

Gemtek Technology Co., Ltd.

# 11Mbps WLAN PC Card

## WL-616R

# **User's Manual**

Version 1.0 – Jun. 20, 2002

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#### Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: To assure continued compliance, (example - use only shielded interface cables when connecting to computer or peripheral devices). Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

#### FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

#### **R&TTE Compliance Statement**

This equipment complies with all the requirements of the DIRECTIVE 1999/5/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL of 9 March 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunication terminal Equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity (R&TTE).

The R&TTE Directive repeals and replaces in the directive 98/13/EEC (Telecommunications Terminal Equipment and Satellite Earth Station Equipment) As of April 8, 2000.

#### Safety

This equipment is designed with the utmost care for the safety of those who install and use it. However, special attention must be paid to the dangers of electric shock and static electricity when working with electrical equipment. All guidelines of this manual and of the computer manufacturer must therefore be allowed at all times to ensure the safe use of the equipment.

#### EU Countries intended for use

The ETSI version of this device is intended for home and office use in Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France(with Frequency channel restrictions), Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

The ETSI version of this device is also authorized for use in EFTA member states Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway and Switzerland.

#### EU Countries Not intended for use

None.

#### Potential restrictive use

France: Only channels 10,11,12, and13

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2. Introduction

Thank you for purchasing your 11Mbps Wireless LAN PC Card. This manual will assist you with the installation procedure.

The package you have received should contain the following items:

- 11Mbps Wireless LAN PC Card
- User's manual
- Quick installation guide
- Diskette or CD containing Wireless LAN Management utility and drivers Note: if anything is missing, please contact your local dealer.

The drivers and the program **Configuration Utility** contained in compact disk(CD) are used for managing the Wireless LAN Card and establishing the wireless connection with your Local Area Network.

### 3. Wireless LAN Basics

Wireless LAN (Local Area Networks) systems offer a great number of advantages over a traditional, wired system. Wireless LANs (WLANs) are more flexible, easier to setup and manage and often more cost effective than their wired equivalence.

Using radio frequency (RF) technology, WLANs transmit and receive data over the air, minimizing the need for wired connections. Thus, WLANs combine data connectivity with user mobility, and, through simplified configuration, enable movable LANs.

With wireless LANs, users can access shared information without looking for a place to plug in and network managers can set up or augment networks without installing or moving wires. Wireless LANs offer the following productivity, convenience and cost advantages over traditional wired networks:

- Mobility Wireless LAN systems can provide LAN users with access to real-time information anywhere in their organization. This mobility supports productivity and service opportunities not possible with wired networks.
- Installation Speed and Simplicity Installing a wireless LAN system can be fast and easy and can eliminate the need to pull cable through walls and ceilings.
- Installation Flexibility Wireless technology allows the network to go where wires cannot go.
- Reduced Cost-of-Ownership While the initial investment required for wireless LAN hardware might be higher than the cost of wired LAN hardware, overall installation expenses and life-cycle costs will be significantly lower. Long-term cost benefits are greatest in dynamic environments requiring frequent moves, adds, and changes.
- Scalability Wireless LAN systems can be configured in a variety of topologies to meet the needs
  of specific applications and installations. Configurations are easily changed and range from peerto-peer networks suitable for a small number of users to full infrastructure networks of thousands
  of users that allows roaming over a broad area.

### 4. Installation for Windows platform

The following section will assist you to in installing wireless LAN Adapter successfully. You will first install software (driver) and then insert the Wireless LAN PC card, and finally set the network properties to accommodate resource sharing and select the type of wireless network that you wish to install. The Wireless LAN can easily be installed and used, without bothering to connect cables for keeping your computer to use network resources, as in case of wired LAN.

### 4.1. Installation Overview

Here are some steps you will perform in establishing your wireless network connection:

- Install the Access Point at first. AP is needed in case of Infrastructure network mode.
- Install the software using the Installation Diskette or CD.
- Install the Wireless LAN Card (WIRELESS LAN 11Mbps PC Card).
- Install the network protocol(s) required to communicate on your network. Most likely you will need the TCP/IP protocol.

### 4.2. Installation Procedure for Windows 95(OSR2) /98

Note: Do not insert the **PCMCIA** card until you are asked to do so, failure of which may result in unsuccessful installation of your **WLAN PC** card

Please follow the following steps one by one in order to install the WLAN PC card successfully.

- 1. Power on your computer and allow Windows 95 (OSR2) / 98 to load fully.
- 2. Be sure that there is no **PCMCIA** adapter inserted yet.
- 3. Insert the given Installation CD in the CD-ROM and then click on the Setup.
- 4. Accept the license agreement.
- 5. Select the **SSID.** Default ESSID is default. You can change this later also using the configuration utility or network configuration. Click on **Next.**
- 6. Select network type and click on Next. Default is Infrastructure.
- 7. Give the path of the destination folder. To set the path of your choice click on **Browse** and then click **Next**.
- 8. Setup will add program icon to the Program Folder. You may type a new folder name, or select one from the existing Folder list.
- It takes a few seconds for copying the utility files and then click on Finish. Then insert Wireless LAN
   11 Mbps PC card into slot and restart PC.
- 10. Restart the PC and Click on the Control Panel and then on PC Card. Check whether it has PCMCIA card in one of the sockets or not. If you find **11Mbps Wireless LAN PC Card** in one of the sockets, it means the card is detected properly.
- 11. Check for the **11Mbps Wireless LAN PC Card** by right clicking on My Computer using the mouse. Select the Device manager and then Network Adapters. If you find the **Yellow (?)** sign on the adapter, it shows the installation is not successful. Select the adapter and click on **Remove**. Restart your computer after uninstalling the driver to make the changes effective. And refer to manual.
- 12. Right click on the **Network Neighborhood** using the mouse.
- 13. Select **Properties** from the pop up menu. The network box appears and you see three main tables: **Configuration**, **Identification**, and **Access Control**.
- 14. Click on the **Configuration** tab and then click on the **Add** button. Select Network Component Type box appears. Click on the **Protocol** the click the **Add** button.
- 15. Select Network Protocols box appears. From the list of manufactures, click on **Microsoft**. From the list of network protocols list, select **NetBEUI**, then click **OK**.

#### Wireless LAN

- 16. The **NetBEUI** protocol is now installed. After clicking on **OK** return back to Network Component Type box.
- 17. Repeat the step 15 and 16 to add IPX/SPX protocol.
- 18. Repeat the step 15 and 16 to add TCP/IP protocol.
- 19. Click on the TCP/IP option for setting the IP address for your computer. You can select either Static or DHCP setting. If you use the static IP setup then enter the IP value, Subnet masking, DNS, Domain/ Workgroup name, and Gateway Address values. After setting these parameter appropriately, click OK to return to Network Component Type and you can select the File and Printer Sharing options as well as the Access to your computer like other users connected to that network by setting the computer sharing options. Click on OK.
- 20. Screen message **do want to restart your Computer** will pop up. Select **Yes**. It will shut down your computer and will restart.

Important: Restart your computer to make the changes effective before you reinstall the driver.

### 4.3. Uninstall Procedure for Windows 95(OSR2) /98

If you want to uninstall the PCMCIA/PCI card under Win 95 (OSR2)/98, click on the **Start** at the left bottom of your screen. Select the **Programs.** Click on the **Wireless LAN 11Mbps PC Card** and click on **Uninstaller.** Confirm message about removing the " **Wireless LAN 11Mbps PC Card** ", click on **Yes** and all of its components appear. UninstallShield removes the software " **Wireless LAN 11Mbps PC Card** " successfully. Click on **OK** to finish the uninstall procedure.

<u>Important</u>: Restart your computer to make the changes effective before you reinstall the driver.

#### Wireless LAN

### 4.4. Installation Procedure for Windows NT4.0

- 1. Power on your computer. Please make sure Windows NT networking is already installed:
- 2. Insert **11Mbps Wireless LAN PC Card** into PC card slot.
- 3. Insert the given Installation CD in the CD-ROM and then click on the Setup.
- 4. Accept the license agreement.
- 5. Select the **SSID.** Default ESSID is default. You can change this later also using the configuration utility or network configuration. Click on **Next.**
- 6. Select network type and click on Next. Default is Infrastructure.
- 7. Give the path of the destination folder. To set the path of your choice click on **Browse** and then click **Next.**
- 8. Setup will add program icon to the Program Folder. You may type a new folder name, or select one from the existing Folder list.
- 9. It takes a few seconds for copying the utility files and then click on Finish.
- **10.** Few seconds later Microsoft TCP/IP properties table pops up, set **Internet protocol (TCP/IP)**, either choose obtain an IP address automatically or set your own IP address. Then click **OK**.
- 11. Restart your Computer

#### Wireless LAN 4.5. Uninstall Procedure for Windows NT4.0

If you want to uninstall the **Wireless LAN 11Mbps PC Card** under Win 2000, click on the **Start** at the left bottom of your screen. Select the **Programs.** Click on the **Uninstaller** of **Wireless LAN 11Mbps PC Card**. Confirm message about removing the "**11Mbps Wireless LAN PC Card**" and all of its components appear. Click on **Yes.** UninstallShield removes the software **successfully.** Click on **OK** to finish the uninstall procedure.

Important: Restart your computer to make the changes effective before you reinstall the driver.

Proceed to chapter 5 for the explanation of the Configuration Utility.

### 4.6. Installation Procedure for Windows 2000 / Windows ME

Note: Do not insert the PC card until you are asked to do so, failure of which may result in unsuccessful installation of your WLAN PC card

Please follow the following steps one by one in order to install the Wireless-LAN 11Mbps PC Card successfully.

- 1. Power on your computer and allow Windows 2000 / ME to load fully.
- 2. Be sure that there is no **PC Card** inserted yet.
- 3. Insert the given Installation CD in the CD-ROM and then click on the Setup.
- 4. Accept the license agreement.
- 5. Select the **SSID.** Default ESSID is default. You can change this later also using the configuration utility or network configuration. Click on **Next.**
- 6. Select network type and click on Next. Default is Infrastructure.
- 7. Give the path of the destination folder. To set the path of your choice click on **Browse** and then click **Next.**
- 8. Setup will add program icon to the Program Folder. You may type a new folder name, or select one from the existing Folder list.
- 9. It takes a few seconds for copying the utility files and then click on Finish.
- Then insert 11Mbps Wireless LAN PC Card into the slot, wizard will found new hardware
   11Mbps Wireless LAN PC Card, click on Next.
- 11. Choose **Display a list of the known drivers for this device so that I can choose a specific driver**, then click on **Next**.
- 12. Select Hardware types Network adapters, click on Next, then one click 11Mbps Wireless LAN PC Card Adapter, click Have disk then enter the path name D:\ (where D is the CD drive of your Notebook PC). It copies the driver files.
- 13. Restart your computer
- 14. Click Control panel System Hardware Device Manager, you will find 11Mbps Wireless LAN PC Card in Network adapters. If you find the Yellow (?) sign on the adapter, it shows the installation is not successful. Select the adapter and click on Remove. Then reinstall from the step #3.
- 15. If your 11Mbps Wireless LAN PC Card is install properly, then right click on the My Network Place using the mouse, click Properties to set up local area connection. own IP address. Then click OK.
- 16. Restart your Computer

### 4.7. Uninstall Procedure for Windows 2000/Windows ME

If you want to uninstall the **Wireless LAN 11Mbps PC Card** under Win 2000, click on the **Start** at the left bottom of your screen. Select the **Programs.** Click on the **Uninstaller** of **Wireless LAN 11Mbps PC Card**. Confirm message about removing the "**11Mbps Wireless LAN PC Card**" and all of its components appear. Click on **Yes.** UninstallShield removes the software **successfully.** Click on **OK** to finish the uninstall procedure.

Important: Restart your computer to make the changes effective before you reinstall the driver.

### 5. Configuration Utility

11Mbps Wireless LAN Wireless LAN adapter uses its own management software. All functions controlled by user are provided by this application. Usually this application starts automatically, Use Start, Programs, 11Mbps Wireless LAN Wireless LAN to start the Manager application.

A new icon - Should appear in your Icon tray. If the icon is in red, it means that 11Mbps Wireless LAN NIC configuration is invalid or incomplete. Sometimes icon can be colored in red. This can happen when driver is in Pseudo BSS mode, and the radio channel, which is used for communication is defined incorrectly.



Figure 1 Icon tray with a new icon

🔛 Wireless LAN 11Mbps PC Card Utility	×
Link Info Configuration Encryption About	
	1
State Associated - BSS ID = 00:00:4C:1C:45:3C	
Current Channel 7 Rescan	
Current Tx Rate 11 Mbits/s	
Throughput (Bytes/sec)	
Tx 0 Rx 1.379	
Link Quality: Excellent (93%)	
Signal Strength: Good (73%)	
OK Cancel Help	

Double clicking on that icon will show you the screen as shown below.

#### Figure 2 Management window with "Status" tab open

User can navigate through "sheets", by clicking or tapping them with a stylus. "OK" button will minimize window, and "Cancel" (or X button) will close application. Here we explain the use and meanings of the various screen messages.

### Link Info

- State

This field is used to display the current state of the driver. When the state is "Associated " means normal flow of operation in Infrastructure mode. The PC is connected to access point. BSSID is shown in the form of hex digits. Networking is available.

A state of "Scanning" means that the node is searching for available access point and can not detect the SSID for an access point within range.

This field will also display an error message if for some reason the driver failed to initialize.

- Rescan

Pressing the rescan button causes the driver to restart and begin its Connection Procedure. The connection procedure differs depending on the Mode of the driver.

Infrastructure Mode - The driver will scan all available channels continuously until it finds one or more Access Points that matches its SS ID. At that point it will try and authenticate and associate with the Access Point.

**802.11**Ad Hoc Mode - The driver will scan for 5 seconds looking for an existing 802.11Ad Hoc network using the same SS ID. If one is not found the driver will start its own 802.11Ad Hoc network.

- Current Channel and TX Rate

Shows the channel of the radio and transmit rate are being currently used for an active connection. This value has no meaning when the radio is "Scanning"

- Throughput

These two fields display the instantaneous wireless Receive and Transmit throughput displayed in bytes per second. These values are updated every two seconds.

- Link Quality

The Link Quality bar graph is only active when the node is in Infrastructure Mode. The bar graph displays the quality of the link between the node and its Access Point. A label summarizes the quality of the link over the bar graph, which can take on one of the following values:

"Poor" "Weak" "Fair" "Good" "Excellent" The driver will start looking for a better Access Point if the Link Quality becomes "Poor". Link Quality is a measure of receives and transmits errors over the radio.

- Signal Strength

The Signal Strength bar graph is only active when the node is in Infrastructure Mode. The bar graph displays normalized signal strength as reported by the radio, averaged over all frames over 100 bytes long that are received from the Access Point.

### "CONFIGURATION" tab

The Configuration Tab contains several fields where operating parameters of the driver can be viewed or changed. Changes to any of the parameters in this panel can be applied to the driver without the need to reboot the PC.

🔛 Wireless LAN 11Mbps PC Card Utility 📃 👂
Link Info Configuration Encryption About
Mode Infrastructure
SSID any
Tx Rate Fully Automatic 💌
PS Mode Disabled
Channel 🗾
Restore Defaults Undo Changes Apply Changes
OK Cancel Help

Figure 4 Management window with "CONFIGURATION" tab open

- **Restore Defaults**:Pressing this button restores each field in the panel to its default value. The Apply Changes button or OK must be pressed before the default values are saved to the driver and registry.
- **Undo Changes**: Pressing this button reverts all fields in the panel back to their original values that were present when the Configuration Utility was opened from the Task Bar.
- **Apply Changes**: This button becomes active only when one of the fields has been modified. Pressing this button applies the changed values to the driver and saves them to the registry for the next time the PC boots up.

#### Mode

This field allows you to select from a list of supported Network "Modes". The modes displayed will have three values: "802.11Ad Hoc", and "Infrastructure".

**802.11 Ad Hoc** - This is the 802.11 peer-to-peer mode of operation. In 802.11Ad Hoc only one wireless "cell" is supported for each different SSID. All communication is done from Client to Client without the use of an Access Point. 802.11 Ad Hoc networking use the same SSID for establishing the wireless connection.

- **Infrastructure** This mode of operation requires the presence of an 802.11 Access Point. All communication is done via the Access Point, which relays packets to other wireless Clients in the BSS as well as to nodes on a wired network such as Ethernet.
- **TX Rate** The transmission rate at which the data packets are transmitted by client of AP. You can set this to fixed 1Mbps, fixed 2 Mbps, fixed 5.5 Mbps or 11 Mbps.

**PS Mode -** Power saving mode.

"ENCRYPTION" tab
Wireless LAN 11Mbps PC Card Utility
Link Info Configuration Encryption About
Your encryption settings must match those of your network, or your computer will be unable to communicate.
Encryption (WEP) 64 Bit
WEP Key Entry     Create with Passphrase
Passphrase
Manual Entry
Key 1 × × × × × ×
Key 2 xx xx xx xx
Key 3 ×× ×× ×× ××
Key 4 ** ** ** **
Default Tx Key 🛛 🔽
Apply
OK Cancel Help

Figure 5 Management window with "Encryption" tab open

You may desire an additional measure of security on your wireless network, which can be achieved by using WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) encryption. WEP encrypts each frame transmitted from the radio using one of the Keys entered from this panel.

When an encrypted frame is received it will only be accepted if it decrypts correctly. This will only happen if the receiver has the WEP Key used by the transmitter.

This panel allows the entry of four keys for 64-bit encryption and one set of 128-bit key according to WEP function select. To be written to the driver and registry, each key must consists of hex digits which means that only digit 0-9 and letters A-F are valid entries. If entered incorrectly program will not write keys to a driver.

Alternatively a Pass-phrase can be entered which is used as a "seed" to randomly generate the four keys. This saves considerable time since the same keys must be entered into each node on the wireless network.

#### - Key 1 – Key 4

These four fields can be used to manually enter the keys. This may be necessary if you wish this node to match keys in a different vendor's product. These fields also display the keys when they are generated using a Pass-phrase.

#### - Default Tx Key

This button updates the driver with the four keys displayed in Key1 through Key4. The keys are also written to the registry for permanent storage. For 128 bit encryption, this button will be invisible.

#### - Apply

This button updates the driver with the four keys displayed in Key field. The keys are also written to the registry for permanent storage. This button clears all the bytes in the four keys, useful when manually entering and you wish to start over.

### "ABOUT" tab

🛄 Wireless LAN 11Mbps PC Card Utility 🛛 🔀			
Link Info Configuration Encryption About			
Intersil PRISM 802.11 Wireless LAN			
Product Version: 1.50			
Version: 0.30.01.5 Date: Apr 06, 2001			
Driver: Intersil PRISM2.5 PCMCIA Adapter			
Configuration Utility			
Version: 4.06.4.13 Date: Mar 22, 2001			
NIC Firmware			
Version: 01.00.00.00			
(C) 2000 Intersil Corporation			
OK Cancel Help			

Figure 6 Management window with "ABOUT" tab open

About tab shows the product version including the detail of Driver, Configuration Utility, and NIC firmware version. Users must use this version number when reporting their problems to tech support.

#### Wireless LAN 6. Troubleshooting

To make the installation of Wireless LAN Card more users friendly, we have suggested following the installation steps one by one as listed in the section 4 and section 5. Still you encounter some problems while installing the WLAN Card or you want to confirm whether your card is installed properly or not, we have listed the procedure for checking the various components after you have installed the card. In first part of **Troubleshooting**, we have suggested the users to check the various properties of the card to check the proper installation. In second section, we have listed the various problems that you may encounter during the installation and have also listed the possible solution. Check the first part to guess the probable reason of unsuccessful installation.

# Procedure to Check the Various Properties of Card after Installation under Windows 95 (OSR2)/98:

Please check the followings if you encounter some problem while installing the PC card or your PC card is non-functional.

- Click on the Control Panel and then on PC Card. Check whether it has 11Mbps Wireless LAN PC Card in one of the sockets or not. If you find 11Mbps Wireless LAN PC Card in one of the sockets, it means the card is detected properly. If you see the Yellow sign of questionmark (?), the resources are conflicting.
- 2. Right click on My Computer and the select Properties. Select the Device Manager and click on the Network Adapter. You will find 11Mbps Wireless LAN PC Card if it is installed successfully. If you see the Yellow sign the resources are conflicting. Click on PCMCIA Card and then on PCMCIA Card Service, you can see the status of PCMCIA card. If there are yellow sip either on adapter or PCMCIA card, please check the followings.
  - 1. Check if your Notebook supports **3.3V** Card.
  - Check if your Notebook has a free IRQ. If not, make an IRQ free by assigning the same IRQ to some devices, for example COM 1, COM 2 can be assigned same IRQ values.
  - 3. Check that you have inserted the right card and have installed the proper driver.

#### For the Card under Windows NT:

Please check the followings if you encounter some problem while installing the PCMCIA card or your PCMCIA card is non-functional.

- 1. Check the **Windows NT Diagnostics.** You should find out whether there is any conflict in the **resource** allocation or the I/O **address, IRQ** allocations. If you find that the **IRQ** or I/O addresses are already assigned to some other devices, you must change that value. I/O address needs 40h byte length.
- Click on the Control panel. Double click on the PC Card, you will see Wireless 11mbps WLAN Card. Double clicking on that will show you the Card Information, driver name and the driver file. You must confirm the name of the driver and the driver file as "cw10" and "cw10.sys". If you do not find the names as we listed before, there are some problems and the driver is not installed properly. Reinstall the driver.

Note: Check the PnP BIOS setup menu and select no in case of the Wireless LAN

Card installation.

### 7. Technical specifications of Wireless LAN

#### Hardware compatibility

- IBM-compatible computer with a PC Card Type II

#### **Driver support**

- Windows 95 OSR2
- Windows 98
- Windows 2000
- WindowsME
- Windows NT 4.0 and higher

#### Standards supported

- IEEE 802.11 standard for Wireless LAN
- All major networking standards (including TCP/IP, IPX)

#### Environmental

Operating temperature (ambient):

- -10°C to 50°C (Operating),-20 to 70°C (Storage)
- Max . Humidity:95% Non-condensing

#### Power specifications

Operating voltage:

- +5 V ,+3.3V DC ±5%
- Nominal Temp Range: 19 dBm
- Extended Temp Range: 18 dBm min.
- Transmit Power, 2.7v to 3v: 17 dBm min.

#### Radio specifications

#### Range:

- per cell indoors approx. 35-100 meters or more
- per cell outdoors up to 100-300 meters

#### Frequency range:

- 2.4-2.4835 GHz, direct sequence spread spectrum

#### Number of Channels:

- Europe: 13 (3 non-overlapping)
- US: 11 (3 non-overlapping)
- France: 4 (1 non-overlapping)
- Japan: 14 (4 non-overlapping)

#### Wireless LAN

Antenna system:

- External monopole/dipole antenna supporting diversity.

Mobility:

- Seamless roaming across cell boundaries with handover

#### **Specific features**

Supported bit rates:

- 11 Mbps
- 5.5 Mbps
- 1 Mbps
- 2 Mbps

Data encryption:

- 64 /128 bit WEP Encryption

Utility Software:

- Management utility software

#### **Physical Dimensions**

- Extended type-II PC Card 88.5 x 54 x 5 mm

#### Wireless LAN

This device is intended only for OEM integrators under the following conditions:

The antenna must be installed such that 20 cm is maintained between the antenna and users, and
 The transmitter module may not be co-located with any other transmitter or antenna.

As long as the 2 conditions above are met, further <u>transmitter</u> testing will not be required. However, the OEM integrator is still responsible for testing their end-product for any additional compliance requirements required with this module installed (for example, digital device emissions, PC peripheral requirements, etc.).

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** In the event that these conditions <u>can not be met</u> (for example certain laptop configurations or co-location with another transmitter), then the FCC authorization is no longer considered valid and the FCC ID <u>can not</u> be used on the final product. In these circumstances, the OEM integrator will be responsible for re-evaluating the end product (including the transmitter) and Obtaining a separate FCC authorization.

#### End Product Labelling

This transmitter module is authorized only for use in devices where the antenna may be installed such that 20 cm may be maintained between the antenna and users (for example access points, routers, wireless ASDL modems, and similar equipment). The final end product must be labeled in a visible area with the following: "Contains TX FCC ID: MXF-C910530".

#### Manual Information That Must be Included

The users manual for end users must include the following information in a prominent location " IMPORTANT NOTE: To comply with FCC RF exposure compliance requirements, the antenna used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter."