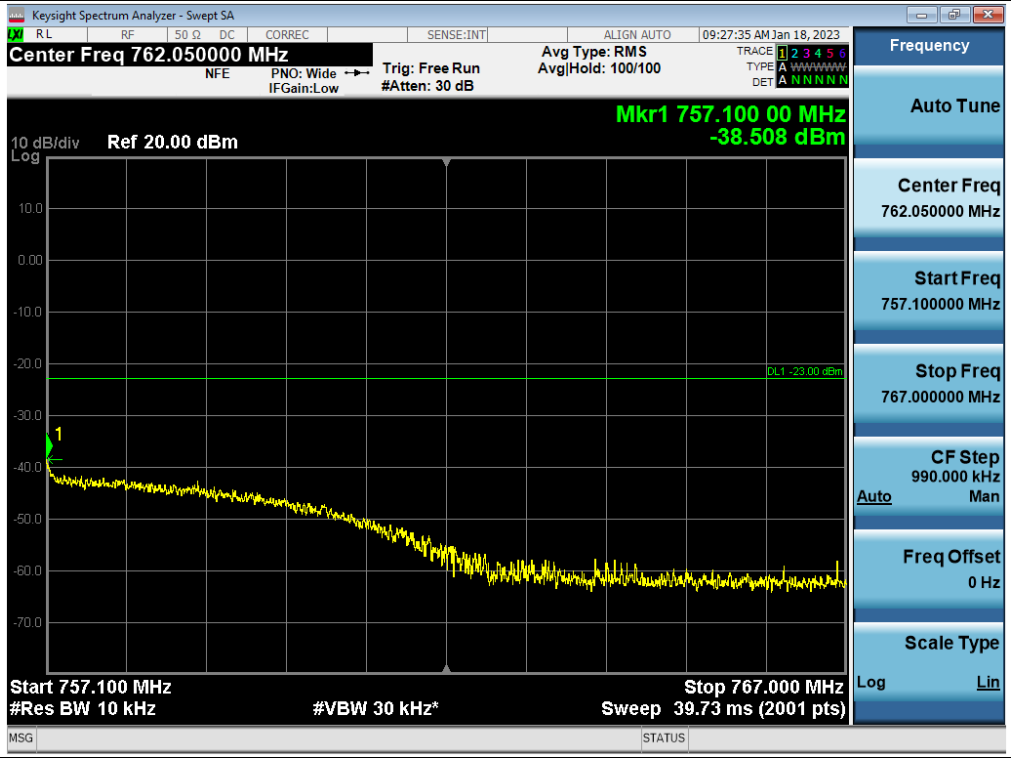
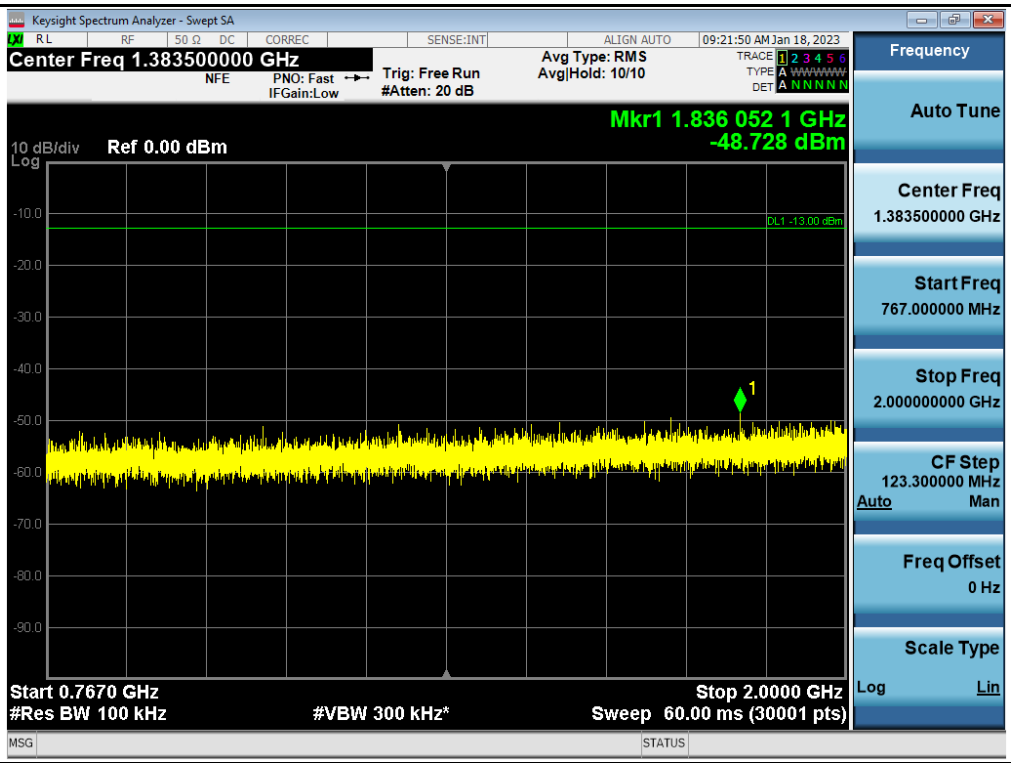
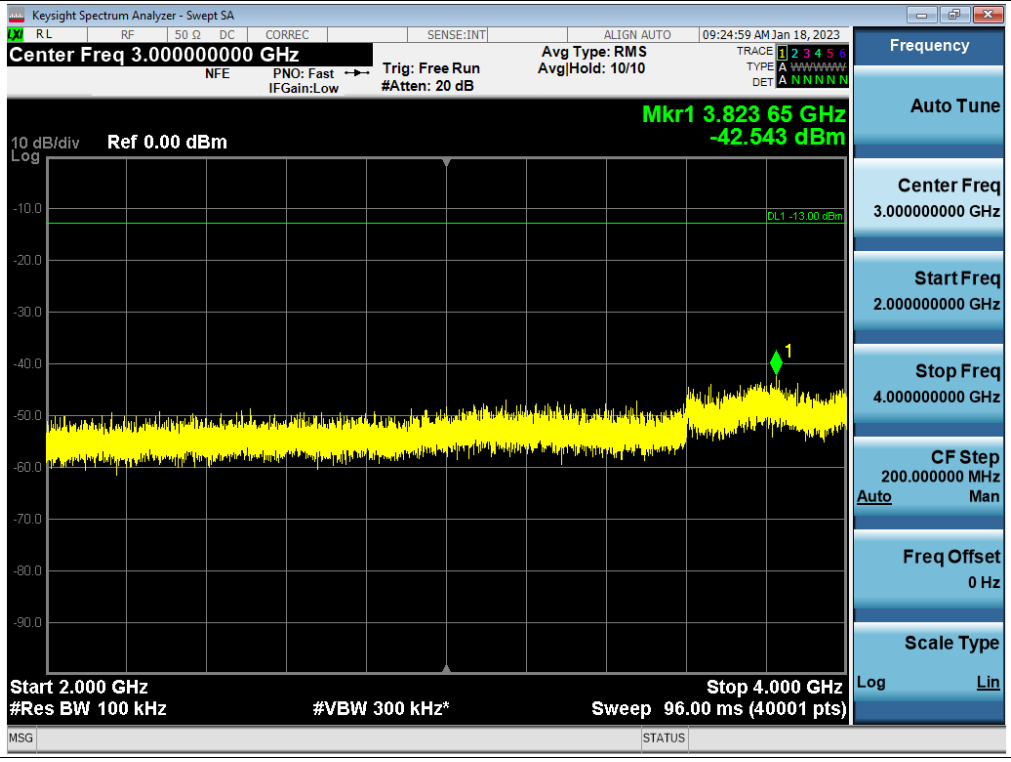
Spurious / Upper 700 MHz / Downlink / LTE 10 MHz / High / High Edge ~ High Edge + 10 MHz



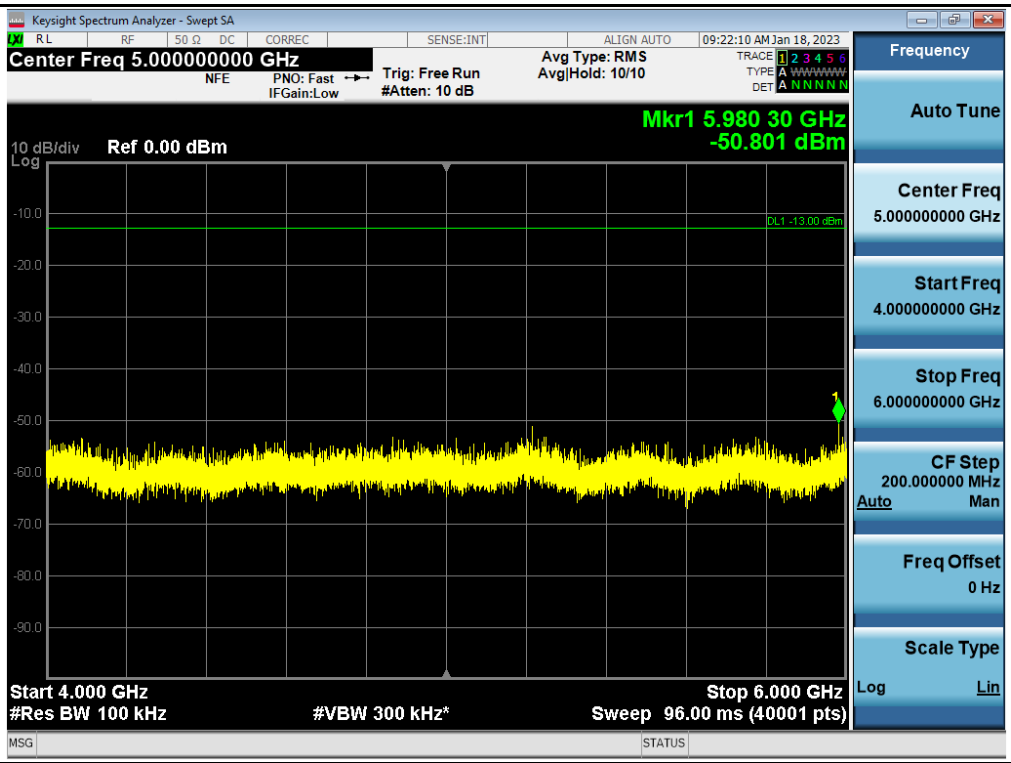

Spurious / Upper 700 MHz / Downlink / LTE 10 MHz / Low / High Edge + 10 MHz ~ 2 GHz



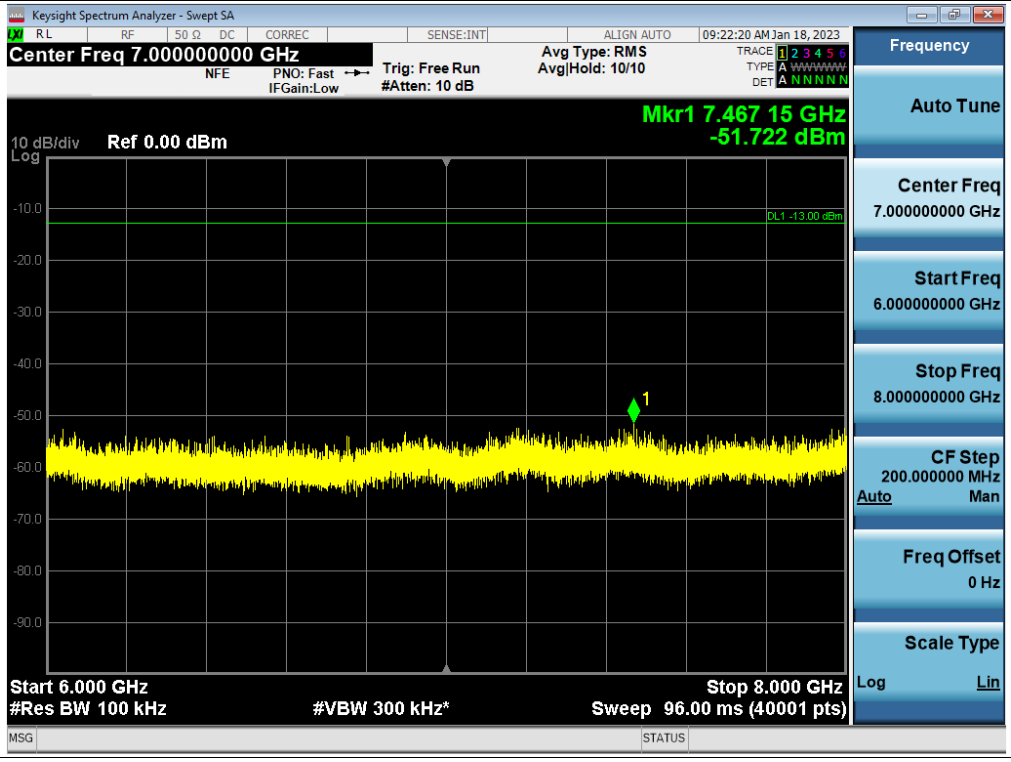
Spurious / Upper 700 MHz / Downlink / LTE 10 MHz / Middle / 2 GHz ~ 4 GHz



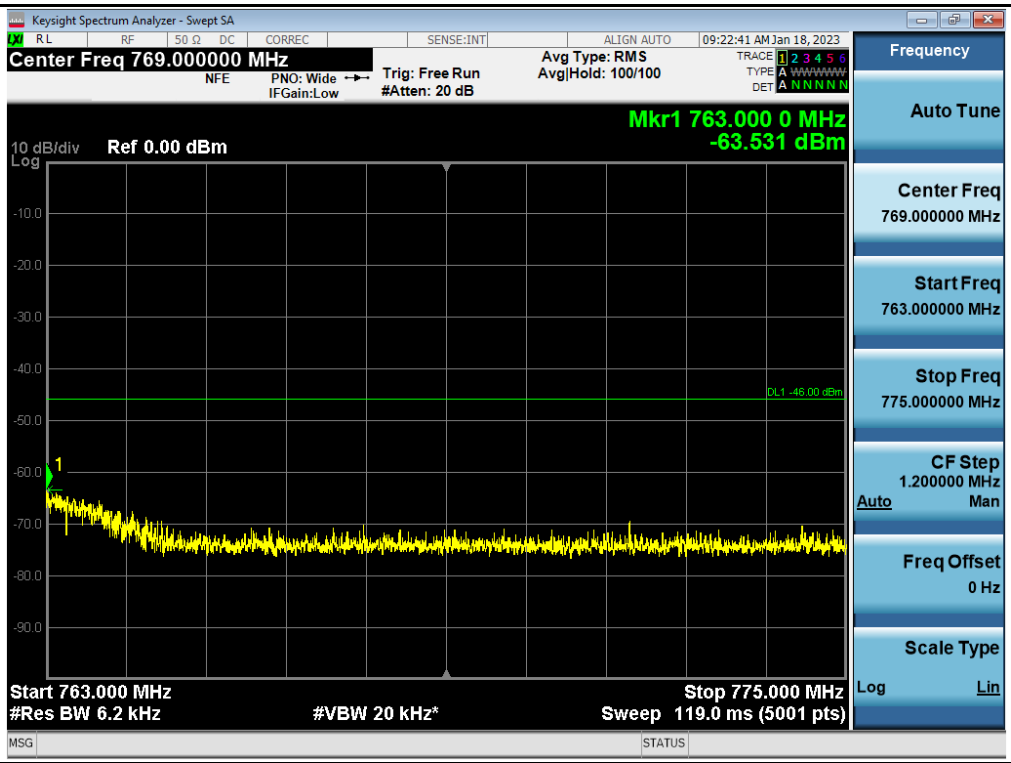

Spurious / Upper 700 MHz / Downlink / LTE 10 MHz / Low / 4 GHz ~ 6 GHz



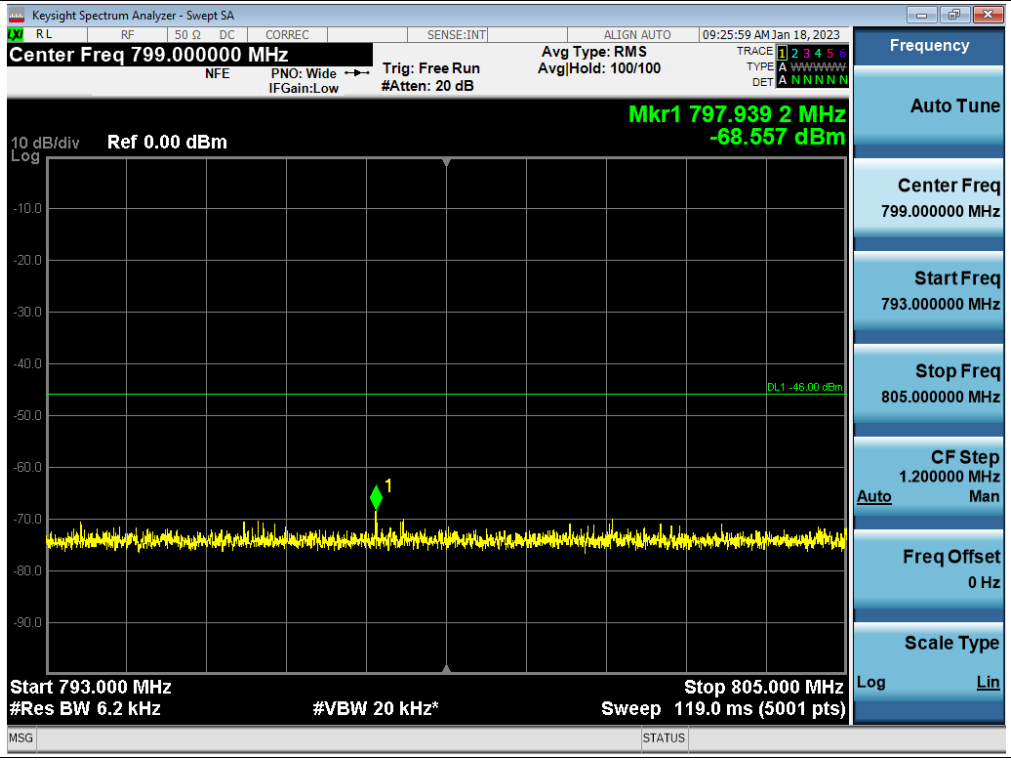
Spurious / Upper 700 MHz / Downlink / LTE 10 MHz / Low / 6 GHz ~ 8 GHz



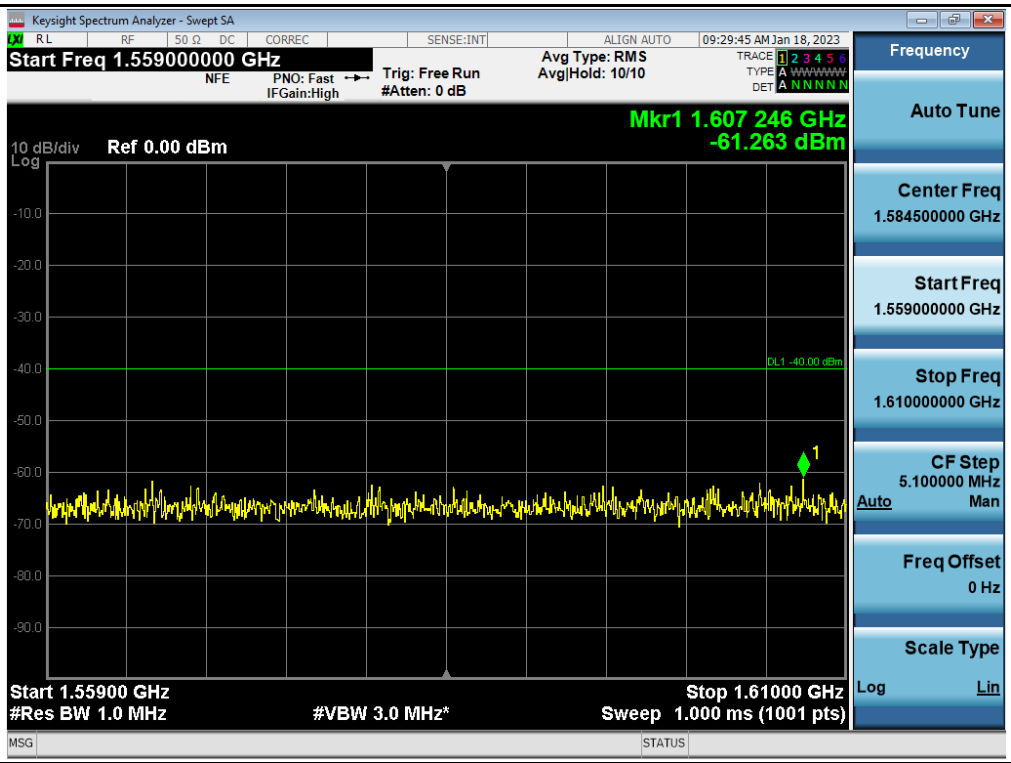

Spurious / Upper 700 MHz / Downlink / LTE 10 MHz / Low / 763 MHz ~ 775 MHz



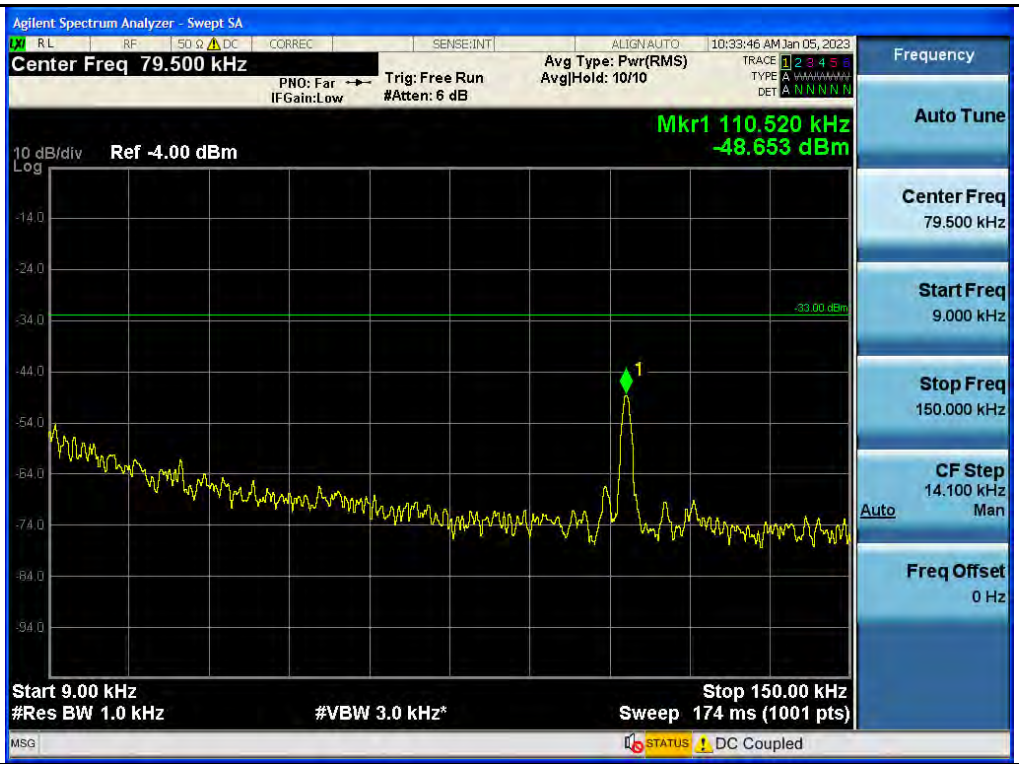
Spurious / Upper 700 MHz / Downlink / LTE 10 MHz / Middle / 793 MHz ~ 805 MHz



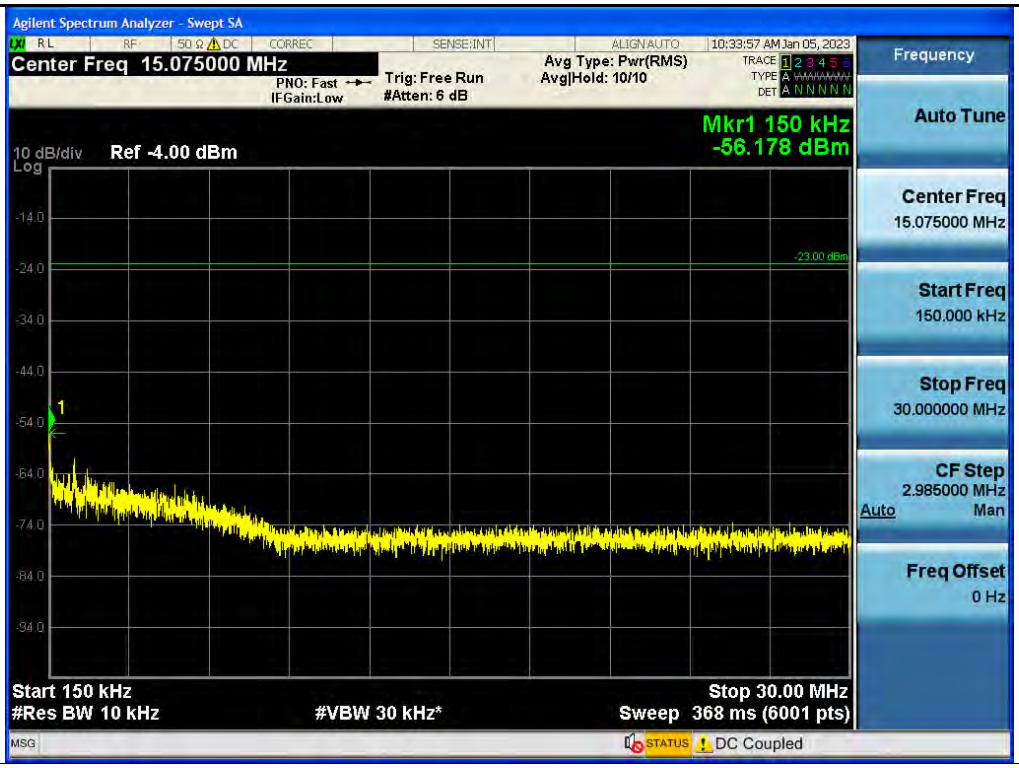

Spurious / Upper 700 MHz / Downlink / LTE 10 MHz / High / 1 559 MHz ~ 1 610 MHz



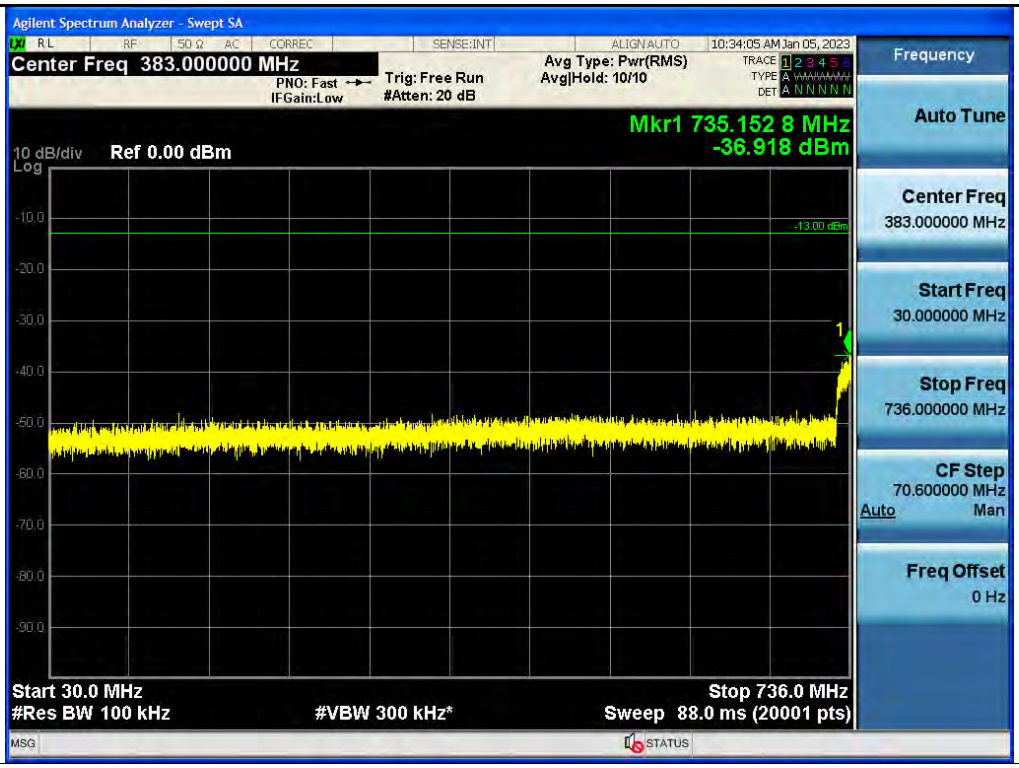
Spurious / Upper 700 MHz / Downlink / 5G NR 10 MHz / High / 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz




Spurious / Upper 700 MHz / Downlink / 5G NR 10 MHz / High / 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz



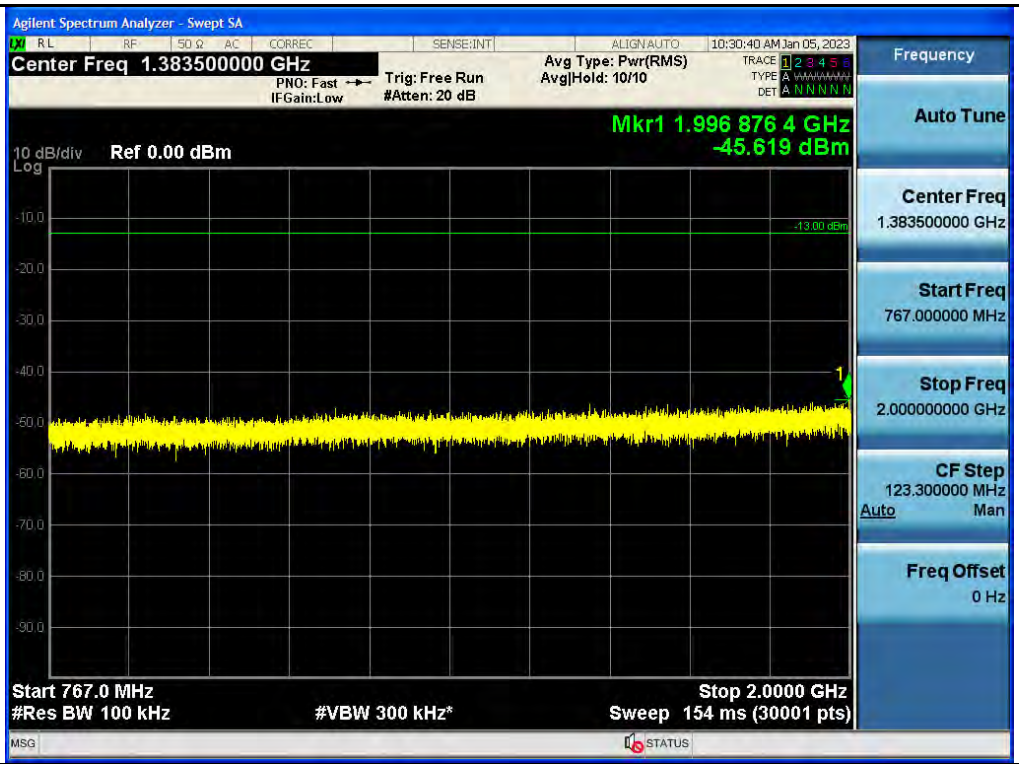
Spurious / Upper 700 MHz / Downlink / 5G NR 10 MHz / High / 30 MHz ~ Low Edge – 10 MHz



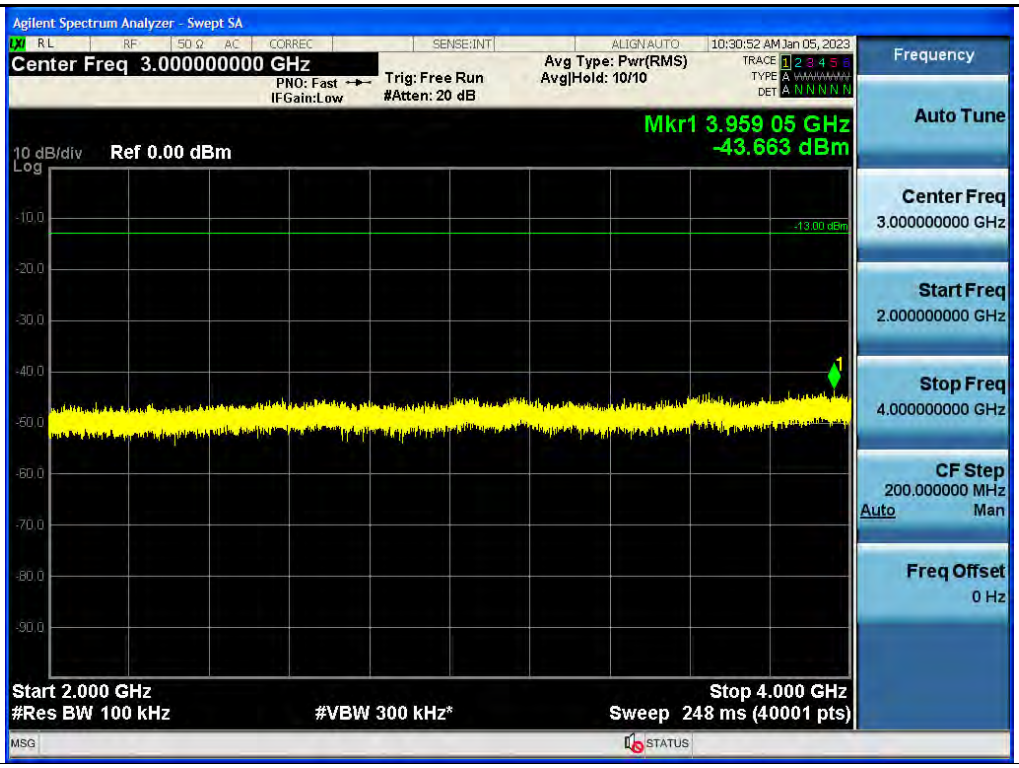

Spurious / Upper 700 MHz / Downlink / 5G NR 10 MHz / Low / Low Edge – 10 MHz ~ Low Edge

Spurious / Upper 700 MHz / Downlink / 5G NR 10 MHz / Low / High Edge ~ High Edge + 10 MHz

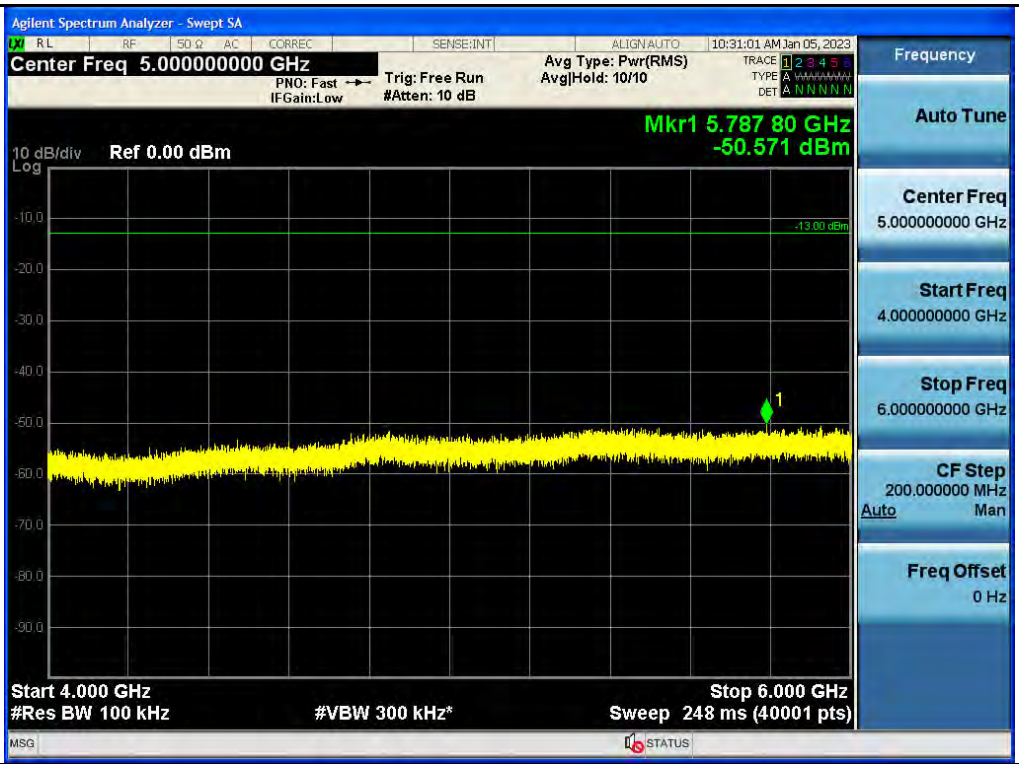

Spurious / Upper 700 MHz / Downlink / 5G NR 10 MHz / Low / High Edge + 10 MHz ~ 2 GHz



Spurious / Upper 700 MHz / Downlink / 5G NR 10 MHz / Low / 2 GHz ~ 4 GHz




Spurious / Upper 700 MHz / Downlink / 5G NR 10 MHz / Low / 4 GHz ~ 6 GHz

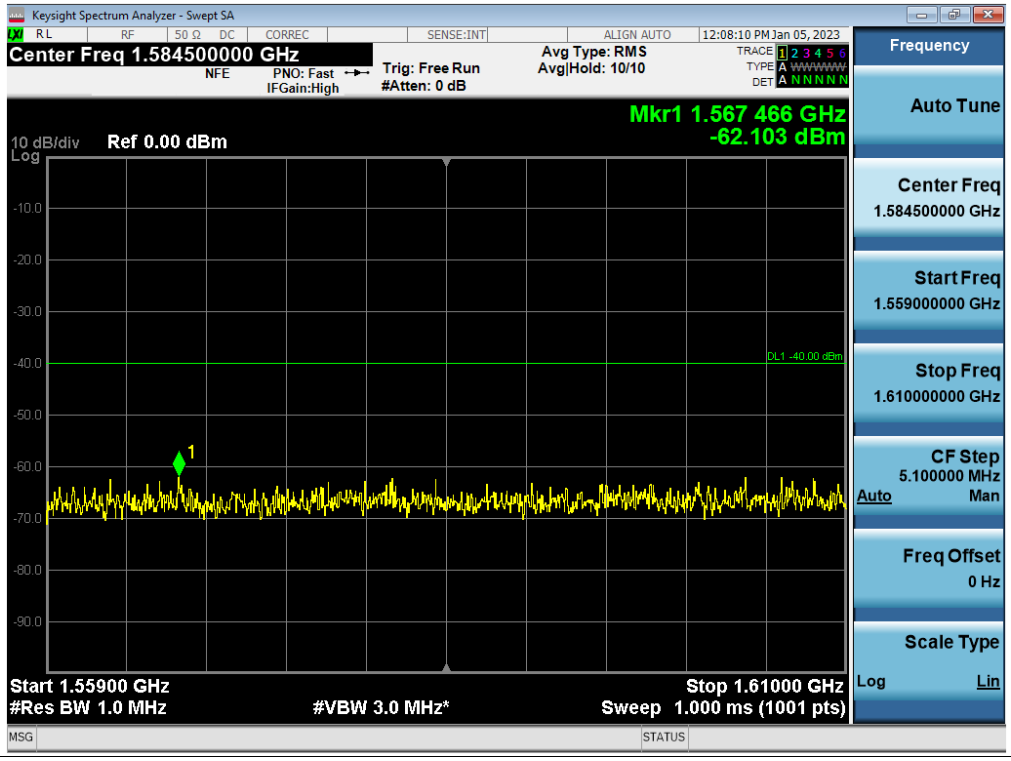


Spurious / Upper 700 MHz / Downlink / 5G NR 10 MHz / High / 6 GHz ~ 8 GHz

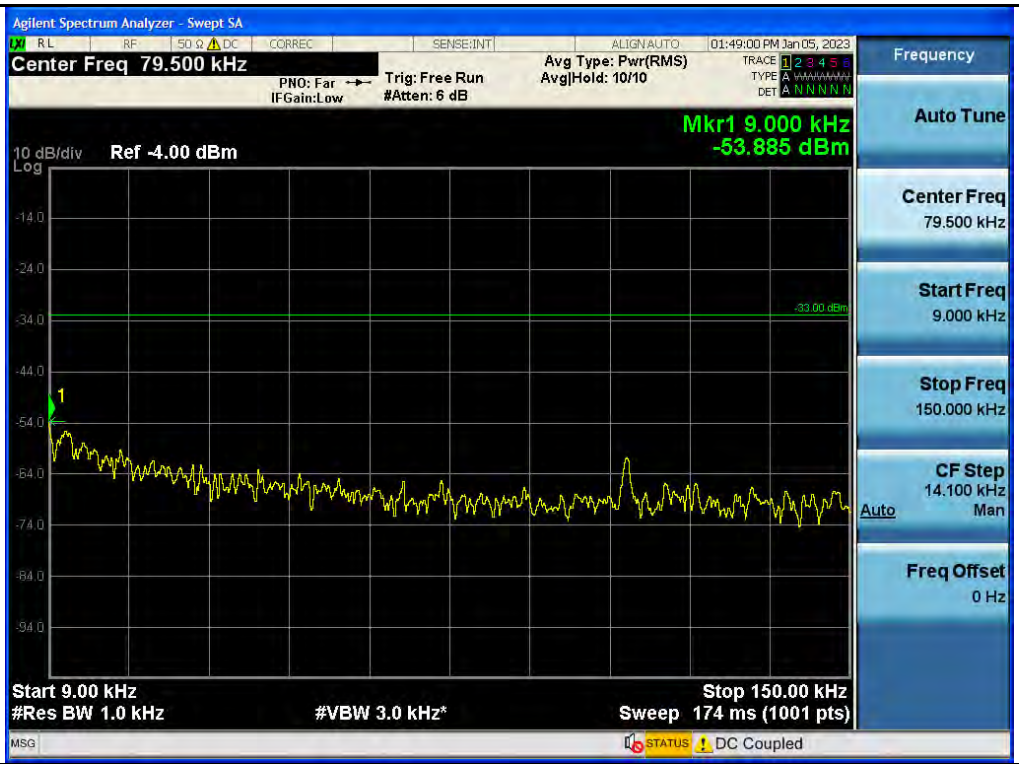

Spurious / Upper 700 MHz / Downlink / 5G NR 10 MHz / High / 763 MHz ~ 775 MHz

Spurious / Upper 700 MHz / Downlink / 5G NR 10 MHz / High / 793 MHz ~ 805 MHz

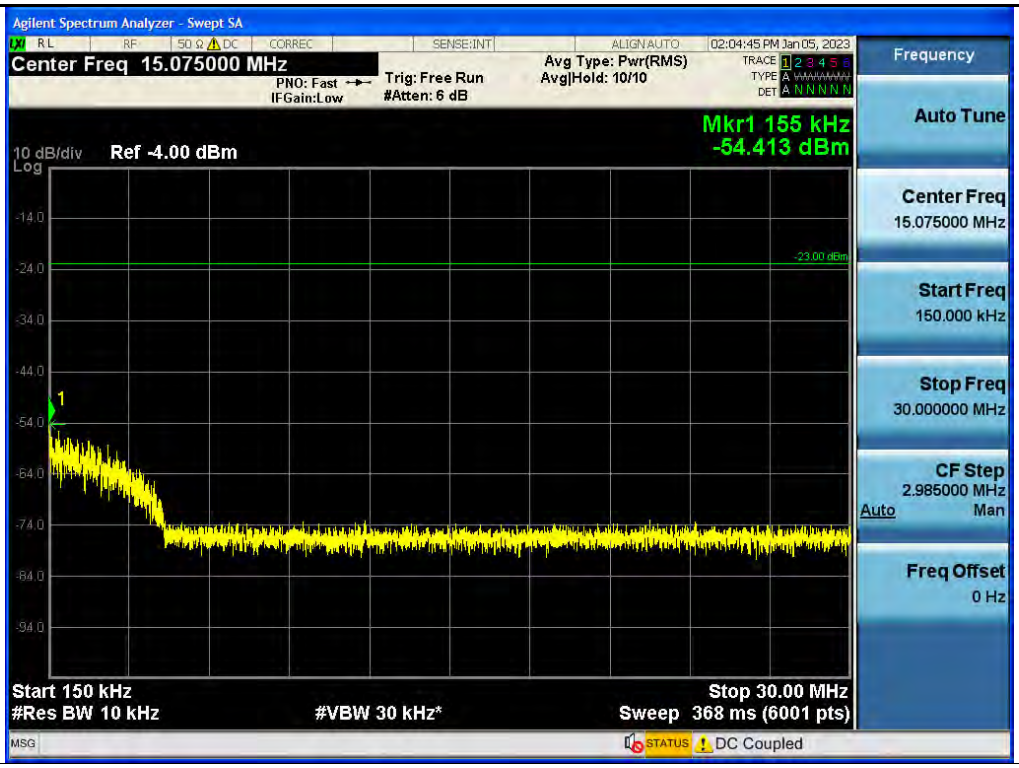

Spurious / Upper 700 MHz / Downlink / 5G NR 10 MHz / Middle / 1 559 MHz ~ 1 610 MHz



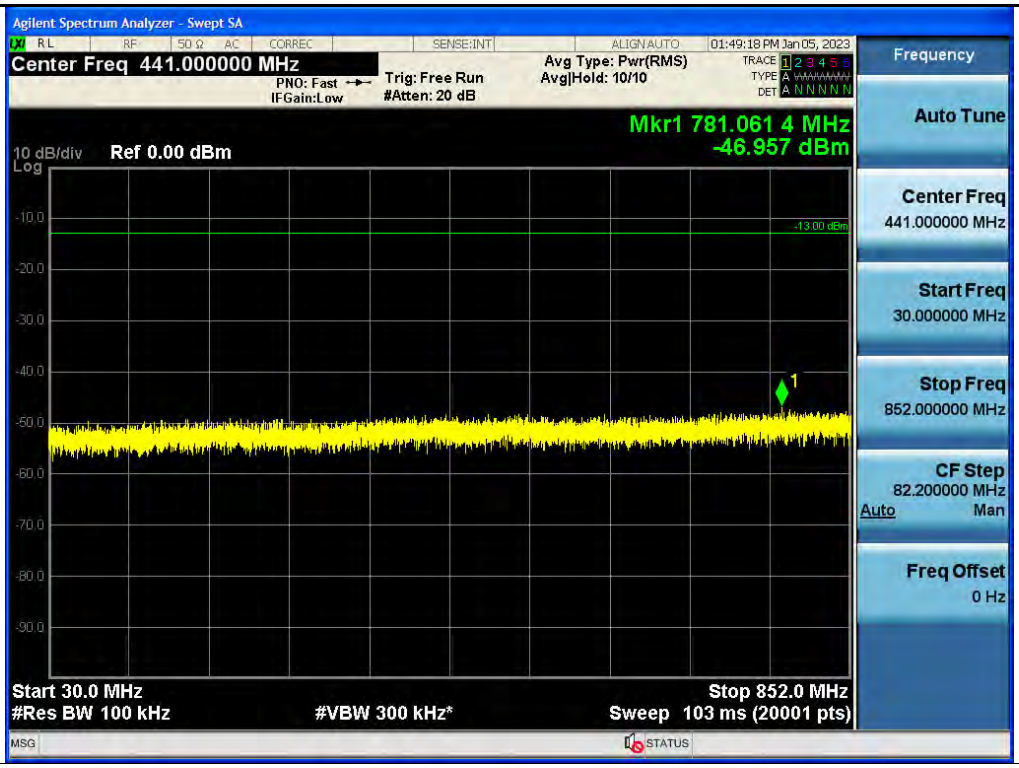
Spurious / ESMR / Downlink / 5G NR 5 MHz / Middle / 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz




Spurious / ESMR / Downlink / 5G NR 5 MHz / Low / 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz



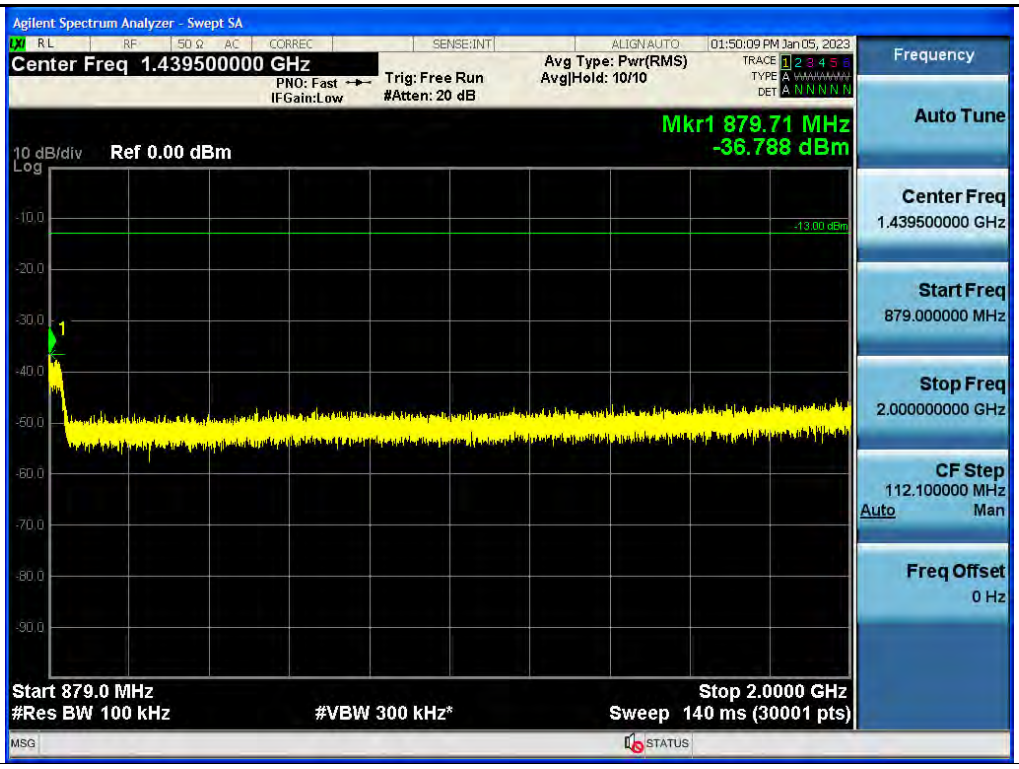
Spurious / ESMR / Downlink / 5G NR 5 MHz / Middle / 30 MHz ~ Low Edge – 10 MHz



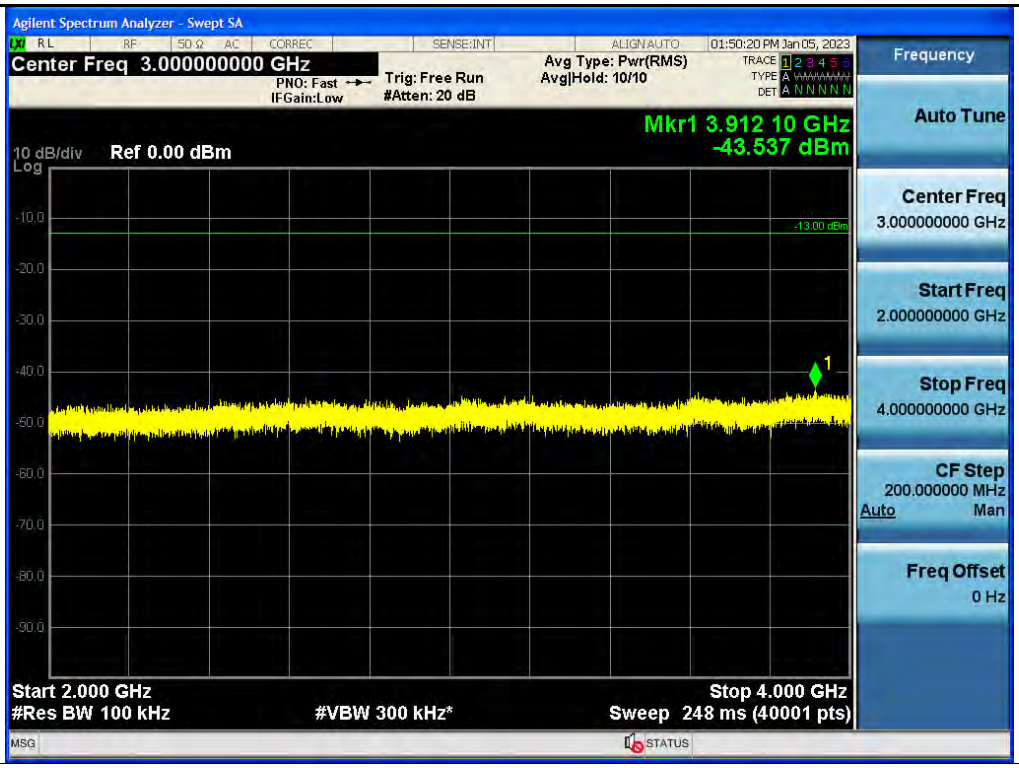

Spurious / ESMR / Downlink / 5G NR 5 MHz / Low / Low Edge – 10 MHz ~ Low Edge

Spurious / ESMR / Downlink / 5G NR 5 MHz / High / High Edge ~ High Edge + 10 MHz

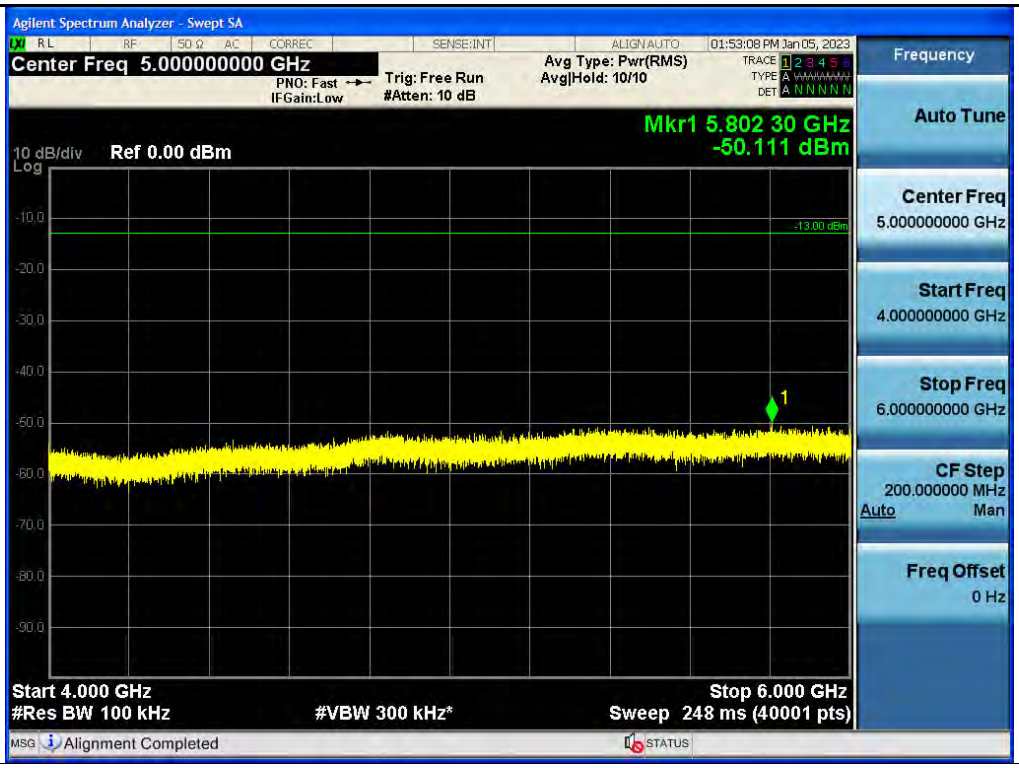

Spurious / ESMR / Downlink / 5G NR 5 MHz / Middle / High Edge + 10 MHz ~ 2 GHz



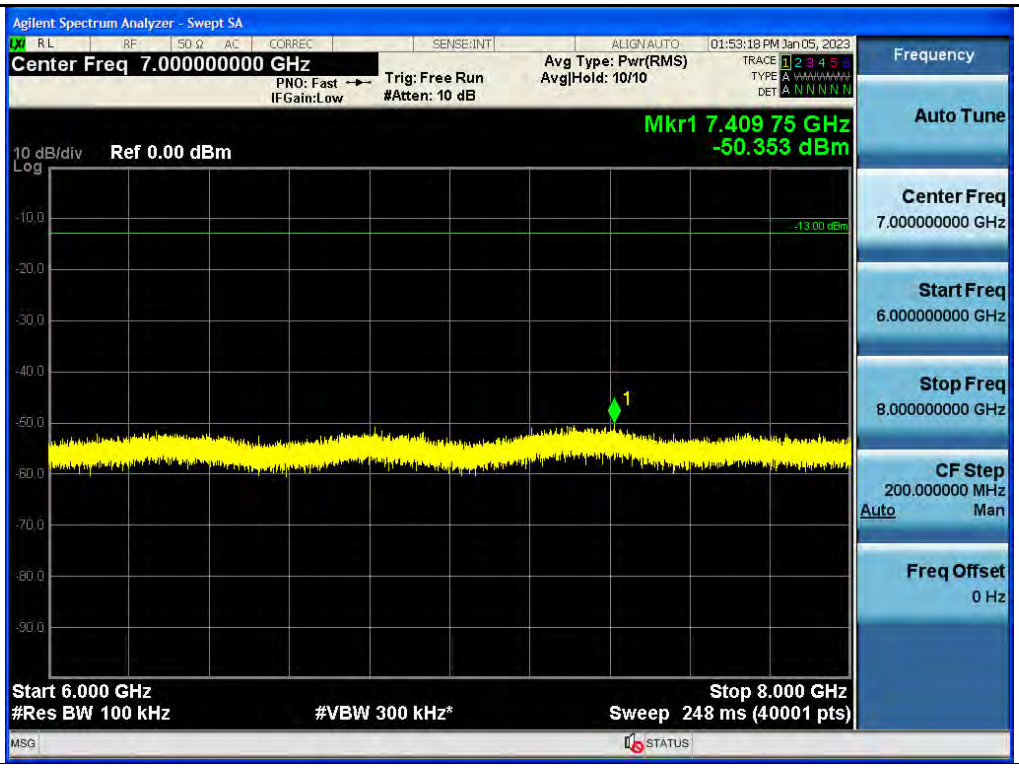
Spurious / ESMR / Downlink / 5G NR 5 MHz / Middle / 2 GHz ~ 4 GHz



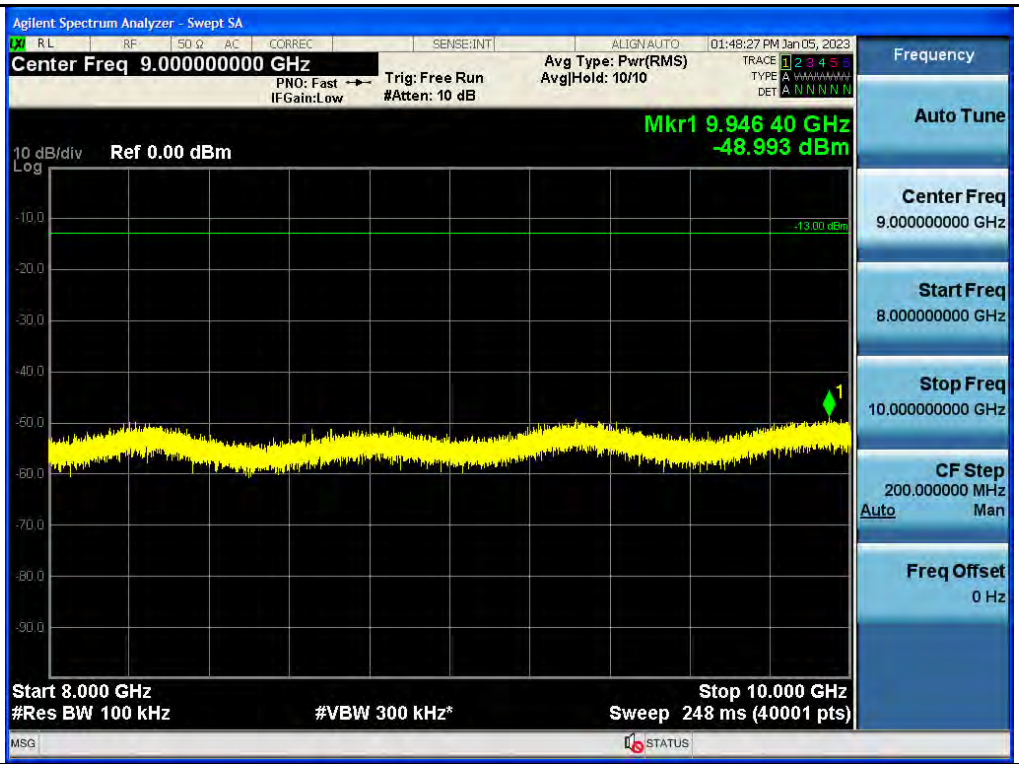

Spurious / ESMR / Downlink / 5G NR 5 MHz / High / 4 GHz ~ 6 GHz



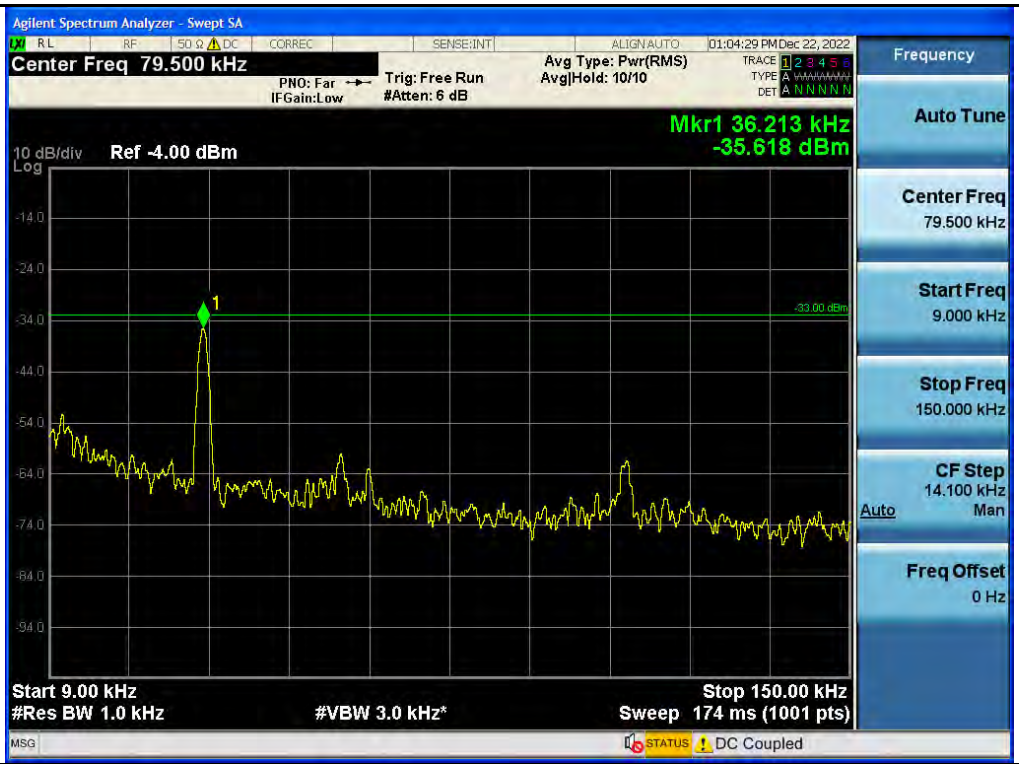
Spurious / ESMR / Downlink / 5G NR 5 MHz / High / 6 GHz ~ 8 GHz



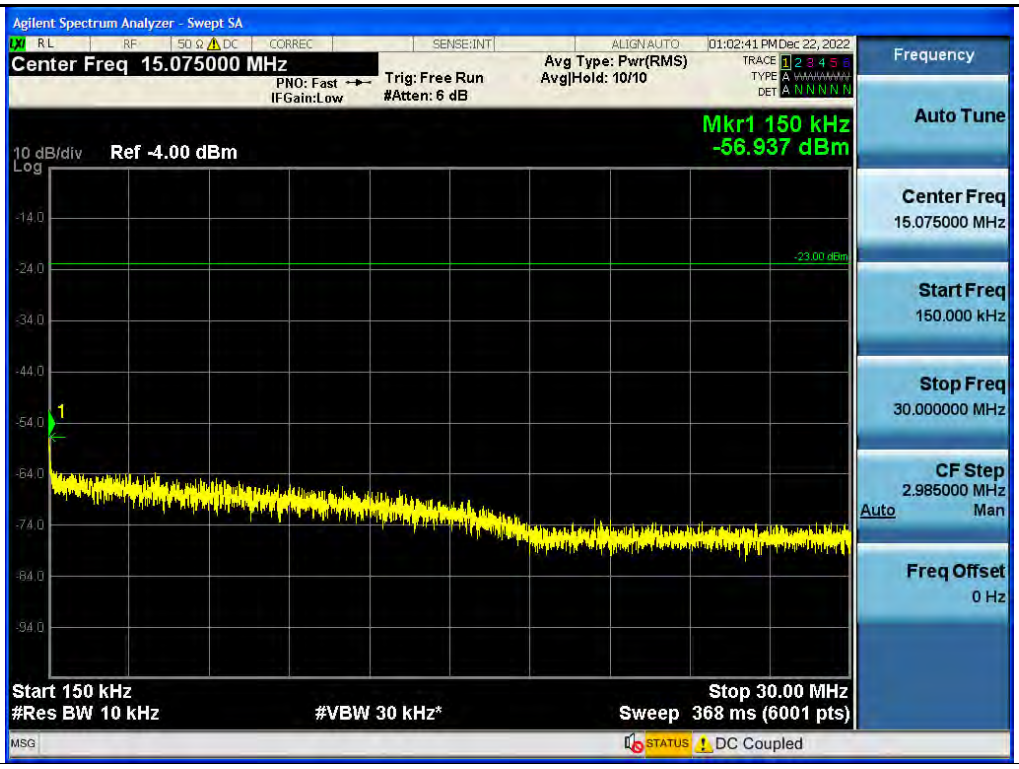

Spurious / ESMR / Downlink / 5G NR 5 MHz / Low / 8 GHz ~ 10 GHz



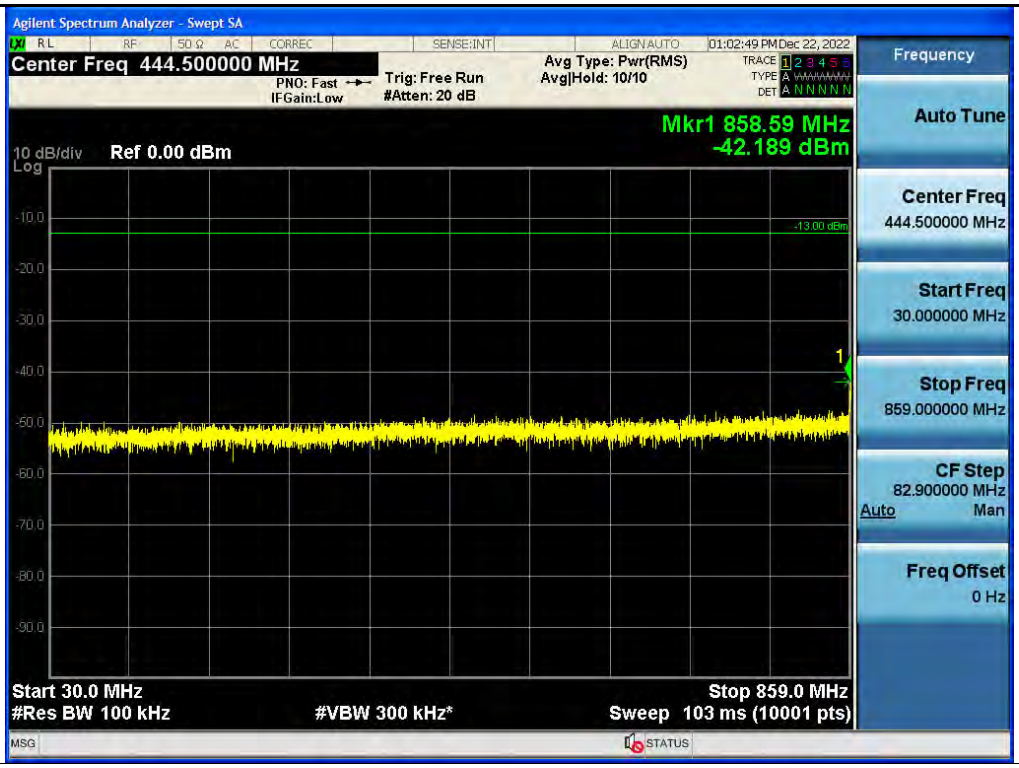
Spurious / Cellular / Downlink / 5G NR 20 MHz / Middle / 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz



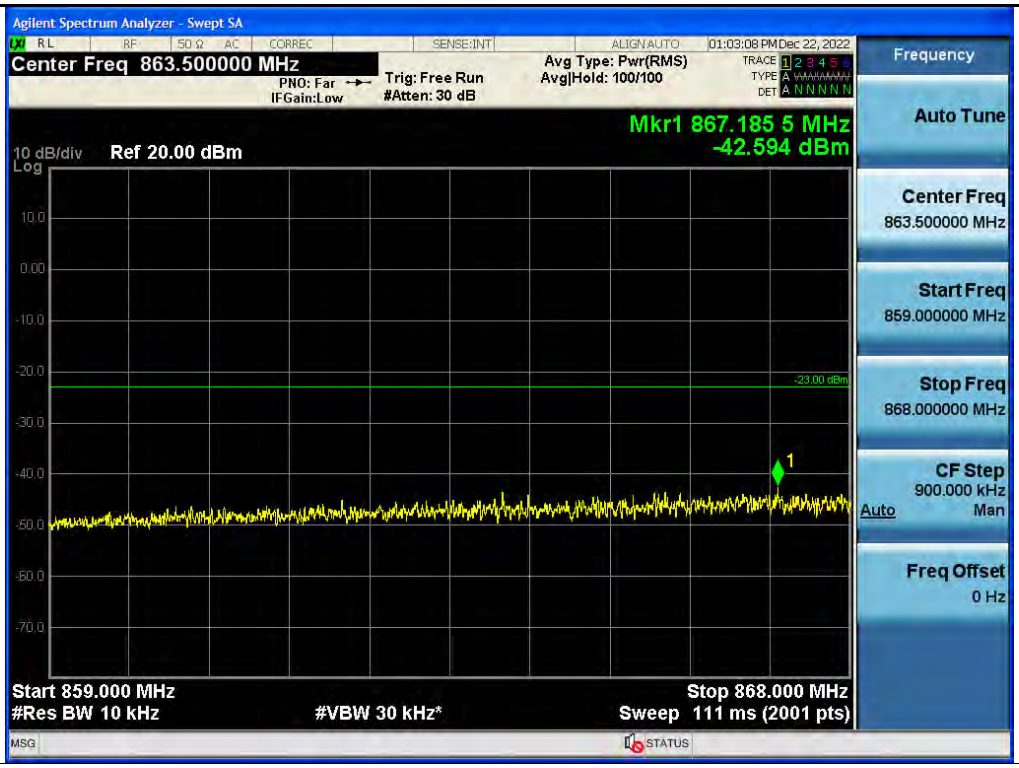

Spurious / Cellular / Downlink / 5G NR 20 MHz / Low / 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz



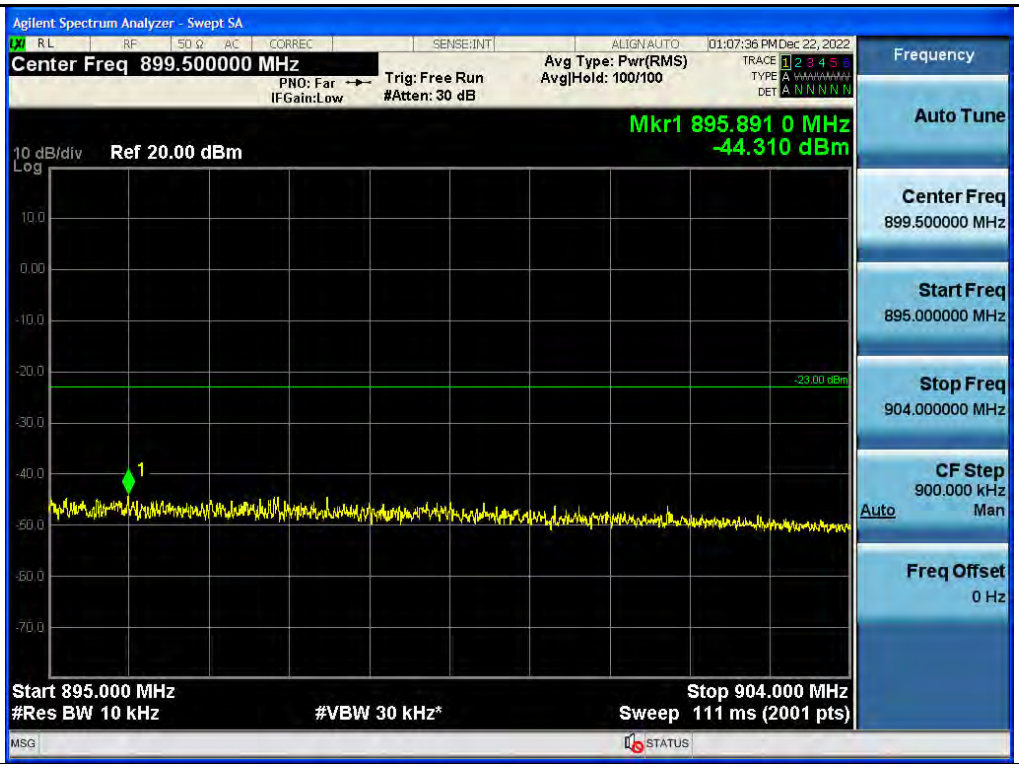
Spurious / Cellular / Downlink / 5G NR 20 MHz / Low / 30 MHz ~ Low Edge – 10 MHz



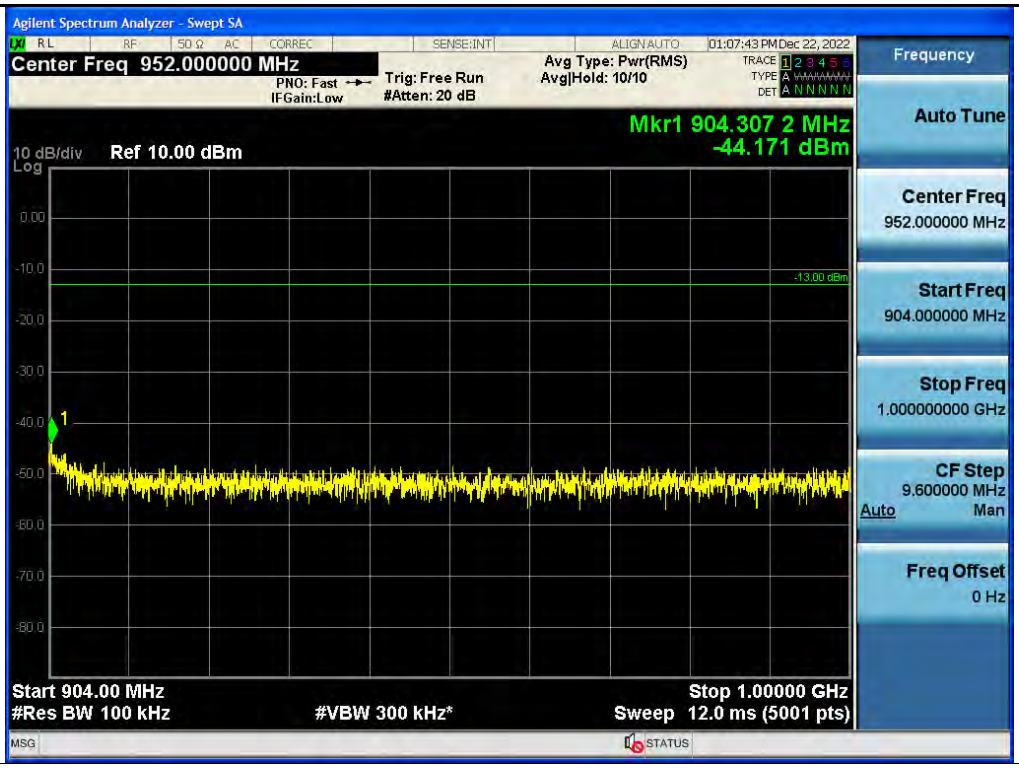

Spurious / Cellular / Downlink / 5G NR 20 MHz / Low / Low Edge – 10 MHz ~ Low Edge



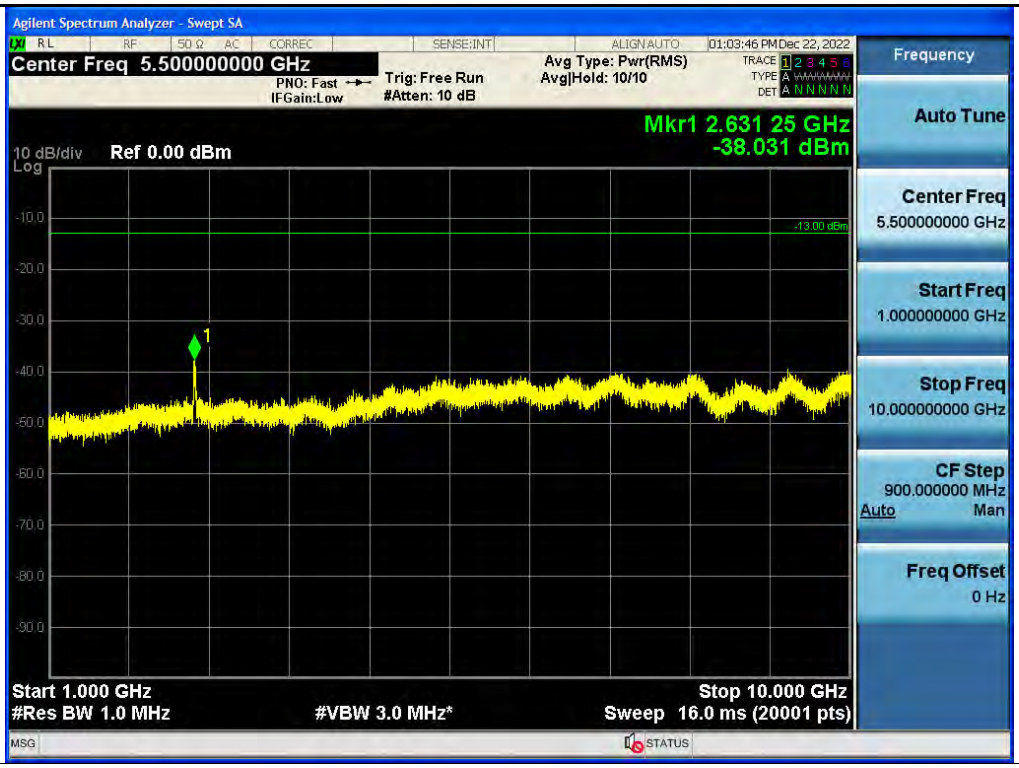
Spurious / Cellular / Downlink / 5G NR 20 MHz / High / High Edge ~ High Edge + 10 MHz



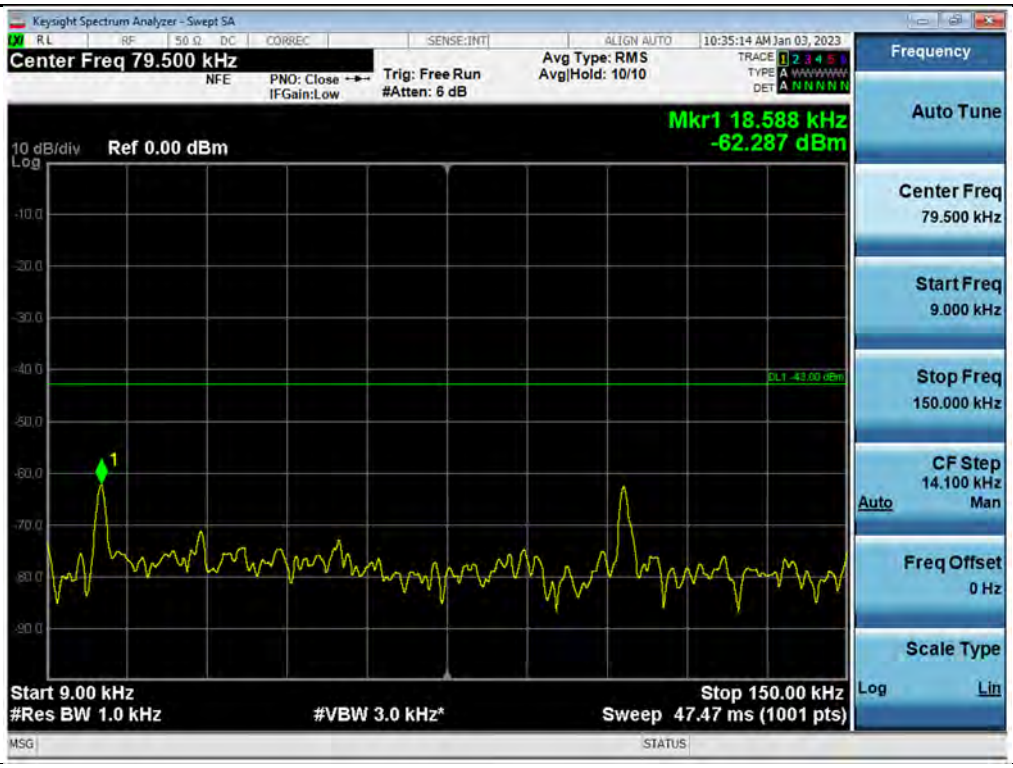

Spurious / Cellular / Downlink / 5G NR 20 MHz / High / High Edge + 10 MHz ~ 1 GHz



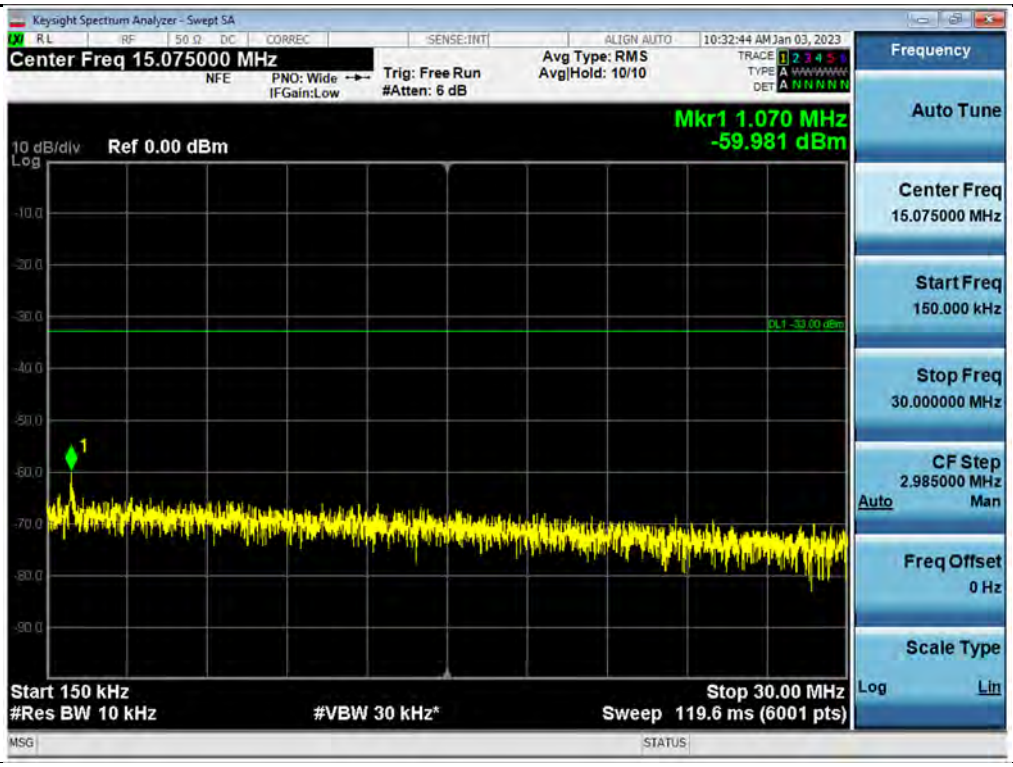
Spurious / Cellular / Downlink / 5G NR 20 MHz / Low / 1 GHz ~ 10 GHz



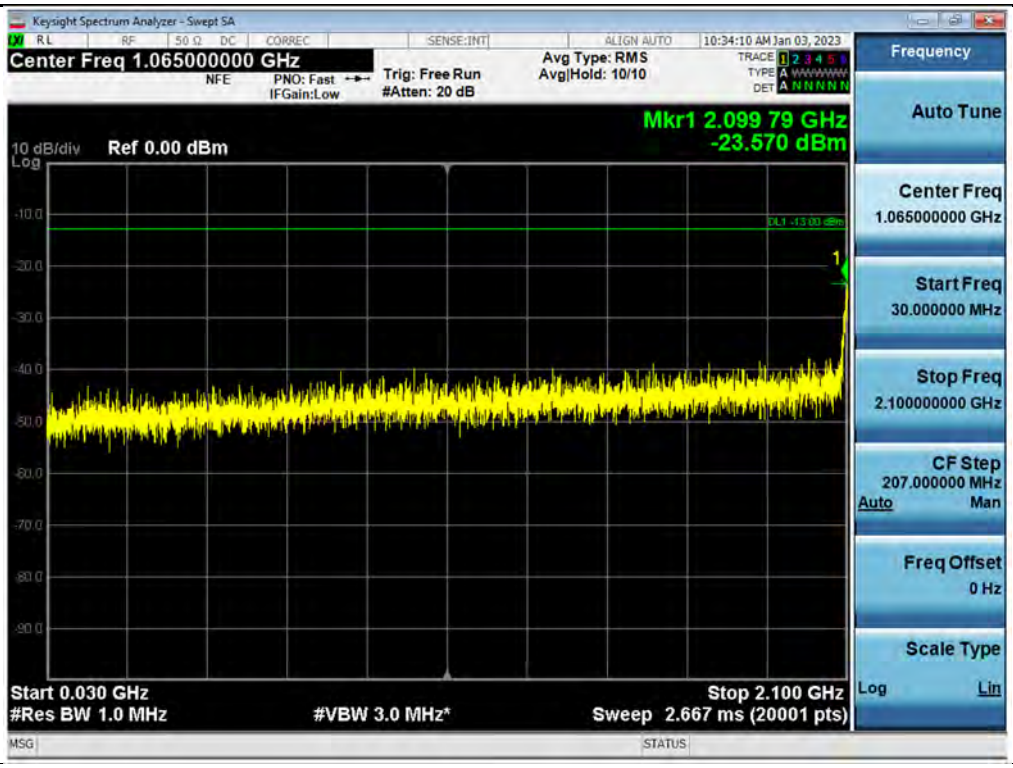
Spurious / AWS / Downlink / 5G NR 60 MHz / High / 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz




Spurious / AWS / Downlink / 5G NR 60 MHz / Low / 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz



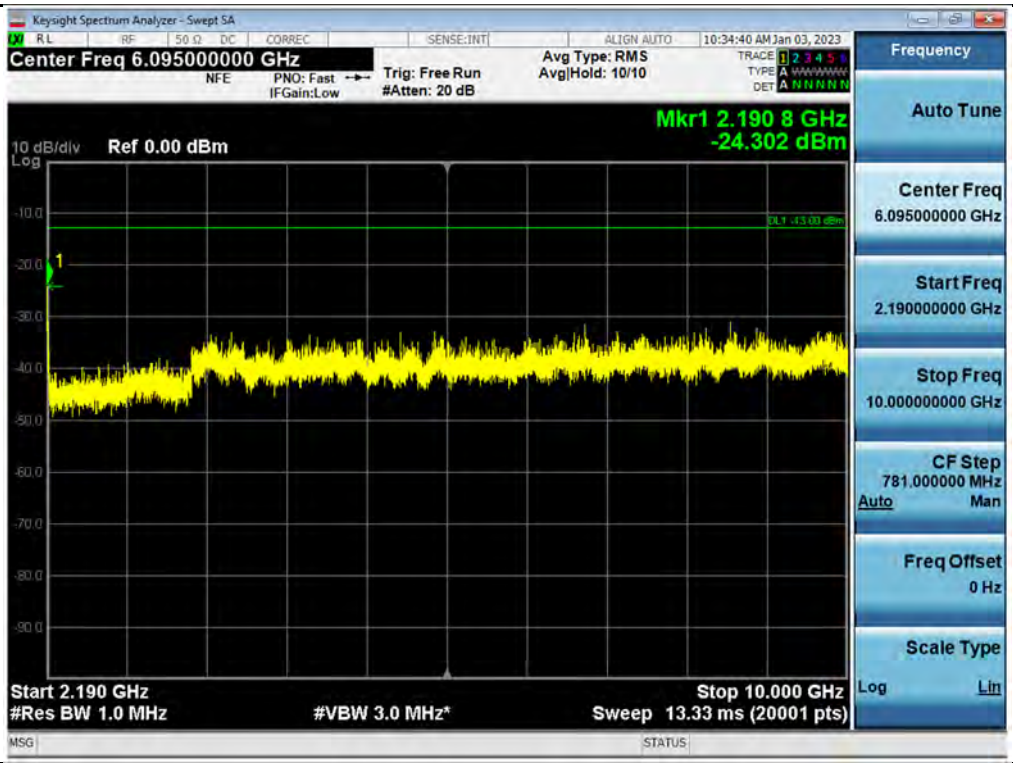
Spurious / AWS / Downlink / 5G NR 60 MHz / Middle / 30 MHz ~ Low Edge – 10 MHz



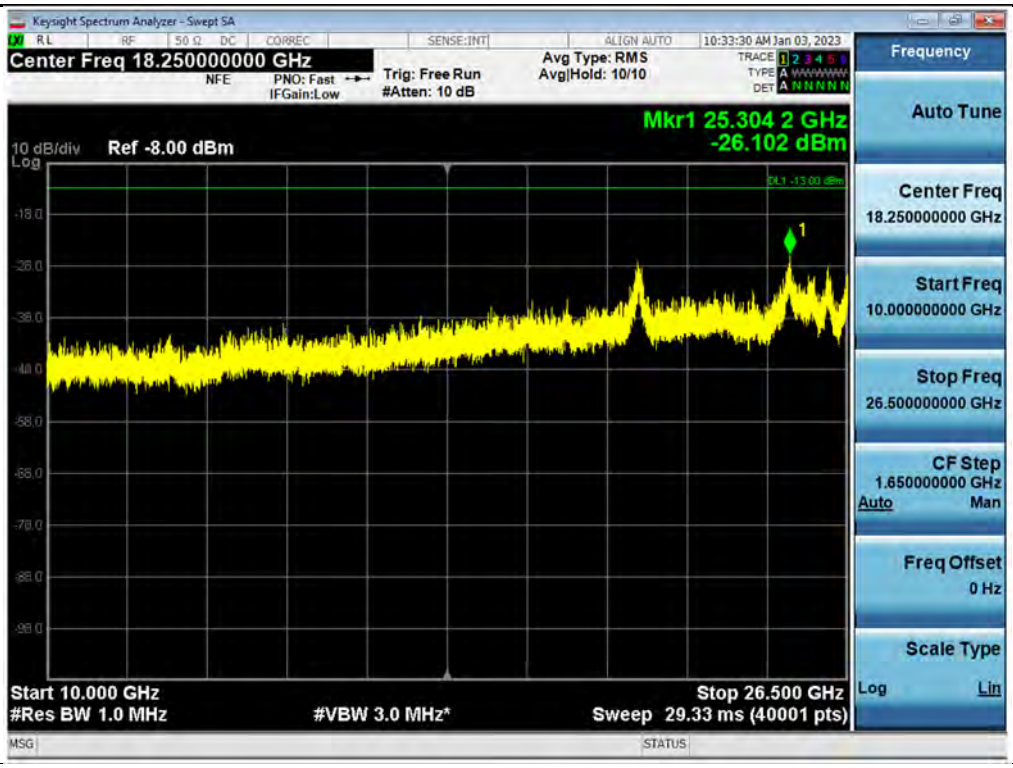

Spurious / AWS / Downlink / 5G NR 60 MHz / Low / Low Edge – 10 MHz ~ Low Edge

Spurious / AWS / Downlink / 5G NR 60 MHz / Middle / High Edge ~ High Edge + 10 MHz

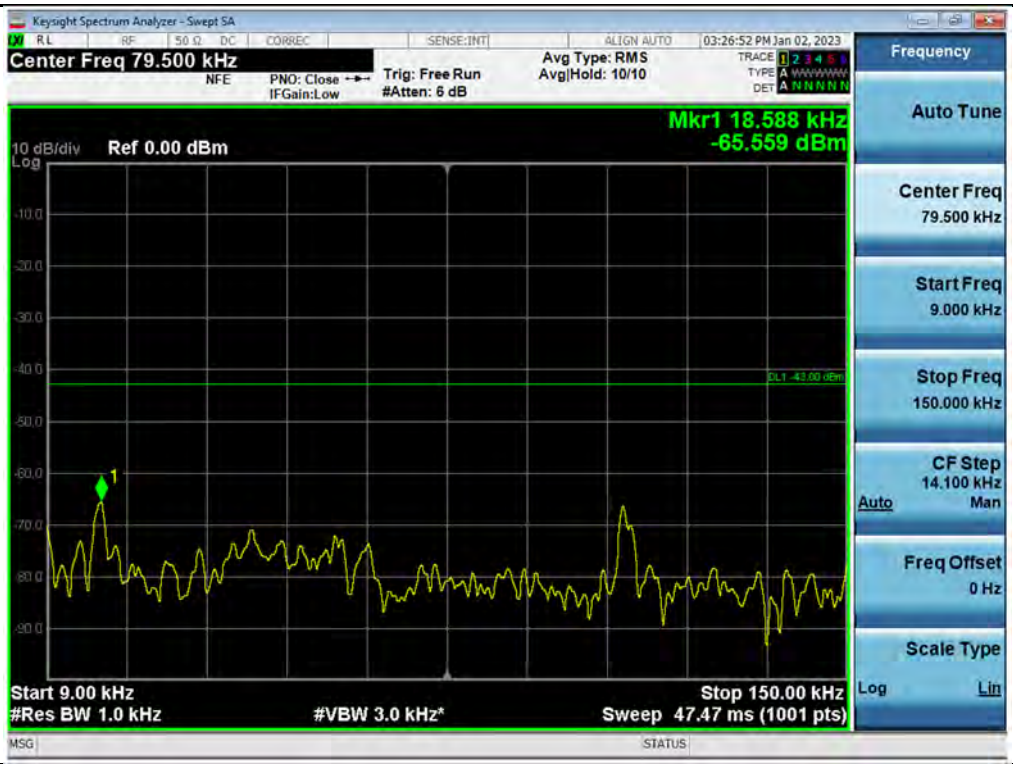

Spurious / AWS / Downlink / 5G NR 60 MHz / Middle / High Edge + 10 MHz ~ 10 GHz



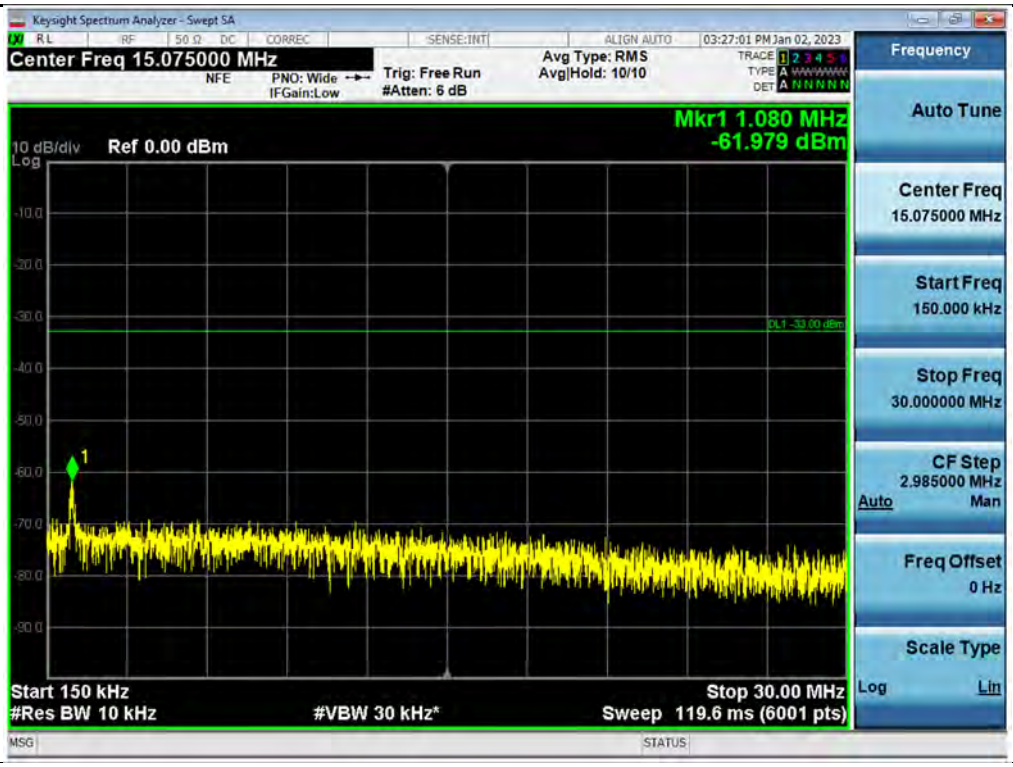
Spurious / AWS / Downlink / 5G NR 60 MHz / Low / 10 GHz ~ 26.5 GHz



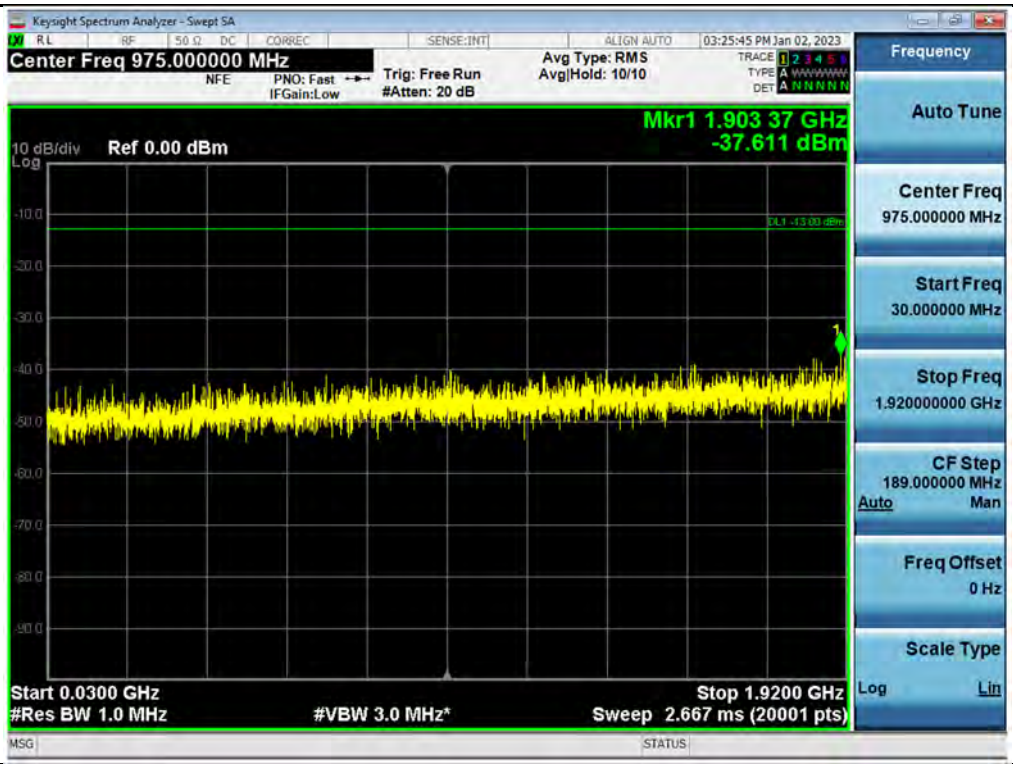
Spurious / PCS / Downlink / 5G NR 60 MHz / High / 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz



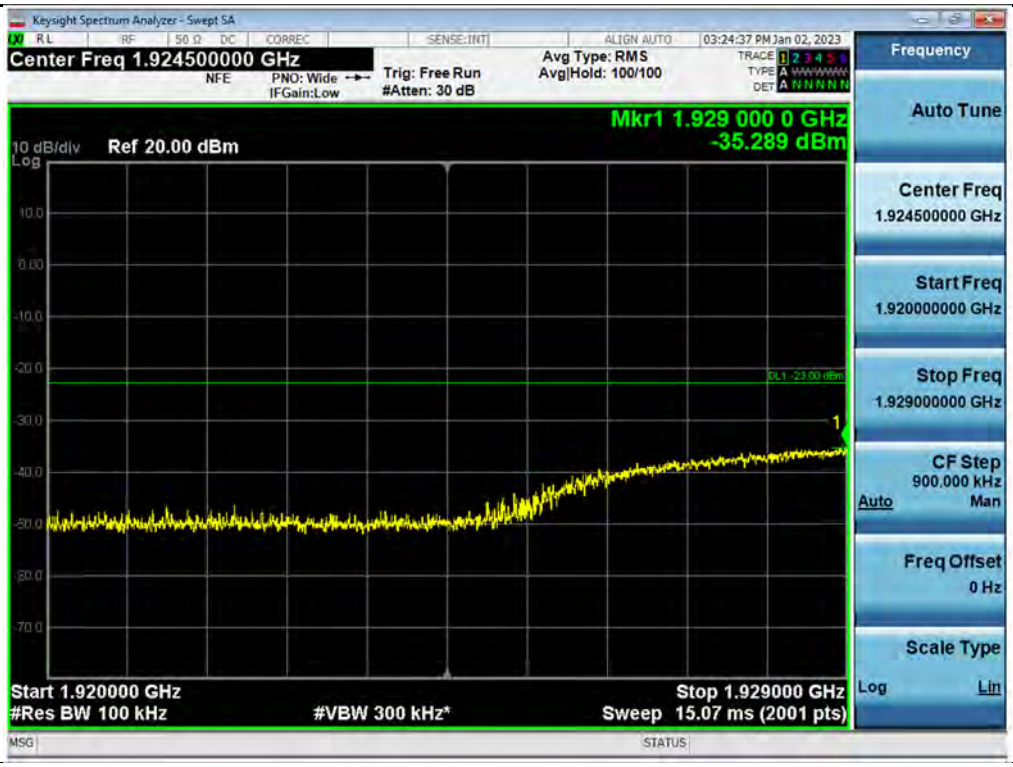

Spurious / PCS / Downlink / 5G NR 60 MHz / High / 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz



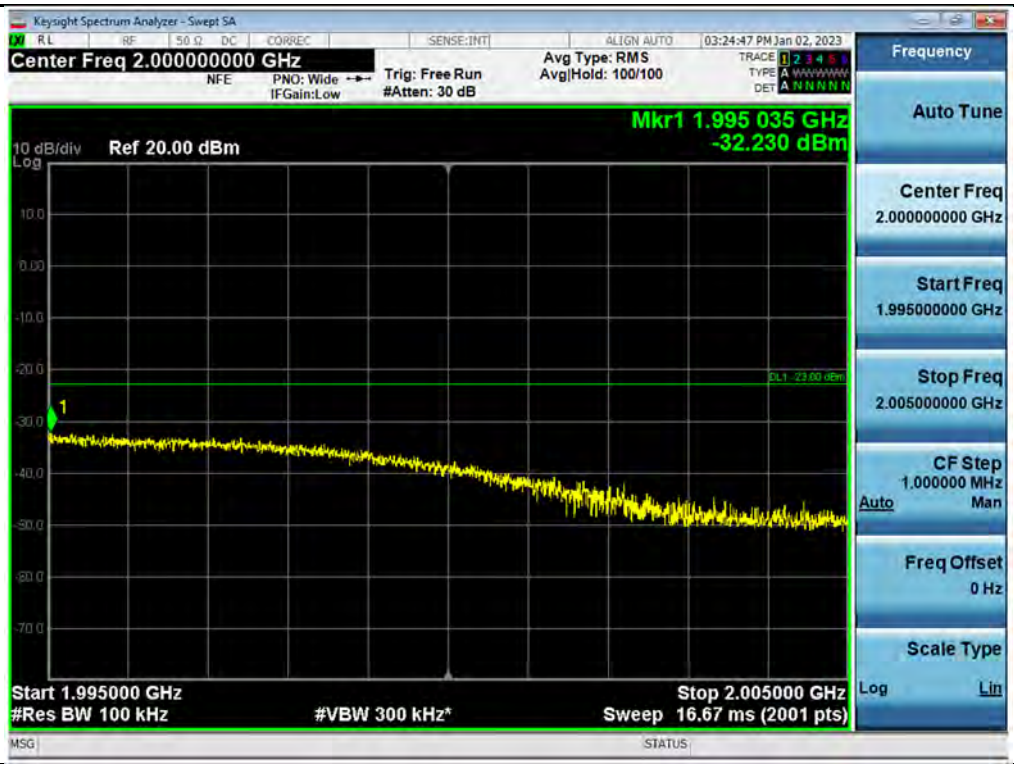
Spurious / PCS / Downlink / 5G NR 60 MHz / Middle / 30 MHz ~ Low Edge – 10 MHz



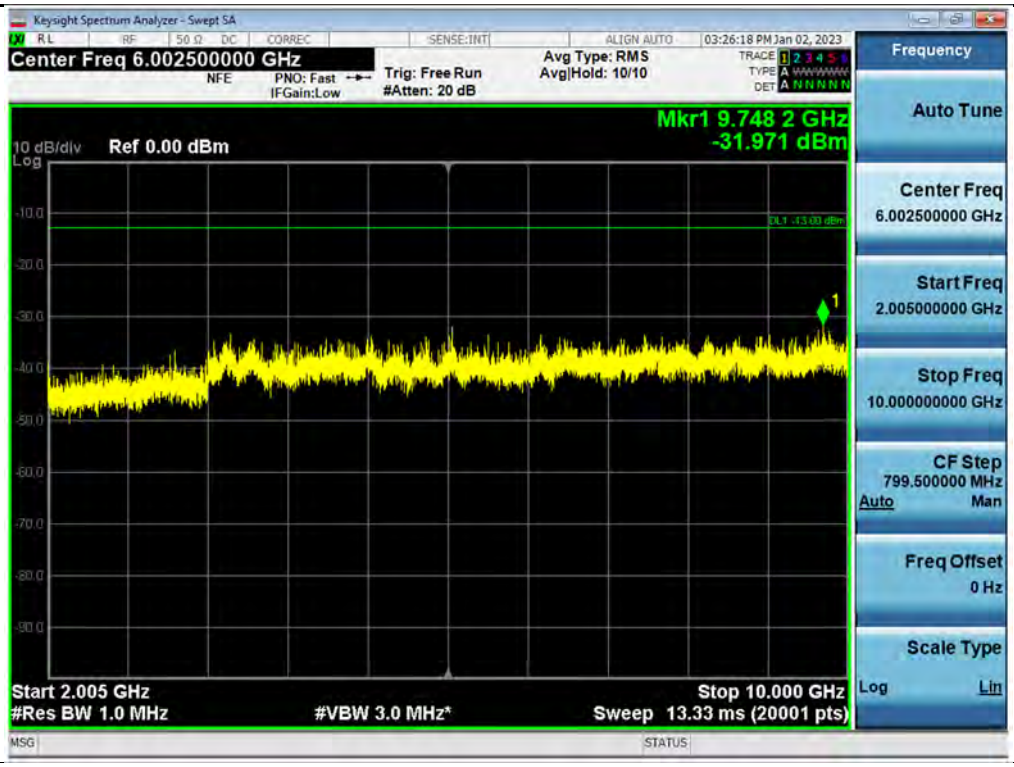

Spurious / PCS / Downlink / 5G NR 60 MHz / Low / Low Edge – 10 MHz ~ Low Edge



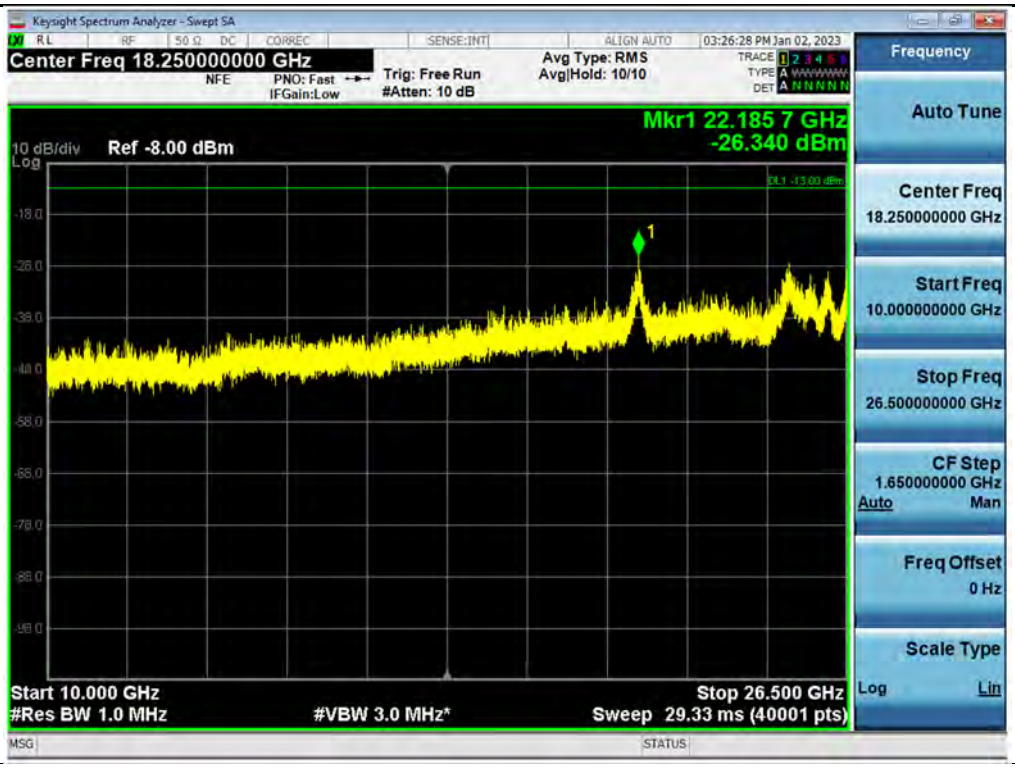
Spurious / PCS / Downlink / 5G NR 60 MHz / Low / High Edge ~ High Edge + 10 MHz




Spurious / PCS / Downlink / 5G NR 60 MHz / Middle / High Edge + 10 MHz ~ 10 GHz



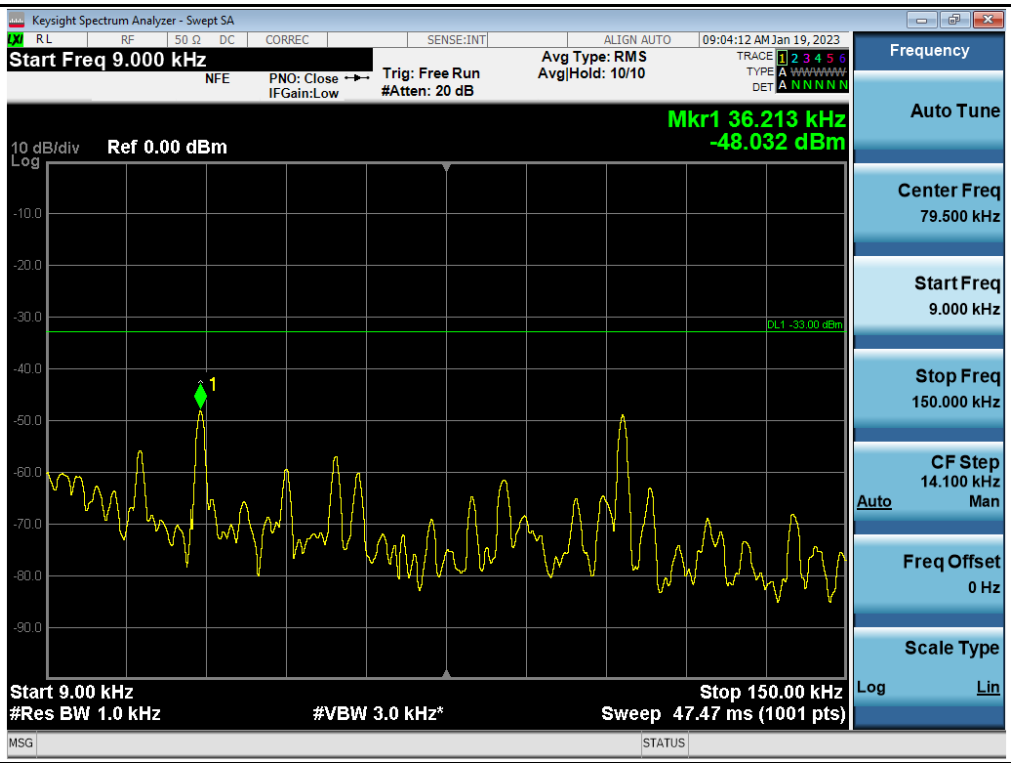
Spurious / PCS / Downlink / 5G NR 60 MHz / Middle / 10 GHz ~ 26.5 GHz



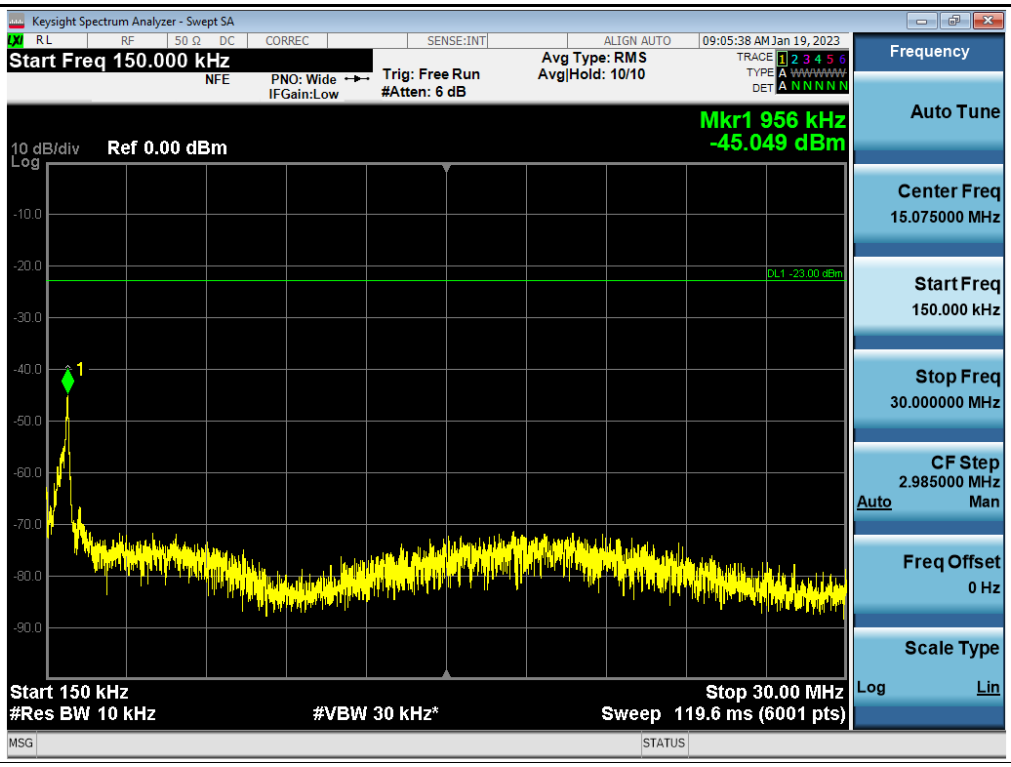

Note : Only the worst case Spurious Emissions plots are attached for each frequency range.

## Plot data of Spurious Emissions (Simultaneous)

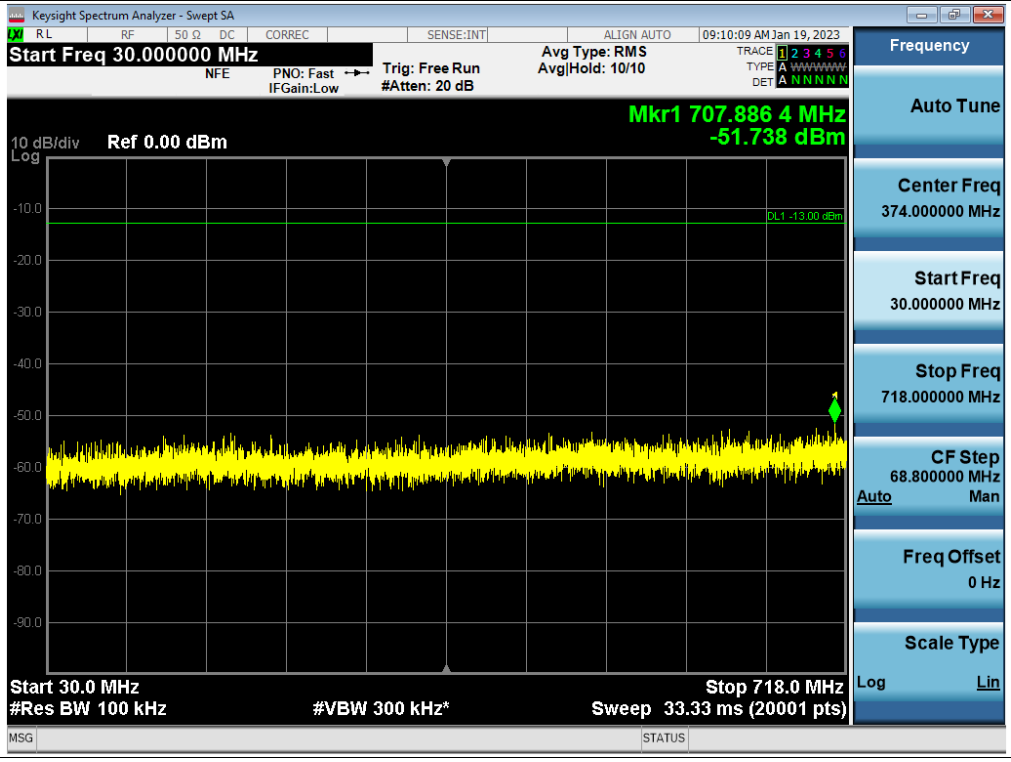
Spurious / Simultaneous(700LU_LTE+LTE) / Downlink / 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz



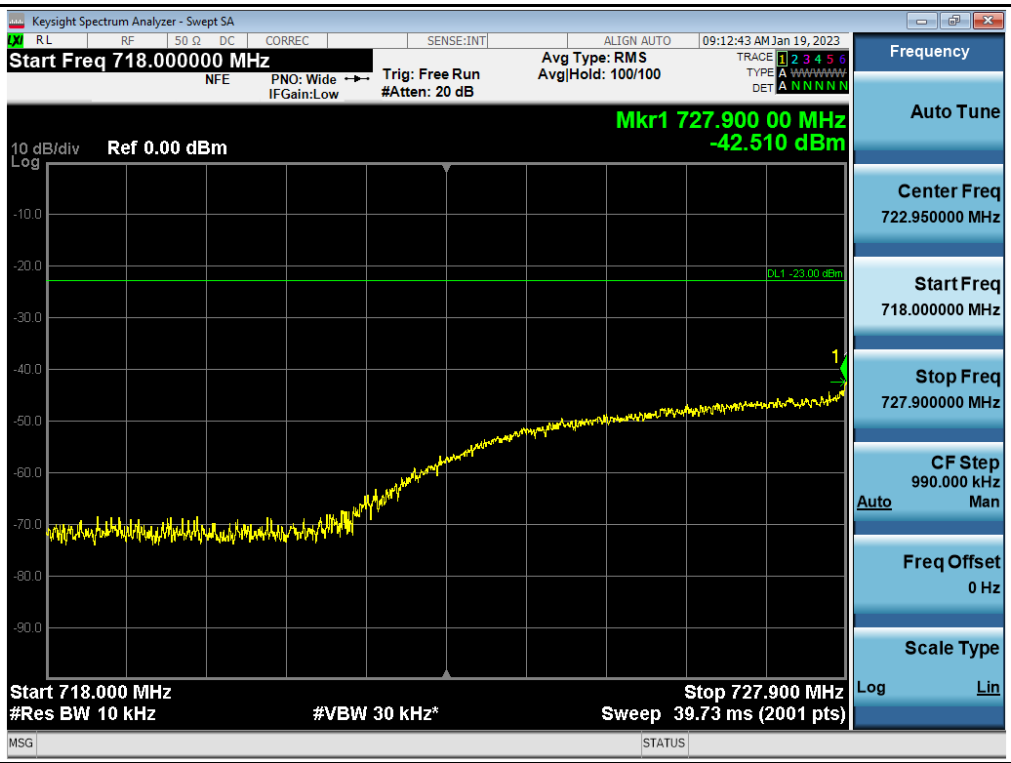

Spurious / Simultaneous(700LU_LTE+LTE) / Downlink / 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz



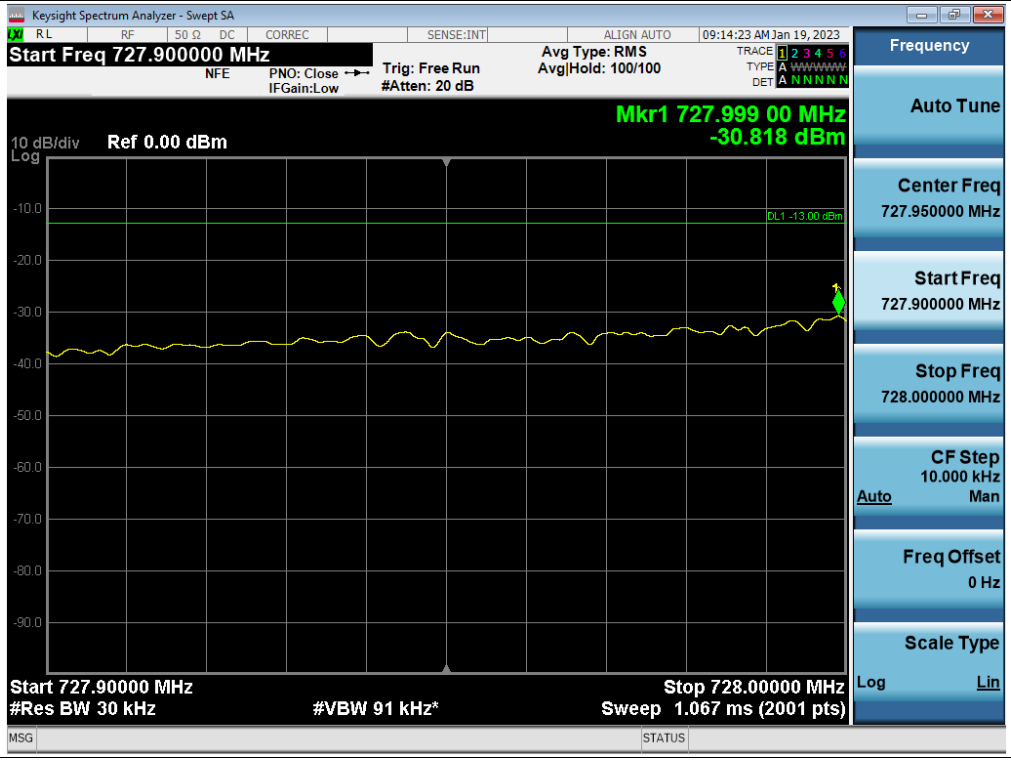
Spurious / Simultaneous(700LU_NR+LTE) / Downlink / 30 MHz ~ 718 MHz



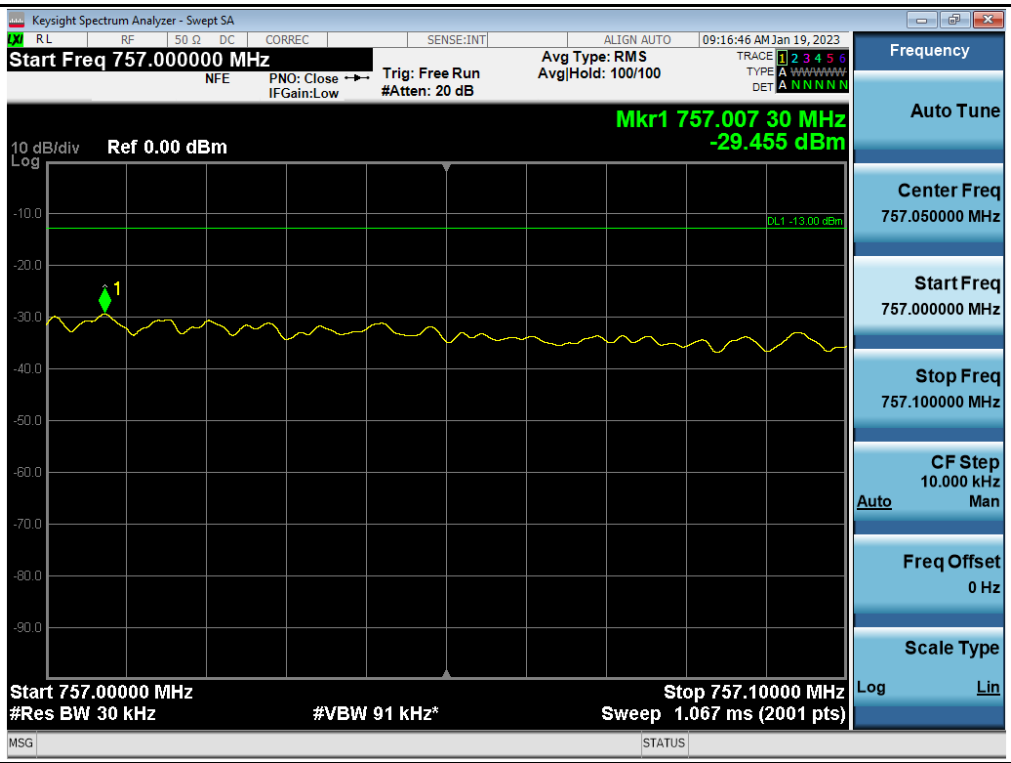

Spurious / Simultaneous(700LU_LTE+NR) / Downlink / 718 MHz ~ 727.9 MHz



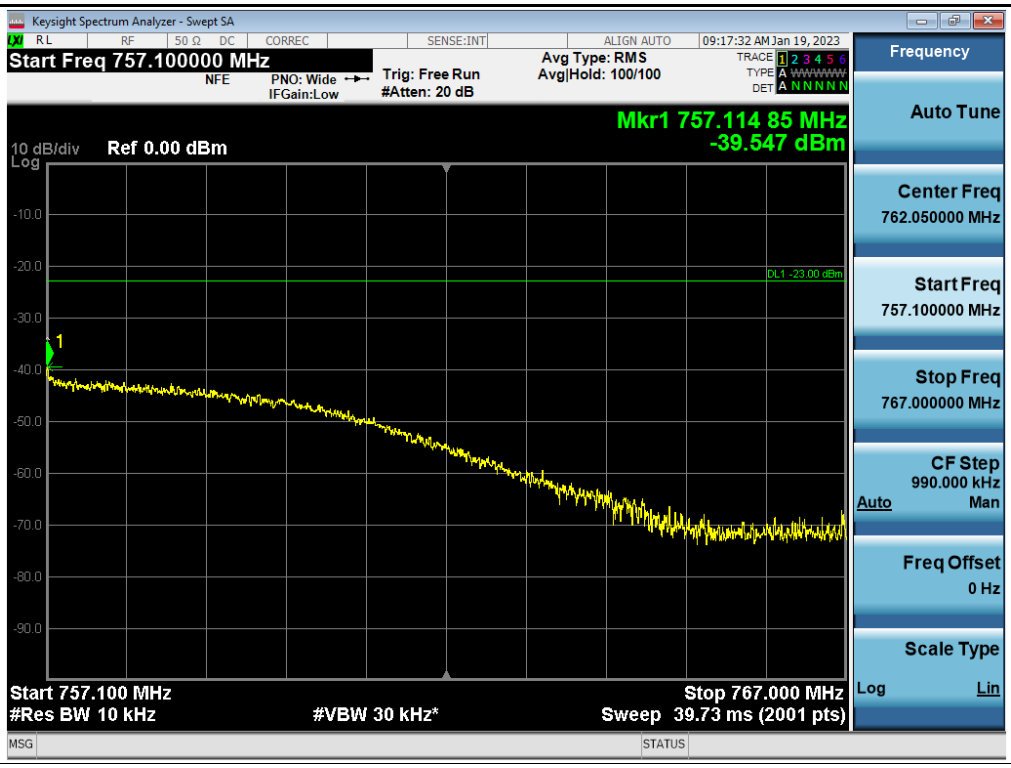
Spurious / Simultaneous(700LU_LTE+LTE) / Downlink / 727.9 MHz ~ 728 MHz



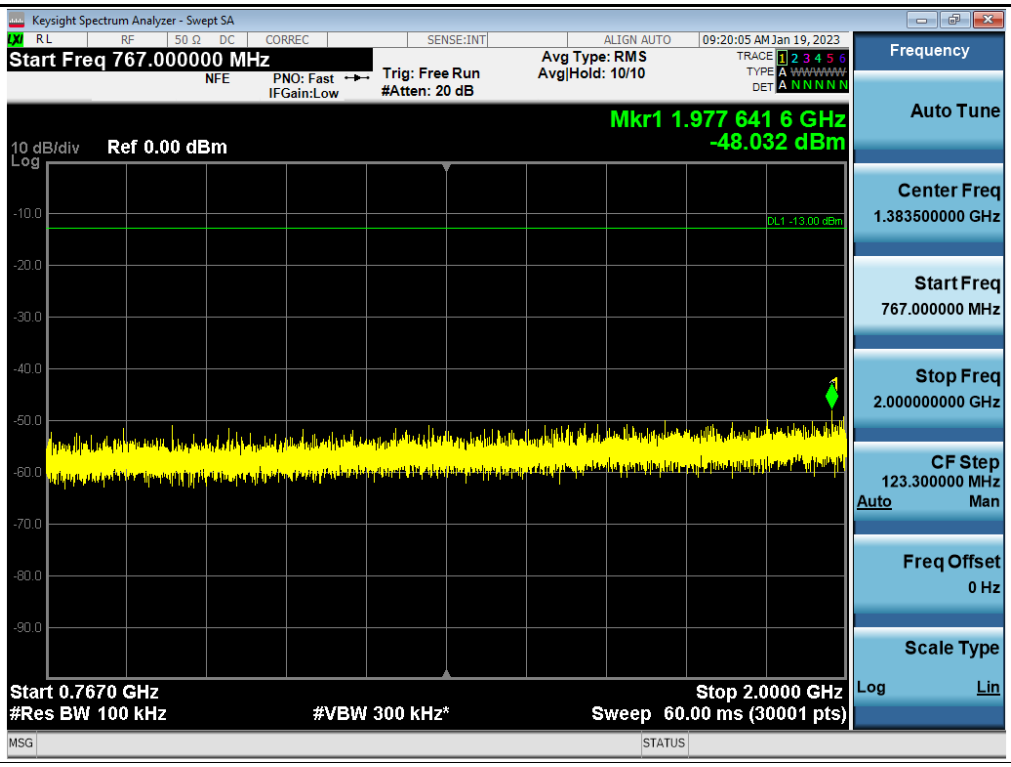

Spurious / Simultaneous(700LU_LTE+LTE) / Downlink / 757 MHz ~ 757.1 MHz



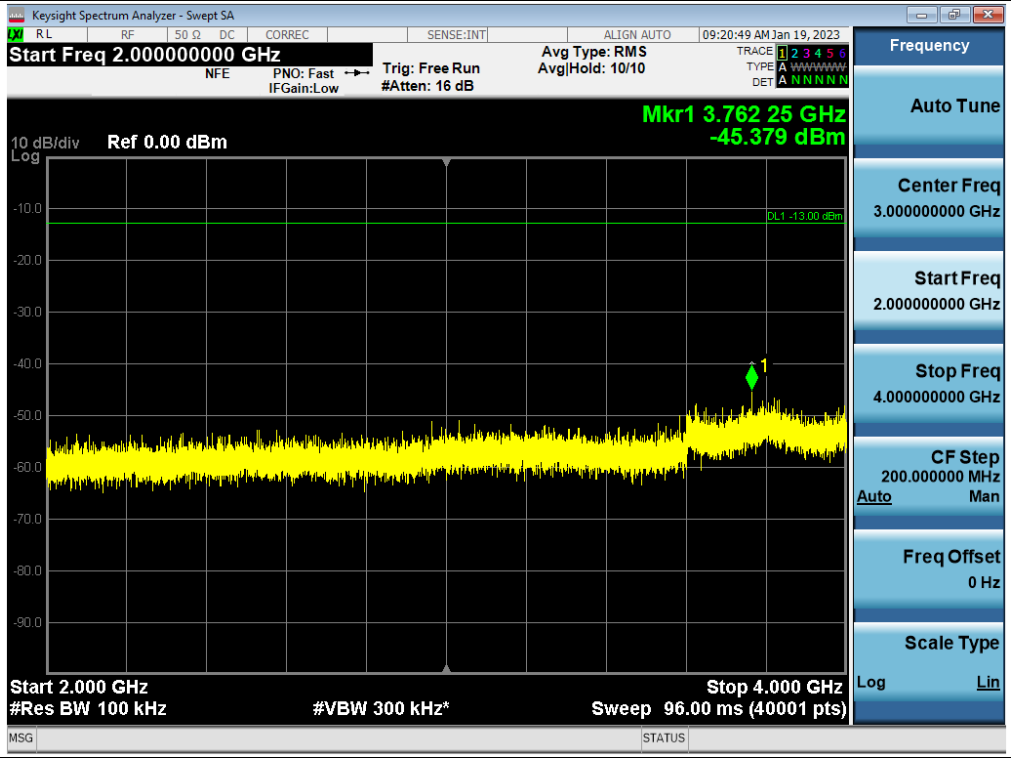
Spurious / Simultaneous(700LU_NR+LTE) / Downlink / 757.1 MHz ~ 767 MHz



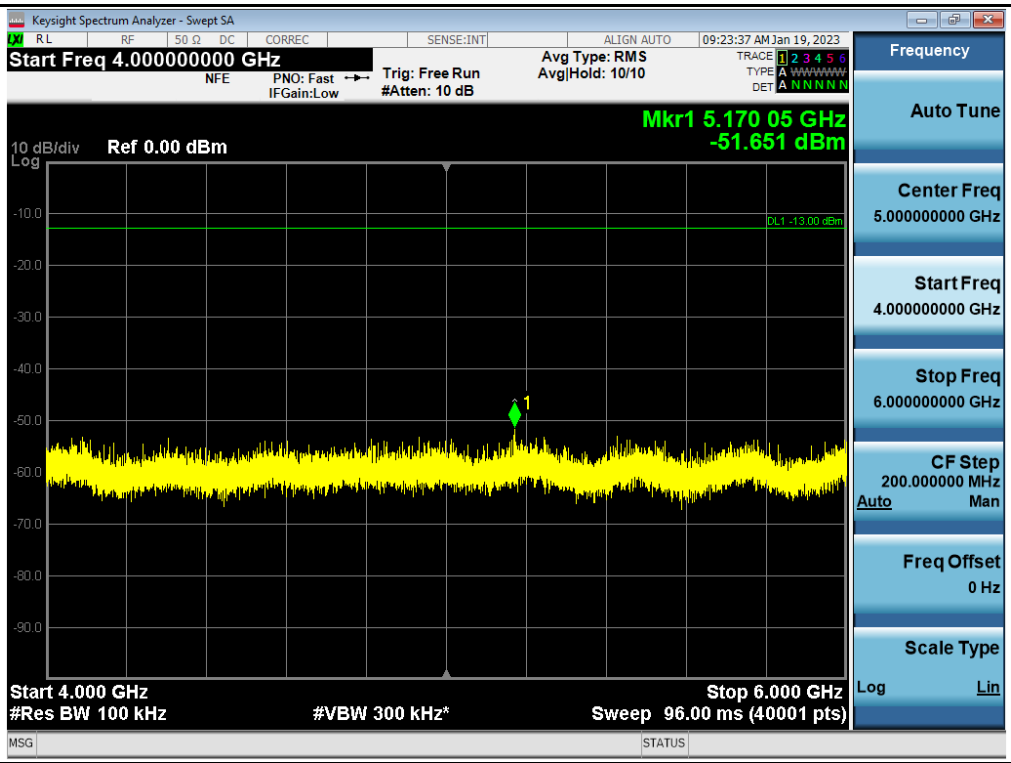

Spurious / Simultaneous(700LU_NR+LTE) / Downlink / 767 MHz ~ 2 GHz



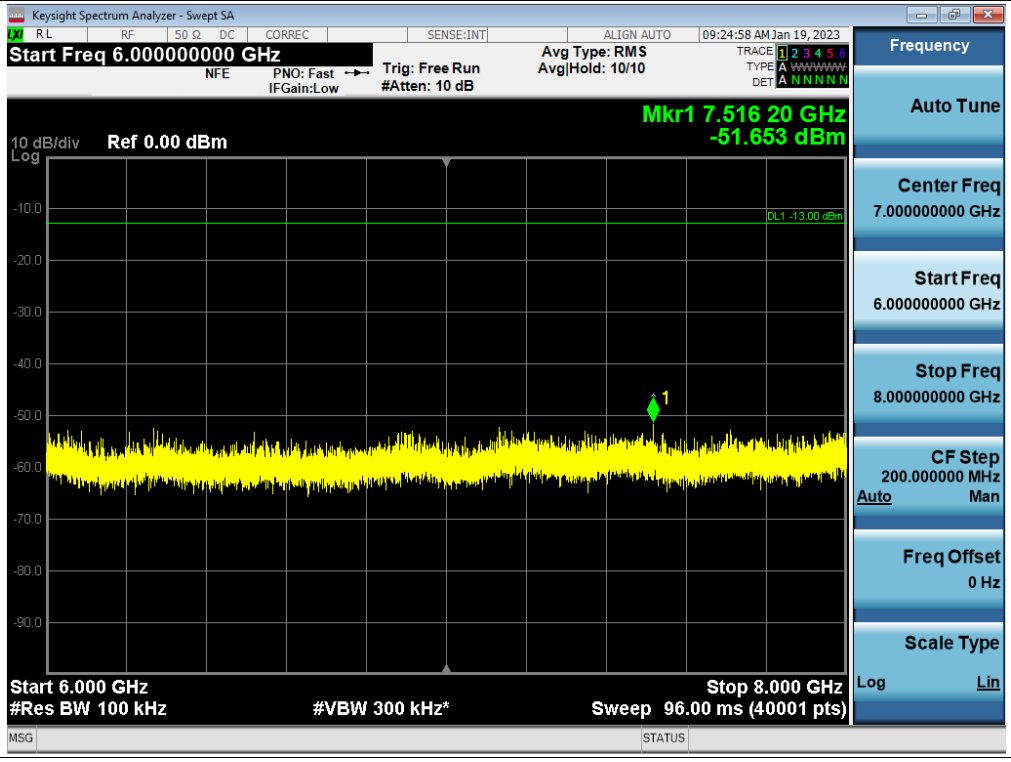
Spurious / Simultaneous(700LU_LTE+LTE) / Downlink / 2 GHz ~ 4 GHz



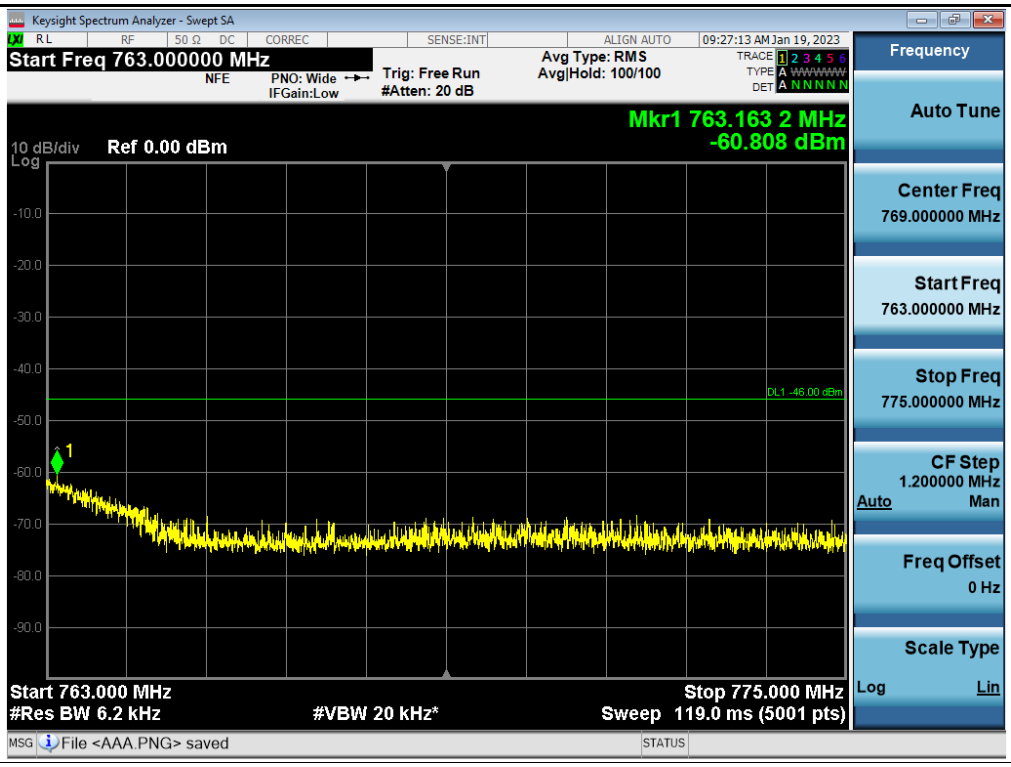

Spurious / Simultaneous(700LU_LTE+LTE) / Downlink / 4 GHz ~ 6 GHz



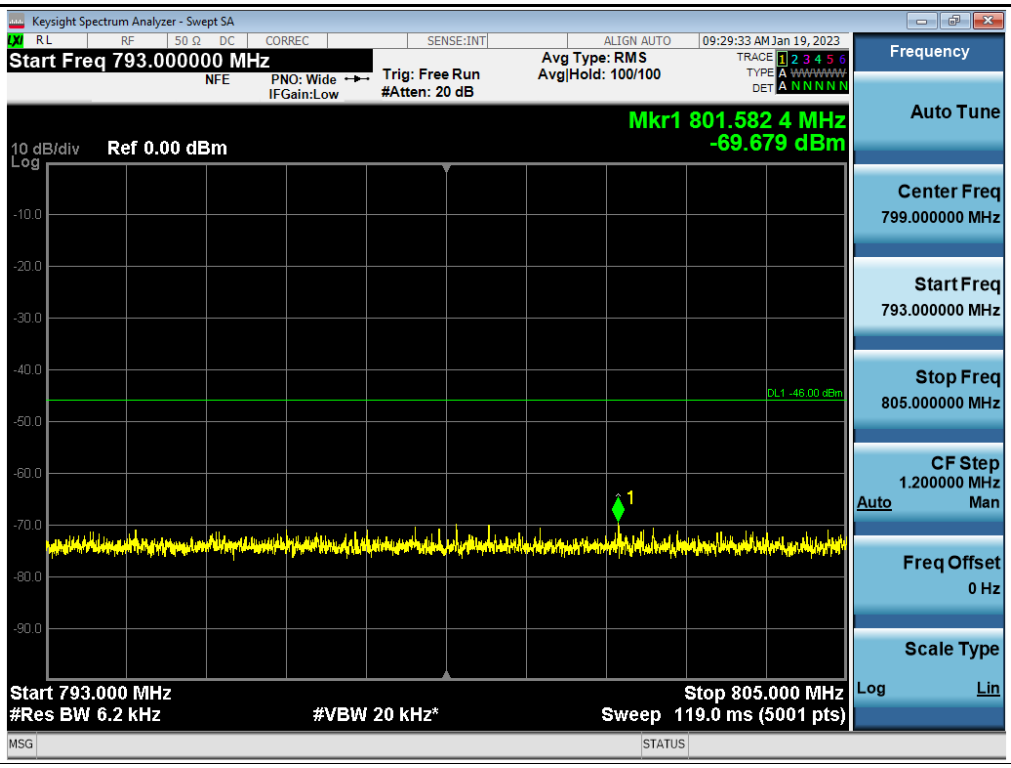
Spurious / Simultaneous(700LU_NR+NR) / Downlink / 6 GHz ~ 8 GHz



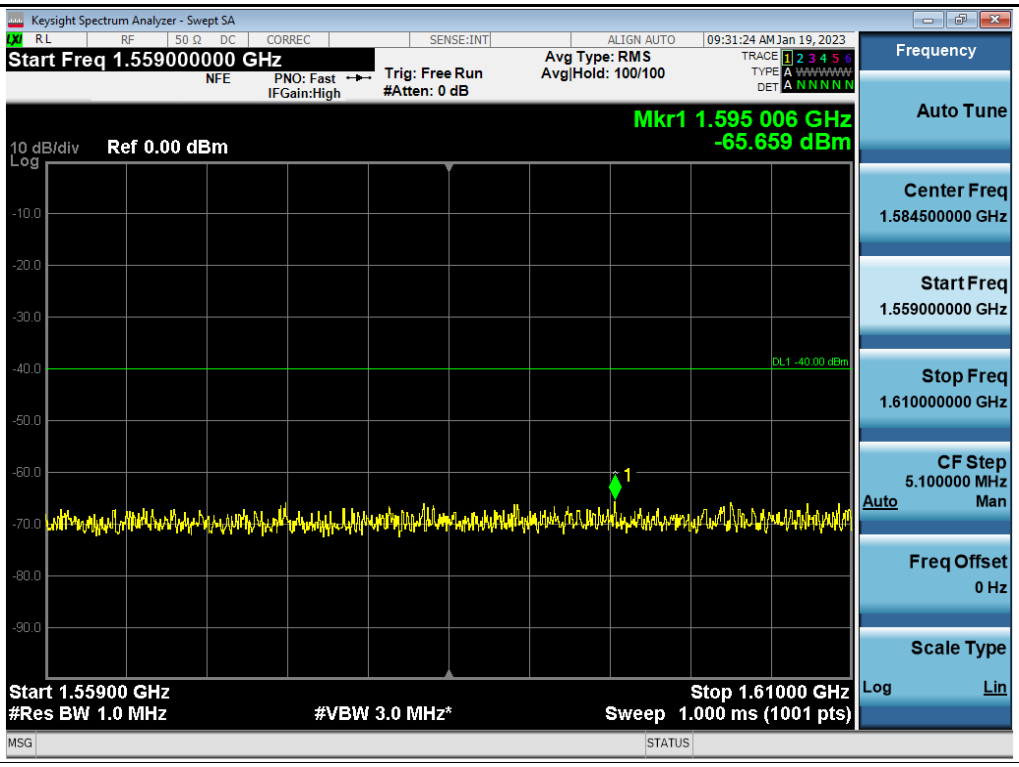

Spurious / Simultaneous(700LU_LTE+LTE) / Downlink / 763 MHz ~ 775 MHz



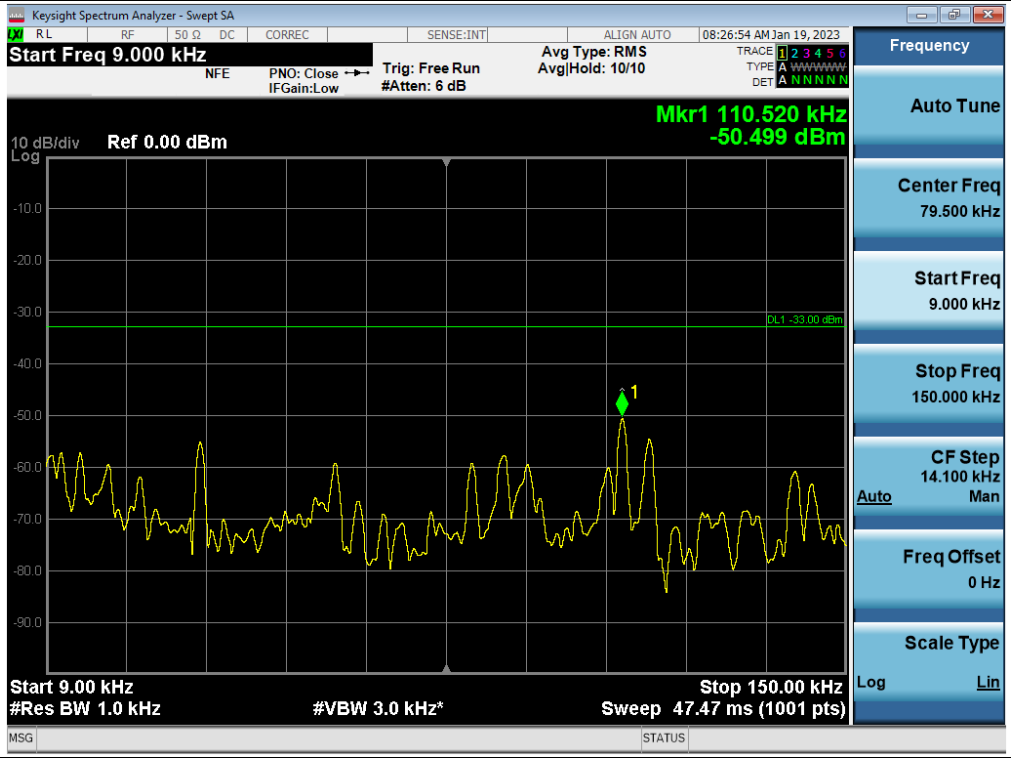
Spurious / Simultaneous(700LU_LTE+NR) / Downlink / 793 MHz ~ 805 MHz



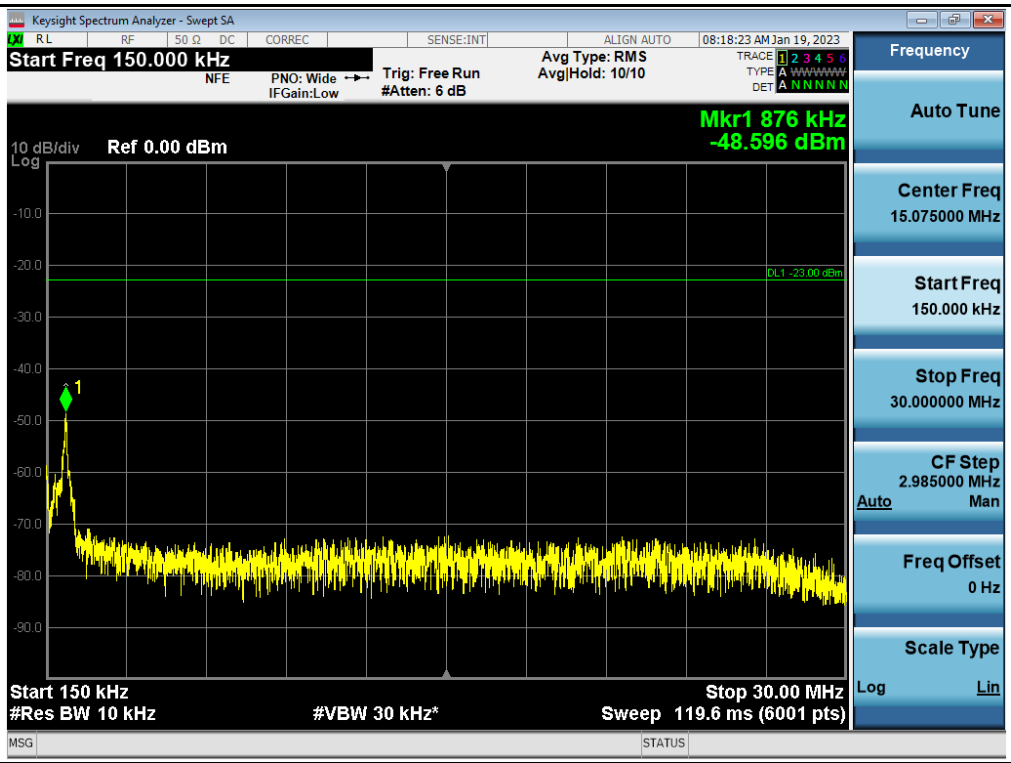

Spurious / Simultaneous(700LU_LTE+LTE) / Downlink / 1 559 MHz ~ 1 610 MHz



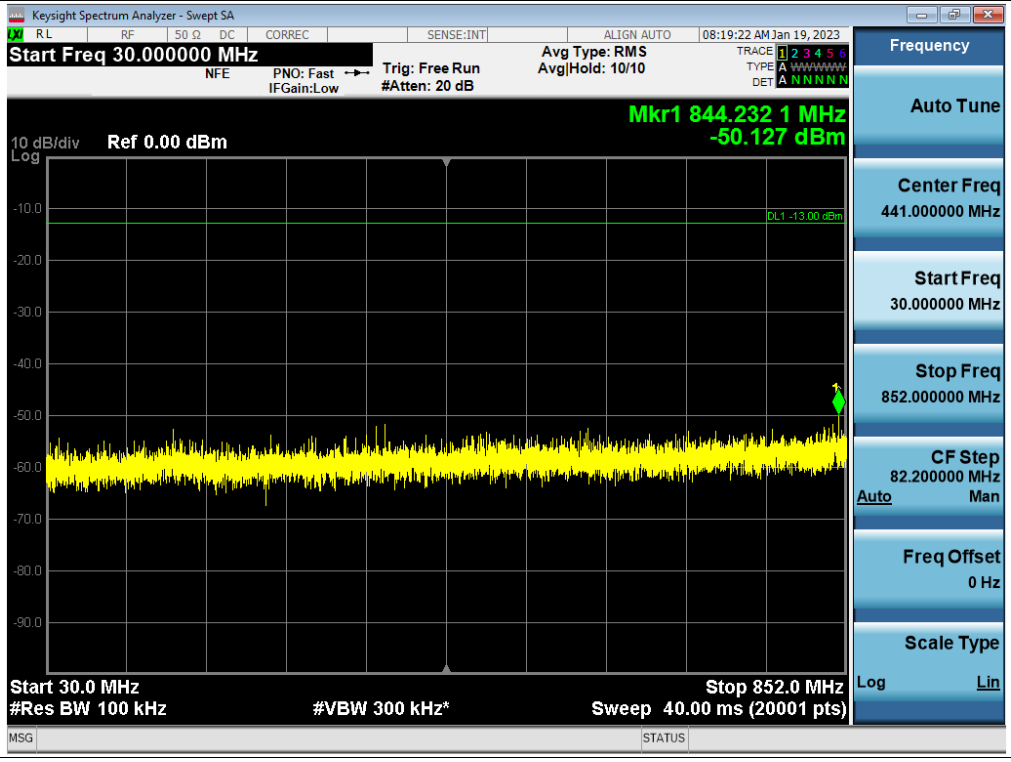
Spurious / Simultaneous (ESMR+Cellular_LTE+LTE) / Downlink / 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz



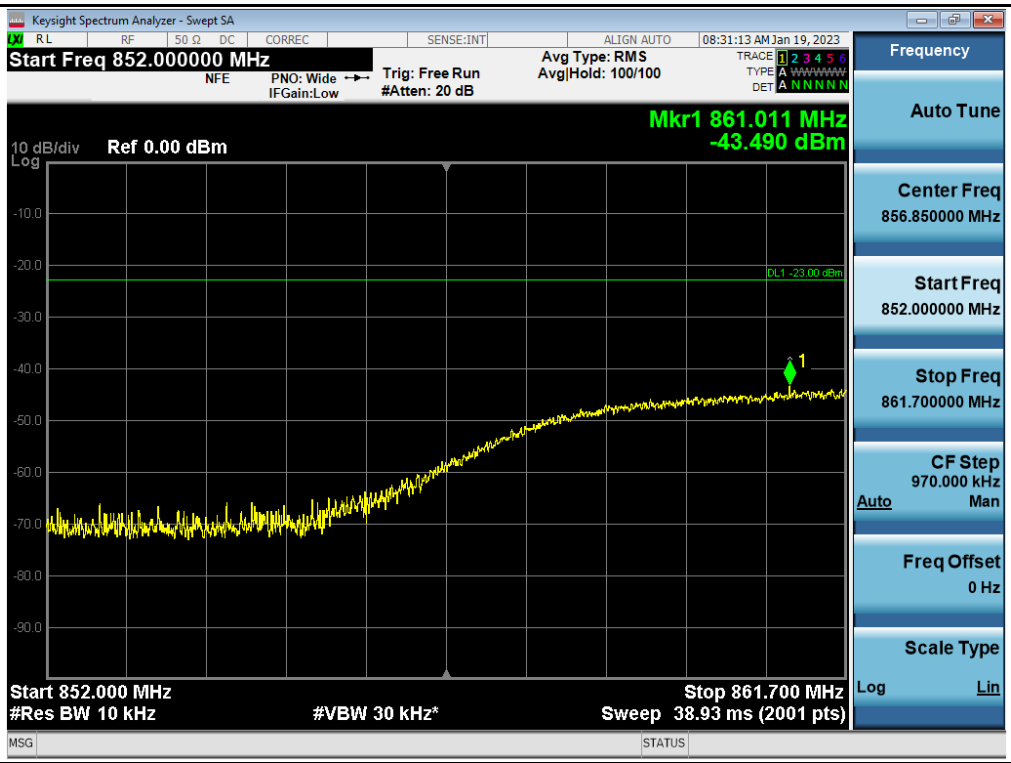

Spurious / Simultaneous (ESMR+Cellular_LTE+NR) / Downlink / 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz



Spurious / Simultaneous (ESMR+Cellular_LTE+NR) / Downlink / 30 MHz ~ 852 MHz

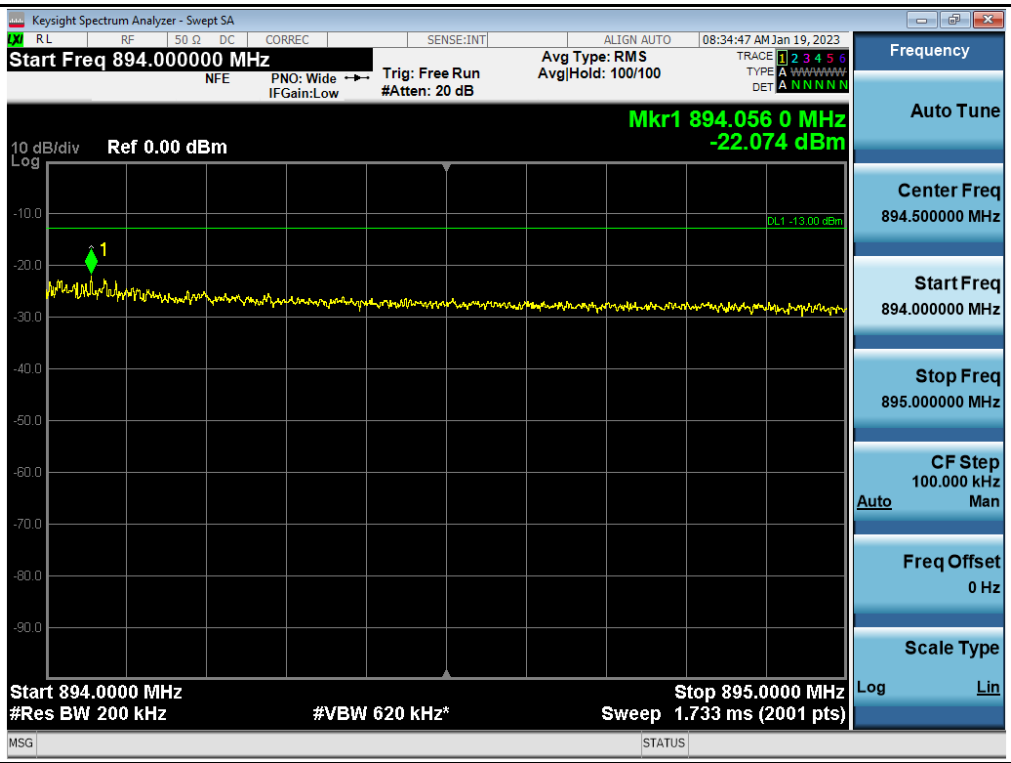



Spurious / Simultaneous (ESMR+Cellular_NR+LTE) / Downlink / 852 MHz ~ 861.7 MHz

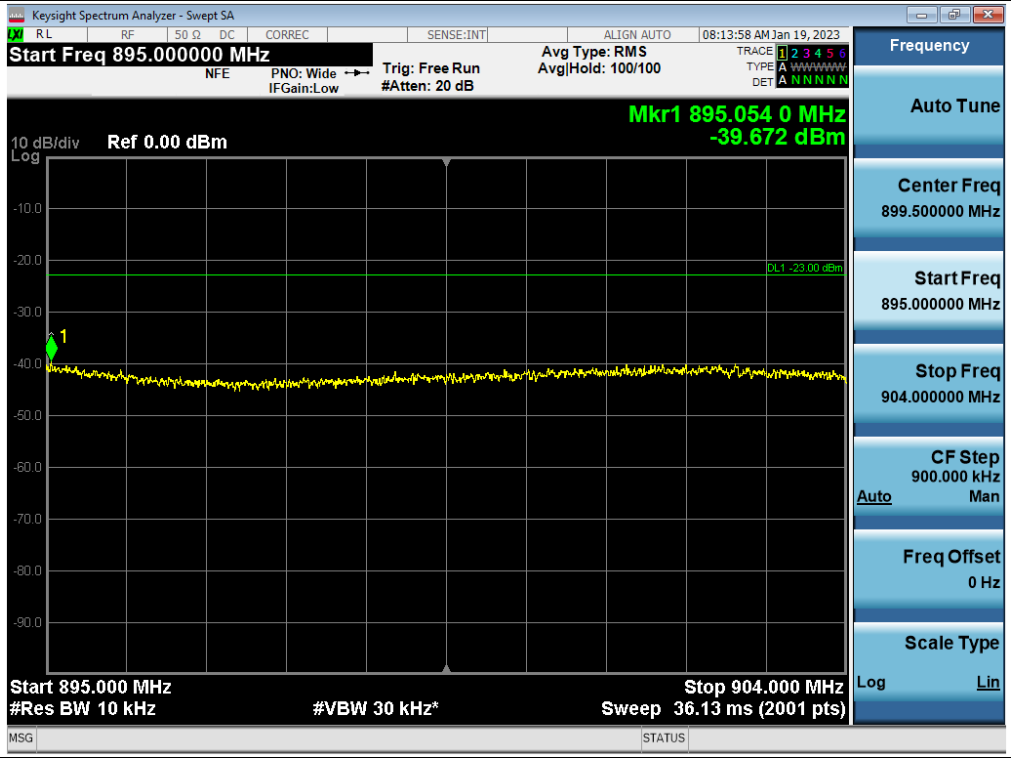


Spurious / Simultaneous (ESMR+Cellular_LTE+NR) / Downlink / 861.7 MHz ~ 862 MHz

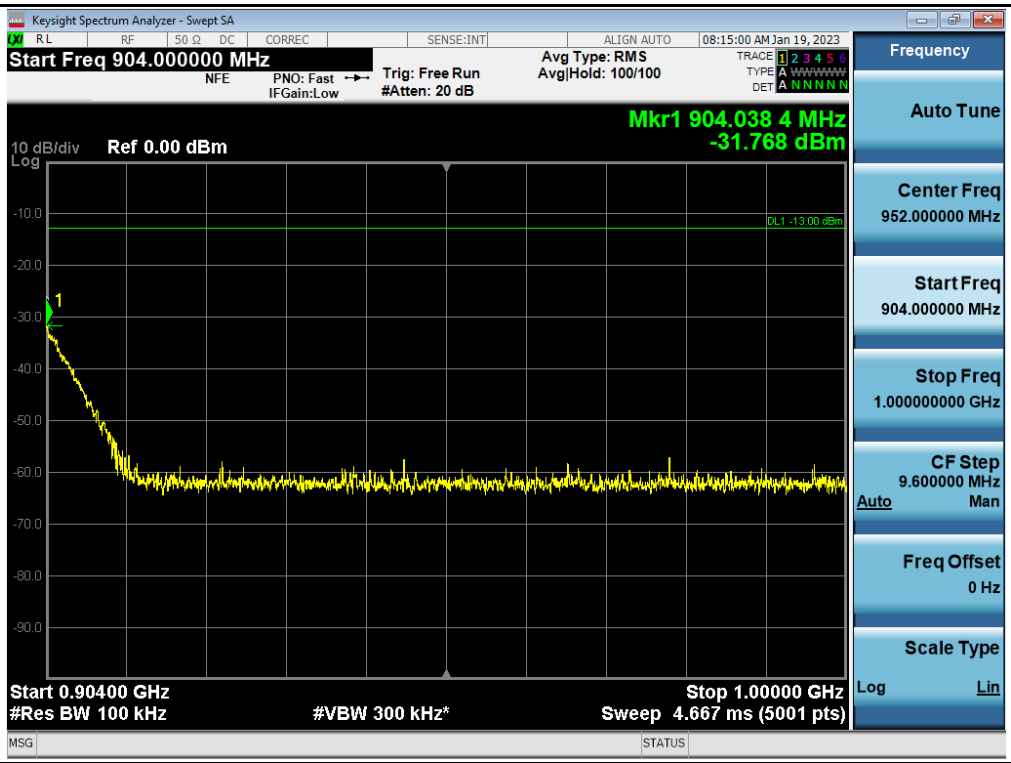

Spurious / Simultaneous (ESMR+Cellular_NR+NR) / Downlink / 894 MHz ~ 895 MHz



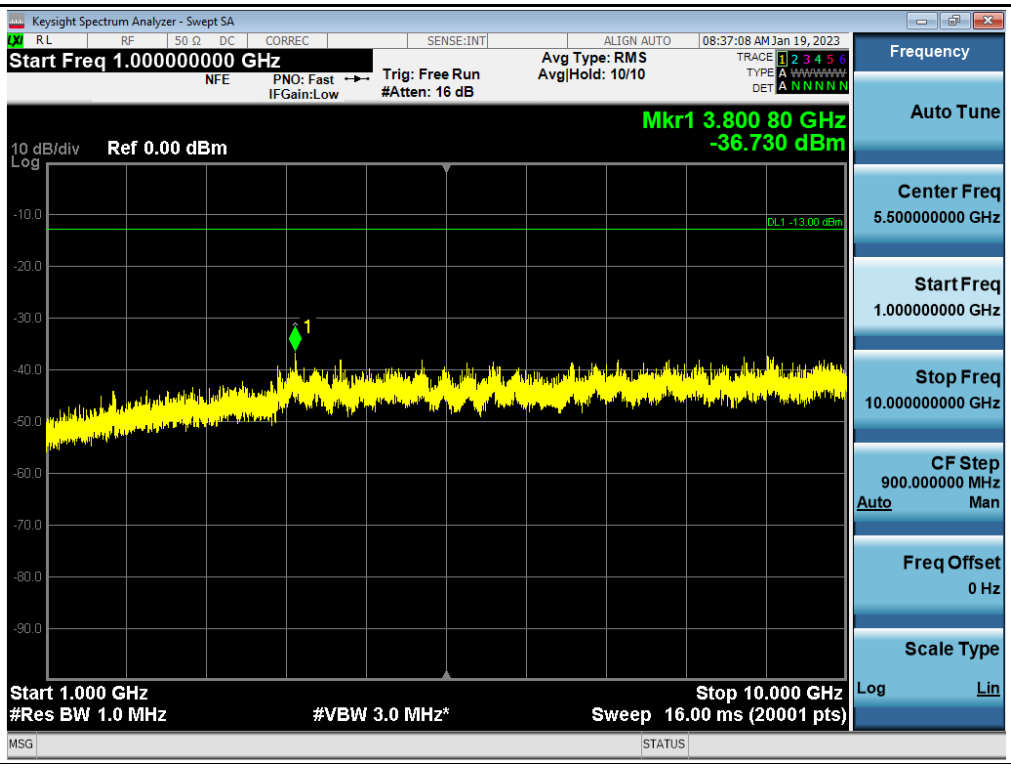
Spurious / Simultaneous (ESMR+Cellular_NR+NR) / Downlink / 895 MHz ~ 904 MHz




Spurious / Simultaneous (ESMR+Cellular_NR+NR) / Downlink / 904 MHz ~ 1 GHz



Spurious / Simultaneous (ESMR+Cellular_NR+LTE) / Downlink / 1 GHz ~ 10 GHz



## 5.6. RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

**Test Requirements:**

**§ 2.1053 Measurements required: Field strength of spurious radiation.**

(a) Measurements shall be made to detect spurious emissions that may be radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements under normal conditions of installation and operation. Curves or equivalent data shall be supplied showing the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission. For this test, single sideband, independent sideband, and controlled carrier transmitters shall be modulated under the conditions specified in paragraph (c) of § 2.1049, as appropriate. For equipment operating on frequencies below 890 MHz, an open field test is normally required, with the measuring instrument antenna located in the far-field at all test frequencies. In the event it is either impractical or impossible to make open field measurements (e.g. a broadcast transmitter installed in a building) measurements will be accepted of the equipment as installed. Such measurements must be accompanied by a description of the site where the measurements were made showing the location of any possible source of reflections which might distort the field strength measurements. Information submitted shall include the relative radiated power of each spurious emission with reference to the rated power output of the transmitter, assuming all emissions are radiated from halfwave dipole antennas.

(b) The measurements specified in paragraph (a) of this section shall be made for the following equipment:

(1) Those in which the spurious emissions are required to be 60 dB or more below the mean power of the transmitter.

(2) All equipment operating on frequencies higher than 25 MHz.

(3) All equipment where the antenna is an integral part of, and attached directly to the transmitter.

(4) Other types of equipment as required, when deemed necessary by the Commission.

**Test Procedures:**

Because KDB 935210 D05 procedure does not provide this requirement, measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 5.5 of ANSI C63.26-2015

a) Place the EUT in the center of the turntable. The EUT shall be configured to transmit into the standard non-radiating load (for measuring radiated spurious emissions), connected with cables of minimal length unless specified otherwise. If the EUT uses an adjustable antenna, the antenna shall be positioned to the length that produces the worst case emission at the fundamental operating frequency.

b) Each emission under consideration shall be evaluated:
   1) Raise and lower the measurement antenna in accordance 5.5.2, as necessary to enable detection of the maximum emission amplitude relative to measurement antenna height.
   2) Rotate the EUT through 360° to determine the maximum emission level relative to the axial position.
   3) Return the turntable to the azimuth where the highest emission amplitude level was observed.
   4) Vary the measurement antenna height again through 1 m to 4 m again to find the height associated with the maximum emission amplitude.
   5) Record the measured emission amplitude level and frequency using the appropriate RBW.

c) Repeat step b) for each emission frequency with the measurement antenna oriented in both the horizontal and vertical polarizations to determine the orientation that gives the maximum emissions amplitude.

**Test Result:**

**Downlink_**Simultaneous(PCS+AWS)

| Mode | Frequency (MHz) | Measured Level (dBuV) | Ant. Factor (dB/m) | A.G.+C.L.+H.P.F. (dB) | Pol. | Measured Power (dBm) | Result (dBm/m) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| LTE | 3 925.00 | 64.63 | 30.80 | 40.26 | V | -30.57 | -40.03 |
| | 4 291.50 | 66.77 | 31.50 | 39.96 | V | -28.43 | -36.89 |
| | 5 896.50 | 55.78 | 34.20 | 38.33 | V | -39.42 | -43.55 |
| | 6 436.00 | 66.78 | 35.00 | 37.97 | V | -28.42 | -31.39 |
| | 8 562.50 | 53.48 | 37.60 | 36.04 | V | -41.72 | -40.16 |

**Downlink_**Simultaneous(700LU+ESMR+Cellular)

| Mode | Frequency (MHz) | Measured Level (dBuV) | Ant. Factor (dB/m) | A.G.+C.L.+H.P.F. (dB) | Pol. | Measured Power (dBm) | Result (dBm/m) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| LTE | 1 501.75 | 61.10 | 25.40 | 43.53 | V | -34.10 | -52.23 |
| | 2 212.75 | 60.51 | 27.20 | 42.63 | V | -34.69 | -50.12 |

* C.L.: Cable Loss / A.G.: Amp. Gain / H.P.F.: High Pass Filter

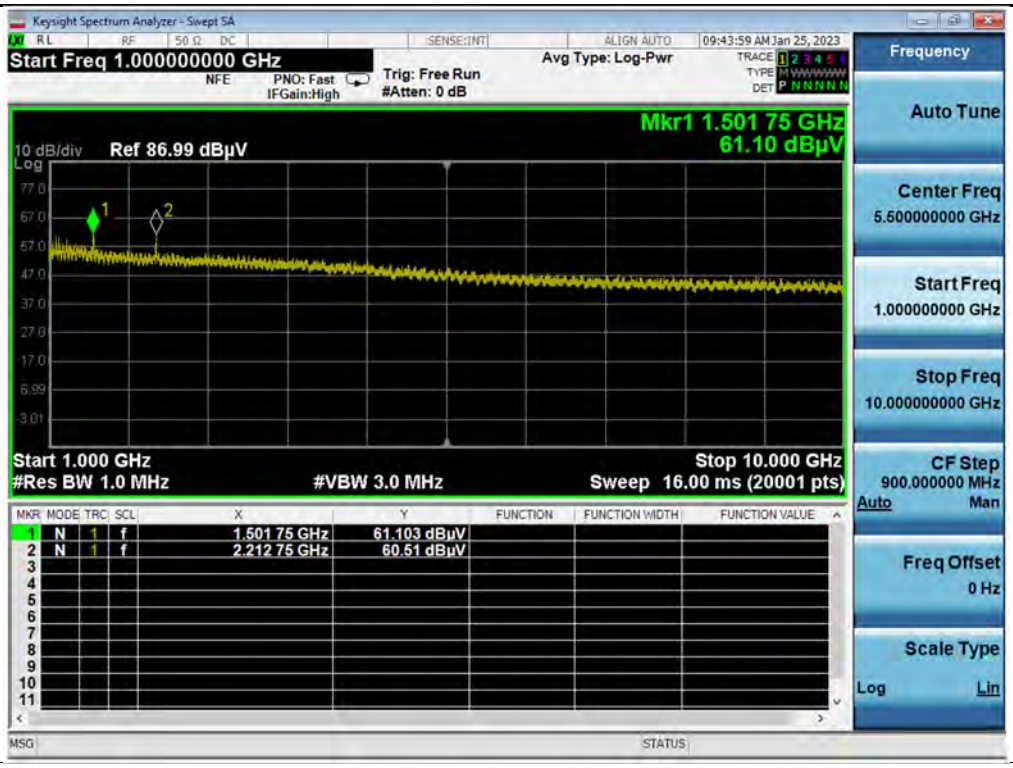
Note:

1. We have done horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
2. Measure distance = 3 m
3. The amplitude of the spurious domain emission attenuated by more than 20 dB over the permissible value was not recorded according to ANSI C63.26, clause 5.1.1., c).
4. Test data were only the worst case.
5. Among the data of simultaneous and single band emission conditions, the simultaneous emission condition is the worst.

## Plot data of radiated spurious emissions

Downlink / Simultaneous(PCS+AWS)


Downlink / Simultaneous(700LU+ESMR+Cellular)




Note : Only the worst case plots for Radiated Spurious Emissions.

## 5.7. FREQUENCY STABILITY

**Test Requirements:**

**§ 2.1055 Measurements required: Frequency stability.**

(a) The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature as follows:

(1) From −30° to + 50° centigrade for all equipment except that specified in paragraphs (a) (2) and (3) of this section.

**Test Procedures:**

The measurement is performed in accordance with Section 5.6.3, 5.6.4 and 5.6.5 of ANSI C63.26.

5.6.3 Procedure for frequency stability testing

Frequency stability is a measure of the frequency drift due to temperature and supply voltage variations, with reference to the frequency measured at +20 °C and rated supply voltage.

The operating carrier frequency shall be set up in accordance with the manufacturer's published operation and instruction manual prior to the commencement of these tests. No adjustment of any frequency determining circuit element shall be made subsequent to this initial set-up. Frequency stability is tested:

a) At 10 °C intervals of temperatures between −30 °C and +50 °C at the manufacturer's rated supply voltage, and

b) At +20 °C temperature and ±15% supply voltage variations. If a product is specified to operate over a range of input voltage then the −15% variation is applied to the lowermost voltage and the +15% is applied to the uppermost voltage.

During the test all necessary settings, adjustments and control of the EUT have to be performed without disturbing the test environment, i.e., without opening the environmental chamber. The frequency stabilities can be maintained to a lesser temperature range provided that the transmitter is automatically inhibited from operating outside the lesser temperature range. For handheld equipment that is only capable of operating from internal batteries and the supply voltage cannot be varied, the frequency stability tests shall be performed at the nominal battery voltage and the battery end point voltage specified by the manufacturer. An external supply voltage can be used and set at the internal battery nominal voltage, and again at the battery operating end point voltage which shall be specified by the equipment manufacturer.

If an unmodulated carrier is not available, the mean frequency of a modulated carrier can be obtained by using a frequency counter with gating time set to an appropriately large multiple of bit periods (gating time depending on the required accuracy). Full details on the choice of values shall be included in the test report.

5.6.4 Frequency stability over variations in temperature

a) Supply the EUT with a nominal 60 Hz ac voltage, dc voltage, or install a new or fully charged battery in the EUT.

b) If possible a dummy load should be connected to the EUT because an antenna near the metallic walls of an environmental test chamber could affect the output frequency of the EUT. If the EUT is equipped with a permanently attached, adjustable-length antenna, the EUT should be placed in the center of the chamber with

the antenna adjusted to the shortest length possible.

c) Turn on the EUT, and tune it to the center frequency of the operating band.

d) Couple the transmitter output to the measuring instrument through a suitable attenuator and coaxial cable. If connection to the EUT output is not possible, make the measurement by connecting an antenna to the measuring instrument with a suitable length of coaxial cable and placing the measuring antenna near the EUT (e.g., 15 cm away).

NOTE—An instrument that has an adequate level of accuracy as specified by the procuring or regulatory authority is the recommended measuring instrument.

e) Adjust the location of the measurement antenna and the controls on the measurement instrument to obtain a suitable signal level (i.e., a level that will not overload the measurement instrument, but is strong enough to allow measurement of the operating or fundamental frequency of the EUT). Adjust the detector bandwidth and span settings to achieve a resolution capable of accurate frequency measurements over the applicable frequency stability limits.

f) Turn the EUT off, and place it inside the environmental temperature chamber. For devices that have oscillator heaters, energize only the heater circuit.

g) Set the temperature control on the chamber to the Highest temperature specified in the regulatory requirements for the type of device, and allow the oscillator heater and the chamber temperature to stabilize. Unless otherwise instructed by the regulatory authority, this temperature should be 50 °C.

h) While maintaining a constant temperature inside the environmental chamber, turn on the EUT and allow sufficient time for the EUT temperature to stabilize.

i) Measure the frequency.

j) Switch off the EUT, but do not switch off the oscillator heater.

k) Lower the chamber temperature to the next level that is required by the standard and allow the temperature inside the chamber to stabilize. Unless otherwise instructed by the regulators, this temperature step should be 10 °C.

l) Repeat step h) through step k) down to the lowest specified temperature. Unless otherwise instructed by the regulators, this temperature should be −30 °C. When the frequency stability limit is stated as being sufficient such that the fundamental emissions stay within the authorized bands of operation, a reference point shall be established at the applicable unwanted emissions limit using a RBW equal to the RBW required by the unwanted emissions specification of the applicable regulatory standard. These reference points measured using the lowest and Highest channel of operation shall be identified as $f_L$ and $f_H$ respectively. The worst-case frequency offset determined in the above methods shall be added or subtracted from the values of $f_L$ and $f_H$ and the resulting frequencies must remain within the band.

m) Omitted

5.6.5 Frequency stability when varying supply voltage

a) Couple the transmitter output to the measuring instrument through a suitable attenuator and coaxial cable. If connection to the EUT output is not possible make the measurement by connecting an antenna to the

measuring instrument with a suitable length of coaxial cable and placing the measuring antenna near the EUT (e.g., 15 cm away)

b) Supply the EUT with nominal ac or dc voltage. The supply voltage shall be measured at the input to the cable normally provided with the equipment, or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally provided. Effects on frequency of transmitter keying (except for broadcast transmitters) and any heating element cycling at the nominal supply voltage and at each extreme also shall be shown.

c) Turn on the EUT, and couple its output to a frequency counter or other frequency-measuring instrument.

d) Tune the EUT to the center frequency of the operating band. Adjust the location of the measurement antenna and the controls on the measurement instrument to obtain a suitable signal level (i.e., a level that will not overload the measurement instrument, but is strong enough to allow measurement of the operating or fundamental frequency of the EUT). Adjust the detector bandwidth and span settings to achieve a resolution capable of accurate frequency measurements over the applicable frequency stability limits.

NOTE—An instrument that has an adequate level of accuracy as specified by the procuring or regulatory authority is the recommended measuring instrument.

e) Measure the frequency.

f) Unless otherwise specified, vary primary supply voltage from 85% to 115% of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.

g) For hand carried, battery powered equipment, reduce the primary ac or dc supply voltage to the battery operating end point, which shall be specified by the manufacturer.

h) Repeat the frequency measurement.

NOTE—For band-edge compliance, it can be required to make these measurements at the low and High channel of the operating band.

**Note:** The results of the frequency stability test shown above the frequency deviation measured values are very small and similar trend for each port, so we are attached only the worst case data.

**Test Results:**

**Reference:** 110 Vac at 20°C **Freq.** = 737,000,000 Hz

| Voltage | Temp. | Frequency | Frequency | Deviation | ppm |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| (%) | (°C) | (Hz) | Error (Hz) | (Hz) | |
| 100 % | +20(Ref) | 737 000 007 | 6.862 | 0.000 | 0.00000 |
| | -30 | 737 000 008 | 0.653 | -6.209 | -0.00842 |
| | -20 | 737 000 011 | 4.289 | -2.573 | -0.00349 |
| | -10 | 737 000 007 | 0.552 | -6.310 | -0.00856 |
| | 0 | 737 000 008 | 0.930 | -5.932 | -0.00805 |
| | +10 | 737 000 014 | 7.258 | 0.396 | 0.00054 |
| | +30 | 737 000 016 | 9.070 | 2.208 | 0.00300 |
| | +40 | 737 000 016 | 9.054 | 2.192 | 0.00297 |
| | +50 | 737 000 014 | 7.178 | 0.316 | 0.00043 |
| 115 % | +20 | 737 000 013 | 6.253 | -0.609 | -0.00083 |
| 85 % | +20 | 737 000 011 | 3.829 | -3.033 | -0.00412 |

**Reference:** 110 Vac at 20°C **Freq.** = 751,500,000 Hz

| Voltage | Temp. | Frequency | Frequency | Deviation | ppm |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| (%) | (°C) | (Hz) | Error (Hz) | (Hz) | |
| 100 % | +20(Ref) | 751 500 009 | 9.193 | 0.000 | 0.00000 |
| | -30 | 751 500 009 | 0.093 | -9.100 | -0.01211 |
| | -20 | 751 500 013 | 3.991 | -5.202 | -0.00692 |
| | -10 | 751 500 017 | 7.436 | -1.757 | -0.00234 |
| | 0 | 751 500 017 | 8.145 | -1.048 | -0.00139 |
| | +10 | 751 500 017 | 7.429 | -1.764 | -0.00235 |
| | +30 | 751 500 014 | 4.681 | -4.512 | -0.00600 |
| | +40 | 751 500 010 | 0.330 | -8.863 | -0.01179 |
| | +50 | 751 500 017 | 7.820 | -1.373 | -0.00183 |
| 115 % | +20 | 751 500 011 | 2.023 | -7.170 | -0.00954 |
| 85 % | +20 | 751 500 016 | 6.975 | -2.218 | -0.00295 |

**Reference:** 110 Vac at 20°C **Freq.** = 865,500,000 Hz

| Voltage | Temp. | Frequency | Frequency | Deviation | ppm |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| (%) | (°C) | (Hz) | Error (Hz) | (Hz) | |
| 100 % | +20(Ref) | 865 500 005 | 5.253 | 0.000 | 0.00000 |
| | -30 | 865 500 009 | 3.839 | -1.414 | -0.00163 |
| | -20 | 865 500 007 | 1.821 | -3.431 | -0.00396 |
| | -10 | 865 500 013 | 7.832 | 2.579 | 0.00298 |
| | 0 | 865 500 014 | 9.093 | 3.840 | 0.00444 |
| | +10 | 865 500 006 | 1.167 | -4.086 | -0.00472 |
| | +30 | 865 500 009 | 4.201 | -1.052 | -0.00122 |
| | +40 | 865 500 007 | 1.702 | -3.550 | -0.00410 |
| | +50 | 865 500 009 | 4.141 | -1.112 | -0.00128 |
| 115 % | +20 | 865 500 013 | 7.879 | 2.626 | 0.00303 |
| 85 % | +20 | 865 500 014 | 8.677 | 3.425 | 0.00396 |

**Reference:** 110 Vac at 20°C **Freq.** = 881,500,000 Hz

| Voltage | Temp. | Frequency | Frequency | Deviation | ppm |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| (%) | (°C) | (Hz) | Error (Hz) | (Hz) | |
| 100 % | +20(Ref) | 881 500 005 | 5.395 | 0.000 | 0.00000 |
| | -30 | 881 500 009 | 3.950 | -1.445 | -0.00164 |
| | -20 | 881 500 007 | 1.773 | -3.622 | -0.00411 |
| | -10 | 881 500 015 | 9.430 | 4.035 | 0.00458 |
| | 0 | 881 500 012 | 6.195 | 0.800 | 0.00091 |
| | +10 | 881 500 007 | 1.111 | -4.284 | -0.00486 |
| | +30 | 881 500 007 | 1.813 | -3.582 | -0.00406 |
| | +40 | 881 500 009 | 3.721 | -1.674 | -0.00190 |
| | +50 | 881 500 015 | 9.406 | 4.011 | 0.00455 |
| 115 % | +20 | 881 500 007 | 1.390 | -4.005 | -0.00454 |
| 85 % | +20 | 881 500 011 | 5.975 | 0.580 | 0.00066 |

**Reference:** 110 Vac at 20°C **Freq.** = 1,962,500,000 Hz

| Voltage | Temp. | Frequency | Frequency | Deviation | ppm |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| (%) | (°C) | (Hz) | Error (Hz) | (Hz) | |
| 100 % | +20(Ref) | 1 962 500 002 | 2.346 | 0.000 | 0.00000 |
| | -30 | 1 962 500 010 | 7.549 | 5.203 | 0.00265 |
| | -20 | 1 962 500 012 | 9.408 | 7.062 | 0.00360 |
| | -10 | 1 962 500 004 | 2.066 | -0.279 | -0.00014 |
| | 0 | 1 962 500 003 | 0.257 | -2.089 | -0.00106 |
| | +10 | 1 962 500 006 | 3.761 | 1.415 | 0.00072 |
| | +30 | 1 962 500 011 | 8.748 | 6.402 | 0.00326 |
| | +40 | 1 962 500 006 | 3.513 | 1.167 | 0.00059 |
| | +50 | 1 962 500 009 | 6.164 | 3.819 | 0.00195 |
| 115 % | +20 | 1 962 500 003 | 0.399 | -1.947 | -0.00099 |
| 85 % | +20 | 1 962 500 010 | 7.431 | 5.086 | 0.00259 |

**Reference:** 110 Vac at 20°C **Freq.** = 2,145,000,000 Hz

| Voltage | Temp. | Frequency | Frequency | Deviation | ppm |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| (%) | (°C) | (Hz) | Error (Hz) | (Hz) | |
| 100 % | +20(Ref) | 2 145 000 002 | 2.071 | 0.000 | 0.00000 |
| | -30 | 2 145 000 009 | 7.350 | 5.279 | 0.00246 |
| | -20 | 2 145 000 006 | 3.910 | 1.839 | 0.00086 |
| | -10 | 2 145 000 007 | 5.334 | 3.264 | 0.00152 |
| | 0 | 2 145 000 006 | 4.292 | 2.221 | 0.00104 |
| | +10 | 2 145 000 003 | 1.371 | -0.699 | -0.00033 |
| | +30 | 2 145 000 011 | 8.749 | 6.679 | 0.00311 |
| | +40 | 2 145 000 011 | 8.452 | 6.382 | 0.00298 |
| | +50 | 2 145 000 011 | 8.695 | 6.625 | 0.00309 |
| 115 % | +20 | 2 145 000 007 | 4.651 | 2.581 | 0.00120 |
| 85 % | +20 | 2 145 000 004 | 1.594 | -0.477 | -0.00022 |

## 6. Annex A_EUT AND TEST SETUP PHOTO

Please refer to test setup photo file no. as follows;

| No. | Description |
|---|---|
| 1 | HCT-RF-2302-FC003-P |