January 26, 2005



Applicant:	Gemtek Technology
FCC ID#	MXF-C931019AG
<b>Correspondence Reference Number:</b>	28339
731 Confirmation Number:	EA177201
Date of Original E-mail:	01/13/2005

1. Please confirm that this device has no additional modes, such as proprietary modes, of operation than those listed on page 4 of the SAR report.

## **Response:**

This device does not have any additional modes.

2. Please describe the differences between configuration 1 and 2 describe on page 16 and modes 4 and 5 described on page 17.

## **Response:**

The difference between mode 1 and mode 2 is : Mode 1 is for 802.11a normal and Mode 2 is for 802.11a turbo mode.

The difference between mode 4 and mode 5 is : Mode 4 is for 802.11g normal and Mode 5 is for 802.11g turbo mode.

3. Please describe in details of the test signal used and how it was controlled. Please include data patterns used, duty cycle characteristics, power control.

## **Response:**

A specific control program was provided by the manufacture to control the EUT. EUT was setup to output the designated power as indicated in the EMC and SAR test reports. The data pattern selected was random code, the duty cycle is 100% as indicated in the Appendix A.

4. Please describe how power was controlled and set. How will these power conditions be transferred to the final delivered product. Also, how will power for the channels that were not tested be set in the final product.

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## **Response:**



EUT Power was programmed through the control program provided by the manufacture as described in "Appendix B". The final power, as indicated in the test reports, will be programmed into each final device and verified during the manufacture process to ensure that the targeted regulatory compliance can be met (please refer Appendix C). A further internal study, based on product design spec, power variation over the transmitting band and EMC test result, the final output power for each non-tested channels will be carefully determined and verified to make sure that all channels will pass the targeted regulation standard.



approval of the applicant. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product endorsement by any government agencies. The test results in the report only apply to the tested sample.

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## duty cycle measurement

## **TEST INSTRUMENT**

<b>Description &amp; Manufacturer</b>	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibrated Until
SPECTRUM ANALYZER	FSEK 30	100049	Aug. 12, 2005

**NOTE:** The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to NML/ROC and NIST/USA.

## **TEST PROCEDURES**

- Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
  - Adjust the center frequency of SA on any frequency be measured and set SA to zero span mode. And then, set RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to proper value.
  - Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

## **CONFIGURATION OF SYSTEM UNDER TEST**



## **EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Connected the EUT into the notebook system placed on a testing table.

The notebook system ran a test program (provided by manufacturer) to enable EUT under transmission condition continuously at specific channel frequency.

## **CONTROL SOFTWARE SETTING**

The EUT (Model: WPCA-112AG) set with the parameter settings via the Atheros test program (version: ART 52 build 10). The detail as below:

CHANNEL	FREQUENCY (MHz)	PARAMETER	VALUE
1	5180	Target Power	15.0
4	5240	Target Power	16.0
5	5260	Target Power	16.0
8	5320	Target Power	14.0
9	5745	Target Power	15.0
11	5785	Target Power	15.5
13	5825	Target Power	16.0

For Normal Mode (IEEE 802.11a):

For Turbo Mode (IEEE 802.11a):

CHANNEL	FREQUENCY (MHz)	PARAMETER	VALUE
1	5210	Target Power	16.0
2	5250	Target Power	16.0
3	5290	Target Power	15.0
4	5760	Target Power	16.0
5	5800	Target Power	16.0

CTX data pattern: **RANDOM CODE**.

Software power control procedure: Please see the attached file (Power control.doc).

## **TEST RESULTS**

IEEE 802.11a):
I

CHANNEL	FREQUENCY (MHz)	RESULTS DUTY CYCLE (%)
1	5180	>99.9 %
4	5240	>99.9 %
5	5260	>99.9 %
8	5320	>99.9 %
9	5745	>99.9 %
11	5785	>99.9 %
13	5825	>99.9 %

For Turbo Mode (IEEE 802.11a):

CHANNEL	FREQUENCY (MHz)	RESULTS DUTY CYCLE (%)
1	5210	>99.9 %
2	5250	>99.9 %
3	5290	>99.9 %
4	5760	>99.9 %
5	5800	>99.9 %

**NOTE:** Test plots of the duty cycle are shown on following pages.

## For Normal Mode







































## For Turbo Mode













CH 3









## **Appendix B**

## How to set up the drivers and utility program

- 1. Insert the 2.4GHz cardbus to the laptop and setup its driver, please especially notice the cardbus shall be installed Windows 2000 environment.
- 2. Then unzip ART\_DRIVER.exe this file to your laptop to c:\ or d:\.
- 3. Going to c:\ART\_DRIVER \2000 , double clcik this file to install test driver (inst\_new\_drv\_2k).

You will see the picture as figure 1.



Figure 1.

- 4. After you set up its driver completely, insert this product to your laptop.
- 5. The windows system will search the driver, that is in c:\ART\_DRIVER  $\2000\anwi.ini$ .



6. Setup ok , run art.exe test program in c:\v46b6.



See the picture as figure 2.

```
🚾 C:\Senao\v46b6\art.exe
                                                                    - 🗆 ×
                  *
                                AR5001g_cb22g (de-stuffed) |
                  Devlib Revision 4.6 BUILD #6
Devices detected:
  PCI deviceID : 0x0013
                            Sub systemID : 0x1027
  MAC revisionID: 0x56
                            BB revisionID: 0x41
                            RF revisionID: 0x7
  RF productID : 0x1
Using defaults from //depot/sw/branches/ART_U45/bringup/ar5k/config/boss_0013.cf
g#3
Base Addr: 0xFF9F0000 Interrupt: 9
Wireless MAC ADDR: 0x0002_6F20_0B12
______
| Test Harness Main Options:
                                      o - Toggle M(o)de
н
                                      e - Ignore (E)EPROM Calibration
H
                                      c - (C)ontinuous transmit mode
                                      r - Continuous RF (R)eceive mode
H
                                      H
   1 - (L)ink test menu
   t - (T)hroughput test menu
   p - EE(P)ROM function
H
   s - (S)witch test card
H
H
   m - (M)anufacturing/Calibration Test
                                      g - Enable lo(g)ging
                                      u - (U)tility Menu
                                      q = (Q)uit
                                      _____
```

#### Figure 2

6.1 Type "O" : Switch the frequency band which want to test, 11b or 11g frequency. Figure 3

🚾 C.\Senao\w46b6\art.exe	
Operating in 11b at channel 2.412GHz	
l o - Toggle M(o)de	1
<pre>e - Ignore (E)EPROM Calibration</pre>	1
l c - (C)ontinuous transmit mode	ł
<pre>r - Continuous RF (R)eceive mode</pre>	1
l l - (L)ink test menu	1
l t - (T)hroughput test menu	ł
<pre>p - EE(P)ROM function</pre>	1
l s - (S)witch test card	
l m - (M)anufacturing/Calibration Test	
l g - Enable lo(g)ging	
l u - (U)tility Menu	
q - (Q)uit	
operating in ilg at channel 2.4120m2	%
Test Harness Main Options:	:
l o - Toggle M(o)de	1
<pre>e - Ignore (E)EPROM Calibration</pre>	
l c - (C)ontinuous transmit mode	1
<pre>r - Continuous RF (R)eceive mode</pre>	
l l - (L)ink test menu	
l t - (T)hroughput test menu	1
<pre>p - EE(P)ROM function</pre>	
l s - (S)witch test card	
<pre>h m - (M)anufacturing/Calibration Test</pre>	
l g - Enable lo(g)ging	ł
i u - (U)tility Menu	
1 q - (Q)uit	1

Figure 3

6.26.3 Type "c" to set the EUT under continuous TX mode, at this moment you can according the command to control the EUT.

For 11b mode test.

🕰 C:\Senao\w46b6\art.exe	
ł k – Decrease Data Rate	ł
l i - Increase pcdac (I inc by 10)	ł
ł j – Decrease podac (J dec by 10)	1
f - Increase power output by 0.5dBm (F inc by 5dBm)	1
c - Decrease power output by 0.5dBm (C dec by 5dBm)	1
l u - Increase ob by 1 (w - increase b-ob)	ł
h - Increase db by 1 (q - increase b-db)	ł
¦ υ - Toggle power override (ovr)	ł
+ x - Toggle external power	ł
l n - Step xpd gain by 6dB	ł
s - Toggle output mode (tx100   tx99   single carrier)	ł
l a - Toggle antenna	ł
l d - Toggle Data Pattern	ł
l z - Toggle Scramble mode	ł
l 9 - Toggle dynamic optimization	ł
ESC - exit	ł
	===
Operating in 11b at channel 2.412GHz	
Power control mode:	
Target Power = 20.0, ext power detector = 1, xpdGain = 6,	
$ob = 2$ , $db = 2$ , $b_ob = 4$ , $b_db = 4$ ,	
ANT_A, [TX99], Rate = 11 Mbps long, PN9 Gainf = 23 [FG6]	

When the test program is running ,  $\ensuremath{\text{Type}}$  "o" and "k" can change data rate

For 11g mode test.

C:\Senao\w46b6\art.exe	
i - Increase podac (I inc by 10)	-
l j - Decrease podac (J dec by 10)	
f - Increase power output by 0.5dBm (F inc by 5dBm)	
<pre>c - Decrease power output by 0.5dBm (C dec by 5dBm)</pre>	
u - Increase ob by 1 (w - increase b-ob)	
h - Increase db by 1 (q - increase b-db)	
Ι υ - Toggle power override (ovr)	
x - Toggle external power	
l n - Step xpd gain by 6dB	
s - Toggle output mode (tx100   tx99   single carrier)	
l b - Toggle turbo mode	
l a - Toggle antenna	
l d - Toggle Data Pattern	
l z - Toggle Scramble mode	
l 9 - Toggle dynamic optimization	
ESC - exit	
	===
Operating in 11g at channel 2.412GHz	
Power control mode:	
Target Power = 18.0, ext power detector = 1, xpdGain = 6,	
ob = 2, db = 2, b_ob = 3, b_db = 3,	
ANT_A, [TX99], Rate = 6 Mbps, PN9 Gainf = 29 [FG4]	

When the test program is running , Type "o" and "k" can change data rate

6.3 Type "r" at figure 4 for continuous RX

Start\art.exe	_ 8 2
Continuus RF Receive Options p - Increase Center Frequency by 10 MHz (P inc by 100 MHz) 1 - Decrease Center Frequency by 10 MHz (L dec by 100 MHz) i - Increase rx Gain (I inc by 10) j - Decrease rx Gain (J dec by 10) a - Toggle antenna ESC - exit	
Operating in 11b at channel 2.412GHz ANT_A receive Gain set externally	

## Appendix C



## Test Flow chart of WPCA-107AG/WPCA-112AG

T1: RF and function test

## I : block diagram



Manufacturing Test start ...

MACID = 00000000000 Span 66M PPM power=-1.070313 dbm Span 220k PPM power=-2.093750 dbm PPM=4.328727 < PPM test : check the accuracy of RF local signal > Collecting raw data for the adapter for mode 11a Ch1: 5180 --> max pwr is 16.56 dBm Ch4: 5240 --> max pwr is 15.5 dBm Ch5: 5260 --> max pwr is 15.55 dBm Ch8: 5320 --> max pwr is 14.0 dBm Ch9: 5745 --> max pwr is 16.06 dBm Ch11: 5785 --> max pwr is 16.01 dBm Ch13: 5825 --> max pwr is 16.52 dBm Turbo mode: Ch1: 5210 --> max pwr is 15.04 dBm Ch2: 5250 --> max pwr is 16.8 dBm Ch3: 5290 --> max pwr is 14.04 dBm Ch4: 5760 --> max pwr is 16.02 dBm Ch5: 5800 --> max pwr is 16.0 dBm

Collecting raw data for the adapter for mode 11g Ch1: 2412 --> max pwr is 16.5 dBm Ch6: 2437 --> max pwr is 18.0 dBm Ch11: 2462 --> max pwr is 16.0 dBm Turbo mode: Ch6: 2437 --> max pwr is 18.3 dBm

Collecting raw data for the adapter for mode 11b Ch1: 2412 --> max pwr is 18.0 dBm Ch6: 2437 --> max pwr is 18.2 dBm Ch11: 2462 --> max pwr is 18.1 dBm < power calibration for 802.11a, b,g.

#### start Target Power Control Test in 11a mode FREQ 6Mbps 36Mbps 48Mbps 54Mbps Limits:+1.5/-1.5 dB measured/target CH1:5180 16.5/16.56 15.4/15.56 14.3/14.56 13.4/13.56 CH4 :5240 15.4/15.5 14.3/14.5 13.4/13.5 12.4/12.5 CH5:5260 15.5/15.55 14.3/14.55 13.4/13.55 12.5/12.55 CH8 :5320 13.5/14.0 12.6/13.0 11.8/12.0 10.7/11.0 CH9 :5745 15.5/16.06 14.7/15.06 13.7/14.06 12.8/13.06 CH11 :5785 15.8/16.01 14.9/15.01 13.7/14.01 12.8/13.01 CH13 :5825 16.2/16.52 15.3/15.52 14.1/14.52 13.4/13.52 Turbo mode: CH1 :5210 14.8/15.04 13.9/14.04 12.7/13.04 11.9/12.04 CH2:5250 16.5/16.8 15.3/15.8 14.7/14.8 13.5/13.8 CH3 :5290 11.7/12.04 13.8/14.04 12.9/13.04 10.9/11.04 CH4 :5760 15.7/16.02 14.9/15.02 13.7/14.02 12.9/13.02 CH5:5800 15.8/16.0 14.7/15.0 13.7/14.0 12.9/13.0

< target power test : After building calibration information table in EEPROM, The ART verifies the output power followed target power table to check if the calibration information table is correct and meet the tolerance in 802.11A >

## Start Spectral Mask Test in 11a mode

*spec mask – chan165:5825* 

Start Occupied Bandwidth Test Ch38:5180, obw:16.7, margin:1.02 < Occupied bandwidth test : check if OBW can meet TELEC spec. > Start PER and SEN Test in 11a mode FREQ 6Mbps 36Mbps 48Mbps 54Mbps ppm ():RSSI CH1 :5180 PER 100(33) 100(30) 100(29) 100(28) -10 SEN 100(26) 99(26) CH4: 5240 PER SEN CH5:5260 PER SEN CH8: 5320 PER 100(33) 100(31) 100(29) 100(28) -10 100(26) 100(26) SEN CH9: 5745 PER SEN CH11: 5785 PER SEN CH13:5825 PER 100(31) 100(29) 100(28) 100(27) -9 100(27) SEN 99(27) < PER & sensitivity test : In each band , FCC UNII 1, 2,3 and Europe Hyperlan2, select 1 or 2 channel to check PER (Tx RF signal quality) and sensitivity(10% PER) > 96Mbps 108Mbps ppm TURBO MODE TESTING FREQ 12Mbps 72Mbps CH1:5210 PER SEN CH2:5250 PER SEN CH3:5290 PER SEN CH4:5760 PER SEN CH5:5800 PER SEN < PER & sensitivity test of turbo mode: To check PER (Tx RF signal quality) and sensitivity >

start Target Power Control Test in 11g mode FREQ 6Mbps 36Mbps 48Mbps 54Mbps Limits:+1.5/-1.5 dB measured/target CH1 : 2412 16.2/16.5 16.1/16.5 16.3/16.5 16.4/16.5 CH6 : 2437 17.6/18.0 17.7/18.0 17.5/18.0 17.8/18.0 CH11 : 2462 15.6/16.0 15.8/16.0 15.7/16.0 15.9/16.0 Turbo mode: CH6 : 2437 18.1/18.3 17.9/18.3 18.0/18.3 17.8/18.3

< target power test : after building calibration information table in EEPROM, ART would verify the output power follows target power table to check if the calibration

# information table is correct and meet the tolerance in 802.11G > *Start Spectral Mask Test for mode 11g*

#### spec mask - chan:2437

< Spectrum mask test > Start PER and SEN Test in 11g mode FREQ 6Mbps 36Mbps 48Mbps 54Mbps ppm ():RSSI CH1 :2412 PER 100(37) 100(35) 100(33) 100(32) -9 100(26) 100(26) SEN CH6 :2437 PER SEN CH11:2462 PER SEN FREO 12Mbps 72Mbps 96Mbps 108Mbps ppm TURBO MODE TESTING CH6: 2437 PER SEN

< PER & sensitivity test in both normal and turbo mode : To check PER (Tx RF signal quality) and sensitivity(10% PER) >

Start Target Power Control Test in 11b mode FREQ 1Mbps 5.5Mbps(S) 11Mbps(L) 11Mbps(S) Limits:+1.5/-1.5 dB

 measured/target

 CH1: 2412
 17.8/18.0
 17.6/18.0
 17.9/18.0
 17.7/18.0

 CH6: 2437
 18.0/18.2
 17.8/18.2
 17.9/18.2
 17.7/18.2

 CH11: 2462
 17.7/18.1
 17.9/18.1
 18.0/18.1
 17.8/18.1

 < target power test : after building calibration information table in EEPROM, The ART verifies the output power followed target power table to check if the calibration</td>

information table is correct and meet the tolerance in 802.11B > Start Spectral Mask Test for mode 11b

## spec mask - chan:2437

< Spectrum mask test : >

Start PER and SEN Test in 11b mode FREQ 1Mbps 5.5Mbps(S) 11Mbps(L) 11Mbps(S) ():RSSI CH1 :2412 PER SEN CH6 :2437 PER SEN

CH11:2462 PER SEN

< About PER and sensitivity test of 2.4GHz band including 802.11b/g , due to the RF front-end circuit is the same and consider that 11G Tx signal quality is sensitive to output power . So we test CH1 ,CH6, CH11 in 11g PER&SEN test > 00904B774014

Wrote MAC address: 0090:4B77:4014

#### \*\*\*\*\*

*****	Т	EST	OK	****
******				
	* :	* *		
	*	*		
	*	*		
	*	*		
* * *				
Please Pull Out Card				

Press <ESC> key to quit

Input a MAC address : Sub-Conclusion : In some test item , for instance, PER& Sensitivity test, spectrum mask test, we have checked RF performance for each channel and each band in EVT.



## **T3 : Final test**

### I : block diagram

The Block Diagram of Dual band ( 2.4/5 GHz)PC card Final Test System V1.0



When PC card works in NDIS driver, the practical DATA rate (throughput) is about 20 Mbps based on IEEE 802.11a or 11g PPDU frame format. And the throughput really depend on test setup including two antenna coupling angle, polarization ,etc. What solution of AP is also important. The different solution of AP will get different (lower )throughput in both PUSH and PULL mode. By the way,the test environment is in shielding cage. It is a small volume .we have to put test fixture including card reader, two coupling antennae, some RF cable and fixed attenuators inside the shielding cage. they will degrade a little bit throughput because of the effect of multi-path, too. Normally. The throughput we test is around 18~19 Mbps in this environment. It is suitable and appropriate to set limit in 17 Mbps.