limits expressed at a 300m measurement distance and a 30m measurement distance.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Distance correction factor (300m Specified Test Distance)} &= 40 \cdot \text{Log} (\text{Test Distance}/300) \\ &= 40 \cdot \text{Log} (3/300) \\ &= - 80 \text{ dB} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Distance correction factor (30m Specified Test Distance)} &= 40 \cdot \text{Log} (\text{Test Distance}/30) \\ &= 40 \cdot \text{Log} (3/30) \\ &= - 40 \text{ dB} \end{aligned}$$

**7.3.3 Measurement Results**

Results of the test are given in Tables 7.3.3-1 to 7.3.3-2.

**Table 7.3.3-1: Fundamental Field Strength**

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV)		Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	
	pk	Qpk/Avg			pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg
0.1342	87.56	87.22	H	10.77	98.33	97.99	125.0	105.0	26.7	7.1

Note: RBW set to 9kHz (RBW>>EBW).

**Table 7.3.3-2: Radiated Emissions**

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV)		Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	
	pk	Qpk/Avg			pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg
0.4026	52.18	52.18	H	10.61	62.79	62.79	115.5	95.5	52.7	32.7
0.671	-----	43.93	H	10.80	-----	54.73	-----	71.1	-----	16.3
0.9394	-----	39.54	H	10.78	-----	50.32	-----	68.1	-----	17.8
1.2078	-----	36.42	H	10.92	-----	47.34	-----	66.0	-----	18.6
1.4762	-----	30.56	H	10.95	-----	41.51	-----	64.2	-----	22.7
1.744	-----	28.32	H	10.97	-----	39.29	-----	69.5	-----	30.2
2.016	-----	26.68	H	11.01	-----	37.69	-----	69.5	-----	31.80
2.288	-----	23.59	H	11.17	-----	34.76	-----	69.5	-----	34.70
2.552	-----	23.69	H	11.33	-----	35.02	-----	69.5	-----	34.50
2.824	-----	21.96	H	11.49	-----	33.45	-----	69.5	-----	36.00
26.04	-----	32.15		10.27	-----	42.42	-----	69.5	-----	27.10
29.82	-----	37.41	H	9.44	-----	46.85	-----	69.5	-----	22.70
30	-----	50.12	V	-12.90	-----	37.22	-----	40.0	-----	2.80
38.5	-----	49.69	V	-14.38	-----	35.31	-----	40.0	-----	4.70
76.09	-----	55.20	H	-18.24	-----	36.96	-----	40.0	-----	3.00
91.22	-----	49.25	H	-13.77	-----	35.48	-----	43.5	-----	8.00
148.06	-----	37.22	V	-12.05	-----	25.17	-----	43.5	-----	18.30

### 7.3.4 Sample Calculation

#### Example Calculation – Average/Quasi-Peak Limit < 30MHz

Measurement Distance 300m @ 134 kHz

*Limit (dBuV/m) = 20\*Log(2400/F(kHz)) - Distance Correction Factor (Section 7.3.2)*

*Limit (dBuV/m) = 20\*Log(2400/134) + 80*

*Limit (dBuV/m) = 105.06*

#### Example Calculation - 134 kHz (See Table 7.3.3-1)

$$R_C = R_U + CF_T$$

Where:

$CF_T$  = Total Correction Factor (AF+CA+AG)

$R_U$  = Uncorrected Reading

$R_C$  = Corrected Level

AF = Antenna Factor

CA = Cable Attenuation

AG = Amplifier Gain

*Peak:*

*Corrected Level: 87.56 + 10.77 = 98.33dBuV*

*Margin: 125.06dBuV – 98.33dBuV = 26.7 dB*

*Average:*

*Corrected Level: 87.22 + 10.77 = 97.99dBuV*

*Margin: 105.06dBuV – 97.99dBuV = 7.1 dB*

7.4 20dB / 99% Bandwidth – FCC: Section 15.215, IC: RSS-Gen 4.6.1

7.4.1 Measurement Procedure

The span of the spectrum analyzer display was set between two times and five times the occupied bandwidth (OBW) of the emission. The RBW of the spectrum analyzer was set to 100Hz. The trace was set to max hold with a peak detector active. The Delta function of the analyzer was utilized to determine the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission.

The occupied bandwidth measurement function of the analyzer was used for the 99% bandwidth. The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts. The resolution bandwidth shall be set to as close to 1% of the selected span as is possible without being below 1%. A sampling detector was used.

7.4.2 Measurement Results

Results are shown below in table 7.4.2-1 and figure 7.4.2-1 to 7.4.2-2:

Table 7.4.2-1: 20dB / 99% Bandwidth

Frequency [kHz]	20dB Bandwidth [kHz]	99% Bandwidth [kHz]
134	1.74	4.44

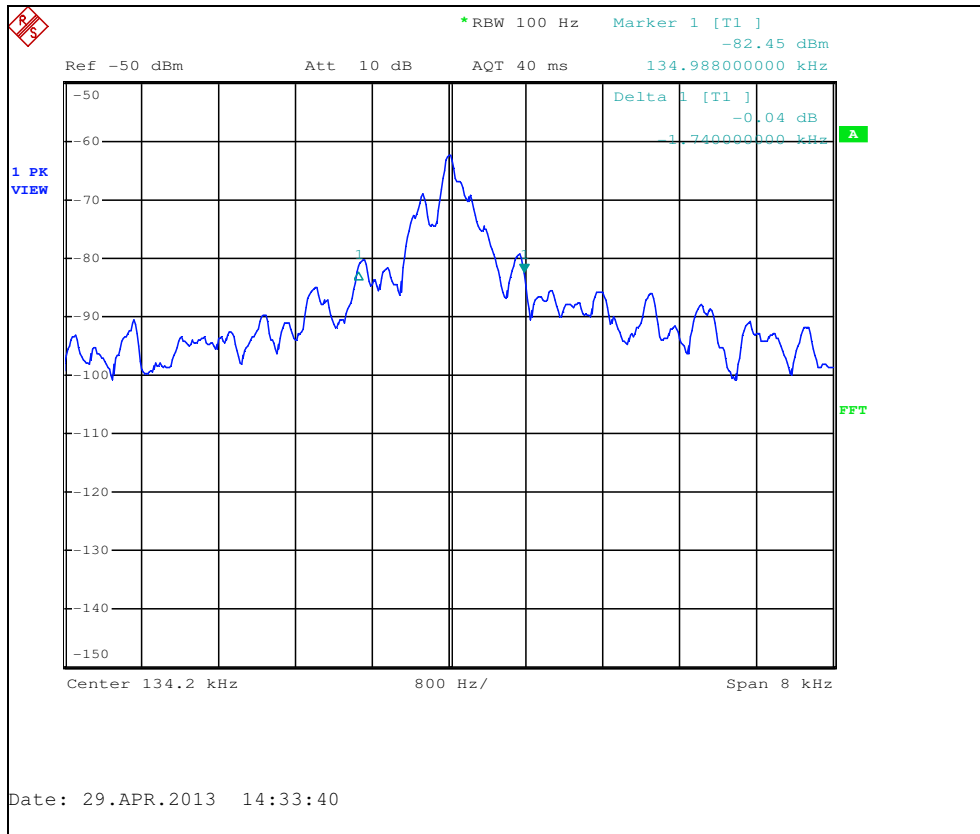


Figure 7.4.2-1: 20dB Bandwidth Plot

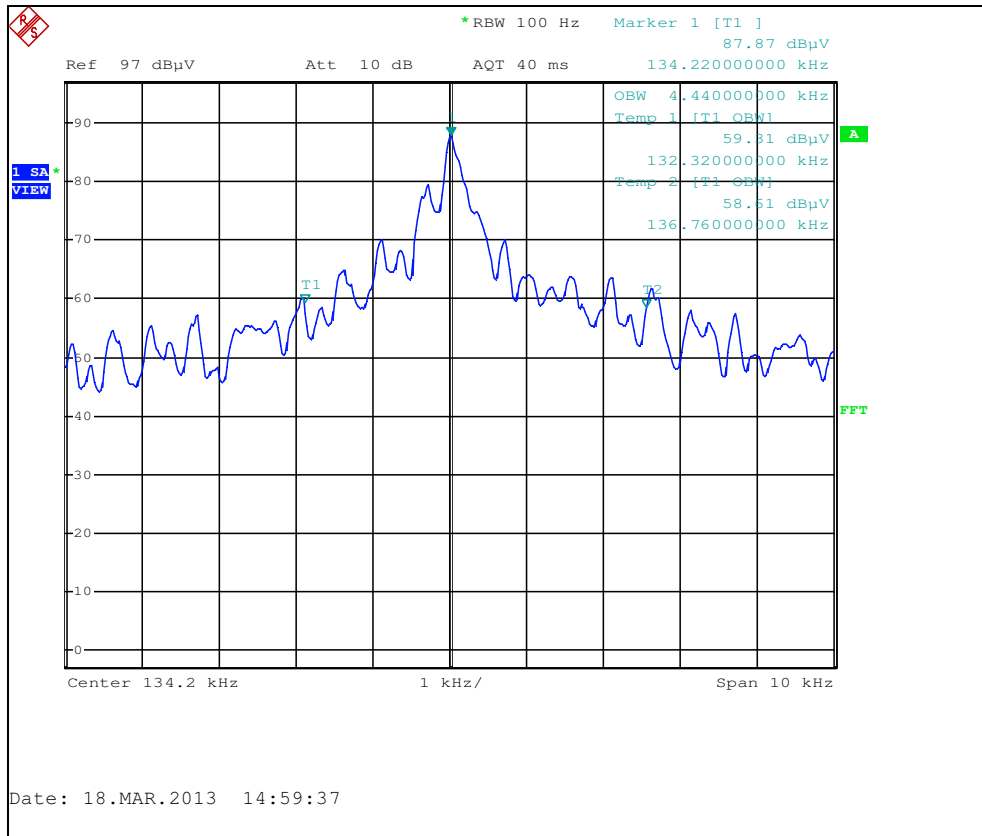


Figure 7.4.2-2: 99% Bandwidth Plot

## 8 CONCLUSION

In the opinion of ACS, Inc., the LFADV, manufactured by Gilbarco Inc. meet the requirements of FCC Part 15 subpart C and Industry Canada's Radio Standards Specification RSS-210.

# END REPORT