Measurement of Maximum Permissible Exposure

1. Foreword

In adopt with the Human Exposure IEEE C95.1, and according to the FCC 1.1310. The Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) is obligated to measure in order to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body.

The Gain of the antenna used is measured in an Anechoic chamber. The maximum total power to the antenna is to be recorded. By adopting the Friis Transmission Formula and the power gain of the antenna, we can find the distance right away from the product, where the limit of the MPE is.

2. Description of EUT

FCC ID MSQWL500GD

Product name : Wireless Router

Model WL-500G Deluxe

Classification Mobile Device

(i) Under normal use condition, the antenna is at least 20cm

away from the user;

(ii) Warning statement for keeping 20cm separation distance and the prohibition of operating next to the person has been

printed in the user's manual

Frequency Range 2.412 GHz ~ 2.462GHz

Supported Channel: 11 Channels

Modulation Skill DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK, OFDM

Power Type Powered by the Switching adapter,

Mfg.: DVE

Model: DSA-0101F-05 A

I/P: 100-240VAC, 50/60Hz, 0.3A, 30VA

O/P: +5VDC, 2.0A

3. Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Filed Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm2)	Averaging Time $ E ^2, H ^2 \text{ or } S$ (minutes)				
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure								
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	100	6				
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	$900/f^{2}$	6				
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6				
300-1500			f/300	6				
1500-100,000			5	6				
(B) Limits for Gene	eral Population/Unco	ontrolled Exposure						
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	100	30				
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	$180/f^2$	30				
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30				
300-1500			f/1500	30				
1500-100,000			1.0	30				

[The EUT is tested in transmit and receive modes and in the first, middle and the last channel separately. The following shows only our observation have the greatest emissions.]

According to OET BULLETIN 56 Fourth Edition/August 1999, Equation for Predicting RF Fields:

Friis Transmission Formula:
$$S = \frac{PG}{4pR^2} = \frac{113.5011 \times 1.5136}{4p(20)^2} = 0.0342 mW/cm^2$$

Estimated safe separation: $R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4p}} = \sqrt{\frac{113.501 \times 1.5136}{4p}} = 3.697 cm$

Remarks: "The safe estimated separation that the user must maintain from the antenna is at least 3.697 cm."

Where: S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm2)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW)

 $G = power\ gain$ of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

The *Numeric gain G* of antenna with a gain specified in dB is determined by:

$$G = Log^{-1} (dB \text{ antenna gain } / 10)$$

$$G = Log^{-1} (1.8 / 10) = 1.5136$$

Measurement of Maximum Permissible Exposure	3/3
A 1 :	
Appendix	
Antenna Specification	



WHA YU INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. (HEAD OFFICE)
TAI HWA ELECTRONIC CO., LTD.(CHINA)
SHANGHAI HUA YU ELECTRONIC CO., LTD.(CHINA)
AEON TECH CO., LTD. (CHINA)

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

CUSTOMER: 華碩科技股份有限公司

PART NAME: RF Antenna Assembly

PART NO.: REVISION:

W. Y. P/NO.: C660-510003-A REV.: X1

	MANUFACTURER SIGNATURE	CUSTOMER SIGNATURE
APPROVED BY:	Winnstom	
DATE :	7/20/17	

WHA YU GROUP

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蘇州華廣電通有限公司

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RF Antenna Cable Assembly

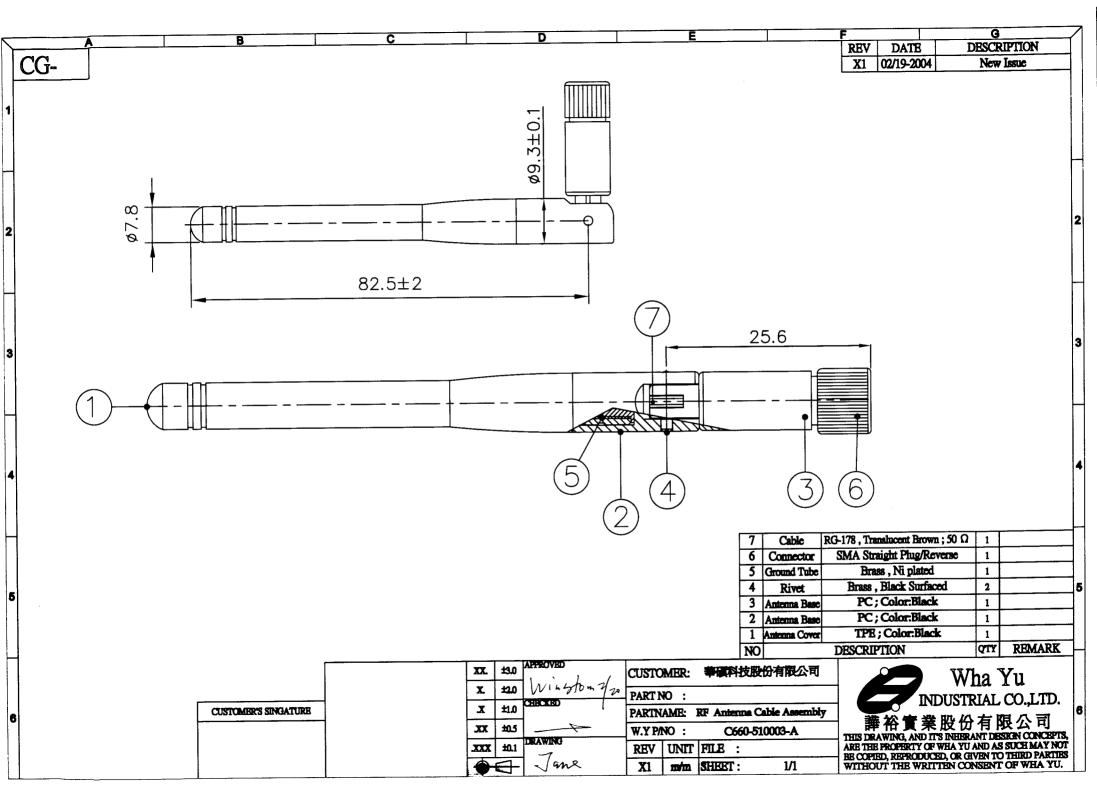
Specification

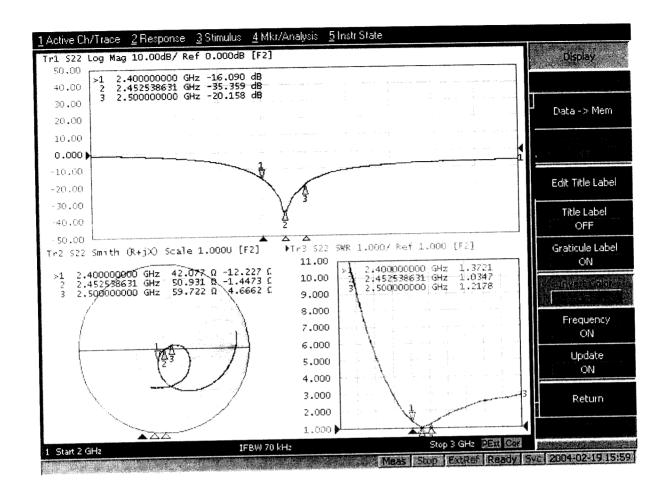
1. Electrical Properties:

1.1 Freque	ncy Rang	$2.4GHz \sim 2.5GHz$
	nce	
1.4 Return	Loss	-10dB Maximum
	cal Wave	
	ed Power	

2. Physical Properties:

2.1 Cable	RG-178 Cable
2.2 Antenna Cover	TPE
2.3 Antenna Base	. PC
2.4 Operating Temp	-20°C ~+65°C
2.5 Storage Temp	-30°C ~+75°C
2.6 Color	
2.7 Connector	SMA Plug Reverse

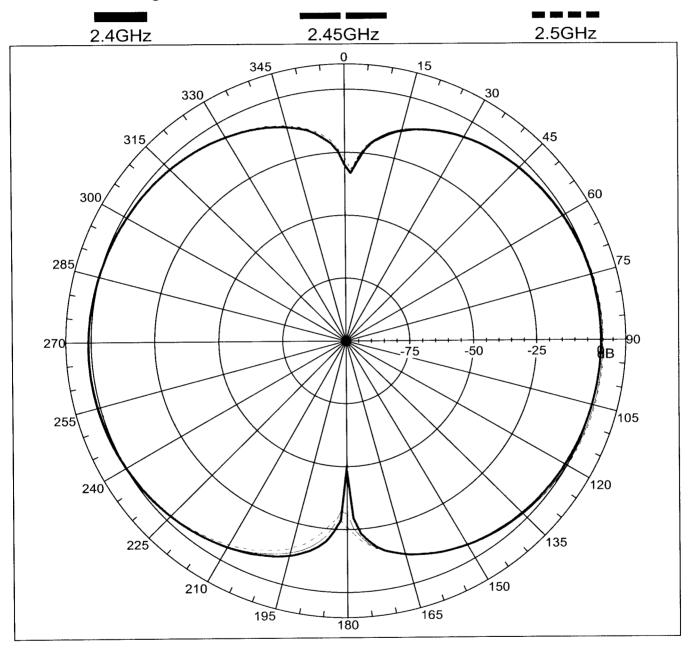






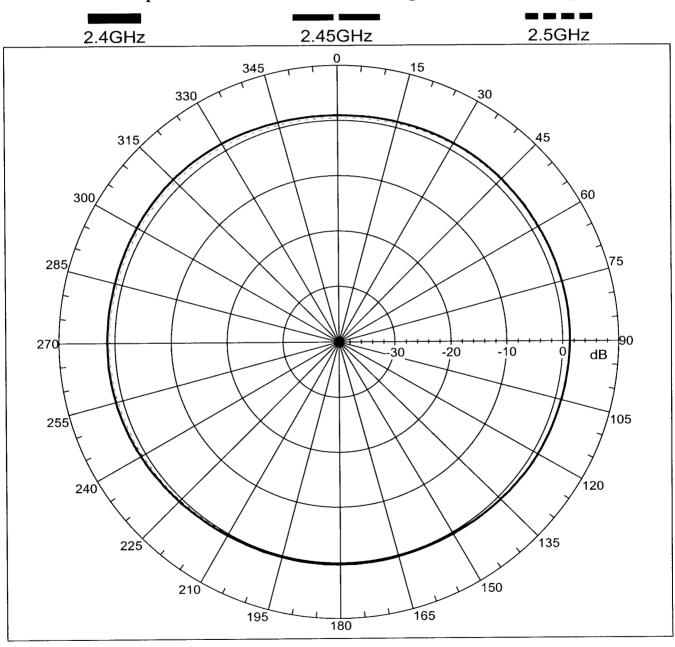
譁裕實業股份有限公司 WHA YU INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD

Far-field amplitude of 2.4GHz small dipole antenna-E-plane.nsi



譁裕實業股份有限公司 WHA YU INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD

Far-field amplitude of 2.4GHz small dipole antenna-H-plane.nsi



Cable Specification

Cable: Mil-C-17 Coaxial Cable RG-178

1. Construction:

- 1 Conductor...... 30AWG 7/38 SCCS

- 4 Jacket.....FEP OD: 0.071"±0.004"

2. Physical Properities:

- 1 Weight per 1000ft....... 6.3 lbs Maximum
- 2 Bend Radius......0.35" Mininum
- 3 Operating Temperature Range -55°C ~ 200°C

3. Electrical Properities:

- 1 Impedance...... 50±2 ohms
- 2 Capacitance...... 32 pF/ft Maximum
- 3 Cut off Frequency...... 116 GHz

64.4 dB/100ft @ 2GHz

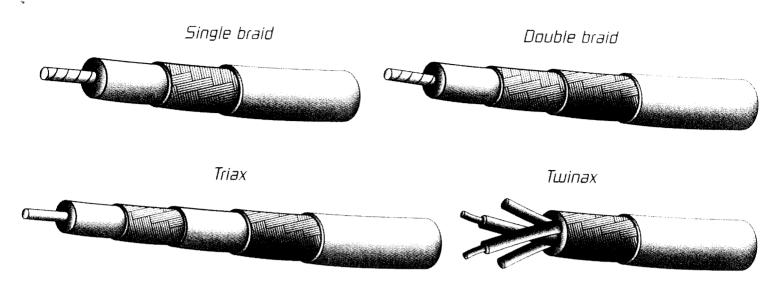
79.7 dB/100ft @ 3GHz

92.7 dB/100ft @ 4GHz

104.3 dB/100ft @ 5GHz

115.0 dB/100ft @ 6GHz

Mil-C-17 Coaxial Cable QPL Approved



Harbour supplies a complete line of high temperature, high performance QPL approved MIL-C-17 coax cables for the military, commercial and industrial applications. The specific M17 constructions referenced are manufactured in accordance with the most recent revision of the MIL-C-17 specification. The MIL-C-17 specification defines complete physical and electrical characteristics for each M17 part number, including dimensional parameters, dielectric materials, shield construction, maximum attenuation, and VSWR levels.

VSWR Sweep Testing

When selecting a 50 ohm coaxial cable, constructions with VSWR requirements are recommended. Manufacturing and sweep testing cables with concern for VSWR ensures a quality cable free of spikes over the referenced frequency range. (Note the test frequencies specified in the electrical characteristics section.)

Precision PTFE Dielectrics

All of the high temperature, high performance coax cables listed have PTFE dielectrics with high dielectric strength and low capacitance in proportion to the dielectric constant. All PTFE dielectrics are manufactured with tolerances tighter than the MIL-C-17 specification to ensure uniformity of electrical characteristics, especially impedance, attenuation and VSWR.

Tape wrapped PTFE Constructions

Harbour also manufactures PTFE tape wrapped cables to a previous revision of the MIL-C-17 specification. These constructions can withstand operating temperatures up to 250° C. versus 200° C. for FEP jacketed cables. Also, PTFE tape wrapped cables are generally more flexible than their FEP jacketed counterparts.

UL Approvals

All of Harbour's M17 part numbers manufactured to the MIL-C-17 specification may be ordered with UL and FT4 approvals.

Mil-C-17 Coaxial Cables

Physical Characteristics:

M17 Number	Center Conductor	PTFE Dielectric	Shield	Jacket	Overall Diameter	Minimum Recommended		Weight (lbs./MFT)	Comments
		Diameter				Bend Radius			
M17/60-RG142	.037" SCCS	.116"	SPC(2)	FEP	.195"	1.0"	-55 +200	43.0	
M17/93-RG178	.0120"(7/.004")SCCS	.033"	SPC	FEP	.071"	0.4"	-55 +200	6.3	
M17/93-00001	.0120°(7/.004°)SCCS	.033"	SPC	PFA	.071"	0.4"	-55 +230	6.3	M17/93-RG178
									w/extended temp. ra-
M17/94-RG179	.0120"(7/.004")SCCS	.063"	SPC	FEP	.100"	0.4"	-55 +200	10.8	
M17/95-RG180	.0120'(7/.004")SCCS	.102"	SPC	FEP	.141"	0.7"	-55 +200	19.8	
M17/110-RG302	.0253"SCCS	.146"	SPC	FEP	.202"	1.0"	-55 +200	40.0	
M17/111-RG303	.037"SCCS	.116"	SPC	FEP	.170′′	0.9"	-55 +200	31.0	
M17/112-RG304	.059" SCCS	.185″	SPC(2)	FEP	.280"	1.4"	-55 +200	94.0	
M17/113-RG316	.0201"(7/.0067")SCCS	.060"	SPC	FEP	.098"	0.5"	-55 +200	12.2	
M17/127-RG393		.285"	SPC(2)	FEP	.390"	2.0"	-55 +200	165.0	
M17/128-RG400	.0384"(19/.008")SC	.116"	SPC(2)	FEP	.195″	1.0"	-55 + 200	50.0	
M17/131-RG403	.0120'(7/.004")SCCS	.033"	SPC(2)	FEP(2)	.116"	0.6"	-55±200	15.0	Triaxial M17/93-RG
M17/152-00001	.0201''(7/.0067'')SCCS	.060"	SPC(2)	FEP	.114"	0.6"	-55 +200	18.5	Double shielded
									M17/113-RG316
M17/158-00001	.037"SCCS	.116"	SPC(2)	FEP	.195"	1.0"	-55 ±200	56.0	Unswept M17/60-RC
M17/169-00001	.0120"(7/.004")SCCS	.033"	SPC	FEP	.071″	0.4"	-55 +200	6.3	Unswept M17, 93-RC
M17/170-00001	.037"(SCCS	.116"	SPC	FEP	.170"	0.9"	-55 ±200	39.0	Unswept M17/111-RC
M17/172-00001	.0201''(7/.0067'')SCCS	.060″	SPC	FEP	.098"	0.5"	-55 +200	11.5	Unswept M17/113-RC
M17/174-00001	.094"(7/.0312")SCCS	.285"	SPC(2)	FEP	.390"	2.0"	-55 +200	175.0	Unswept M17/127-RC
M17/175-00001	.0384"(19/.008")SC	.116"	SPC(2)	FEP	.390"	1.0"	-55 +200	50.0	Unswept M17/128-RC
M17/176-00002	.0235′(19/.005″)SPA(2) .042"	SPA	PFA	.129"	0.6"	-55 +230	18.0	Controlled impedar
									twinax
PTFE Tape Wrap	Jacketed RG Cables								
RG 187 A/U	.0120°(7/.004)SCCS	.063	SPC	PTFE	.100"	0.5"	-55 +250	10.0	Flexible, 250° C. rate
RG 188 A/U	.0201"(7/.0067)SCCS		SPC	PTFE	.100"	0.5"	-55 +250	11.0	Flexible, 250° C. rate
RG 195 A/U	.0120"(7/.004)SCCS	.102	SPC	PTFE	.141"	0.7"	-55 ±250	18.0	Flexible, 250° C. rate
RG 196 A/U	.0120"(7/.004)SCCS	.034	SPC	PTFE	.067"	0.4"	-55 ±250	6.0	Flexible, 250° C. rati

Electrical Characteristics:

EIEC	Trical Lhai	JUILIISIIL	. 5 .							
	[Impedence]	Capacitance	Max. Operating		Maxin	ıum atteni	iation (dB/		4.00	Max Frequenc
M17 Number	(ohms)	(pF/ft)	Voltage (RMS)	100 MHz	400 MHz	1 GHz	3 GHz	5 GHz	10 GHz	(GH ₂)
M17/60-RG142	50 +/- 2	29.4	1900	5.5	11.7	19.0	35.0	48.0		17.4
M17/93-RG178	50 +/- 2	29,4	1000	16.0	33.0	52.0	94.0	-	*	3.0
M17/93-00001	50 +/- 2	29.4	1000	16.0	33.0	52.0	94.0		_	3.0
M17/94-RG179	75 + / - 3	19,4	1200	~	21.0	-	-	-	_	
M17/95-RG180	95 +/- 5	16.4	1500	^~	17.0	-	-	-	-	
M17/110-RG302	75 + / - 3	19.4	2300	-	8.0	-	26.0		. +	
M17/111-RG303	50 +/- 2	29.4	1900	3.9	8.0	15.0	28.0			
M17/112-RG304	50 +/- 3	29.4	3000	2.7	6.4	11.1	22.0	3(1,0)		8.0
M17/113-RG316	50 +/- 2	29.4	1200	11.0	21.0	38.0	58.0		_	3.0
M17/127-RG393	3 50 +/- 2	29.4	2500	2.4	5.0	8.8	18.0	24.6	37.0	11.0
M17/128-RG400) 50 +/- 2	29.4	1900	4.5	10.5	17.0	38.0	50.0	78.0	12,4
M17/131-RG403	3 50 +/- 2	29.4	1000	-	37.0	-	-			10.0
$\overline{M17/152-00001}$	50 +/- 2	29.4	1200	11.5	24.0	40.0	75.0	110.0	170.0	12.4
M17/158-00001	50 +/- 2	29.4	1900		9.5	10				
M17/169-00001	50 +/- 2	29.4	1000		29.0	**	-			
M17/170-00001	50 +/- 2	29.4	1900	*	8.6	-	-			
M17/172-00001	50 +/-2	29.4	1200	-	21.0					
M17/174-00001	50 + / - 2	29.4	2500		5.0		-		-	
M17/175-00001	50 +/- 2	29.4	1900	-	10.5					
M17/176-00001	77 +/- 7	19.0	1000	~	-		**	The second secon		
PTFE Tape Wra	p Jacketed RG	Cables								
RG 187 Å/U	75 +/- 3	19.4	1200	<u> </u>	21.0			_		()))))))))))))))))))
RG 188 A/U	50 +/- 2	29.4	1200	11.0	21.0	38.0	58,0	-		<u> </u>
RG 195 A / U	95 +/- 5	15,4	1500	-	17.0	-			-	3
RG 196 A/U	50 +/- 2	29,4	1000		29.0	-				and opposition and an extension of the second secon
		A REAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT		The same of the sa						

[&]quot;Maximum frequencies" are those as referenced on individual slant sheets of the MIL-C-17 specification. No values are given for unswept constructions the specification recommends these cables should not be used above 400 MHz. (All figures referenced above are nominal unless otherwise specified.)

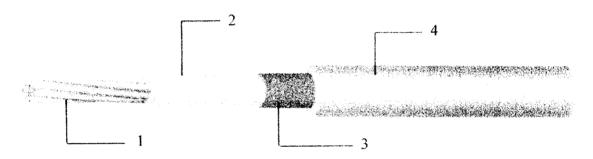
11-15 Santai Rd., Hsinchuang, Taipei Hsien, 242, Taiwan, R.O.C. Nizing Electric Co., Ltd. Tel: 02-29016164 Fax: 29050644 E-mail: shenbinnizing@yahoo.com tw

A3132PS001	FEP INSULATED	PAGE	1/2
PRODUCT	HIGH-FREQUENCY COAXIAL	ISSUED	21. Oct. 2003
STANDARD	CABLE	REVISED	

I - Scope

This specification presents a FEP insulated high-frequency coaxial cable AWG 32, 1.13 mm O.D. for internal wiring of electronic equipment, such as Computer / Notebook with wireless communication systems.

II - Construction



Ite	em	Unit	Details
1. Inner Conductor	Material	anny ministrativo	Silver coated copper
	Composition	No./mm	AWG 32 or 7×0.08
	Dia. (approx.)	mm	0.24
2. Dielectric	Material	constitutor to the constitution of the constit	Extruded FEP
	Thickness	mm	0.22
	Nom. O.D.	mm	0.68 ± 0.02
	Color		Natural
3. Outer Conductor	Material	parameter (1)	Silver coated copper
	Composition	an reproduction	Braided (16 / 4 / 0.05)
	Dia. (approx)	mm	0.90 ± 0.03
4. Jacket	Material	A4000Qsqshst	Extruded FEP
	Thickness	mm	0.10
	Dia.	mm	1.13 + 0.05 / -0.08
	Color	(Adapt represent	Standard colors are Light Grey,
min. Metalogo — A colori metalogologo e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e			Black, Dark Grey

MADE BY Note: **APPROVALS**

Nizing Electric Co., Ltd. 11-15 Santai Rd., Hsinchuang, Taipei Hsien, 242, Taiwan, R.O.C. Tel: 02-29016164 Fax: 29050644 E-mail: shenbinnizing@yahoo.com.tw

A3132PS001	FEP INSULATED	PAGE	2/2
PRODUCT	HIGH-FREQUENCY COAXIAL	ISSUED	21. Oct. 2003
STANDARD	CABLE	REVISED	

III – Characteristics

Item	Unit	Specified Value	Note
Temperature Rating	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	200	
Voltage Lasting	V	250	
		Dielectric core: No breakdown at AC 1.5 kV for 0.15 sec.	Spark test
Dielectric strength	annuari selati	Jacket: No breakdown at AC 1.5 kV for 0.15 sec.	Spark test
		No breakdown at AC 500V for 1 min.	Outer conductor to inner conductor
Inner conductor resistance	Ω/km	525	at 20°℃
Insulation resistance	$M\Omega$ / km	Min. 1500	at 20°C
Characteristic Impedance	Ω	50 ± 2	TDR method
Capacitance	pF/m	98	at 1 kHz
archina and a second control of the second c		2.0	1.0 GHz
		2.9	2.0 GHz
		3.6	3.0 GHz
Attenuation. (nom.)	dB/m	4.2	4.0 GHz
		4.7	5.0 GHz
		5.2	6.0 GHz
Approx. Weight	g/m	3.15	

T-000000000000000000000000000000000000			
		MADE BY	there die
	Note:	APPROVALS	Shen Bom chad

天線桿套材質特性表

	4			_		
		-				
Units	EM400	EM460	EL550	EL630	EL740	PL380
Einheiten						
Unites						
2	1.12	1,16	1.20	1.23	1.27	1.18
°C	195	185	202	212	221	197
μ m/m.k	220	160	180	140	110	150
°C	\	\	110	115	120	\
$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	130	150	180	200	200	145
$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	\	50	85	115	150	\
%	0.30	0.30	0.20	0.20	0.15	0.40
%	0.75	0.70	0.55	0.60	0.90	7.0
*	НВ	НВ	HB	HB	НВ	НВ
Mpa	55	110	220	375	900	60
						2.4
Mpa	4.0	7.1	13.2	20.2	26.9	3.5
Mpa	5.4	9.0	15.7	23	22.6	5.2
Mpa	8.4	11.4	16.6	22.0	26.3	8.5
Mpa	17	21	32	40	45	16
<u>%</u>	700	800	600	600	360	450
				ND	NID	NID
$\mathrm{kj/m^2}$	NB	NB	NB	NB	NB	NB NB
kj/ $ m m^2$	NB	NB	NB	NB	200	NB NB
kj/m²	NB	NB	NB	NB	9 4	NB NB
kj/m²	NB	NB	20	4	74	38
	38	45	55	63	74	50
3.63.7/	,	\	\	\	\	\
MV/m	5*10 ¹⁴	1014	1014	1014	1012	1012
Ω .cm	$>10^{13}$	$\frac{10}{>10^{14}}$	>10 ¹⁴	>1014	>1010	>10 ¹³
Ω	<i>></i> 10	>10	710	- 10		
\	4.1	\	\	3.8	\	4.7
\	4.0	4.4	4.0	3.4	3.3	4.4
\	7.0	T. T	1,0	• • •		
$x10^{14}$	10	\	\	3.8	\	310
$x10^{14}$	170	350	400	350	300	350
7.10						
\	800	800	600	600	600	800
\	600	600	600	800	800	600

Arnitel

2.2 Product coding

The structure of the Arnitel productcodes is illustrated wirth the following example:

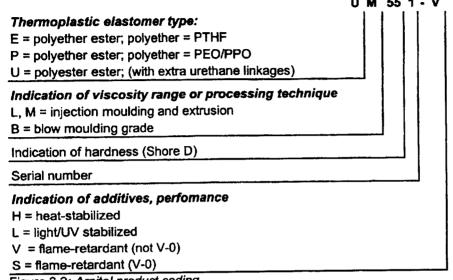


Figure 2.2: Amitel product coding

2.3 Product portfolio

The Arnitel productrange is available with a hardness from 38 to 74 Shore D. The general Arnitel grades are shown in table 2.2. In order to enhance the flexibility of the portfolio a set of masterbatches (a.o. for heat, UV, etc) are on offer (refer to § 2.4).

Because of the development of these masterbatches heat stabilised Amitel P is suggested for application areas where thermo-oxidative stability is an issue. For applications where colour and UV stability is required, the Amitel E range is advised.

	Shore D					
Arnitel E	38	40 EM400	46 EM460	55 EL550 EM550	63 EL630 EM630	74 EL740 EM740
Arnitel P	PL380		PL460	PL580 PM581		
Arritel U				UM551 UM551-V	UM622	
				UM552 UM552-V		

Table 2.2: Arnitel productrange for general purpose

Besides these multi-purpose grades, specialty grades can be offered for specific purposes and/or application areas. These grades are not intended for regular sales and are therefore restricted. Permission from marketing is needed before sampling is initiated.

Automotive	A'tel E	AtelP	A'tel U
 CVJ boots 	EB460		
	EB463		
	EB464		
 Boyplugs 		PL380-M0	
Extrusion			
 Roofing foil 	EM402-L		

Table 2.3: Examples of specialty grades

2.8.31 General:

Arnitel is the brand name of a series polyester based thermoplastic elastomers. These polymers combine excellent processability with good elastomeric properties between -40 and 200°C. Amitel EL630 and EM630 are excellent materials for injection moulding and extrusion applications respectively. The chemical stucture of Amitel EL630/EM630 is shown below.

$$\mathbb{R} \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

Figure 2.9: Chemical structure of Amitel EL630/EM630.

Another way of writing the structure of Arnitels is shown below in Figure 2.



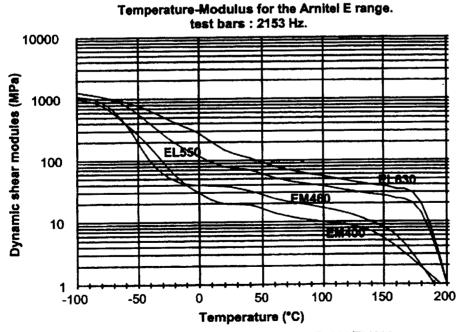
Figure 2.10: Simplified structure of Arnitel EL630/EM630.

Arnitel EL630/EM630 is TOSCA registered (including DSL-Canada) under CAS 37282-12-5

2.8.32 Thermal properties:

• Modulus-temperature behaviour:

The materials have a glass transition at circa -40°C and a typical melting point at 213°C. The modulus-temperature behaviour is shown in graph 2.76, for comparison, accompanied by other Amitel E types.



Graph 2.76: Modulus-temperature behaviour of Amitel EL630/EM630.



Although information on performance at higher temperatures may be extracted from the above shown graph, a Vicat or HDT are shown in table 2.29.

analysis	SI unit	typical data	test method
Vicat A	(°C)	200	ISO 306/A
Vicat B	(°C)	125	ISO 306/B
HDT-B	(°C)	115	ISO 75-1

Table 2.29: Vicat and HDT data on Arnitel® EL630 and EM630

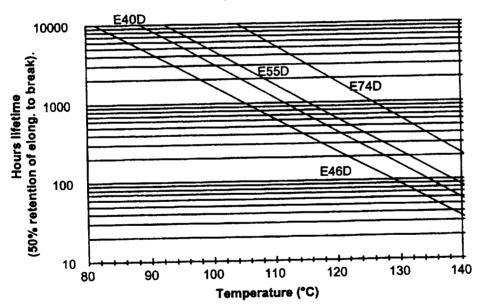
Arnitel EL630 and EM630 have a melting point of 213°C as found in the second heating curve of a DSC. The polymer will crystallize at 155°C using a 20°C/min cooling rate.

The thermal expansion coefficient of Arnitel EL630/EM630 and is $140*10^4$ µm/m.K .

Heat aging:

Arnitel EL630/EM630 shows an optimum between heat resistance and colour stability. Heat aging for EL630/EM630 is under test at this moment, however the data will be between EL550 and EL740. Arrhenius curves of thermo-oxidative heat aging are shown in graph 2.77. Criterium chosen is retention of 50% original elongation at break.

Heat aging of Arnitel E40D, 46D, 55D and 74D. Natural products, Arrhenius plot.



Graph 2.77: Heat stability for Amitel E-range.

Heat ageing can be improve using a stabilisation masterbatch, however for heat stabilisation the P-range is preferred for it's excellence in performance. These data can be found in the Amitel properties summary or an Arnitel P datasheet.

2.8.33 Processing and Handling: Arnitel EL630/EM630 is a polyester with a density of 1.12 g/cm³ according ISO 1183.

Due to the polyester nature of these materials it is of major importance to store the material dry prior to processing. Materials packaged in sealed packaging should have a moisture content lower then 500 ppm. The polymer will contain 0.12% moisture in 50% RH and 0.58% water after saturation in water. Both numbers are in equilibrium.

If samples have become wet during storage a drying step of 24 hours 120°C (or 6 hours 140°C) prior to use will prevent degradation of the material during processing combined with an eventual loss of properties. The air or nitrogen will have to have a dew point of at least -30°C.



• Processing:

Amitel EL630/EM630 shows a single melting point at 195°C in DSC. Processing conditions are shown in the table below.

	7 4	zone 2	zone 3	additional	melt	mold
polymer	zone 1					
EL630	225	230	235	235	225-235	20-50
	225	230	235	235	235	50
EM630	22.0	200				

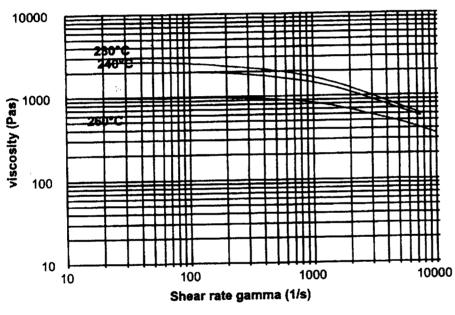
All temperatures are in °C.

Table 2.30: Processing conditions for Amitel EL630 and Amitel EM630.

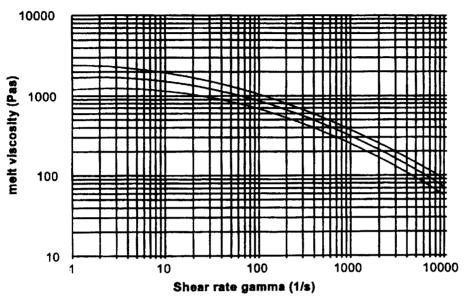
· Rheology:

The temperature depending melt viscosity of Arnitel EL630/EM630 and are shown below in graph 2.80 and 2.81 respectively.

Shear rate dependent of the melt viscosity of Arnitel EL630. Effect of melt temperature.



Capillar melt viscosity of Arnitel EM630. 240, 250 and 260°C.



Graph 2.80 and 2.81: Temperature dependancy of the melt viscosity for Amitel EL630 and EM630.

The MFI values are shown in table 2.31.

		EL630	EM630	
MFI 230°C	g/10 min		7	ISO 1133
MFI 240°C	g/10 min	30		ISO 1133

Table 2.31: MFI for Amitel EL630/EM630.

• Use of regrind:

Arnitel can readily be recycled. If the MFI of the regrind is up or down to four points higher, 20% can be recycled. A difference of 2 MFI points allows up to 50% of regrind. Obviously the regrind should be dried properly before use.

2.8.34 Mechanical properties:

If Arnitel EL630 or Arnitel EM630 are processed properly the materials will have mechanical properties as shown in table 2.32.

Mechanical property	SI Unit	typica	typica data*	
		EL630	EM630	
Hardness	Shore D	63	63	ISO 868
Tensile modulus (1 mm/min)	MPa	330	330	ISO 527
Tensile strength (50 mm/min)	MPa	30	30	ISO 527
Strain at break	%	350	350	ISO 527
Tensile stress at 5% strain	Mpa	11.5	11.5	
Tensile stress at 10% strain	Mpa	15.9	15.9	
Tensile stress at 50% strain	Mpa	17.3	17.3	
Tear strength Graves	KN/m	145	145	DIN53515
Izod notched 23°C (73°F)	KJ/m²	NB	NB	ISO 180/1A
tzod notched -30°C (-22°F)	KJ/m²	4	4	ISO 180/1A
Charpy notched 23°C (73°F)	KJ/m²	NB	NB	ISO 179/1eA
Charpy notched -30°C (-22°F)	KJ/m ²	12	12	ISO 179/1eA

Data for dry natural materials.

Table 2.32: mechanical properties of Amitel® EL630.

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NB: No Break

· Abrasion:

Arnitels show good abrasion resistance in both Taber and DIN 53516 abrasion tests. Data are shoen in the Arnitel general property overview (also included in the EPIC)

2.8.35 Fiame retardancy:

Amitel EL630 and EM630 show in an ISO1210/A flammability test a burning rate leading to a classification FH-1. Flame retardancy can be improved using a halogenated or halogen free FR masterbatch.

2.8.36 Electrical properties:

Amitel EL630/EM630 can be used for cable jacketting applications. If the material is in permanent contact with copper a copper stabilisation package should be added. If the copper wires are coated with a tin layer, no stabilisation is necessary. The electrical properties are shown in table 33.

Electrical property	SI Unit	typica d	test method	
		EL630	EM630	
Dielectric strength	KV/mm	22	22	IEC 243-1
Relative permittivity (ε _r) at 1 kHz	•	4.4	4.4	IEC 250
Dissipation factor (tan δ) at 1kHz	•	0.019	0.019	IEC 250
Comparative tracking index	-	600	600	IEC 112
Volume resistivity	10 ¹⁴ Ω.cm	1	1	IEC 93
Surface resistivity	10 ¹⁴ Ω	1	1	IEC 93

Table 2.33: Typical electrical properties of Arnitel® EL630 and EM630.

2.8.37 Chemical resistance:

Armitel EL630 and EM630 are sensitive to strong bases and strong acids, especially at elevated temperatures. In some halogenated hydrocarbons (like tetrachloroethane), the materials (partially) dissolves. For a full review on chemical resistance of Armitel EL630 and EM630 request the chemical resistance brochure.

Hydrolysis

Like all polyesters Arnitel are sensitive to moisture, however Arnitels are more stable to water then e.g. PET and PBT. graph 2.84 shows the hydrolytic stability of Arnitel EL630 at 100°C and in steam (120°C). For improved hydrolysis stability, using a polycarbodiimid containing masterbatch like Stabaxol[®] in an option. To maintain all other properties use a masterbatch based on polyester. Data on the Stabaxol stabilised grade are shown in graph 2.85.

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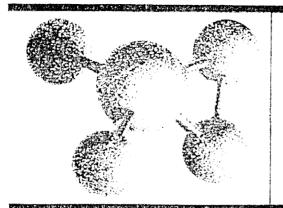
■Panlite L-1250Z

Category	Unit	Test Method	Condition	L-1250Z 100
Melt volume flow rate	cm³/10min	ISO 1133	300°C load 1.2kg	8
Density	kg/m³	ISO 1183	_	1200
Water absorption rate	%	ISO 62	in water 23°C24h	0.2
Light transmission	%	ASTM D 1003	thickness 3mm	88
Refractive index	_	ASTM D 542	_	1.585
Tensile modulus	MPa		1mm/min	2400
Tensile stress at yield	MPa	ISO 527-1	50mm/min	61
Tensile strain at yield	%	and ISO 527-2	50mm/min	6
Nominal tensile strain at break	%	150 527-2	50mm/min	>50
Flexural modulus	MPa	ISO 178	2mm/min	2350
Flexural strength	MPa	130 176	2mm/min	93
Charpy impact strength	KJ/m²	ISO 179	unnotched	NB
Charpy impact sulengui	KJ/M	130 179	notched	76
Heat deflection	°C	ISO 75-1 and	1.80MPa	129
temperature	C	ISO 75-2	0.45MPa	142
Vicat softening temperature	°C	ISO 306	50°C/h 50N	149
Mold shrinkage	%	In-house	parallel	0.5~0.7
Moid Sillilikage	/0	method	vertical	0.5~0.7
Coefficient of linear	×10 ⁻⁴ /°C	ISO 11359-2	parallel	0.7
expansion	×10 / C	100 11000 2	vertical	0.7
Specific inductive		IEC 60250	100Hz	3.1
capacity		100 00230	1MHz	3
Dielectric loss tangent	× 10 ⁻⁴	IEC 60250	100Hz	10
Dielectric loss tallgent	× 10 ⁻⁴	120 00230	1MHz	90
Volume resistivity	Ω•m	IEC 60093		>1 × 10 ¹³
Surface resistivity	Ω	IEC 60093	_	>1 × 10 ¹⁵
Withstand voltage	MV/m	IEC 60243-1	short time test	30
Tracking resistance		IEC 60112	<u></u>	250
Flammability	_	UL 94		V-2 (0.40mm) HB(1.5mm)
			electric 1.47mmt	125
Temperature index	°C	UL 746B	impact 1.47mmt	115
			non-impact 1.47mmt	125

XThe values listed are specification values, not certified values.

■ The values listed are specification values, not certified values. ■ The values listed are specification values. ■ The value listed are specification values are specification values. ■ The value listed

Two-part	adhesive	1590	High Super 5	EP-330 (HighSuper30)	EP-331	1500	Super
Feature		curing for 5 min type		curing for 30 min type	curing for 30min type Low- viscosity	Standard type	
Appearance	Base	Clear, blue	Translucent, blue	Translucent, pink	Clear, light yellow	Clear, light yellow	Translucent
	Hardener	Clear ight yellow	Translucent, light yellow	Translucent, milk white	Clear, light yellow	Clear, light brown	Light yellow
Viscosity	Base	8	120	80	7	25	100
(Pa·S/20°C)	Hardener	12	70	170	7	60	50
Specific gravity	Base	1.17	1.17	1.17	1.16	1.16	1.14
(g/cm²)	Hardener	1.11	1.15	1.14	1.16	0.97	0.99
Mixing ratio(B	ase : Hardener)	1:1	1:1	1:1	1:1	1:1	1:1
Po	t life	Within 5 min	Within 5 min	Within 30 min	Within 30 min	Within 1 hr	Within 1 hr
Tensile shear	stength(N/mm²)	19.0	18.0	17.5	17.6	15.7	15.1
T-Formed peeling	g adhesion (N/mm)	2.71	0.31	0.47		0.40	
Hardnes	s(shore D)	77	77	82	71	82	
	inear expansion 10 ⁻⁵)	8.6	10.7	6.7	4.1	7.1	
Тд	(°C)		47	43		53.7	
Volume resis	stivity(Ω · cm)		4.9 × 10 ¹⁵	3.8 × 10 ¹¹	3.6 × 10 ¹¹	1.1 × 10 ¹⁶	
Coefficient of wa	nter absorption(%)		2.5	2.3		0.8	17.00
Capacity standards		Base 1 kg Hardener	6 g set 15 g set 25 g set	320 ml set Base 3 kg Hardener 3 kg 6 g set, 15 g set,	Base 1 kg Hardener	Base 500 g, 1 kg, 3 kg, 15 kg Hardener 500 g, 1 kg,	15 g set 40 g set
		1 kg	80 g set	6 g set, 15 g set, 80 g set	1 kg	500 g, 1 kg, 3 kg, 15 kg	110 g :



施敏打硬 CEMEDINE 1500

[一般性質]

And the second s		剤	硬	化	Ħ.
主要成分	環氧(Epoxy) 的中間體淺黃色	透明	Amid	6) 程	ly- 脂指
顧 色 常 態 不揮發率 (%)	液糧 99.6		色透明	99.4	
黏度(9/20°C)	350			600	
比重(20/20°C)	1.16			0.97	
湖		4:	Ĭŧ.		
硬化制混合比例phr		60~	110		
保持粘度時間	参照混合硬1	上劑後	的指思	E變化	Ž.
膠 化 時 間		3 小	计		
硬化所需時間	6 引	時10	分鐘		
可保存時間 (20°C)		2 年			

[特性]

由兩種液體混合而成的環質 (Epoxy) 指指系数看到 ,能在常溫下硬化,應用範圍至高廣訊,可穩定結看全聲、 學夥以及其他各種物質。而由於此黏着劑,通常以聚醯胺) Poly-Amido) 樹脂爲其硬化劑,具育下列各後點:

- 1. 能在常温下硬化。
- 2. 縦使所使用的硬化劑份量不同,也不影響其特性。
- 3. 由於能產生比一般黏着劑富有轉曲性的黏質量,就使到 着不同材質的物品,也能以黏質層緩和熱膨脹的差別所 引起的兩物品彎曲,對機械學的衝擊也能順至較低点好 的挑能。
- 由於能形成透明的黏養層,可以結養透明的物質,如故 環等等。

[用 途]

由於能强力黏着各種物質, 諮如金屬, 熱硬化塑膠, 玻璃, 競機裝配以及一般家庭器具等等, 應用範屬至爲廣訊。

經然是複聚乙烯 (Polythylene) ,聚酯 (Polyester) ,天然以及人造像膠等,以一般的黏著根本無法黏著的物質,如果加以適當的表面處理,即可强力黏著。

〔實 例〕

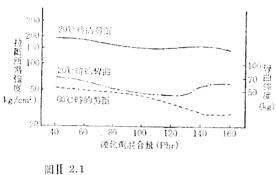
汽車、火車、船隻、飛機······ (將金屬担手黏着於玻璃痰/可以黏着器製品,正聚原胺 (Melamine) 裝飾板等,於內部以增加温度/不同金屬間寫象防止電傅且加帖之/當作防腐塗料亦可)。

電器製品……。(由於是一種優秀的黏蓄劑,使用最高 級擴聲器、晉響線圈的話著/電磁器或外殼的黏著/線腦框 的黏着/鐵粉帶的黏實/馬遙線圈的黏着等等)。

進築……()的建、壓克力門皮勢文字板結於屏風結住把 手二魚期設僅以至其他塑膠裝飾品的加黏以及程立。「不銹鋼 製品、網製建制、陶器或大點石等需要湿力禁劑物品的切結

高級装飾品,玻璃以及塑膠製工屬品,构密核核…… (無球機,調整距離僅/分光谱等等的關重)。 其他諸如耀頭,運動器材,公路標誌等等的知息。 除上點各種加贴外,也可以使用作填充劑,鑄機用,數層用 以及碳進用。

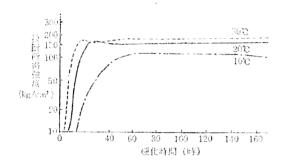
the second secon			1.1% 1.1% 1.1% 1.1%
4 M A B			
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			244 S. H. P. J. L.
118		- 1	- 11 to 1 to 1 to 1 to 1
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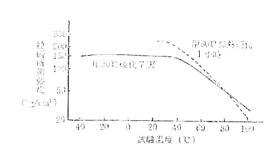


300 300 1 150 1 150 2 50 B 3/cm²) 20 40 60 80 100 120 140 160 现代病理合致 (Phr)

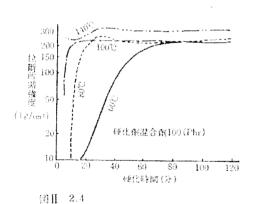
翻Ⅱ 2.1 硬化劑基合量和黏力强度 (在20°C七天的硬化) 試験片:軟鋼板 (25×100×1.6ヵm) (Over-lap)12.5mm

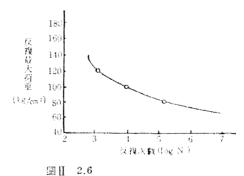
图 [[2.2 硬化制混合量和结力强度 (在80°C 一小時的硬化) 試驗片:與及其他问题 [[2.1





閱Ⅱ 2.3 常淵時餘硬化特性 硬化劑混合率 100phr





加熱硬化特性。硬化劑混合率為 100ghr

运山 2.0 老化特件

表】 2.1 物理特性

後	5.04 7.40		環境 {ロックウエルM バーコル ショアーD	68 67 82
智速导维等(kg/mm²)	214	27 March Manager	表际固定電阻(9)	5.6×10 ¹²
(EP 14.17 (kg/mm²) F 23.23 F (kg/mm²)	11.6 15.10(6,41)(1)			10.5×10 ¹⁵ 2.94
数数形器度 (°C)	47		電戶破壞 (kv/mm)	19

2

表[[2.2 拉斷所需强度

衰 訪 微 拉	野 別 岩 祖 度	被		10	拉斯斯體強度 (20°C)
	83		克 焰	ik l	22
馬来西頭杉材	106 😕	謎	2. 特 樹	517	19
新 麗 樹 材 材 材	99<*	EV.	强 力 財	17	30
	158	Æ.	计 盟 转 县	9 Si	36
571 571	61		寮 智 駿 駿 (表 面)	Pa IX	55
議 高	60 80	some de special	及 解 胺 裝 (背 面)	簡权	45
# A #	71	F	R	1,	125
异 電 斑	50	ί.			

[註] 1. 站音條件: 20°C,硬化7天,硬化整混合比 100phr(接合部over-lap)12.5mm。

2. 字記號者表示材料拉斷。

表 [[2.3 促進劣化特性

表 1 2.3 位	的進劣化特性			- West & Fel C	5 3 58 32 34 55 1 . 000
@_A^ P	Đ.	未試驗前的估力 弱度(kg/cm³)	比較調整試驗片的 粘力强度(1) (1個 月) (kg/cm²)	經過各試验1個月 後的钻力强度 (kg/cm²)	小時接的精力程度 (kg/cm²)
利用遗做像新	A4-65-85-66-04-16	143	150	ψ _Q ano Φ	166
利用噴射器水		143	150	100	100000-P
	的促進試験(2)	143	150	143	1 h
	的促進試験(3)	143	150	183	1.70 · · · · · ·

[註] (1) 20±1°C, 65±5%RH 各保持1個月的試験性; ②50°C100%RH; ③一5°C8小诗~50°C16小時。

表Ⅱ 2.4 耐 媄 性

拉斯斯福福度(kg/em²)

		, al	13 H.	的物	力 摄 度			147
14-45 (18.64)	 试验片的粘力强度	(6個月)	 }	156		蘇6個月的		147
5.4 () (6.1%)		(1 45)	***	138	tį	1 1F	W	152
		(2年)	386	130	и	3 年	<i>H</i>	138
	4		X	123	И	3 🕸	!1	137
	*;	(10±)	桑	111	Ų	10年	1,	10

[註] ※20上1°C, 65±5%RH 保持各期間的試驗片。

表 1 2.5 耐水性 (20°C,7 灭硬化)

拉斯所爲獨度 (kg/cm²)

	1334941721	10 12 5K		
A A A	0	3 福月	6個月	1 4
常事法的	120	106	123	120
图水跃版		169	117	109

(註) 優化與混合性為 100phr 武動片:不銹鋼 (100×25×1,5mm) (接合部Over-lap)12,5mm。

表 II 2.6 耐水性 (60°C, 2 小時硬化)

拉衛所需穩度 (kg/cm³)

100000	0	3 個力	6 (401)	1 4
海馬試験	157	150	169	163
日水跃版		133	103	116

(進) 因表Ⅱ 2.5 -

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拉斯特拉斯爾爾 (kg/cm²)

II 2.7 耐油性					拉爾的指導與民	(kg/cm-)
按 图 山 教	1 🏋	3 X	5 🔀	10天	20天	1 (图月
校置於20°C等級				89.0	referre #	79.0
0°Chhili	alone in mile		77.5	87.5	- · · •	80.0
20°Caluly	war-oo-de.		82.5	7 7 .6		89.5
70°Calch	77,6	75.3	80.0	71.3		71.0
循環衛門 cycle	**************************************		79.0	78.0	89.0	76.0
ta a a a	40天	2 阔月	3 個月	6 (州月	1 %	10/4
		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	73,0	65,9	76.3	95,9
放图於 20°C室溫		86.5	71.5	80.5	80.2	
0°C油中		70.5	79.5	78.7	79.7	
20°C油炉	A00.000	75.5		75.4	68.3	*******
70°C油中 循環油中 (cycle)	71.5				V-0.4	

[註] 1. 硬化劑混合比為80phr, 試發片稅水片(160×25×3mm)接合部(Over-lap)12.5mm 2.消為變態器油。 3. 武驗片全部破影。

表 [[2.8 耐溶劑、耐藥品性

			<u>-</u>	浸流7天资的划	;力保持率(%)	浸渍 1 制月後的	黏力保持率(%)
Í	Ä)	Ä	以20°C硬化7天 的政验片	以80°C硬化1小 局的战数片	到20°C硬化7天 放式59片	以80°C硬化1小 特的試驗/
	 15		33:	107.0	80.6	94.1	78.8
i;	103		.5%	85.5	63.8	51.7	63.8
•				88.8	69.5	93.4	70.8
***************************************				89.5	71.3	97.4	68.7
				90.2	64.7	, 101.3	69.1
1		额 化	緬	91.5	72.7	65.0	69.5
				102.7	90.8	107.3	90.3
	A A	e e	41	98.2	87.8	93,1	84.2
			Appendix Deliverable	93.4	72.3	96.3	69.3
	25 100 57	一 第 - 第 章 第	水	93.4	72.8	79.8	69.8
4	10%			71.7	67.8	70.8	57.3
	10%			97.2	71.3	83,8	74.3
		初结群打		89.6	71.8	91.0	69.8
ž,	1035 1025			91.2	77.8	78.4	61.2

〔注〕结离混合率= 1 : 1 , 試験片: 軟線片 (25×100×1.6mm) 但是母菜試験時使用了SUS-27, 设备部 (Over-lap) 丙 12.5mm·

容量規格=(主)、硬 110g、1kg、

15kg (組)

