

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

Telefield Ltd.

Flat D, 2/F., Valiant Industrial Centre, 2-12 Au Pui Wan Street, Fo Tan, N.T., Hong Kong

FCC ID: MZVIP-162

IP DECT Phone Original Report Wilson then **Test Engineer:** Wilson Chen **Report Number:** R1DG131016001-20A **Report Date:** 2013-12-24 Sandy Wang

Sandy Wang

Reviewed By: SAR Engineer

Report Type:

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Product Type:

Prepared By:

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Note: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the device described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Laboratories Bay Area Compliance Corp.

	At	testation of Test Results			
	Company Name	Telefield Ltd.			
	EUT Description	IP DECT Phone			
EUT Information	FCC ID	MZVIP-162			
	Model Number	IP162S			
	Test Date	2013-12-17			
Frequency	I	Max. SAR Level(s) Reported	Limit(W/Kg)		
1921.536-1928.448		1.6			
1/21:530-1/20:440					
	ANSI/IEEE C95.1: 1999 IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fileds,3 kHz to 300 GHz				
Applicable	ANSI/IEEE C95.3: 2002 IEEE Recommended Practice for Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields,100 kHz—300 GHz.				
Standards	KDB procedures KDB 447498 D01 Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.				
	IEEE1528:'2003 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques				

Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

SAR Evaluation Report 2 of 66

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY	5
EUT DESCRIPTION	6
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION	6
REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES	7
SAR LIMITS	
FACILITIES	9
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM	
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION	
EQUIPMENTS LIST & CALIBRATION INFORMATION	
SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION	
LIQUID VERIFICATION	
SYSTEM ACCURACY VERIFICATION	
SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA	20
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY	24
TEST POSITIONS FOR DEVICE OPERATING NEXT TO A PERSON'S EAR	24
CHEEK/TOUCH POSITION	
EAR/TILT POSITION	
SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURE	
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT	28
PROVISION APPLICABLE	
TEST PROCEDURE	28
TEST RESULTS:	28
SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS	29
SAR TEST DATA	
EUT SCAN RESULTS	
APPENDIX A – MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	36
APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES	37
APPENDIX C – DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES	47
APPENDIX D – EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS	57
Liquid depth ≥ 15cm	
BODY-UP-HEADSET SETUP PHOTO (15MM)	
BODY-BACK-HEADSET SETUP PHOTO (15MM)LEFT HEAD TOUCH SETUP PHOTO	
LEFT HEAD TILT SETUP PHOTO	
RIGHT HEAD TOUCH SETUP PHOTO	
RIGHT HEAD TILT SETUP PHOTO	
APPENDIX E – EUT PHOTOS	61
EUT – Front View	
EUT – BACK VIEW	
EUT – LEFT SIDE VIEW	
EUT – RIGHT SIDE VIEW	
EUT – TOP VIEW	
EUT – UNCOVERED VIEW	

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Report No: R1DG131016001-20A

EUT – Battery View	64
APPENDIX F - PRODUCT SIMILARITY DECLARATION LETTER	65
APPENDIX C _ INFORMATIVE REFERENCES	66

SAR Evaluation Report 4 of 66

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
0	R1DG131016001-20A	Original Report	2013-12-24	

SAR Evaluation Report 5 of 66

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on Telefield Ltd. and their product, FCC ID: MZVIP-162, Mode: IP162S or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report. The EUT is an IP DECT Phone.

Note: The handset unit of models IP162, IPxxx, IPxxxx, IPxxxx, IP062, IP062S, IPx, IPDT-0150, IPDT-0xxx, IPDT-0xxx, IPDT-0xxxx, IPDT-0xxxx, IPDT-0xxxx, IPDT-0xxxx, IPDT-xxx and IPDT-xxxx are same as the handset unit of model IP162S, the only differences among them are model number and trade name due to different combination per client's request, and "x" shall consist of a serials of Arabic numerals, capital letters or a combination of thereof.. Model IP162S was selected for testing, the detailed information can be referred to the attached declaration letter that stated and guaranteed by the applicant.

Technical Specification

Product Type	Portable
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Headset
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Modulation:	GFSK
Frequency Band:	1921.536-1928.448 MHz
Conducted RF Power:	4.48 dBm (Average)
Dimensions (L*W*H):	163mm (L)×47mm (W)×22mm (H)
Power Source:	2*1.2V/600mAh DC Battery
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-Worn

SAR Evaluation Report 6 of 66

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Evaluation Report 7 of 66

SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

SAR Evaluation Report 8 of 66

FACILITIES

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, Shi Hua Road, Fu Tian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. of China.

SAR Evaluation Report 9 of 66

DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with ALSAS 10 Universal Integrated SAR Measurement system from APREL Laboratories.

ALSAS-10U System Description

ALSAS-10-U is fully compliant with the technical and scientific requirements of IEEE 1528, IEC 62209, CENELEC, ARIB, ACA, and the Federal Communications Commission. The system comprises of a six axes articulated robot which utilizes a dedicated controller. ALSAS-10U uses the latest methodologies. And FDTD modeling to provide a platform which is repeatable with minimum uncertainty.

Applications

Predefined measurement procedures compliant with the guidelines of CENELEC, IEEE, IEC, FCC, etc are utilized during the assessment for the device. Automatic detection for all SAR maxima are embedded within the core architecture for the system, ensuring that peak locations used for centering the zoom scan are within a 1mm resolution and a 0.05mm repeatable position. System operation range currently available up-to 6 GHz in simulated tissue.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.



Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the ALSAS-10U software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

SAR Evaluation Report 10 of 66

ALSAS-10U Interpolation and Extrapolation Uncertainty

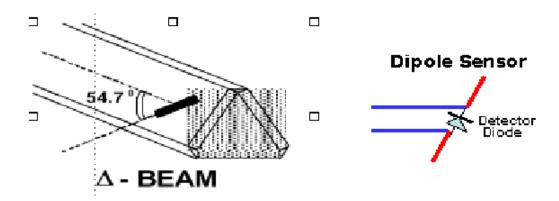
The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 based on the example f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \cdot \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2} \right)$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



SAR is assessed with a calibrated probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (in the Z Axis). The 5mm offset height has been selected so as to minimize any resultant boundary effect due to the probe being in close proximity to the phantom surface.

The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output from the probe when measuring complex modulation schemes.

$$V_{i} = U_{i} + U_{i}^{2} \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_{i}}$$

SAR Evaluation Report 11 of 66

Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Calibration Method	Frequency Dependent Below 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in a TEM Cell Above 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in waveguide			
Sensitivity $0.70 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2 \text{ to } 0.85 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$				
Dynamic Range	0.0005 W/kg to 100 W/kg			
Isotropic Response	Better than 0.1 dB			
Diode Compression Point (DCP)	Calibration for Specific Frequency			
Probe Tip Diameter	< 2.9 mm			
Sensor Offset	1.56 (+/- 0.02 mm)			
Probe Length	289 mm			
Video Bandwidth	@ 500 Hz: 1 dB @ 1.02 kHz: 3 dB			
Boundary Effect	Less than 2.1% for distance greater than 0.58 mm			
Spatial Resolution	The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe			

Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

ALSAS-10U incorporates a boundary detection unit with a sensitivity of 0.05mm for detecting all types of surfaces. The robust design allows for detection during probe tilt (probe normalize) exercises, and utilizes a second stage emergency stop. The signal electronics are fed directly into the robot controller for high accuracy surface detection in lateral and axial detection modes (X, Y, & Z).

The probe is mounted directly onto the Boundary Detection unit for accurate tooling and displacement calculations controlled by the robot kinematics. The probe is connect to an isolated probe interconnect where the output stage of the probe is fed directly into the amplifier stage of the Daq-Paq.

Daq-Paq (Analog to Digital Electronics)

ALSAS-10U incorporates a fully calibrated Daq-Paq (analog to digital conversion system) which has a 4 channel input stage, sent via a 2 stage auto-set amplifier module. The input signal is amplified accordingly so as to offer a dynamic range from $5\mu V$ to 800mV. Integration of the fields measured is carried out at board level utilizing a Co-Processor which then sends the measured fields down into the main computational module in digitized form via an RS232 communications port. Probe linearity and duty cycle compensation is carried out within the main Daq-Paq module.

ADC	12 Bit
Amplifier Range	20 mV to 200 mV and 150 mV to 800 mV
Field Integration	Local Co-Processor utilizing proprietary integration algorithms
Number of Input Channels	4 in total 3 dedicated and 1 spare
Communication	Packet data via RS232

SAR Evaluation Report 12 of 66

Axis Articulated Robot

ALSAS-10U utilizes a six axis articulated robot, which is controlled using a Pentium based real-time movement controller. The movement kinematics engine utilizes proprietary (Thermo CRS) interpolation and extrapolation algorithms, which allow full freedom of movement for each of the six joints within the working envelope. Utilization of joint 6 allows for full probe rotation with a tolerance better than 0.05mm around the central axis.



Robot/Controller Manufacturer	Thermo CRS		
Number of Axis Six independently controlled axis			
Positioning Repeatability	0.05 mm		
Controller Type	Single phase Pentium based C500C		
Robot Reach	710 mm		
Communication	RS232 and LAN compatible		

ALSAS Universal Workstation

ALSAS Universal workstation allows for repeatability and fast adaptability. It allows users to do calibration, testing and measurements using different types of phantoms with one set up, which significantly speeds up the measurement process.

Universal Device Positioner

The universal device positioner allows complete freedom of movement of the EUT. Developed to hold a EUT in a free-space scenario any additional loading attributable to the material used in the construction of the positioner has been eliminated. Repeatability has been enhanced through the linear scales which form the design used to indicate positioning for any given test scenario in all major axes. A 15° tilt indicator is included for the of aid cheek to tilt movements for head SAR analysis. Overall uncertainty for measurements have been reduced due to the design of the Universal device positioner, which allows positioning of a device in as near to a free-space scenario as possible, and by providing the means for complete repeatability.

SAR Evaluation Report 13 of 66

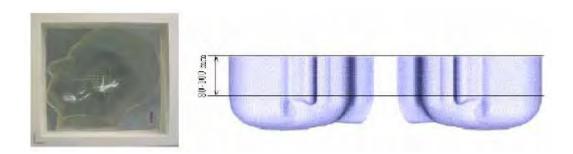


Phantom Types

The ALSAS-10U allows the integration of multiple phantom types. SAM Phantoms fully compliant with IEEE 1528, Universal Phantom, and Universal Flat.

APREL SAM Phantoms

The SAM phantoms developed using the IEEE SAM CAD file. They are fully compliant with the requirements for both IEEE 1528 and FCC Supplement C. Both the left and right SAM phantoms are interchangeable, transparent and include the IEEE 1528 grid with visible NF and MB lines.



SAR Evaluation Report 14 of 66

APREL Laboratories Universal Phantom

The Universal Phantom is used on the ALSAS-10U as a system validation phantom. The Universal Phantom has been fully validated both experimentally from 800MHz to 6GHz and numerically using XFDTD numerical software.

The shell thickness is 2mm overall, with a 4mm spacer located at the NF/MB intersection providing an overall thickness of 6mm in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528.

The design allows for fast and accurate measurements, of handsets, by allowing the conservative SAR to be evaluated at on frequency for both left and right head experiments in one measurement.



SAR Evaluation Report 15 of 66

Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)									
(% by weight)	45	0	835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (Nacl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (s/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency	Head '	Гissue	Body Tissue		
(MHz)	Er	O (S/m)	Er	O'(S/m)	
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80	
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92	
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94	
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97	
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05	
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06	
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30	
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40	
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00	

SAR Evaluation Report 16 of 66

EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

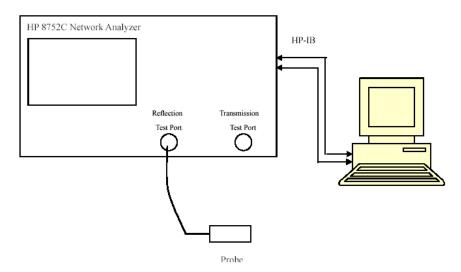
Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	Calibration Date	S/N
CRS F3 robot	ALS-F3	N/A	RAF0805352
CRS F3 Software	ALS-F3-SW	N/A	N/A
CRS C500C controller	ALS-C500	N/A	RCF0805379
Probe mounting device & Boundary Detection Sensor System	ALS-PMDPS-3	N/A	120-00270
Universal Work Station	ALS-UWS	N/A	100-00157
Data Acquisition Package	ALS-DAQ-PAQ-3	2013-05-12	110-00212
Miniature E-Field Probe	ALS-E-020	2012-08-08	500-00283
Dipole, 1900MHz	ALS-D-1900-S-2	2011-08-25	210-00710
Dipole Spacer	ALS-DS-U	N/A	250-00907
Device holder/Positioner	ALS-H-E-SET-2	N/A	170-00510
Left ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-L	N/A	130-00311
Right ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-R	N/A	140-00359
UniPhantom	ALS-P-UP-1	N/A	150-00413
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	ALS-TS-1900-H	Each Time	295-01103
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	N/A	71377
Synthesized Sweeper	HP 8341B	2013-05-16	2624A00116
Digital Radio communication Tester	CMD60	2013-03-15	829902/026

SAR Evaluation Report 17 of 66

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency Liquid		Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz) Type	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	O (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	△O'(S/m)	(%)	
1021 526	Head	39.76	1.40	40.00	1.40	-0.600	0.000	±5
1921.536	Body	52.86	1.50	53.30	1.52	-0.826	-1.316	±5
1024 002	Head	39.76	1.41	40.00	1.40	-0.600	0.714	±5
1924.992	Body	52.84	1.50	53.30	1.52	-0.863	-1.316	±5
1928.448	Head	39.76	1.41	40.00	1.40	-0.600	0.714	±5
	Body	52.82	1.51	53.30	1.52	-0.901	-0.658	±5

^{*}Liquid Verification was performed on 2013-12-17.

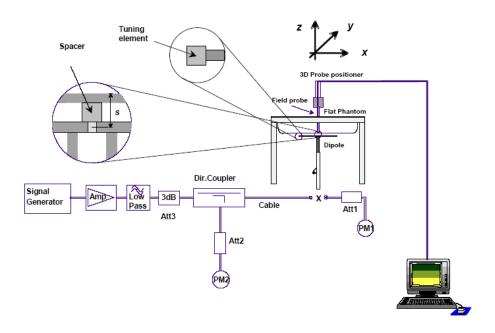
190	00 MHz Head Ti	issue	1900 MHz Body Tissue					
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''			
1915.4	39.7578	13.0914	1915.4	52.8872	13.9833			
1916.6	39.7601	13.0983	1916.6	52.8812	13.9903			
1917.8	39.7603	13.1053	1917.8	52.8752	13.9973			
1919.0	39.7606	13.1123	1919.0	52.8692	13.9963			
1920.2	39.7608	13.1193	1920.2	52.8632	14.0113			
1921.4	39.7611	13.1263	1921.4	52.8572	14.0182			
1922.6	39.7613	13.1273	1922.6	52.8512	14.0252			
1923.8	39.7616	13.1403	1923.8	52.8452	14.0322			
1925.0	39.7618	13.1473	1925.0	52.8392	14.0392			
1926.2	39.7621	13.1573	1926.2	52.8332	14.0462			
1927.4	39.7623	13.1613	1927.4	52.8272	14.0552			
1928.6	39.7626	13.1703	1928.6	52.8212	14.0662			
1929.8	39.7628	13.1793	1929.8	52.8152	14.0732			
1931.0	39.7631	13.1883	1931.0	52.8092	14.0752			
1932.2	39.7633	13.1972	1932.2	52.8033	14.1012			
1933.4	39.7636	13.2062	1933.4	52.7973	14.1002			

SAR Evaluation Report 18 of 66

System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



Probe and dipole antenna List and Detail

Manufa cturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date	
APREL	Probe	ALS-E-020	500-00283	2013-10-08	2014-10-07	
APREL	Dipole antenna(1900MHz)	ALS-D-1900-S-2	210-00710	2011-08-25	2014-08-24	

System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2012 12 17	17 1000	Head	1g	40.914	39.648	3.193	±10
2013-12-17 1900	1900	Body	1g	40.165	39.769	0.996	±10

^{*}All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

SAR Evaluation Report 19 of 66

SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

System Performance Check 1900 MHz Head Liquid

Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: ALS-D-1900-S-2; S/N: 210-00710

Product Data

Device Name : Dipole 1900MHz Serial No. : 210-00710 Type : Dipole

Model : ALS-D-1900-S-2 Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr
Drift Time
Power Drift-Start
Power Drift-Finish
Power Drift (%)

1 W
2 3 min(s)
39.896 W/kg
40.799 W/kg
2.263

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni Type : Uni-Phantom Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200 Serial No. : System Default

Location : Center Description : Default

Tissue Data

: HEAD Type Serial No. : 295-01103 Frequency : 1900.00MHz Last Calib. Date : 17-Dec-2013 : 20.00 °C Temperature Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C Humidity : 56.00 RH% Epsilon : 39.75 F/m Sigma : 1.39 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. M

Probe Data

Name : E-Field Model : E-020

Type : E-Field Triangle Serial No. : 500-00283 Last Calib. Date : 08-Oct-2013

Frequency Band : 1900 Duty Cycle Factor : 1 Conversion Factor : 4.8

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

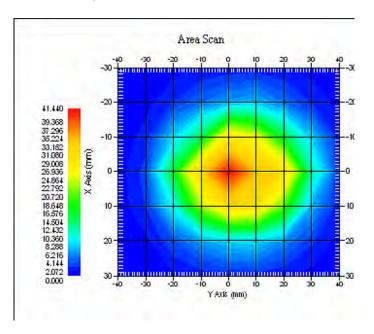
Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 20.00 °C

Area Scan : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

SAR Evaluation Report 20 of 66

1 gram SAR value : 40.914 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 19.937 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 40.400 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 75.671 W/kg



1900 MHz System Validation with Head Tissue

SAR Evaluation Report 21 of 66

System Performance Check 1900 MHz Body Liquid

Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: ALS-D-1900-S-2; S/N: 210-00710

Product Data

Device Name : Dipole 1900MHz Serial No. : 210-00710 Type : Dipole

Model : ALS-D-1900-S-2

Frequency Band : 1900.00

Max. Transmit Pwr : 1 W

Drift Time : 3 min(s)

Power Drift-Start : 41.260 W/kg

Power Drift-Finish : 41.938 W/kg

Power Drift (%) : 1.643

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default

Location : Center Description : Default

Tissue Data

Type : Body Serial No. : 295-02102 : 1900 MHz Frequency Last Calib. Date : 17-Dec-2013 Temperature : 20.00 °C : 21.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 56.00 RH% Humidity : 52.87 F/m Epsilon : 1.49 S/m Sigma Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Name : E-Field Model : E-020

Type : E-Field Triangle Serial No. : 500-00283 Last Calib. Date : 08-Oct-2013

Frequency Band : 1900 Duty Cycle Factor : 1 Conversion Factor : 4.5

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

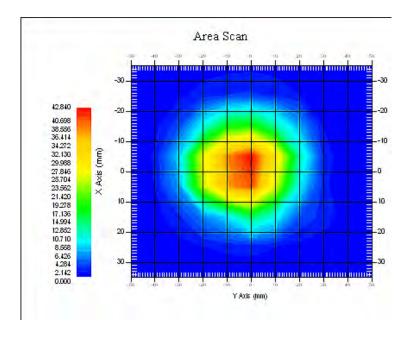
Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C

Area Scan : 8x10x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

SAR Evaluation Report 22 of 66

1 gram SAR value : 40.165 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 20.663 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 41.042 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 76.094 W/kg



1900 MHz System Validation with Body Tissue

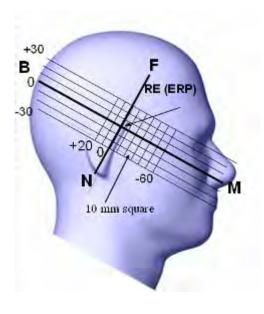
SAR Evaluation Report 23 of 66

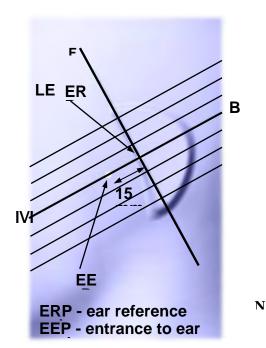
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





SAR Evaluation Report 24 of 66

Cheek/Touch Position

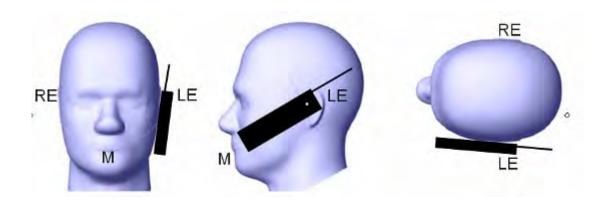
The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

- When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.
- o (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek / Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

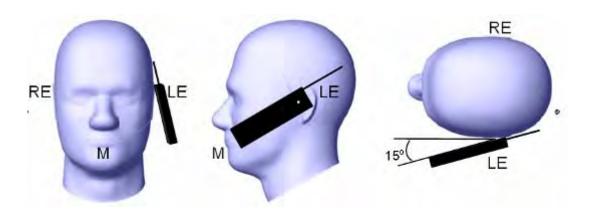
With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.
- 2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point isby 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

SAR Evaluation Report 25 of 66

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

SAR Evaluation Report 26 of 66

SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.
- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 35 mm x 35 mm x 35 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
 - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

SAR Evaluation Report 27 of 66

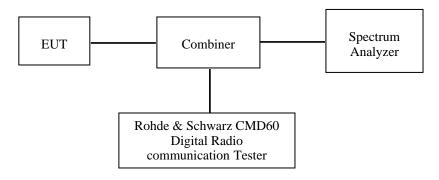
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer through sufficient attenuation.



Test Results:

		Conducted Output Power						
Mode Frequency		Peak	Peak Average					
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(mW)	Turn-up Limit (dBm)			
	1921.536	18.32	4.38	2.744	5.0			
GFSK	1924.992	18.36	4.42	2.769	5.0			
-	1928.448	18.42	4.48	2.808	5.0			

Note:

- 1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMD60) was used for the measurement of DECT peak output power.
- $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{2.} & \text{Duty Cycle=T_{on}/$T_p*100\%} \\ & \text{$T_{on}$=$0.405ms T_p=$10.01ms} \\ & \text{$T_p$=$Duty Cycle=$4.04\%} \end{array}$

SAR Evaluation Report 28 of 66

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	20-21° C
Relative Humidity:	50-52%
ATM Pressure:	1002 mbar

^{*} Testing was performed by Wilson chen on 2013-12-17.

Test Result:

	Frequency (MHz)		Power	Meas.	Max. Rated	1 g SAR Value (W/Kg)		
EUT Position	Channel	MHz	Drift (%)	Avg. Power (dBm)	Avg. Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR
	4	1921.536	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Cheek	2	1924.992	/	/	/	/	/	/
Check	0	1928.448	1.051	4.48	5.00	1.127	0.028	0.032
	4	1921.536	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	2	1924.992	/	/	/	/	/	/
1110	0	1928.448	-1.137	4.48	5.00	1.127	0.010	0.011
D: 1. II. 1	4	1921.536	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	2	1924.992	/	/	/	/	/	/
Check	0	1928.448	-0.998	4.48	5.00	1.127	0.026	0.029
D' 1. II 1	4	1921.536	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	2	1924.992	/	/	/	/	/	/
1110	0	1928.448	1.493	4.48	5.00	1.127	0.007	0.008
D 1 1 1	4	1921.536	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-back Headset	2	1924.992	/	/	/	/	/	/
Trouser	0	1928.448	2.247	4.48	5.00	1.127	0.010	0.011
D I II	4	1921.536	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Up Headset	2	1924.992	/	/	/	/		/
Troudset	0	1928.448	-0.982	4.48	5.00	1.127	0.019	0.021

Note:

29 of 66 **SAR** Evaluation Report

^{1 .}When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional. 2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

EUT SCAN RESULTS

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

Left Head Cheek (Channel 0)

Measurement Data

Crest Factor : 24 Scan Type : Complete Area Scan : 11x8x1 : N

Area Scan : 11x8x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.001 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.001 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 1.051

Tissue Data

 Type
 : HEAD

 Frequency
 : 1928.446 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 39.76F/m

 Sigma
 : 1.41 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283 Frequency Band : 1900.00 MHz

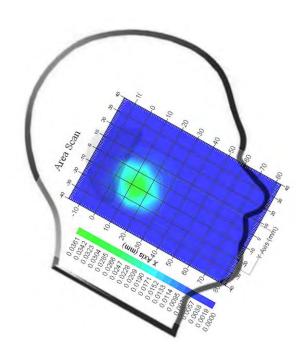
Duty Cycle Factor : 24 Conversion Factor : 4.8

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.028 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.015 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.036 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.070 W/kg

Plot 1#



SAR Evaluation Report 30 of 66

Left Head Tilt (Channel 0)

Measurement Data

Crest Factor : 24 Scan Type : Complete Area Scan : 11x9x1 : N

Area Scan : 11x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.001 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.001 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -1.137

Tissue Data

Type : HEAD

Frequency : 1928.446 MHz
Epsilon : 39.76F/m
Sigma : 1.41 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283 Frequency Band : 1900.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor : 24 Conversion Factor : 4.8

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

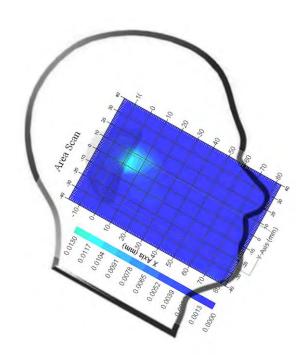
 1 gram SAR value
 : 0.010 W/kg

 10 gram SAR value
 : 0.004W/kg

 Area Scan Peak SAR
 : 0.013 W/kg

 Zoom Scan Peak SAR
 : 0.020 W/kg

Plot 2#



SAR Evaluation Report 31 of 66

Right Head Cheek (Channel 0)

Measurement Data

Crest Factor : 24 Scan Type : : Complete Area Scan : 11x9x1 : N

Area Scan : 11x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.001 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.001 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -0.998

Tissue Data

Type : HEAD

Frequency : 1928.446 MHz
Epsilon : 39.76F/m
Sigma : 1.41 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283 Frequency Band : 1900.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor : 24 Conversion Factor : 4.8

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

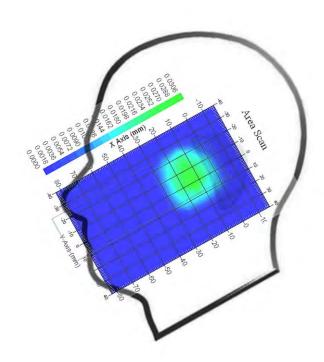
 1 gram SAR value
 : 0.026 W/kg

 10 gram SAR value
 : 0.012 W/kg

 Area Scan Peak SAR
 : 0.030 W/kg

 Zoom Scan Peak SAR
 : 0.056 W/kg

Plot 3#



SAR Evaluation Report 32 of 66

Right Head Tilt (Channel 4)

Measurement Data

Crest Factor : 24 Scan Type : : Complete Area Scan : 11x9x1 : N

Area Scan : 11x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.001 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.001 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 1.493

Tissue Data

Type : HEAD

 Frequency
 : 1928.446 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 39.76F/m

 Sigma
 : 1.41 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283 Frequency Band : 1900.00 MHz

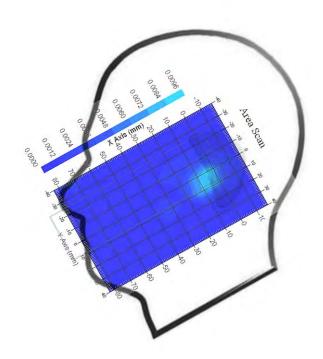
Duty Cycle Factor : 24 Conversion Factor : 4.8

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.007 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.003 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.009 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.016 W/kg

Plot 4#



SAR Evaluation Report 33 of 66

Body-Worn-Up-Headset (Channel 0)

Measurement Data

Crest Factor : 24 Scan Type : : Complete Area Scan : 9x11x1 : N

Area Scan : 9x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.001 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.001 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 2.247

Tissue Data

Type : Body

Frequency : 1928.446 MHz
Epsilon : 52.82 F/m
Sigma : 1.51 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283 Frequency Band : 1900.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor : 24 Conversion Factor : 4.5

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

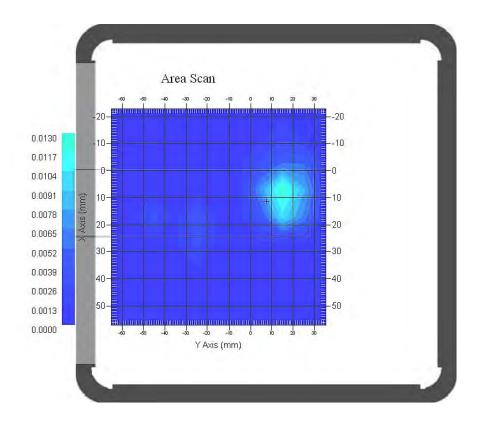
 1 gram SAR value
 : 0.010 W/kg

 10 gram SAR value
 : 0.006 W/kg

 Area Scan Peak SAR
 : 0.013 W/kg

 Zoom Scan Peak SAR
 : 0.021 W/kg

Plot 5#



SAR Evaluation Report 34 of 66

Body-Worn-Back-Headset (Channel 0)

Measurement Data

Crest Factor : 24 Scan Type : : Complete Area Scan : 9x11x1 : N

Area Scan : 9x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.001 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.001 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -0.982

Tissue Data

Type : Body

 Frequency
 : 1928.446 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 52.82 F/m

 Sigma
 : 1.51 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283 Frequency Band : 1900.00 MHz

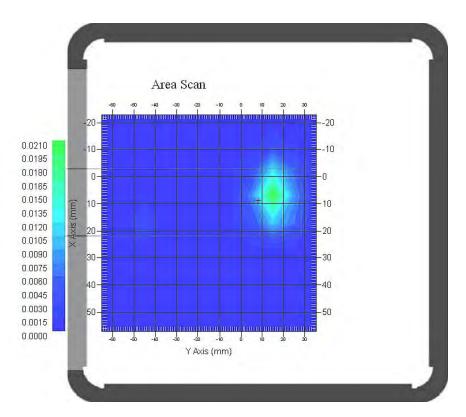
Duty Cycle Factor : 24 Conversion Factor : 4.5

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.019 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.010 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.020 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.036 W/kg

Plot 6#



SAR Evaluation Report 35 of 66

APPENDIX A – MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement Uncertainty for 300MHz to 3GHz

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _i ¹ (1-g)	c _i ¹ (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %
		Measure	ment Syst	em			
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-cp)^{1/2}$	(1-cp) ¹	1.5	1.5
Hemispherical Isotropy	10.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	√ср	√ср	4.4	4.4
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.006	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.003	0.003
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2
		Res	triction				
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1
Test Sample Positioning	0.023	normal	1	1	1	0.023	0.023
Device Holder Uncertainty	6.215	normal	1	1	1	6.215	6.215
Drift of Output Power	4.627	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.67	2.67
		Phantor	n and Setu	ıp			
Phantom Uncertainty(shape & thickness tolerance)	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0
Liquid Conductivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.5	2.0	1.4
Liquid Conductivity(meas.)	1.938	normal	1	0.7	0.5	1.36	0.97
Liquid Permittivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4
Liquid Permittivity(meas.)	3.093	normal	1	0.6	0.5	1.86	1.55
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				10.78	10.55
Expanded uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				21.56	21.10

SAR Evaluation Report 36 of 66

APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: PC-1537

Task No: BACL-5745

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe
Record of Calibration
Head and Body
Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Model No.: E-020
Serial No.: 500-00283

Calibration Procedure: D01-032-E020-V2, D22-012-Tissue, D28-002-Dipole

Project No: BACL-5745

Calibrated: 8th October 2013 Released on: 8th October 2013

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

VCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. OTTAWA, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613) 435-8306

SAR Evaluation Report 37 of 66

Division of APREL Inc.

Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the references listed below. Calibration is performed using accepted methodologies as per the references listed below. Probes are calibrated for air, and tissue and the values reported are the results from the physical quantification of the probe through meteorgical practices.

Calibration Method

Probes are calibrated using the following methods.

<1000MHz

TEM Cell for sensitivity in air

Standard phantom using temperature transfer method for sensitivity in tissue

>1000MHz

Waveguide* method to determine sensitivity in air and tissue

*Waveguide is numerically (simulation) assessed to determine the field distribution and power

The boundary effect for the probe is assessed using a standard flat phantom where the probe output is compared against a numerically simulated series of data points

References

- o IEEE Standard 1528
 - IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
- o EN 62209-1
 - Human Exposure to RF Fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices Human models. instrumentation, and procedures-Part 1: Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held mobile wireless devices
- o IEC 62209-2
 - Human exposure to RF fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 2: specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices (30 MHz 6 GHz)
- communication devices (30 MHz 6 GHz)

 TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- o D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Page 2 of 10

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 38 of 66

Division of APREL Inc.

Conditions

Probe 500-00283 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 1.5 °C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 1.5 °C Relative Humidity: <60%

Primary Measurement Standards

 Instrument
 Serial Number
 Cal due date

 Tektronix USB Power Meter
 11C940
 May 14, 2015

 Signal Generator HP 83640B
 3844A00689
 Feb 12, 2015

Secondary Measurement Standards

Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C 002106 Feb. 20, 2015

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Dan Brooks, Test Engineer

Page 3 of 10

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 39 of 66

Division of APREL Inc.

Probe Summary

Probe Type: E-Field Probe E020

Serial Number: 500-00283

Frequency: As presented on page 5

Sensor Offset: 1.56
Sensor Length: 2.5

Tip Enclosure: Composite*

Tip Diameter: < 2.9 mm

Tip Length: 55 mm

Total Length: 289 mm

*Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

Sensitivity in Air

Diode Compression Point: 95 mV

SAR Evaluation Report 40 of 66

Page 4 of 10

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Calibration for Tissue (Head H, Body B)

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Standard Uncertainty (%)	Calibration Frequency Range (MHz)	Conversior Factor
450 H	Head	44.29	0.86	3.5	±50	5.7
450 B	Body	56.6	0.94	3.5	±50	5.8
750 H	Head	42.7	0.85	3.5	±50	5.6
750 B	Body	56.6	0.94	3.5	±50	5.5
835 H	Head	42.35	0.938	3.5	±50	5.9
835 B	Body	56.65	1.018	3.5	±50	5.9
900 H	Head	X	Х	X	X	Х
900 B	Body	Х	Х	X	X	Х
1450 H	Head	X	X	X	X	Х
1450 B	Body	X	X	X	X	Х
1500 H	Head	X	X	X	X	Х
1500 B	Body	X	Х	X	X	Х
1640 H	Head	X	X	X	Х	X
1640 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1750 H	Head	38.51	1.36	3.5	±75	5.4
1750 B	Body	51.79	1.53	3.5	±75	5.3
1800 H	Head	38.26	1.41	3.5	±75	5.0
1800 B	Body	51.61	1.58	3.5	±75	5.0
1900 H	Head	38.03	1.36	3.5	±75	4.8
1900 B	Body	53.13	1.58	3.5	±75	4.5
2000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2000 B	Body	Х	Х	X	X	Х
2100 H	Head	X	Х	X	X	Х
2100 B	Body	X	Х	X	X	Х
2300 H	Head	Х	Х	X	X	Х
2300 B	Body	X	X	X	X	Х
2450 H	Head	37.64	1.88	3.5	±75	4.9
2450B	Body	50.7	2.03	3.5	±75	4.3
2600 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2600 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
3000 H	Head	X	Х	X	X	Х
3000 B	Body	X	Х	X	X	X
3600 H	Head	X	X	Х	X	Х
3600 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
5250 H	Head	34.65	4.8	3.5	±100	2.7
5250 B	Body	47.6	5.3	3.5	±100	2.6
5600 H	Head	33.2	5.15	3.5	±100	2.5
5600 B	Body	45.21	5.57	3.5	±100	2.2
5800 H	Head	32.72	5.38	3.5	±100	3.2
5800 B	Body	44.28	6.04	3.5	±100	2.5

Page 5 of 10
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 41 of 66

Division of APREL Inc.

Boundary Effect:

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2.1% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 0.58mm.

Spatial Resolution:

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe.

DAQ-PAQ Contribution

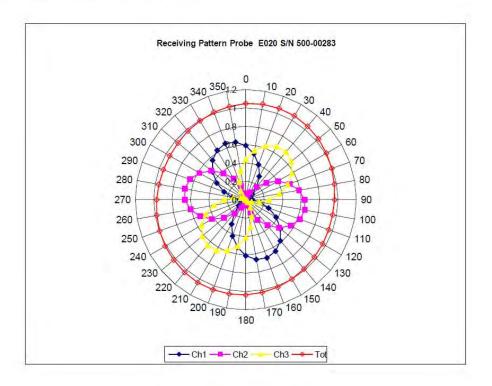
To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of $5\,\mathrm{M}\Omega$.

Page 6 of 10

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SAR Evaluation Report 42 of 66

Receiving Pattern Air

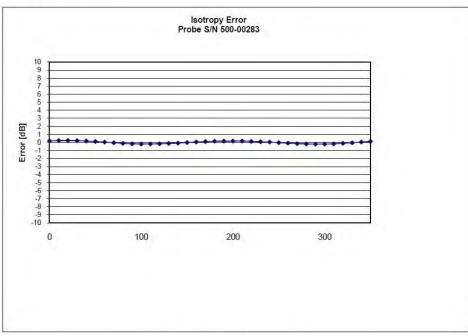


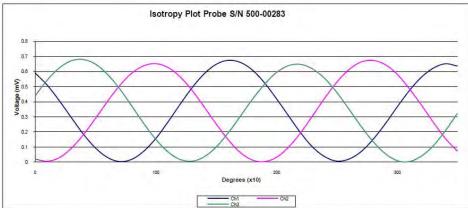
Page 7 of 10

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43 of 66 **SAR Evaluation Report**

Isotropy Error Air





Isotropicity Tissue:

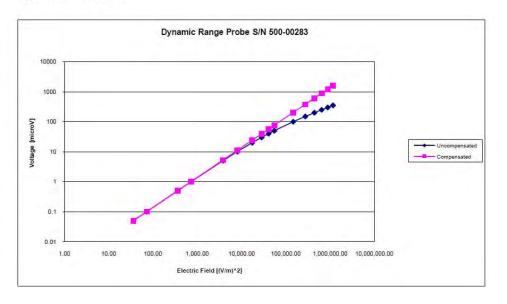
0.10 dB

Page 8 of 10

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 44 of 66

Dynamic Range

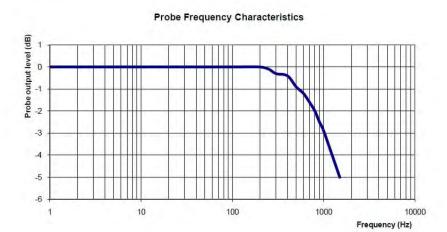


Page 9 of 10
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 45 of 66

Division of APREL Inc.

Video Bandwidth



Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz 1 dB Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 3 dB

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2013.

Page 10 of 10

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 46 of 66

APPENDIX C – DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1331 Project Number: BAC-dipole –cal-5615

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole (Head & Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-1900-S-2
Frequency: 1900 MHz
Serial No: 210-00710

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory

Calibrated: 25th August, 2011 Released on: 25th August, 2011

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Kanata, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613)435-8306

SAR Evaluation Report 47 of 66

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was received in good condition and was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this device has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.

Stuart Nicol

C. Teodorian

Primary Measurement Standards Serial Number Instrument Cal due date Power meter Anritsu MA2408A 245025437 Nov.4, 2011 Power Sensor Anritsu MA2481D 103555 Nov 4, 2011 Aug.8, 2012 Attenuator HP 8495A (70dB) 1 944A10711 Network Analyzer Agilent E5071C 1334746J Feb. 8, 2012 Secondary Measurement Standards Signal Generator Agilent E4438C -506 MY55182336 June 7, 2012

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SAR Evaluation Report 48 of 66

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

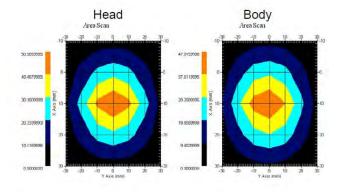
Length: 67.1 mm **Height:** 38.9 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.0417 U	-35.395dB	49.020 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.1177 U	-25.424dB	55.435 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	1900 MHz	39.648	20.311	73.365
Body	1900 MHz	39.769	20.176	75.866



3

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SAR Evaluation Report 49 of 66

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 210-00710. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 130 MHz to 26 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 212.

References

SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure
SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure
IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average
Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless
Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was new taken from stock.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: $22 \degree C +/- 0.5 \degree C$ Temperature of the Tissue: $20 \degree C +/- 0.5 \degree C$

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical1%Positioning Error1.22%Electrical1.7%Tissue2.2%Dipole Validation2.2%

TOTAL 8.32% (16.64% K=2)

4

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SAR Evaluation Report 50 of 66

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
68.0 mm	39.5 mm	67.1mm	38.9 mm

Electrical Validation

Tissue Type	Return Loss:	SWR:	Impedance:
Head	-29.360 dB	1.0732 U	47.869 Ω
Body	-22.799 dB	1.1566 U	48.022 Ω

Tissue Validation

	Dielectric constant, ε _r	Conductivity, o [S/m]
Head Tissue 1900MHz	38.4	1.43
Body Tissue 1900MHz	51.87	1.59

5

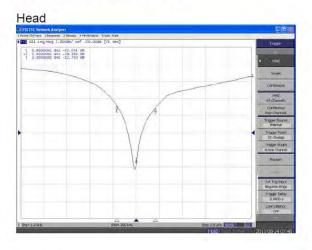
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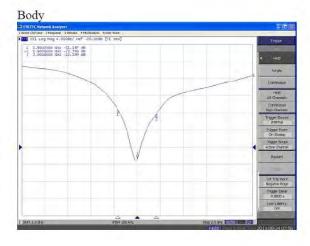
SAR Evaluation Report 51 of 66

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The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss



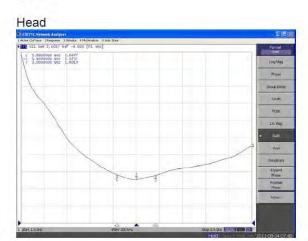


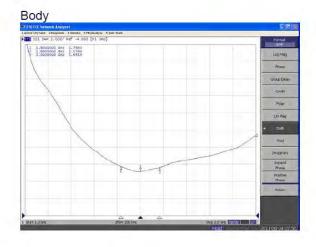
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SAR Evaluation Report 52 of 66

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SWR





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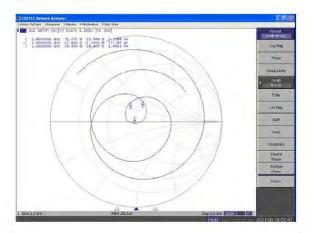
SAR Evaluation Report 53 of 66

7

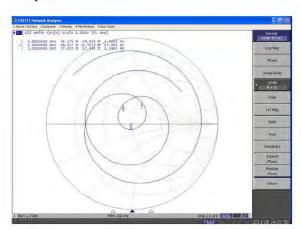
Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance

Head



Body



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8

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Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2011

9

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SAR Evaluation Report 55 of 66

1900MHz Dipole Calibration By BACL at 2013-12-20

Mechanical Verification

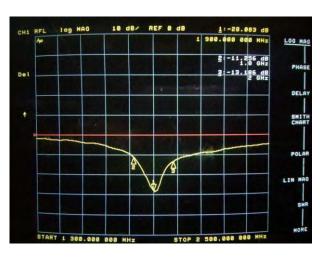
APREL Length	APREL Height	Measured Length	Measured Height
68.0 mm	39.4 mm	68.3 mm	39.2 mm

Tissue Type	Measured Return Loss	Measured Impedance
Head	-28.083 dB	47.477 Ω
Body	-22.022 dB	48.076Ω

Test Graphs:

Head Tissue

Return Loss:

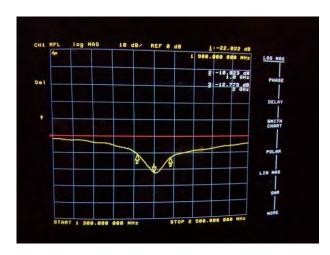


Impedance:



Body Tissue

Return Loss:

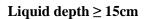


Impedance:



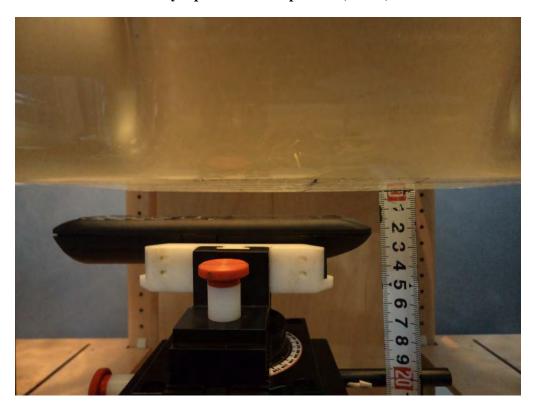
SAR Evaluation Report 56 of 66

APPENDIX D – EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS



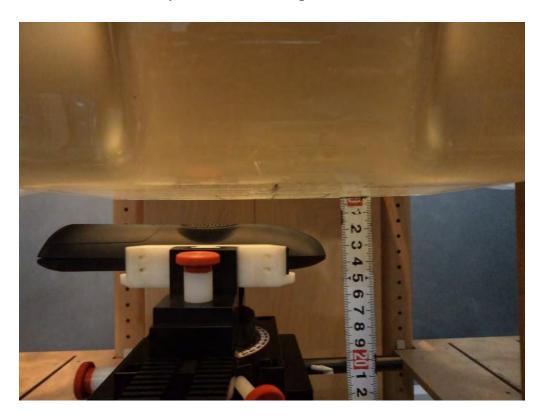


Body-Up-Headset Setup Photo (15mm)



SAR Evaluation Report 57 of 66

Body-Back-Headset Setup Photo (15mm)



Left Head Touch Setup Photo



SAR Evaluation Report 58 of 66

Left Head Tilt Setup Photo



Right Head Touch Setup Photo



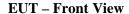
SAR Evaluation Report 59 of 66

Right Head Tilt Setup Photo



SAR Evaluation Report 60 of 66

APPENDIX E – EUT PHOTOS





EUT – Back View



SAR Evaluation Report 61 of 66

EUT - Left Side View



EUT – Right Side View



SAR Evaluation Report 62 of 66

EUT - Top View



EUT – Bottom View



SAR Evaluation Report 63 of 66

EUT – Uncovered View



EUT – Battery View



SAR Evaluation Report 64 of 66

APPENDIX F - PRODUCT SIMILARITY DECLARATION LETTER

CELEFIELD

Company name: Telefield Ltd.

Add: Flat D,2/F., Valiant Industrial Centre, 2-12 Au Pui Wan Street, Fo Tan, N.T., Hong Kong.

Tel: 852 26052811 Fax: 852 30078968

DECLARATION OF SIMILARITY

Date: 2013-12-10

Dear Sir or Madam:

We, Telefield Ltd., hereby declare that our product: IP DECT Phone, all of models are different in brand name and model number due to different combinations, the handset unit and the changer unit of these models are the same.

A description of the differences among these models as follows:

Item	Brand name	Model Number	Combination
1	RCA	IP162, IP162S, IPxxx, IPxxxx, IPxxxxx	IP DECT Handset (with handset charger and AC adaptor) & IP DECT Gateway (with base AC adaptor)
2	RCA	IP062, IP062S, IPx, IPxxxx, IPxxxxx	IP DECT Handset only (with handset charger and AC adaptor)
3	RCA	IP100, IP100S, IP1xxx, IP1xxx, IP1xxxx	IP DECT Gateway only (with base AC adaptor)
4	SkyMotion	IPDT-0150,IPDT-0xxx, IPDT-0xxxx, IPDT-0xxxxx	IP DECT Handset (with handset charger and AC adaptor) & IP DECT Gateway (with base AC adaptor)
5	SkyMotion	IPDT-50,IPDT-xx, IPDT-xxx, IPDT-xxxx	IP DECT Handset only (with handset charger and AC adaptor)
6	SkyMotion	IPDT-0100,IPDT-01xx, IPDT-01xxx, IPDT-01xxxx	IP DECT Gateway only (with base AC adaptor)

Note: "x" shall consist of a series of Arabic numerals, capital letters or a combination thereof.

Please contact me should there be need for any additional clarification or information.

Best Regards,

Responsible Party signature Ho Wing Cheong

Senior Engineering Manager

Authorized Signature(s)

SAR Evaluation Report 65 of 66

APPENDIX G – INFORMATIVE REFERENCES

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, \Report and order: Guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radiofrequency radiation", Tech. Rep. FCC 96-326, FCC, Washington, D.C. 20554, 1996.
- [2] David L. Means Kwok Chan, Robert F. Cleveland, \Evaluating compliance with FCC guidelines for human exposure to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields", Tech. Rep., Federal Communication Commission, O_ce of Engineering & Technology, Washington, DC, 1997.
- [3] Thomas Schmid, Oliver Egger, and Niels Kuster, \Automated E-_eld scanning system for dosimetric assessments", IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, pp. 105{113, Jan. 1996.
- [4] Niels Kuster, Ralph K.astle, and Thomas Schmid, \Dosimetric evaluation of mobile communications equipment with known precision", IEICE Transactions on Communications, vol. E80-B, no. 5, pp. 645{652, May 1997.
- [5] CENELEC, \Considerations for evaluating of human exposure to electromagnetic fields (EMFs) from mobile telecommunication equipment (MTE) in the frequency range 30MHz 6GHz", Tech. Rep., CENELEC, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization, Brussels, 1997.
- [6] ANSI, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz, The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, NY 10017, 1992.
- [7] Katja Pokovic, Thomas Schmid, and Niels Kuster, \Robust setup for precise calibration of E-field probes in tissue simulating liquids at mobile communications frequencies", in ICECOM _ 97, Dubrovnik, October 15{17, 1997, pp. 120-24.
- [8] Katja Pokovic, Thomas Schmid, and Niels Kuster, \E-field probe with improved isotropy in brain simulating liquids", in Proceedings of the ELMAR, Zadar, Croatia, 23{25 June, 1996, pp. 172-175.
- [9] Volker Hombach, Klaus Meier, Michael Burkhardt, Eberhard K. uhn, and Niels Kuster, \The dependence of EM energy absorption upon human head modeling at 900 MHz", IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, no. 10, pp. 1865-1873, Oct. 1996.
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- [11] W. Gander, Computermathematik, Birkhaeuser, Basel, 1992.
- [12] W. H. Press, S. A. Teukolsky, W. T. Vetterling, and B. P. Flannery, Numerical Recepies in C, The Art of Scientific Computing, Second Edition, Cambridge University Press, 1992. Dosimetric Evaluation of Sample device, month 1998 9
- [13] NIS81 NAMAS, \The treatment of uncertainty in EMC measurement", Tech. Rep., NAMAS Executive, National Physical Laboratory, Teddington, Middlesex, England, 1994.
- [14] Barry N. Taylor and Christ E. Kuyatt, \Guidelines for evaluating and expressing the uncertainty of NIST measurement results", Tech. Rep., National Institute of Standards and Technology, 1994. Dosimetric Evaluation of Sample device, month 1998 10.

***** END OF REPORT *****

SAR Evaluation Report 66 of 66