Uni-Art Precise Products Ltd.

Application
For
Certification
(FCC ID: MVARS970-001R)

Superheterodyne Receiver

WO# 9811025 CKL/at January 25, 1999

- The test results reported in this test report shall refer only to the sample actually tested and shall not refer or be deemed to refer to bulk from which such a sample may be said to have been obtained.
- This report shall not be reproduced except in full without prior authorization from Intertek Testing Services Hong Kong Limited

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MEASUREMENT/TECHNICAL REPORT

Uni-Art Precise Products Ltd. - MODEL: JVC HA-W300RF FCC ID: MVARS970-001R

| This report concerns (check one:) Original O | Grant <u>X</u> | Class II Char | nge |
|--|------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| Equipment Type: Superheterodyne Receiver (exam | ple: computer, | printer, modem | , etc.) |
| | | Deferred | _ |
| requested per 47 CFR 0.457(d)(1)(ii)? | Yes | - | No_X |
| | If yes, o | defer until: | date |
| Company Name agrees to notify the Commission b | y:dat | <u> </u> | |
| | | | |
| of the intended date of announcement of the produdate. | ct so that the g | grant can be issu | ed on that |
| • | ct so that the g | | No_X |
| date. | Yes | | No <u>X</u> |

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List of attached file

| Exhibit type | File Description | filename | |
|-------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Cover Letter | Letter of Agency | letter.pdf | |
| Test Report | Test Report | report.doc | |
| Test Setup Photo | Radiated Emission | radiated.jpg | |
| External Photo | External Photo | ophoto1.jpg, ophoto2.jpg | |
| Internal Photo | Internal Photo | iphoto1.jpg to iphoto6.jpg | |
| Block Diagram | Block Diagram | block.pdf | |
| Schematics | Circuit Diagram | circuit.pdf | |
| ID Label/Location | Label Artwork and Location | label.pdf | |
| User Manual | User Manual | manual.pdf | |

EXHIBIT 1

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.0 **General Description**

1.1 Product Description

The equipment under test (EUT) is a receiver portion of a cordless headphone system operating at 911.7 - 913.3 MHz. The EUT is powered by two 1.2V rechargeable batteries. Once it is turned on, it receives the RF audio signal which is transmitted from the transmitter portion of the cordless headphone system. There are two knob on the EUT which is used to tune the operating frequency and volume control.

The brief circuit description is attached in the following pages.

- IC₁ and associated circuit act as RF amplifier, mixer and local oscillator.
- IC₂, VR₂ and associated circuit act as regulator.
- IC₃ and associated circuit act as audio amplifier.

The following is contained in the UHF module:

- L_{101} , C_{101} , L_{102} and L_{102} and C_{102} act as an RF input network.
- Q_{101} and the associated circuit act as an UHF pre-amplifier.
- Q₁₀₃ and associated circuit act as a local oscillator.
- Q₁₀₂ and associated circuit act as mixer.
- L_{105} , C_{108} , C_{109} act as bandpass filter.

1.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is an application for Certification of a receiver. The FCC ID for the transmitter associated with this receiver is MVARS970-001T and has been filed at the same time as this application.

1.3 Test Methodology

Radiated emission measurements was performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 (1992). All radiated measurements were performed in an Open Area Test Site. Preliminary scans were performed in the Open Area Test Site only to determine worst case modes. For each scan, the procedure for maximizing emissions in Appendices D and E were followed. All radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "**Justification Section**" of this Application.

1.4 Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data is located at Garment Centre, 576 Castle Peak Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong. This test facility and site measurement data have been placed on file with the FCC.

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EXHIBIT 2

SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

2.0 **System Test Configuration**

2.1 Justification

The system was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it), and in the confines as outlined in ANSI C63.4 (1992).

For maximizing emissions, the EUT was rotated through 360°, the antenna height was varied from 1 meter to 4 meters above the ground plane, and the antenna polarization was changed. This step by step procedure for maximizing emissions led to the data reported in Exhibit 3.0.

The unit was operated standalone and placed in the center of the turntable.

The device was powered from two 1.2V rechargeable batteries.

The equipment under test (EUT) was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT was mounted to a cardboard box, which enabled the engineer to maximize emissions through its placement in the three orthogonal axes.

2.2 EUT Exercising Software

There was no special software to exercise the device. Once the unit is powered up, it received continuously.

2.3 Support Equipment List and Description

This product was tested in standalone configuration.

2.4 Equipment Modification

Any modifications installed previous to testing by Uni-Art Precise Products Ltd. will be incorporated in each production model sold/leased in the United States.

No modifications were installed by Intertek Testing Services.

2.5 Special Accessories

There are no special accessories necessary for compliance of this product.

Confirmed by:

K. W. Lam
Technical Manager - Home Entertainment Electronics
Intertek Testing Services
Hong Kong Ltd.
Agent for Uni-Art Precise Products Ltd.

Signature

<u>July 6, 2001</u> Date

EXHIBIT 3

EMISSION RESULTS

3.0 **Emission Results**

Data is included of the worst case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

3.1 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$FS = RA + AF + CF - AG$$

where $FS = Field Strength in dB\mu V/m$

RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in $dB\mu V$

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB

AF = Antenna Factor in dB

AG = Amplifier Gain in dB

In the following table(s), the reading shown on the data table reflects the preamplifier gain. An example for the calculations in the following table is as follows:

$$FS = RR + LF$$

where $FS = Field Strength in dB\mu V/m$

 $RR = RA - AG \text{ in } dB\mu V$ LF = CF + AF in dB

Assume a receiver reading of 52.0 dB μ V is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB are added. The amplifier gain of 29 dB is subtracted, giving a field strength of 32 dB μ V/m. This value in dB μ V/m was converted to its corresponding level in μ V/m.

 $RA = 52.0 \, dB\mu V/m$

 $AF = 7.4 \text{ dB} \qquad \qquad RR = 23.0 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$ $CF = 1.6 \text{ dB} \qquad \qquad LF = 9.0 \text{ dB}$

AG = 29.0 dB

FS = RR + LF

 $FS = 23 + 9 = 32 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$

Level in mV/m = Common Antilogarithm [$(32 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m})/20$] = 39.8 $\mu\text{V/m}$

3.2 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

Worst Case Radiated Emission

Front View

at 967.50 MHz

For electronic filing, the worst case radiated emission configuration photograph is saved with filename: radiated.jpg

3.3 Radiated Emission Data

The data on the following page lists the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance. Numbers with a minus sign are below the limit.

Judgement: Passed by 12.6 dB

*All readings are peak unless stated otherwise

| IESI PERSONNEL: |
|---|
| Dem |
| Signature |
| Kenneth H. M. Lam, Compliance Engineer Typed/Printed Name |
| <u>July 6, 2001</u> Date |

Company: Uni-Art Precise Products Ltd.

Date of Test: January 12, 1999

Model: JVC HA-W300RF

Table 1
FCC Class B Radiated Emissions

| | Frequency | Reading | Antenna | Pre-Amp | Net | Limit | Margin |
|----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|---------------|---------------|--------|
| Polarity | | | Factor | Gain | at 3m | at 3m | |
| | (MHz) | (dBµV) | (dB) | (dB) | $(dB\mu V/m)$ | $(dB\mu V/m)$ | (dB) |
| V | 967.500 | 24.4 | 33 | 16 | 41.4 | 54 | -12.6 |
| V | 974.400 | 23.6 | 33 | 16 | 40.6 | 54 | -13.4 |

NOTES: 1. Negative sign in the column shows value below limit.

2. Peak Detector Data.

3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3-meter distances were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.

Test Engineer: Kenneth H. M. Lam

EXHIBIT 4

EQUIPMENT PHOTOGRAPHS

4.0 **Equipment Photographs**

For electronic filing, the photographs are saved with filename: ophoto1.jpg to ophoto2.jpg and iphoto1.jpg to iphoto6.jpg.

EXHIBIT 5

PRODUCT LABELLING

5.0 **Product Labelling**

For electronic filing, the FCC ID label artwork and the label location are saved with filename: label.pdf

EXHIBIT 6

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

6.0 **Technical Specifications**

For electronic filing, the block diagram and schematics are saved with the filenames: block.pdf and circuit.pdf respectively.

EXHIBIT 7

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

7.0 <u>Instruction Manual</u>

For electronic filing, a preliminary copy of the instruction manual is saved with filename: manual.pdf. And the FCC information to user can be found in page 2 of this manual.

This manual will be provided to the end-user with each unit sold/leased in the United States.

EXHIBIT 8

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

8.0 <u>Miscellaneous Information</u>

This miscellaneous information includes details of the stabilizing process (including a plot of the stabilized waveform), the test procedure and calculation of factors such as pulse desensitization and averaging factor.

8.1 Stabilization Waveform

Previous to the testing, the superheterodyne receiver was stabilized as outlined in the test procedure. The plot saved on the filename: bw.pdf shows the fundamental emission when a signal generator was used to stabilize the receiver. Please note that the antenna was placed as close as possible to the EUT for clear demonstration of the waveform and that accurate readings are not possible from this plot.

8.2 Discussion of Pulse Desensitization

The determination of pulse desensitivity was made in accordance with Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2, *Spectrum Analysis ... Pulsed RF*.

This device is a superheterodyne receiver. The stabilized signals are continuous, and no desensitization of the measurement equipment occurs.

8.3 Calculation of Average Factor

The emission limits are specified using spectrum analyzers or receivers which incorporate quasi-peak detectors. Typical measurements are made using peak detectors, however, emissions which approach the respective emission limit are measured using a quasi-peak detector.

For measurements above 1 GHz, spectrum analyzers or receivers using average detectors are employed, or the appropriate average factor can be applied.

Measurements using spectrum analyzers with filters other than peak detectors are recorded in the data table section of this report.

This device is a superheterodyne receiver.

It is not necessary to apply average factor to the measurement results.

8.4 Emissions Test Procedures

The following is a description of the test procedure used by Intertek Testing Services Hong Kong Ltd. in the measurements of superhetrodyne receivers operating under the Part 15, Subpart B rules.

The equipment under test (EUT) is attached to a cardboard box and placed on a wooden turntable which is four feet in diameter and approximately one meter in height above the groundplane. During the radiated emissions test, the turntable is rotated and any cables leaving the EUT are manipulated to find the configuration resulting in maximum emissions. The cardboard box is adjusted through all three orthogonal axis to obtain maximum emission levels. The antenna height and polarization are also varied during the testing to search for maximum signal levels. The height of the antenna is varied from one to four meters.

Detector function for radiated emissions is in peak mode. Average readings, when required, are taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings. A detailed description for the calculation of the average factor can be found in Exhibit 8.3.

The frequency range scanned is from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 GHz, whichever is lower. For line conducted emissions, the range scanned is 450 kHz to 30 MHz.

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8.4 Emissions Test Procedures (cont)

The EUT is warmed up for 15 minutes prior to the test.

AC power to the unit is varied from 85% to 115% nominal and variation in the fundamental emission field strength is recorded. If battery powered, a new, fully charged battery is used.

Conducted measurements were made as described in ANSI C63.4 - 1992.

The IF bandwidth used for measurement of radiated signal strength was 100 kHz or greater below 1000 MHz. Where pulsed transmissions of short enough pulse duration warrant, a greater bandwidth is selected according to the recommendations of Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2. A discussion of whether pulse desensitivity is applicable to this unit is included in this report (See Exhibit 8.2). Above 1000 MHz, a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz is used.

Measurements are normally conducted at a measurement distance of three meters. All measurements are extrapolated to three meters using inverse scaling, unless otherwise reported. Measurements taken at a closer distance are so marked.

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