FCC Part 15C (BT) Measurement and Test Report

For

Netatmo

17, route de la Reine – 92100 Boulogne Billancourt - FRANCE

FCC ID: N3A-NWS02IN

FCC Rules: FCC Part 15.247

Product Description: Netatmo Weather Station

Tested Model: <u>NWS02</u>

Report No.: <u>STR13018700I-1</u>

Tested Date: <u>2013-02-01 to 2013-03-25</u>

Issued Date: <u>2013-03-26</u>

Tested By: Seven Song / Engineer

Reviewed By: <u>Lahm Peng / EMC Manager</u>

Approved & Authorized By: <u>Jandy so / PSQ Manager</u>

Prepared By:

SEM.Test Compliance Service Co., Ltd

3/F, Jinbao Commerce Building, Xin'an Fanshen Road,

Seven Song

Bao'an District, Shenzhen, P.R.C. (518101)

Tel.: +86-755-33663308 Fax.: +86-755-33663309 Website: www.semtest.com.cn

Note: This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior permitted by SEM.Test Compliance Service Co., Ltd

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. GENERAL INFORMATION	4
1.1 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION FOR EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT)	
1.2 TEST STANDARDS	
1.4 Test Facility	
1.5 EUT SETUP AND TEST MODE	
2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS	7
3. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT	8
3.1 Standard Applicable	
3.2 EVALUATION INFORMATION	
4. FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS	9
4.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE	
4.2 FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM	
4.3 EUT PSEUDORANDOM FREQUENCY HOPPING SEQUENCE	
5. QUANTITY OF HOPPING CHANNELS AND CHANNEL SEPARATION	
5.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE	
5.3 TEST PROCEDURE.	
5.4 Environmental Conditions	11
5.5 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	12
6. DWELL TIME OF HOPPING CHANNEL	
6.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE	
6.2 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS	
6.4 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS	
6.5 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	
7. 20DB BANDWIDTH	28
7.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE	
7.2 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS	
7.3 TEST PROCEDURE	
7.4 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS 7.5 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	
8. RF OUTPUT POWER	
8.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE	
8.2 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS	32
8.3 TEST PROCEDURE	
8.4 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS	
9. FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	
9.1 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY 9.2 STANDARD APPLICABLE	
9.3 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS	
9.4 Test Procedure	
9.5 CORRECTED AMPLITUDE & MARGIN CALCULATION	
9.6 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS	
10. OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS	
10.1 OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS	
10.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE	
10.3 TEST PROCEDURE	
10.4 Environmental Conditions	
10.5 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	
11. CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	50

11.1 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	50
11.2 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS	50
11.3 Test Procedure	
11.4 BASIC TEST SETUP BLOCK DIAGRAM	
11.5 Environmental Conditions	
11.6 Test Receiver Setup.	
11.7 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	
11.8 CONDUCTED EMISSIONS TEST DATA	

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Client Information

Applicant: Netatmo

Address of applicant: 17, route de la Reine – 92100 Boulogne Billancourt -

FRANCE

Manufacturer: Netatmo

Address of manufacturer: 17, route de la Reine – 92100 Boulogne Billancourt -

FRANCE

General Description of EUT		
Product Name:	Netatmo Weather Station	
Brand Name:	NWS	
Model No.:	NWS02	
Rated Voltage:	DC 5V	
Rated Current:	700mA	
Rated Power:	3.5W	
Note: The test data is gathered from a production sample, provided by the manufacturer.		

Technical Characteristics of EUT			
Bluetooth			
Bluetooth Version:	V2.1+EDR		
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz		
RF Output Power:	-0.998 dBm (Conducted)		
Type of Modulation:	GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK, 8DPSK		
Data Rate:	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps		
Quantity of Channels	79		
Channel Separation:	1MHz		
Type of Antenna:	Integral Antenna		
Antenna Gain:	0 dBi		
Lowest Internal Frequency of EUT:	32.768 kHz		
Device Category:	Fixed Device		

1.2 Test Standards

The following report is prepared on behalf of the Netatmo in accordance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.4-2003, American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz. The public notice DA 00-705 for frequency hopping spread spectrum systems shall be performed also.

1.4 Test Facility

• FCC – Registration No.: 994117

SEM.Test Compliance Services Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files and the Registration is 994117.

• Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 7673A

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of SEM.Test Compliance Services Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 7673A.

• CNAS Registration No.: L4062

Shenzhen SEM. Test Electronics Service Co., Ltd. is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L4062. All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 3/F, Jinbao Commerce Building, Xin'an Fanshen Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, P.R.C (518101)

1.5 EUT Setup and Test Mode

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. All testing shall be performed under maximum output power condition, and to measure its highest possible emissions level, more detailed description as follows:

Test Mode List				
Test Mode	Description	Remark		
TM1	Low Channel	2402MHz		
TM2	Middle Channel	2441MHz		
TM3	High Channel	2480MHz		
TM4	Hopping	2402-2480MHz		

Modulation Configure					
Modulation	Packet	Packet Type Packet Size			
	DH1	4	27		
GFSK	DH3	11	183		
	DH5	15	339		
	2DH1	20	54		
Pi/4 QDPSK	2DH3	26	367		
	2DH5	30	679		
	3DH1	24	83		
8DPSK	3DH3	27	552		
	3DH5	31	1021		

Normal mode: the Bluetooth has been tested on the modulation of GFSK

EDR mode: the Bluetooth has been tested on the modulation of (Pi/4)QDPSK and 8DPSK, compliance test and record the worst case on 8DPSK

Special Cable List and Details					
Cable Description Length (m) Shielded/Unshielded With / Without Ferrite					
USB Cable	1.5	Shielded	Without Ferrite		

Auxiliary Equipment List and Details					
Description Manufacturer Model Serial Number					
Adapter	3YE	GQ07-050065	N/A		

REPORT NO.: STR13018700I-1 PAGE 6 OF 53 FCC PART 15.247

2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description of Test Item	Result
§ 15.203; § 15.247(b)(4)(i)	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.205	Restricted Band of Operation	Compliant
§ 15.207(a)	Conducted Emission	Compliant
§ 15.209(a)(f)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Quantity of Hopping Channel	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)	Channel Separation	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)	20dB Bandwidth	Compliant
§ 15.247(b)(1)	Power Output	Compliant
§ 15.247(d)	Band Edge (Out of Band Emissions)	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)	Frequency Hopping Sequence Compl	
§ 15.247(g), (h)	Frequency Hopping System Complian	

N/A: not applicable

3. Antenna Requirement

3.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

3.2 Evaluation Information

This product has an integral antenna, fulfill the requirement of this section.

REPORT NO.: STR13018700I-1 PAGE 8 OF 53 FCC PART 15.247

4. Frequency Hopping System Requirements

4.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

- (g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.
- (h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

4.2 Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

REPORT NO.: STR13018700I-1 PAGE 9 OF 53 FCC PART 15.247

This device was tested with an bluetooth system receiver to check that the device maintained hopping synchronization, and the device complied with these requirements for DA 00-705 and FCC Part 15.247 rule.

4.3 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Table as below:

```
40, 21, 44, 23, 42, 53, 46, 01, 51, 03, 55, 05, 04, 11, 77, 47, 55, 48, 33, 52, 35, 50, 65, 54, 67, 15, 00, 64, 49, 66, 53, 68, 78, 63, 01, 41, 05, 43, 03, 73, 07, 75, 56, 37, 60, 39, 58, 69, 62, 71, 64, 25, 68, 27, 66, 57, 70, 59, 72, 29, 76, 31, 74, 61, 02, 70, 06, 09, 45, 13
```

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

REPORT NO.: STR13018700I-1 PAGE 10 OF 53 FCC PART 15.247

5. Quantity of Hopping Channels and Channel Separation

5.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, and frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

5.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2012-03-28	2013-03-27

5.3 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the number of hopping frequencies test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = the frequency band of operation (2400MHz to 2483.5MHz)

RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 100kHz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize, observed the band of 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz, than count it out the number of channels for comparing with the FCC rules.

The channel spacing test method as follows:

Set span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

Other setting as above

Allow the trace to stabilize, Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

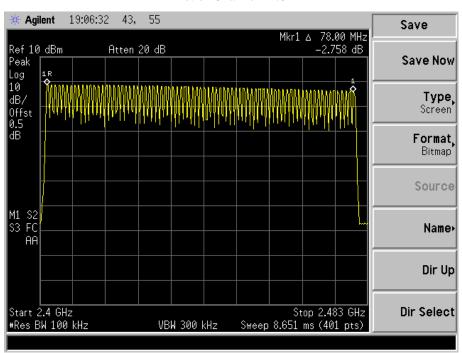
5.4 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

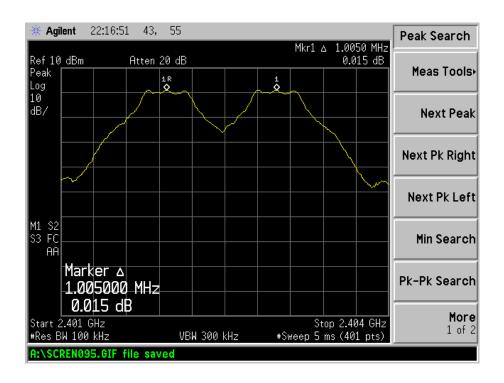
5.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Test mode: GFSK DH1

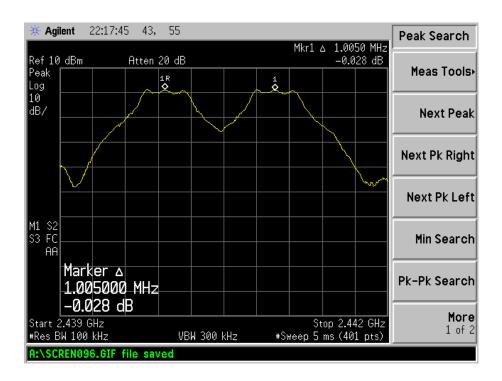
No. of Channel = 79



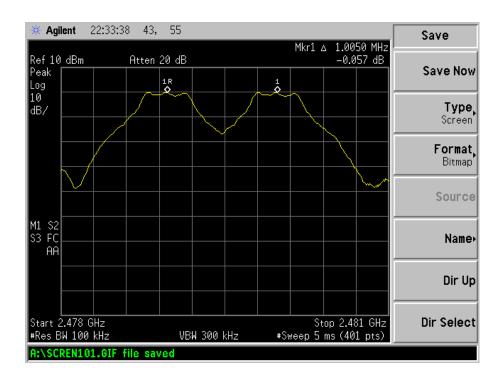
For GFSK Channel Spacing (Low CH=1MHz)



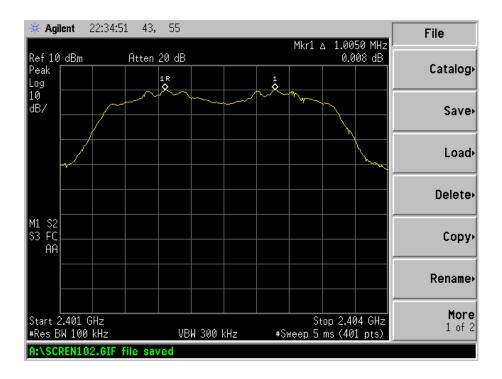
Channel Spacing (Middle CH=1MHz)



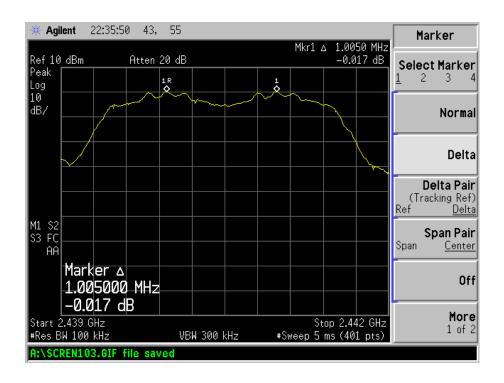
Channel Spacing (High CH=1MHz)



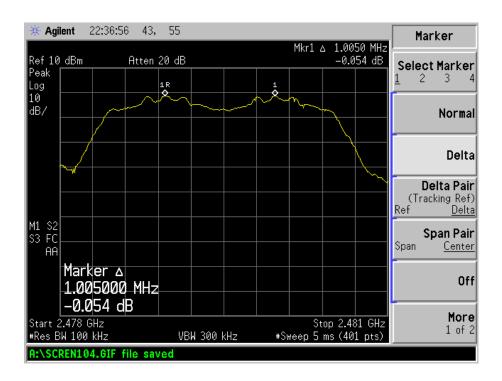
For Pi/4 QDPSK Channel Spacing (Low CH=1MHz)



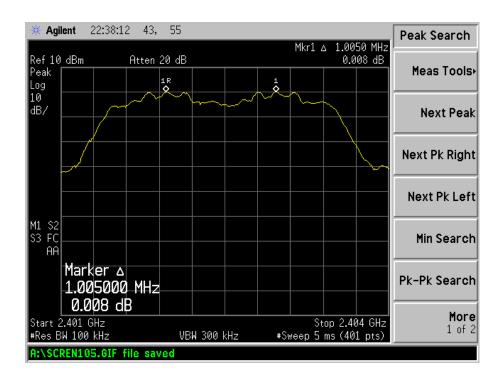
Channel Spacing (Middle CH=1MHz)



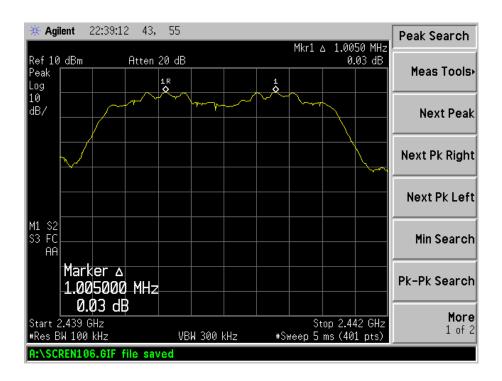
Channel Spacing (High CH=1MHz)



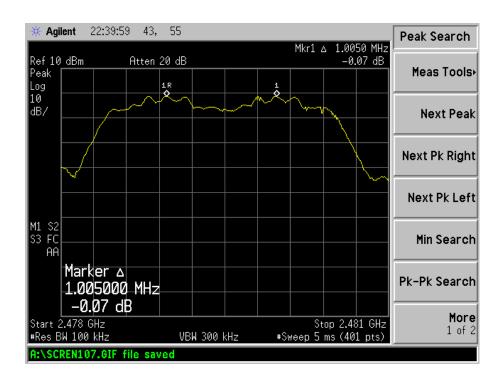
For 8DPSK Channel Spacing (Low CH=1MHz)



Channel Spacing (Middle CH=1MHz)



Channel Spacing (High CH=1MHz)



6. Dwell Time of Hopping Channel

6.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

6.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2012-03-28	2013-03-27

6.3 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the dwell time of a hopping channel test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time

6.4 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

6.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

The dwell time within a period in data mode is independent from the packet type (packet length). Test data is corrected with the worse case, which the packet length is DH1, DH3, DH5, 3DH1, 3DH3, 3DH5.

The test period: T = 0.4 Second * 79 Channel = 31.6 s

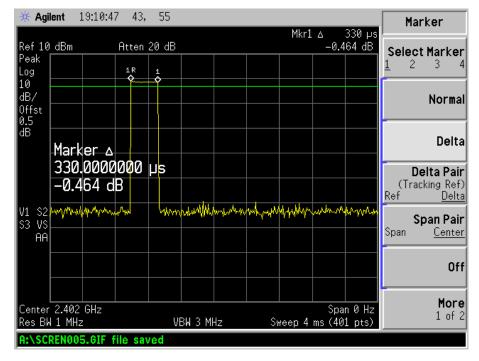
Dwell time = time slot length * (Hopping rate / Number of hopping channels) * Period

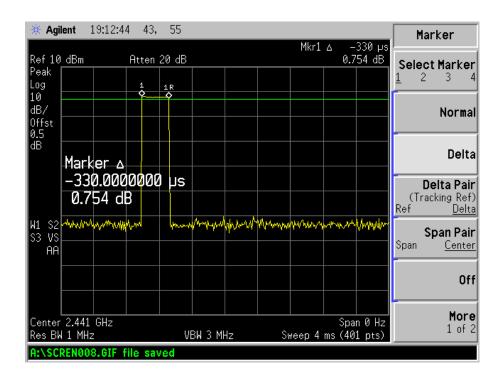
Modulation	Test Channel	Packet	Time Slot Length	Dwell Time	Limit
Modulation	Test Chamier	racket	ms	ms	ms
		DH1	0.330	106	400
	2402MHz	DH3	1.630	261	400
		DH5	2.900	309	400
		DH1	0.330	106	400
GFSK	2441MHz	DH3	1.640	262	400
		DH5	2.900	309	400
		DH1	0.330	106	400
	2480MHz	DH3	1.630	261	400
		DH5	2.900	309	400
2402		3DH1	0.330	106	400
	2402MHz	3DH3	1.640	262	400
		3DH5	2.910	310	400
	2441MHz	3DH1	0.320	102	400
8DPSK		3DH3	1.640	262	400
		3DH5	2.910	310	400
	2480MHz	3DH1	0.330	106	400
		3DH3	1.630	261	400
		3DH5	2.910	310	400

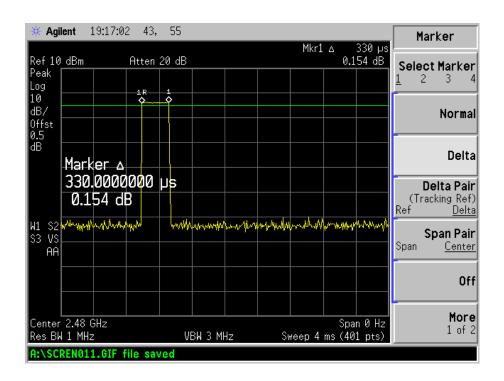
Please refer to the test plots as below:

GFSK:

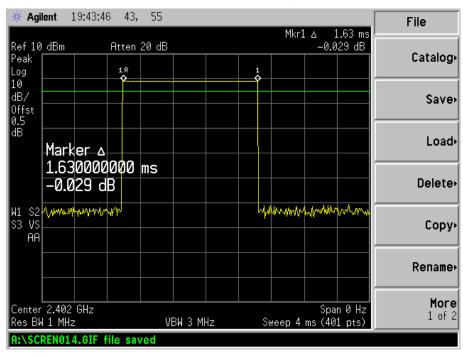


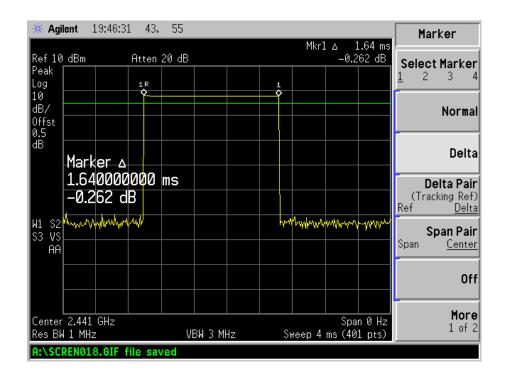


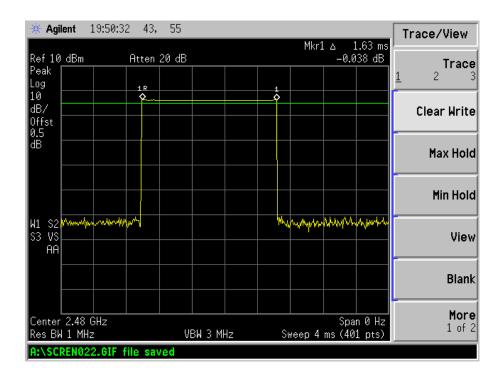




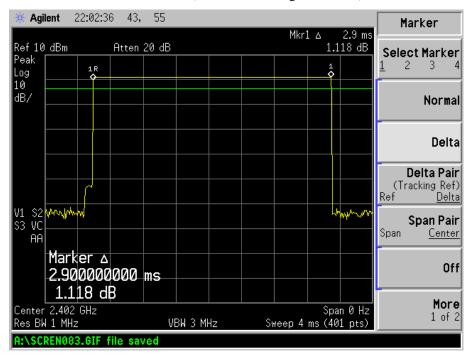
DH3 time slot (Low, Middle, High Channels)

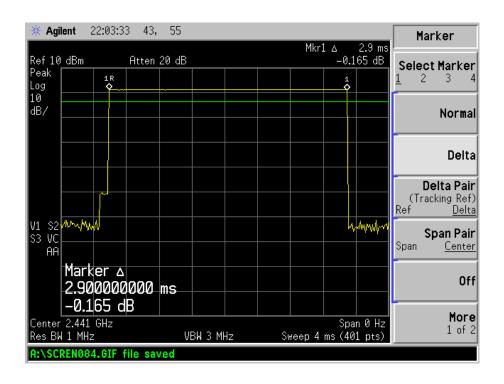


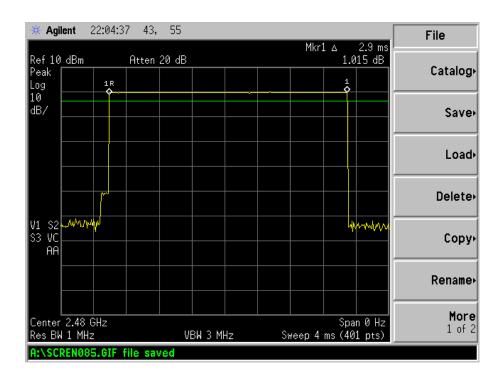




DH5 time slot (Low, Middle, High Channels)

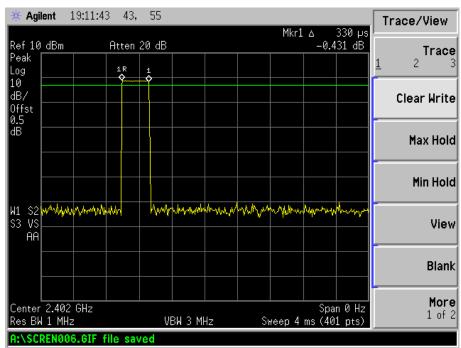


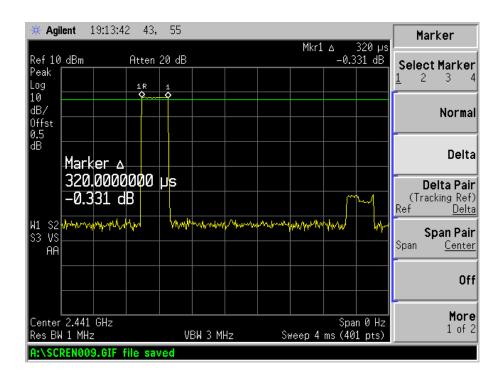


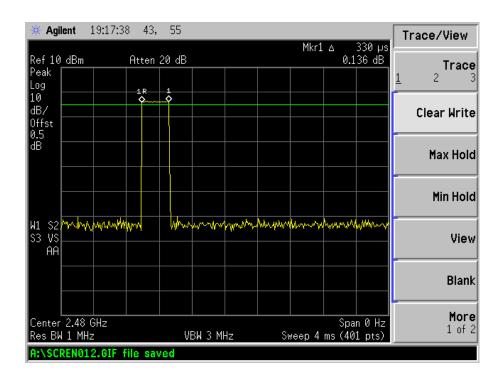


8DPSK:

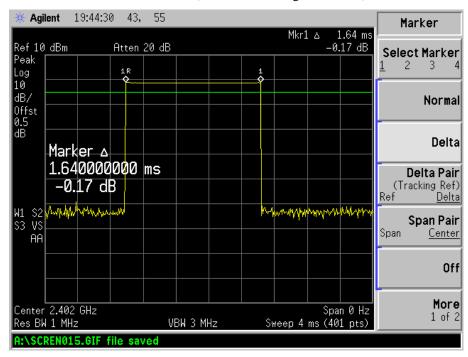
3DH1 time slot (Low, Middle, High Channels)

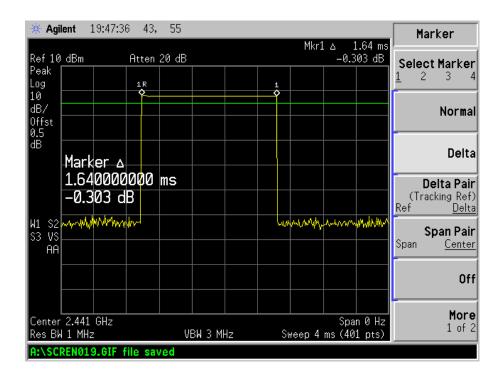


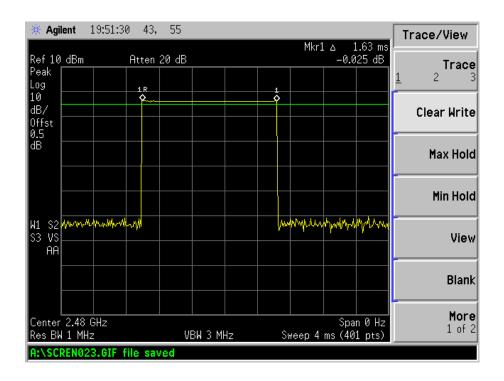




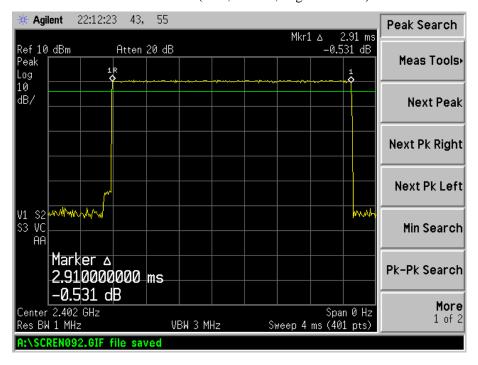
3DH3 time slot (Low, Middle, High Channels)

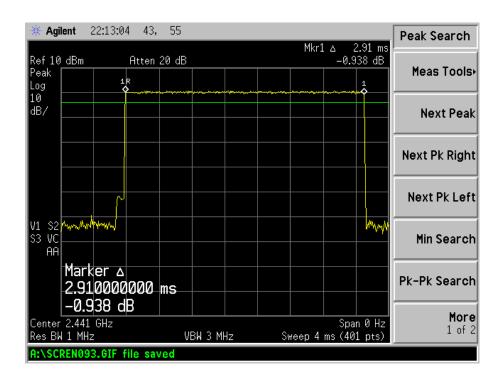


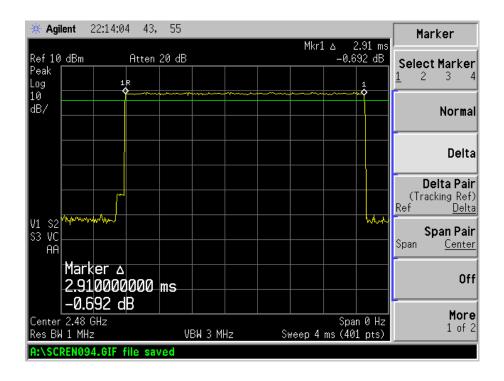




3DH5 time slot (Low, Middle, High Channels)







7. 20dB Bandwidth

7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii). For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400MHz-2483.5 MHz no limit for 20dB bandwidth.

7.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2012-03-28	2013-03-27

7.3 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the 20dB bandwidth test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = 2MHz, centered on a hopping channel

RBW ≥1% 20dB Bandwidth, VBW ≥RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission, use the marker-delta function to measure and record the 20dB down bandwidth of the emission.

7.4 Environmental Conditions

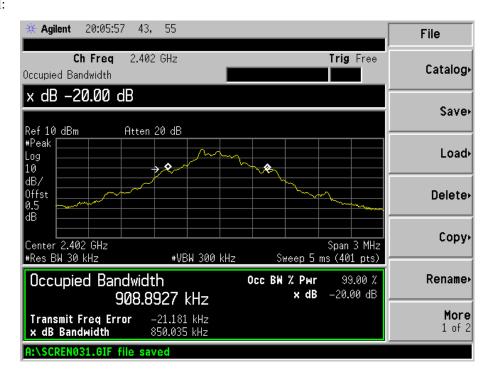
Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	53%
ATM Pressure:	1018 mbar

7.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

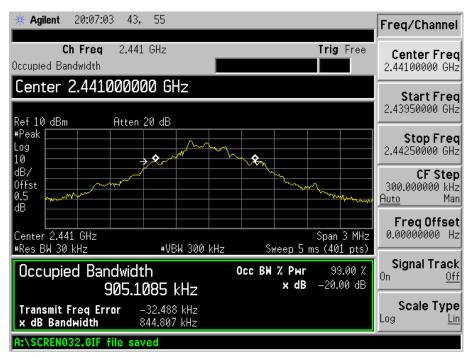
Channel	Frequency MHz	20dB Bandwidth (GFSK) kHz	20dB Bandwidth (8DPSK) kHz
Low Channel	2402	850	1035
Middle Channel	2441	845	1028
High Channel	2480	853	1029

REPORT NO.: STR13018700I-1 PAGE 28 OF 53 FCC PART 15.247

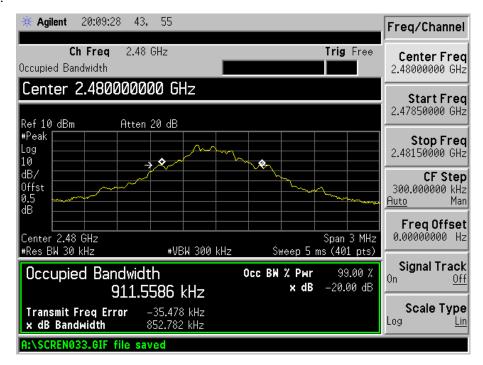
GFSK Mode Low Channel:



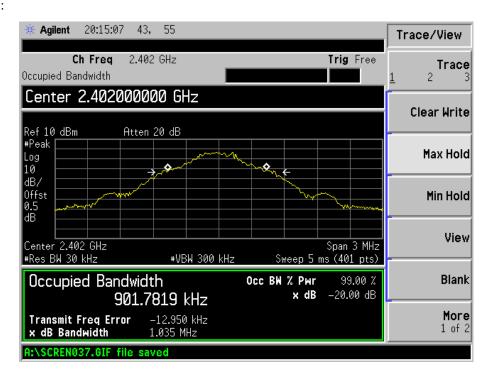
Middle Channel:



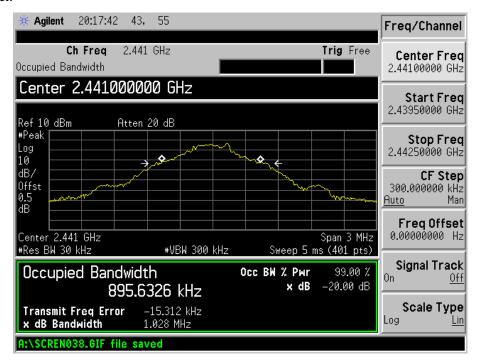
High Channel:



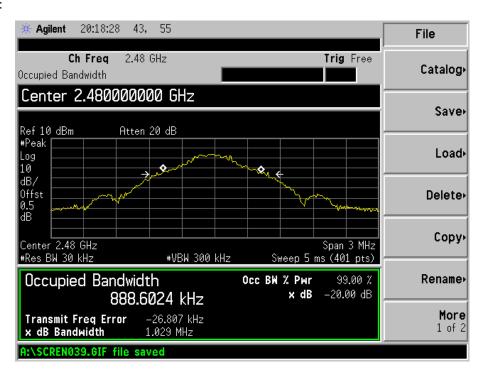
8DPSK Mode Low Channel:



Middle Channel:



High Channel:



8. RF Output Power

8.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(b)(1). For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

8.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2012-03-28	2013-03-27

8.3 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the peak output power test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = 5MHz, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 3MHz, VBW = 3MHz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission, the indicated level is the peak output power (the external attenuation and cable loss shall be considered).

8.4 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	55%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

8.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Maximum Output Power:

Charact	Frequency	Measured Value	Output Power	Limit		
Channel	MHz	dBm	mW	mW		
	GFSK (1Mbps)					
Low Channel	2402	-0.998	0.7947	1000		
Middle Channel	2441	-1.917	0.6431	1000		
High Channel	2480	-3.542	0.4424	1000		
		Pi/4 DQPSK (2Mbps)				
Low Channel	2402	-1.256	0.7489	1000		
Middle Channel	2441	-2.028	0.6269	1000		
High Channel	2480	-3.601	0.4364	1000		
	8DPSK (3Mbps)					
Low Channel	2402	-1.177	0.7626	1000		
Middle Channel	2441	-2.116	0.6143	1000		
High Channel	2480	-3.685	0.4281	1000		

Note: the antenna gain of 0dBi less than 6dBi maximum permission antenna gain value based on 1 watt peak output power limit.

9. Field Strength of Spurious Emissions

9.1 Measurement Uncertainty

Based on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the best estimate of the uncertainty of a radiation emissions measurement is ± 5.10 dB.

9.2 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

The emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector. The provisions in §15.35 for limiting peak emissions apply. Spurious Radiated Emissions measurements starting below or at the lowest crystal frequency.

9.3 Test Equipment List and Details

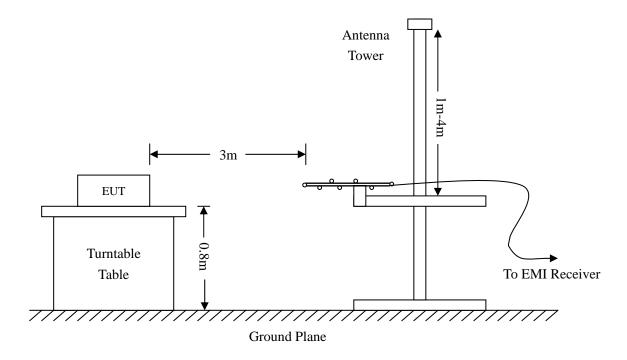
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP	836079/035	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESVB	825471/005	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Pre-amplifier	Agilent	8447F	3113A06717	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Pre-amplifier	Compliance Direction	PAP-0118	24002	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Trilog Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	9163-333	2012-02-25	2013-02-24
Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00086197	2012-02-25	2013-02-24
Horn Antenna	ETS	3116B	00088203	2012-02-25	2013-02-24
Loop Antenna	SCHWARZECK	HFRA 5165	9365	2012-02-25	2013-02-24

REPORT NO.: STR13018700I-1 PAGE 34 OF 53 FCC PART 15.247

9.4 Test Procedure

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.4-2003 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.205 15.247(a) and FCC Part 15.209 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.



9.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and the Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Amplitude reading. The basic equation is as follows:

The "Margin" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -6dB μ V means the emission is 6dB μ V below the maximum limit for Class B. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

9.6 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	52%
ATM Pressure:	1012 mbar

9.7 Summary of Test Results/Plots

According to the data below, the FCC Part 15.205, 15.209 and 15.247 standards, and had the worst margin of:

-3.21 dB at 37.0249 MHz in the Vertical polarization for Low Channel Transmitting Mode, 9kHz to 25 GHz, 3 Meters

Note: this EUT was tested in 3 orthogonal positions and the worst case position data was reported.

REPORT NO.: STR13018700I-1 PAGE 36 OF 53 FCC PART 15.247

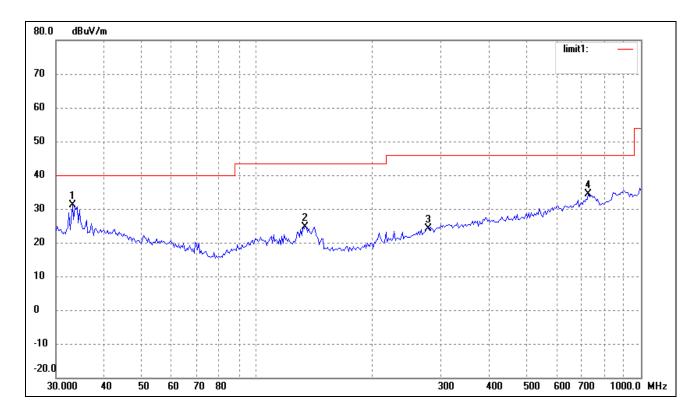
EUT: Netatmo Weather Station

Tested Model: NWS02

Operating Condition: Transmitting Middle Channel-2402MHz

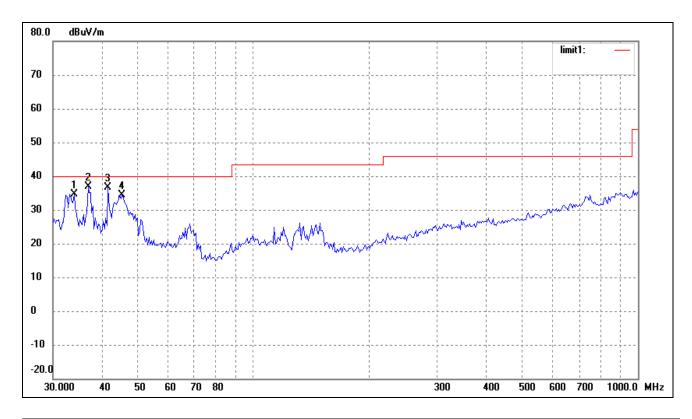
Comment: AC 120V/60Hz adapter, USB 5V

Test Specification: Horizontal



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(•)	(cm)	
1	33.0950	22.68	8.56	31.24	40.00	-8.76	360	100	peak
2	133.6188	20.79	3.86	24.65	43.50	-18.85	360	100	peak
3	279.0436	15.08	9.17	24.25	46.00	-21.75	152	200	peak
4	729.3583	17.07	17.31	34.38	46.00	-11.62	168	100	peak

Test Specification: Vertical

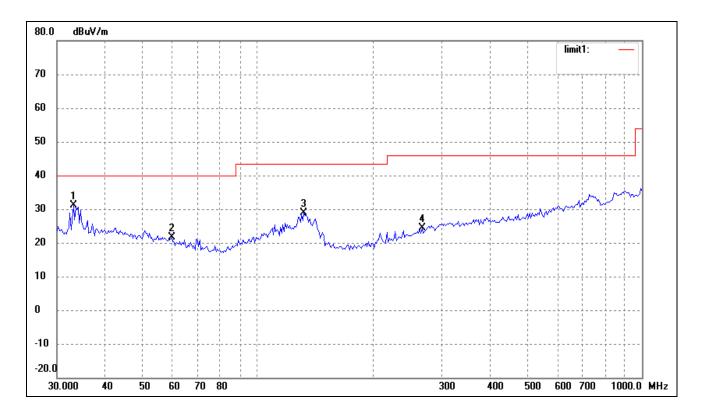


No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(•)	(cm)	
1	34.0365	26.00	8.72	34.72	40.00	-5.28	265	100	peak
2	37.0249	27.58	9.21	36.79	40.00	-3.21	270	100	peak
3	41.7130	27.45	9.16	36.61	40.00	-3.39	187	100	peak
4	45.3755	26.37	8.05	34.42	40.00	-5.58	360	100	peak

Operating Condition: Transmitting Middle Channel-2441MHz

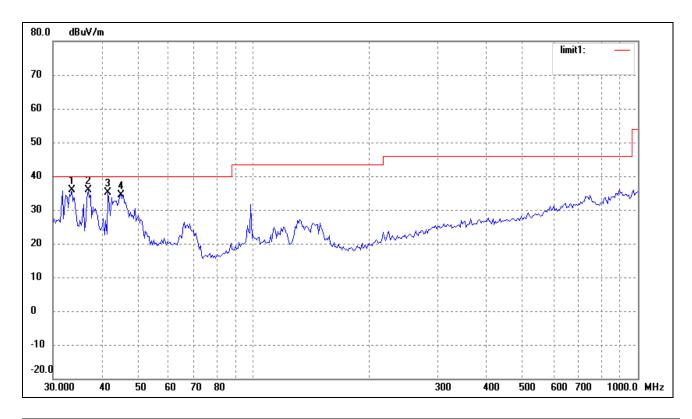
Comment: AC 120V/60Hz adapter, USB 5V

Test Specification: Horizontal



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(•)	(cm)	
1	33.0950	22.68	8.56	31.24	40.00	-8.76	360	100	peak
2	59.6493	16.01	5.72	21.73	40.00	-18.27	267	100	peak
3	131.7577	24.80	4.00	28.80	43.50	-14.70	126	100	peak
4	267.5455	16.18	8.28	24.46	46.00	-21.54	113	100	peak

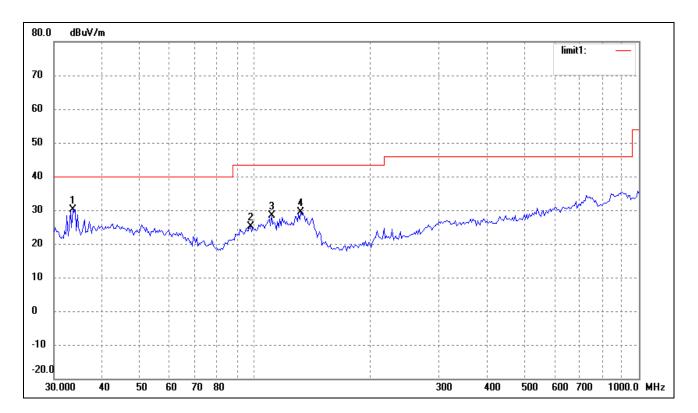
Test Specification: Vertical



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(•)	(cm)	
1	33.5624	27.30	8.63	35.93	40.00	-4.07	270	100	peak
2	37.0249	26.58	9.21	35.79	40.00	-4.21	182	100	peak
3	41.7130	25.95	9.16	35.11	40.00	-4.89	93	100	peak
4	45.0583	26.30	8.14	34.44	40.00	-5.56	116	100	peak

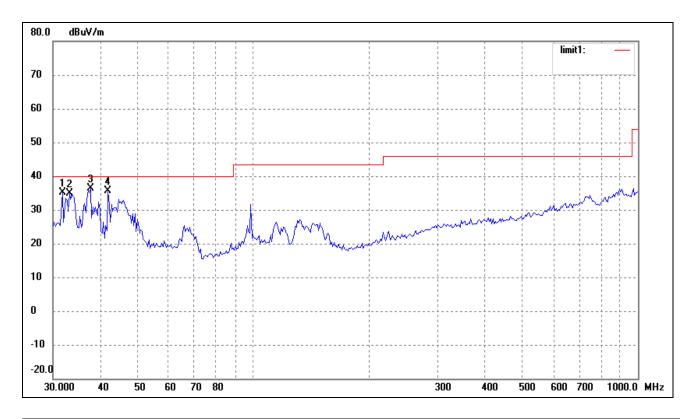
Operating Condition: Transmitting High Channel-2480MHz
Comment: AC 120V/60Hz adapter, USB 5V

Test Specification: Horizontal



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(•)	(cm)	
1	33.5624	21.61	8.63	30.24	40.00	-9.76	36.	100	peak
2	97.4560	18.86	6.21	25.07	43.50	-18.43	116	100	peak
3	110.5687	22.48	5.80	28.28	43.50	-15.22	167	200	peak
4	131.7577	25.30	4.00	29.30	43.50	-14.20	89	100	peak

Test Specification: Vertical



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(•)	(cm)	
1	31.7313	26.71	8.33	35.04	40.00	-4.96	135	100	peak
2	33.0950	26.39	8.56	34.95	40.00	-5.05	264	100	peak
3	37.5479	26.98	9.29	36.27	40.00	-3.73	113	100	peak
4	41.7130	26.45	9.16	35.61	40.00	-4.39	360	100	peak

Spurious Emissions Above 1GHz

Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Polar	Detector						
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	H/V							
	Low Channel-2402MHz												
4804	47.16	-3.94	43.22	74.00	-30.78	Н	PK						
7206	44.11	1.00	45.11	74.00	-28.89	Н	PK						
4804	46.75	-3.94	42.81	74.00	-31.19	V	PK						
7206	44.89	1.00	45.89	74.00	-28.11	V	PK						
4804	34.92	-3.94	30.98	54.00	-23.02	Н	AV						
7206	32.97	1.00	33.97	54.00	-20.03	Н	AV						
4804	34.76	-3.94	30.82	54.00	-23.18	V	AV						
7206	32.94	1.00	33.94	54.00	-20.06	V	AV						
			Middle Chan	nel-2441MHz									
4882	48.06	-3.74	44.32	74.00	-29.68	Н	PK						
7323	44.79	1.47	46.26	74.00	-27.74	Н	PK						
4882	46.28	-3.74	42.54	74.00	-31.46	V	PK						
7323	44.76	1.47	46.23	74.00	-27.77	V	PK						
4882	35.00	-3.74	31.26	54.00	-22.74	Н	AV						
7323	32.78	1.47	34.25	54.00	-19.75	Н	AV						
4882	34.98	-3.74	31.24	54.00	-22.76	V	AV						
7323	33.05	1.47	34.52	54.00	-19.48	V	AV						
			High Chann	el-2480MHz									
4960	47.00	-3.48	43.52	74.00	-30.48	Н	PK						
7440	43.81	1.79	45.60	74.00	-28.40	Н	PK						
4960	46.99	-3.48	43.51	74.00	-30.49	V	PK						
7440	42.73	1.79	44.52	74.00	-29.48	V	PK						
4960	33.83	-3.48	30.35	54.00	-23.65	Н	AV						
7440	33.41	1.79	35.20	54.00	-18.80	Н	AV						
4960	35.84	-3.48	32.36	54.00	-21.64	V	AV						
7440	33.71	1.79	35.50	54.00	-18.50	V	AV						

Note: Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics, which above 4th Harmonics are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured. The measurements greater than 20dB below the limit from 9 kHz to 30MHz.

10. Out of Band Emissions

10.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

10.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP	836079/035	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESVB	825471/005	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Pre-amplifier	Agilent	8447F	3113A06717	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Pre-amplifier	Compliance Direction	PAP-0118	24002	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Trilog Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	9163-333	2012-02-25	2013-02-24
Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00086197	2012-02-25	2013-02-24
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2012-03-28	2013-03-27

10.3 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the band-edge radiated test method as follows.

Set span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation (2310MHz to 2410MHz for low bandedge, 2470MHz to 2500MHz for the high bandedge)

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz for peak value measured

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz for average value measured

 $Sweep = auto; \quad Detector\ function = peak; \quad Trace = max\ hold$

All the trace to stabilize, set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation porduct outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. Those emission must comply with the 15.209 limit for fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205.

According to the DA 00-705, the band-edge conducted test method as follows:

REPORT NO.: STR13018700I-1 PAGE 44 OF 53 FCC PART 15.247

Set span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation (2380MHz to 2410MHz for low bandedge, 2470MHz to 2500MHz for the high bandedge)

RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz

Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation porduct outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. Those emission must comply with the limit specified in this section (at least 20dB attenuation).

10.4 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23°C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

10.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

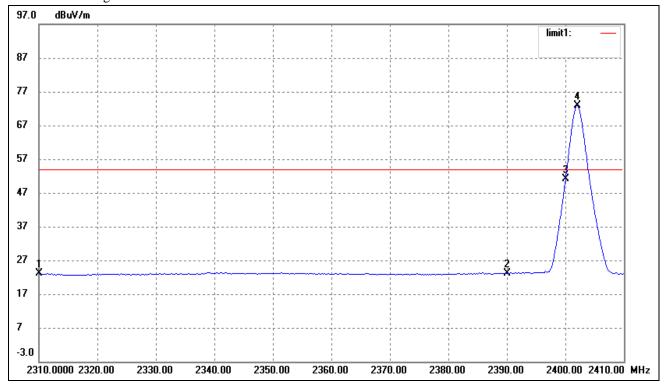
Test mode	Frequency	Limit	Result	
Test mode	MHz	dBuV / dBc	Result	
	2310.00	<54 dBuV	Pass	
Lowest	2390.00	<54 dBuV	Pass	
	2400.00	<54 dBuV	Pass	
Highest	2483.50	<54 dBuV	Pass	
Highest	2500.00	<54 dBuV	Pass	

The edge emissions are below the FCC 15.209 Limits or complies with the 15.247(d) requirements.

Please refer to the test plots as below.

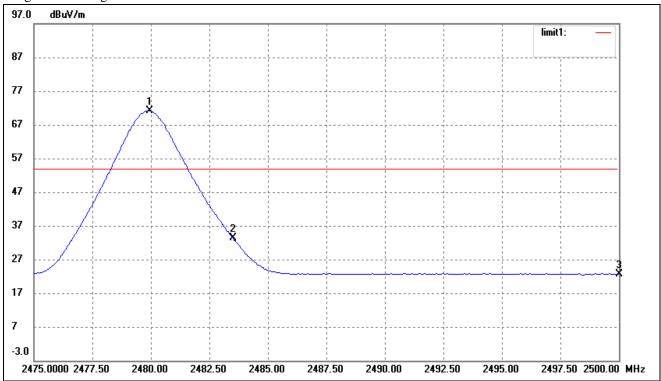
Bandedge (Radiated)

Lowest Bandedge



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	2310.000	34.75	-11.72	23.03	54.00	-30.97	Average Detector
	2310.000	47.12	-11.72	35.40	74.00	-38.60	Peak Detector
2	2390.000	34.87	-11.75	23.12	54.00	-30.88	Average Detector
	2390.000	47.13	-11.75	35.38	74.00	-38.62	Peak Detector
3	2400.000	62.91	-11.75	51.16	54.00	-2.84	Average Detector
	2400.000	75.64	-11.75	63.89	74.00	-10.11	Peak Detector
4	2402.000	84.60	-11.75	72.85	/	/	Average Detector
	2402.000	105.87	-11.75	94.12	/	/	Peak Detector

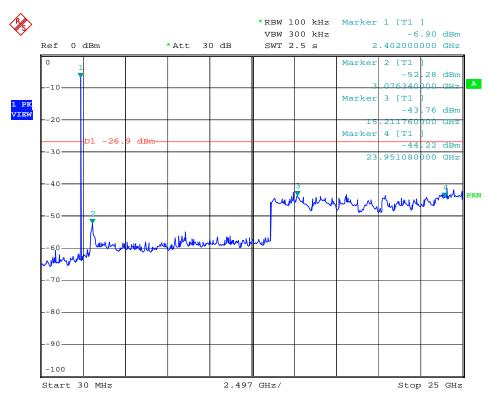
Highest Bandedge



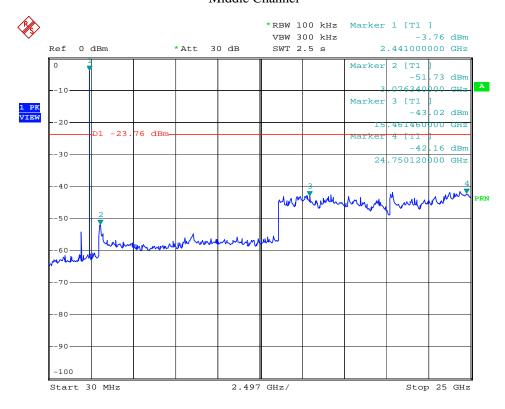
No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	2480.000	82.94	-11.77	71.17	/	/	Average Detector
	2480.000	90.26	-11.77	78.49	/	/	Peak Detector
2	2483.500	Delta = 48	2 40 dDa	22.69	54.00	-31.31	Average Detector
	2483.500	Dena = 46	5.48 UDC	30.01	74.00	-43.99	Peak Detector
3	2500.000	34.41	-11.78	22.63	54.00	-31.37	Average Detector
	2500.000	48.07	-11.78	36.29	74.00	-37.71	Peak Detector

Conducted Spurious Emissions

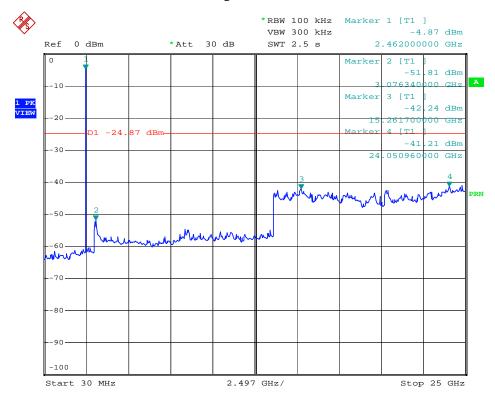
Low Channel



Middle Channel



High Channel



11. Conducted Emissions

11.1 Measurement Uncertainty

Base on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the best estimate of the uncertainty of any conducted emissions measurement is ± 2.88 dB.

11.2 Test Equipment List and Details

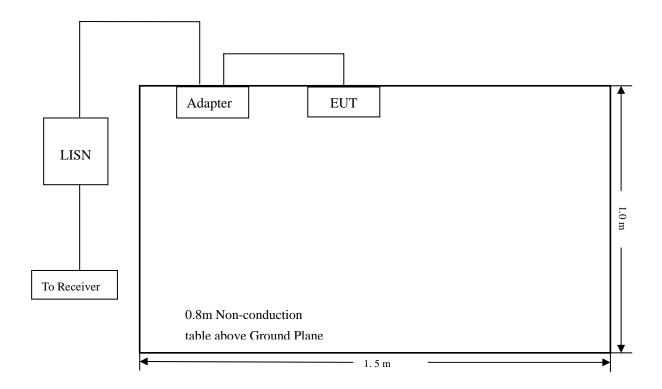
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESPI	101611	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
L.I.S.N	Schwarz beck	NSLK8126	8126-224	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Pulse Limiter	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH3-Z2	100911	2012-03-28	2013-03-27

11.3 Test Procedure

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.4-2003 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

11.4 Basic Test Setup Block Diagram



11.5 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	52%
ATM Pressure:	1012 mbar

11.6 Test Receiver Setup

During the conducted emission test, the test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Start Frequency	. 150 kHz
Stop Frequency	. 30 MHz
Sweep Speed	. Auto
IF Bandwidth	. 10 kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Bandwidth	.9 kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Mode	. Normal

11.7 Summary of Test Results/Plots

According to the data in section 11.8, the EUT <u>complied with the FCC Part 15.207</u> Conducted margin for a Class B device, with the *worst* margin reading of:

-18.15 dB at 0.582 MHz in the Line mode, Peak detector, 0.15-30MHz

11.8 Conducted Emissions Test Data

Plot of Conducted Emissions Test Data

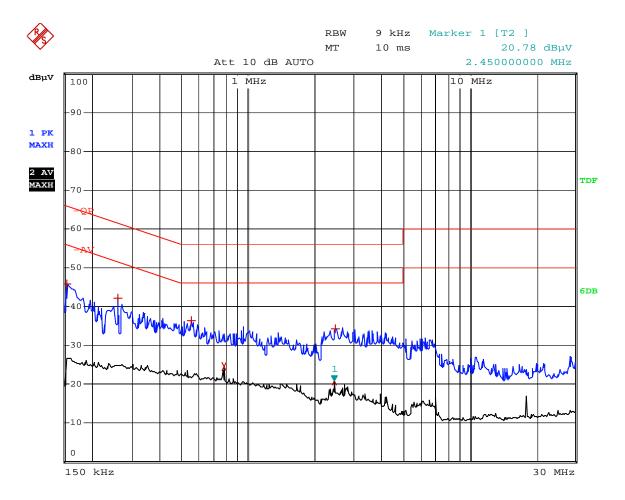
EUT: Netatmo Weather Station

Tested Model: NWS02

Operating Condition: Operating with Wi-Fi

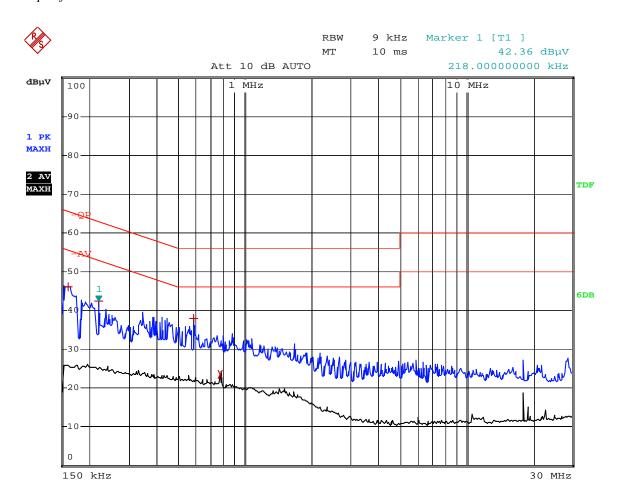
Comment: AC 120V/60Hz adapter, USB 5V

Test Specification: Neutral



	EDIT PEAK LIST (Prescan Results)				
Tra	.ce1:	-QP			
Tra	.ce2:	-AV			
Tra	.ce3:				
	TRACE	FREQUENCY	LEVEL dBµV	DELTA LIMIT dB	
1	Max Peak	154 kHz	45.85	-19.92	
1	Max Peak	258 kHz	42.25	-19.24	
1	Max Peak	554 kHz	36.32	-19.68	
2	Average	778 kHz	24.66	-21.33	
2	Average	2.45 MHz	20.78	-25.21	
1	Max Peak	2.474 MHz	34.16	-21.83	

Test Specification: Line



EDIT PEAK LIST (Prescan Results)				
Tracel:	-QP			
Trace2:	-AV			
Trace3:	race3:			
TRACE	FREQUENCY	LEVEL dBµV	DELTA LIMIT dB	
1 Max Peak	162 kHz	46.03	-19.32	
1 Max Peak	218 kHz	42.36	-20.53	
1 Max Peak	582 kHz	37.84	-18.15	
2 Average	774 kHz	23.37	-22.62	

***** END OF REPORT *****