

FCC Part 15

EMI TEST REPORT

of

E.U.T. : Notebook P.C. (Combine Mini
PCI Type 3B Single Band
802.11b WLAN Adapter)

FCC ID. : MSQM2400NRF

MODEL : M2400N

for

APPLICANT : ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC.

ADDRESS : 4F, No. 150, Li-Te Rd., Peitou, Taipei Taiwan, R.O.C.

Test Performed by

ELECTRONICS TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN
NO. 34, LIN 5, DING FU TSUN, LINKOU HSIANG
TAIPEI HSIEN, TAIWAN, R.O.C.

Tel:(02)26023052 Fax:(02)26010910

<http://www.etc.org.tw> ; e-mail : etcemi@seed.net.tw

Report Number : ET92R-02-017-07

TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION

Applicant : ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC.
4F, No. 150, Li-Te Rd., Peitou, Taipei Taiwan, R.O.C.

Manufacturer : ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC.
4F, No. 150, Li-Te Rd., Peitou, Taipei Taiwan, R.O.C.

Description of EUT :

a) Type of EUT : Notebook P.C. (Combine Mini PCI Type 3B Single Band 802.11b WLAN Adapter)

b) Trade Name : ASUS

c) Model No. : M2400N

d) Power Supply : AC Adaptor (I/P:100-240Vac; O/P:19 Vdc)

Regulation Applied : FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart B & C (2001)

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT: The data shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4, and the energy emitted by the device was founded to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for accuracy and completeness of these data.

Note: 1. The result of the testing report relate only to the item tested.
2. The testing report shall not be reproduced expect in full, without the written approval of ETC.

Issued Date : Mar. 03, 2003

Test Engineer : Tien Lu Liao
(Tien-lu Liao)

Approve & Authorized Signer : Will Yauo
Will Yauo, Manager
EMC Dept. II of ELECTRONICS
TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN

| Table of Contents | Page |
|---|-------------|
| 1 GENERAL INFORMATION | 1 |
| 1.1 Product Description..... | 1 |
| 1.2 Characteristics of Device..... | 1 |
| 1.3 Test Methodology | 1 |
| 1.4 Test Facility..... | 1 |
| 2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE..... | 2 |
| 2.1 Definition..... | 2 |
| 2.2 Requirement for Compliance..... | 3 |
| 2.3 Restricted Bands of Operation..... | 5 |
| 2.4 Labeling Requirement | 5 |
| 2.5 User Information | 6 |
| 3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION | 7 |
| 3.1 Justification..... | 7 |
| 3.2 Devices for Tested System | 8 |
| 4 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT..... | 9 |
| 4.1 Applicable Standard..... | 9 |
| 4.2 Measurement Procedure..... | 9 |
| 4.3 Measuring Instrument | 11 |
| 4.4 Radiated Emission Data..... | 12 |
| 4.4.1 RF Portion..... | 12 |
| 4.4.2 Other Emission | 15 |
| 4.5 Field Strength Calculation..... | 15 |
| 4.6 Photos of Radiation Measuring Setup..... | 16 |
| 5 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT..... | 17 |
| 5.1 Standard Applicable | 17 |
| 5.2 Measurement Procedure..... | 17 |
| 5.3 Conducted Emission Data..... | 18 |
| 5.4 Result Data Calculation..... | 20 |
| 5.5 Conducted Measurement Equipment..... | 21 |
| 5.6 Photos of Conduction Measuring Setup | 22 |
| 6 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT..... | 23 |
| 6.1 Standard Applicable | 23 |
| 6.2 Antenna Construction and Directional Gain | 23 |
| 7 EMISSION BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT..... | 24 |

| | |
|---|-----------|
| 7.1 Standard Applicable | 24 |
| 7.2 Measurement Procedure..... | 24 |
| 7.3 Measurement Equipment | 24 |
| 7.4 Measurement Data | 25 |
| 8 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT..... | 26 |
| 8.1 Standard Applicable | 26 |
| 8.2 Measurement Procedure..... | 26 |
| 8.3 Measurement Equipment | 26 |
| 8.4 Measurement Data | 27 |
| 9 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT..... | 28 |
| 9.1 Standard Applicable | 28 |
| 9.2 Measurement Procedure..... | 28 |
| 9.3 Measurement Equipment | 28 |
| 9.4 Measurement Data | 29 |
| 10 POWER DENSITY MEASUREMENT | 30 |
| 10.1 Standard Applicable | 30 |
| 10.2 Measurement Procedure..... | 30 |
| 10.3 Measurement Equipment | 30 |
| 10.4 Measurement Data | 31 |
| APPENDIX 1 : PLOTE DATAS OF POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS | 32 |
| APPENDIX 2 : PLOTE DATAS OF EMISSIONS BANDWIDTH..... | 39 |
| APPENDIX 3 : PLOTE DATAS OF OUTPUT PEAK POWER..... | 43 |
| APPENDIX 4 : PLOTE DATAS OF BAND EDGE EMISSION | 47 |
| APPENDIX 5 : PLOTE DATAS OF POWER DENSITY..... | 50 |
| APPENDIX 6 : SPURIOUS EMISSION AT ANTENNA TERMINAL..... | 54 |

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description

- a) Type of EUT : Notebook P.C. (Combain Mini PCI Type 3B Single Band 802.11b WLAN Adapter)
- b) Trade Name : ASUS
- c) Model No. : M2400N
- d) Power Supply : AC Adaptor (I/P:100-240Vac; O/P:19 Vdc)

1.2 Characteristics of Device

The Notebook P.C. (Combine Mini PCI Type 3B Single Band 802.11b WLAN Adapter) is an embedded 2.4GHz Wireless Local Area Network Mini-PCI adapter. The Mini-PCI Type 3B form factor is designed for notebook computer systems where overall thickness must be kept to an absolute minimum. It is capable of a data rate of up to 11 Mbps at 2.4 GHz. Please refer to Section 3.2 of this report for a further description of the configuration tested.

1.3 Test Methodology

For Notebook P.C. (Combain Mini PCI Type 3B Single Band 802.11b WLAN Adapter), both conducted and radiated emissions were performed according to the procedures illustrated in ANSI C63.4 (1992) and for processing gain measurement is according to FCC Public Notice. Other required measurements were illustrated in separate sections of this test report for details.

1.4 Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data is located on the roof top of Building at No. 34, Lin 5, Ding Fu Tsun, Linkou Hsiang, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan 244, R.O.C.

This site has been fully described in a report submitted to your office, and accepted in a letter dated Feb. 10, 2000.

2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

2.1 Definition

Unintentional radiator:

A device that intentionally generates and radio frequency energy for use within the device, or that sends radio frequency signals by conduction to associated equipment via connecting wiring, but which is not intended to emit RF energy by radiation or induction.

Class A Digital Device:

A digital device which is marketed for use in commercial or business environment; exclusive of a device which is market for use by the general public, or which is intended to be used in the home.

Class B Digital Device :

A digital device which is marketed for use in a residential environment notwithstanding use in a commercial, business or industrial environment. Example of such devices that are marketed for the general public.

Note : A manufacturer may also qualify a device intended to be marketed in a commercial, business, or industrial environment as a Class B digital device, and in fact is encouraged to do so, provided the device complies with the technical specifications for a Class B Digital Device. In the event that a particular type of device has been found to repeatedly cause harmful interference to radio communications, the Commission may classify such a digital device as a Class B Digital Device, Regardless of its intended use.

Intentional radiator:

A device that intentionally generates and emits radio frequency energy by radiation or induction.

2.2 Requirement for Compliance

(1) Conducted Emission Requirement

Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150kHz to 30MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 Ω H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

| Frequency MHz | Quasi Peak dB μ V | Average dB μ V |
|------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 0.15 - 0.5 | 66-56* | 56-46* |
| 0.5 - 5.0 | 56 | 46 |
| 5.0 - 30.0 | 60 | 50 |

Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

(2) Radiated Emission Requirement

For unintentional device, according to § 15.109(a), except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values:

| Frequency MHz | Distance Meters | Radiated dB μ V/m | Radiated μ V/m |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 30 - 88 | 3 | 40.0 | 100 |
| 88 - 216 | 3 | 43.5 | 150 |
| 216 - 960 | 3 | 46.0 | 200 |
| Above 960 | 3 | 54.0 | 500 |

For unintentional device, according to CISPR Line Conducted Emission Limits class B is as following:

| Frequency MHz | Distance Meters | Radiated dB μ V/m |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| 30 to 230 | 10 | 30 |
| 230 to 1000 | 10 | 37 |

For intentional device, according to § 15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of

radiated emissions from intentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the above table.

(3) Antenna Requirement

For intentional device, according to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

(4) Bandwidth Requirement

For direct sequence system, according to 15.247(a)(2), the minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

(5) Output Power Requirement

For direct sequence system, according to 15.247(b), the maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(6) 100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edges Requirement

According to 15.247(c), if any 100 kHz bandwidth outside these frequency bands, the radio frequency power that is produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence and the carrier frequency shall be either at least 20 dB below that in any 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power or shall not exceed the general levels specified in § 15.209(a), whichever results in the lesser attenuation.

(7) Power Density Requirement

According to 15.247(d), for direct sequence systems, the transmitted power density averaged over any 1 second interval shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz bandwidth within these bands.

2.3 Restricted Bands of Operation

Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below :

| MHz | MHz | MHz | GHz |
|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-------------|
| 0.090 - 0.110 | 16.42-16.423 | 399.9-410 | 4.5-5.25 |
| 0.495 - 0.505 ** | 16.69475 - 16.69525 | 608-614 | 5.35-5.46 |
| 2.1735 - 2.1905 | 16.80425 - 16.80475 | 960-1240 | 7.25-7.75 |
| 4.125-4.128 | 25.5-25.67 | 1300-1427 | 8.025-8.5 |
| 4.17725-4.17775 | 37.5-38.25 | 1435-1626.5 | 9.0-9.2 |
| 4.20725-4.20775 | 73-74.6 | 1645.5-1646.5 | 9.3-9.5 |
| 6.215-6.218 | 74.8-75.2 | 1660-1710 | 10.6-12.7 |
| 6.26775-6.26825 | 108-121.94 | 1718.8-1722.2 | 13.25-13.4 |
| 6.31175-6.31225 | 123-138 | 2200-2300 | 14.47-14.5 |
| 8.291-8.294 | 149.9-150.05 | 2310-2390 | 15.35-16.2 |
| 8.362-8.366 | 156.52475 - 156.52525 | 2483.5-2500 | 17.7-21.4 |
| 8.37625-8.38675 | 156.7-156.9 | 2655-2900 | 22.01-23.12 |
| 8.41425-8.41475 | 162.0125-167.17 | 3260-3267 | 23.6-24.0 |
| 12.29-12.293 | 167.72-173.2 | 3332-3339 | 31.2-31.8 |
| 12.51975-12.52025 | 240-285 | 3345.8-3358 | 36.43-36.5 |
| 12.57675-12.57725 | 322-335.4 | 3360-4400 | Above 38.6 |
| 13.36-13.41 | | | |

** : Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz

2.4 Labeling Requirement

The device shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

2.5 User Information

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual.

The Federal Communications Commission Radio Frequency Interference Statement includes the following paragraph.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B Digital Device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction may cause harmful interference to radio communication. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio / TV technician for help.

3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1 Justification

For both radiated and conducted emissions below 1 GHz, the system was configured for testing in a typical fashion as a customer would normally use it. The peripherals other than EUT were connected in normally standing by situation. Measurement was performed under the condition that a computer program was exercised to simulate data communication of EUT, and the transmission rate was set to maximum allowed by EUT. Three highest emissions were verified with varying placement of the transmitting antenna connected to EUT to maximize the emission from EUT.

For conducted emissions, only measured on TX and RX operation, for the digital circuits portion also function normally whenever TX or RX is operated. For radiated emissions, whichever RF channel is operated, the digital circuits function identically. As the reason, measurement of radiated emissions from digital circuits is only performed with channel 7 by transmitting mode.

During the preliminary test, the worse case is the antenna with a cable, and data presented in this test report just shows the worse case.

3.2 Devices for Tested System

| Device | Manufacture | Model | Cable Description |
|---|--------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|
| Notebook P.C. (Combine Mini PCI Type 3B Single Band 802.11b WLAN Adapter) * | ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC. | M2400N | ---- |
| Monitor | NEC | JC-1744UMA | 2.0m Unshielded Adaptor Power Cord |
| Monitor | View Sonic | E653 | 2.0m Unshielded Adaptor Power Cord |
| PC | Acer | 8400 | 1.5m Unshielded Adaptor Power Cord |
| Printer | EPSON | PHOTO 700 | 1.8m Unshielded AC Power Cord |
| Earphone | ---- | ---- | ---- |
| Microphone | ---- | ---- | ---- |
| Mouse x 1 | Logitech | M-UB48a | ---- |
| RJ-11 | ---- | ---- | ---- |
| RJ-45 | ---- | ---- | ---- |
| USB DISK | ---- | ---- | 0.5m Unshielded Adaptor Power Cord |

Remark “*” means equipment under test.

4 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

4.1 Applicable Standard

For unintentional radiator, the radiated emission shall comply with § 15.109(a), as an alternative to the radiated emission limits is CISPR 22.

For intentional radiators, according to § 15.247 (a), operation under this provision is limited to frequency hopping and direct sequence spread spectrum, and the out band emission shall be comply with § 15.247 (c)

4.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Setup the configuration per figure 5 and 6 for frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz respectively.
2. For emission frequencies measured below 1 GHz, a pre-scan is performed in a shielded chamber to determine the accurate frequencies of higher emissions will be checked on a open test site. As the same purpose, for emission frequencies measured above 1 GHz, a pre-scan also be performed with a 1 meter measuring distance before final test.
3. For emission frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz, set the spectrum analyzer on a 100 kHz and 1 MHz resolution bandwidth respectively for each frequency measured in step 2.
4. The search antenna is to be raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in horizontally polarized orientation. Position the highness when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0° to 360° with a speed as slow as possible, and keep the azimuth that highest emission is indicated on the spectrum analyzer. Vary the antenna position again and record the highest value as a final reading. A RF test receiver is also used to confirm emissions measured.

Note : A band pass filter was used to avoid pre-amplifier saturated when measure TX operation mode in frequency band above 1 GHz.

5. Repeat step 4 until all frequencies need to be measured were complete.
6. Repeat step 5 with search antenna in vertical polarized orientations.

7. Check the three frequencies of highest emission with varying the placement of cables associated with EUT to obtain the worst case and record the result.

Figure 1 : Frequencies measured below 1 GHz configuration

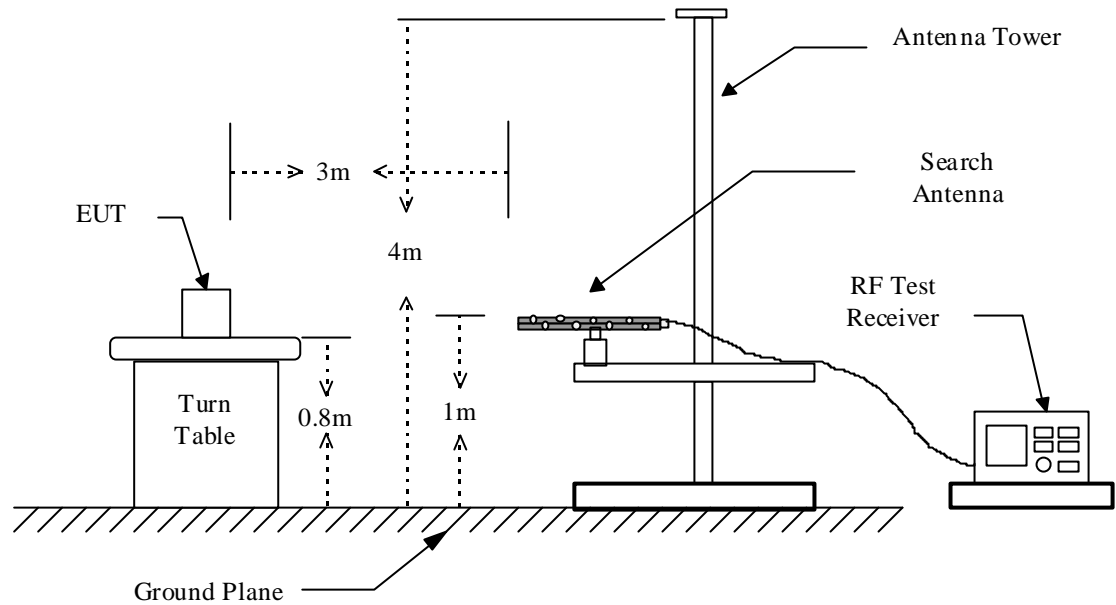
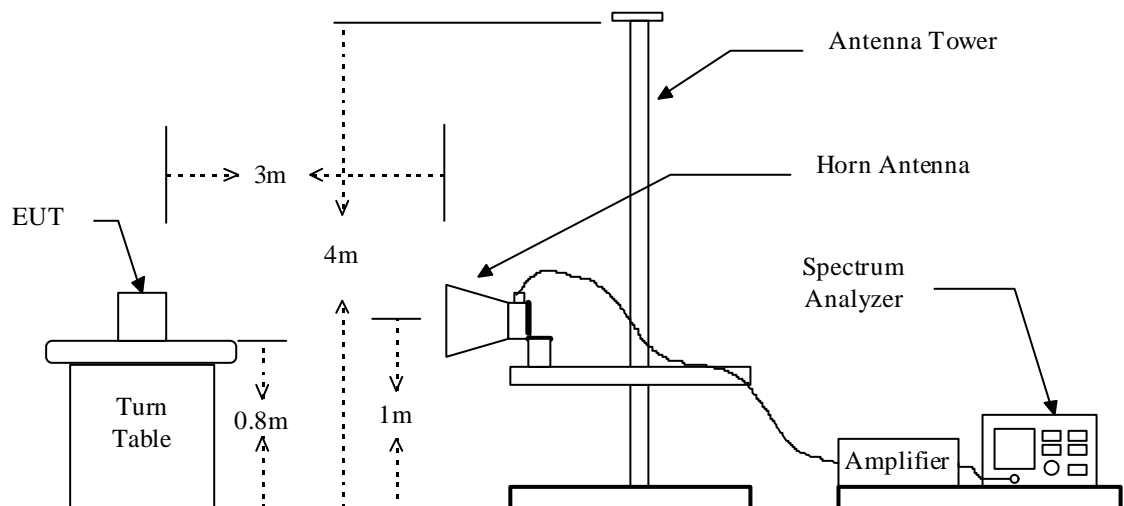


Figure 2 : Frequencies measured above 1 GHz configuration



4.3 Measuring Instrument

The following instrument are used for radiated emissions measurement:

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Next Cal. Due |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Hewlett-Packard | 8568B | 01/10/2004 |
| Pre-selector | Hewlett-Packard | 85685A | 01/10/2004 |
| Quasi Peak Detector | Hewlett-Packard | 85650A | 01/10/2004 |
| Spectrum Analyzer | Adventest | R3271 | 09/09/2003 |
| RF Test Receiver | Rohde & Schwarz | ESVS 30 | 08/06/2003 |
| Horn Antenna | EMCO | 3115 | 05/29/2003 |
| Log periodic Antenna | EMCO | 3146 | 11/04/2003 |
| Biconical Antenna | EMCO | 3110B | 11/04/2003 |
| Preamplifier | Hewlett-Packard | 8449B | 05/29/2003 |
| Preamplifier | Hewlett-Packard | 8447D | 10/14/2003 |
| Spectrum Analyzer | Hewlett-Packard | 8564E | 04/16/2003 |

Measuring instrument setup in measured frequency band when specified detector function is used :

| Frequency Band (MHz) | Instrument | Function | Resolution bandwidth | Video Bandwidth |
|----------------------|-------------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| 30 to 1000 | RF Test Receiver | Quasi-Peak | 120 kHz | N/A |
| | Spectrum Analyzer | Peak | 100 kHz | 100 kHz |
| Above 1000 | Spectrum Analyzer | Peak | 1 MHz | 1 MHz |
| | Spectrum Analyzer | Average | 1 MHz | 300 Hz |

4.4 Radiated Emission Data

4.4.1 RF Portion

a) Channel 1

Operation Mode : Transmitting / Receiving

Fundamental Frequency : 2412 MHz (Receiving Local Frequency : 2412 MHz)

Test Date : Feb. 17, 2003

Temperature : 19

Humidity : 63 %

| Frequency (MHz) | Reading (dBuV) | | | | Factor (dB) Corr. | Result @3m (dBuV/m) | | Limit @3m (dBuV/m) | | Margin (dB) | Table Deg. (Deg.) | Ant. High (m) |
|--------------------|----------------|----------|-----------|----------|-------------------------|------------------------|------|-----------------------|------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | H Peak | V Ave | H Peak | V Ave | | Peak | Ave | Peak | Ave. | | | |
| * 2411.975 | 44.8 | 29.9 | 44.4 | 29.4 | -3.0 | 41.8 | 26.9 | 74.0 | 54.0 | -27.1 | 109 | 1.80 |
| * 4823.950 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 2.6 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| * 7235.925 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 5.8 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| * 9647.900 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 7.3 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| * 12059.875 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 9.2 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 4824.010 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 2.6 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 7234.800 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 5.8 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 9647.820 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 7.3 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 12064.500 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 9.2 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 14477.400 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11.6 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 16890.300 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 12.2 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 19303.200 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 8.8 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 21716.100 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 9.8 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 24129.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 10.4 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |

Note :

1. Item of margin shown in above table refer to average limit.
2. It is considered that the results of average comply with average limit when measuring data with a peak function detector meet the average limit. Mark “***” means that Peak result is meet average limit.
3. Remark “---” means that the emissions level is too low to be measured.
4. Item “Margin” referred to Average limit while there is only peak result.
5. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.

b) Channel 6

Operation Mode : Transmitting / Receiving

Fundamental Frequency : 2437 MHz (Receiving Local Frequency : 2437 MHz)

Test Date : Feb. 17, 2003Temperature : 19Humidity : 63 %

| Frequency (MHz) | | Reading (dBuV) | | | | Factor (dB) Corr. | Result @3m (dBuV/m) | | Limit @3m (dBuV/m) | | Margin (dB) | Table Deg. (Deg.) | Ant. High (m) |
|------------------------|-----------|----------------|------|------|------|-----------------------------|------------------------|------|-----------------------|------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | | H | | V | | | Peak | Ave | Peak | Ave. | | | |
| * | 2436.972 | 45.1 | 30.3 | 44.6 | 29.6 | -2.9 | 42.2 | 27.4 | 74.0 | 54.0 | -26.6 | 109 | 1.80 |
| * | 4873.943 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 2.7 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| * | 7310.914 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 5.9 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| * | 9747.885 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 7.3 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| * | 12184.856 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 9.3 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| | 4873.800 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 2.7 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| | 7310.700 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 5.9 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| | 9747.600 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 7.3 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| | 12184.500 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 9.3 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| | 14621.400 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11.6 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| | 17058.300 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 13.1 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| | 19495.200 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 8.5 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| | 21932.100 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 9.9 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| | 24369.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 10.7 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |

Note :

1. Item of margin shown in above table refer to average limit.
2. It is considered that the results of average comply with average limit when measuring data with a peak function detector meet the average limit. Mark “***” means that Peak result is meet average limit.
3. Remark “---” means that the emissions level is too low to be measured.
4. Item “Margin” referred to Average limit while there is only peak result.
5. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.

c) Channel 11

Operation Mode : Transmitting / Receiving

Fundamental Frequency : 2462 MHz (Receiving Local Frequency : 2462 MHz)

Test Date : Feb. 17, 2003Temperature : 19Humidity : 63 %

| Frequency (MHz) | Reading (dBuV) | | | | Factor (dB) Corr. | Result @3m (dBuV/m) | | Limit @3m (dBuV/m) | | Margin (dB) | Table Deg. (Deg.) | Ant. High (m) |
|------------------------|----------------|------|------|------|-----------------------------|------------------------|------|-----------------------|------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | H | | V | | | Peak | Ave | Peak | Ave. | | | |
| | Peak | Ave | Peak | Ave | | | | | | | | |
| * 2461.971 | 45.3 | 30.5 | 44.8 | 29.8 | -2.8 | 42.5 | 27.7 | 74.0 | 54.0 | -26.3 | 109 | 1.80 |
| * 4923.943 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 2.8 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| * 7385.915 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 6.0 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| * 9847.887 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 7.3 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| * 12309.859 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 9.3 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 4923.920 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 2.8 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 7385.880 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 6.0 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 9847.840 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 7.3 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 12309.800 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 9.3 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 14771.760 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 11.5 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 17233.720 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 14.3 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 19695.680 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 8.5 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 22157.640 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 10.0 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |
| 24619.600 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 10.9 | --- | --- | 74.0 | 54.0 | --- | --- | --- |

Note :

1. Item of margin shown in above table refer to average limit.
2. It is considered that the results of average comply with average limit when measuring data with a peak function detector meet the average limit. Mark “***” means that Peak result is meet average limit.
3. Remark “---” means that the emissions level is too low to be measured.
4. Item “Margin” referred to Average limit while there is only peak result.
5. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.

4.4.2 Other Emission

a) Emission frequencies below 1 GHz

Test Date : Feb. 06, 2003

Temperature : 26

Humidity : 65 %

| Frequency (MHz) | Ant-Pol H/V | Meter Reading (dBuV) | Corrected Factor (dB) | Result @3m (dBuV/m) | Limit @3m (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Table Degree (Deg.) | Ant. High (m) |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| 111.453 | H | 48.0 | -11.6 | 36.4 | 43.5 | -7.1 | 75 | 3.6 |
| 118.699 | H | 43.7 | -10.9 | 32.8 | 43.5 | -10.7 | 198 | 3.8 |
| 166.400 | H | 41.8 | -9.2 | 32.6 | 43.5 | -10.9 | 165 | 4.0 |
| 176.469 | H | 43.9 | -9.1 | 34.8 | 43.5 | -8.7 | 70 | 3.9 |
| 184.330 | V | 43.5 | -8.8 | 34.7 | 43.5 | -8.8 | 275 | 1.3 |
| 196.620 | V | 42.3 | -7.5 | 34.8 | 43.5 | -8.7 | 45 | 1.1 |

Note :

1. Remark "---" means that the emissions level is too low to be measured.
2. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.

b) Emission frequencies above 1 GHz

Radiated emission frequencies above 1 GHz to 5 GHz were too low to be measured with a pre-amplifier of 35 dB.

4.5 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, High Pass Filter Loss(if used) and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{Corrected Factor}$$

where

$$\text{Corrected Factor} = \text{Antenna FACTOR} + \text{Cable Loss} + \text{High Pass Filter Loss} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

5 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

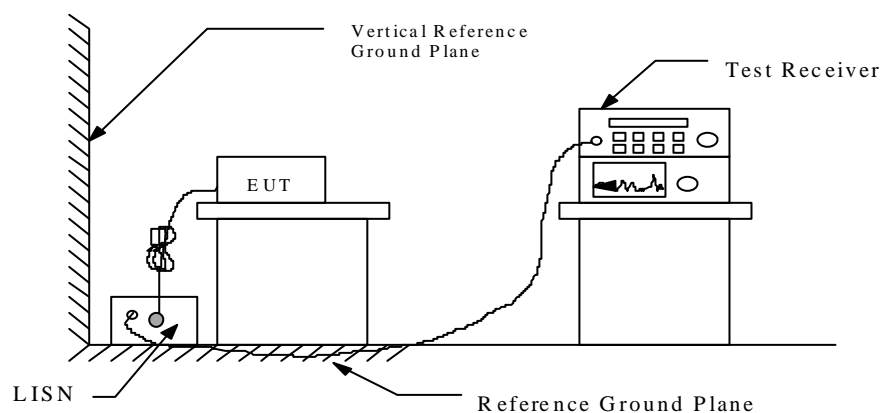
5.1 Standard Applicable

For unintentional and intentional device, Line Conducted Emission Limits are in accordance to § 15.107(a) and § 15.207(a) respectively.

5.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Setup the configuration per figure 3.
2. A preliminary scan with a spectrum monitor is performed to identify the frequency of emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in selected modes of operation, typical cable positions, and with a typical system configuration.
3. Record the 6 or 8 highest emissions relative to the limit.
4. Measure each frequency obtained from step 3 by a test receiver set on quasi peak detector function, and then record the accuracy frequency and emission level. If all emissions measured in the specified band are attenuated more than 20 dB from the limit, this step would be ignored, and the peak detector function would be used.
5. Confirm the highest three emissions with variation of the EUT cable configuration and record the final data.
6. Repeat all above procedures on measuring each operation mode of EUT.

Figure 3 : Conducted emissions measurement configuration



5.3 Conducted Emission Data

a) CH 01

Operation Mode : Transmitting / Receiving

Test Date : Feb. 06, 2003Temperature : 26Humidity: 65 %

| Freq. (MHz) | Meter Reading (dB μ V) | | | | Factor (dB) | Limit (dB μ V) | | Result (dB μ V) | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------|------|------------|------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------|--------------------|------|------------|------|
| | Q.P Value | | AVG. Value | | | Q.P Value | AVG. Value | Q.P Value | | AVG. Value | |
| | N | L1 | N | L1 | | | | N | L1 | N | L1 |
| 0.162 | 34.4 | 39.8 | ---- | ---- | 0.2 | 65.4 | 55.4 | 34.6 | 40.0 | ---- | ---- |
| 0.205 | 43.8 | 35.7 | ---- | ---- | 0.2 | 63.4 | 53.4 | 44.0 | 35.9 | ---- | ---- |
| 0.263 | 32.3 | 22.6 | ---- | ---- | 0.2 | 61.3 | 51.3 | 32.5 | 22.8 | ---- | ---- |
| 0.334 | 33.7 | 15.8 | ---- | ---- | 0.3 | 59.4 | 49.4 | 33.9 | 16.1 | ---- | ---- |
| 1.883 | 27.3 | 22.7 | ---- | ---- | 0.5 | 56.0 | 46.0 | 27.8 | 23.2 | ---- | ---- |
| 5.246 | 34.4 | 20.6 | ---- | ---- | 0.6 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 35.0 | 21.2 | ---- | ---- |
| 15.074 | 34.4 | 31.4 | ---- | ---- | 1.1 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 35.5 | 32.5 | ---- | ---- |
| 16.016 | 35.6 | 30.8 | ---- | ---- | 1.2 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 36.8 | 32.0 | ---- | ---- |

*Note : 1. Please see appendix 1 for Plotted Data**2. The expanded uncertainty of the conducted emission tests is 2.45 dB.*

b) CH 06

Operation Mode : Transmitting / Receiving

Test Date : Feb. 06, 2003Temperature : 26Humidity: 65 %

| Freq. (MHz) | Meter Reading (dB μ V) | | | | Factor (dB) | Limit (dB μ V) | | Result (dB μ V) | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------|------|------------|------|----------------|-------------------|---------------|--------------------|------|------------|------|
| | Q.P Value | | AVG. Value | | | Q.P Value | AVG. Value | Q.P Value | | AVG. Value | |
| | N | L1 | N | L1 | | | | N | L1 | N | L1 |
| 0.162 | 34.7 | 34.4 | ---- | ---- | 0.2 | 65.4 | 55.4 | 34.9 | 34.6 | ---- | ---- |
| 0.205 | 44.4 | 43.4 | ---- | ---- | 0.2 | 63.4 | 53.4 | 44.6 | 43.6 | ---- | ---- |
| 0.263 | 33.2 | 32.0 | ---- | ---- | 0.2 | 61.3 | 51.3 | 33.4 | 32.3 | ---- | ---- |
| 0.336 | 33.7 | 33.1 | ---- | ---- | 0.3 | 59.3 | 49.3 | 33.9 | 33.4 | ---- | ---- |
| 1.883 | 26.6 | 27.5 | ---- | ---- | 0.5 | 56.0 | 46.0 | 27.1 | 28.0 | ---- | ---- |
| 5.246 | 34.1 | 33.9 | ---- | ---- | 0.6 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 34.7 | 34.5 | ---- | ---- |
| 15.074 | 36.4 | 33.0 | ---- | ---- | 1.1 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 37.5 | 34.1 | ---- | ---- |
| 16.016 | 36.7 | 34.4 | ---- | ---- | 1.2 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 37.9 | 35.6 | ---- | ---- |

*Note : 1. Please see appendix 1 for Plotted Data**2. The expanded uncertainty of the conducted emission tests is 2.45 dB.*

c) CH 11

Operation Mode : Transmitting / Receiving

Test Date : Feb. 06, 2003

Temperature : 26

Humidity: 65 %

| Freq. (MHz) | Meter Reading (dB μ V) | | | | Factor (dB) | Limit (dB μ V) | | Result (dB μ V) | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|------|------------|------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------|------------------------|------|------------|------|
| | Q.P Value | | AVG. Value | | | Q.P Value | AVG. Value | Q.P Value | | AVG. Value | |
| | N | L1 | N | L1 | | | | N | L1 | N | L1 |
| 0.162 | 35.9 | 34.1 | ---- | ---- | 0.2 | 65.4 | 55.4 | 36.1 | 34.3 | ---- | ---- |
| 0.205 | 44.9 | 43.6 | ---- | ---- | 0.2 | 63.4 | 53.4 | 45.1 | 43.8 | ---- | ---- |
| 0.263 | 33.4 | 32.1 | ---- | ---- | 0.2 | 61.3 | 51.3 | 33.6 | 32.3 | ---- | ---- |
| 0.336 | 33.7 | 33.3 | ---- | ---- | 0.3 | 59.3 | 49.3 | 34.0 | 33.6 | ---- | ---- |
| 1.883 | 26.7 | 27.3 | ---- | ---- | 0.5 | 56.0 | 46.0 | 27.2 | 27.7 | ---- | ---- |
| 5.246 | 34.6 | 33.8 | ---- | ---- | 0.6 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 35.2 | 34.4 | ---- | ---- |
| 15.074 | 35.8 | 33.9 | ---- | ---- | 1.1 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 36.9 | 35.0 | ---- | ---- |
| 16.016 | 37.0 | 34.8 | ---- | ---- | 1.2 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 38.1 | 35.9 | ---- | ---- |

*Note : 1. Please see appendix I for Plotted Data**2. The expanded uncertainty of the conducted emission tests is 2.45 dB.*

5.4 Result Data Calculation

The result data is calculated by adding the LISN Factor to the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$\text{RESULT} = \text{READING} + \text{LISN FACTOR}$$

Assume a receiver reading of 22.5 dB μ V is obtained, and LISN Factor is 0.1 dB, then the total of disturbance voltage is 22.6 dB μ V.

$$\text{RESULT} = 22.5 + 0.1 = 22.6 \text{ dB } \mu \text{ V}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Level in } \mu \text{ V} &= \text{Common Antilogarithm}[(22.6 \text{ dB } \mu \text{ V})/20] \\ &= 13.48 \text{ } \mu \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$

5.5 Conducted Measurement Equipment

The following test equipment are used during the conducted test.

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Next Cal. Due |
|---|---------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| EMI Test Receiver | Rohde and Schwarz | ESCS 30 | 11/27/2003 |
| Line Impedance Stabilization network | Rohde and Schwarz | ESH2-Z5 | 09/03/2003 |
| Monitor | IBM | E54 | N.C.R. |
| Printer | HP | LaserJet 1000 | N.C.R. |
| Shielded Room | Riken | | N.C.R. |
| Computer | Acer | Veriton | N.C.R. |
| EMI Test Receiver | Rohde and Schwarz | ESCS 30 | 11/27/2003 |

6 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

6.1 Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to § 15.247 (b), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

6.2 Antenna Construction and Directional Gain

This device use integrated antenna. Please see constraction Photos Of Exhibit B for details.

7 EMISSION BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT

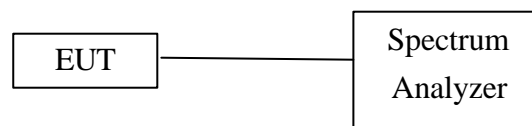
7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(2), for direct sequence system, the minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

7.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 5 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 6 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Figure 4: Emission bandwidth measurement configuration.



7.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Next Cal. Due |
|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Hewlett-Packard | 8564E | 04/14/2003 |
| Plotter | Hewlett-Packard | 7440A | N/A |
| Attenuator | Weinschel Engineering | AS3667 | N/A |

7.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Feb. 17, 2003 Temperature : 19 Humidity: 63 %

- a) Channel 01 : 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 12.0 MHz
- b) Channel 06 : 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 12.0 MHz
- c) Channel 11 : 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 12.0 MHz

Note : 1. Please see appendix 2 for Plotted Data

2. The expanded uncertainty of the emission bandwidth tests is 1500Hz.

8 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

8.1 Standard Applicable

For direct sequence system, according to 15.247(b), the maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

8.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 5 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 1 MHz and VBW to 1 MHz.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and record the level to calculate result data.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Figure 5: Output power and measurement configuration.



8.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Next Cal. Due |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Hewlett-Packard | 8564E | 04/14/2003 |
| Plotter | Hewlett-Packard | 7440A | N/A |

8.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Feb. 17, 2003 Temperature : 19 Humidity: 63 %

- a) Channel 01 : Output Peak Power is 18.3 dBm or **67.61** mW
- b) Channel 06 : Output Peak Power is 18.2 dBm or **66.07** mW
- c) Channel 11 : Output Peak Power is 17.0 dBm or **50.11** mW

Note : 1. Please see appendix 3 for Plotted Data

2. The expanded uncertainty of the output power tests is 2dB.

9 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

9.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(c), if any 100 kHz bandwidth outside these frequency bands, the radio frequency power that is produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence and the carrier frequency shall be either at least 20 dB below that in any 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power or shall not exceed the general levels specified in § 15.209(a), whichever results in the lesser attenuation.

9.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 5 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

9.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Next Cal. Due |
|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Hewlett-Packard | 8564E | 04/14/2003 |
| Attenuator | Weinschel Engineering | 1 | N/A |
| Plotter | Hewlett-Packard | 7440A | N/A |