FCC SAR Test Report

Report No.	:	**SA141015C15**
Applicant	:	**ASUSTek COMPUTER INC.**
Address	:	**No. 150, LI-TE Rd., PEITOU, TAIPEI 112, TAIWAN**
Product	:	**ASUS Tablet**
FCC ID	:	**MSQK00X**
Brand	:	**ASUS**
Model No.	:	**K00X**
Standards	:	**FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) / IEEE C95.1:1992 / IEEE 1528:2003 IEEE 1528a-2005 / KDB 865664 D01 v01r03 KDB 248227 D01 v01r02 / KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 / KDB 616217 D04 v01r01 KDB 941225 D01 v02 / KDB 941225 D02 v02r02 / KDB 941225 D03 v01 KDB 941225 D05 v02r03**
Sample Received Date	:	**Oct. 15, 2014**
Date of Testing	:	**Oct. 25, 2014 ~ Nov. 11, 2014**

CERTIFICATION: The above equipment have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch – Lin Kou Laboratories**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any government agencies.

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Testing Laboratory 2021

Table of Contents

Release Control Record

Report No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
SA141015C15	Initial release	Nov. 20, 2014

1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

Equipment Class	Mode	Highest Reported Body SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
PCB	GSM850	0.88
	GSM1900	1.00
	WCDMA II	0.95
	WCDMA V	1.02
	LTE 2	0.89
	LTE 4	0.99
	LTE 5	0.96
	LTE 7	0.78
	LTE 17	1.06
DTS	2.4G WLAN	0.42
DSS	Bluetooth	N/A
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR		Body (W/kg)
PCB+DTS		1.48
PCB+DSS		1.30

Note:

1. The SAR limit **(SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg)** for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.

2. Description of Equipment Under Test

EUT Type	ASUS Tablet
FCC ID	MSQK00X
Brand Name	ASUS
Model Name	K00X
Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	GSM850 : 824.2 ~ 848.8 GSM1900 : 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 WCDMA Band II : 1852.4 ~ 1907.6 WCDMA Band V : 826.4 ~ 846.6 LTE Band 2 : 1850.7 ~ 1909.3 (1.4M), 1851.5 ~ 1908.5 (3M), 1852.5 ~ 1907.5 (5M), 1855 ~ 1905 (10M), 1857.5 ~ 1902.5 (15M), 1860 ~ 1900 (20M) LTE Band 4 : 1710.7 ~ 1754.3 (1.4M), 1711.5 ~ 1753.5 (3M), 1712.5 ~ 1752.5 (5M), 1715 ~ 1750 (10M), 1717.5 ~ 1747.5 (15M), 1720 ~ 1745 (20M) LTE Band 5 : 824.7 ~ 848.3 (1.4M), 825.5 ~ 847.5 (3M), 826.5 ~ 846.5 (5M), 829 ~ 844 (10M) LTE Band 7 : 2502.5 ~ 2567.5 (5M), 2505 ~ 2565 (10M), 2507.5 ~ 2562.5 (15M), 2510 ~ 2560 (20M) LTE Band 17 : 706.5 ~ 713.5 (5M), 709 ~ 711 (10M) WLAN : 2412 ~ 2462 Bluetooth : 2402 ~ 2480
Uplink Modulations	GSM & GPRS : GMSK EDGE : 8PSK WCDMA : QPSK LTE : QPSK, 16QAM 802.11b : DSSS 802.11g/n : OFDM Bluetooth : GFSK
Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)	GSM850 : 32.5 GSM1900 : 30.0 WCDMA Band II : 24.5 WCDMA Band V : 24.0 LTE Band 2 : 23.5 LTE Band 4 : 23.5 LTE Band 5 : 23.0 LTE Band 7 : 23.5 LTE Band 17 : 23.0 WLAN 2.4G : 12.0 Bluetooth : 7.5
Antenna Type	Fixed Internal Antenna
EUT Stage	Production Unit

Note:

1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

List of Accessory:

Battery	**Brand Name**	ASUS
	Model Name	C11P1402
	Power Rating	3.8Vdc, 15Wh
	Type	Li-ion

3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathrm{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{dW}{dm}\right) = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\mathrm{SAR} = \frac{\sigma|E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY4/5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

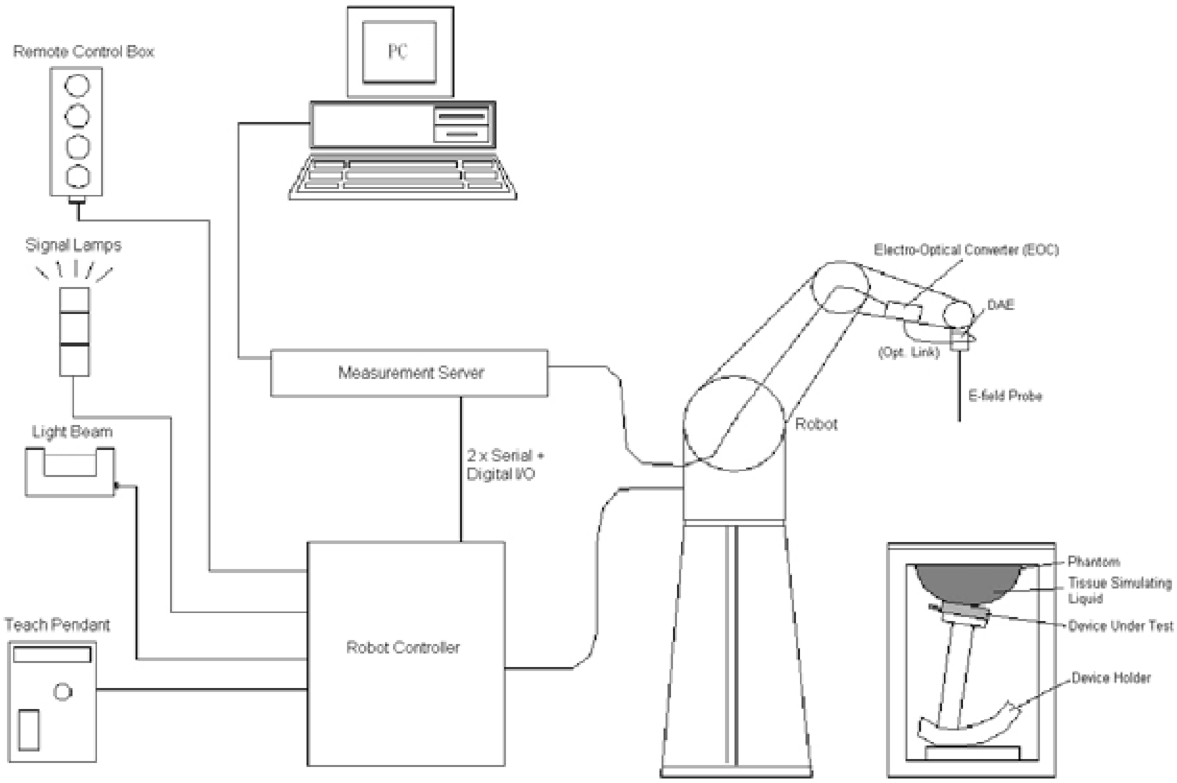


Fig-3.1 DASY System Setup

3.2.1 Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY4: CS7MB; DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

	
Fig-3.2 DASY4	**Fig-3.3 DASY5**

3.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

Model	EX3DV4
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm

Model	ES3DV3
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm

3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)
Input Offset Voltage	< 5μV (with auto zero)
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm

3.2.4 Phantoms

Model	Twin SAM
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters

Model	ELI
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters

3.2.5 Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	

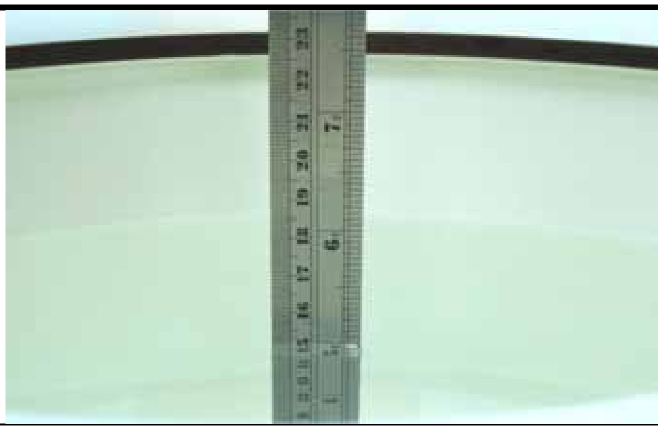
Model	Laptop Extensions Kit	
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.	
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam	

3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles

Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with l/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.

	
Photo of Liquid Height for Head Position	**Photo of Liquid Height for Body Position**

The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528, and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.

Table-3.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	Range of ±5%	Target Conductivity	Range of ±5%
For Head				
750	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93
835	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95
900	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
1450	40.5	38.5 ~ 42.5	1.20	1.14 ~ 1.26
1640	40.3	38.3 ~ 42.3	1.29	1.23 ~ 1.35
1750	40.1	38.1 ~ 42.1	1.37	1.30 ~ 1.44
1800	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1900	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2000	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2300	39.5	37.5 ~ 41.5	1.67	1.59 ~ 1.75
2450	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89
2600	39.0	37.1 ~ 41.0	1.96	1.86 ~ 2.06
3500	37.9	36.0 ~ 39.8	2.91	2.76 ~ 3.06
5200	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89
5300	35.9	34.1 ~ 37.7	4.76	4.52 ~ 5.00
5500	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21
5600	35.5	33.7 ~ 37.3	5.07	4.82 ~ 5.32
5800	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53
For Body				
750	55.5	52.7 ~ 58.3	0.96	0.91 ~ 1.01
835	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
900	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10
1450	54.0	51.3 ~ 56.7	1.30	1.24 ~ 1.37
1640	53.8	51.1 ~ 56.5	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1750	53.4	50.7 ~ 56.1	1.49	1.42 ~ 1.56
1800	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
1900	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2000	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2300	52.9	50.3 ~ 55.5	1.81	1.72 ~ 1.90
2450	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05
2600	52.5	49.9 ~ 55.1	2.16	2.05 ~ 2.27
3500	51.3	48.7 ~ 53.9	3.31	3.14 ~ 3.48
5200	49.0	46.6 ~ 51.5	5.30	5.04 ~ 5.57
5300	48.9	46.5 ~ 51.3	5.42	5.15 ~ 5.69
5500	48.6	46.2 ~ 51.0	5.65	5.37 ~ 5.93
5600	48.5	46.1 ~ 50.9	5.77	5.48 ~ 6.06
5800	48.2	45.8 ~ 50.6	6.00	5.70 ~ 6.30

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Table-3.2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono-hexylether
H750	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	0.2	-	0.2	1.4	58.0	-	40.2	-
H1450	-	43.3	-	0.6	-	-	56.1	-
H1640	-	45.8	-	0.5	-	-	53.7	-
H1750	-	47.0	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	-	44.5	-	0.3	-	-	55.2	-
H1900	-	44.5	-	0.2	-	-	55.3	-
H2000	-	44.5	-	0.1	-	-	55.4	-
H2300	-	44.9	-	0.1	-	-	55.0	-
H2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
H2600	-	45.1	-	0.1	-	-	54.8	-
H3500	-	8.0	-	0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H5G	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3
B750	0.2	-	0.2	0.8	48.8	-	50.0	-
B835	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.5	-	50.2	-
B900	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.2	-	50.5	-
B1450	-	34.0	-	0.3	-	-	65.7	-
B1640	-	32.5	-	0.3	-	-	67.2	-
B1750	-	31.0	-	0.2	-	-	68.8	-
B1800	-	29.5	-	0.4	-	-	70.1	-
B1900	-	29.5	-	0.3	-	-	70.2	-
B2000	-	30.0	-	0.2	-	-	69.8	-
B2300	-	31.0	-	0.1	-	-	68.9	-
B2450	-	31.4	-	0.1	-	-	68.5	-
B2600	-	31.8	-	0.1	-	-	68.1	-
B3500	-	28.8	-	0.1	-	-	71.1	-
B5G	-	-	-	-	-	10.7	78.6	10.7

3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.

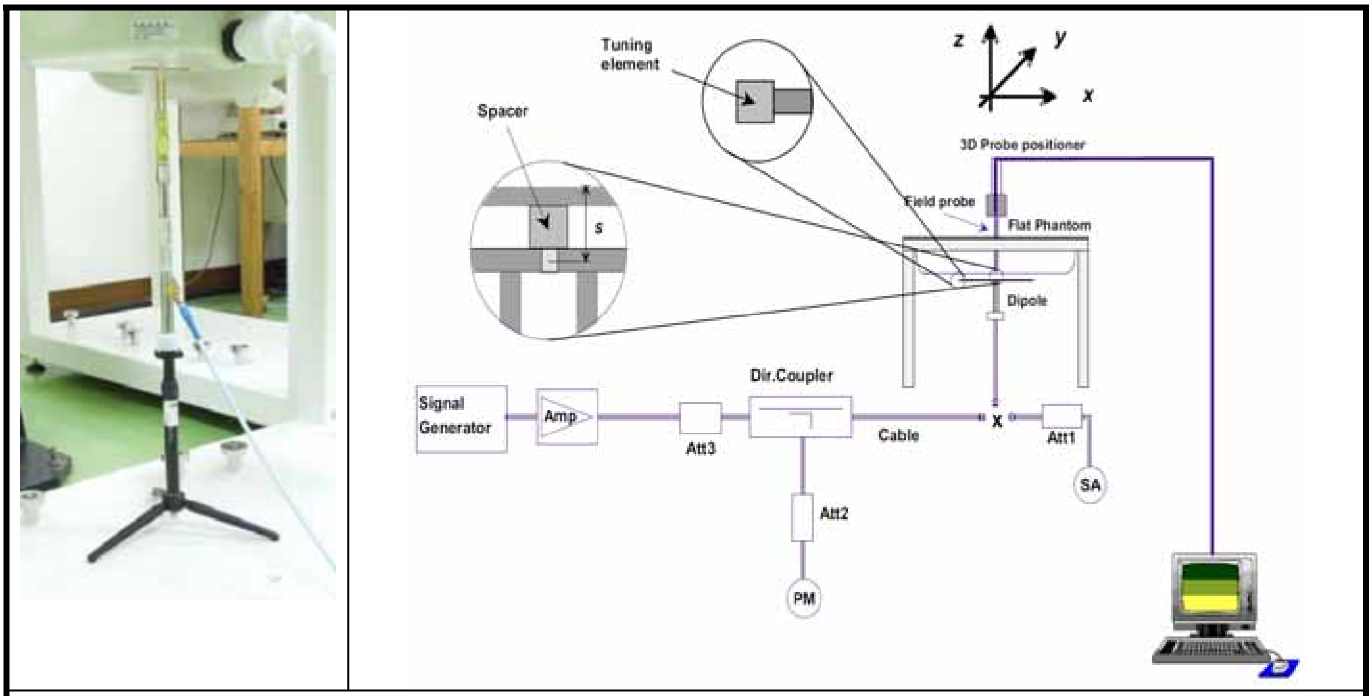


Fig-3.4 System Verification Setup

The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

(a) Power reference measurement
(b) Area scan
(c) Zoom scan
(d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

(a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
(b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
(c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
(d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
(e) Record the SAR value

3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	<= 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 15 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 10 mm	<= 10 mm
Zoom Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 8 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 4 mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 3 mm	<= 2 mm
Zoom Scan Volume	>= 30 mm	>= 30 mm	>= 28 mm	>= 25 mm	>= 22 mm

Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of Δx / Δy (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

(a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
(b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
(c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
(d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
(e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
(f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard’s method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

4. SAR Measurement Evaluation

4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

This device supports WWAN, WLAN, Bluetooth capabilities. Because of the SAR issue, this device has designed with a proximity sensor which can trigger/not trigger power reduction for GSM850/1900, WCDMA II/V, LTE 2/4/5/7/17 on EUT Rear Face, Left Side, and Bottom Side orientations for SAR compliance. Others RF capabilities (WLAN and BT) have no power reduction. The power levels for all wireless technologies and the power reduction please refer to section 4.6.1 of this report.

According to the procedures noticed in KDB 616217 D04, the proximity sensor triggering distance is 1.5 cm for EUT Rear Face, Left Side, and Bottom Side. The separation distance of 1.5 cm determined by the smallest triggering distance on EUT Rear Face, Left Side, and Bottom Side is used to assess the tilt angle influence and the sensor does not release during ±45 degree. Therefore, the smallest separation distance for tilt angle influence is 1.5 cm. The details can be found in technical document. The conservative triggering distances based on the separation distance for the sensor triggered / not triggered as EUT with power reduction at 0 cm, and EUT without power reduction at 1.5 cm for EUT Rear Face, Left Side, and Bottom Side is used to test SAR.

The power reduction is depends on the proximity sensor input. For a steady SAR test, the power reduction was enabled/disabled manually by engineering software during SAR testing.

The EUT is a data transmitter device that contains one WWAN transmitter (GSM / WCDMA / LTE). Confirming the LTE transmitter follows 3GPP standards, is category 3, FDD-LTE band 2/4 (BW 1.4/3/5/10/15/20 MHz), FDD-LTE band 5 (BW 1.4/3/5/10 MHz), FDD-LTE band 7 (BW 5/10/15/20 MHz), FDD-LTE band 17 (BW 5/10 MHz), supports QPSK / 16QAM modulations, and supports data transmission only. Tested per 3GPP 36.521 maximum transmit procedures for both QPSK / 16QAM.

LTE Maximum Power Reduction in accordance with 3GPP 36.101: Power Reduction in accordance to 3GPP is active all times during LTE operation.

Modulation	Channel Bandwidth / RB Configurations						LTE MPR Setting (dB)
	BW 1.4 MHz	BW 3 MHz	BW 5 MHz	BW 10 MHz	BW 15 MHz	BW 20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	1
16QAM	<= 5	<= 4	<= 8	<= 12	<= 16	<= 18	1
16QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	2

Note: MPR is according to the standard and implemented in the circuit (mandatory).

In addition, the device is compliant with A-MPR requirements defined in 36.101 section 6.2.4 that may be required to meet 3GPP Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio ("ACLR") requirements. A-MPR was disabled for all FCC compliance testing.

For WWAN SAR testing, the EUT was linked and controlled by base station emulator (Agilent E5515C is used for GSM/WCDMA, and Anritsu MT8820C is used for LTE). Communication between the EUT and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the communicating antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during SAR testing.

For GPRS850 (GMSK, CS1), the power control level is set to 5. For EDGE850 (GMSK: MCS1, 8PSK:MCS9), the power control level is set to 8. For GPRS1900 (GMSK, CS1), the power control level is set to 0. For EDGE1900 (GMSK: MCS1, 8PSK:MCS9), the power control level is set to 2.

For WCDMA, head and body SAR is tested under 12.2k RMC mode with power control set all up bits. SAR for AMR is not required since its power is less than 1/4 dB higher than RMC. SAR for HSDPA/HSUPA is not required since its power is less than 1/4 dB higher than RMC without HSDPA/HSUPA and SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is less than 75% of the SAR limit (1.2 W/kg).

For LTE, set the related parameters of operating band, channel bandwidth, uplink channel number, modulation type, and RB in base station simulator. When the EUT has registered and communicated to base station simulator, set the simulator to make EUT transmitting the maximum radiated power. The steps for system simulator (Anritsu MT8820C) setup are as below.

1. Press the “Std” button to select “LTE 22.20S” function
2. Choose the “Screen Select” item to “Fundamental Measurement”
3. Enter the “Common” item
4. Set the Operating Band
5. Set the Channel Bandwidth
6. Set the UL Channel & Frequency
7. Set the Modulation
8. Set the RB number and RB shift
9. Press “Start Call” button when EUT register to the system simulator
10. Set the TX-1 Max. Power to make the EUT transmit maximum output power

For WLAN SAR testing, the EUT has installed WLAN engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. According to KDB 248227 D01, WLAN SAR should tested at the lowest data rate, and testing at higher data rate is not required when the maximum average output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate. Since the WLAN power at lowest data rate has highest output power, WLAN SAR for this device was performed at the lowest data rate.

4.2 EUT Testing Position

According to KDB 616217 D04, SAR evaluation is required for back surface and edges of the devices. The back surface and edges of the tablet are tested with the tablet touching the phantom. Exposures from antennas through the front surface of the display section of a tablet are generally limited to the user's hands. Exposures to hands for typical consumer transmitters used in tablets are not expected to exceed the extremity SAR limit; therefore, SAR evaluation for the front surface of tablet display screens are generally not necessary. When voice mode is supported on a tablet and it is limited to speaker mode or headset operations only, additional SAR testing for this type of voice use is not required.

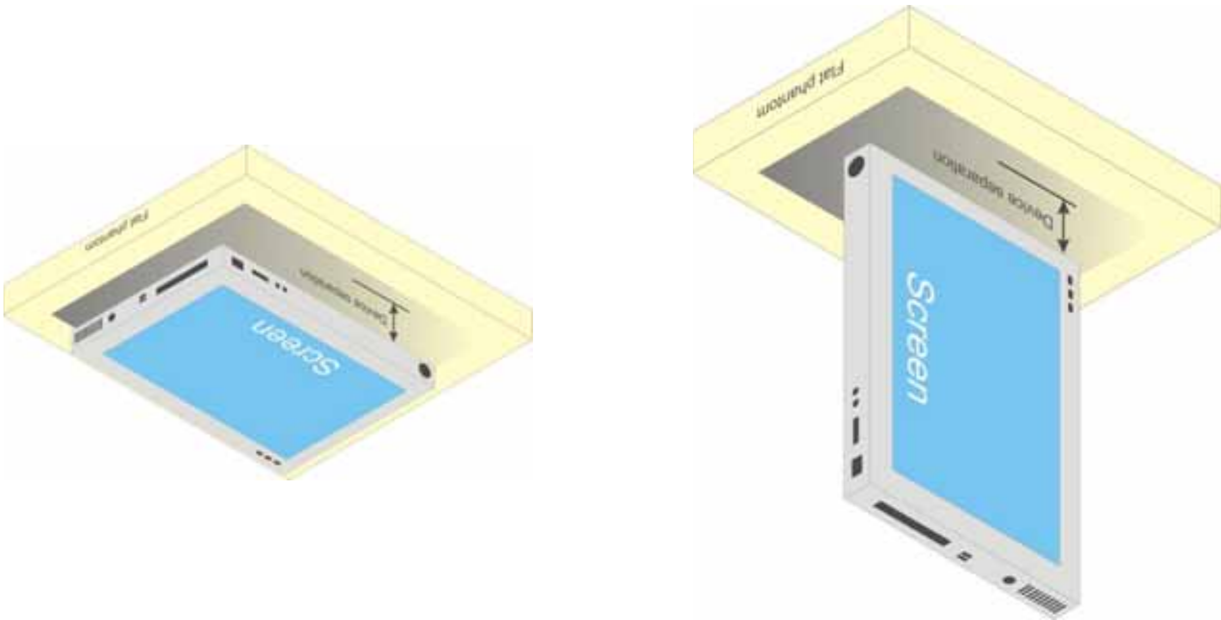


Fig-4.1 Illustration for Tablet Setup

According to KDB 447498 D01, the SAR test exclusion condition is based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions. The SAR exclusion threshold is determined by the following formula.

1. For the test separation distance <= 50 mm

$$\frac{\text{Max. Tune up Power}_{(mW)}}{\text{Min. Test Separation Distance}_{(mm)}} \times \sqrt{f_{(GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

2. For the test separation distance > 50 mm, and the frequency at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz

$$\left[(\text{Threshold at 50 mm in Step 1}) + (\text{Test Separation Distance} - 50\text{ mm}) \times \left(\frac{f_{(MHz)}}{150}\right)\right]_{(mW)}$$

3. For the test separation distance > 50 mm, and the frequency at > 1500 MHz to 6 GHz

$$[(\text{Threshold at 50 mm in Step 1}) + (\text{Test Separation Distance} - 50\text{ mm}) \times 10]_{(mW)}$$

Mode	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Tune-up Power (mW)	Rear Face			Top Side			Bottom Side			Left Side			Right Side		
			Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?
GSM 850	26.5	447	5	82.4	**Yes**	178.078	888 mW	No	3.627	82.4	**Yes**	3.553	82.4	**Yes**	59.986	219 mW	**YES**
GSM 1900	24.0	251	5	69.4	**Yes**	178.078	1389 mW	No	3.627	69.4	**Yes**	3.553	69.4	**Yes**	59.986	208 mW	**YES**
WCDMA	24.5	282	5	77.9	**Yes**	178.078	1389 mW	No	3.627	77.9	**Yes**	3.553	77.9	**Yes**	59.986	208 mW	**YES**
WCDMA	24.0	251	5	46.2	**Yes**	178.078	886 mW	No	3.627	46.2	**Yes**	3.553	46.2	**Yes**	59.986	219 mW	**YES**
LTE 2	23.5	224	5	61.9	**Yes**	178.078	1389 mW	No	3.627	61.9	**Yes**	3.553	61.9	**Yes**	59.986	208 mW	**YES**
LTE 4	23.5	224	5	59.3	**Yes**	178.078	1394 mW	No	3.627	59.3	**Yes**	3.553	59.3	**Yes**	59.986	213 mW	**YES**
LTE 5	23.0	200	5	36.8	**Yes**	178.078	886 mW	No	3.627	36.8	**Yes**	3.553	36.8	**Yes**	59.986	219 mW	No
LTE 7	23.5	224	5	71.8	**Yes**	178.078	1374 mW	No	3.627	71.8	**Yes**	3.553	71.8	**Yes**	59.986	193 mW	**YES**
LTE 17	23.0	200	5	33.8	**Yes**	178.078	787 mW	No	3.627	33.8	**Yes**	3.553	33.8	**Yes**	59.986	225 mW	No
WLAN	12.0	16	5	5	**Yes**	182.028	1416 mW	No	2.877	5	**Yes**	87.077	466 mW	No	2.923	5	**Yes**
BT	7.5	6	5	1.9	No	182.028	1416 mW	No	2.877	1.9	No	87.077	466 mW	No	2.923	1.9	No

Note:

1. When separation distance <= 50 mm and the calculated result shown in above table is <= 3.0, the SAR testing exclusion is applied.
2. When separation distance > 50 mm and the device output power is less than the calculated result (power threshold, mW) shown in above table, the SAR testing exclusion is applied.
3. Since GSM has multi-slot operation, the maximum tune-up power shown in above table for GSM is source-based time-averaged maximum power.

4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Test Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε_r)	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ε_r)	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)
Nov. 06, 2014	Body	750	21.7	0.967	55.240	0.96	55.5	0.73	-0.47
Nov. 03, 2014	Body	835	21.7	0.992	56.824	0.97	55.2	2.27	2.94
Nov. 06, 2014	Body	835	21.7	0.989	56.821	0.97	55.2	1.96	2.94
Nov. 11, 2014	Body	835	21.9	0.955	55.977	0.97	55.2	-1.55	1.41
Nov. 04, 2014	Body	1750	20.9	1.487	52.185	1.49	53.4	-0.20	-2.28
Nov. 04, 2014	Body	1900	20.9	1.556	55.482	1.52	53.3	2.37	4.09
Oct. 25, 2014	Body	2450	21.5	1.973	53.183	1.95	52.7	1.18	0.92
Nov. 06, 2014	Body	2600	21.3	2.199	52.350	2.16	52.5	1.81	-0.29

Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within ±5% of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within ±2 ℃.

4.4 System Validation

The SAR measurement system was validated according to procedures in KDB 865664 D01. The validation status in tabulated summary is as below.

Test Date	Probe S/N	Calibration Point		Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε_r)	Validation for CW			Validation for Modulation		
						Sensitivity Range	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Modulation Type	Duty Factor	PAR
Nov. 06, 2014	3971	Body	750	0.967	55.240	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nov. 03, 2014	3971	Body	835	0.992	56.824	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
Nov. 06, 2014	3971	Body	835	0.989	56.821	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nov. 11, 2014	3971	Body	835	0.955	55.977	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nov. 04, 2014	3864	Body	1750	1.487	52.185	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nov. 04, 2014	3864	Body	1900	1.556	55.482	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
Oct. 25, 2014	3864	Body	2450	1.973	53.183	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Nov. 06, 2014	3971	Body	2600	2.199	52.350	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass

4.5 System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

Test Date	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
Nov. 06, 2014	Body	750	8.71	2.16	8.64	-0.80	1013	3971	1431
Nov. 03, 2014	Body	835	9.55	2.31	9.24	-3.25	4d121	3971	1431
Nov. 06, 2014	Body	835	9.55	2.51	10.04	5.13	4d121	3971	1431
Nov. 11, 2014	Body	835	9.55	2.30	9.20	-3.66	4d121	3971	1431
Nov. 04, 2014	Body	1750	37.70	9.55	38.20	1.33	1055	3864	861
Nov. 04, 2014	Body	1900	41.00	9.77	39.08	-4.68	5d036	3864	861
Oct. 25, 2014	Body	2450	49.50	12.70	50.80	2.63	737	3864	861
Nov. 06, 2014	Body	2600	56.50	13.80	55.20	-2.30	1020	3971	1431

Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

4.6 Maximum Output Power

4.6.1 Maximum Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

Mode	GSM850 (without Power Reduction)	GSM850 (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dBm)
GPRS 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	32.5	25.5	7.0
GPRS 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	32.5	25.5	7.0
EDGE 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	32.5	25.5	7.0
EDGE 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	32.5	25.5	7.0
EDGE 8 (8PSK, 1 Uplink)	27.0	25.5	1.5
EDGE 10 (8PSK, 2 Uplink)	27.0	25.5	1.5

Mode	GSM1900 (without Power Reduction)	GSM1900 (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dBm)
GPRS 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	30.0	22.5	7.5
GPRS 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	30.0	22.5	7.5
EDGE 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	30.0	22.5	7.5
EDGE 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	30.0	22.5	7.5
EDGE 8 (8PSK, 1 Uplink)	26.5	22.5	4.0
EDGE 10 (8PSK, 2 Uplink)	26.5	22.5	4.0

Mode	WCDMA Band II (without Power Reduction)	WCDMA Band II (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dBm)
RMC 12.2K	24.5	17.5	7.0

Mode	WCDMA Band V (without Power Reduction)	WCDMA Band V (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dBm)
RMC 12.2K	24.0	19.0	5.0

Mode	LTE 2 (without Power Reduction)	LTE 2 (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dBm)
QPSK / 16QAM	23.5	16.5	7.0

Mode	LTE 4 (without Power Reduction)	LTE 4 (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dBm)
QPSK / 16QAM	23.5	17.0	6.5

Mode	LTE 5 (without Power Reduction)	LTE 5 (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dBm)
QPSK / 16QAM	23.0	19.0	4.0

Mode	LTE 7 (without Power Reduction)	LTE 7 (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dBm)
QPSK / 16QAM	23.5	15.0	8.5

Mode	LTE 17 (without Power Reduction)	LTE 17 (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dBm)
QPSK / 16QAM	23.0	21.0	2.0

Mode	2.4G WLAN
802.11b	12.0
802.11g	11.5
802.11n HT20	11.5

Mode	Bluetooth
All	7.5

4.6.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

Band	GSM850			GSM1900		
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)						
Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power						
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	**32.46**	32.45	32.39	29.71	29.66	**29.75**
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	32.37	32.36	32.30	29.70	29.65	29.74
EDGE (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	32.35	32.34	32.28	29.70	29.65	29.74
EDGE (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	32.36	32.35	32.29	29.69	29.64	29.73
EDGE (8PSK, 1Tx-slot)	26.90	26.89	26.83	26.27	26.22	26.31
EDGE (8PSK, 2Tx-slot)	26.91	26.90	26.84	26.31	26.26	26.35
Maximum Frame-Averaged Output Power						
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	23.46	23.45	23.39	20.71	20.66	20.75
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	**26.37**	26.36	26.30	23.70	23.65	**23.74**
EDGE (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	23.35	23.34	23.28	20.70	20.65	20.74
EDGE (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	26.36	26.35	26.29	23.69	23.64	23.73
EDGE (8PSK, 1Tx-slot)	17.90	17.89	17.83	17.27	17.22	17.31
EDGE (8PSK, 2Tx-slot)	20.91	20.90	20.84	20.31	20.26	20.35
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)						
Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power						
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	**25.34**	25.16	25.18	22.17	22.39	**22.48**
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	25.32	25.14	25.19	22.05	22.27	22.36
EDGE (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	25.31	25.15	25.17	21.97	22.19	22.28
EDGE (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	25.30	25.12	25.14	21.87	22.09	22.18
EDGE (8PSK, 1Tx-slot)	25.29	25.13	25.15	21.92	22.14	22.23
EDGE (8PSK, 2Tx-slot)	25.27	25.09	25.11	21.82	22.04	22.13
Maximum Frame-Averaged Output Power						
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	16.34	16.16	16.18	13.17	13.39	13.48
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	**19.32**	19.14	19.19	16.05	16.27	**16.36**
EDGE (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	16.31	16.15	16.17	12.97	13.19	13.28
EDGE (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	19.30	19.12	19.14	15.87	16.09	16.18
EDGE (8PSK, 1Tx-slot)	16.29	16.13	16.15	12.92	13.14	13.23
EDGE (8PSK, 2Tx-slot)	19.27	19.09	19.11	15.82	16.04	16.13

Note:

1. SAR testing was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.
2. The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:
   Frame-averaged power = 10 x log (Burst-averaged power mW x Slot used / 8)

Band	WCDMA Band II			WCDMA Band V			3GPP MPR (dB)
Channel	9262	9400	9538	4132	4182	4233	
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	826.4	836.4	846.6	
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)							
RMC 12.2K	**24.01**	23.96	23.72	**23.62**	23.59	23.60	-
HSDPA Subtest-1	23.99	23.94	23.70	23.60	23.57	23.58	0
HSDPA Subtest-2	23.98	23.93	23.69	23.58	23.55	23.56	0
HSDPA Subtest-3	23.52	23.47	23.23	23.15	23.12	23.13	0.5
HSDPA Subtest-4	23.30	23.25	23.01	23.09	23.06	23.07	0.5
HSUPA Subtest-1	23.61	23.56	23.32	23.05	23.02	23.03	0
HSUPA Subtest-2	22.22	22.17	21.93	21.66	21.63	21.64	2
HSUPA Subtest-3	22.61	22.56	22.32	22.75	22.72	22.73	1
HSUPA Subtest-4	22.20	22.15	21.91	21.88	21.85	21.86	2
HSUPA Subtest-5	23.14	23.09	22.85	22.76	22.73	22.74	0
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)							
RMC 12.2K	**17.49**	17.32	17.31	**18.78**	18.45	18.57	-
HSDPA Subtest-1	17.03	17.01	16.89	18.76	18.75	18.54	-
HSDPA Subtest-2	17.02	16.96	16.91	18.74	18.74	18.53	-
HSDPA Subtest-3	17.01	16.99	16.92	18.72	18.73	18.52	-
HSDPA Subtest-4	16.98	17.05	16.93	18.71	18.71	18.51	-
HSUPA Subtest-1	17.00	16.91	16.90	17.69	18.16	18.52	-
HSUPA Subtest-2	15.71	15.77	15.69	16.28	15.96	16.48	-
HSUPA Subtest-3	16.58	16.68	16.67	16.43	16.49	17.40	-
HSUPA Subtest-4	15.52	15.88	15.89	16.20	16.06	16.47	-
HSUPA Subtest-5	16.78	16.99	16.92	17.34	17.22	17.60	-

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK			3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM			3GPP MPR (dB)
			Low CH 18607	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19193		Low CH 18607	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19193	
			1850.7 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1909.3 MHz		1850.7 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1909.3 MHz	
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
2 / 1.4M	1	0	22.74	22.78	22.73	0	21.70	21.74	21.69	1
	1	2	22.73	22.76	22.72	0	21.69	21.72	21.68	1
	1	5	22.52	22.57	22.53	0	21.48	21.53	21.49	1
	3	0	21.68	21.78	21.72	0	21.64	21.73	21.68	1
	3	1	21.62	21.71	21.64	0	21.58	21.67	21.60	1
	3	3	21.54	21.63	21.60	0	21.46	21.51	21.47	1
	6	0	21.64	21.70	21.65	1	20.60	20.66	20.61	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
2 / 1.4M	1	0	15.38	15.55	15.42	0	14.62	14.79	14.66	1
	1	2	15.32	15.49	15.36	0	14.56	14.73	14.60	1
	1	5	14.80	14.97	14.84	0	14.04	14.21	14.08	1
	3	0	14.51	14.68	14.55	0	13.75	13.92	13.79	1
	3	1	14.44	14.61	14.48	0	13.68	13.85	13.72	1
	3	3	14.30	14.47	14.34	0	13.54	13.71	13.58	1
	6	0	14.36	14.53	14.40	1	13.60	13.77	13.64	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 18615 1851.5 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	QPSK High CH 19185 1908.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 18615 1851.5 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	16QAM High CH 19185 1908.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
2 / 3M	1	0	22.83	22.87	22.82	0	21.79	21.83	21.78	1
	1	7	22.82	22.85	22.81	0	21.78	21.81	21.77	1
	1	14	22.61	22.66	22.62	0	21.57	21.62	21.58	1
	8	0	21.77	21.87	21.81	1	20.73	20.83	20.77	2
	8	3	21.71	21.80	21.73	1	20.67	20.76	20.69	2
	8	7	21.63	21.72	21.69	1	20.59	20.68	20.65	2
	15	0	21.73	21.79	21.74	1	20.69	20.75	20.70	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
2 / 3M	1	0	15.40	15.57	15.44	0	14.67	14.84	14.71	1
	1	7	15.33	15.50	15.37	0	14.60	14.77	14.64	1
	1	14	15.27	15.44	15.31	0	14.54	14.71	14.58	1
	8	0	15.21	15.38	15.25	1	14.48	14.65	14.52	2
	8	3	15.19	15.36	15.23	1	14.46	14.63	14.50	2
	8	7	15.09	15.26	15.13	1	14.06	14.23	14.10	2
	15	0	14.25	14.42	14.29	1	13.52	13.69	13.56	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 18625 1852.5 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	QPSK High CH 19175 1907.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 18625 1852.5 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	16QAM High CH 19175 1907.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
2 / 5M	1	0	22.90	22.94	22.89	0	21.86	21.90	21.85	1
	1	12	22.89	22.92	22.88	0	21.85	21.88	21.84	1
	1	24	22.68	22.73	22.69	0	21.64	21.69	21.65	1
	12	0	21.84	21.94	21.88	1	20.80	20.90	20.84	2
	12	6	21.78	21.87	21.80	1	20.74	20.83	20.76	2
	12	13	21.70	21.79	21.76	1	20.66	20.75	20.72	2
	25	0	21.80	21.86	21.81	1	20.76	20.82	20.77	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
2 / 5M	1	0	15.52	15.69	15.56	0	14.67	14.84	14.71	1
	1	12	15.46	15.63	15.50	0	14.61	14.78	14.65	1
	1	24	14.94	15.11	14.98	0	14.09	14.26	14.13	1
	12	0	14.65	14.82	14.69	1	13.80	13.97	13.84	2
	12	6	14.58	14.75	14.62	1	13.73	13.90	13.77	2
	12	13	14.44	14.61	14.48	1	13.59	13.76	13.63	2
	25	0	14.50	14.67	14.54	1	13.65	13.82	13.69	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 18650 1855.0 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	QPSK High CH 19150 1905.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 18650 1855.0 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	16QAM High CH 19150 1905.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
2 / 10M	1	0	23.02	23.06	23.01	0	21.98	22.02	21.97	1
	1	24	23.01	23.04	23.00	0	21.97	22.00	21.96	1
	1	49	22.80	22.85	22.81	0	21.76	21.81	21.77	1
	25	0	21.96	22.06	22.00	1	20.92	21.02	20.96	2
	25	12	21.90	21.99	21.92	1	20.86	20.95	20.88	2
	25	25	21.82	21.91	21.88	1	20.78	20.87	20.84	2
	50	0	21.92	21.98	21.93	1	20.88	20.94	20.89	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
2 / 10M	1	0	15.64	15.81	15.68	0	14.75	14.92	14.79	1
	1	24	15.58	15.75	15.62	0	14.69	14.86	14.73	1
	1	49	15.06	15.23	15.10	0	14.17	14.34	14.21	1
	25	0	14.77	14.94	14.81	1	13.88	14.05	13.92	2
	25	12	14.70	14.87	14.74	1	13.81	13.98	13.85	2
	25	25	14.56	14.73	14.60	1	13.67	13.84	13.71	2
	50	0	14.62	14.79	14.66	1	13.73	13.90	13.77	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 18675 1857.5 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	QPSK High CH 19125 1902.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 18675 1857.5 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	16QAM High CH 19125 1902.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
2 / 15M	1	0	23.16	23.20	23.15	0	22.09	22.13	22.08	1
	1	37	23.15	23.18	23.14	0	22.08	22.11	22.07	1
	1	74	22.94	22.99	22.95	0	21.87	21.92	21.88	1
	36	0	22.10	22.20	22.14	1	21.03	21.13	21.07	2
	36	19	22.04	22.13	22.06	1	20.97	21.06	20.99	2
	36	39	21.96	22.05	22.02	1	20.89	20.98	20.95	2
	75	0	22.06	22.12	22.07	1	20.99	21.05	21.00	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
2 / 15M	1	0	15.79	15.96	15.83	0	14.79	14.96	14.83	1
	1	37	15.73	15.90	15.77	0	14.73	14.90	14.77	1
	1	74	15.21	15.38	15.25	0	14.21	14.38	14.25	1
	36	0	14.92	15.09	14.96	1	13.92	14.09	13.96	2
	36	19	14.85	15.02	14.89	1	13.85	14.02	13.89	2
	36	39	14.71	14.88	14.75	1	13.71	13.88	13.75	2
	75	0	14.77	14.94	14.81	1	13.77	13.94	13.81	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 18700 1860.0 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	QPSK High CH 19100 1900.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 18700 1860.0 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	16QAM High CH 19100 1900.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
2 / 20M	1	0	23.27	**23.31**	23.26	0	22.21	22.25	22.20	1
	1	50	23.26	23.29	23.25	0	22.20	22.23	22.19	1
	1	99	23.05	23.10	23.06	0	21.99	22.04	22.00	1
	50	0	22.21	22.31	22.25	1	21.15	21.25	21.19	2
	50	25	22.15	22.24	22.17	1	21.09	21.18	21.11	2
	50	50	22.07	22.16	22.13	1	21.01	21.10	21.07	2
	100	0	22.17	22.23	22.18	1	21.11	21.17	21.12	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
2 / 20M	1	0	15.92	**16.09**	15.96	0	14.88	15.05	14.92	1
	1	50	15.86	16.03	15.90	0	14.82	14.99	14.86	1
	1	99	15.34	15.51	15.38	0	14.30	14.47	14.34	1
	50	0	15.05	15.22	15.09	1	14.01	14.18	14.05	2
	50	25	14.98	15.15	15.02	1	13.94	14.11	13.98	2
	50	50	14.84	15.01	14.88	1	13.80	13.97	13.84	2
	100	0	14.90	15.07	14.94	1	13.86	14.03	13.90	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 19957 1710.7 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	QPSK High CH 20393 1754.3 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 19957 1710.7 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	16QAM High CH 20393 1754.3 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
4 / 1.4M	1	0	22.69	22.59	22.54	0	21.76	21.65	21.62	1
	1	2	22.63	22.55	22.49	0	21.69	21.60	21.61	1
	1	5	22.42	22.33	22.28	0	21.62	21.54	21.54	1
	3	0	21.78	21.66	21.63	0	21.68	21.58	21.53	1
	3	1	21.70	21.61	21.62	0	21.60	21.52	21.46	1
	3	3	21.63	21.55	21.55	0	21.41	21.32	21.27	1
	6	0	21.68	21.61	21.60	1	20.67	20.60	20.59	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
4 / 1.4M	1	0	16.34	16.13	16.18	0	15.58	15.37	15.42	1
	1	2	16.26	16.05	16.10	0	15.50	15.29	15.34	1
	1	5	15.96	15.75	15.80	0	15.20	14.99	15.04	1
	3	0	15.60	15.39	15.44	0	14.84	14.63	14.68	1
	3	1	15.44	15.23	15.28	0	14.68	14.47	14.52	1
	3	3	15.37	15.16	15.21	0	14.61	14.40	14.45	1
	6	0	15.48	15.27	15.32	1	14.72	14.51	14.56	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 19965 1711.5 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	QPSK High CH 20385 1753.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 19965 1711.5 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	16QAM High CH 20385 1753.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
4 / 3M	1	0	22.79	22.69	22.64	0	21.78	21.68	21.63	1
	1	7	22.73	22.65	22.59	0	21.72	21.64	21.58	1
	1	14	22.52	22.43	22.38	0	21.51	21.42	21.37	1
	8	0	21.88	21.76	21.73	1	20.87	20.75	20.72	2
	8	3	21.80	21.71	21.72	1	20.79	20.70	20.71	2
	8	7	21.73	21.65	21.65	1	20.72	20.64	20.64	2
	15	0	21.78	21.71	21.70	1	20.77	20.70	20.69	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
4 / 3M	1	0	16.49	16.28	16.33	0	15.76	15.55	15.60	1
	1	7	16.33	16.12	16.17	0	15.60	15.39	15.44	1
	1	14	16.26	16.05	16.10	0	15.53	15.32	15.37	1
	8	0	16.23	16.02	16.07	1	15.50	15.29	15.34	2
	8	3	16.15	15.94	15.99	1	15.42	15.21	15.26	2
	8	7	15.85	15.64	15.69	1	15.12	14.91	14.96	2
	15	0	15.37	15.16	15.21	1	14.64	14.43	14.48	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 19975 1712.5 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	QPSK High CH 20375 1752.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 19975 1712.5 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	16QAM High CH 20375 1752.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
4 / 5M	1	0	22.87	22.77	22.72	0	21.86	21.76	21.71	1
	1	12	22.81	22.73	22.67	0	21.80	21.72	21.66	1
	1	24	22.60	22.51	22.46	0	21.59	21.50	21.45	1
	12	0	21.96	21.84	21.81	1	20.95	20.83	20.80	2
	12	6	21.88	21.79	21.80	1	20.87	20.78	20.79	2
	12	13	21.81	21.73	21.73	1	20.80	20.72	20.72	2
	25	0	21.86	21.79	21.78	1	20.85	20.78	20.77	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
4 / 5M	1	0	16.48	16.27	16.32	0	15.63	15.42	15.47	1
	1	12	16.40	16.19	16.24	0	15.55	15.34	15.39	1
	1	24	16.10	15.89	15.94	0	15.25	15.04	15.09	1
	12	0	15.74	15.53	15.58	1	14.89	14.68	14.73	2
	12	6	15.58	15.37	15.42	1	14.73	14.52	14.57	2
	12	13	15.51	15.30	15.35	1	14.66	14.45	14.50	2
	25	0	15.62	15.41	15.46	1	14.77	14.56	14.61	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 20000 1715.0 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	QPSK High CH 20350 1750.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 20000 1715.0 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	16QAM High CH 20350 1750.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
4 / 10M	1	0	22.98	22.88	22.83	0	21.97	21.87	21.82	1
	1	24	22.92	22.84	22.78	0	21.91	21.83	21.77	1
	1	49	22.71	22.62	22.57	0	21.70	21.61	21.56	1
	25	0	22.07	21.95	21.92	1	21.06	20.94	20.91	2
	25	12	21.99	21.90	21.91	1	20.98	20.89	20.90	2
	25	25	21.92	21.84	21.84	1	20.91	20.83	20.83	2
	50	0	21.97	21.90	21.89	1	20.96	20.89	20.88	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
4 / 10M	1	0	16.60	16.39	16.44	0	15.71	15.50	15.55	1
	1	24	16.52	16.31	16.36	0	15.63	15.42	15.47	1
	1	49	16.22	16.01	16.06	0	15.33	15.12	15.17	1
	25	0	15.86	15.65	15.70	1	14.97	14.76	14.81	2
	25	12	15.70	15.49	15.54	1	14.81	14.60	14.65	2
	25	25	15.63	15.42	15.47	1	14.74	14.53	14.58	2
	50	0	15.74	15.53	15.58	1	14.85	14.64	14.69	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 20025 1717.5 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	QPSK High CH 20325 1747.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 20025 1717.5 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	16QAM High CH 20325 1747.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
4 / 15M	1	0	23.14	23.04	22.99	0	22.08	21.98	21.93	1
	1	37	23.08	23.00	22.94	0	22.02	21.94	21.88	1
	1	74	22.87	22.78	22.73	0	21.81	21.72	21.67	1
	36	0	22.23	22.11	22.08	1	21.17	21.05	21.02	2
	36	19	22.15	22.06	22.07	1	21.09	21.00	21.01	2
	36	39	22.08	22.00	22.00	1	21.02	20.94	20.94	2
	75	0	22.13	22.06	22.05	1	21.07	21.00	20.99	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
4 / 15M	1	0	16.75	16.54	16.59	0	15.75	15.54	15.59	1
	1	37	16.67	16.46	16.51	0	15.67	15.46	15.51	1
	1	74	16.37	16.16	16.21	0	15.37	15.16	15.21	1
	36	0	16.01	15.80	15.85	1	15.01	14.80	14.85	2
	36	19	15.85	15.64	15.69	1	14.85	14.64	14.69	2
	36	39	15.78	15.57	15.62	1	14.78	14.57	14.62	2
	75	0	15.89	15.68	15.73	1	14.89	14.68	14.73	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 20050 1720.0 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	QPSK High CH 20300 1745.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 20050 1720.0 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	16QAM High CH 20300 1745.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
4 / 20M	1	0	**23.27**	23.17	23.12	0	22.19	22.09	22.04	1
	1	50	23.21	23.13	23.07	0	22.13	22.05	21.99	1
	1	99	23.00	22.91	22.86	0	21.92	21.83	21.78	1
	50	0	22.36	22.24	22.21	1	21.28	21.16	21.13	2
	50	25	22.28	22.19	22.20	1	21.20	21.11	21.12	2
	50	50	22.21	22.13	22.13	1	21.13	21.05	21.05	2
	100	0	22.26	22.19	22.18	1	21.18	21.11	21.10	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
4 / 20M	1	0	**16.88**	16.67	16.72	0	15.84	15.63	15.68	1
	1	50	16.80	16.59	16.64	0	15.76	15.55	15.60	1
	1	99	16.50	16.29	16.34	0	15.46	15.25	15.30	1
	50	0	15.99	15.93	15.98	1	15.10	14.89	14.94	2
	50	25	15.98	15.77	15.82	1	14.94	14.73	14.78	2
	50	50	15.91	15.70	15.75	1	14.87	14.66	14.71	2
	100	0	15.99	15.81	15.86	1	14.98	14.77	14.82	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 20407 824.7 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 20525 836.5 MHz	QPSK High CH 20643 848.3 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 20407 824.7 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 20525 836.5 MHz	16QAM High CH 20643 848.3 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
5 / 1.4M	1	0	22.42	22.44	22.38	0	21.39	21.41	21.35	1
	1	2	22.40	22.39	22.32	0	21.37	21.36	21.29	1
	1	5	22.32	22.26	22.14	0	21.29	21.23	21.11	1
	3	0	21.56	21.57	21.53	0	20.53	20.54	20.50	1
	3	1	21.54	21.56	21.50	0	20.51	20.53	20.47	1
	3	3	21.51	21.52	21.44	0	20.48	20.49	20.41	1
	6	0	21.54	21.53	21.51	1	20.51	20.5	20.48	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
5 / 1.4M	1	0	18.19	18.25	18.21	0	17.31	17.37	17.33	1
	1	2	18.07	18.13	18.09	0	17.19	17.25	17.21	1
	1	5	17.99	18.05	18.01	0	17.11	17.17	17.13	1
	3	0	18.13	18.19	18.15	0	17.25	17.31	17.27	1
	3	1	18.12	18.18	18.14	0	17.24	17.30	17.26	1
	3	3	18.10	18.16	18.12	0	17.22	17.28	17.24	1
	6	0	17.11	17.17	17.13	1	16.23	16.29	16.25	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK			3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM			3GPP MPR (dB)
			Low CH 20415 825.5 MHz	Mid CH 20525 836.5 MHz	High CH 20635 847.5 MHz		Low CH 20415 825.5 MHz	Mid CH 20525 836.5 MHz	High CH 20635 847.5 MHz	
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
5 / 3M	1	0	22.52	22.54	22.48	0	21.49	21.51	21.45	1
	1	7	22.50	22.49	22.42	0	21.47	21.46	21.39	1
	1	14	22.42	22.36	22.24	0	21.39	21.33	21.21	1
	8	0	21.66	21.67	21.63	1	20.63	20.64	20.60	2
	8	3	21.64	21.66	21.60	1	20.61	20.63	20.57	2
	8	7	21.61	21.62	21.54	1	20.58	20.59	20.51	2
	15	0	21.64	21.63	21.61	1	20.61	20.60	20.58	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
5 / 3M	1	0	18.30	18.36	18.32	0	17.39	17.45	17.41	1
	1	7	18.18	18.24	18.20	0	17.27	17.33	17.29	1
	1	14	18.10	18.16	18.12	0	17.19	17.25	17.21	1
	8	0	17.24	17.30	17.26	1	16.33	16.39	16.35	2
	8	3	17.23	17.29	17.25	1	16.32	16.38	16.34	2
	8	7	17.21	17.27	17.23	1	16.30	16.36	16.32	2
	15	0	17.22	17.28	17.24	1	16.31	16.37	16.33	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK			3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM			3GPP MPR (dB)
			Low CH 20425 826.5 MHz	Mid CH 20525 836.5 MHz	High CH 20625 846.5 MHz		Low CH 20425 826.5 MHz	Mid CH 20525 836.5 MHz	High CH 20625 846.5 MHz	
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
5 / 5M	1	0	22.60	22.62	22.56	0	21.57	21.59	21.53	1
	1	12	22.58	22.57	22.50	0	21.55	21.54	21.47	1
	1	24	22.50	22.44	22.32	0	21.47	21.41	21.29	1
	12	0	21.74	21.75	21.71	1	20.71	20.72	20.68	2
	12	6	21.72	21.74	21.68	1	20.69	20.71	20.65	2
	12	13	21.69	21.70	21.62	1	20.66	20.67	20.59	2
	25	0	21.72	21.71	21.69	1	20.69	20.68	20.66	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
5 / 5M	1	0	18.44	18.50	18.46	0	17.44	17.50	17.46	1
	1	12	18.32	18.38	18.34	0	17.32	17.38	17.34	1
	1	24	18.24	18.30	18.26	0	17.24	17.30	17.26	1
	12	0	17.38	17.44	17.40	1	16.38	16.44	16.40	2
	12	6	17.37	17.43	17.39	1	16.37	16.43	16.39	2
	12	13	17.35	17.41	17.37	1	16.35	16.41	16.37	2
	25	0	17.36	17.42	17.38	1	16.36	16.42	16.38	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 20450 829.0 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 20525 836.5 MHz	QPSK High CH 20600 844.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 20450 829.0 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 20525 836.5 MHz	16QAM High CH 20600 844.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
5 / 10M	1	0	22.68	**22.70**	22.64	0	21.65	21.67	21.61	1
	1	24	22.66	22.65	22.58	0	21.63	21.62	21.55	1
	1	49	22.58	22.52	22.40	0	21.55	21.49	21.37	1
	25	0	21.82	21.83	21.79	1	20.79	20.80	20.76	2
	25	12	21.80	21.82	21.76	1	20.77	20.79	20.73	2
	25	25	21.77	21.78	21.70	1	20.74	20.75	20.67	2
	50	0	21.80	21.79	21.77	1	20.77	20.76	20.74	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
5 / 10M	1	0	18.56	**18.62**	18.58	0	17.52	17.58	17.54	1
	1	24	18.44	18.50	18.46	0	17.40	17.46	17.42	1
	1	49	18.36	18.42	18.38	0	17.32	17.38	17.34	1
	25	0	17.50	17.56	17.52	1	16.46	16.52	16.48	2
	25	12	17.49	17.55	17.51	1	16.45	16.51	16.47	2
	25	25	17.47	17.53	17.49	1	16.43	16.49	16.45	2
	50	0	17.48	17.54	17.50	1	16.44	16.50	16.46	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 20775 2502.5 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 21100 2535.0 MHz	QPSK High CH 21425 2567.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 20775 2502.5 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 21100 2535.0 MHz	16QAM High CH 21425 2567.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
7 / 5M	1	0	22.91	22.99	23.01	0	21.90	21.98	22.00	1
	1	12	22.90	22.93	22.95	0	21.89	21.92	21.94	1
	1	24	22.68	22.81	22.78	0	21.67	21.80	21.77	1
	12	0	22.00	22.12	22.11	1	19.99	20.11	20.10	2
	12	6	21.96	22.07	22.06	1	19.95	20.06	20.05	2
	12	13	21.92	22.04	22.01	1	19.91	20.03	20.00	2
	25	0	21.95	22.08	22.04	1	19.94	20.07	20.03	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
7 / 5M	1	0	13.18	13.21	14.63	0	12.33	12.36	13.78	1
	1	12	13.04	13.07	14.49	0	12.19	12.22	13.64	1
	1	24	12.70	12.73	14.15	0	11.85	11.88	13.30	1
	12	0	12.27	12.30	13.72	1	11.42	11.45	12.87	2
	12	6	12.21	12.24	13.66	1	11.36	11.39	12.81	2
	12	13	11.47	11.50	12.92	1	10.62	10.65	12.07	2
	25	0	11.57	11.60	13.02	1	10.72	10.75	12.17	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 20800 2505.0 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 21100 2535.0 MHz	QPSK High CH 21400 2565.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 20800 2505.0 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 21100 2535.0 MHz	16QAM High CH 21400 2565.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
7 / 10M	1	0	23.02	23.10	23.12	0	22.01	22.09	22.11	1
	1	24	23.01	23.04	23.06	0	22.00	22.03	22.05	1
	1	49	22.79	22.92	22.89	0	21.78	21.91	21.88	1
	25	0	22.11	22.23	22.22	1	20.10	20.22	20.21	2
	25	12	22.07	22.18	22.17	1	20.06	20.17	20.16	2
	25	25	22.03	22.15	22.12	1	20.02	20.14	20.11	2
	50	0	22.06	22.19	22.15	1	20.05	20.18	20.14	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
7 / 10M	1	0	13.30	13.33	14.75	0	12.41	12.44	13.86	1
	1	24	13.16	13.19	14.61	0	12.27	12.30	13.72	1
	1	49	12.82	12.85	14.27	0	11.93	11.96	13.38	1
	25	0	12.39	12.42	13.84	1	11.50	11.53	12.95	2
	25	12	12.33	12.36	13.78	1	11.44	11.47	12.89	2
	25	25	11.59	11.62	13.04	1	10.70	10.73	12.15	2
	50	0	11.69	11.72	13.14	1	10.80	10.83	12.25	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 20825 2507.5 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 21100 2535.0 MHz	QPSK High CH 21375 2562.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 20825 2507.5 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 21100 2535.0 MHz	16QAM High CH 21375 2562.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
7 / 15M	1	0	23.13	23.21	23.23	0	22.12	22.20	22.22	1
	1	37	23.12	23.15	23.17	0	22.11	22.14	22.16	1
	1	74	22.90	23.03	23.00	0	21.89	22.02	21.99	1
	36	0	22.22	22.34	22.33	1	21.21	21.33	21.32	2
	36	19	22.18	22.29	22.28	1	21.17	21.28	21.27	2
	36	39	22.14	22.26	22.23	1	21.13	21.25	21.22	2
	75	0	22.17	22.30	22.26	1	21.16	21.29	21.25	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
7 / 15M	1	0	13.45	13.48	14.90	0	12.45	12.48	13.90	1
	1	37	13.31	13.34	14.76	0	12.31	12.34	13.76	1
	1	74	12.97	13.00	14.42	0	11.97	12.00	13.42	1
	36	0	12.54	12.57	13.99	1	11.54	11.57	12.99	2
	36	19	12.48	12.51	13.93	1	11.48	11.51	12.93	2
	36	39	11.74	11.77	13.19	1	10.74	10.77	12.19	2
	75	0	11.84	11.87	13.29	1	10.84	10.87	12.29	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 20850 2510.0 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 21100 2535.0 MHz	QPSK High CH 21350 2560.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 20850 2510.0 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 21100 2535.0 MHz	16QAM High CH 21350 2560.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
7 / 20M	1	0	23.30	23.38	**23.40**	0	22.22	22.30	22.32	1
	1	50	23.29	23.32	23.34	0	22.21	22.24	22.26	1
	1	99	23.07	23.20	23.17	0	21.99	22.12	22.09	1
	50	0	22.39	22.49	22.50	1	21.31	21.43	21.42	2
	50	25	22.35	22.46	22.45	1	21.27	21.38	21.37	2
	50	50	22.31	22.43	22.40	1	21.23	21.35	21.32	2
	100	0	22.34	22.47	22.43	1	21.26	21.39	21.35	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
7 / 20M	1	0	13.58	13.61	**14.95**	0	12.54	12.57	13.99	1
	1	50	13.44	13.47	14.89	0	12.40	12.43	13.85	1
	1	99	13.10	13.13	14.55	0	12.06	12.09	13.51	1
	50	0	12.67	12.70	13.98	1	11.63	11.66	13.08	2
	50	25	12.61	12.64	13.96	1	11.57	11.60	13.02	2
	50	50	11.87	11.90	13.32	1	10.83	10.86	12.28	2
	100	0	11.97	12.00	13.42	1	10.93	10.96	12.38	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 23755 706.5 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 23790 710.0 MHz	QPSK High CH 23825 713.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 23755 706.5 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 23790 710.0 MHz	16QAM High CH 23825 713.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
17 / 5M	1	0	22.65	22.64	22.58	0	21.63	21.62	21.56	1
	1	12	22.57	22.47	22.46	0	21.55	21.45	21.44	1
	1	24	22.53	22.39	22.32	0	21.51	21.37	21.30	1
	12	0	21.72	21.67	21.66	1	20.70	20.65	20.64	2
	12	6	21.71	21.69	21.69	1	20.69	20.67	20.67	2
	12	13	21.70	21.62	21.60	1	20.68	20.60	20.58	2
	25	0	21.71	21.64	21.63	1	20.69	20.62	20.61	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
17 / 5M	1	0	20.76	20.69	20.74	0	19.76	19.69	19.74	1
	1	12	20.61	20.54	20.59	0	19.61	19.54	19.59	1
	1	24	20.54	20.47	20.52	0	19.54	19.47	19.52	1
	12	0	19.85	19.78	19.83	1	18.85	18.78	18.83	2
	12	6	19.86	19.79	19.84	1	18.86	18.79	18.84	2
	12	13	19.77	19.70	19.75	1	18.77	18.70	18.75	2
	25	0	19.81	19.74	19.79	1	18.81	18.74	18.79	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 23780 709.0 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 23790 710.0 MHz	QPSK High CH 23800 711.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 23780 709.0 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 23790 710.0 MHz	16QAM High CH 23800 711.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
17 / 10M	1	0	**22.77**	22.76	22.70	0	21.75	21.74	21.68	1
	1	24	22.69	22.59	22.58	0	21.67	21.57	21.56	1
	1	49	22.65	22.51	22.44	0	21.63	21.49	21.42	1
	25	0	21.84	21.79	21.78	1	20.82	20.77	20.76	2
	25	12	21.83	21.81	21.81	1	20.81	20.79	20.79	2
	25	25	21.82	21.74	21.72	1	20.80	20.72	20.70	2
	50	0	21.83	21.76	21.75	1	20.81	20.74	20.73	2
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)										
17 / 10M	1	0	**20.88**	20.81	20.86	0	19.84	19.77	19.82	1
	1	24	20.73	20.66	20.71	0	19.69	19.62	19.67	1
	1	49	20.66	20.59	20.64	0	19.62	19.55	19.60	1
	25	0	19.98	19.91	19.96	1	18.93	18.86	18.91	2
	25	12	19.97	19.90	19.95	1	18.94	18.87	18.92	2
	25	25	19.89	19.82	19.87	1	18.85	18.78	18.83	2
	50	0	19.93	19.86	19.91	1	18.89	18.82	18.87	2

<WLAN 2.4G>

Mode	802.11b		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	**1 (2412)**	**6 (2437)**	**11 (2462)**
Average Power	10.85	11.33	**11.52**
Mode	**802.11g**		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	**1 (2412)**	**6 (2437)**	**11 (2462)**
Average Power	10.81	11.03	**11.17**
Mode	**802.11n (HT20)**		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	**1 (2412)**	**6 (2437)**	**11 (2462)**
Average Power	10.77	**11.14**	11.04

4.7 SAR Testing Results

4.7.1 SAR Results for Body

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Power Reduction	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS10	Rear Face	0	128	w/	25.5	25.32	1.04	0.09	0.791	0.82
	GSM850	GPRS10	Left Side	0	128	w/	25.5	25.32	1.04	0.12	0.237	0.25
	GSM850	GPRS10	Bottom Side	0	128	w/	25.5	25.32	1.04	0.02	0.419	0.44
	GSM850	GPRS10	Rear Face	1.5	128	w/o	32.5	32.37	1.03	0.01	0.618	0.64
	GSM850	GPRS10	Left Side	1.5	128	w/o	32.5	32.37	1.03	0.07	0.115	0.12
	GSM850	GPRS10	Bottom Side	1.5	128	w/o	32.5	32.37	1.03	0.01	0.309	0.32
	GSM850	GPRS10	Right Side	0	128	w/o	32.5	32.37	1.03	-0.03	0.375	0.39
	GSM850	GPRS10	Rear Face	0	189	w/	25.5	25.14	1.09	0.08	0.762	0.83
01	GSM850	GPRS10	Rear Face	0	251	w/	25.5	25.19	1.07	0.16	0.822	**0.88**
	GSM850	GPRS10	Rear Face	0	251	w/	25.5	25.19	1.07	0.04	0.803	0.87
02	GSM1900	GPRS10	Rear Face	0	810	w/	22.5	22.36	1.03	0.04	0.971	**1.00**
	GSM1900	GPRS10	Left Side	0	810	w/	22.5	22.36	1.03	0.01	0.144	0.15
	GSM1900	GPRS10	Bottom Side	0	810	w/	22.5	22.36	1.03	0.06	0.185	0.19
	GSM1900	GPRS10	Rear Face	1.5	810	w/o	30.0	29.74	1.06	0.02	0.421	0.45
	GSM1900	GPRS10	Left Side	1.5	810	w/o	30.0	29.74	1.06	0.03	0.164	0.17
	GSM1900	GPRS10	Bottom Side	1.5	810	w/o	30.0	29.74	1.06	0.03	0.252	0.27
	GSM1900	GPRS10	Right Side	0	810	w/o	30.0	29.74	1.06	0.1	0.141	0.15
	GSM1900	GPRS10	Rear Face	0	512	w/	22.5	22.05	1.11	-0.05	0.578	0.64
	GSM1900	GPRS10	Rear Face	0	661	w/	22.5	22.27	1.05	-0.04	0.628	0.66
	GSM1900	GPRS10	Rear Face	0	810	w/	22.5	22.36	1.03	-0.13	0.936	0.97
03	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	9262	w/	17.5	17.49	1.00	0.07	0.944	**0.95**
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Left Side	0	9262	w/	17.5	17.49	1.00	0.16	0.204	0.20
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	0	9262	w/	17.5	17.49	1.00	0.05	0.252	0.25
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	1.5	9262	w/o	24.5	24.01	1.12	0.03	0.444	0.50
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Left Side	1.5	9262	w/o	24.5	24.01	1.12	0.07	0.209	0.23
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	1.5	9262	w/o	24.5	24.01	1.12	0.04	0.225	0.25
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	9262	w/o	24.5	24.01	1.12	0.01	0.108	0.12
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	9400	w/	17.5	17.32	1.04	0.14	0.694	0.72
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	9538	w/	17.5	17.31	1.04	0.13	0.733	0.77
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	9262	w/	17.5	17.49	1.00	0.11	0.894	0.90
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	4132	w/	19.0	18.78	1.05	0.1	0.883	0.93
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Left Side	0	4132	w/	19.0	18.78	1.05	0.02	0.215	0.23
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	0	4132	w/	19.0	18.78	1.05	-0.02	0.391	0.41
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	1.5	4132	w/o	24.0	23.62	1.09	0.09	0.31	0.34
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Left Side	1.5	4132	w/o	24.0	23.62	1.09	0.13	0.072	0.08
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	1.5	4132	w/o	24.0	23.62	1.09	0	0.198	0.22
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	4132	w/o	24.0	23.62	1.09	0.06	0.224	0.24
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	4182	w/	19.0	18.45	1.14	0.1	0.894	1.01
04	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	4233	w/	19.0	18.57	1.10	0.13	0.923	**1.02**
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	4233	w/	19.0	18.57	1.10	-0.05	0.885	0.98

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Power Reduction	RB#	RB Offset	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
05	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	18900	w/	1	0	16.5	16.09	1.10	0.03	0.808	0.89
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	18900	w/	1	0	16.5	16.09	1.10	0.02	0.147	0.16
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	18900	w/	1	0	16.5	16.09	1.10	-0.01	0.168	0.18
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	1.5	18900	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.31	1.04	0.05	0.303	0.32
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Side	1.5	18900	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.31	1.04	-0.03	0.142	0.15
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	1.5	18900	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.31	1.04	0.09	0.18	0.19
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	18900	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.31	1.04	0.18	0.086	0.09
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	18900	w/	50	0	15.5	15.22	1.07	0.01	0.661	0.71
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	18900	w/	50	0	15.5	15.22	1.07	0.05	0.12	0.13
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	18900	w/	50	0	15.5	15.22	1.07	0.02	0.135	0.14
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	1.5	18900	w/o	50	0	22.5	22.31	1.04	0.06	0.246	0.26
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Side	1.5	18900	w/o	50	0	22.5	22.31	1.04	0.12	0.117	0.12
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	1.5	18900	w/o	50	0	22.5	22.31	1.04	0.03	0.147	0.15
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	18900	w/o	50	0	22.5	22.31	1.04	0.12	0.072	0.08
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	18700	w/	1	0	16.5	15.92	1.14	0.15	0.752	0.86
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	19100	w/	1	0	16.5	15.96	1.13	0.11	0.728	0.82
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	18900	w/	100	0	15.5	15.07	1.10	0.04	0.635	0.70
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	18900	w/	1	0	16.5	16.09	1.10	-0.01	0.751	0.83
06	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	20050	w/	1	0	17.0	16.88	1.03	0.03	0.965	0.99
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	20050	w/	1	0	17.0	16.88	1.03	0.14	0.259	0.27
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	20050	w/	1	0	17.0	16.88	1.03	-0.04	0.261	0.27
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	1.5	20050	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.27	1.05	0.09	0.257	0.27
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Side	1.5	20050	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.27	1.05	-0.01	0.122	0.13
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	1.5	20050	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.27	1.05	0	0.138	0.15
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	20050	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.27	1.05	0.09	0.139	0.15
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	20050	w/	50	0	16.0	15.99	1.00	0.02	0.721	0.72
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	20050	w/	50	0	16.0	15.99	1.00	0.08	0.215	0.22
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	20050	w/	50	0	16.0	15.99	1.00	-0.01	0.221	0.22
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	1.5	20050	w/o	50	0	22.5	22.36	1.03	0.09	0.224	0.23
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Side	1.5	20050	w/o	50	0	22.5	22.36	1.03	0.06	0.102	0.11
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	1.5	20050	w/o	50	0	22.5	22.36	1.03	0.1	0.118	0.12
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	20050	w/o	50	0	22.5	22.36	1.03	0.06	0.105	0.11
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	20175	w/	1	0	17.0	16.67	1.08	0.13	0.915	0.99
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	20300	w/	1	0	17.0	16.72	1.07	0.12	0.928	0.99
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	20050	w/	100	0	16.0	15.99	1.00	0.03	0.781	0.78
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	20050	w/	1	0	17.0	16.88	1.03	0.15	0.919	0.94

Note:

1. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required when the reported SAR of highest power 1RB configuration is less than 0.8 W/kg.
2. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required when the reported SAR of highest power 50% RB configuration is less than 0.8 W/kg.
3. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for 100% RB is not required when the maximum power of 100% RB is less than the maximum power of 1RB and 50% RB, and the highest reported SAR for 1RB and 50% RB is less than 0.8 W/kg.
4. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for 16QAM is not required when the maximum power of 16QAM is less 1/2 dB higher than QPSK, and the highest reported SAR of QPSK is less than 1.45 W/kg.
5. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for smaller channel bandwidth is not required when the maximum power of smaller channel bandwidth is less 1/2 dB higher than largest channel bandwidth, and the highest reported SAR of largest channel bandwidth is less than 1.45 W/kg

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Power Reduction	RB#	RB Offset	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	20525	w/	1	0	19.0	18.62	1.09	-0.11	0.832	0.91
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Left Side	0	20525	w/	1	0	19.0	18.62	1.09	0.03	0.079	0.09
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	0	20525	w/	1	0	19.0	18.62	1.09	0.01	0.174	0.19
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Rear Face	1.5	20525	w/o	1	0	23.0	22.70	1.07	0.05	0.323	0.35
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Left Side	1.5	20525	w/o	1	0	23.0	22.70	1.07	0.13	0.063	0.07
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	1.5	20525	w/o	1	0	23.0	22.70	1.07	0.03	0.167	0.18
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	20525	w/	25	0	18.0	17.56	1.11	0.04	0.683	0.76
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Left Side	0	20525	w/	25	0	18.0	17.56	1.11	0.03	0.062	0.07
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	0	20525	w/	25	0	18.0	17.56	1.11	0.08	0.135	0.15
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Rear Face	1.5	20525	w/o	25	0	22.0	21.83	1.04	0.05	0.266	0.28
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Left Side	1.5	20525	w/o	25	0	22.0	21.83	1.04	0.17	0.052	0.05
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	1.5	20525	w/o	25	0	22.0	21.83	1.04	0.03	0.135	0.14
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	20450	w/	1	0	19.0	18.56	1.11	0.12	0.867	0.96
07	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	20600	w/	1	0	19.0	18.58	1.10	0.14	0.873	0.96
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	20525	w/	100	0	18.0	17.54	1.11	-0.02	0.671	0.75
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	20600	w/	1	0	19.0	18.58	1.10	-0.02	0.821	0.90
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	21350	w/	1	0	15.0	14.95	1.01	-0.17	0.618	0.63
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	21350	w/	1	0	15.0	14.95	1.01	0.12	0.143	0.14
08	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	21350	w/	1	0	15.0	14.95	1.01	-0.11	0.773	0.78
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	1.5	21350	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.40	1.02	0.05	0.424	0.43
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Left Side	1.5	21350	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.40	1.02	0.06	0.117	0.12
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	1.5	21350	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.40	1.02	0.02	0.535	0.55
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	21350	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.40	1.02	0.03	0.098	0.10
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	21350	w/	50	0	14.0	13.98	1.00	0.01	0.511	0.51
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	21350	w/	50	0	14.0	13.98	1.00	-0.06	0.115	0.12
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	21350	w/	50	0	14.0	13.98	1.00	0.11	0.637	0.64
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	1.5	21350	w/o	50	0	22.5	22.50	1.00	0.15	0.348	0.35
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Left Side	1.5	21350	w/o	50	0	22.5	22.50	1.00	0.09	0.096	0.10
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	1.5	21350	w/o	50	0	22.5	22.50	1.00	-0.03	0.451	0.45
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	21350	w/o	50	0	22.5	22.50	1.00	0.07	0.086	0.09

Note:

1. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required when the reported SAR of highest power 1RB configuration is less than 0.8 W/kg.
2. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required when the reported SAR of highest power 50% RB configuration is less than 0.8 W/kg.
3. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for 100% RB is not required when the maximum power of 100% RB is less than the maximum power of 1RB and 50% RB, and the highest reported SAR for 1RB and 50% RB is less than 0.8 W/kg.
4. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for 16QAM is not required when the maximum power of 16QAM is less 1/2 dB higher than QPSK, and the highest reported SAR of QPSK is less than 1.45 W/kg.
5. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for smaller channel bandwidth is not required when the maximum power of smaller channel bandwidth is less 1/2 dB higher than largest channel bandwidth, and the highest reported SAR of largest channel bandwidth is less than 1.45 W/kg.

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Power Reduction	RB#	RB Offset	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23780	w/	1	0	21.0	20.88	1.03	0.1	0.921	0.95
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Left Side	0	23780	w/	1	0	21.0	20.88	1.03	0	0.342	0.35
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	0	23780	w/	1	0	21.0	20.88	1.03	0.03	0.593	0.61
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Rear Face	1.5	23780	w/o	1	0	23.0	22.77	1.05	0.05	0.215	0.23
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Left Side	1.5	23780	w/o	1	0	23.0	22.77	1.05	0.13	0.067	0.07
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	1.5	23780	w/o	1	0	23.0	22.77	1.05	0.03	0.115	0.12
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23780	w/	25	0	20	19.98	1.00	0.04	0.744	0.75
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Left Side	0	23780	w/	25	0	20	19.98	1.00	0.07	0.275	0.28
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	0	23780	w/	25	0	20	19.98	1.00	-0.03	0.481	0.48
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Rear Face	1.5	23780	w/o	25	0	22.0	21.84	1.04	0.09	0.177	0.18
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Left Side	1.5	23780	w/o	25	0	22.0	21.84	1.04	0.13	0.055	0.06
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	1.5	23780	w/o	25	0	22.0	21.84	1.04	0.06	0.093	0.10
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23790	w/	1	0	21.0	20.81	1.04	-0.13	0.912	0.95
09	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23800	w/	1	0	21.0	20.86	1.03	-0.11	1.03	**1.06**
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23780	w/	50	0	20	19.93	1.02	-0.02	0.735	0.75
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23800	w/	1	0	21.0	20.86	1.03	0.02	0.984	1.02

Note:

1. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required when the reported SAR of highest power 1RB configuration is less than 0.8 W/kg.
2. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required when the reported SAR of highest power 50% RB configuration is less than 0.8 W/kg.
3. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for 100% RB is not required when the maximum power of 100% RB is less than the maximum power of 1RB and 50% RB, and the highest reported SAR for 1RB and 50% RB is less than 0.8 W/kg.
4. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for 16QAM is not required when the maximum power of 16QAM is less 1/2 dB higher than QPSK, and the highest reported SAR of QPSK is less than 1.45 W/kg.
5. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for smaller channel bandwidth is not required when the maximum power of smaller channel bandwidth is less 1/2 dB higher than largest channel bandwidth, and the highest reported SAR of largest channel bandwidth is less than 1.45 W/kg.

Plot No.	Band	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
10	802.11b	Rear Face	0	11	12.0	11.52	1.12	0.01	0.372	**0.42**
	802.11b	Right Side	0	11	12.0	11.52	1.12	0.08	0.24	0.27
	802.11b	Bottom Side	0	11	12.0	11.52	1.12	0.07	0.143	0.16

Note:

1. According to KDB 248227, when the extrapolated maximum peak SAR for the maximum output power channel is <= 1.6 W/kg and the 1g averaged SAR is <= 0.8 W/kg, WLAN SAR testing for other channels is not required.
2. SAR testing for 802.11g/n is not required when its maximum power is less than 1/4 dB higher than 802.11b.

4.7.2 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10, the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
2. When the highest measured SAR is >= 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20, or when the original or repeated measurement is >= 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20, and the original, first or second repeated measurement is >= 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Original Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	1st Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio
GSM850	GPRS10	Rear Face	0	251	0.822	0.803	1.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
GSM1900	GPRS10	Rear Face	0	810	0.971	0.936	1.04	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	9262	0.944	0.894	1.06	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	4233	0.923	0.885	1.04	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	18900	0.808	0.751	1.08	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	20050	0.965	0.919	1.05	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LTE 5	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	20600	0.873	0.821	1.06	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LTE 17	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23800	1.03	0.984	1.05	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

4.7.3 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation

<Estimated SAR Calculation>

According to KDB 447498 D01, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR was estimated according to following formula to result in substantially conservative SAR values of <= 0.4 W/kg to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\text{Max. Tune up Power}_{(mW)}}{\text{Min. Test Separation Distance}_{(mm)}} \times \frac{\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}}{7.5}$$

If the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is used for estimated SAR calculation. When the test separation distance is > 50 mm, the 0.4 W/kg is used for SAR-1g.

Mode / Band	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Test Position	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
BT (DSS)	2.48	7.5	Body	0	0.24

Note:

1. The separation distance is determined from the outer housing of the EUT to the user.
2. When standalone SAR testing is not required, an estimated SAR can be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

<SAR Summation Analysis>

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR_{1g} of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR_{1g} is greater than the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
1	GSM850 + WLAN (DTS)	Body	Rear Face	0.88	0.42	1.30	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.25	0.00	0.25	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.39	0.27	0.66	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.44	0.16	0.60	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
2	GSM850 + BT (DSS)	Body	Rear Face	0.88	0.24	1.12	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.25	0.24	0.49	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.39	0.24	0.63	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.24	0.24	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.44	0.24	0.68	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
3	GSM1900 + WLAN (DTS)	Body	Rear Face	1.00	0.42	1.42	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.17	0.00	0.17	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.15	0.27	0.42	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.27	0.16	0.43	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
4	GSM1900 + BT (DSS)	Body	Rear Face	1.00	0.24	1.24	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.17	0.24	0.41	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.15	0.24	0.39	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.24	0.24	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.27	0.24	0.51	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
5	WCDMA II + WLAN (DTS)	Body	Rear Face	0.95	0.42	1.37	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.23	0.00	0.23	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.12	0.27	0.39	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.25	0.16	0.41	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
6	WCDMA II + BT (DSS)	Body	Rear Face	0.95	0.24	1.19	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.23	0.24	0.47	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.12	0.24	0.36	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.24	0.24	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.25	0.24	0.49	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
7	WCDMA V + WLAN (DTS)	Body	Rear Face	1.02	0.42	1.44	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.23	0.00	0.23	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.24	0.27	0.51	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.41	0.16	0.57	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
8	WCDMA V + BT (DSS)	Body	Rear Face	1.02	0.24	1.26	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.23	0.24	0.47	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.24	0.24	0.48	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.24	0.24	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.41	0.24	0.65	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
9	LTE 2 + WLAN (DTS)	Body	Rear Face	0.89	0.42	1.31	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.16	0.00	0.16	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.09	0.27	0.36	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.19	0.16	0.35	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
10	LTE 2 + BT (DSS)	Body	Rear Face	0.89	0.24	1.13	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.16	0.24	0.40	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.09	0.24	0.33	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.24	0.24	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.19	0.24	0.43	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
11	LTE 4 + WLAN (DTS)	Body	Rear Face	0.99	0.42	1.41	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.27	0.00	0.27	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.15	0.27	0.42	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.27	0.16	0.43	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
12	LTE 4 + BT (DSS)	Body	Rear Face	0.99	0.24	1.23	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.27	0.24	0.51	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.15	0.24	0.39	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.24	0.24	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.27	0.24	0.51	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
13	LTE 5 + WLAN (DTS)	Body	Rear Face	0.96	0.42	1.38	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.09	0.00	0.09	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.00	0.27	0.27	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.19	0.16	0.35	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
14	LTE 5 + BT (DSS)	Body	Rear Face	0.96	0.24	1.20	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.09	0.24	0.33	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.00	0.24	0.24	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.24	0.24	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.19	0.24	0.43	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
15	LTE 7 + WLAN (DTS)	Body	Rear Face	0.63	0.42	1.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.14	0.00	0.14	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.10	0.27	0.37	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.78	0.16	0.94	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
16	LTE 7 + BT (DSS)	Body	Rear Face	0.63	0.24	0.87	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.14	0.24	0.38	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.10	0.24	0.34	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.24	0.24	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.78	0.24	1.02	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
17	LTE 17 + WLAN (DTS)	Body	Rear Face	1.06	0.42	1.48	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.35	0.00	0.35	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.00	0.27	0.27	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.61	0.16	0.77	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
18	LTE 17 + BT (DSS)	Body	Rear Face	1.06	0.24	1.30	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.35	0.24	0.59	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.00	0.24	0.24	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.24	0.24	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.61	0.24	0.85	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

Test Engineer： Eric Wu, and Enzo Chang

5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D750V3	1013	Aug. 28, 2014	2 Years
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d121	Aug. 28, 2014	2 Years
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1750V2	1055	Aug. 28, 2014	2 Years
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d036	Jan. 21, 2013	2 Years
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	737	Aug. 21, 2014	2 Years
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2600V2	1020	Aug. 21, 2014	2 Years
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3864	Jul. 25, 2014	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3971	Mar. 31, 2014	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	861	Apr. 23, 2014	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1431	Mar. 24, 2014	1 Year
Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50266628	Dec. 05, 2013	2 Years
Radio Communication Analyzer	Anritsu	MT8802C	6201381727	May 15, 2014	1 Year
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46214281	Jun. 13, 2014	1 Year
EXA Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY53470455	Feb. 22, 2014	1 Year
MXG Analong Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50143868	Jun. 26, 2014	1 Year
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1218009	Jun. 26, 2014	1 Year
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1207252	Jun. 26, 2014	1 Year
Thermometer	YFE	YF-160A	130504579	Aug. 21, 2014	1 Year

6. Measurement Uncertainty

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Vi
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	± 6.0 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %	∞
Readout Electronics	0.6	Normal	1	1	± 0.6 %	∞
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.0 %	∞
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.0 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	0.5	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.3 %	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	2.3	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	3.9	Normal	1	1	± 3.9 %	31
Device Holder	2.7	Normal	1	1	± 2.7 %	19
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	± 1.8 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.64	± 3.2 %	29
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.6	± 3.0 %	29
Combined Standard Uncertainty					± 11.7 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)					**± 23.4 %**	

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

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The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

System Check_B750_141106

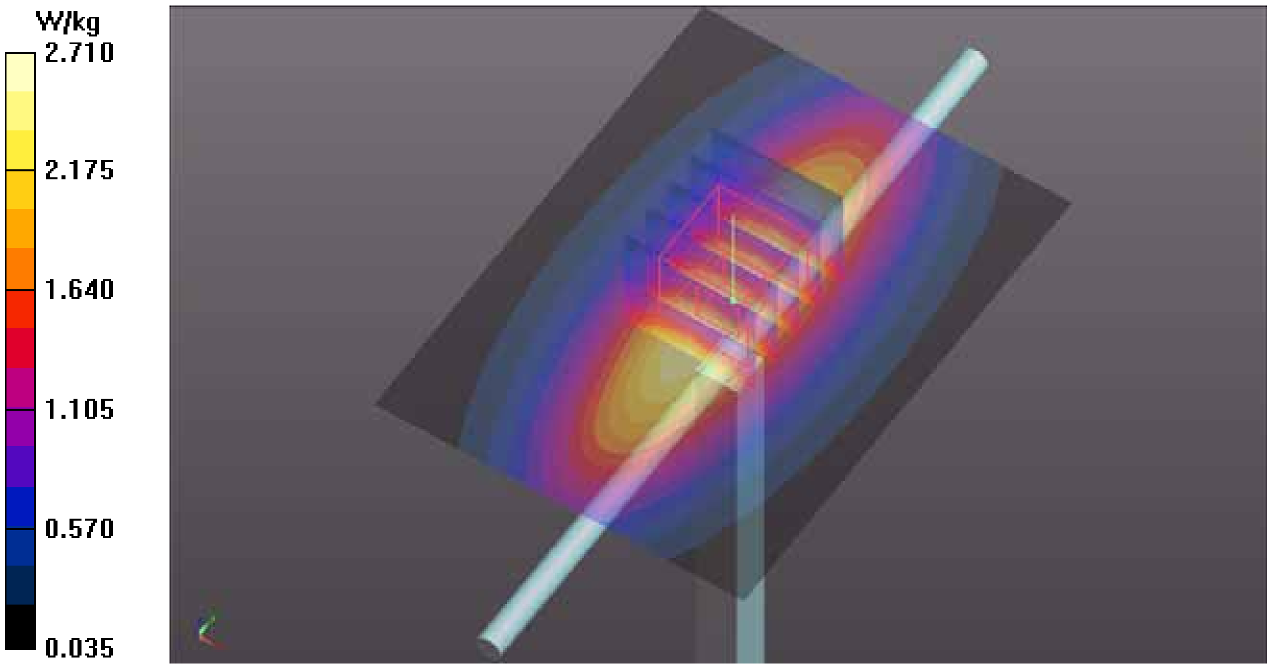
DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; SN: 1013

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B07T08N3_1106 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.967$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.24$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3971; ConvF(9.91, 9.91, 9.91); Calibrated: 2014/03/31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2014/03/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1206; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.71 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 53.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.13 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.46 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.70 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2014/11/06

System Check_B835_141106

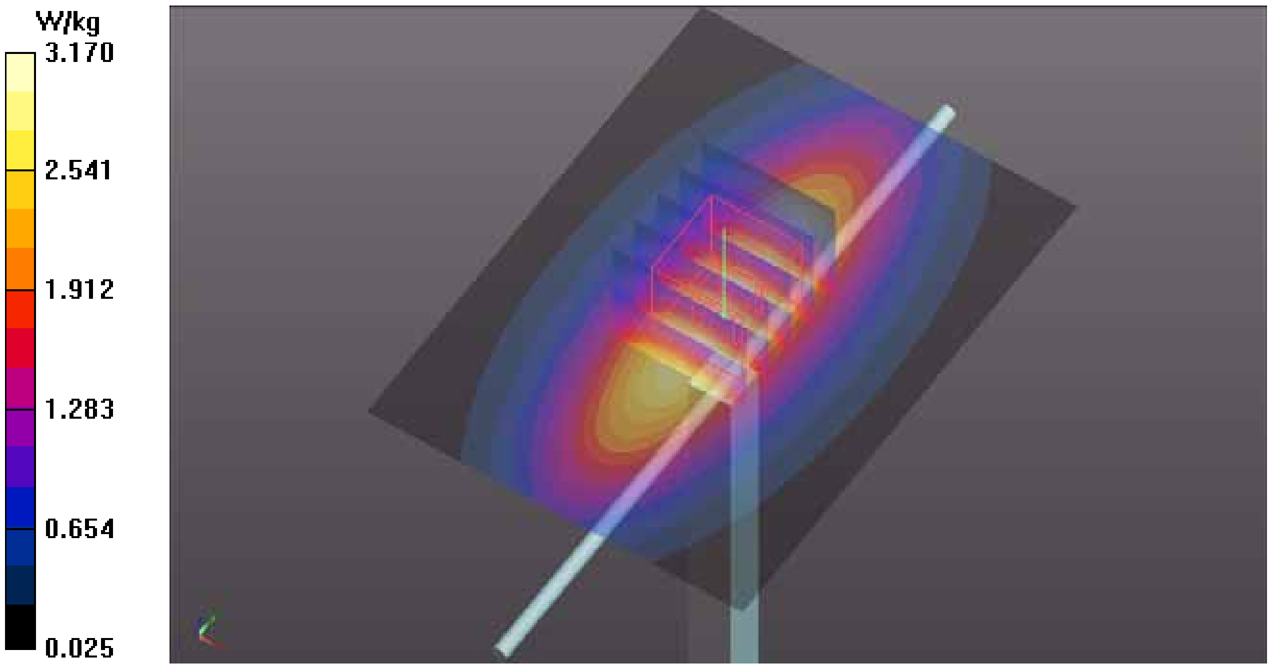
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; SN: 4d121

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B08T09N3_1106 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.989 S/m; ε_r = 56.821; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3971; ConvF(9.74, 9.74, 9.74); Calibrated: 2014/03/31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2014/03/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1206; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.17 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 57.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.72 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.51 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.66 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.17 W/kg



System Check_B1750_141104

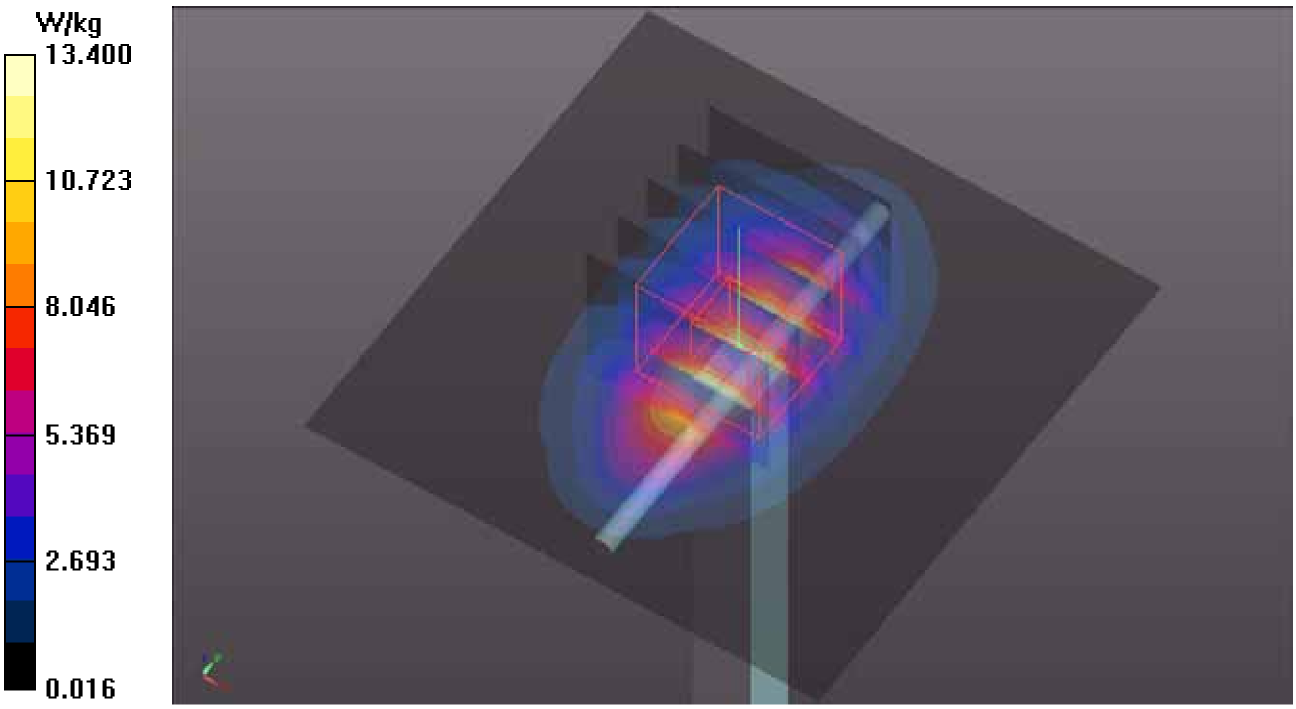
DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; SN: 1055

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B17T18N1_1104 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.487 S/m; ε_r = 52.185; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：21.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：20.9 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3864; ConvF(8.02, 8.02, 8.02); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2014/04/23
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1039; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.4 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 96.50 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.55 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.16 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.4 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2014/11/04

System Check_B1900_141104

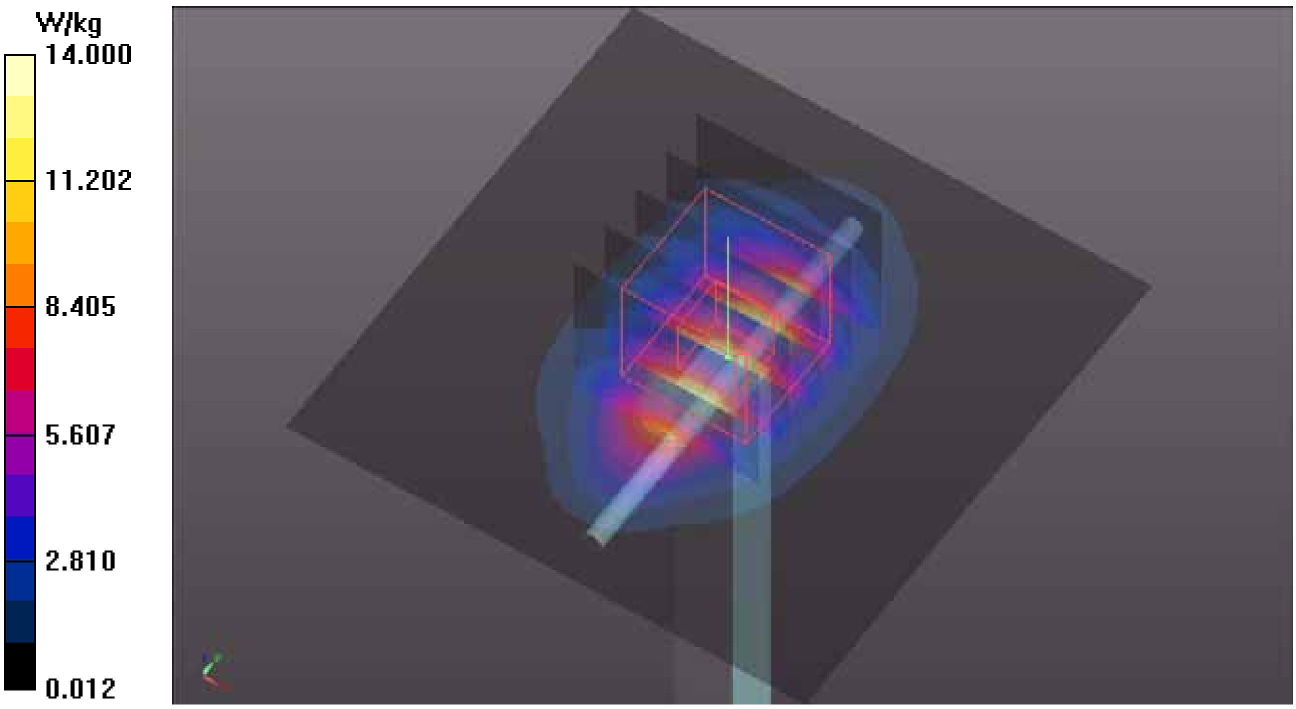
DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; SN: 5d036

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B18T19N1_1104 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.556 S/m; ε_r = 55.482; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：21.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：20.9 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3864; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2014/04/23
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1039; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.0 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 96.44 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.77 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.06 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.0 W/kg



System Check_B2450_141025

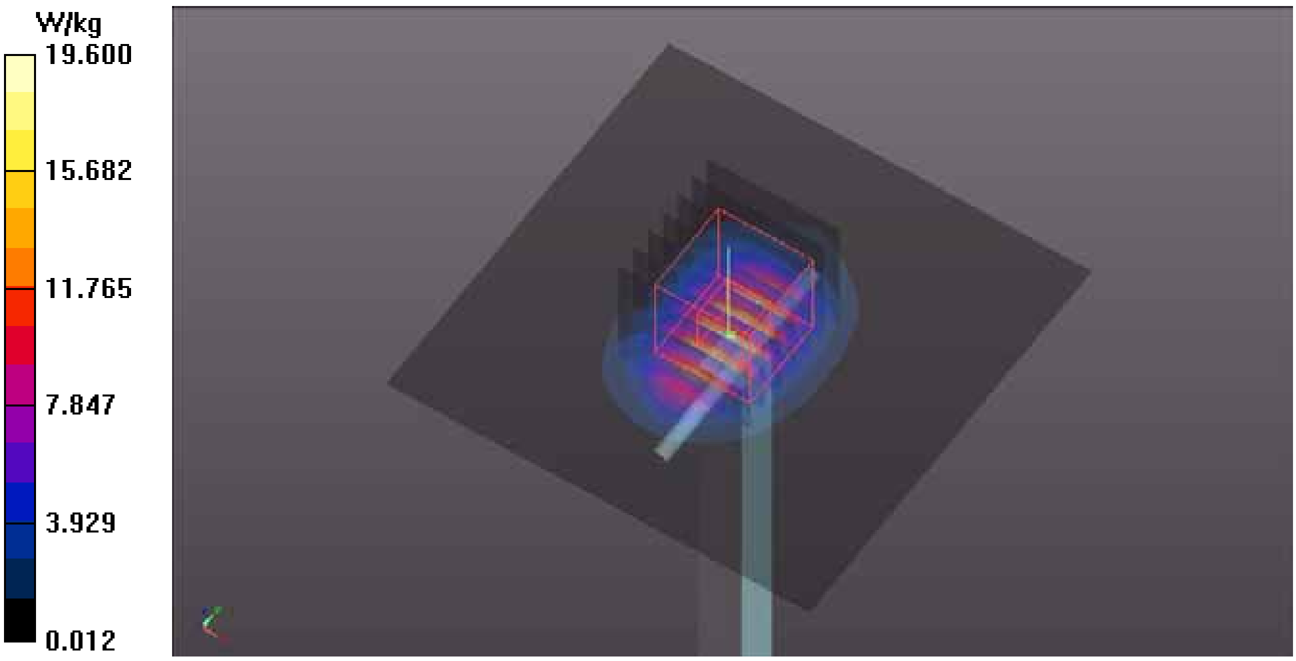
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; SN: 737

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B24T25N2_1025 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.973 S/m; ε_r = 53.183; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3864; ConvF(7.14, 7.14, 7.14); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2014/04/23
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1039; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.6 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 100.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.83 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg



System Check_B2600_141106

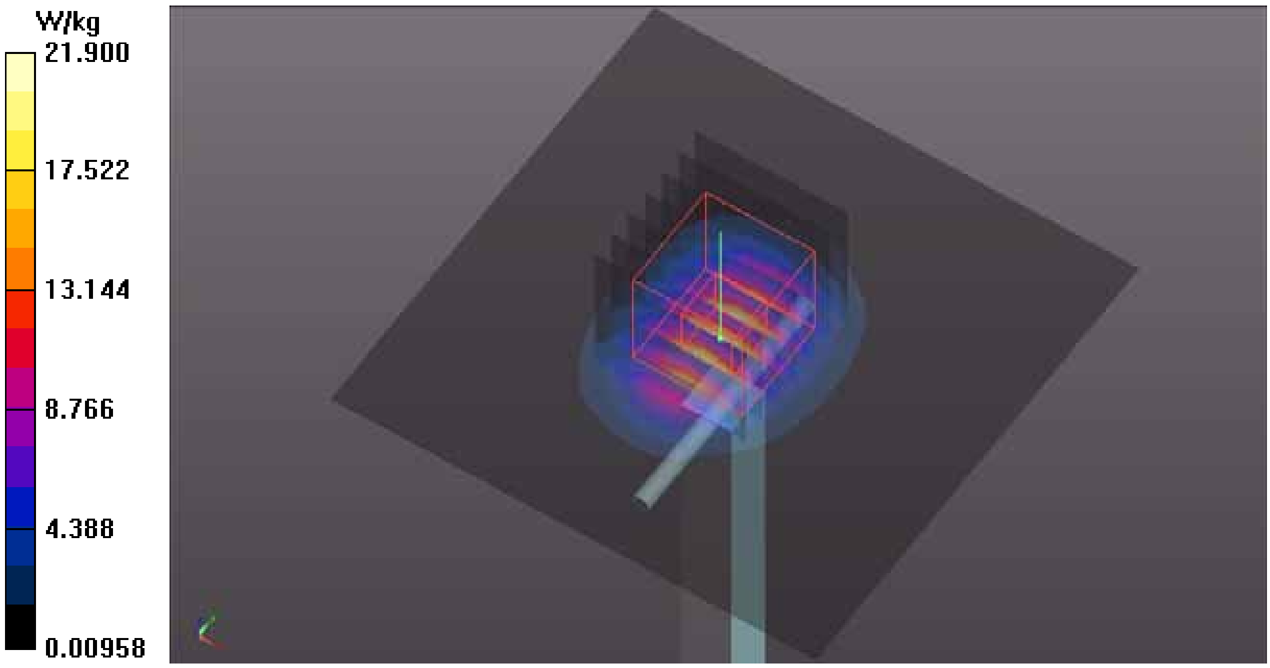
DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; SN: 1020

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B25T27N1_1106 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.199$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.35$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：21.7 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3971; ConvF(6.99, 6.99, 6.99); Calibrated: 2014/03/31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2014/03/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1245; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.9 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 98.54 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.11 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.5 W/kg



Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2014/11/03

P01 GSM850_GPRS10_Rear Face_0cm_Ch251_Sensor On

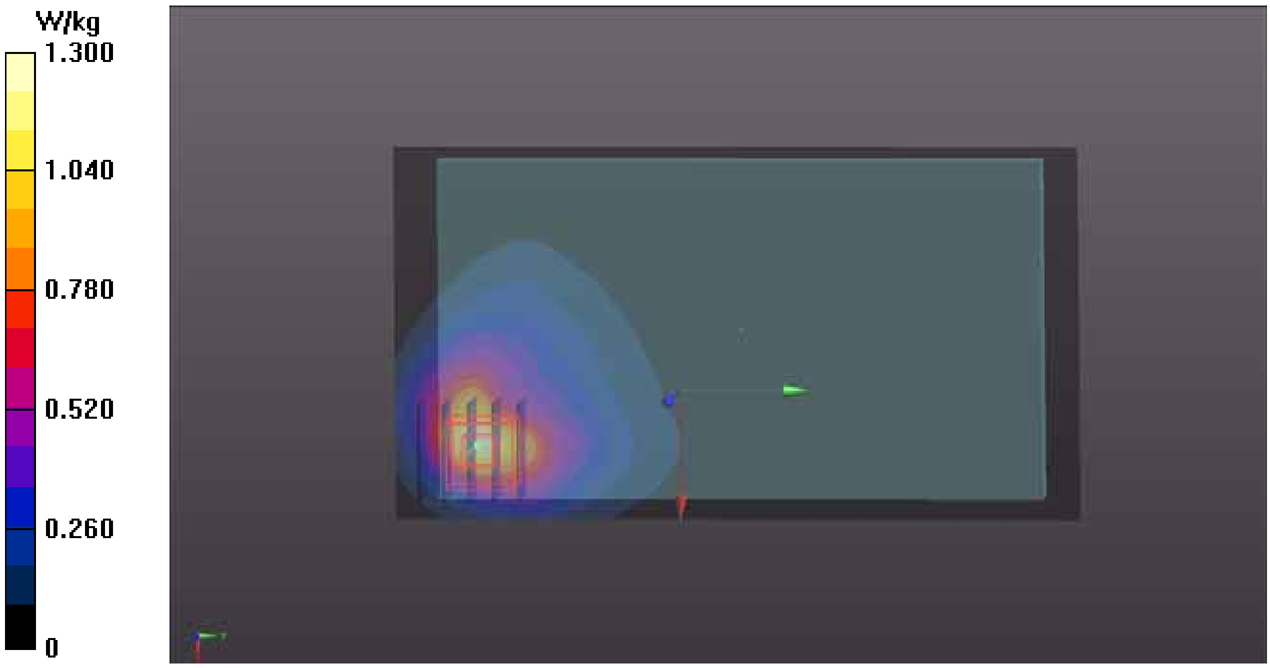
DUT: 141015C15

Communication System: GPRS10; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: B08T09N1_1103 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 1.005 S/m; ε_r = 56.656; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：21.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3971; ConvF(9.74, 9.74, 9.74); Calibrated: 2014/03/31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2014/03/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1206; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.30 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 5.248 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.52 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.822 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.458 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 W/kg



P02 GSM1900_GPRS10_Rear Face_0cm_Ch810_Sensor On

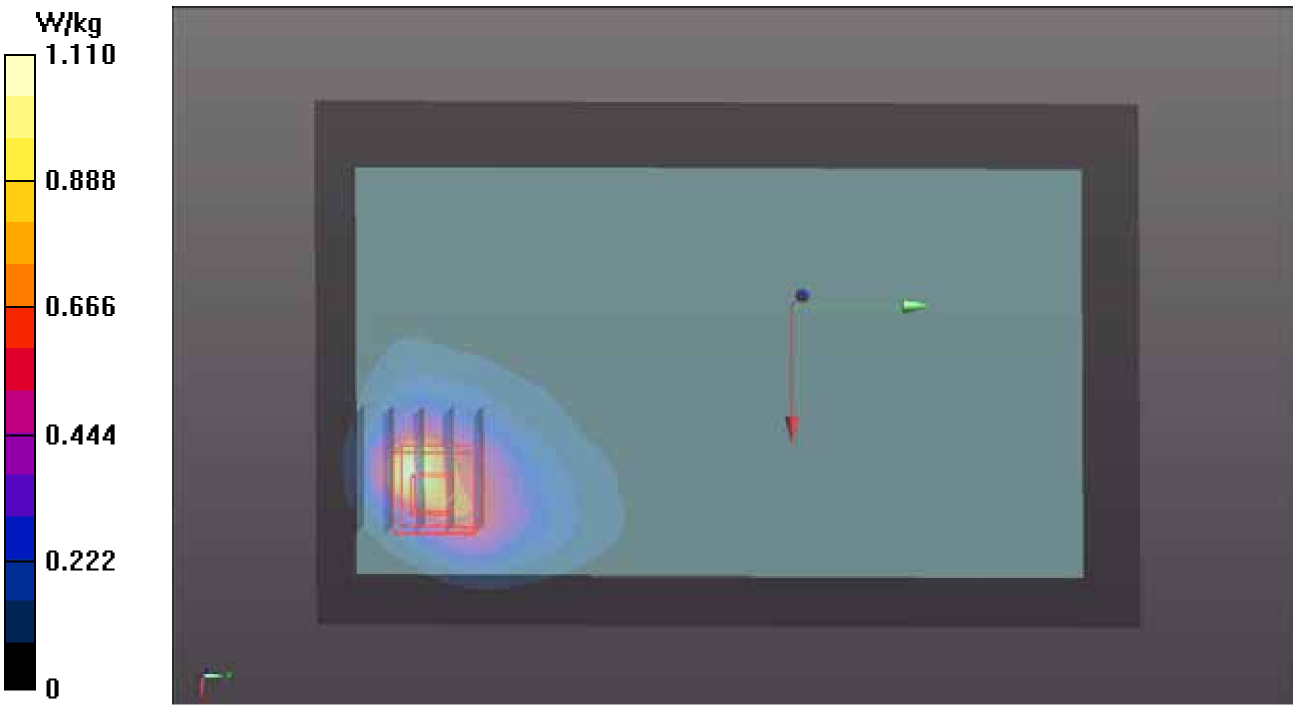
DUT: 141015C15

Communication System: GPRS10; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: B18T19N1_1104 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.57 S/m; ε_r = 55.423; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：21.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：20.9 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3864; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2014/04/23
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1039; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (111x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.11 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.982 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.03 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.971 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.448 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.41 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2014/11/04

P03 WCDMA II_RMC12.2K_Rear Face_0cm_Ch9262_Sensor On

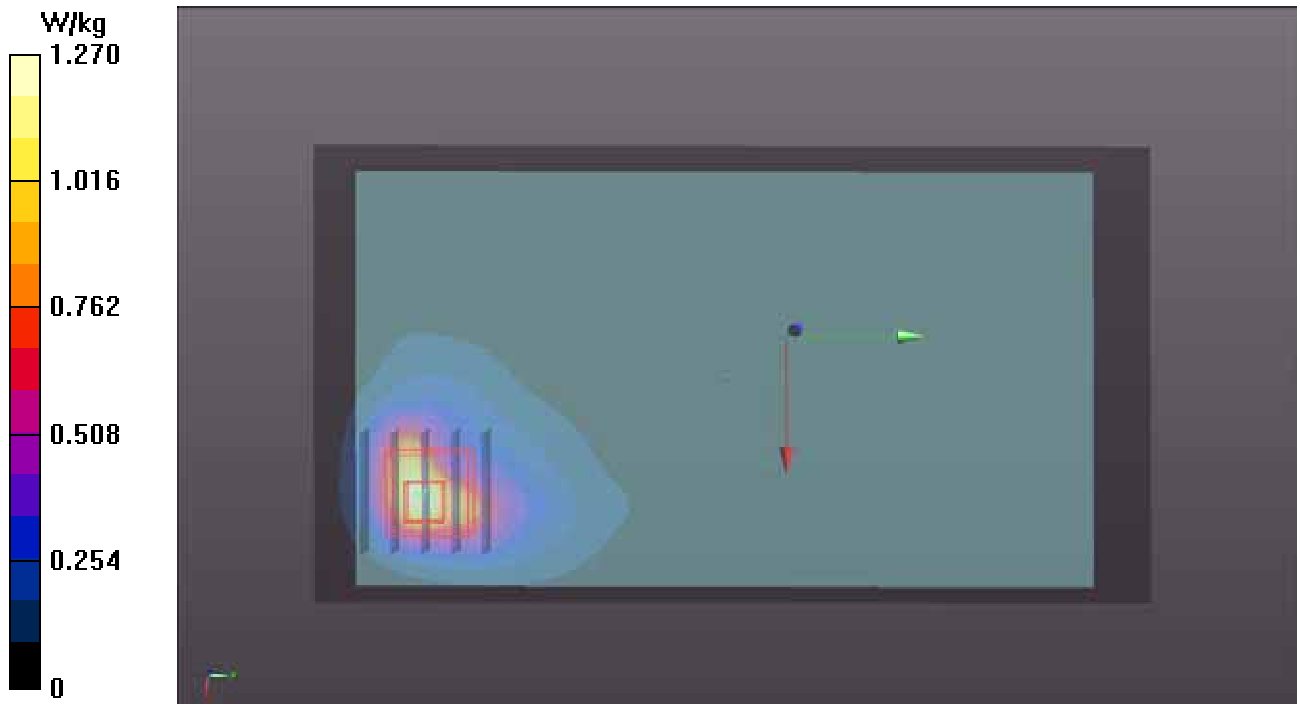
DUT: 141015C15

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B18T19N1_1104 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; σ = 1.52 S/m; ε_r = 55.417; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：21.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：20.9 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3864; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2014/04/23
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1039; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (91x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.27 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.414 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.96 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.944 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.450 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.46 W/kg



P04 WCDMA V_RMC12.2K_Rear Face_0cm_Ch4233_Sensor On

DUT: 141015C15

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 846.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B08T09N3_1111 Medium parameters used: f = 847 MHz; σ = 0.971 S/m; ε_r = 55.854; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.8 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.9 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3971; ConvF(9.74, 9.74, 9.74); Calibrated: 2014/03/31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2014/03/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1245; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.31 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.316 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.82 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.923 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.491 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.35 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT SAR/HAC Testing Lab   Date: 2014/11/04

P05 LTE 2_QPSK20M_Rear Face_0cm_Ch18900_Sensor On_1RB_OS0

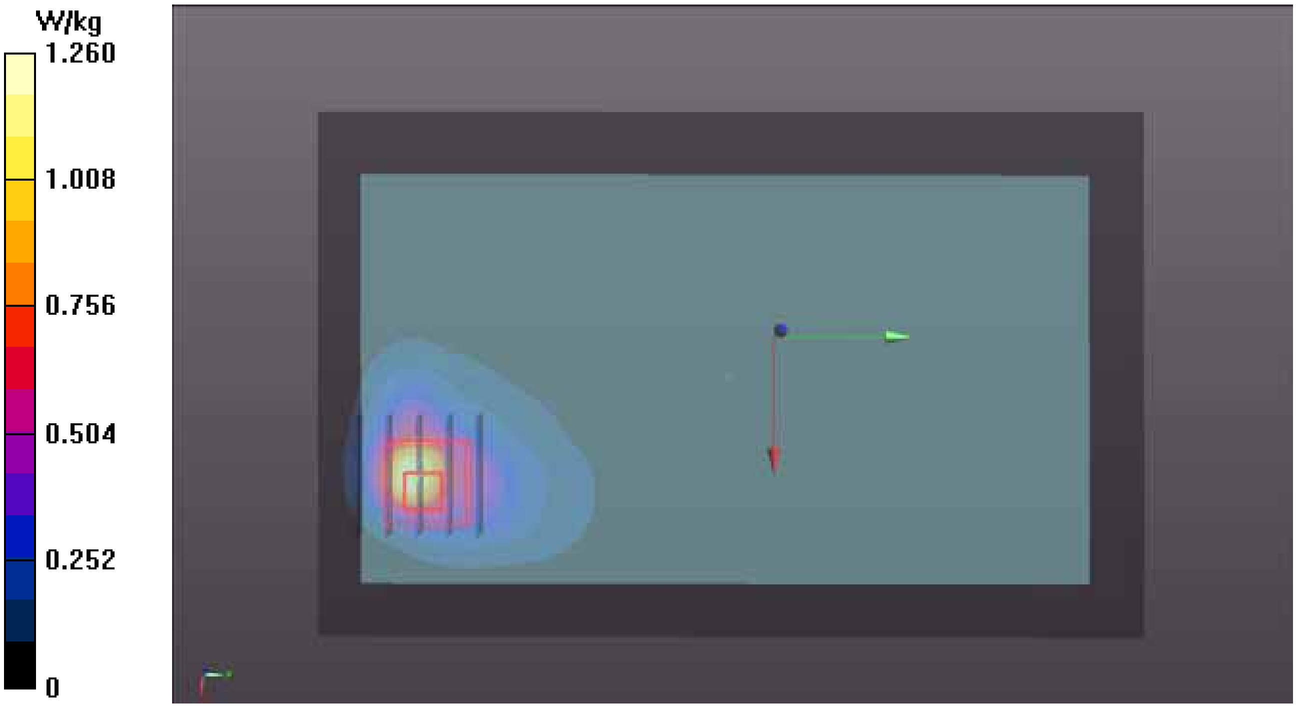
DUT: 141015C15

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B18T19N1_1104 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.534 S/m; ε_r = 55.504; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：21.5 ℃；Liquid Temperature：20.9 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3864; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2014/04/23
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1039; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (101x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.26 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.895 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.70 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.808 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.378 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT SAR/HAC Testing Lab   Date: 2014/11/04

P06 LTE 4_QPSK20M_Rear Face_0cm_Ch20050_Sensor On_1RB_OS0

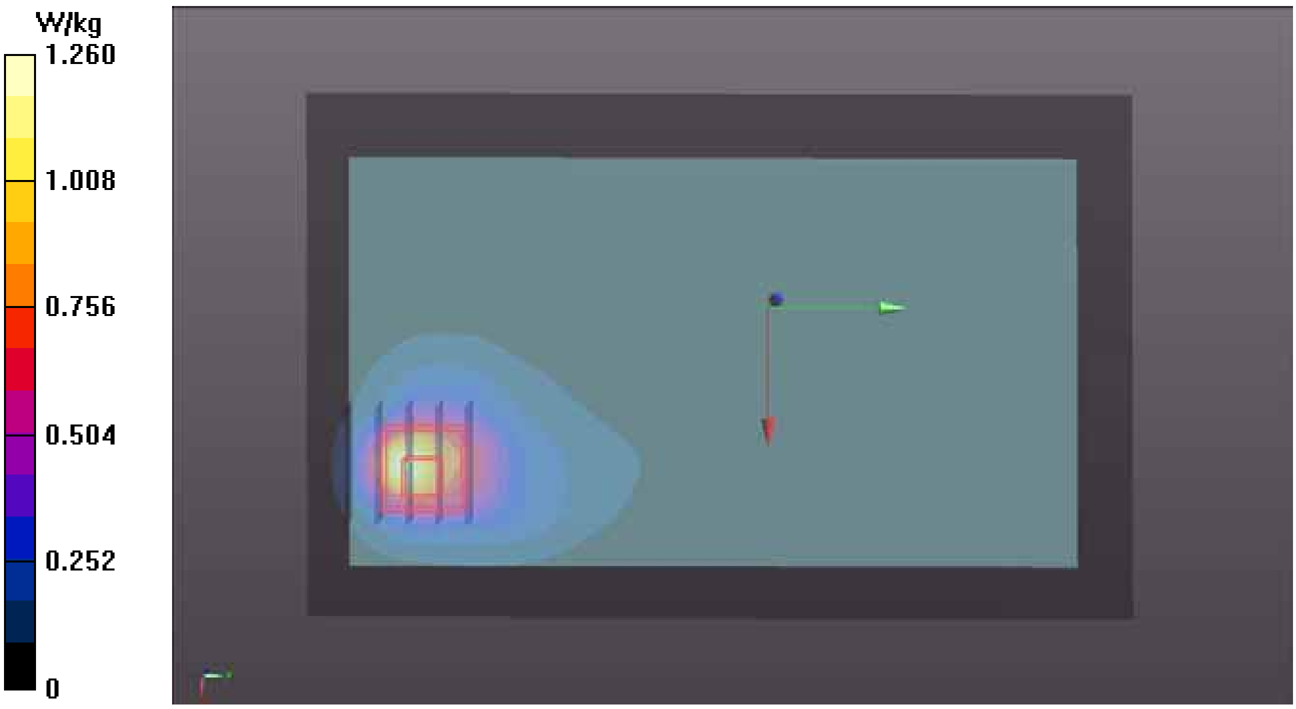
DUT: 141015C15

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B17T18N1_1104 Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz; σ = 1.454 S/m; ε_r = 52.313; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：21.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：20.9 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3864; ConvF(8.02, 8.02, 8.02); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2014/04/23
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1039; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (101x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.26 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.943 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.87 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.965 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.483 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.29 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2014/11/06

P07 LTE 5_QPSK10M_Rear Face_0cm_Ch20600_Sensor On_1RB_OS0

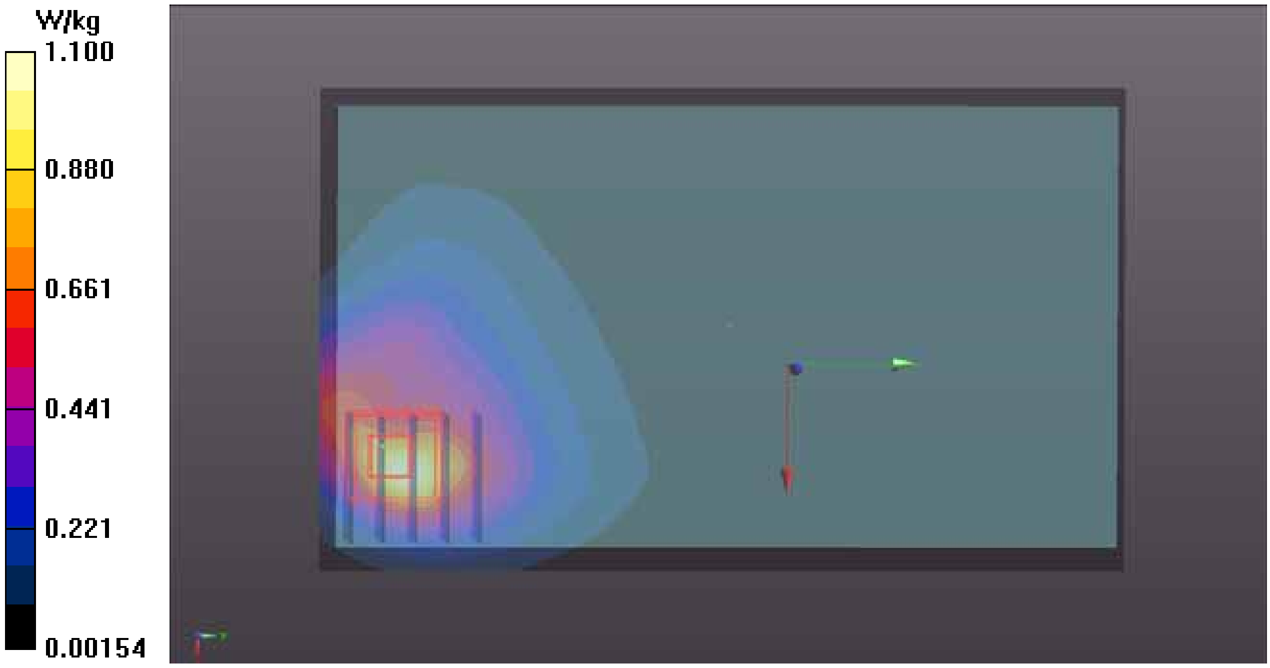
DUT: 141015C15

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 844 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B08T09N3_1106 Medium parameters used: f = 844 MHz; σ = 1.001 S/m; ε_r = 56.714; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3971; ConvF(9.74, 9.74, 9.74); Calibrated: 2014/03/31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2014/03/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1206; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.10 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.823 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.68 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.873 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.478 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.22 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT SAR/HAC Testing Lab   Date: 2014/11/06

P08 LTE 7_QPSK20M_Bottom Side_0cm_Ch21350_Sensor On_1RB_OS0

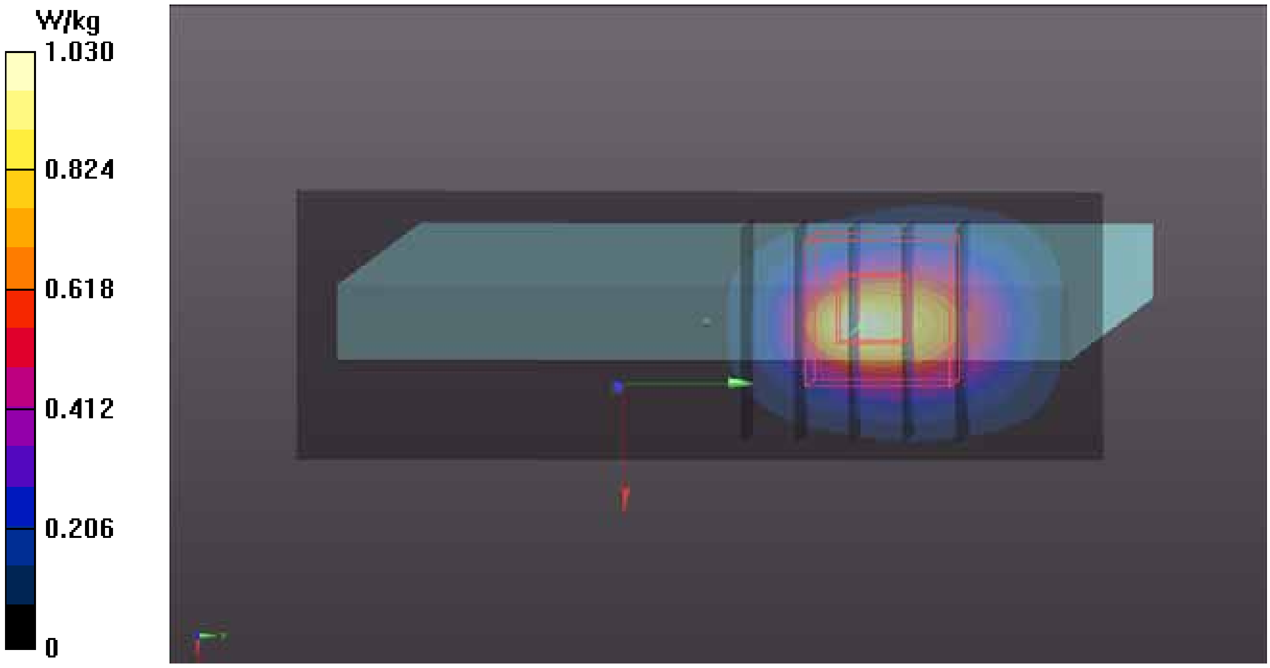
DUT: 141015C15

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 2560 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B25T27N1_1106 Medium parameters used: f = 2560 MHz; σ = 2.146 S/m; ε_r = 52.504; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：21.7 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3971; ConvF(6.99, 6.99, 6.99); Calibrated: 2014/03/31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2014/03/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1245; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (41x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.655 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.75 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.773 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.315 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg



P09 LTE 17_QPSK10M_Rear Face_0cm_Ch23800_Sensor On_1RB_OS0

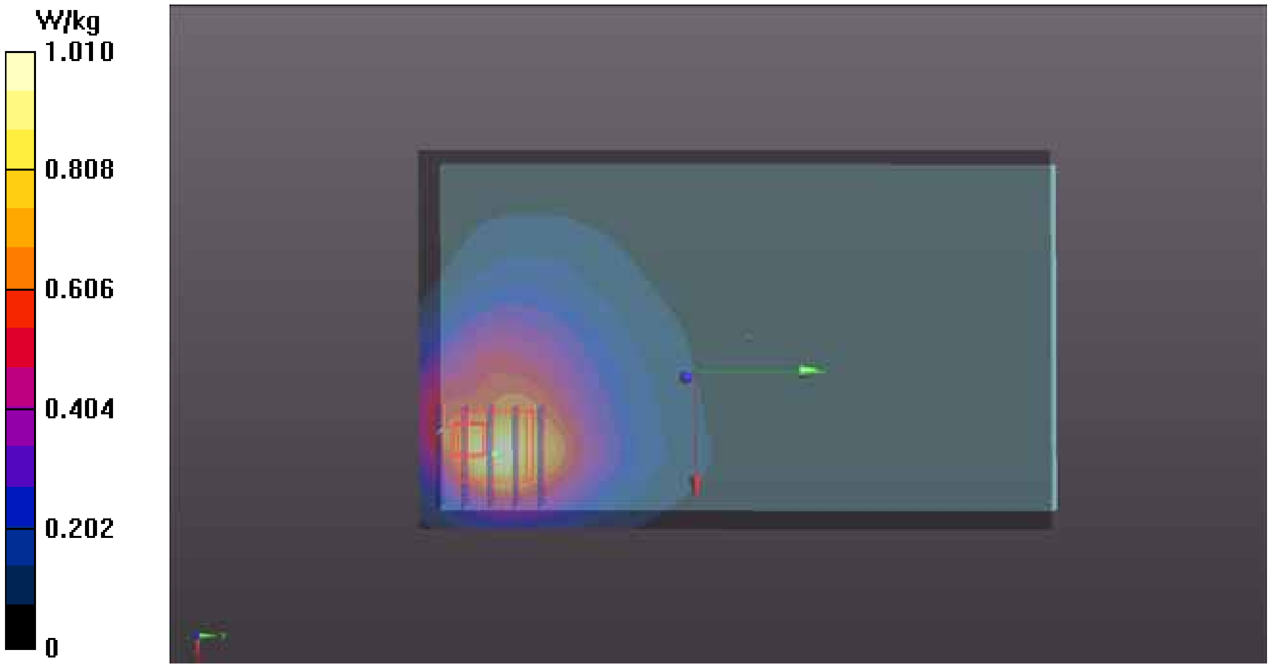
DUT: 141015C15

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 711 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B07T08N3_1106 Medium parameters used: f = 711 MHz; σ = 0.934 S/m; ε_r = 55.557; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3971; ConvF(9.91, 9.91, 9.91); Calibrated: 2014/03/31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2014/03/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1206; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.01 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.620 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.41 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.614 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 W/kg



P10 802.11b_Rear Face_0cm_Ch11

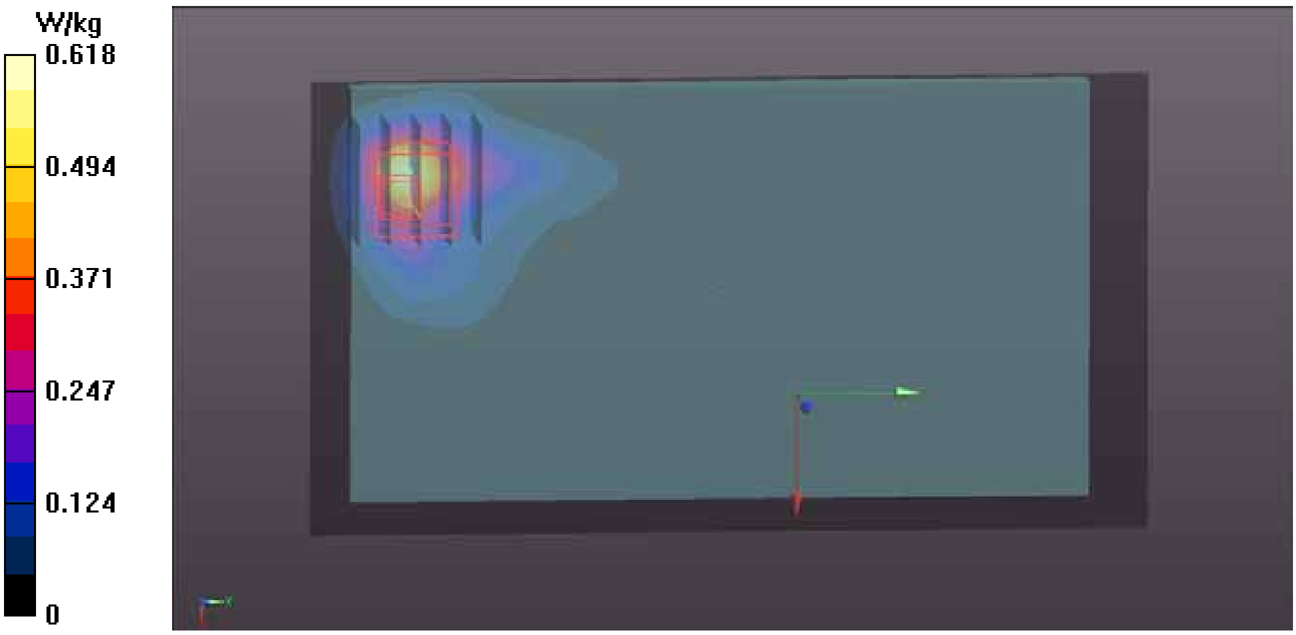
DUT: 141015C15

Communication System: WLAN_2.4G; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B24T25N2_1025 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.989 S/m; ε_r = 53.131; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3864; ConvF(7.14, 7.14, 7.14); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2014/04/23
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1039; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (101x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.618 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.627 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.841 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.372 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.166 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.594 W/kg



Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole

The SPEAG calibration certificates are shown as follows.

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S **Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst**
C **Service suisse d'étalonnage**
S **Servizio svizzero di taratura**
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **B.V. ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: D750V3-1013_Aug14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D750V3 - SN: 1013
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	August 28, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)	Oct-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	M.Weber
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 28, 2014

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.9	0.89 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.2 ± 6 %	0.91 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.12 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**8.35 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**5.53 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.5	0.96 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.4 ± 6 %	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.23 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**8.71 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.48 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**5.81 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.2 Ω - 0.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 30.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.3 Ω - 2.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.035 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 22, 2010

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 28.08.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1013

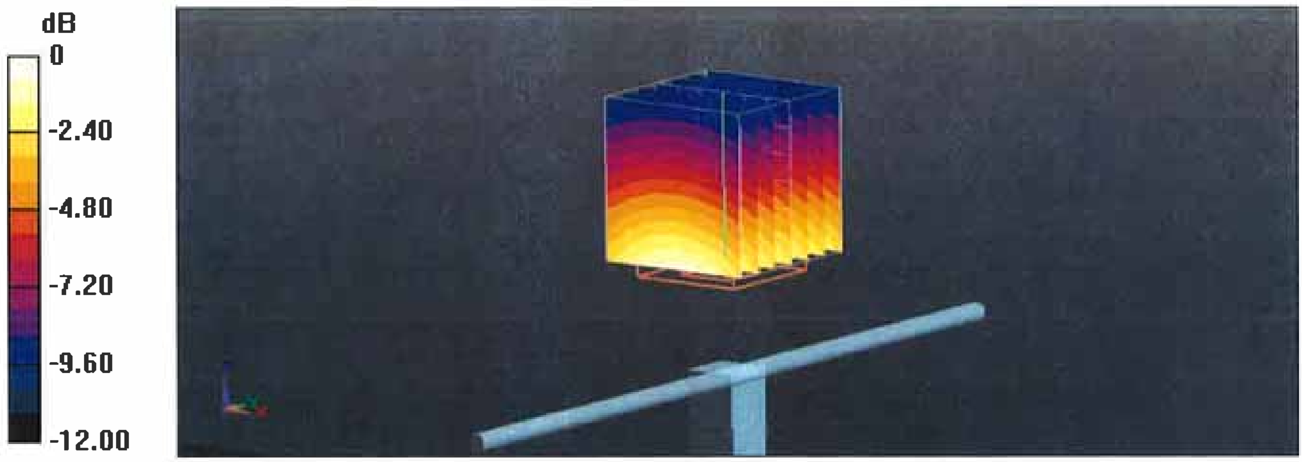
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 750 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.37, 6.37, 6.37); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

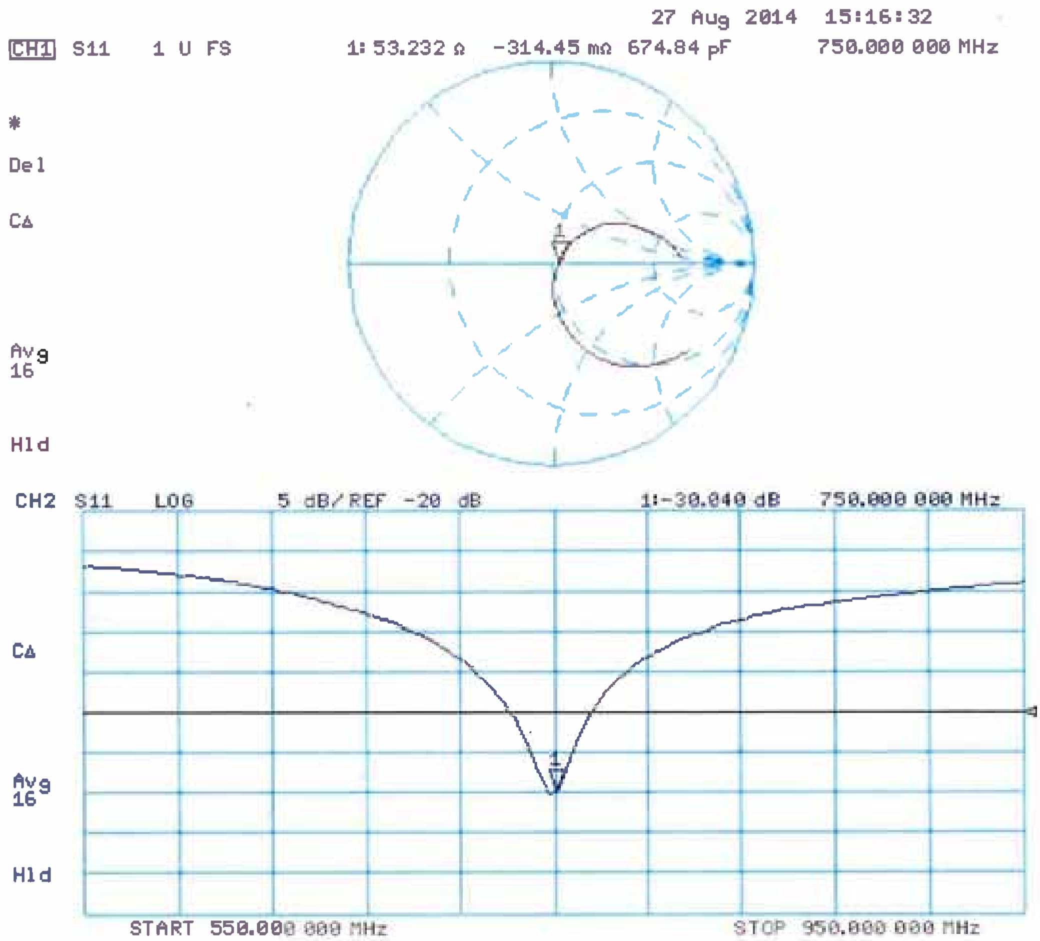
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 53.96 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.15 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.4 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.48 W/kg



0 dB = 2.48 W/kg = 3.94 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 27.08.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1013

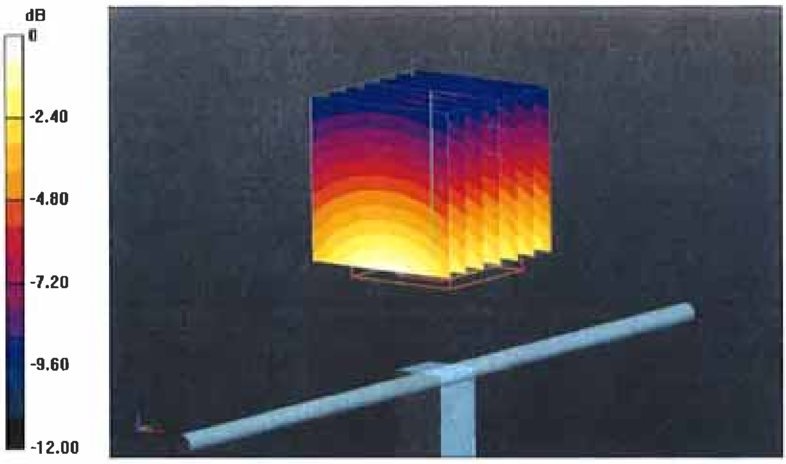
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 750 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.99 S/m; ε_r = 55.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.13, 6.13, 6.13); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

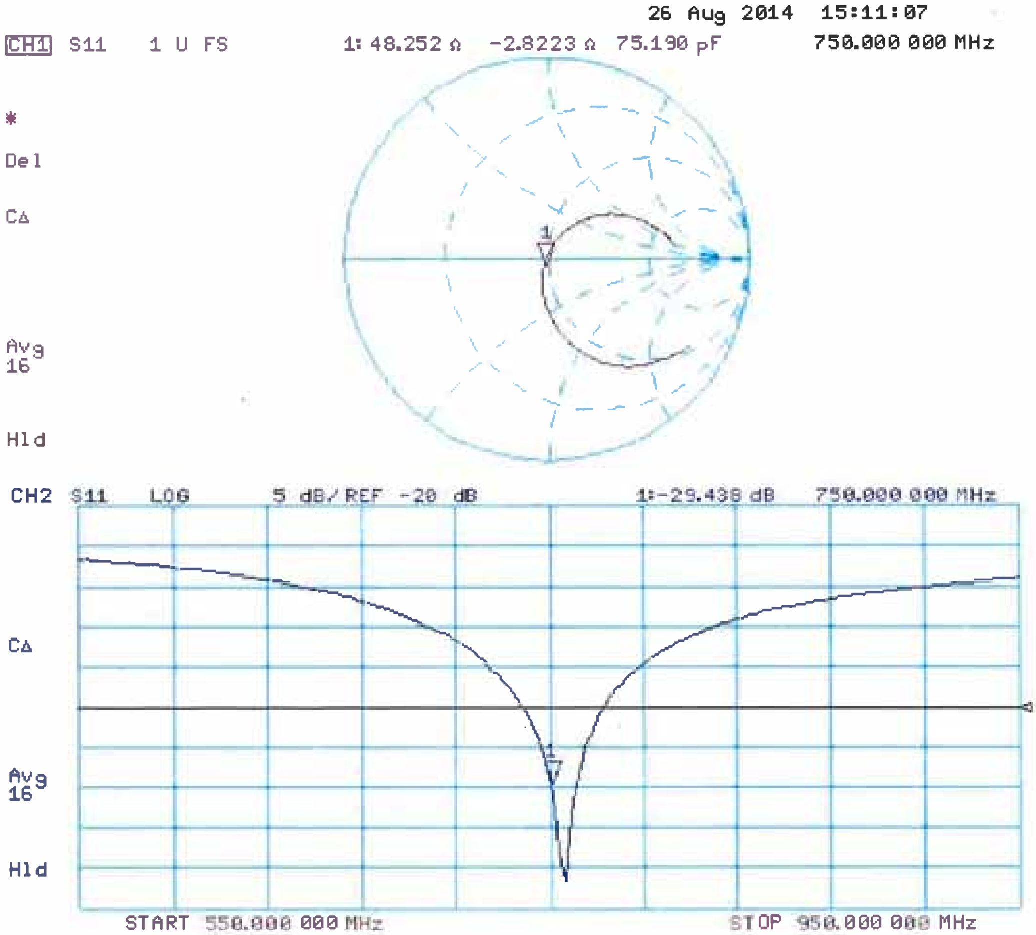
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 53.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.24 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.23 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.48 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.59 W/kg



0 dB = 2.59 W/kg = 4.13 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S **Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst**
C **Service suisse d'étalonnage**
S **Servizio svizzero di taratura**
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **B.V. ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: D835V2-4d121_Aug14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D835V2 - SN: 4d121
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	August 28, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)	Oct-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	M.Weber
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 28, 2014

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.0 ± 6 %	0.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.43 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.43 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.59 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**6.21 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.2 ± 6 %	1.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.46 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.55 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.62 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**6.33 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.9 Ω - 1.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 31.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.4 Ω - 4.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.2 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.394 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	June 29, 2010

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 28.08.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d121

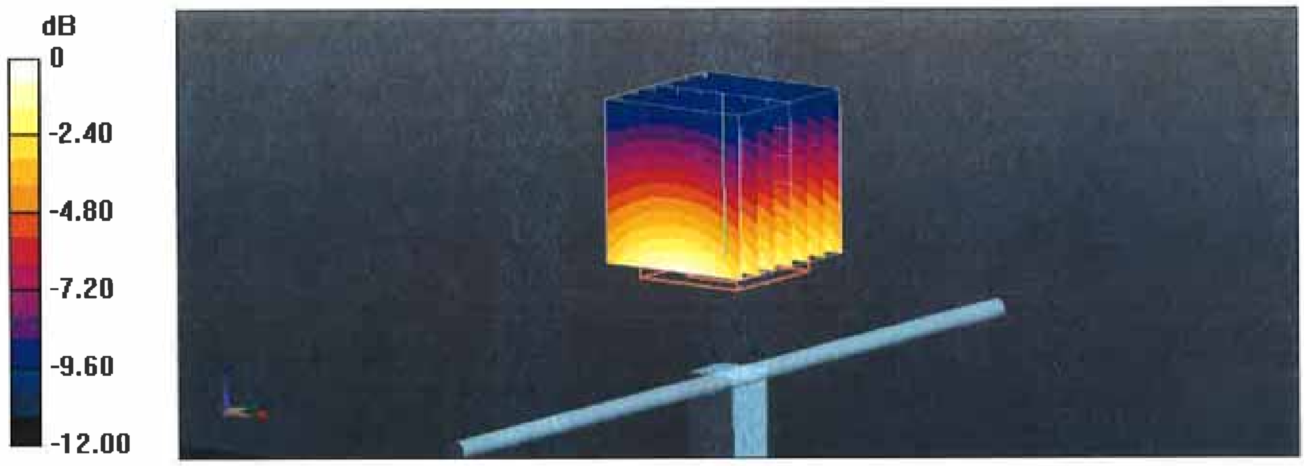
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.94 S/m; ε_r = 42; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

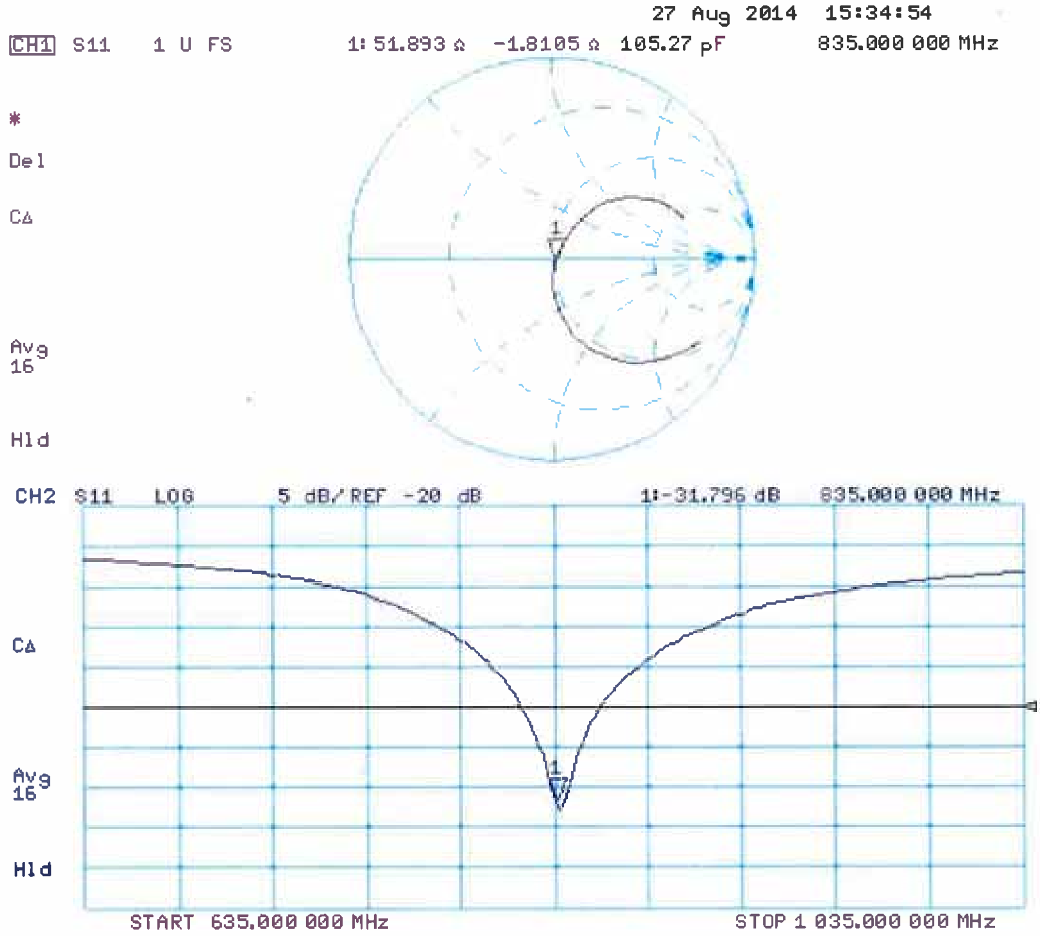
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 56.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.61 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.85 W/kg



0 dB = 2.85 W/kg = 4.55 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 27.08.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d121

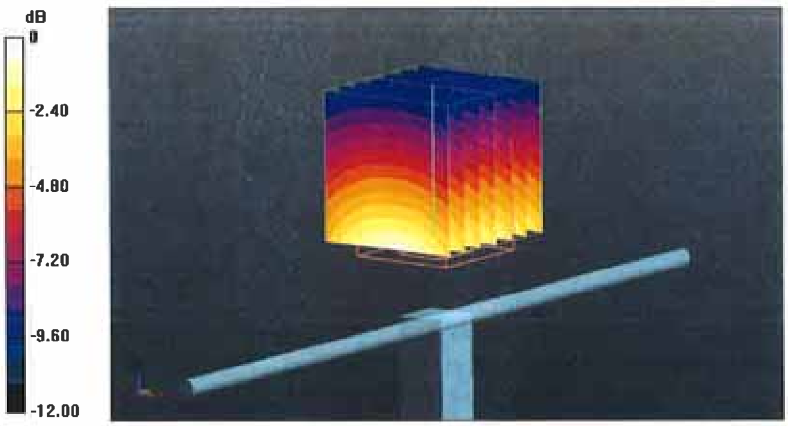
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 1.01 S/m; ε_r = 55.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

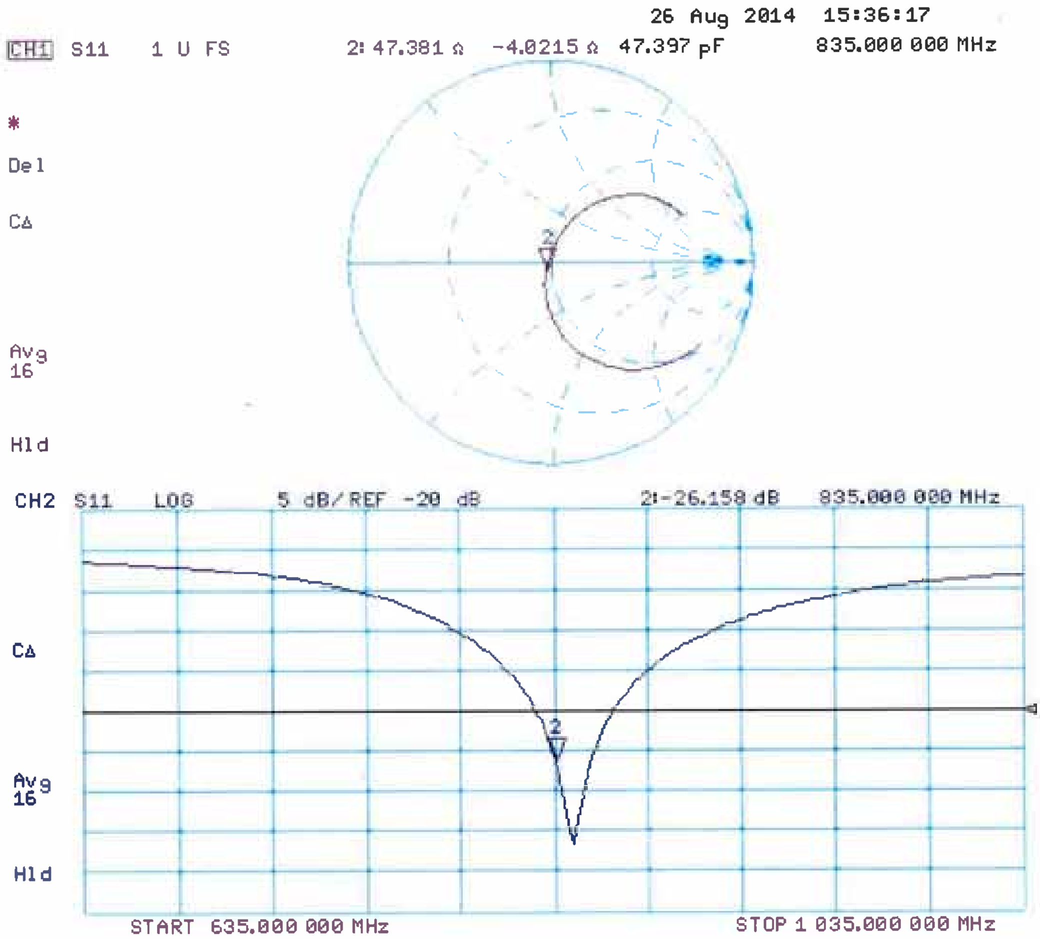
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 55.00 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.60 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.86 W/kg



0 dB = 2.86 W/kg = 4.56 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **B.V. ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: D1750V2-1055_Aug14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D1750V2 - SN: 1055
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	August 28, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)	Oct-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	M.Weber
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 28, 2014

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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.1	1.37 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.2 ± 6 %	1.37 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.38 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**37.3 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.97 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**19.8 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.4	1.49 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.0 ± 6 %	1.49 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.48 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**37.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.09 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**20.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.9 Ω + 2.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 32.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.7 Ω + 1.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.223 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	February 19, 2010

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 28.08.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1055

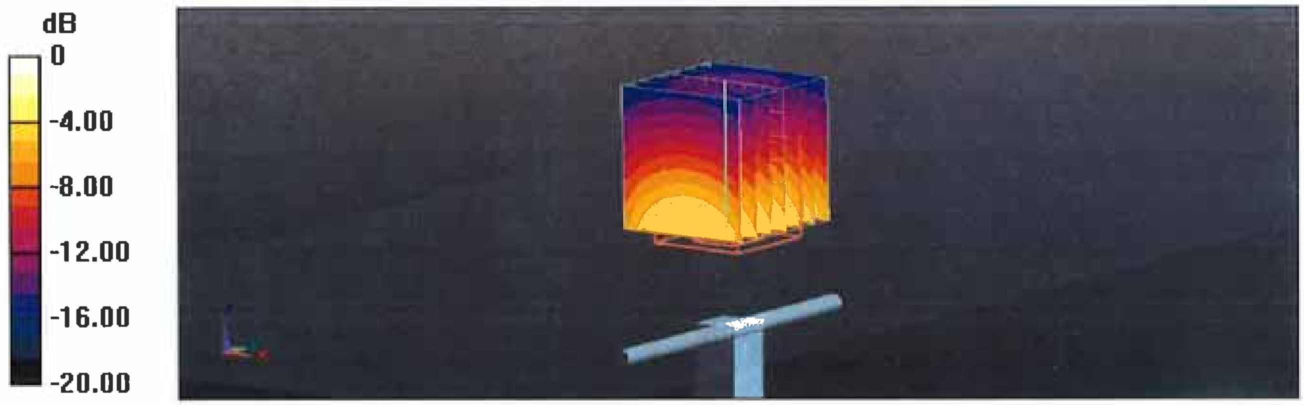
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.37 S/m; ε_r = 39.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

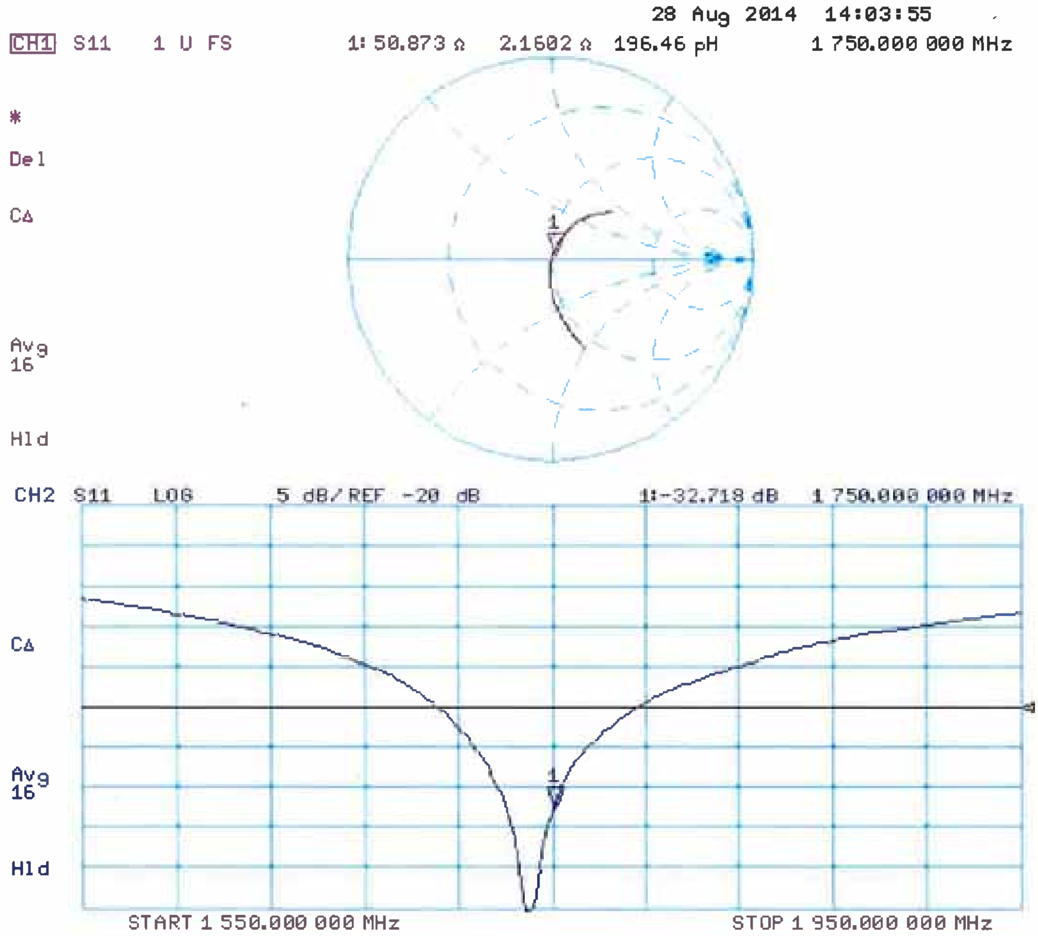
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 96.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.97 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.8 W/kg



0 dB = 11.8 W/kg = 10.72 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 28.08.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1055

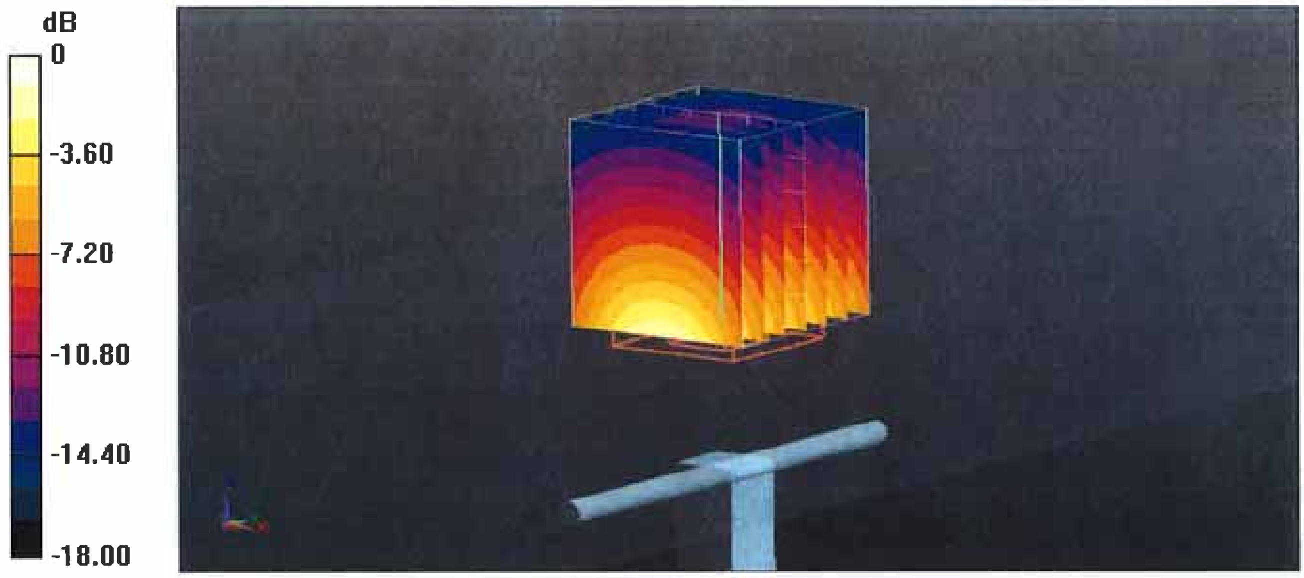
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.49 S/m; ε_r = 52; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

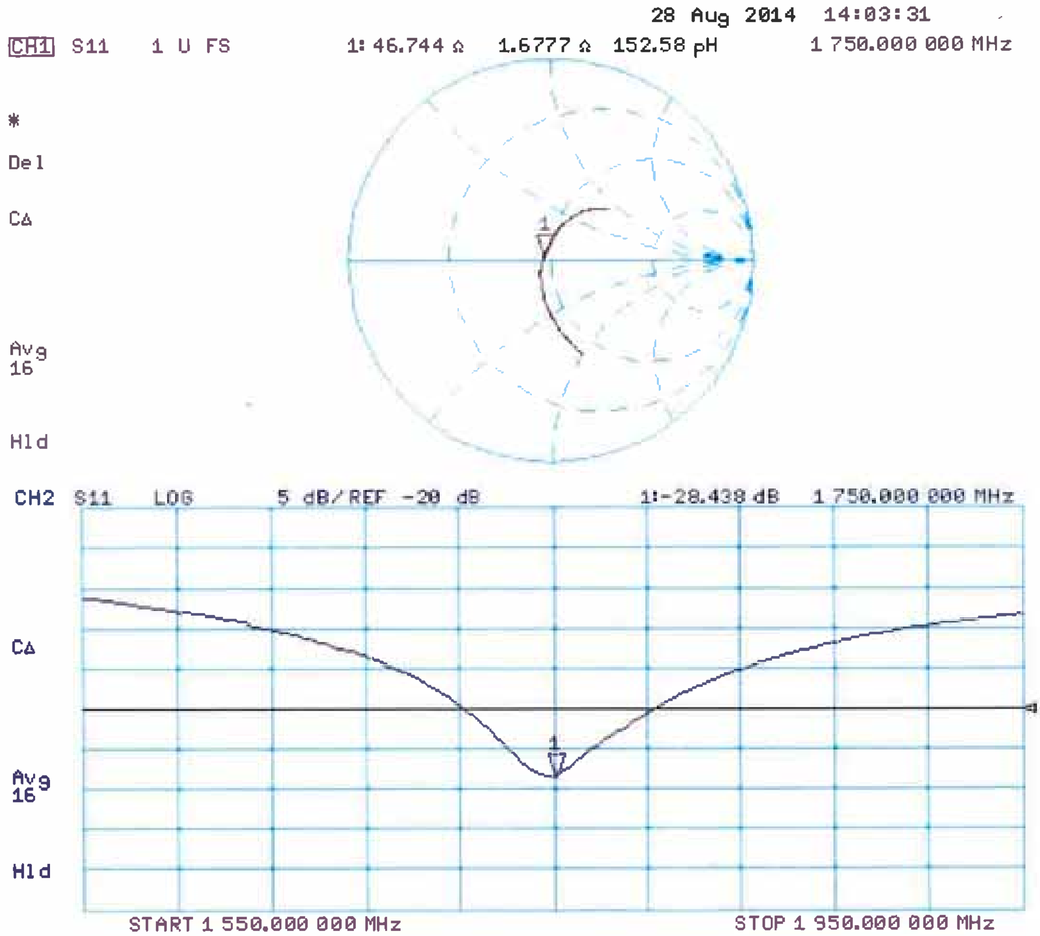
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 93.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.09 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 W/kg



0 dB = 11.9 W/kg = 10.76 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **B.V. ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d036_Jan13

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D1900V2 - SN: 5d036
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	January 21, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Israe El-Naouq	Laboratory Technician	Israe El-Naouq
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Deputy Technical Manager	F. Bomholt

Issued: January 22, 2013

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.5
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.4 ± 6 %	1.38 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**40.6 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.31 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**21.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.2 ± 6 %	1.52 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.3 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**41.0 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**21.6 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.1 Ω + 5.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.5 Ω + 5.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.5 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.197 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	May 08, 2003

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 21.01.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d036

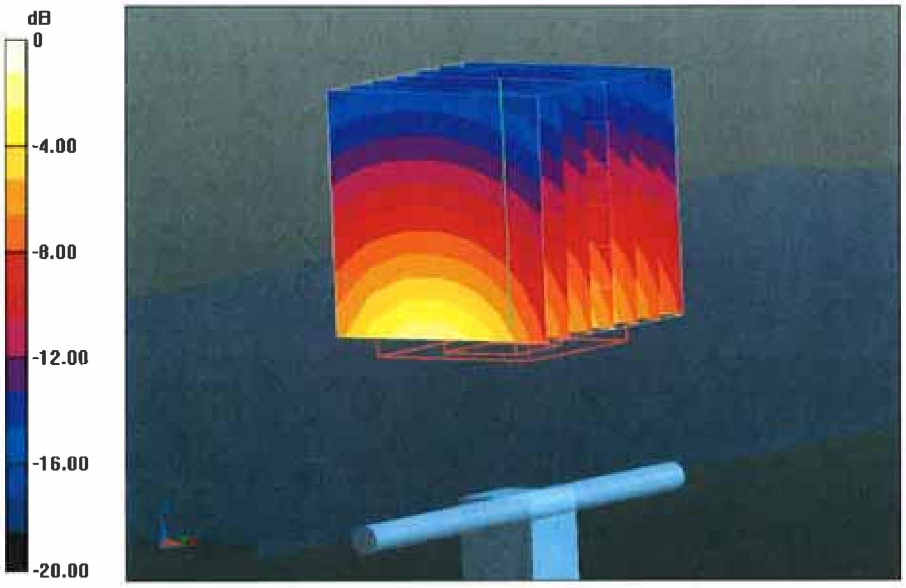
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.38 S/m; ε_r = 39.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.5(1059); SEMCAD X 14.6.8(7028)

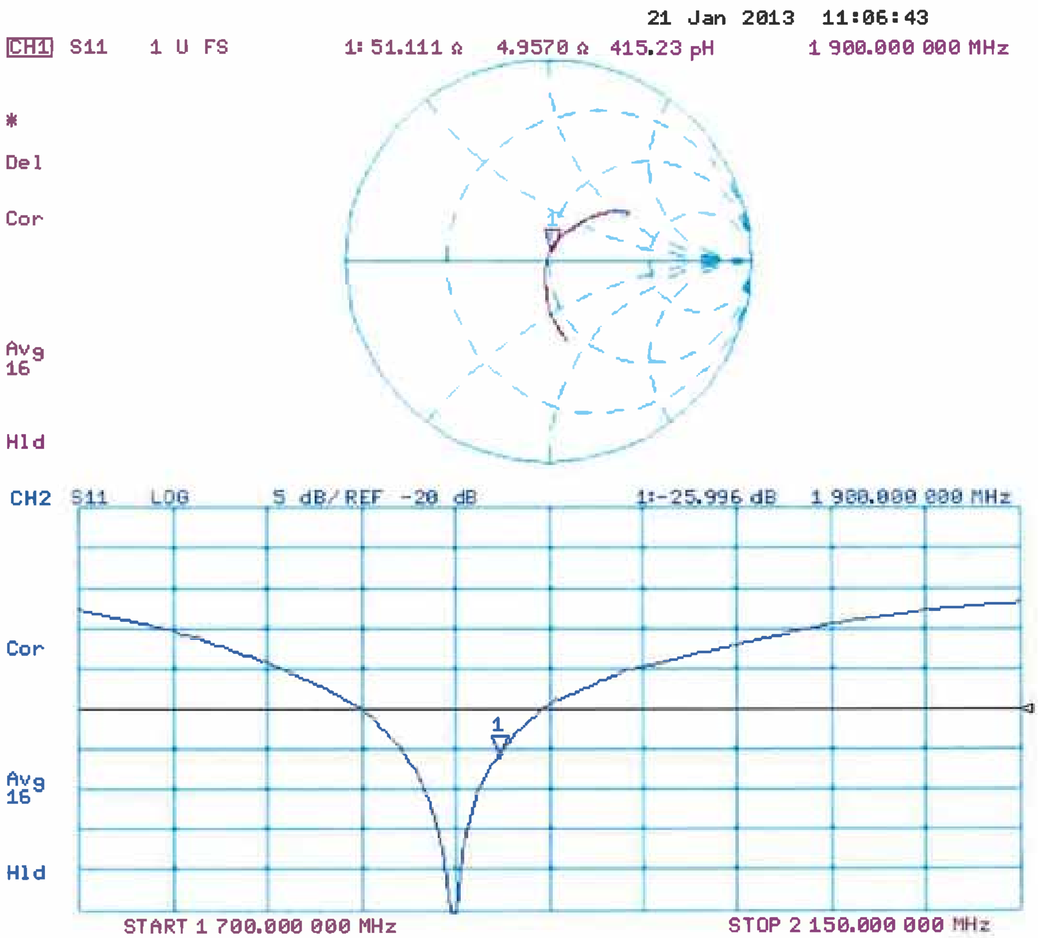
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 98.363 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.31 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.6 W/kg



0 dB = 12.6 W/kg = 11.00 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 21.01.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d036

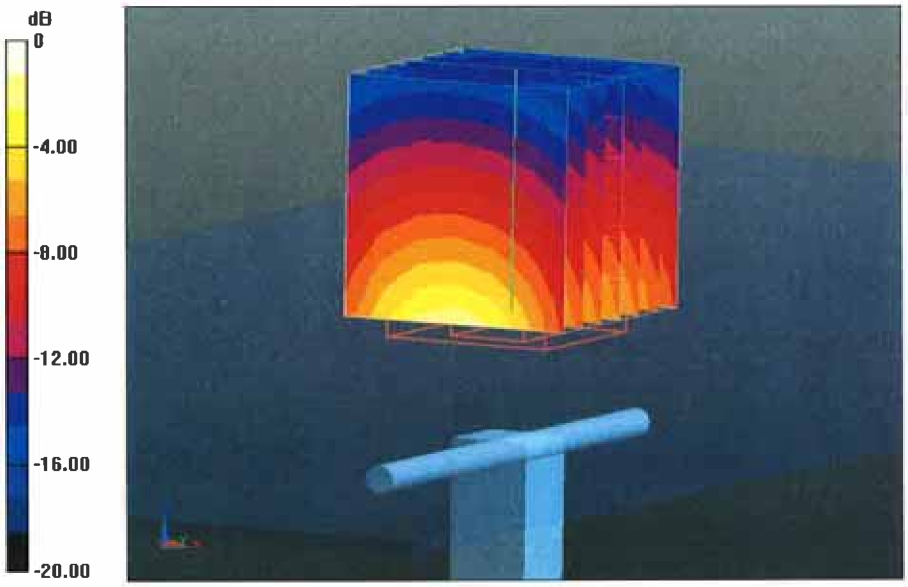
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.52 S/m; ε_r = 52.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.5(1059); SEMCAD X 14.6.8(7028)

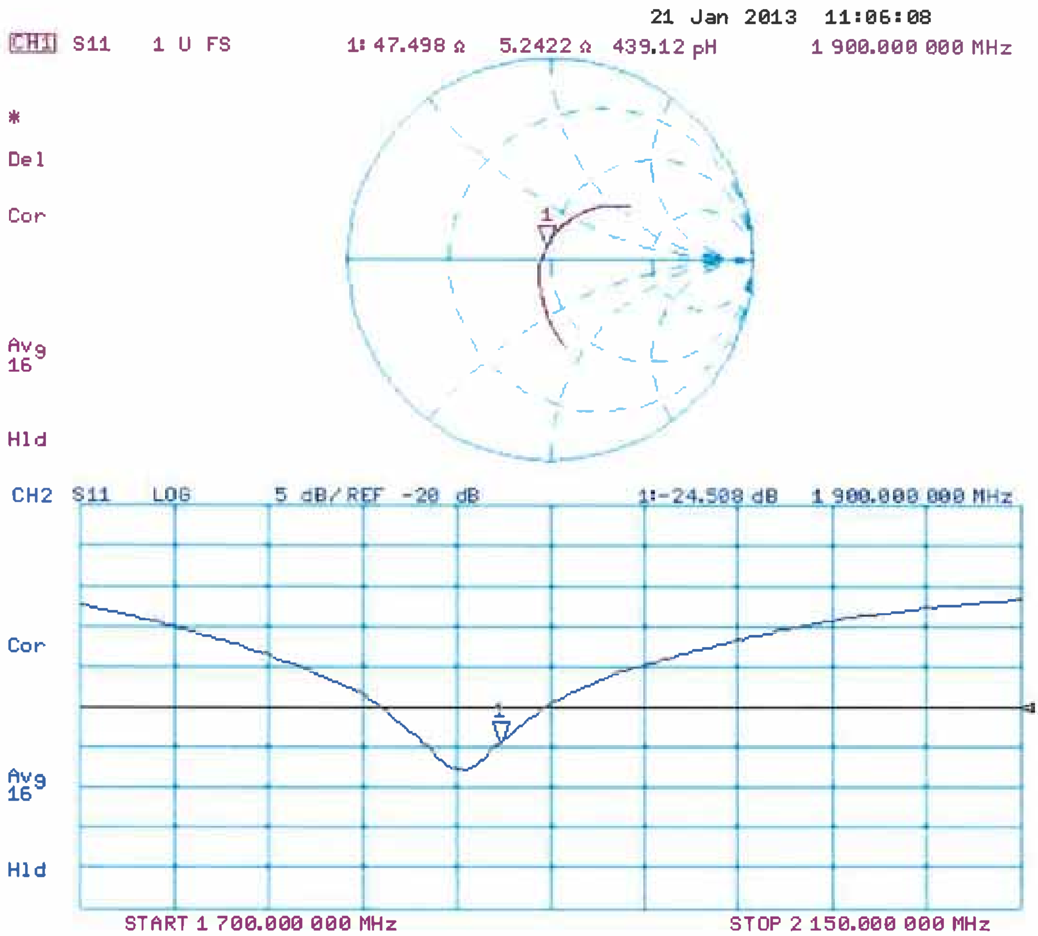
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 96.692 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.42 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.0 W/kg



0 dB = 13.0 W/kg = 11.14 dBW/kg

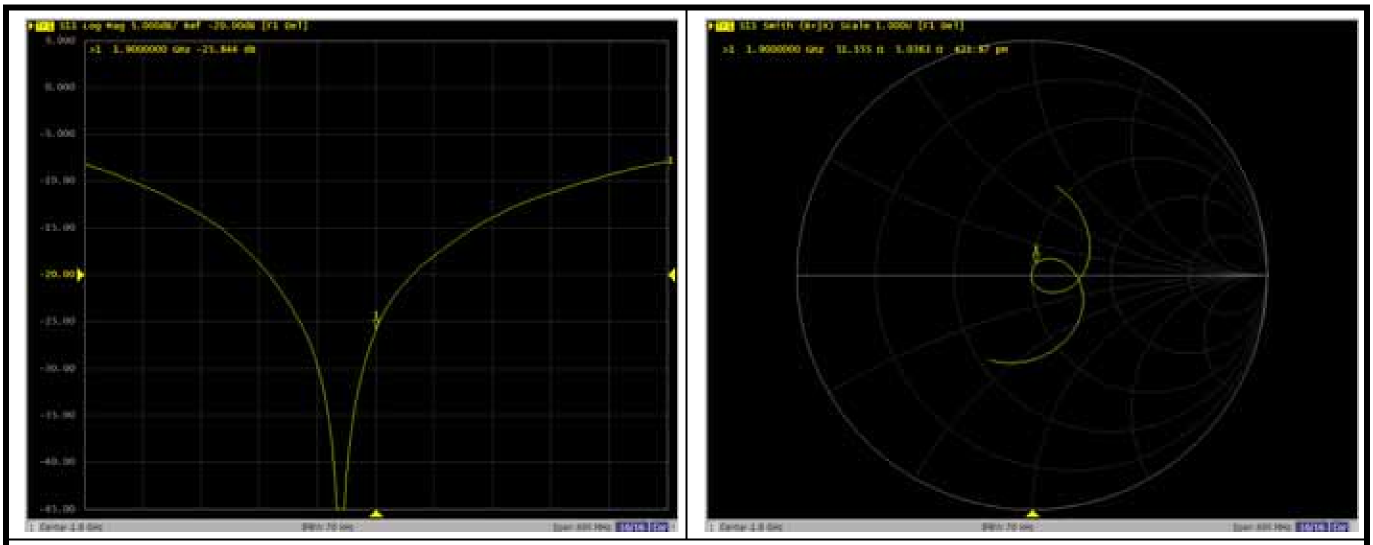
Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



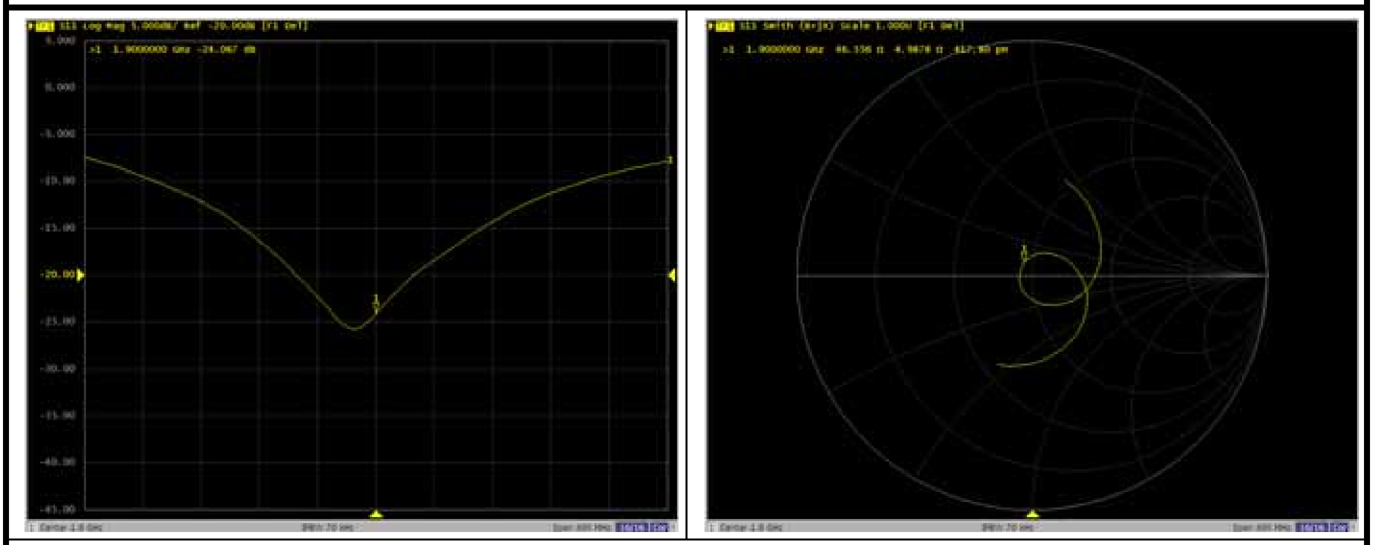
Annual Confirmation of SAR Reference Dipole

Model: D1900V2 **S/N :** 5d036 **Measured Date :** Jan. 20, 2014

Frequency (MHz)	Type	Item	Previous Measurement	Annual Check	Deviation	Accepted Tolerance	Note
1900	Head TSL	Return Loss	-25.996	**-25.844**	-0.6 %	±20 %	**PASS**
		Real Impedance	51.111	**51.555**	0.444	±5 Ω	**PASS**
		Imaginary Impedance	4.957	**5.0363**	0.0793	±5 Ω	**PASS**
1900	Body TSL	Return Loss	-24.508	**-24.067**	-1.8 %	±20 %	**PASS**
		Real Impedance	47.498	**46.556**	-0.942	±5 Ω	**PASS**
		Imaginary Impedance	5.2422	**4.9878**	-0.2544	±5 Ω	**PASS**



1900 MHz, Head TSL



1900 MHz, Body TSL

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
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S Swiss Calibration Service

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **B.V. ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: D2450V2-737_Aug14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D2450V2 - SN: 737
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	August 21, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)	Oct-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 21, 2014

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.0 ± 6 %	1.82 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.9 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**51.0 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.97 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**23.7 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.5 ± 6 %	2.02 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.7 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**49.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.84 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**23.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.9 Ω + 3.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.6 Ω + 4.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.162 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 26, 2003

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 21.08.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 737

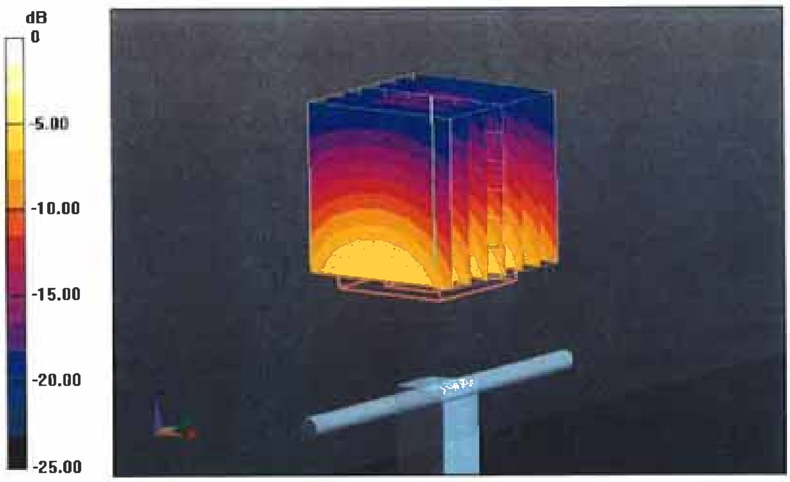
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.82 S/m; ε_r = 38; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

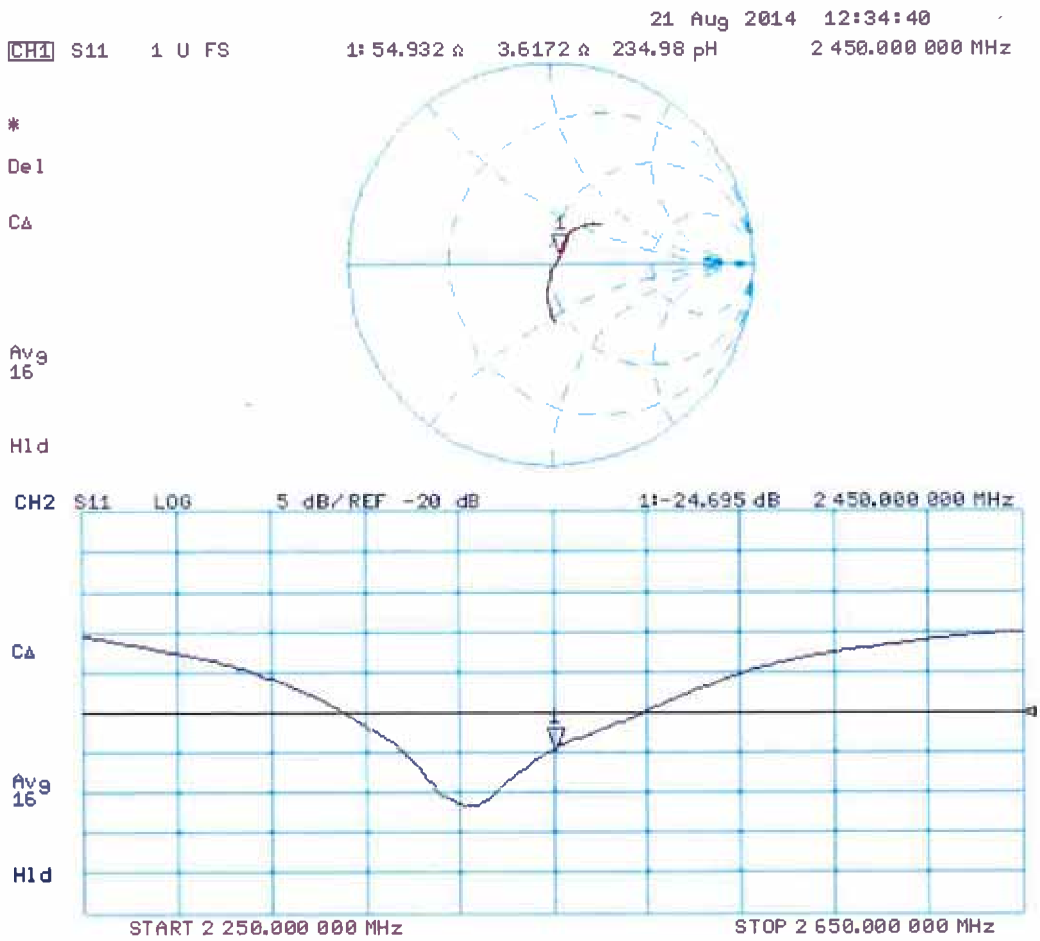
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 100.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.97 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 W/kg



0 dB = 17.1 W/kg = 12.33 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 21.08.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 737

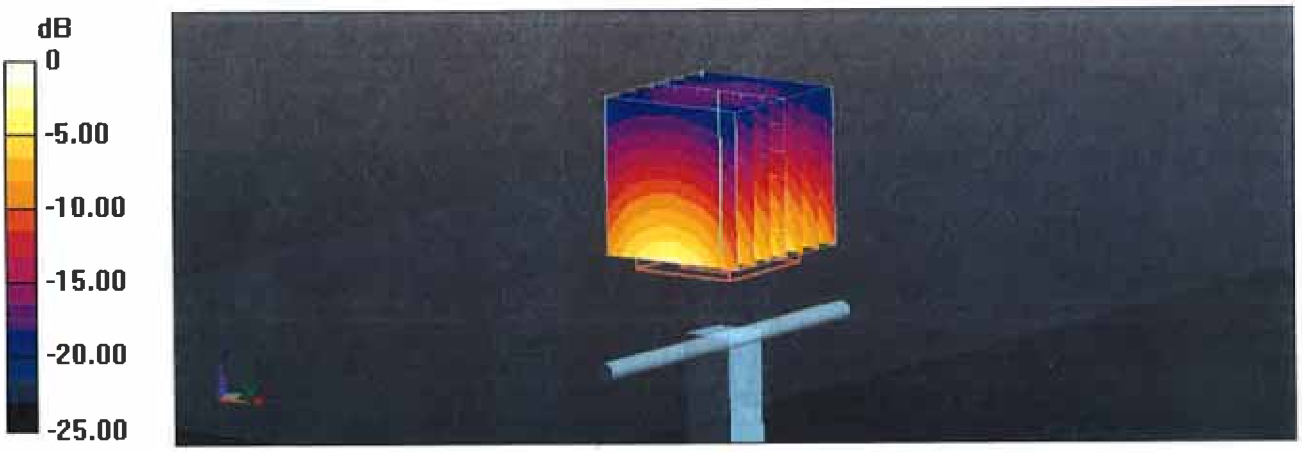
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.02 S/m; ε_r = 50.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

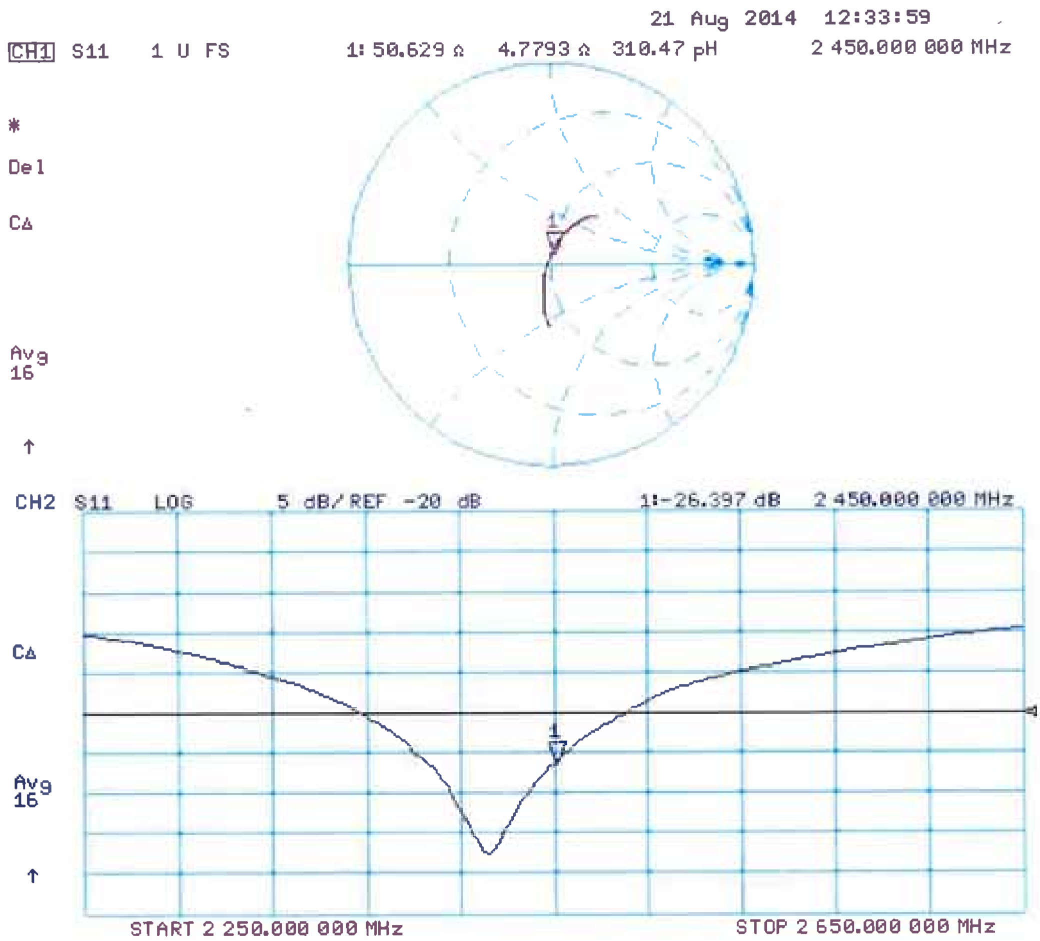
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 93.87 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.84 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 W/kg



0 dB = 16.8 W/kg = 12.25 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Calibration Laboratory of
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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **B.V. ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: D2600V2-1020_Aug14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D2600V2 - SN: 1020
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	August 21, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)	Oct-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 21, 2014

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, “IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) KDB 865664, “SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz”

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.5 ± 6 %	1.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.6 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**57.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.53 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**25.9 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.5	2.16 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.0 ± 6 %	2.20 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.4 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**56.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.38 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**25.2 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.7 Ω - 3.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.3 Ω - 3.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.153 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	May 13, 2008

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 21.08.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1020

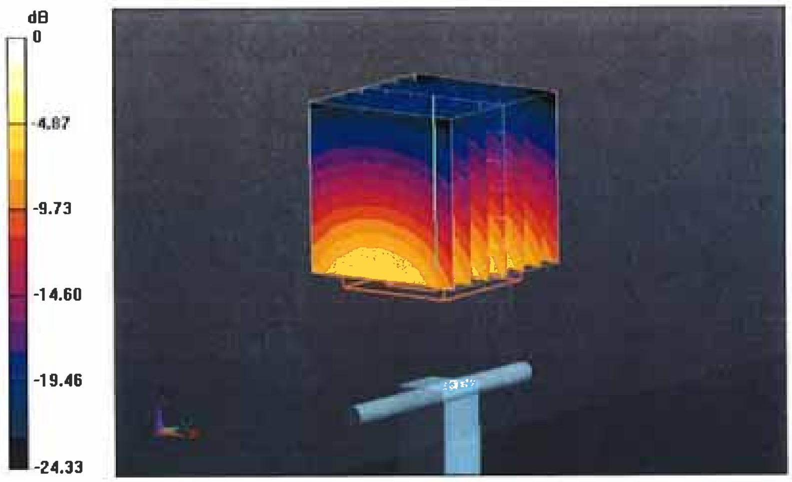
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; σ = 1.99 S/m; ε_r = 37.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

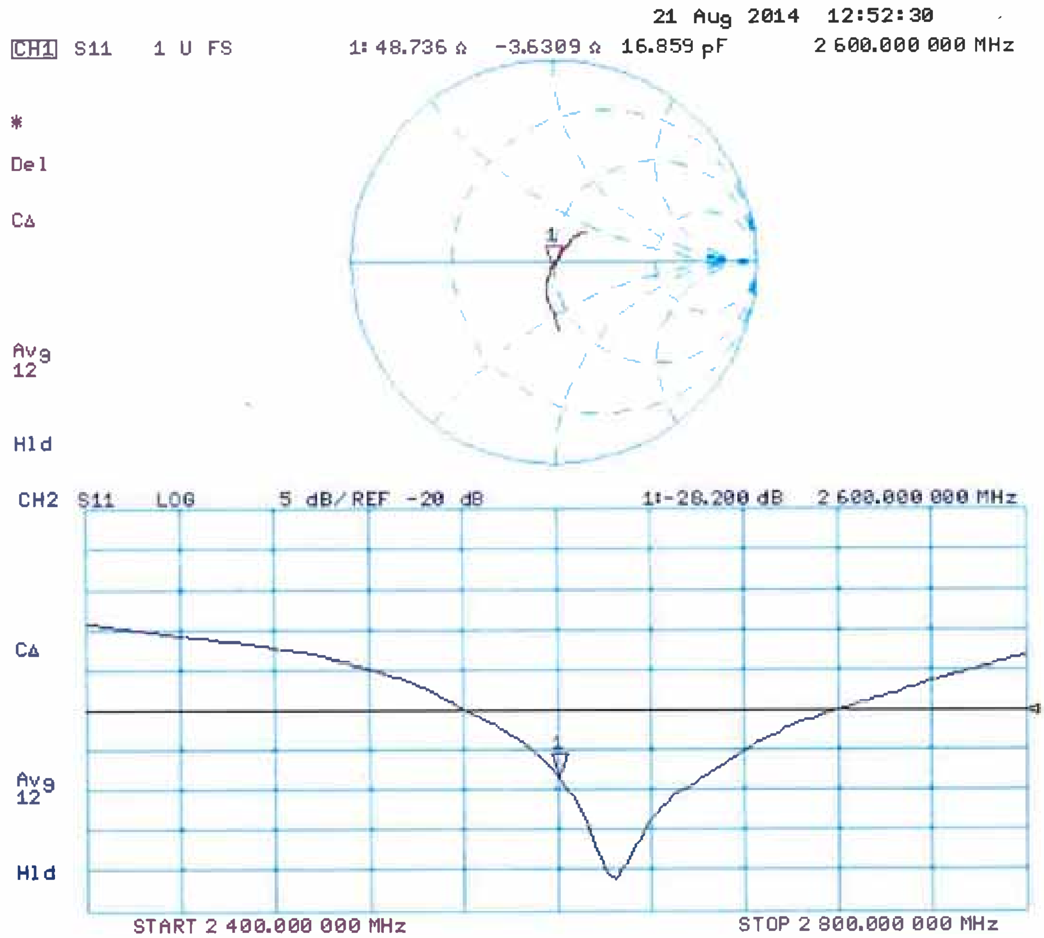
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 103.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 14.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.53 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg



0 dB = 19.4 W/kg = 12.88 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 21.08.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1020

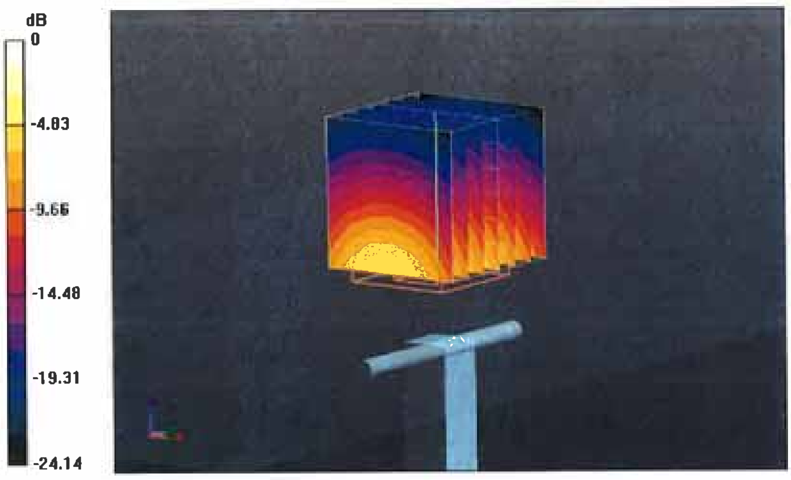
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; σ = 2.2 S/m; ε_r = 50; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.24, 4.24, 4.24); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

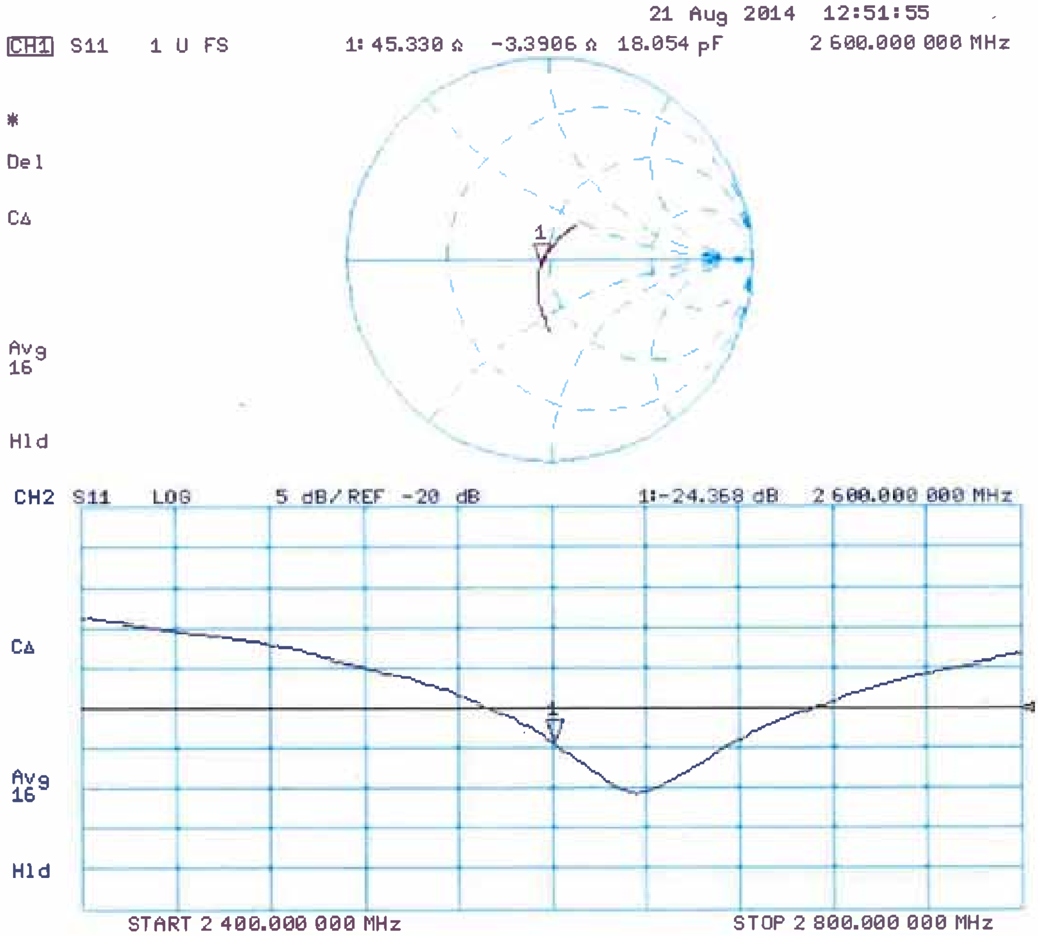
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 96.98 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 14.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.38 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg



0 dB = 19.1 W/kg = 12.81 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Calibration Laboratory of
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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **B.V.ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: EX3-3864_Jul14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EX3DV4 - SN:3864
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	July 25, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13)	Dec-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Israe El-Naouq	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: July 26, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of
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Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR:* PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3864

Manufactured: February 2, 2012
Calibrated: July 25, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3864

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$)[A]	0.47	0.45	0.49	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)[B]	98.7	96.9	98.1	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B $dB\sqrt{\mu V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc[E] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	135.4	±2.7 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		149.4	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		144.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
[E] Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3864

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.44	10.44	10.44	0.79	0.61	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	10.03	10.03	10.03	0.79	0.58	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.77	9.77	9.77	0.29	0.97	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	9.06	9.06	9.06	0.24	1.30	± 12.0 %
1640	40.3	1.29	8.49	8.49	8.49	0.74	0.56	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.39	8.39	8.39	0.41	0.74	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.10	8.10	8.10	0.65	0.61	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	8.21	8.21	8.21	0.30	0.92	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.80	7.80	7.80	0.31	0.87	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.39	7.39	7.39	0.29	0.96	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.27	7.27	7.27	0.26	1.11	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	6.86	6.86	6.86	0.36	1.05	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.35	5.35	5.35	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	5.03	5.03	5.03	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.90	4.90	4.90	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.78	4.78	4.78	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.75	4.75	4.75	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.
[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3864

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

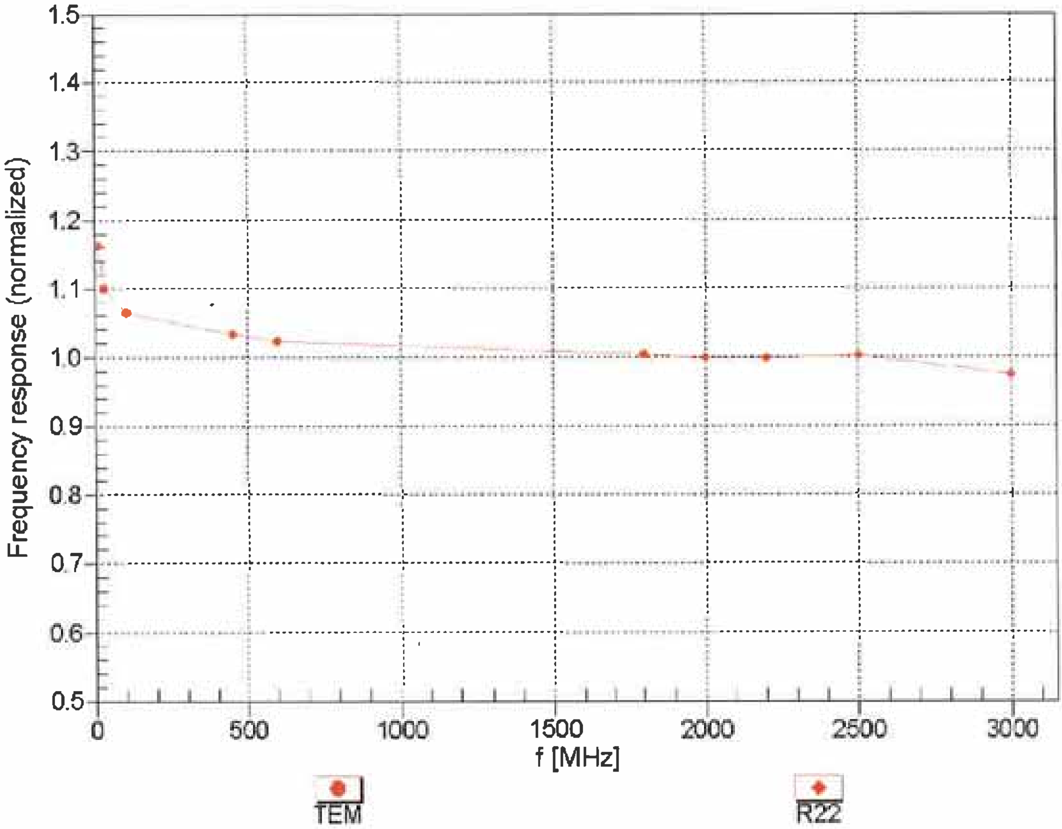
f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	10.08	10.08	10.08	0.64	0.70	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	10.04	10.04	10.04	0.44	0.82	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.71	9.71	9.71	0.28	1.08	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	8.18	8.18	8.18	0.33	0.98	± 12.0 %
1640	53.8	1.40	8.49	8.49	8.49	0.57	0.71	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.02	8.02	8.02	0.31	0.97	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.72	7.72	7.72	0.49	0.75	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	7.80	7.80	7.80	0.46	0.75	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.43	7.43	7.43	0.64	0.65	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.14	7.14	7.14	0.57	0.65	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.00	7.00	7.00	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.42	6.42	6.42	0.41	1.07	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.49	4.49	4.49	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.16	4.16	4.16	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.92	3.92	3.92	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.77	3.77	3.77	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.01	4.01	4.01	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

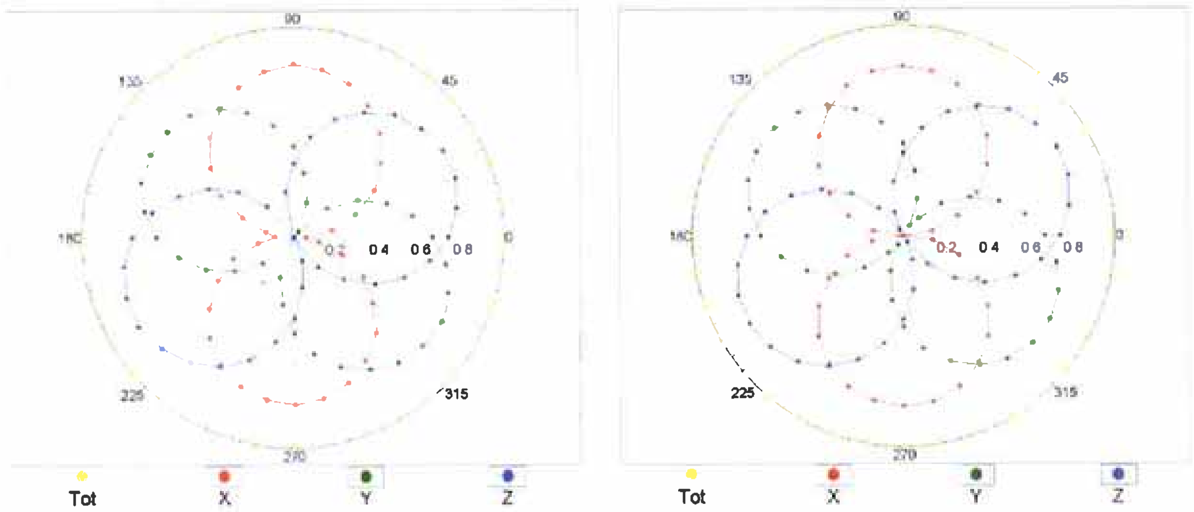
Frequency Response of E-Field
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

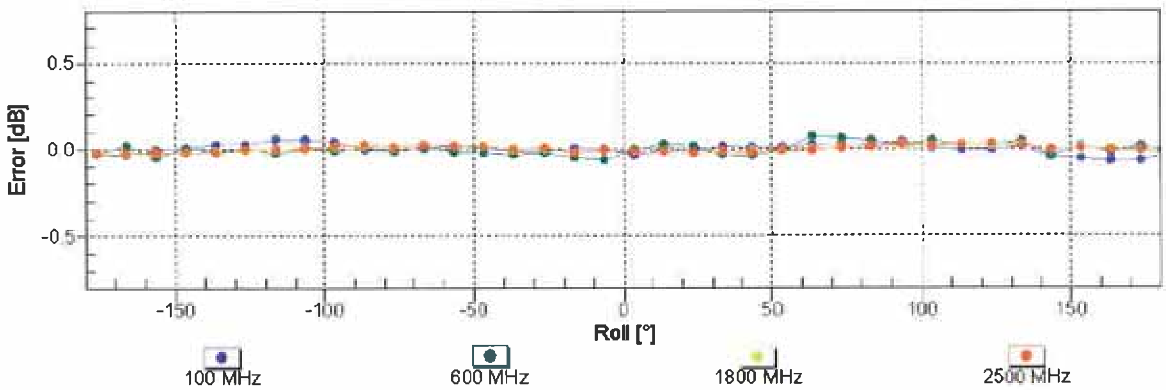


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°

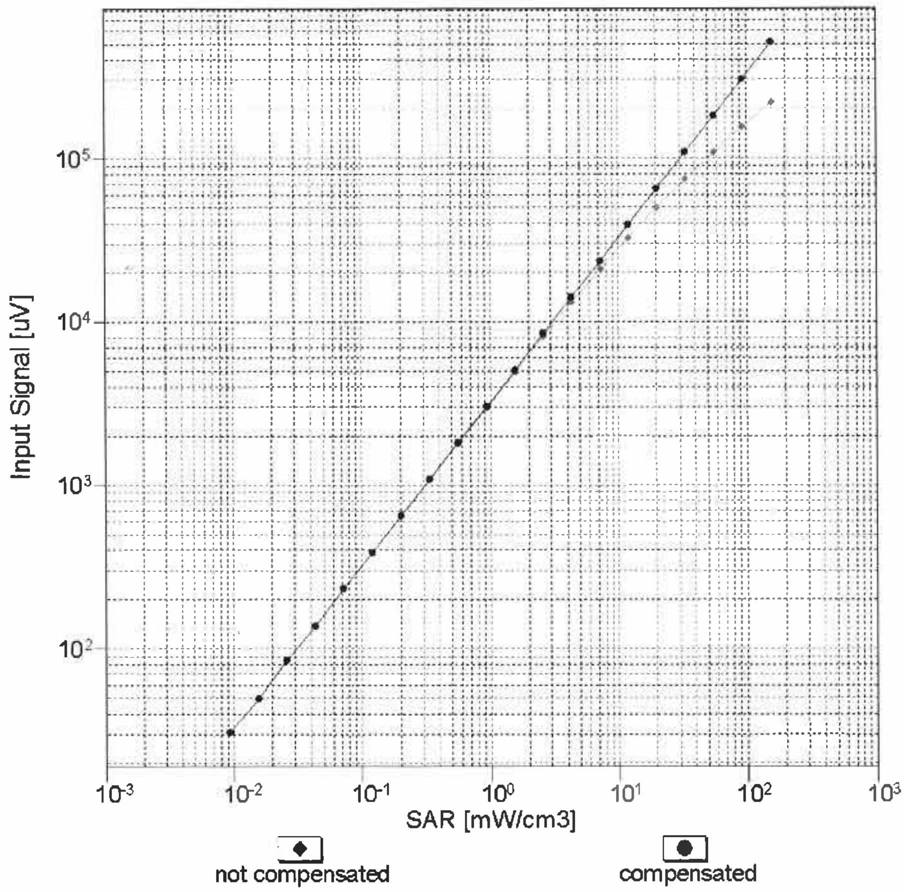
f=600 MHz,TEM f=1800 MHz,R22

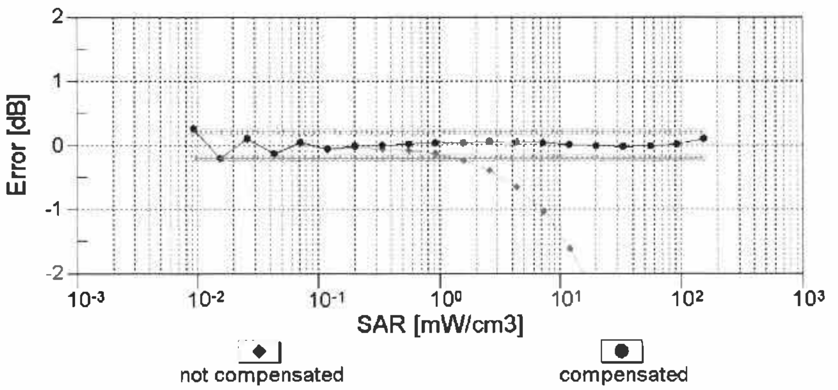




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})
(TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)

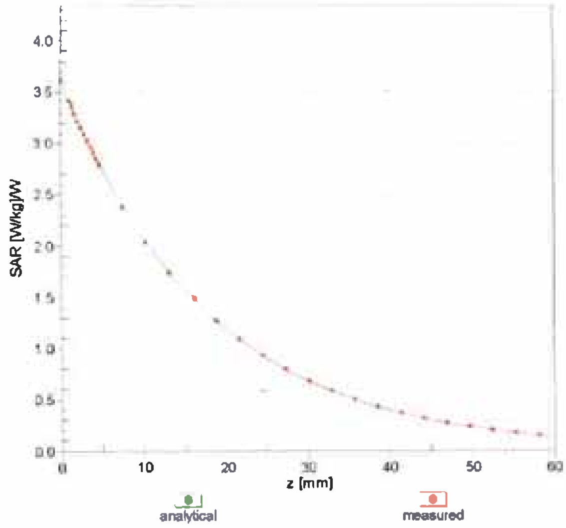




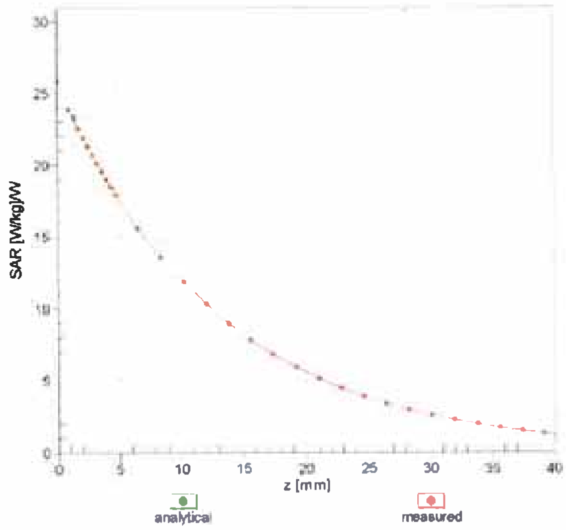
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment

f = 900 MHz,WGLS R9 (H_convF)

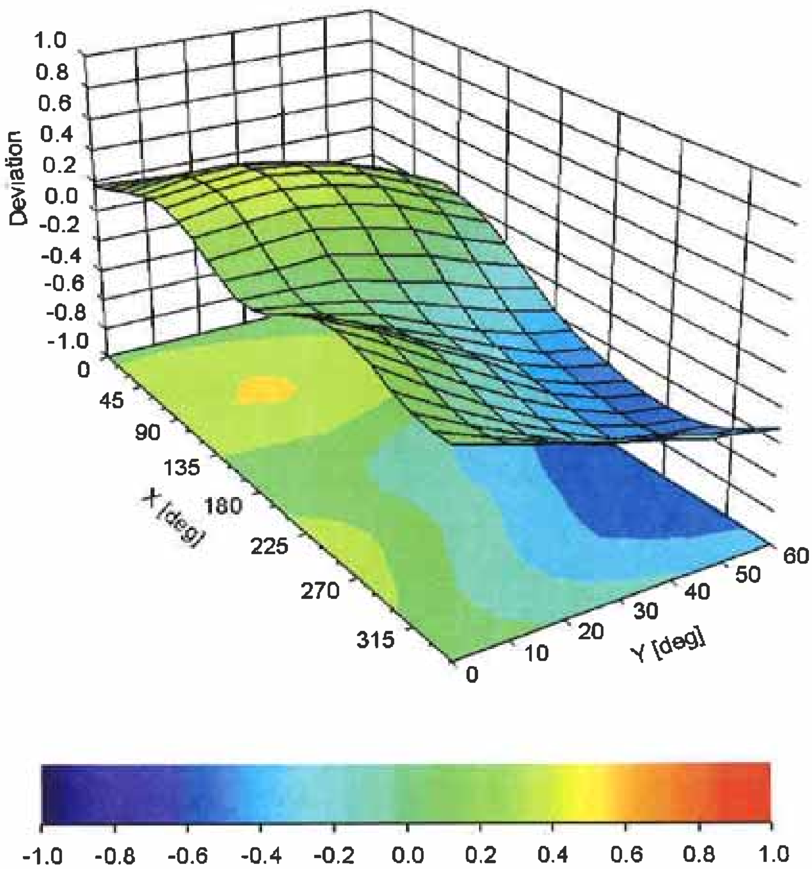


f = 1750 MHz,WGLS R22 (H_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3864

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-116.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **B.V. ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: EX3-3971_Mar14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EX3DV4 - SN:3971
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	March 31, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)	Apr-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)	Apr-14
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13)	Dec-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: April 1, 2014

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR:* PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3971

Manufactured: December 30, 2013
Calibrated: March 31, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3971

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$)[A]	0.41	0.53	0.50	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)[B]	99.1	98.1	98.6	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc[E] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	140.6	±3.3 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		143.4	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		149.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
[E] Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3971

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.30	10.30	10.30	0.37	0.95	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	10.00	10.00	10.00	0.45	0.79	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.66	9.66	9.66	0.23	1.21	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.82	9.82	9.82	0.34	0.93	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	8.84	8.84	8.84	0.27	1.12	± 12.0 %
1640	40.3	1.29	8.44	8.44	8.44	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.40	8.40	8.40	0.32	0.91	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	8.21	8.21	8.21	0.56	0.71	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.19	8.19	8.19	0.31	0.91	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	8.19	8.19	8.19	0.55	0.66	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.77	7.77	7.77	0.61	0.64	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.43	7.43	7.43	0.39	0.83	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.15	7.15	7.15	0.37	0.87	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	6.87	6.87	6.87	0.50	0.93	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.22	5.22	5.22	0.30	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.81	4.81	4.81	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.93	4.93	4.93	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.55	4.55	4.55	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.53	4.53	4.53	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %

[C] Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.
[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

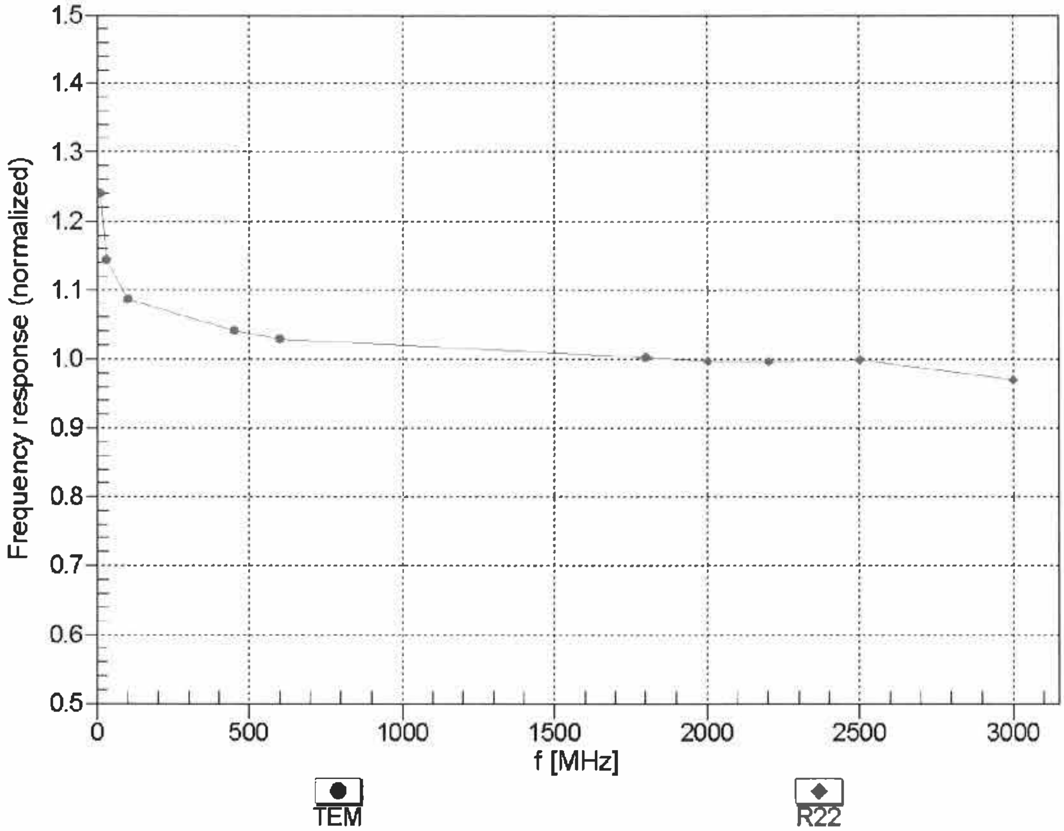
DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3971

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.91	9.91	9.91	0.49	0.81	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.74	9.74	9.74	0.56	0.73	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.53	9.53	9.53	0.67	0.67	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	8.25	8.25	8.25	0.26	1.20	± 12.0 %
1640	53.8	1.40	8.36	8.36	8.36	0.30	1.01	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.93	7.93	7.93	0.45	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.68	7.68	7.68	0.37	0.90	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	7.80	7.80	7.80	0.37	0.89	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.51	7.51	7.51	0.68	0.65	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.29	7.29	7.29	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.99	6.99	6.99	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.66	6.66	6.66	0.27	1.34	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.59	4.59	4.59	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.19	4.19	4.19	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	4.14	4.14	4.14	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.87	3.87	3.87	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.12	4.12	4.12	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

[C] Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.
[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

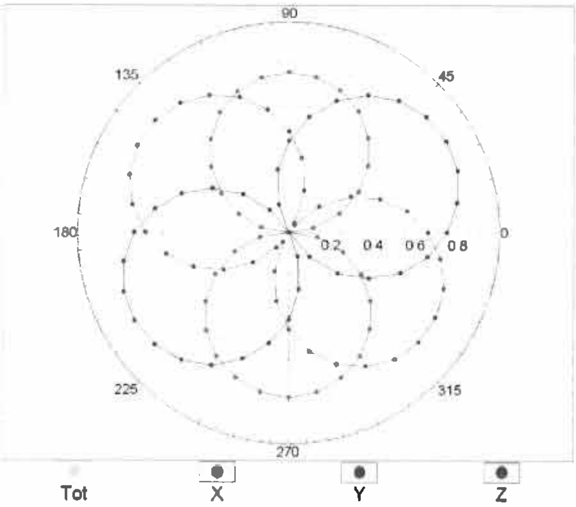
Frequency Response of E-Field
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



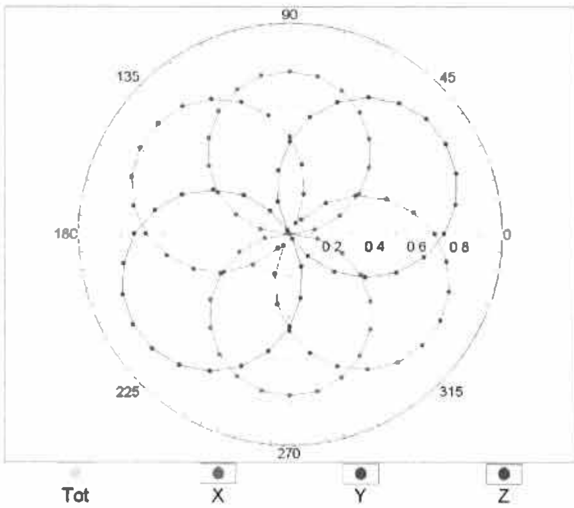
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

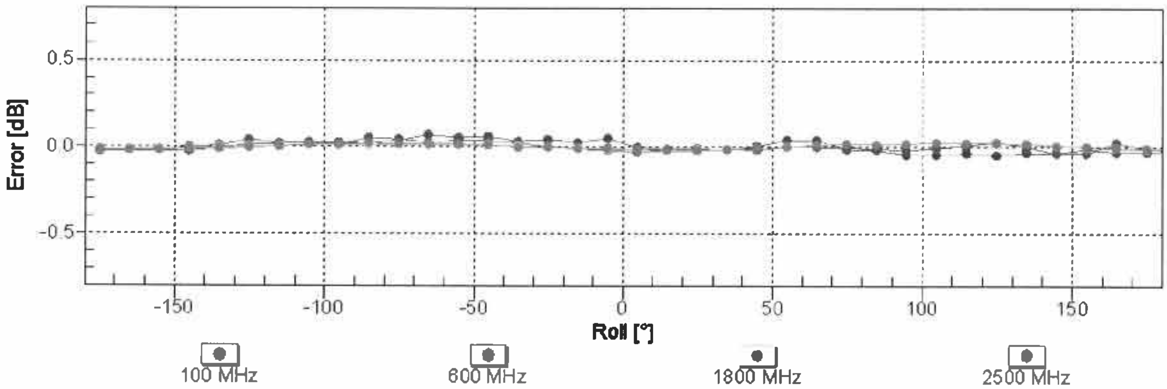
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°

f=600 MHz,TEM



f=1800 MHz,R22

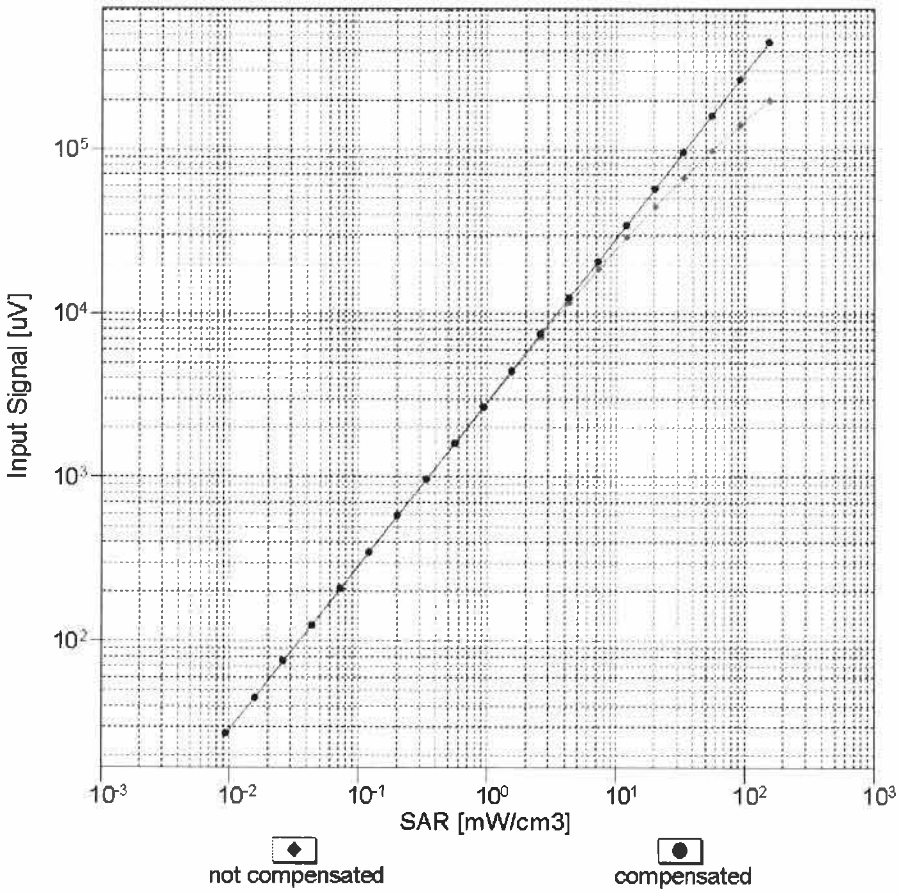


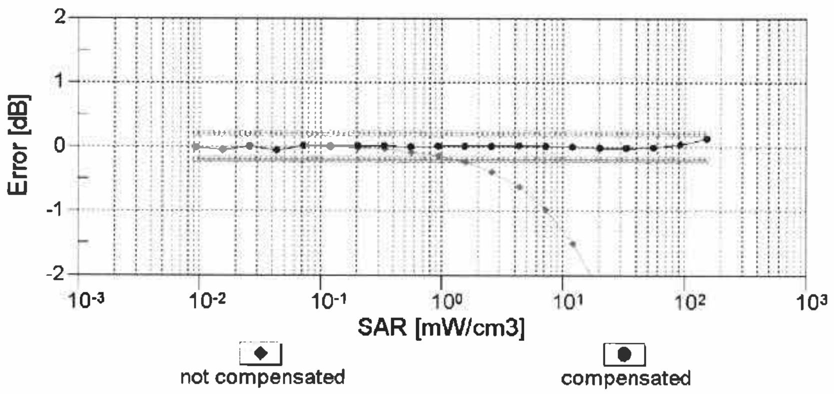


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)

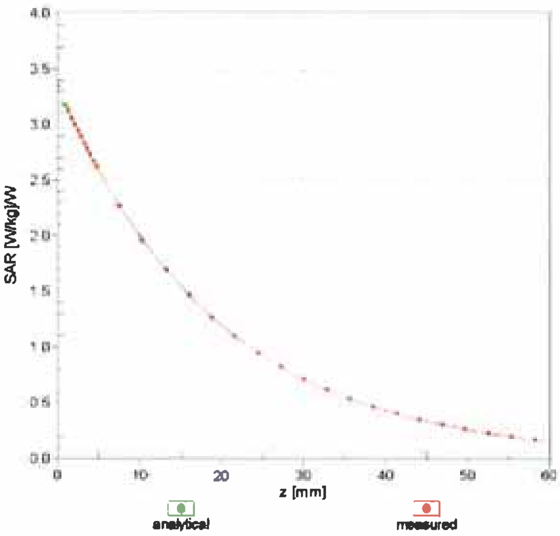




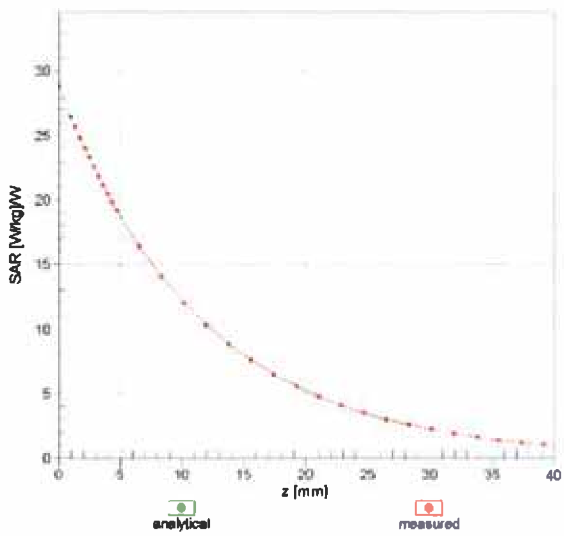
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment

f = 835 MHz,WGLS R9 (H_convF)

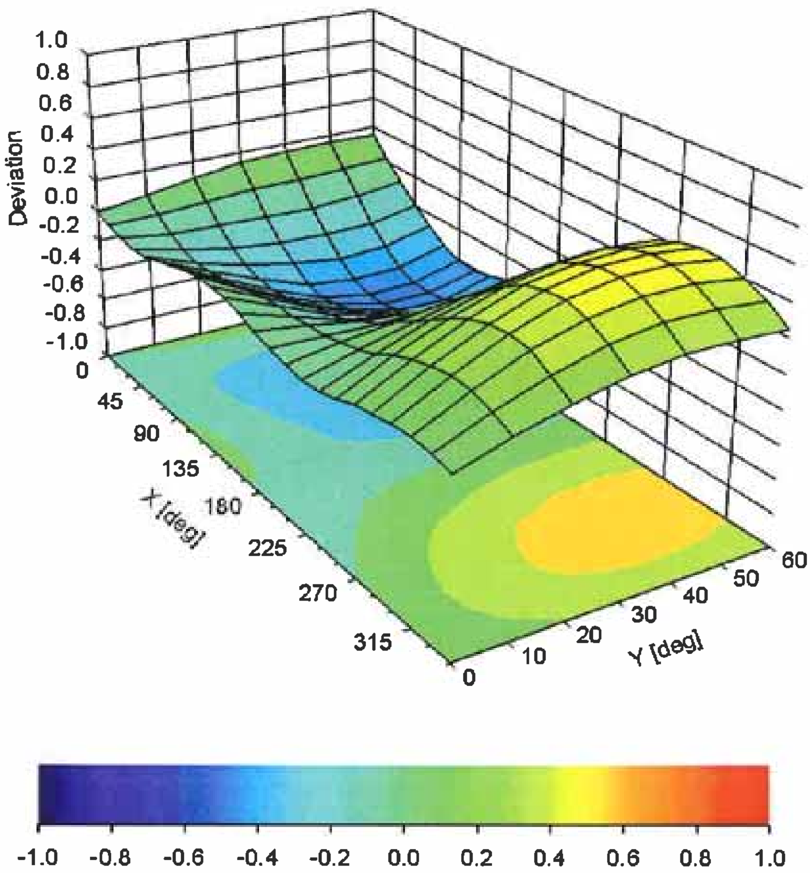


f = 1900 MHz,WGLS R22 (H_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-105.3
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm