



Report No.: FA8O1409A

# Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) Test Report

for

## **ASUSTER COMPUTER INC.**

on the

## **Eee PC**

Report Number : FA8O1409A

Trade Name : ASUS

Model Name : Eee PC 904HG

FCC ID : MSQEPC904H3G

Date of Testing : Dec. 25, 2008 Issued Date of Report : Jan. 12, 2009

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1. Statement of Compliance

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) maximum results found during testing for the **ASUSTek COMPUTER INC. Eee PC ASUS Eee PC 904HG** are as follows (with expanded uncertainty 21.9%):

| Band          | Position | SAR<br>(W/kg) |
|---------------|----------|---------------|
| GSM850        | Body     | 0.00898       |
| GSM1900       | Body     | 0.022         |
| WCDMA Band V  | Body     | 0.011         |
| WCDMA Band II | Body     | 0.027         |

They are in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1999 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

Approved by

Roy Wu Manager

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## 2. Administration Data

## 2.1 Testing Laboratory

**Company Name :** Sporton International Inc.

Address: No.52, Hwa-Ya 1st RD., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang,

TaoYuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

 Test Site :
 SAR01-HY

 Telephone Number :
 886-3-327-3456

 Fax Number :
 886-3-328-4978

2.2 Applicant

Company Name : ASUSTek COMPUTER INC.

Address: 4F, No. 150, Li-Te Rd., Peitou, Taipei 112, Taiwan

2.3 Manufacturer

Company Name: PEGATRON CORPORATION Taoyuan Mfg.

Address: No. 5, Shing Yeh St., Kwei Shan Hsiang, Taoyuan 333, Taiwan

Company Name : Protek (Shanghai) Limited.

Address: No. 3768, Xiu Yan Rd., Nanhui District, Shanghai, China

**Company Name :** NorthTec Asis (Shanghai) Limited.

Address: No. 3768, Xiuyan Rd., Kangqiao Town, Nanhui District, Shanghai, 201319 China

### 2.4 Application Details

Date of reception of application:Dec. 10, 2008Start of test :Dec. 25, 2008End of test :Dec. 25, 2008

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# 3. General Information

## 3.1 Description of Device Under Test (DUT)

| Product Feature & Specification |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| DUT Type                        | Eee PC   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trade Name                      | ASUS   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Model Name                      | Eee PC 904HG   |  |  |  |  |  |
| FCC ID                          | MSQEPC904H3G   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tx Frequency                    | GSM850 : 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz<br>GSM1900 : 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz<br>WCDMA Band V : 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz<br>WCDMA Band II : 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rx Frequency                    | GSM850 : 869 MHz ~ 894 MHz<br>GSM1900 : 1930 MHz ~ 1990 MHz<br>WCDMA Band V : 869 MHz ~ 894 MHz<br>WCDMA Band II : 1930 MHz ~ 1990 MHz |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum Output Power to Antenna | GSM850 : 32.30 dBm<br>GSM1900 : 28.76 dBm<br>WCDMA Band V : 21.98 dBm<br>WCDMA Band II : 22.50 dBm                                     |  |  |  |  |  |
| GPRS / EGPRS Multislot class    | 12   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Antenna Type                    | Fixed Internal Antenna   |  |  |  |  |  |
| HW Version                      | MD31TCPU   |  |  |  |  |  |
| SW Version                      | 11.104.14.11.00  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Type of Modulation              | GSM / GPRS : GMSK<br>EDGE : 8PSK<br>WCDMA : QPSK<br>HSDPA : QPSK / 16QAM<br>HSUPA : BPSK   |  |  |  |  |  |
| DUT Stage                       | Production Unit  |  |  |  |  |  |

### **Accessories List:**

| Accessories Specification |                    |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------------|--------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
|                           | Brand Name         | ASUS  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           | Model Name         | ADP-36EH C                                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC Adapter                | Power Rating       | I/P: 100-240Vac, 50-60Hz, 1A;<br>O/P: 12Vdc, 3A |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           | AC Power Cord Type | 1.88 meter shielded cable without ferrite core  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           | Brand Name         | ASUS  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pottory                   | Model Name         | AL23-901  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Battery                   | Power Rating       | 7.4Vdc, 6600mAh                                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           | Туре               | Li-ion  |  |  |  |  |  |

**Remark:** The above DUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

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### 3.2 Product Photos

Refer to Appendix D.

### 3.3 Applied Standards

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this Eee PC is in accordance with the following standards:

- 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- IEEE C95.1-1999
- OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
- Preliminary Guidance for Reviewing Applications for Certification of 3G Device. May 2006
- KDB 941225 D01 v02
- KDB 941225 D03 v01

### 3.4 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

### 3.5 Test Conditions

#### 3.5.1 Ambient Condition

| Ambient Temperature | <b>20-24</b> °ℂ |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| Humidity            | <60%            |

#### 3.5.2 Test Configuration

The device was controlled by using a base station emulator R&S CMU200. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the DUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of DUT. The DUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during all tests.

For SAR testing, DUT is in GPRS or WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA link mode. In GPRS link mode, the DUT was set in GPRS multi-slot class 10 with 2 uplink slots due to highest RF average power and its crest factor is 4. The RF average power list as follow:

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| Band Channel | GSM 850<br>(dBm) |       |       | GSM 1900<br>(dBm) |       |       |
|--------------|------------------|-------|-------|-------------------|-------|-------|
| Mode         | 128              | 189   | 251   | 512               | 661   | 810   |
| GPRS 8       | 23.30            | 23.07 | 22.81 | 19.76             | 19.70 | 19.58 |
| GPRS 10      | 24.19            | 23.97 | 23.72 | 20.70             | 20.66 | 20.55 |
| GPRS 12      | 23.14            | 22.97 | 22.76 | 19.71             | 19.68 | 19.59 |
| EGPRS 8      | 17.50            | 17.31 | 17.13 | 15.83             | 15.81 | 15.74 |
| EGPRS 10     | 18.76            | 18.55 | 18.43 | 16.90             | 16.86 | 16.77 |
| EGPRS 12     | 18.90            | 18.53 | 18.45 | 15.89             | 15.43 | 15.30 |

In WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA link mode, its crest factor is 1.

The WWAN and WLAN functions of DUT can not simultaneously transmit. The separation distance between WWAN and BT antenna is over 20 cm, so there is no co-location test requirement between WWAN and BT.

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## 4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

### 4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

### 4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density.

ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

, where C is the specific head capacity,  $\delta$  T is the temperature rise and  $\delta$  t the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

, where  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

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## 5. SAR Measurement Setup

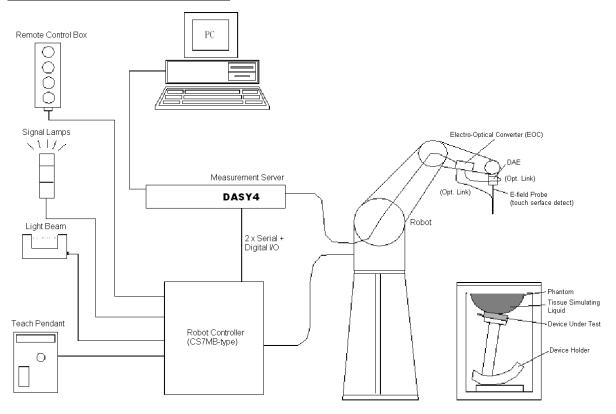


Fig. 5.1 DASY4 System

The DASY4 system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- > A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- > The electro-optical converter (ECO) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY4 software
- Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Some of the components are described in details in the following sub-sections.

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## 5.1 DASY4 E-Field Probe System

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

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### 5.1.1 E-Field Probe Specification <ET3DV6>

| Construction      | Symmetrical design with triangular core             |                               |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
|                   | Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system |                               |  |  |  |  |  |
|                   | Built-in shielding against static charges           |                               |  |  |  |  |  |
|                   | PEEK enclosure material (resistant to orga          | anic solvents)                |  |  |  |  |  |
| Frequency         | 10 MHz to 3 GHz                                     |                               |  |  |  |  |  |
| Directivity       | ± 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around           |                               |  |  |  |  |  |
|                   | probe axis)   |                               |  |  |  |  |  |
|                   | ± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation                  |                               |  |  |  |  |  |
|                   | perpendicular to probe axis)                        |                               |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dynamic Range     | 5μW/g to 100mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2dB                 |                               |  |  |  |  |  |
| Surface Detection | ± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear             |                               |  |  |  |  |  |
|                   | liquids on reflecting surface                       |                               |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dimensions        | Overall length: 330mm                               |                               |  |  |  |  |  |
|                   | Tip length: 16mm                                    |                               |  |  |  |  |  |
|                   | Body diameter: 12mm                                 |                               |  |  |  |  |  |
|                   | Tip diameter: 6.8mm                                 |                               |  |  |  |  |  |
|                   | Distance from probe tip to dipole centers:          | Fig. 5.2 Probe Setup on Robot |  |  |  |  |  |
|                   | 2.7mm   |                               |  |  |  |  |  |
| Application       | General dosimetry up to 3GHz                        |                               |  |  |  |  |  |
|                   | Compliance tests for mobile phones and Wireless LAN |                               |  |  |  |  |  |
|                   | Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phant          | toms                          |  |  |  |  |  |
|                   | _   |                               |  |  |  |  |  |

#### 5.1.2 E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm$  10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within  $\pm$  0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data are as below:

#### > ET3DV6 sn1787 (Cal: Aug. 26, 2008)

| - 100 to 6 (cam range = 0, 2000 ) |                       |        |       |             |                  |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-------|-------------|------------------|--|--|
| Sensitivity                       | sitivity X axis : 1.6 |        | Y axi | s : 1.67 μV | Z axis : 2.18 μV |  |  |
| Diode compression point           | X axis : 90           | ) mV   | Y ax  | is : 93 mV  | Z axis : 92 mV   |  |  |
| Conversion factor                 | Frequency<br>(MHz)    | Ха     | xis   | Y axis      | Z axis           |  |  |
| (Head / Body)                     | 800~1000              | 6.06 / | 5.91  | 6.06 / 5.91 | 6.06 / 5.91      |  |  |
|                                   | 1850~2050             | 5.01 / | 4.49  | 5.01 / 4.49 | 5.01 / 4.49      |  |  |
| Boundary effect                   | Frequency<br>(MHz)    | Alp    | ha    | Depth       |                  |  |  |
| (Head / Body)                     | 800~1000              | 0.30 / | 0.31  | 2.80 / 2.98 |                  |  |  |
|                                   | 1850~2050             | 0.59 / | 0.68  | 1.96 / 1.95 |                  |  |  |

NOTE: The probe parameters have been calibrated by the SPEAG.

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## 5.2 DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE3 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.

### 5.3 Robot

The DASY4 system uses the high precision robots RX90BL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY4 system, the CS7MB robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The RX robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- > High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- ➢ 6-axis controller

### 5.4 Measurement Server

The DASY4 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with

166 MHz CPU

32 MB chipset and

64 MB RAM.

Communication with

the DAE3 electronic box

the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.

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### 5.5 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- \*Water-sugar based liquid
- \*Glycol based liquids

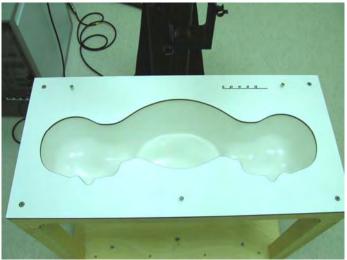


Fig. 5.3 Top View of Twin Phantom



Fig. 5.4 Bottom View of Twin Phantom

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5.6 Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The SAR in the Phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm 0.5$ mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm 20\%$ . An accurate device position is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurement. The position in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

The DASY4 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY4 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon$ r =3 and loss tangent  $\delta$  = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig. 5.1 Device Holder

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### 5.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

### 5.7.1 Data Storage

The DASY4 software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### 5.7.2 Data Evaluation

The DASY4 post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

**Probe parameters**: - Sensitivity Norm<sub>j</sub>,  $a_{i,1}$ ,  $a_{j,2}$ 

Conversion factor ConvF<sub>i</sub>
 Diode compression point dcp<sub>i</sub>

**Device parameters**: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf

**Media parameters** : - Conductivity  $\sigma$ 

- Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY4 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

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The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$Vi = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with

 $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $U_i$  = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp<sub>i</sub> = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes :  $E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i ConvF}}$ 

 $\text{H-field probes}: \quad \boldsymbol{H}_i \ = \ \sqrt{V_i} \, \frac{a_{i0+} a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f}{f}$ 

with

 $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

**Norm**<sub>i</sub> = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

μV/(V/m)2 for E-field Probes

**ConvF** = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a, = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

 $E_i$  = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

 $H_i$  = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

SAR = 
$$E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with

SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot = total field strength in V/m

 $\sigma$  = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 $\rho$  = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

\* Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 or  $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$ 

with

**Ppwe** = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

**Etot** = total electric field strength in V/m

Htot = total magnetic field strength in A/m

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# 5.8 Test Equipment List

| Manufacturer  | Name of Equipment                    | Type/Model    | Serial Number        | Calib         | ration        |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Wallulacturer | Name of Equipment                    | Type/Model    | Amodel Serial Number |               | Due Date      |
| SPEAG         | Dosimetric E-Filed Probe             | ET3DV6        | 1787                 | Aug. 26, 2008 | Aug. 25, 2009 |
| SPEAG         | 900MHz System Validation Kit         | D900V2        | 190                  | Jul. 16, 2007 | Jul. 15, 2009 |
| SPEAG         | 1800MHz System Validation Kit        | D1800V2       | 2d076                | Jul. 10, 2007 | Jul. 09, 2009 |
| SPEAG         | Data Acquisition Electronics         | DAE3          | 577                  | Nov. 12, 2008 | Nov. 11, 2009 |
| SPEAG         | Device Holder                        | N/A           | N/A                  | NCR           | NCR           |
| SPEAG         | ELI4 Phantom                         | QD 0VA 001 BB | 1026                 | NCR           | NCR           |
| Agilent       | PNA Series Network Analyzer          | E8358A        | US40260131           | Apr. 02, 2008 | Apr. 01, 2009 |
| Agilent       | Wireless Communication Test Set      | E5515C        | MY48360383           | Oct. 13, 2008 | Oct. 12, 2009 |
| R&S           | Universal Radio Communication Tester | CMU200        | 105934               | Nov. 11, 2008 | Nov. 10, 2009 |
| Agilent       | Dielectric Probe Kit                 | 85070D        | US01440205           | NCR           | NCR           |
| Agilent       | Dual Directional Coupler             | 778D          | 50422                | NCR           | NCR           |
| AR            | Power Amplifier                      | 5S1G4M2       | 0328767              | NCR           | NCR           |
| R&S           | Power Meter                          | NRVD          | 101394               | Oct. 20, 2008 | Oct. 19, 2009 |
| R&S           | Power Sensor                         | NRV-Z1        | 100130               | Oct. 20, 2008 | Oct. 19, 2009 |

**Table 5.1 Test Equipment List** 

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6. <u>Tissue Simulating Liquids</u>

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY4, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous tissue simulating liquid. The liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is (head SAR)or from the flat phantom to the liquid top surface (body SAR) is 15.2cm.

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The following ingredients for tissue simulating liquid are used:

- **Water:** deionized water (pure H20), resistivity  $\ge 16M\Omega$  as basis for the liquid
- > Sugar: refined sugar in crystals, as available in food shops to reduce relative permittivity
- ➤ Salt: pure NaCl to increase conductivity
- ➤ **Cellulose**: Hydroxyethyl-cellulose, medium viscosity (75-125 mPa.s, 2% in water, 20°C), CAS#54290-to increase viscosity and to keep sugar in solution.
- Preservative: Preventol D-7 Bayer AG, D-51368 Leverkusen, CAS#55965-84-9- to prevent the spread of bacteria and molds.
- ➤ DGMBE: Deithlenglycol-monobuthyl ether (DGMBE), Fluka Chemie GmbH, CAS#112-34-5 to reduce relative permittivity.

Table 6.1 gives the recipes for one liter of body tissue simulating liquid for frequency band 850MHz and 1900 MHz.

| Ingredient                      | MSL-850   | MSL-1900                                      |
|---------------------------------|---|---|
| Water                           | 631.68 g  | 716.56 g                                      |
| Cellulose                       | 0 g   | 0 g   |
| Salt                            | 11.72 g   | 4.0 g   |
| Preventol D-7                   | 1.2 g   | 0 g   |
| Sugar                           | 600.0 g   | 0 g   |
| DGMBE                           | 0 g   | 300.67 g                                      |
| Total amount                    | 1 liter (1.3 kg)                                | 1 liter (1.0 kg)                              |
| Dielectric<br>Parameters at 22° | f=835 MHz<br>$ε_r$ = 55.2±5%,<br>σ= 0.97±5% S/m | f= 1900 MHz<br>ε= 53.3±5 %,<br>σ= 1.52±5% S/m |

Table 6.1 Recipes for Tissue Simulating Liquid

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070D Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

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Table 6.2 shows the measuring results for muscle simulating liquid.

| Band     | Position | Temperature<br>(°C) | Frequency<br>(MHz) | Conductivity<br>(σ) | Permittivity<br>(ε <sub>r</sub> ) | Measurement date |       |      |               |
|----------|----------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|-------|------|---------------|
|          |          |                     | 824.2              | 0.942               | 52.7                              |                  |       |      |               |
| GSM850   | Body     | 21.2                | 836.4              | 0.954               | 52.6                              | Dec. 25, 2008    |       |      |               |
|          |          |                     | 848.8              | 0.967               | 52.5                              |                  |       |      |               |
|          | Body     |                     | 1850.2             | 1.480               | 51.1                              |                  |       |      |               |
| GSM1900  |          | 3ody 21.6           | 1880.0             | 1.510               | 51.0                              | Dec. 25, 2008    |       |      |               |
|          |          |                     | 1909.8             | 1.540               | 50.9                              |                  |       |      |               |
| WCDMA    |          |                     | 826.4              | 0.944               | 52.7                              |                  |       |      |               |
|          | Body     | Body                | - Body             | and V Body 2        | 21.2                              | 836.4            | 0.954 | 52.6 | Dec. 25, 2008 |
| Dallu V  |          |                     |                    |                     |                                   | 846.6            | 0.965 | 52.5 |               |
| WCDMA    |          |                     | 1852.4             | 1.480               | 51.1                              |                  |       |      |               |
| Band II  | Body     | 21.6                | 1880.0             | 1.510               | 51.0                              | Dec. 25, 2008    |       |      |               |
| Dailu II |          |                     | 1907.6             | 1.540               | 51.0                              |                  |       |      |               |

Table 6.2 Measuring Results for Simulating Liquid

The measuring data are consistent with  $\epsilon_r$  = 55.2 ± 5% and  $\sigma$ = 0.97 ± 5% for body GSM850 and WCDMA Band V and  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.3 ± 5% and  $\sigma$ = 1.52 ± 5% for body GSM1900 and WCDMA Band II.

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## 7. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 7.1

| Uncertainty Distributions         | Normal             | Rectangular | Triangular | U-shape |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|---------|
| Multiplying factor <sup>(a)</sup> | 1/k <sup>(b)</sup> | 1/√3        | 1/√6       | 1/√2    |

<sup>(</sup>a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b)  $\kappa$  is the coverage factor

**Table 7.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution** 

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY4 uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 7.2.

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| Error Description                          | Uncertainty<br>Value ± % | Probability<br>Distribution | Divisor | Ci<br>(1g) | Standard<br>Unc.<br>(1g) | vi<br>or<br>Veff |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| Measurement Equipment                      |                          |                             |         |            |                          |                  |
| Probe Calibration                          | ±5.9 %                   | Normal                      | 1       | 1          | ±5.9 %                   | ∞                |
| Axial Isotropy                             | ±4.7 %                   | Rectangular                 | √3      | 0.7        | ±1.9 %                   | ∞                |
| Hemispherical Isotropy                     | ±9.6 %                   | Rectangular                 | √3      | 0.7        | ±3.9 %                   | 8                |
| Boundary Effects                           | ±1.0 %                   | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ±0.6 %                   | 8                |
| Linearity                                  | ±4.7 %                   | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ±2.7 %                   | 8                |
| System Detection Limits                    | ±1.0 %                   | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ±0.6 %                   | 8                |
| Readout Electronics                        | ±0.3 %                   | Normal                      | 1       | 1          | ±0.3 %                   | 8                |
| Response Time                              | ±0.8 %                   | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ±0.5 %                   | 8                |
| Integration Time                           | ±2.6 %                   | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ±1.5 %                   | ∞                |
| RF Ambient Noise                           | ±3.0 %                   | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ±1.7 %                   | 8                |
| RF Ambient Reflections                     | ±3.0 %                   | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ±1.7 %                   | 8                |
| Probe Positioner                           | ±0.4 %                   | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ±0.2 %                   | 8                |
| Probe Positioning                          | ±2.9 %                   | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ±1.7 %                   | 8                |
| Max. SAR Eval.                             | ±1.0 %                   | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ±0.6 %                   | 8                |
| Test Sample Related                        |                          |                             |         |            |                          |                  |
| Device Positioning                         | ±2.9 %                   | Normal                      | 1       | 1          | ±2.9                     | 145              |
| Device Holder                              | ±3.6 %                   | Normal                      | 1       | 1          | ±3.6                     | 5                |
| Power Drift                                | ±5.0 %                   | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ±2.9                     | 8                |
| Phantom and Setup                          |                          |                             |         |            |                          |                  |
| Phantom Uncertainty                        | ±4.0 %                   | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ±2.3                     | 8                |
| Liquid Conductivity (target)               | ±5.0 %                   | Rectangular                 | √3      | 0.64       | ±1.8                     | 8                |
| Liquid Conductivity (meas.)                | ±2.5 %                   | Normal                      | 1       | 0.64       | ±1.6                     | 8                |
| Liquid Permittivity (target)               | ±5.0 %                   | Rectangular                 | √3      | 0.6        | ±1.7                     | 8                |
| Liquid Permittivity (meas.)                | ±2.5 %                   | Normal                      | 1       | 0.6        | ±1.5                     | ∞                |
| <b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>       |                          |                             |         |            | ±10.9                    | 387              |
| Coverage Factor for 95 %                   |                          | K=2                         |         |            |                          |                  |
| Expanded uncertainty (Coverage factor = 2) |                          |                             |         |            | ±21.9                    |                  |

Table 7.2 Uncertainty Budget of DASY4

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8. SAR Measurement Evaluation

Each DASY4 system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY4 software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

### 8.1 Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

### 8.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 835 MHz and 1900 MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

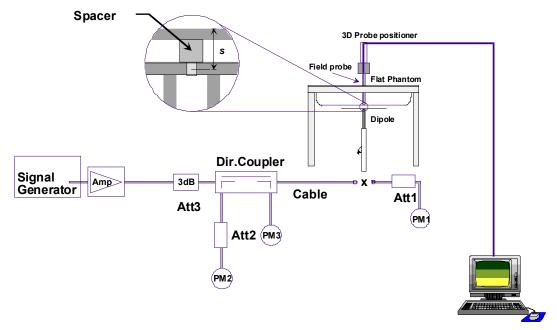


Fig. 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

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- Signal Generator 1.
- 2. Amplifier
- 3. **Directional Coupler**
- 4. **Power Meter**
- 835 MHz or 1900 MHz Dipole 5.

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.



Fig 8.2 Dipole Setup

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## 8.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 8.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion.

| Frequency   | Position | SAR       | Target<br>(W/kg) | Measurement data (W/kg) | Variation | Measurement date |
|-------------|----------|-----------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------|------------------|
| 835MHz Body | Pody     | SAR (1g)  | 9.52             | 10.00                   | 5.0 %     | Dec. 25, 2008    |
|             | Бойу     | SAR (10g) | 6.37             | 6.62                    | 3.9 %     | Dec. 25, 2006    |
| 1900MHz     | Body     | SAR (1g)  | 40.1             | 40.30                   | 0.5 %     | Dec. 25, 2008    |
|             |          | SAR (10g) | 21.3             | 21.20                   | -0.5 %    | Dec. 23, 2006    |

**Table 8.1 Target and Measurement SAR after Normalized** 

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# 9. <u>Description for DUT Testing Position</u>

This DUT was tested in one position, NB Bottom with 0 cm gap.

Please refer to Appendix E for the test setup photos.

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## 10. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- Linking DUT with base station emulator CMU200 in middle channel
- Setting CMU200 to allow DUT to radiate maximum output power
- Measuring output power through RF cable and power meter
- Placing the DUT in the positions described in the last section
- Setting scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY4 software
- > Taking data for the middle channel on each testing position
- Finding out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- Measuring output power and SAR results for the lowest and highest channels in this worst case testing position

According to the OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power reference measurement

### 10.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY4 software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

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The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

### 10.2Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 1 g.

### 10.3SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY4, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

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# 11. SAR Test Results

# 11.1 Conducted Power

| Band Channel | GSM 850<br>(dBm) |       |       | GSM 1900<br>(dBm) |       |       |  |
|--------------|------------------|-------|-------|-------------------|-------|-------|--|
| Mode         | 128              | 189   | 251   | 512               | 661   | 810   |  |
| GPRS 8       | 32.30            | 32.07 | 31.81 | 28.76             | 28.70 | 28.58 |  |
| GPRS 10      | 30.19            | 29.97 | 29.72 | 26.70             | 26.66 | 26.55 |  |
| GPRS 12      | 26.14            | 25.97 | 25.76 | 22.71             | 22.68 | 22.59 |  |
| EGPRS 8      | 26.50            | 26.31 | 26.13 | 24.83             | 24.81 | 24.74 |  |
| EGPRS 10     | 24.76            | 24.55 | 24.43 | 22.90             | 22.86 | 22.77 |  |
| EGPRS 12     | 21.90            | 21.53 | 21.45 | 18.89             | 18.43 | 18.30 |  |

|             | Band      | WCDMA Band V<br>(dBm) |       |       | WCDMA Band II<br>(dBm) |       |       |  |
|-------------|-----------|-----------------------|-------|-------|------------------------|-------|-------|--|
| Mode        |           | 4132                  | 4182  | 4233  | 9262                   | 9400  | 9538  |  |
| 12.2K       |           | 21.86                 | 21.75 | 21.98 | 22.50                  | 22.12 | 21.85 |  |
| 12.2K+HSDPA | Subtest-1 | 21.81                 | 21.81 | 21.88 | 22.44                  | 22.18 | 21.89 |  |
|             | Subtest-2 | 21.37                 | 21.33 | 21.34 | 22.01                  | 21.70 | 21.35 |  |
|             | Subtest-3 | 21.42                 | 21.38 | 21.43 | 22.03                  | 21.85 | 21.44 |  |
|             | Subtest-4 | 20.93                 | 20.87 | 20.84 | 21.61                  | 21.53 | 20.94 |  |
| 12.2K+HSUPA | Subtest-1 | 21.63                 | 21.60 | 21.66 | 22.27                  | 22.00 | 21.60 |  |
|             | Subtest-2 | 19.67                 | 19.57 | 19.77 | 20.23                  | 19.94 | 19.79 |  |
|             | Subtest-3 | 20.74                 | 20.55 | 20.68 | 21.27                  | 20.97 | 20.68 |  |
|             | Subtest-4 | 19.63                 | 19.53 | 19.67 | 20.28                  | 19.94 | 19.78 |  |
|             | Subtest-5 | 21.66                 | 21.67 | 21.85 | 21.88                  | 21.89 | 21.60 |  |

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### 11.2 Test Records for Body SAR Test

| Position Band           |                                   | Chan. | Freq.<br>(MHz) | Modulation<br>Type | Measured<br>1g SAR<br>(W/kg) | Limit<br>(W/kg) | Result |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|----------------|--------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|--------|
| NB Bottom with 0 cm Gap | GSM850 (GPRS10)                   | 189   | 836.4          | GMSK               | 0.00771                      | 1.6             | Pass   |
| NB Bottom with 0 cm Gap | GSM850 (GPRS10)                   | 128   | 824.2          | GMSK               | 0.00833                      | 1.6             | Pass   |
| NB Bottom with 0 cm Gap | GSM850 (GPRS10)                   | 251   | 848.8          | GMSK               | 0.00898                      | 1.6             | Pass   |
| NB Bottom with 0 cm Gap | GSM1900 (GPRS10)                  | 661   | 1880.0         | GMSK               | 0.022                        | 1.6             | Pass   |
| NB Bottom with 0 cm Gap | GSM1900 (GPRS10)                  | 512   | 1850.2         | GMSK               | 0.022                        | 1.6             | Pass   |
| NB Bottom with 0 cm Gap | GSM1900 (GPRS10)                  | 810   | 1909.8         | GMSK               | 0.017                        | 1.6             | Pass   |
| NB Bottom with 0 cm Gap | WCDMA Band V<br>(RMC12.2K)        | 4182  | 836.4          | QPSK               | 0.011                        | 1.6             | Pass   |
| NB Bottom with 0 cm Gap | WCDMA Band V<br>(RMC12.2K+HSDPA)  | 4182  | 836.4          | QPSK               | 0.00855                      | 1.6             | Pass   |
| NB Bottom with 0 cm Gap | WCDMA Band V<br>(RMC12.2K+HSUPA)  | 4182  | 836.4          | BPSK               | 0.00761                      | 1.6             | Pass   |
| NB Bottom with 0 cm Gap | WCDMA Band V<br>(RMC12.2K)        | 4132  | 826.4          | QPSK               | 0.00711                      | 1.6             | Pass   |
| NB Bottom with 0 cm Gap | WCDMA Band V<br>(RMC12.2K)        | 4233  | 846.6          | QPSK               | 0.00811                      | 1.6             | Pass   |
| NB Bottom with 0 cm Gap | WCDMA Band II<br>(RMC12.2K)       | 9400  | 1880.0         | QPSK               | 0.024                        | 1.6             | Pass   |
| NB Bottom with 0 cm Gap | WCDMA Band II<br>(RMC12.2K+HSDPA) | 9400  | 1880.0         | QPSK               | 0.025                        | 1.6             | Pass   |
| NB Bottom with 0 cm Gap | WCDMA Band II<br>(RMC12.2K+HSUPA) | 9400  | 1880.0         | BPSK               | 0.017                        | 1.6             | Pass   |
| NB Bottom with 0 cm Gap | WCDMA Band II<br>(RMC12.2K+HSDPA) | 9262  | 1852.4         | QPSK               | 0.027                        | 1.6             | Pass   |
| NB Bottom with 0 cm Gap | WCDMA Band II<br>(RMC12.2K+HSDPA) | 9538  | 1907.6         | QPSK               | 0.024                        | 1.6             | Pass   |

Test Engineer: Jason Wang, Gordon Lin and Eric Huang

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

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# 12. References

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- [2] IEEE Std. P1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", April 21, 2003
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- [4] IEEE Std. C95.1-1999, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", 1999
- [5] Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148
- [6] DASY4 System Handbook
- [7] KDB 941225 D01 v02

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## Appendix A - System Performance Check Data

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2008/12/25

Report No.: FA8O1409A

### System Check\_Body\_835MHz\_081225

### **DUT: Dipole 835 MHz**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_850 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.953$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(5.91, 5.91, 5.91); Calibrated: 2008/8/26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0 Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

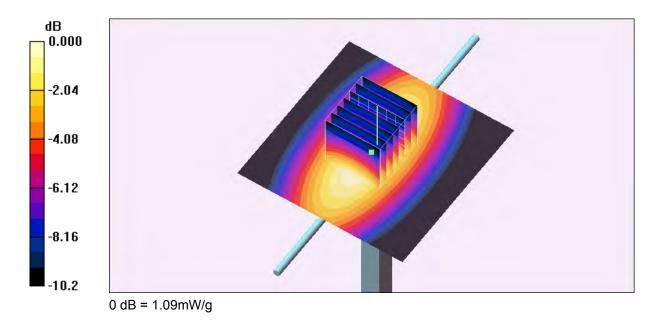
Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.09 mW/g

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 35.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.008 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.662 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.09 mW/g



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Report No.: FA8O1409A

Date: 2008/12/25

## System Check\_Body\_1900MHz\_081225

#### **DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Medium: MSL\_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.53$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C

### **DASY4** Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2008/8/26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0 Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

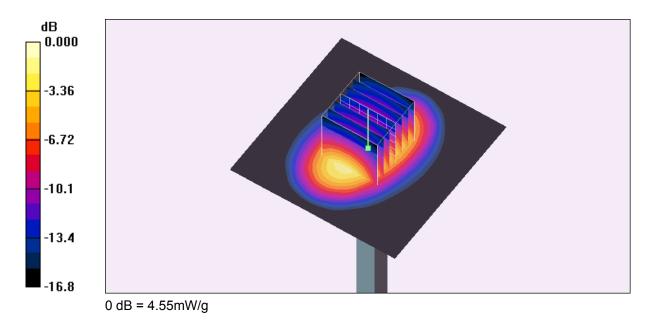
**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.62 mW/g

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.007 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.03 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.55 mW/g



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## Appendix B - SAR Measurement Data

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2008/12/25

### Body GSM850 Ch251 NB Bottom with 0cm Gap GPRS10

**DUT: 801409** 

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL\_850 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.967$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(5.91, 5.91, 5.91); Calibrated: 2008/8/26

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12

- Phantom: ELI 4.0 Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Ch251/Area Scan (101x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.009 mW/g

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.191 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.013 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00898 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00683 mW/g

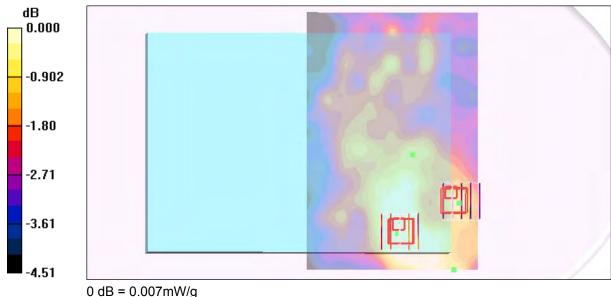
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.010 mW/g

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.191 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.007 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.006 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00489 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.007 mW/g



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: MSQEPC904H3G Report Issued Date: Jan. 12, 2009

Report No.: FA8O1409A

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2008/12/25

Report No.: FA8O1409A

### Body\_GSM1900 Ch661\_NB Bottom with 0cm Gap\_GPRS10

**DUT: 801409** 

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL 1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.51$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 51$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C

### **DASY4** Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2008/8/26

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12

- Phantom: ELI 4.0\_Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

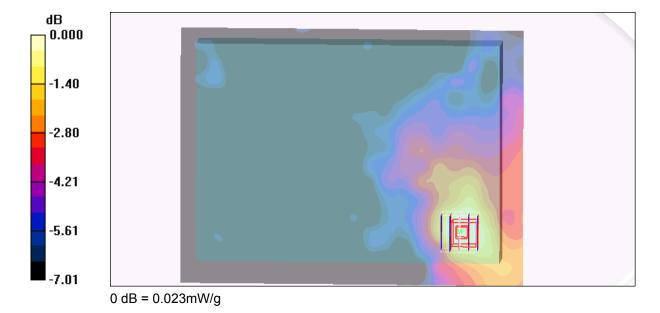
**Ch661/Area Scan (201x151x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.026 mW/g

Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.18 V/m; Power Drift = -0.125 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.029 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.022 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.023 mW/g



FCC ID: MSQEPC904H3G

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date : Jan. 12, 2009 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version : Rev. 01

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2008/12/25

### Body\_WCDMA850 Ch4182\_NB Bottom with 0cm Gap\_RMC12.2K

**DUT: 801409** 

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.954 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Report No.: FA8O1409A

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

#### **DASY4** Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(5.91, 5.91, 5.91); Calibrated: 2008/8/26

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12

- Phantom: ELI 4.0 Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Ch4182/Area Scan (211x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.011 mW/g

Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.130 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.015 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.011 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00832 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.012 mW/g

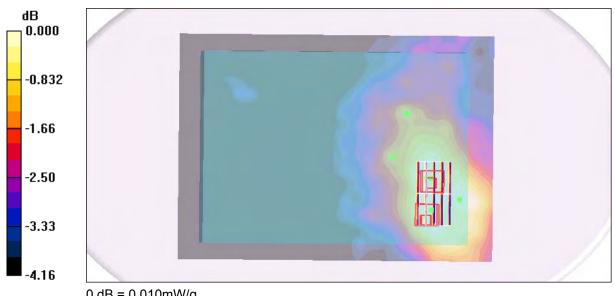
Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.130 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.011 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.0099 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00828 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.010 mW/g



0 dB = 0.010 mW/g

FCC ID: MSQEPC904H3G

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date: Jan. 12, 2009 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 : Rev. 01 Report Version

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2008/12/25

### Body\_WCDMA1900 Ch9262\_NB Bottom with 0cm Gap\_RMC12.2K+HSDPA

**DUT: 801409** 

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.48$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C

#### **DASY4** Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2008/8/26

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12

- Phantom: ELI 4.0 Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Ch9262/Area Scan (101x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.029 mW/g

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.78 V/m; Power Drift = 0.174 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.039 W/kg

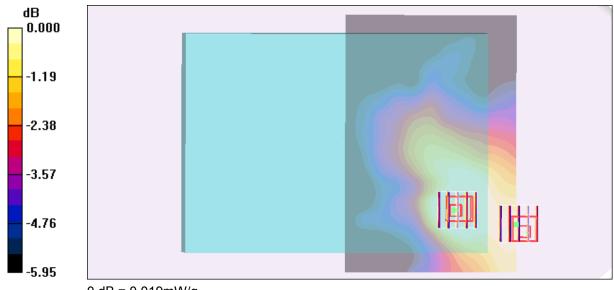
**SAR(1 g) = 0.027 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.029 mW/g

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.78 V/m; Power Drift = 0.174 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.027 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.018 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.019 mW/g



0 dB = 0.019 mW/g

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Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2008/12/25

Report No.: FA8O1409A

### Body\_GSM850 Ch251\_NB Bottom with 0cm Gap\_GPRS10\_2D

**DUT: 801409** 

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL 850 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.967 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 52.5;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

### **DASY4** Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(5.91, 5.91, 5.91); Calibrated: 2008/8/26

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12

- Phantom: ELI 4.0 Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Ch251/Area Scan (101x151x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.009 mW/g

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.191 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.013 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00898 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00683 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.010 mW/g

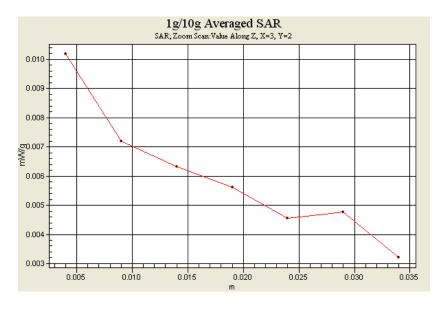
Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.191 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.007 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.006 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00489 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.007 mW/g



FCC ID: MSQEPC904H3G

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date : Jan. 12, 2009 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version : Rev. 01

## FCC SAR Test Report

Date: 2008/12/25 Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Report No.: FA8O1409A

: Rev. 01

#### Body\_GSM1900 Ch661\_NB Bottom with 0cm Gap\_GPRS10\_2D

**DUT: 801409** 

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL 1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.51$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 51$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2008/8/26

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12

- Phantom: ELI 4.0 Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

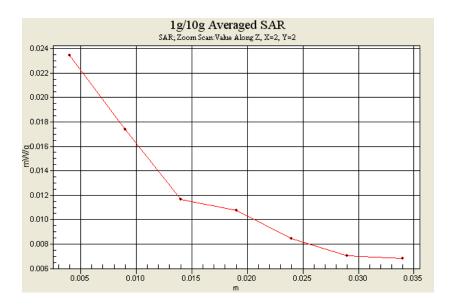
Ch661/Area Scan (201x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.026 mW/g

Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.18 V/m; Power Drift = -0.125 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.029 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.022 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.023 mW/g



TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date: Jan. 12, 2009 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version FCC ID: MSQEPC904H3G

## FCC SAR Test Report

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2008/12/25

#### Body\_WCDMA850 Ch4182\_NB Bottom with 0cm Gap\_RMC12.2K\_2D

**DUT: 801409** 

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_850 Medium parameters used : f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.954 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 52.6;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Report No.: FA8O1409A

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(5.91, 5.91, 5.91); Calibrated: 2008/8/26

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12

- Phantom: ELI 4.0 Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Ch4182/Area Scan (211x151x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.011 mW/g

Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.130 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.015 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.011 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00832 mW/g

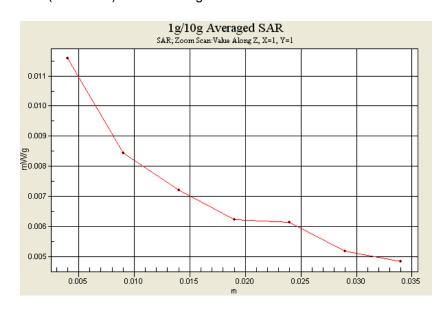
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.012 mW/g

Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.130 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.011 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.0099 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00828 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.010 mW/g



TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date : Jan. 12, 2009 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version : Rev. 01

FCC ID: MSQEPC904H3G

## FCC SAR Test Report

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2008/12/25

#### Body\_WCDMA1900 Ch9262\_NB Bottom with 0cm Gap\_RMC12.2K+HSDPA\_2D

**DUT: 801409** 

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.48$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Report No.: FA8O1409A

Ambient Temperature: 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2008/8/26

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12

- Phantom: ELI 4.0\_Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Ch9262/Area Scan (101x151x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.029 mW/g

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.78 V/m; Power Drift = 0.174 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.039 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.027 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 mW/g

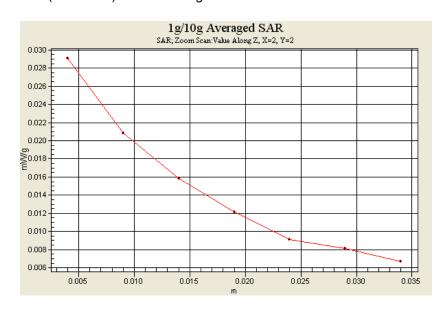
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.029 mW/g

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.78 V/m; Power Drift = 0.174 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.027 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.018 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.019 mW/g



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# Appendix C - Calibration Data

Please refer to the calibration certificates of DASY as below.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

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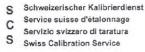
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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland







Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: D835V2-499\_Mar08 Sporton (Auden) CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE D835V2 - SN: 499 Object QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits Calibration date: March 17, 2008 Condition of the calibrated item. In Tolerance This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) ID# Scheduled Calibration Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) Oct-08 US37292783 04-Oct-97 (METAS, No. 217-00736) Oct-08 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5086 (20g) 07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718) Aug-08 Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN: 3025 01-Mar-08 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025 Mar08) Mar-09 DAE4 SN 909 03-Sep-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-909\_Sep07) Sep-08 ID# Secondary Standards Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check MY41092317 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07) Power sensor HP 8481A In house check: Oct-09 RF generator R&S SMT-06 100005 04-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07) In house check: Oct-09 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07) In house check: Oct-08 Function Calibrated by: Claudio Leubler Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Issued: March 17, 2008 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D835V2-499 Mar08

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## Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- · Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D835V2-499\_Mar08

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## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version                 | DASY4                     | V4.7        |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation    |             |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom V4.9 |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm                     | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm         | Te          |
| Frequency                    | 835 MHz ± 1 MHz           |             |

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                  | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters      | 22.0 °C         | 41.5         | 0.90 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters     | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 41.5 ± 6 %   | 0.90 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature during test | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C |              |                  |

#### SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                            |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.29 mW/g                  |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 9.16 mW/g                  |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters 1                 | normalized to 1W   | 9.16 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                            |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.50 mW/g                  |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 6.00 mW/g                  |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters 1                   | normalized to 1W   | 6.00 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: D835V2-499\_Mar08

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

#### **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                  | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters      | 22.0 °C         | 55.2         | 0.97 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters     | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 54.0 ± 6 %   | 1.00 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C |              |                  |

## SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                            |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.46 mW/g                  |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 9.84 mW / g                |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters 2                 | normalized to 1W   | 9.52 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | condition          |                            |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.63 mW/g                  |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 6.52 mW/g                  |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>        | normalized to 1W   | 6.37 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

#### **Appendix**

## Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 52.9 Ω - 2.3 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss                          | - 28.9 dB       |

## Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.2 Ω - 3.3 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss                          | - 29.3 dB       |

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.392 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

| Manufactured by | SPEAG         |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Manufactured on | July 10, 2003 |

#### **DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 17.03.2008 11:32:45

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:499

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.9$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3025; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 01.03.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn909; Calibrated: 03.09,2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA;;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

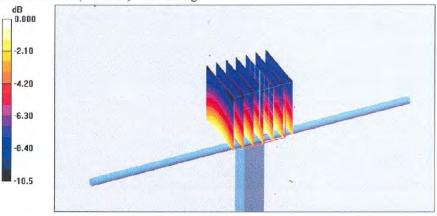
#### Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.005 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.34 W/kg

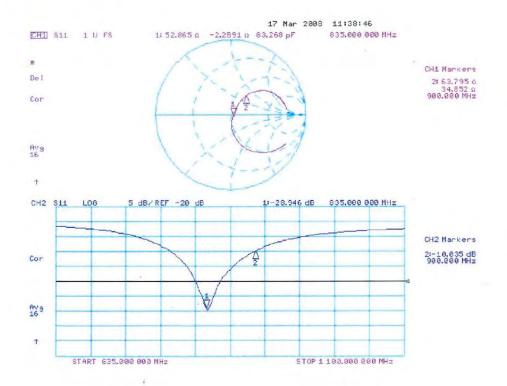
SAR(1 g) = 2.29 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.5 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.58 mW/g



0 dB = 2.58 mW/g

## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D835V2-499\_Mar08

#### **DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date/Time: 10.03.2008 12:48:36

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:499

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900;

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 1$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 54$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3025; ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 01.03.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn909; Calibrated: 03.09.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA;;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

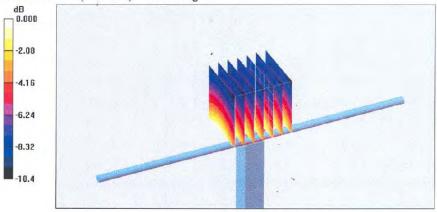
## Pin = 250 mW, d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 51.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.036 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.59 W/kg

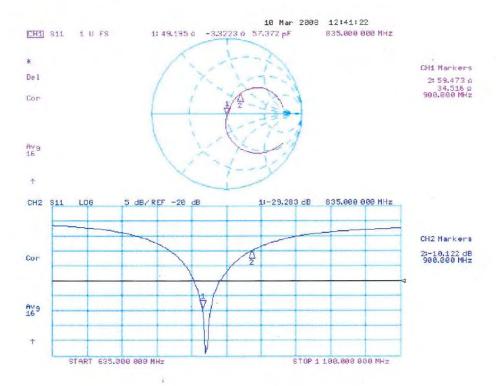
SAR(1 g) = 2.46 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 mW/g



0 dB = 2.64 mW/g

#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D835V2-499\_Mar08

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Client

Sporton (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d041\_Mar08

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE D1900V2 - SN: 5d041 Object QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits March 18, 2008 Calibration date: In Tolerance Condition of the calibrated item This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Scheduled Calibration Primary Standards ID# Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) Oct-08 Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) Oct-08 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5086 (20g) 07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718) Aug-08 Reference 10 dB Attenuator SN: 5047.2 (10r) 07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718) Aug-08 Reference Probe ES3DV2 Mar-09 SN: 3025 01-Mar-08 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025\_Mar08) DAF4 3-Sep-08 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-909\_Sep07) SN 909 Sep-07 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Power sensor HP 8481A MY41092317 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07) In house check: Oct-08 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07) RF generator R&S SMT-06 100005 In house check: Oct-09 US37390585 S4206 Network Analyzer HP 8753F 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07) In house check: Oct-08 Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) Oct-08 Name Function Calibrated by: Marcel Fehr Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Issued: March 18, 2008 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

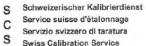
Certificate No: D1900V2-5d041 Mar08

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland







Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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#### Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

N/A

not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- · SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d041\_Mar08

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#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version                 | DASY4                     | V4.7        |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation    |             |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0 |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm                     | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm         | 114         |
| Frequency                    | 1900 MHz ± 1 MHz          |             |

#### **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                  | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters      | 22.0 °C         | 40.0         | 1.40 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters     | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 40.2 ± 6 %   | 1.47 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature during test | (21.1 ± 0.2) °C | 4444         |                  |

#### SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                            |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 10.1 mW/g                  |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 40.4 mW / g                |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters 1                 | normalized to 1W   | 39.5 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                            |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 5.20 mW/g                  |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 20.8 mW / g                |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters 1                   | normalized to 1W   | 20.6 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

## **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                  | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters      | 22.0 °C         | 53.3         | 1.52 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters     | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 51.6 ± 6 %   | 1.57 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (21.4 ± 0.2) °C |              |                  |

## SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Body TSL        | Condition          |                            |
|--|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured                                     | 250 mW input power | 10.4 mW / g                |
| SAR normalized                                   | normalized to 1W   | 41.6 mW/g                  |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup> | normalized to 1W   | 40.1 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | condition          |                            |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 5.44 mW / g                |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 21.8 mW/g                  |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>        | normalized to 1W   | 21.3 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d041\_Mar08

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 2}$  Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

## **Appendix**

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 54.0 $\Omega$ + 5.1 j $\Omega$ |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Return Loss                          | - 24.2 dB                      |

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 48.0 Ω + 6.1 jΩ |  |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Return Loss                          | - 23.6 dB       |  |

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.199 ns  |
|----------------------------------|-----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.133 113 |

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

## Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG         |  |
|-----------------|---------------|--|
| Manufactured on | July 04, 2003 |  |

#### **DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 18.03.2008 12:05:10

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d041

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.47 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 40.2;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

#### DASY4 Configuration:

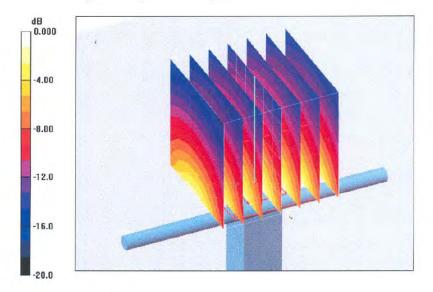
- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3025; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 01.03.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn909; Calibrated: 03.09.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

#### Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 91.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.1 W/kg

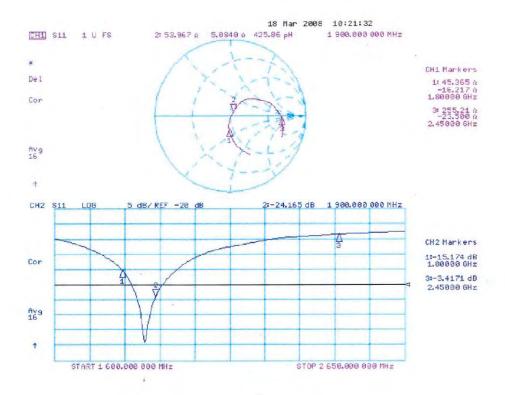
SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.2 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.8 mW/g



0 dB = 11.8 mW/g

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d041\_Mar08

#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



#### **DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date/Time: 14.03.2008 13:22:24

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d041

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.57 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 51.7;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

#### DASY4 Configuration:

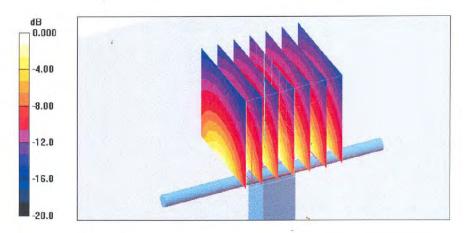
- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3025; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 01.03.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn909; Calibrated: 03.09.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA;;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

## Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 89.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.004 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.44 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.0 mW/g



0 dB = 12.0 mW/g

#### **DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date/Time: 14.03.2008 13:22:24

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d041

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.57 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 51.7;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

#### DASY4 Configuration:

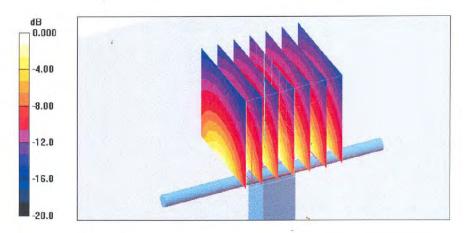
- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3025; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 01.03.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn909; Calibrated: 03.09.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA;;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

## Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 89.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.004 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.44 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.0 mW/g



0 dB = 12.0 mW/g

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE3-577\_Nov08

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 577 Object QA CAL-06.v12 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE) November 12, 2008 Calibration date: Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702 SN: 6295803 30-Sep-08 (No: 7673) Sep-09 Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 SN: 0810278 30-Sep-08 (No: 7670) Sep-09 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Calibrator Box V1.1 SE UMS 006 AB 1004 06-Jun-08 (in house check) In house check: Jun-09 Name Function Calibrated by: Andrea Guntli Technician Approved by: Fin Bomholt R&D Director Issued: November 12, 2008 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: DAE3-577\_Nov08

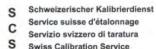
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## Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland







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#### Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE3-577 Nov08

## DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:  $1LSB = 6.1 \mu V$ , full range = -100...+300 mVLow Range: 1LSB = 61 nV, full range = -1......+3 mVDASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | X                    | Y                    | z                    |
|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| High Range          | 404.437 ± 0.1% (k=2) | 403.882 ± 0.1% (k=2) | 404.321 ± 0.1% (k=2) |
| Low Range           | 3 93985 + 0.7% (k=2) | 3 94699 ± 0.7% (k=2) | 3.94542 ± 0.7% (k=2) |

## **Connector Angle**

| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system 268 ° : |
|---|
|---|

Certificate No: DAE3-577\_Nov08

## **Appendix**

1. DC Voltage Linearity

| High Range        | Input (μV) | Reading (μV) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|------------|--------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 200000     | 200000.5     | 0.00      |
| Channel X + Input | 20000      | 20006.28     | 0.03      |
| Channel X - Input | 20000      | -19997.96    | -0.01     |
| Channel Y + Input | 200000     | 199999.8     | 0.00      |
| Channel Y + Input | 20000      | 20003.35     | 0.02      |
| Channel Y - Input | 20000      | -20003.31    | 0.02      |
| Channel Z + Input | 200000     | 200000.3     | 0.00      |
| Channel Z + Input | 20000      | 20006.28     | 0.03      |
| Channel Z - Input | 20000      | -19999.42    | 0.00      |

| Low Range         | Input (μV) | Reading (µV) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|------------|--------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 2000       | 2000         | 0.00      |
| Channel X + Input | 200        | 200.64       | 0.32      |
| Channel X - Input | 200        | -199.61      | -0.19     |
| Channel Y + Input | 2000       | 2000         | 0.00      |
| Channel Y + Input | 200        | 199.39       | -0.31     |
| Channel Y - Input | 200        | -201.03      | 0.52      |
| Channel Z + Input | 2000       | 2000         | 0.00      |
| Channel Z + Input | 200        | 199.42       | -0.29     |
| Channel Z - Input | 200        | -200.73      | 0.36      |

## 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Common mode<br>Input Voltage (mV) | High Range<br>Average Reading (μV) | Low Range<br>Average Reading (μV) |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Channel X | 200                               | 13.38                              | 13.83                             |
|           | - 200                             | -13.53                             | -13.82                            |
| Channel Y | 200                               | -5.55                              | -6.09                             |
|           | - 200                             | 5.06                               | 5.66                              |
| Channel Z | 200                               | -1.00                              | -0.72                             |
|           | - 200                             | -0.80                              | -0.52                             |

## 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X (μV) | Channel Y (µV) | Channel Z (μV) |
|-----------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Channel X | 200                | -              | 1.66           | 0.50           |
| Channel Y | 200                | 1.90           |                | 3.95           |
| Channel Z | 200                | -0.95          | 0.48           | -              |

Certificate No: DAE3-577\_Nov08

#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 15967            | 16080           |
| Channel Y | 15851            | 16385           |
| Channel Z | 16197            | 16100           |

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input  $10 M \Omega$ 

|           | Average (μV) | min. Offset (μV) | max. Offset (μV) | Std. Deviation (µV) |
|-----------|--------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Channel X | 1.13         | -1.22            | 2.29             | 0.58                |
| Channel Y | -1.51        | -2.99            | 0.83             | 0.52                |
| Channel Z | 0.02         | -0.89            | 0.92             | 0.38                |

## 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance

|           | Zeroing (MOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| Channel X | 0.2000         | 198.6            |
| Channel Y | 0.2001         | 199.4            |
| Channel Z | 0.2000         | 198.8            |

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (verified during pre test)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) |      |
|----------------|-------------------|------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | •                 | +7.9 |
| Supply (- Vcc) |                   | -7.6 |

9. Power Consumption (verified during pre test)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.0              | +6            | +14               |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01             | -8            | -9                |

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Certificate No: ET3-1787 Aug08 Sporton (Auden) **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE** ET3DV6 - SN:1787 Object QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL-23.v3 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes August 26, 2008 Calibration date: Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70% Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter E4419B GB41293874 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) Apr-09 Power sensor E4412A MY41495277 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) Apr-09 Power sensor E4412A MY41498087 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) Apr-09 Reference 3 dB Attenuator SN: S5054 (3c) 1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00865) Jul-09 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: S5086 (20b) 31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787) Apr-09 Reference 30 dB Attenuator SN: S5129 (30b) 1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00866) Jul-09 Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN: 3013 2-Jan-08 (No. ES3-3013\_Jan08) Jan-09 DAE4 SN: 660 3-Sep-07 (No. DAE4-660\_Sep07) Sep-08 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check RF generator HP 8648C US3642U01700 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07) In house check: Oct-09 Network Analyzer HP 8753E U\$37390585 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07) In house check: Oct-08 Calibrated by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Quality Manager Approved by: Niels Kuster Issued: August 26, 2008 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Glossary:

tissue simulating liquid TSI NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z DCP

Polarization o Polarization 9 diode compression point φ rotation around probe axis

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\theta = 0$  (f  $\leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

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August 26, 2008

# Probe ET3DV6

SN:1787

Manufactured:

May 28, 2003

Last calibrated: Recalibrated:

August 28, 2007 August 26, 2008

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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August 26, 2008

## DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1787

| Sensitivity in | Free Space <sup>A</sup> |  |
|----------------|-------------------------|--|
|----------------|-------------------------|--|

Diode Compression<sup>B</sup>

| NormX | 1.63 ± 10.1% | $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ | DCP X | 90 mV |
|-------|--------------|-----------------|-------|-------|
| NormY | 1.67 ± 10.1% | $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ | DCP Y | 93 mV |
| NormZ | 2.18 ± 10.1% | $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ | DCP Z | 92 mV |

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

## **Boundary Effect**

TSL

900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

| Sensor Cente          | er to Phantom Surface Distance | 3.7 mm | 4.7 mm |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] | Without Correction Algorithm   | 11.3   | 7.5    |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] | With Correction Algorithm      | 0.8    | 0.5    |

TSL

1750 MHz

Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

| Sensor Cente          | r to Phantom Surface Distance | 3.7 mm | 4.7 mm |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--------|
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] | Without Correction Algorithm  | 10.1   | 6.5    |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] | With Correction Algorithm     | 8.0    | 0.6    |

#### Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center

2.7 mm

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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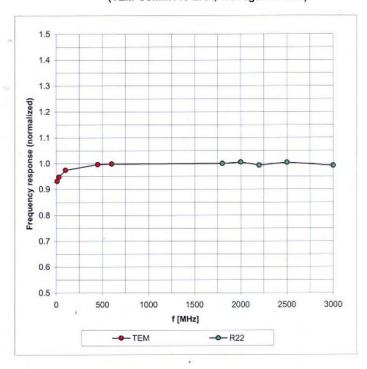
A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

August 26, 2008

# Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



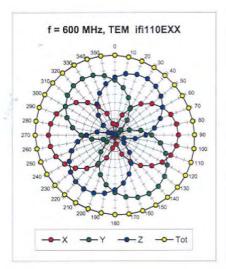
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

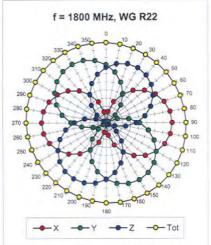
Certificate No: ET3-1787\_Aug08

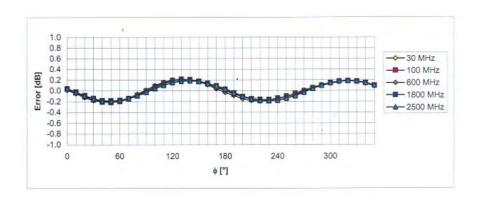
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# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta$ = 0°







Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

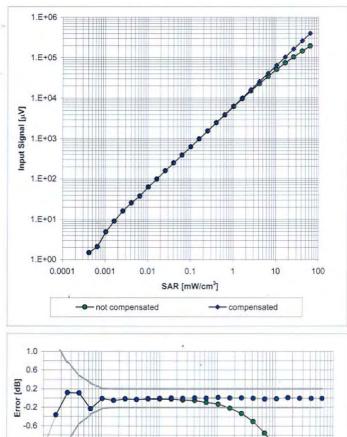
Certificate No: ET3-1787\_Aug08

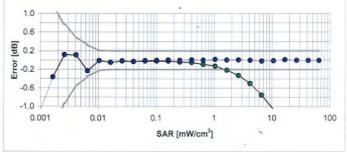
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# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)





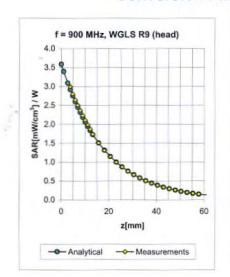
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

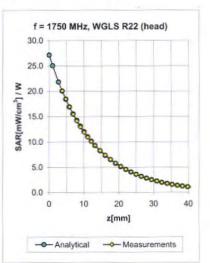
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## **Conversion Factor Assessment**





| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] <sup>C</sup> | TSL  | Permittivity | Conductivity   | Alpha | Depth | ConvF Uncertainty | _  |
|---------|-----------------------------|------|--------------|----------------|-------|-------|-------------------|----|
| 900     | ±50/±100                    | Head | 41.5 ± 5%    | 0.97 ± 5%      | 0.30  | 2.80  | 6.06 ± 11.0% (k=2 | 2) |
| 1750    | ±50/±100                    | Head | 40.1 ± 5%    | $1.37 \pm 5\%$ | 0.53  | 2.11  | 5.36 ± 11.0% (k=  | 2) |
| 1950    | ±50/±100                    | Head | 40.0 ± 5%    | 1.40 ± 5%      | 0.59  | 1.96  | 5.01 ± 11.0% (k=2 | 2) |
| 2450    | ±50/±100                    | Head | 39.2 ± 5%    | 1,80 ± 5%      | 0.77  | 1.57  | 4.49 ± 11.0% (k=  | 2) |
|         |                             |      |              |                |       |       |                   |    |
| 900     | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 55.0 ± 5%    | 1.05 ± 5%      | 0.31  | 2.98  | 5.91 ± 11.0% (k=  | 2) |
| 1750    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 53.4 ± 5%    | $1.49 \pm 5\%$ | 0.60  | 2.20  | 4.73 ± 11.0% (k=  | 2) |
| 1950    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 53.3 ± 5%    | 1.52 ± 5%      | 0.68  | 1.95  | 4.49 ± 11.0% (k=  | 2) |
| 2450    | ±50/±100                    | Body | 52.7 ± 5%    | 1.95 ± 5%      | 0.90  | 1.51  | 3.79 ± 11.0% (k=  | 2) |

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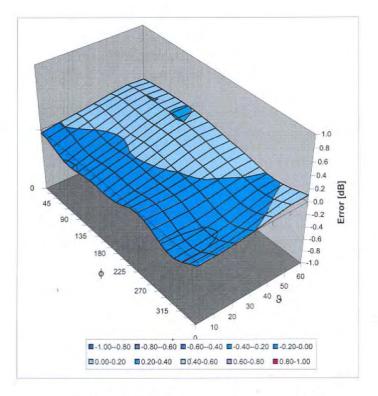
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

August 26, 2008

# Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ET3-1787\_Aug08

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