

RF Exposure

FCC ID: MTD-0009

1.0 INTRODUCTION

These calculations are based on the highest EIRP possible from the EUT considering maximum power and antenna gain. The highest output power of the EUT is 2.56 mW and the gain of the antenna is 0 dBi.

The duty cycle of the EUT is 0.2 %, therefore, the average power is 0.005 mW.

The calculations are based on 1 % duty cycle to show a worst case.

1.0 SAR EXCLUSION RESULT

In accordance with FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 V05R06 Clause 4.3.1 a),

The 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power, mW}) / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})] \times [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g extremity SAR, where
 · $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

MHz	Max Power dBm	Tune up tolerance dB	Max Ant Gain dBi	Duty Cycle %	EIRP mW	Min Sep mm	SAR Exc Threshold 4.3.1 a)	Limit 1-g	Result
2402	3.9	1.0	0	1.0	0.031	5	0.0095	3.0	Exempt
2426	4.1	1.0	0	1.0	0.032	5	0.0100	3.0	Exempt
2480	3.7	1.0	0	1.0	0.030	5	0.0094	3.0	Exempt

Judgement: The product is exempt from SAR testing

2.0 MPE CALCULATION FROM OET 65 & FCC 1.1310

MHz	Max Power dBm	Tune up Tolerance dB	Max Ant Gain dBi	Duty Cycle %	EIRP mWatts	(S) GP Limit mW/cm ²	Declared Minimum separation Distance (cm)	EUT power Density mW/cm ²	Result
2402	3.9	1.0	0	1.0	0.0306	1.000	0.500	0.0097	Pass
2426	4.1	1.0	0	1.0	0.0322	1.000	0.500	0.0103	Pass
2480	3.7	1.0	0	1.0	0.0297	1.000	0.500	0.0095	Pass

Notes on the above table:

In accordance with OET 65, 97-01, Power Density is calculated by

$$S = P \cdot G / (4 \cdot \pi \cdot R^2)$$

Where

S = power density (mW/cm²)

P = power input to the antenna (mW)

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (cm)

S is the power density General Population Limit from FCC 1.1310 Table 1

EIRP Power is the Peak Effective Radiated Power.

$$\text{EIRP} = (\text{Average Conducted Power} + \text{Antenna gain}) \cdot \text{Duty Cycle.}$$

Since the calculated power density is less than the limit, this product fully meets the OET 65 requirements for the general population.