APPENDIX 1 - RADIATED MEASUREMENTS AT A BANDEDGE

Scope

This report contains the results of the Band-edge testing performed on the Fujitsu PC Corp. model: PFCWL01. The tests were carried out in accordance with FCC CFR 15.247(c).

Applicable References

- 1. FCC CFR 15.247(c).
- 2. ANSI C63.4-1992.
- 3. "RADIATED MEASUREMENTS AT A BANDEDGE" by FCC

FCC Requirements

Band-edge radiated emission measurements may be necessary to demonstrate compliance with radiated emission limits in Sections 15.249(c) or 15.205 when a restricted band is located adjacent to a 15.247 band (e.g., the restricted band beginning at 2483.5 MHz).

Test Equipment

Test Equipment	Manufacturer/ Model	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date	
EMI Receiver	R&S / ESMI-RF	849937/006	03/01/01	03/01/02	
EMI Receiver	R&S / ESAI-D	825035/005	03/01/01	03/01/02	
Horn Antenna	EMCO / 3115 w/ Miteq Amp	001	10/28/00	10/28/01	
Horn Antenna	EMCO / 3116 w/ Miteq Amp	002	10/28/00	10/28/01	

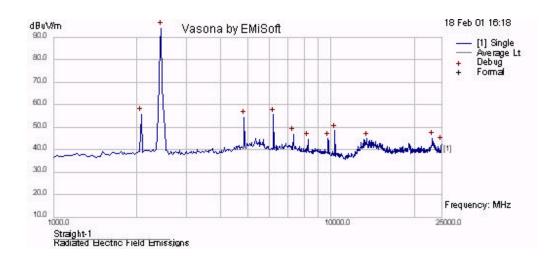
Method of Measurement

- 1. Perform an in-band field strength measurement of the fundamental emission using the RBW and detector function required by C63.4. For transmitters operating above 1 GHz, use a 1 MHz RBW and a peak detector (as required by Section 15.35). Repeat the measurement with an average detector (i.e., 1 MHz RBW with 10 Hz video bandwidth).
- 2. Set the analyzer RBW to 1% of the total span, but never use a RBW less than 30 kHz. Use a video bandwidth equal to or greater than the RBW. Record the peak levels of the fundamental emission and the relevant band-edge emission (i.e., run several sweeps in peak hold mode).

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- Observe the stored trace and measure the amplitude delta between the peak of the fundamental and the peak of the band-edge emission.
- 3. Subtract the delta measured in (2) from the field strengths measured in (1). The resultant field strengths (CISPR QP, average, or peak, as appropriate) are then used to determine band-edge compliance as required by CFR 15.205.
- 4. Use the above "delta" measurement technique for measuring emissions that are up to two "standard" bandwidths away from the band-edge, where a "standard" bandwidth is the bandwidth specified by C63.4 for the frequency being measured. For example, for band-edge measurements in the restricted band that begins at 2483.5 MHz, C63.4 specifies a measurement bandwidth of at least 1 MHz.

Plot



Test Results:

Freq.	RAW Reading	Correction Factors	Polar.	Detector	Field Strength	Margin	Notes		
(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(V/H)	(Peak/Ave)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)			
Low Channel									
4804.00	29.47	15.96	Н	Ave	45.44	-8.56	RB		
4804.01	33.56	15.96	V	Ave	49.53	-4.47	RB		
7205.99	21.89	23.17	Н	Peak	48.13	-22.14	NRB		
7206.00	23.38	23.17	>	Peak	46.55	-23.72	NRB		
9645.7	<20.00	-	>	Peak	-	-	NRB		
Mid Channel									
4880.05	34.07	15.56	Н	Ave	49.63	-4.37	RB		
7320.1	28.32	22.50	Н	Ave	50.82	-3.18	RB		
9760.00	<20.00	-	Н	Peak	-	-	NRB		
12202.13	<20.00	-	Н	Peak	-	-	RB		
High Channel									
4960.02	33.63	16.21	Н	Ave	49.84	-4.16	RB		
7440.05	26.50	23.70	Н	Ave	50.2	-3.80	RB		
9920.10	< 30.00	-	Н	Peak	-	-	NRB		
12399.98	< 30.00	-	Н	Peak	-	-	NRB		

Legends:

NRB = Non Restricted Band, Limits should be 20 dB below the Operating Frequency.

RB = Frequency within the Restricted Bands according to CFR15.205, Limits shall comply with CFR15.209. In this case the limit is 500uV/m (54dBuV/m).

Notes:

- 1. An EMI receiver peak scan is made from 1 25 GHz frequency range using RBW/VBW = 100kHz.
- 2. Average measurements above 1 GHz are using RBW= 1 MHz, VBW = 10 Hz.
- 3. During this test EUT is manipulated through typical positions, polarity and length, the worst case emissions are reported above.