



# **Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) Test Report**

for

# **ASUSTek COMPUTER INC.**

on the

# **Eee PC**

Report Number	: FA8D2330A
Trade Name	: ASUS
Model Name	: Eee PC 1003HAG
3G Module	: Sierra / MC8780
FCC ID	: MSQEPC138780
Date of Testing	: Dec. 30, 2008
Issued Date of Report	: Jan. 17, 2009

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- Report Version: Rev. 01

## SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

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### 1. Statement of Compliance

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) maximum results found during testing for the **ASUSTek COMPUTER INC. ASUS Eee PC 1003HAG** are as follows (with expanded uncertainty 21.9%):

Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Body	0.022
GSM1900	Body	0.048
WCDMA Band V	Body	0.013
WCDMA Band II	Body	0.031

They are in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1999 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in and OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

Approved by

y Wu

Roy Wu Manager



## 2. Administration Data

### 2.1 Testing Laboratory

Company Name :	Sporton International Inc.
Address :	No. 52, Hwa-Ya 1 <sup>st</sup> RD., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, TaoYuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.
Test Site :	SAR01-HY
Telephone Number :	886-3-327-3456
Fax Number :	886-3-328-4978

### 2.2 Applicant

Company Name :	ASUSTek COMPUTER INC.		
Address :	4F, No. 150, Li-Te Rd., Peitou, Taipei 112, Taiwan		

### 2.3 Manufacturer

Company Name :	1. 2. 3.	PEGATRON CORPORATION Taoyuan Mfg. Protek (Shanghai) Limited. NorthTec Asis (Shanghai) Limited.
Address :	1. 2. 3.	No. 5, Shing Yeh St., Kwei Shan Hsiang, Taoyuan 333, Taiwan No. 3768, Xiu Yan Rd., Nanhui District, Shanghai, China No. 3768, Xiuyan Rd., Kangqiao Town, Nanhui District, Shanghai, 201319 China

### 2.4 Application Details

Date of reception of application:	Dec. 23, 2008
Start of test :	Dec. 30, 2008
End of test :	Dec. 30, 2008



### 3. General Information

### 3.1 Description of Device Under Test (DUT)

Product Feature & Specification			
DUT Type Eee PC			
Trade Name	ASUS		
Model Name	Eee PC 1003HAG		
FCC ID	MSQEPC138780		
3G Module	Sierra / MC8780		
GSM850 : 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900 : 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band V : 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz WCDMA Band II : 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz			
Rx Frequency	GSM850 : 869 MHz ~ 894 MHz GSM1900 : 1930 MHz ~ 1990 MHz WCDMA Band V : 869 MHz ~ 894 MHz WCDMA Band II : 1930 MHz ~ 1990 MHz		
Maximum Output Power to Antenna	GSM850 : 31.63 dBm GSM1900 : 28.46 dBm WCDMA Band V : 22.39 dBm WCDMA Band II : 22.49 dBm		
GPRS / EGPRS Multi-slot Class	12		
Antenna Type	Fixed Internal Antenna		
HW Version	1003HAG R1.2G(PR)		
SW Version	WinXP_02.04.01_2009.01.08(ENG)		
Type of Modulation	GSM / GPRS : GMSK EDGE : 8PSK WCDMA : QPSK HSDPA : QPSK / 16QAM		
DUT Stage	Production Unit		

**Note:** The WWAN and WLAN can not transmit simultaneously. The closest separation distance between WWAN and Bluetooth antenna are over 20 cm, so there is not co-location test requirement for WWAN and Bluetooth.



Accessories Specification		
	Brand Name	ASUS
	Model Name	ADP-36EH C
AC Adapter 1	Bower Boting	I/P: 100-240Vac, 50-60Hz, 1000mA;
AC Adapter 1	Power Rating	O/P: 12Vdc, 3000mA
	AC Power Cord Type	0.82 meter, non-shielded cable without ferrite core
	DC Power Cord Type	1.78 meter, shielded cable with ferrite core
	Brand Name	ASUS
	Model Name	AD6090
AC Adapter 2	Power Rating	I/P: 100-240Vac, 50-60Hz, 1000mA;
AC Adapter 2	Fower Rating	O/P: 12Vdc, 3000mA
	AC Power Cord Type	0.82 meter, non-shielded cable without ferrite core
	DC Power Cord Type	1.84 meter, shielded cable with ferrite core
	Brand Name	ASUS
	Model Name	EXA0801XA
AC Adapter 3	Power Rating	I/P: 100-240Vac, 50-60Hz, 1000mA;
AO Adapter J		O/P: 12Vdc, 3000mA
	AC Power Cord Type	0.82 meter, non-shielded cable without ferrite core
	DC Power Cord Type	1.81 meter, shielded cable with ferrite core
	Brand Name	ASUS
Battery	Model Name	AP21-1002HA
Dattery	Power Rating	7.3Vdc, 4200mAh
	Туре	Li-Polymer
Camera	Brand Name	CHICON
	Model Name	AZWAVE/AM-1B020/FW1016
LCD Panel	Brand Name	HANNSTAR
Model Name		HDC/HSD 100IFW1-A

#### **Accessories List:**

**Remark:** The above DUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

#### 3.2 Product Photos

Refer to Appendix D.

### 3.3 Applied Standards

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this Eee PC is in accordance with the following standards:

- 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- IEEE C95.1-1999
- OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
- Preliminary Guidance for Reviewing Applications for Certification of 3G Device. May 2006
- KDB 447498 D01 v03r02
- KDB 941225 D01 v02
- KDB 941225 D03 v01

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL : 886-3-327-3456 FAX : 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID : MSQEPC138780



### 3.4 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

### 3.5 Test Conditions

#### 3.5.1 Ambient Condition

Ambient Temperature	<b>20-24</b> °C
Humidity	<60%

#### 3.5.2 Test Configuration

The device was controlled by using a base station emulator R&S CMU200. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the DUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of DUT. The DUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during all tests.

For SAR testing, DUT is in GPRS or WCDMA/HSDPA link mode. In GPRS link mode, the DUT was set in GPRS multi-slot class 10 with 2 uplink slots for GSM850 and set in GPRS multi-slot class 12 with 4 uplink slots for GSM1900 due to highest RF average power. The RF average power list as follow:

Band Mode Channel	GSM 850 (dBm)			GSM 1900 (dBm)		
Mode	128	189	251	512	661	810
GPRS 8	22.63	22.52	22.41	19.46	19.36	19.75
GPRS 10	25.61	25.51	25.37	23.44	23.33	21.71
GPRS 12	22.75	22.67	22.59	25.42	25.29	24.68
EGPRS 8	17.85	17.75	17.67	16.65	16.52	15.92
EGPRS 10	20.80	20.71	20.58	19.65	19.50	19.90
EGPRS 12	23.82	23.70	23.57	22.64	22.50	21.88

The crest factor is 4 for GPRS multi-slot class 10 and 2 for GPRS multi-slot class 12. In WCDMA/HSDPA link mode, its crest factor is 1.

The WWAN and WLAN can not transmit simultaneously. The closest separation distance between WWAN and Bluetooth antenna are over 20 cm, so there is not co-location test requirement for WWAN and Bluetooth.



## 4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

### 4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

### 4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density.

 $\boldsymbol{\rho}).$  The equation description is as below:

**SAR** = 
$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

SAR = 
$$C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

, where C is the specific head capacity,  $\delta$  T is the temperature rise and  $\delta$  t the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

**SAR =** 
$$\frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

, where  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.



### 5. SAR Measurement Setup

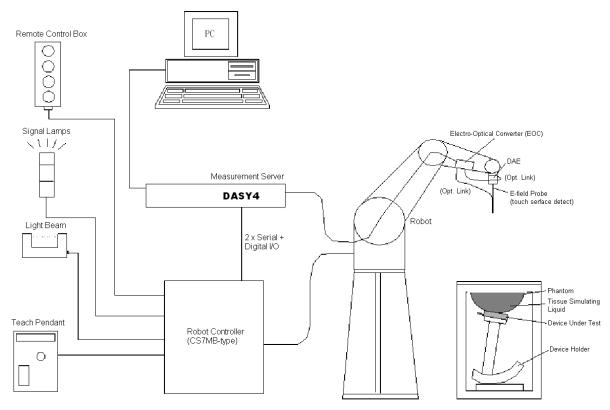


Fig. 5.1 DASY4 System

The DASY4 system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- > A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- > A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- > A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- > The electro-optical converter (ECO) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- > A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY4 software
- Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- > The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Tissue simulating liquid
- > Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Some of the components are described in details in the following sub-sections.



### 5.1 DASY4 E-Field Probe System

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

# 5.1.1 ET3DV6 E-Field Probe Specification

<e13dv6></e13dv6>					
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core				
	Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system				
	Built-in shielding against static charges				
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to	organic solvents)			
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz				
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation				
-	around probe axis)				
	± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation				
	perpendicular to probe axis)				
Dynamic Range	5µW/g to 100mW/g; Linearity:				
	±0.2dB				
Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and				
	clear liquids on reflecting surface				
Dimensions	Overall length: 330mm				
	Tip length: 16mm				
	Body diameter: 12mm				
	Tip diameter: 6.8mm				
	Distance from probe tip to dipole				
	centers: 2.7mm Fig. 5.2 Probe Setup on Robot				
Application	General dosimetry up to 3GHz				
	Compliance tests for mobile phones and Wireless LAN				
	Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms				

#### 5.1.2 ET3DV6 E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm$  10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within  $\pm$  0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data are as below:

#### Sensitivity X axis : 1.63 µV Y axis : 1.67 µV Z axis : 2.18 µV **Diode compression point** X axis : 90 mV Y axis : 93 mV Z axis : 92 mV Frequency X axis Y axis Z axis **Conversion factor** (MHz) (Head / Body) 800~1000 6.06 / 5.91 6.06 / 5.91 6.06 / 5.91 5.01 / 4.49 1850~2050 5.01 / 4.49 5.01 / 4.49 Frequency Alpha Depth **Boundary effect** (MHz) (Head / Body) 0.30 / 0.31 2.80 / 2.98 800~1000 1850~2050 0.59 / 0.68 1.96 / 1.95

#### ET3DV6 sn1787 (Cal: Aug. 26, 2008)

NOTE: The probe parameters have been calibrated by the SPEAG.



### 5.2 DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE3 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.

### 5.3<u>Robot</u>

The DASY4 system uses the high precision robots RX90BL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY4 system, the CS7MB robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The RX robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- > Jerk-free straight movements
- > Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- ➢ 6-axis controller

#### 5.4 Measurement Server

The DASY4 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with

166 MHz CPU 32 MB chipset and 64 MB RAM.

Communication with the DAE3 electronic box the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



### 5.5 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- \*Water-sugar based liquid
- \*Glycol based liquids



Fig. 5.3 Top View of Twin Phantom



Fig. 5.4 Bottom View of Twin Phantom



### 5.6 Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The SAR in the Phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm 0.5$ mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm 20\%$ . An accurate device position is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurement. The position in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

The DASY4 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY4 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivitysr =3 and loss tangent  $\delta$  = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig. 5.1 Device Holder



### 5.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

#### 5.7.1 Data Storage

The DASY4 software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### 5.7.2 Data Evaluation

The DASY4 post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software :

Probe parameters :	- Sensitivity	Norm <sub>i</sub> , a <sub>,0</sub> , a <sub>,1</sub> , a <sub>,2</sub>		
	- Conversion factor	ConvFi		
	- Diode compression point	dcp <sub>i</sub>		
Device parameters :	- Frequency	f		
	- Crest factor	cf		
Media parameters :	- Conductivity	σ		
	- Density	ρ		

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY4 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.



The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$Vi = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)  $U_i$  = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp<sub>i</sub> = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated :

E-field probes : 
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_iConvF}}$$
  
H-field probes :  $H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \frac{a_{i0+}a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$   
with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel  $i$  ( $i$  = x, y, z)  
 $Norm_i$  = sensor sensitivity of channel  $i$  ( $i$  = x, y, z)  
 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$  for E-field Probes  
 $ConvF$  = sensitivity enhancement in solution  
 $a_{ij}$  = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes  
 $f$  = carrier frequency [GHz]  
 $E_i$  = electric field strength of channel  $i$  in V/m

 $H_i$  = magnetic field strength of channel *i* in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude) :

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

SAR = 
$$E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with

SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

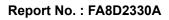
- Etot = total field strength in V/m
- $\sigma$  = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
- $\rho$  = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

\*Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 or  $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$ 

**Ppwe** = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm<sup>2</sup> with *Etot* = total electric field strength in V/m Htot = total magnetic field strength in A/m





### 5.8 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calib	ration
Manufacturer		rype/woder	Senai Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Filed Probe	ET3DV6	1787	Aug. 26, 2008	Aug. 25, 2009
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	499	Mar. 17, 2008	Mar. 16, 2010
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d041	Mar. 28, 2008	Mar. 27, 2010
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	Nov. 12, 2008	Nov. 11, 2009
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1303	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1383	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1446	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1477	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD 0VA 001 BB	1026	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD 0VA 001 BA	1029	NCR	NCR
Agilent	PNA Series Network Analyzer	E8358A	US40260131	Apr. 02, 2008	Apr. 01, 2009
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY48360383	Oct. 13, 2008	Oct. 12, 2009
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	105934	Nov. 11, 2008	Nov. 10, 2009
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070D	US01440205	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	NCR	NCR
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	NCR	NCR
R&S	Power Meter	NRVD	101394	Oct. 20, 2008	Oct. 19, 2009
R&S	Power Sensor	NRV-Z1	100130	Oct. 20, 2008	Oct. 19, 2009

Table 5.1 Test Equipment List



### 6. <u>Tissue Simulating Liquids</u>

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY4, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous tissue simulating liquid. The liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is (head SAR)or from the flat phantom to the liquid top surface (body SAR) is 15.2cm.

The following ingredients for tissue simulating liquid are used:

- > Water: deionized water (pure H20), resistivity  $\geq 16M\Omega$  as basis for the liquid
- Sugar: refined sugar in crystals, as available in food shops to reduce relative permittivity
- Salt: pure NaCl to increase conductivity
- Cellulose: Hydroxyethyl-cellulose, medium viscosity (75-125 mPa.s, 2% in water, 20°C), CAS#54290-to increase viscosity and to keep sugar in solution.
- Preservative: Preventol D-7 Bayer AG, D-51368 Leverkusen, CAS#55965-84-9- to prevent the spread of bacteria and molds.
- DGMBE: Deithlenglycol-monobuthyl ether (DGMBE), Fluka Chemie GmbH, CAS#112-34-5 to reduce relative permittivity.

Table 6.1 gives the recipes for one liter of body tissue simulating liquid for frequency band 850MHz and	
1900 MHz.	

Ingredient	MSL-850	MSL-1900
Water	631.68 g	716.56 g
Cellulose	0 g	0 g
Salt	11.72 g	4.0 g
Preventol D-7	1.2 g	0 g
Sugar	600.0 g	0 g
DGMBE	0 g	300.67 g
Total amount	1 liter (1.3 kg)	1 liter (1.0 kg)
Dielectric Parameters at 22°	f=835 MHz	f= 1900 MHz
	ε <sub>r</sub> = 55.2±5%,	ε <sub>r</sub> = 53.3±5 %,
	σ= 0.97±5% S/m	σ= 1.52±5% S/m

Table 6.1 Recipes for Tissue Simulating Liquid

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070D Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.



Band	Temperature (℃)	Frequency (MHz)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)	Measurement date	
		824.2	0.943	52.8		
GSM850	21.4	836.4	0.956	52.7	Dec. 30, 2008	
		848.8	0.969	52.6		
		1850.2	1.480	51.1		
GSM1900	21.5	1880.0	1.510	51.0	Dec. 30, 2008	
		1909.8	1.540	50.9		
		826.4	0.946	52.8		
WCDMA Band V	21.4	836.4	0.956	52.7	Dec. 30, 2008	
		846.6	0.967	52.6		
		1852.4	1.480	51.1		
WCDMA Band II	21.5	1880.0	1.510	51.0	Dec. 30, 2008	
		1907.6	1.540	50.9		

Table 6.2 shows the measuring results for muscle simulating liquid.

Table 6.2 Measuring Results for Simulating Liquid

The measuring data are consistent with  $\varepsilon_r$  = 55.2 ± 5% and  $\sigma$ = 0.97 ± 5% for body GSM850 and WCDMA Band V and  $\varepsilon_r$  = 53.3 ± 5% and  $\sigma$ = 1.52 ± 5% for body GSM1900 and WCDMA Band II.



### 7. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 7.1

Uncertainty Distributions Normal		Rectangular	Triangular	U-shape	
Multiplying factor <sup>(a)</sup>	1/k <sup>(b)</sup>	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2	

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b)  $\kappa$  is the coverage factor

#### Table 7.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY4 uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 7.2.



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability Distribution			Standard Unc. (1g)	vi or Veff
Measurement Equipment						
Probe Calibration	±5.9 %	Normal	1	1	±5.9 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	0.7	±1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	Rectangular	√3	0.7	±3.9 %	8
Boundary Effects	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.6 %	∞
Linearity	±4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.7 %	8
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.6 %	8
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	Normal	1	1	±0.3 %	8
Response Time	±0.8 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.5 %	8
Integration Time	±2.6 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.5 %	8
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.7 %	8
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.7 %	8
Probe Positioner	±0.4 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.2 %	8
Probe Positioning	±2.9 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.7 %	8
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.6 %	8
Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	±2.9 %	Normal	1	1	±2.9	145
Device Holder	±3.6 %	Normal	1	1	±3.6	5
Power Drift	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.9	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	0.64	±1.8	8
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5 %	Normal	1	0.64	±1.6	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5 %	Normal	1	0.6	±1.5	8
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>					±10.9	387
Coverage Factor for 95 %		K=2				
Expanded uncertainty (Coverage factor = 2)					±21.9	

Table 7.2 Uncertainty Budget of DASY4



### 8. SAR Measurement Evaluation

Each DASY4 system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY4 software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

### 8.1 Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

### 8.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 835 MHz and 1900 MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

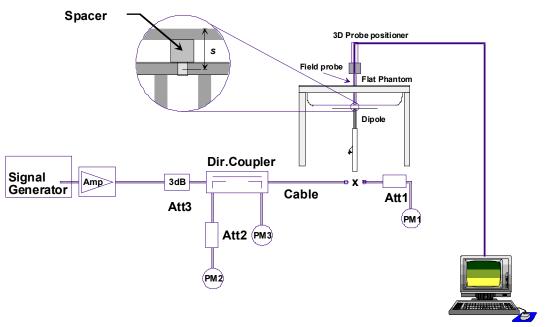


Fig. 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation



- 1. Signal Generator
- 2. Amplifier
- 3. Directional Coupler
- 4. Power Meter
- 5. 835 MHz or 1900 MHz Dipole

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.



Fig 8.2 Dipole Setup

### 8.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 8.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion.

Frequency	SAR	Target (W/kg)	Measurement data (W/kg)	Variation	Measurement date
835MHz	SAR (1g)	9.52	10.1	6.1 %	Dec. 30, 2008
000INILIZ	SAR (10g)	6.37	6.61	3.8 %	Dec. 30, 2000
1000141-7	SAR (1g)	40.1	40.3	0.5 %	Dec. 30, 2008
1900MHz	SAR (10g)	21.3	21.2	-0.5 %	Dec. 30, 2008

Table 8.1	Target and	Measurement	SAR after	Normalized
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# 9. Description for DUT Testing Position

This DUT was tested in one position only, which was bottom of the DUT with gap 0 cm. (Please refer to Appendix E for the test setup photos.)



### 10. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- Linking DUT with base station emulator CMU200
- Setting CMU200 to allow DUT to radiate maximum output power
- > Measuring output power through RF cable and power meter
- > Placing the DUT in the positions described in the last section
- Setting scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY4 software
- > Taking data for the lowest, middle and highest channels

According to the OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- > Power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- > Power reference measurement

#### 10.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY4 software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.



The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

### 10.2<u>Scan Procedures</u>

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 1 g.

### 10.3 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY4, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.



# 11. SAR Test Results

### 11.1 Conducted Power

Band Channel	GSM 850 (dBm)			GSM 1900 (dBm)			
Mode Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810	
GPRS 8	31.63	31.52	31.41	28.46	28.36	27.75	
GPRS 10	31.61	31.51	31.37	28.44	28.33	27.71	
GPRS 12	25.75	25.67	25.59	28.42	28.29	27.68	
EGPRS 8	26.85	26.75	26.67	25.65	25.52	24.92	
EGPRS 10	26.80	26.71	26.58	25.65	25.50	24.90	
EGPRS 12	26.82	26.70	26.57	25.64	25.50	24.88	

Band Mode Channel		WCDMA Band V (dBm)			WCDMA Band II (dBm)			
Mode		4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538	
12.2K		22.38	22.14	22.39	22.49	22.14	22.13	
	Subtest-1	22.18	22.10	22.32	22.45	22.17	21.98	
12.2K+HSDPA	Subtest-2	21.16	21.10	21.57	21.61	21.37	21.12	
12.2K+HSDPA	Subtest-3	19.46	19.39	19.45	20.00	19.68	19.31	
	Subtest-4	18.78	18.82	18.90	19.39	18.99	18.89	



### 11.2 Test Records for Body SAR Test

Position	Band	Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Modulation Type	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Result
Bottom of the DUT With 0 cm Gap	GSM850 (GPRS 10)	189	836.4	GMSK	0.018	1.6	Pass
Bottom of the DUT With 0 cm Gap	GSM850 (GPRS 10)	128	824.2	GMSK	0.019	1.6	Pass
Bottom of the DUT With 0cm Gap	GSM850 (GPRS 10)	251	848.8	GMSK	0.022	1.6	Pass
Bottom of the DUT With 0 cm Gap	GSM1900 (GPRS 12)	512	1850.2	GMSK	0.048	1.6	Pass
Bottom of the DUT With 0 cm Gap	GSM1900 (GPRS 12)	661	1880.0	GMSK	0.042	1.6	Pass
Bottom of the DUT With 0 cm Gap	GSM1900 (GPRS 12)	810	1909.8	GMSK	0.031	1.6	Pass
Bottom of the DUT With 0 cm Gap	WCDMA Band V (RMC 12.2K)	4182	836.4	QPSK	0.013	1.6	Pass
Bottom of the DUT With 0 cm Gap	WCDMA Band V (RMC 12.2K+HSDPA)	4182	836.4	QPSK / 16QAM	0.013	1.6	Pass
Bottom of the DUT With 0 cm Gap	WCDMA Band V (RMC 12.2K)	4132	826.4	QPSK	0.010	1.6	Pass
Bottom of the DUT With 0 cm Gap	WCDMA Band V (RMC 12.2K)	4233	846.6	QPSK	0.013	1.6	Pass
Bottom of the DUT With 0 cm Gap	WCDMA Band II (RMC 12.2K)	9400	1880.0	QPSK	0.020	1.6	Pass
Bottom of the DUT With 0 cm Gap	WCDMA Band II (RMC 12.2K+HSDPA)	9400	1880.0	QPSK / 16QAM	0.018	1.6	Pass
Bottom of the DUT With 0 cm Gap	WCDMA Band II (RMC 12.2K)	9262	1852.4	QPSK	0.031	1.6	Pass
Bottom of the DUT With 0 cm Gap	WCDMA Band II (RMC 12.2K)	9538	1907.6	QPSK	0.015	1.6	Pass

Test Engineer : Gordon Lin, Jason Wang, and Eric Huang



### 12. <u>References</u>

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] IEEE Std. P1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", April 21, 2003
- [3] Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), "Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to RF Emissions", June 2001
- [4] IEEE Std. C95.1-1999, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", 1999
- [5] Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148
- [6] DASY4 System Handbook



### Appendix A - System Performance Check Data

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2008/12/30

#### System Check\_Body\_835MHz\_081230

#### DUT: Dipole 835 MHz

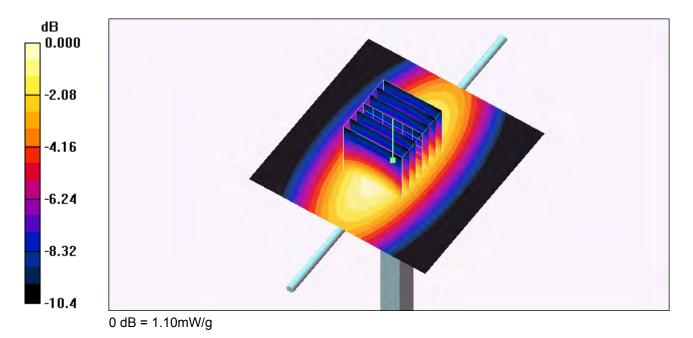
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL\_850 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.955 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 52.7;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(5.91, 5.91, 5.91); Calibrated: 2008/8/26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0\_Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.09 mW/g

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 35.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.021 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.41 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.01 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.661 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 mW/g





#### System Check\_Body\_1900MHz\_081230

#### DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz

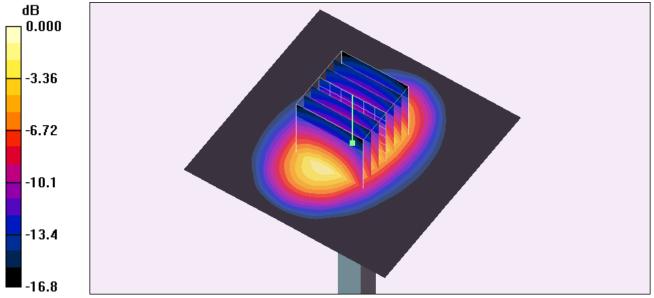
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL\_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.53 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 50.9;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Ambient Temperature : 23.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

**DASY4** Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2008/8/26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0\_Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.61 mW/g

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 57.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.007 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.35 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 4.03 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.54 mW/g

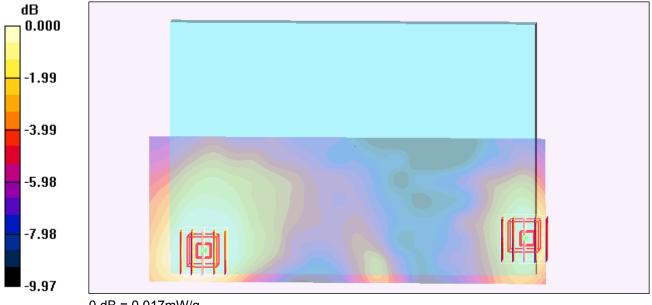


 $0 \, dB = 4.54 \, mW/g$ 



### Appendix B - SAR Measurement Data

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2008/12/30 Body GSM850 Ch251 Bottom of the DUT with 0 cm Gap GPRS10 DUT: 8D2330 Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4 Medium: MSL\_850 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.969 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 52.6;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(5.91, 5.91, 5.91); Calibrated: 2008/8/26 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12 - Phantom: ELI 4.0 Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184 Ch251/Area Scan (71x191x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.022 mW/g Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.82 V/m; Power Drift = 0.157 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.029 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.022 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.015 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.024 mW/g Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.82 V/m; Power Drift = 0.157 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.025 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.016 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.011 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.017 mW/g



0 dB = 0.017mW/g



#### Body\_GSM1900 Ch512\_Bottom of the DUT with 0 cm Gap\_GPRS12

#### DUT: 8D2330

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium: MSL\_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.48 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 51.1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

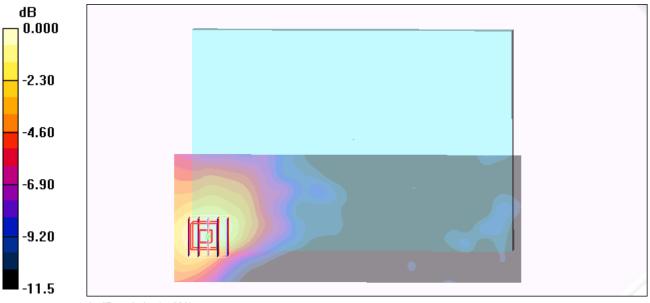
**DASY4** Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2008/8/26

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0\_Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Ch512/Area Scan (71x191x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.051 mW/g

#### Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.40 V/m; Power Drift = 0.113 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.102 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.048 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.030 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.051 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 0.051 mW/g$ 



#### Body\_WCDMA850 Ch4233\_Bottom of the DUT with 0 cm Gap\_RMC12.2K

#### DUT: 8D2330

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 846.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL\_850 Medium parameters used: f = 847 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.967 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 52.6;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Ambient Temperature : 22.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

**DASY4** Configuration:

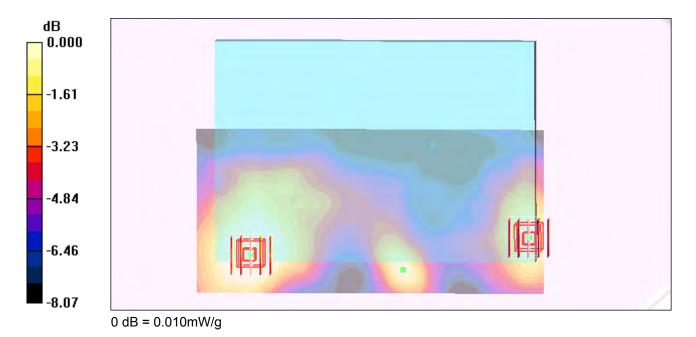
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(5.91, 5.91, 5.91); Calibrated: 2008/8/26

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0\_Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Ch4233/Area Scan (91x191x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.015 mW/g

Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.065 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.016 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.013 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00966 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.014 mW/g

Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.065 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.013 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.00969 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00704 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.010 mW/g



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#### Body\_WCDMA1900 Ch9262\_Bottom of the DUT with 0 cm Gap\_RMC12.2K

#### DUT: 8D2330

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL\_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.48 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 51.1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Ambient Temperature : 22.9 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

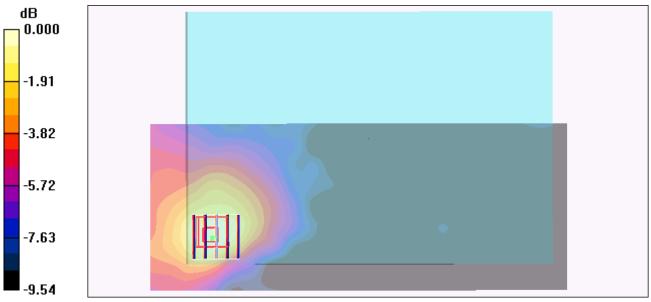
**DASY4** Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2008/8/26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0\_Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Ch9262/Area Scan (81x201x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.033 mW/g

#### **Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.179 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.050 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.031 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.020 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.033 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 0.033 mW/g$ 



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing LabDate: 2008/12/30Body\_GSM850 Ch251\_Bottom of the DUT with 0 cm Gap\_GPRS10\_2D

#### DUT: 8D2330

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4 Medium: MSL\_850 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.969 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 52.6;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

**DASY4** Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(5.91, 5.91, 5.91); Calibrated: 2008/8/26

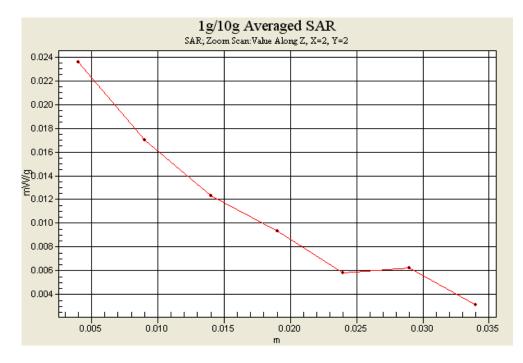
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12

- Phantom: ELI 4.0\_Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Ch251/Area Scan (71x191x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.022 mW/g Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.82 V/m; Power Drift = 0.157 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.029 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.022 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.015 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.024 mW/g Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.82 V/m; Power Drift = 0.157 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.025 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.016 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.011 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.017 mW/g





Date: 2008/12/30

Body\_GSM1900 Ch512\_Bottom of the DUT with 0 cm Gap\_GPRS12\_2D DUT: 8D2330 Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium: MSL\_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.48 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 51.1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2008/8/26

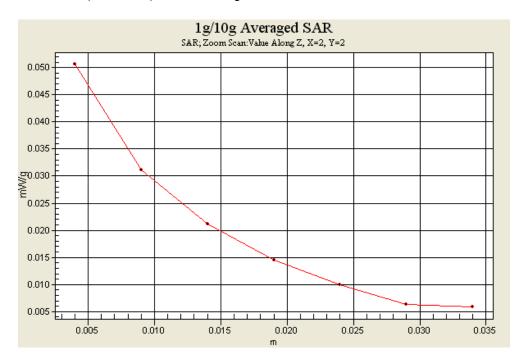
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0\_Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Ch512/Area Scan (71x191x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.051 mW/g Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.40 V/m; Power Drift = 0.113 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.102 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.048 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.030 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.051 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2008/12/30

#### Body\_WCDMA850 Ch4233\_Bottom of the DUT with 0 cm Gap\_RMC12.2K\_2D

#### DUT: 8D2330

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 846.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL\_850 Medium parameters used: f = 847 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.967 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 52.6;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Ambient Temperature : 22.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

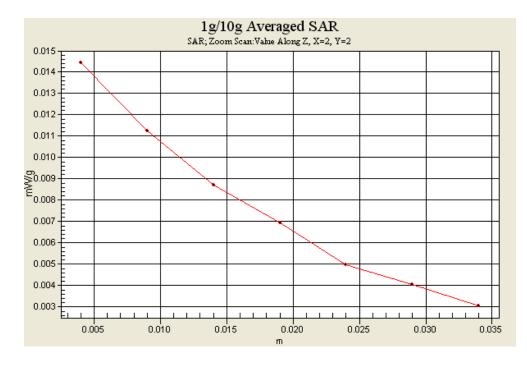
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(5.91, 5.91, 5.91); Calibrated: 2008/8/26

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0\_Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Ch4233/Area Scan (91x191x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.015 mW/g Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.065 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.016 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.013 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00966 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.014 mW/g Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.065 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.013 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.00969 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00704 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.010 mW/g



**SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.** TEL : 886-3-327-3456 FAX : 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID : MSQEPC138780

Report Issued Date : Jan. 17, 2009 Report Version : Rev. 01



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2008/12/30

#### Body\_WCDMA1900 Ch9262\_Bottom of the DUT with 0 cm Gap\_RMC12.2K\_2D

#### DUT: 8D2330

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL\_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.48 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 51.1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Ambient Temperature : 22.9 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

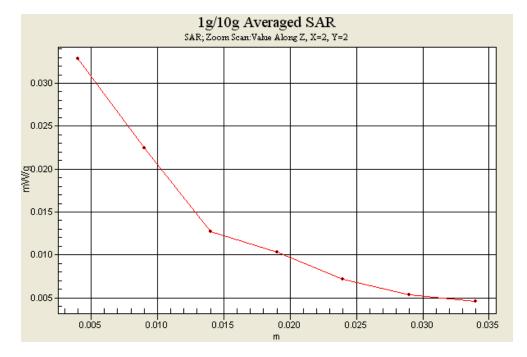
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2008/8/26

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0\_Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Ch9262/Area Scan (81x201x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.033 mW/g

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.179 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.050 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.031 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.020 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.033 mW/g





### Appendix C – Calibration Data

Please refer to the calibration certificates of DASY as below.

# EPORTON LAE. Calibration Certificate of DASY

	ch, Switzerland	RIGRATE S S	ervizio svizzero di taratura wiss Calibration Service
ccredited by the Swiss Accred he Swiss Accreditation Servic luitilateral Agreement for the r	e is one of the signatorie		.: SCS 108
Client Sporton (Aude			835V2-499_Mar08
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICATE		
Object	D835V2 - SN: 49	9	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	March 17, 2008		
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance		
The measurements and the unce	ertainties with confidence p	onal standards, which realize the physical units of robability are given on the following pages and an y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and	e part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M&	ertainties with confidence protocol and the closed laborator TE critical for calibration)	robability are given on the following pages and an y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and	e part of the certificate. d humidity < 70%.
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards	ertainties with confidence protected in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration)	robability are given on the following pages and an y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	e part of the certificate. d humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A	ertainties with confidence protected in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704	robability are given on the following pages and an y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	e part of the certificate. d humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-08
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduin Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A	ertainties with confidence protected in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration)	robability are given on the following pages and an y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	e part of the certificate. d humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduin Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ertainties with confidence protected in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783	robability are given on the following pages and an y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	e part of the certificate. d humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-08 Oct-08
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu- Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2	ertainties with confidence pro- cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g)	robability are given on the following pages and an y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 04-Dct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) 04-Dct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) 07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	e part of the certificate. d humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-08 Oct-08 Aug-08
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4	ertainties with confidence pro- cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 3025	robability are given on the following pages and an y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) 07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718) 01-Mar-08 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Mar08)	e part of the certificate. d humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-08 Oct-08 Aug-08 Mar-09
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduin Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A	ertainties with confidence pro- cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 3025 SN 909 ID # ID # MY41092317	robability are given on the following pages and an y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) 07-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) 07-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00718) 01-Mar-08 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Mar08) 03-Sep-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-909_Sep07) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	e part of the certificate. d humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-08 Oct-08 Aug-08 Mar-09 Sep-08 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-09
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduin Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	ertainties with confidence pro- cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 3025 SN 909 ID # ID # MY41092317 100005	robability are given on the following pages and an ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) 07-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) 07-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00718) 01-Mar-08 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Mar08) 03-Sep-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-909_Sep07) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07) 04-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	e part of the certificate. d humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-08 Oct-08 Aug-08 Mar-09 Sep-08 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-09 In house check: Oct-09
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduin Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	ertainties with confidence pro- cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 3025 SN 909 ID # ID # MY41092317	robability are given on the following pages and an y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) 07-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) 07-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00718) 01-Mar-08 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Mar08) 03-Sep-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-909_Sep07) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	e part of the certificate. d humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-08 Oct-08 Aug-08 Mar-09 Sep-08 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-09
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduin Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	ertainties with confidence pro- cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 3025 SN 909 ID # ID # MY41092317 100005	robability are given on the following pages and an ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) 07-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) 07-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00718) 01-Mar-08 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Mar08) 03-Sep-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-909_Sep07) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07) 04-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	e part of the certificate. d humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-08 Oct-08 Aug-08 Mar-09 Sep-08 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-09 In house check: Oct-09
The measurements and the unce	artainties with confidence proceed in the closed laborator           TE critical for calibration)           ID #           GB37480704           US37292783           SN: 5086 (20g)           SN: 3025           SN 909           ID #           MY41092317           100005           US37390585 S4206	robability are given on the following pages and an y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) 07-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00738) 01-Mar-08 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Mar08) 03-Sep-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-909_Sep07) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07) 04-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07) 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	e part of the certificate. d humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-08 Oct-08 Aug-08 Mar-09 Sep-08 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-09 In house check: Oct-09 In house check: Oct-08
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduin Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	artainties with confidence proceed           acted in the closed laborator           TE critical for calibration)           ID #           GB37480704           US37292783           SN: 5086 (20g)           SN: 3025           SN 909           ID #           MY41092317           100005           US37390585 S4206           Name	robability are given on the following pages and an y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) 07-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00738) 01-Mar-08 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Mar08) 03-Sep-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-909_Sep07) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07) 04-Aug-89 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07) 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07) Function	e part of the certificate. d humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-08 Oct-08 Aug-08 Mar-09 Sep-08 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-09 In house check: Oct-09 In house check: Oct-08

Certificate No: D835V2-499\_Mar08

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura S swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D835V2-499\_Mar08

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#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

.

Head TSL parameters The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.5 ± 6 %	0.90 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.29 mW/g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.16 mW/g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters 1	normalized to 1W	9.16 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)
CAD averaged avera 40 am <sup>3</sup> (40 a) of Head TCI	andition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition -	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	1.50 mW/g
		1.50 mW/g 6.00 mW/g

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<sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Certificate No: D835V2-499\_Mar08

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#### **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

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	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.0 ± 6 %	1.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C		

. .

#### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.46 mW/g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.84 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>	normalized to 1W	9.52 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.63 mW/g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.52 mW/g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>	normalized to 1W	6.37 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

<sup>2</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Certificate No: D835V2-499\_Mar08

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#### Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.9 Ω - 2.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.9 dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	<b>49.2</b> Ω <b>-</b> 3.3 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 29.3 dB	

#### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.392 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipcle near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 10, 2003

Certificate No: D835V2-499\_Mar08

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#### DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 17.03.2008 11:32:45

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:499

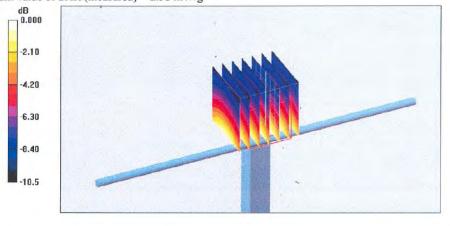
Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL 900 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.9 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 41.5;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3025; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 01.03.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn909; Calibrated: 03.09.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

#### Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

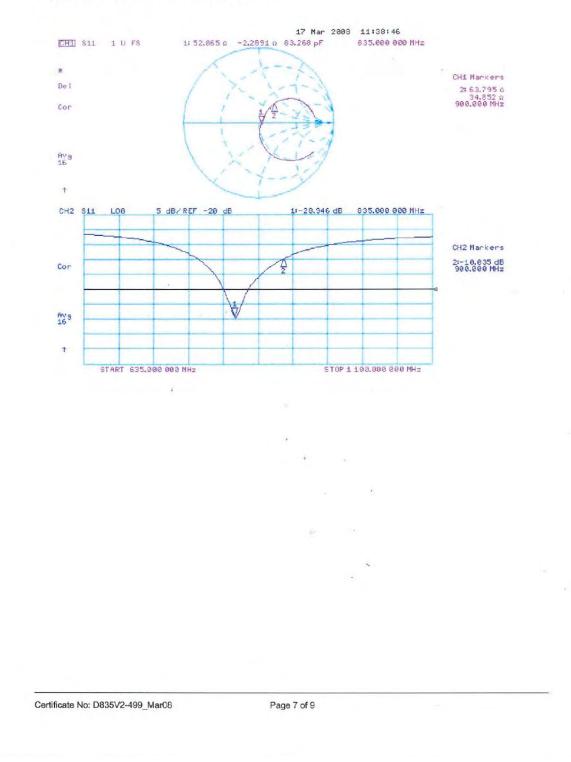
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 54.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.005 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.34 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.29 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.5 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.58 mW/g



0 dB = 2.58 mW/g

Certificate No: D835V2-499\_Mar08

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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

#### DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 10.03.2008 12:48:36

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:499

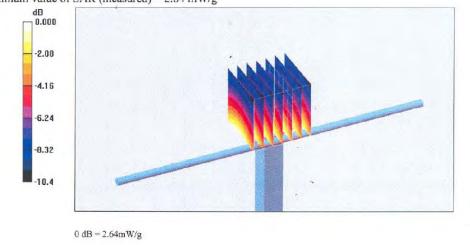
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL900; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 1$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3025; ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 01.03.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn909; Calibrated: 03.09.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

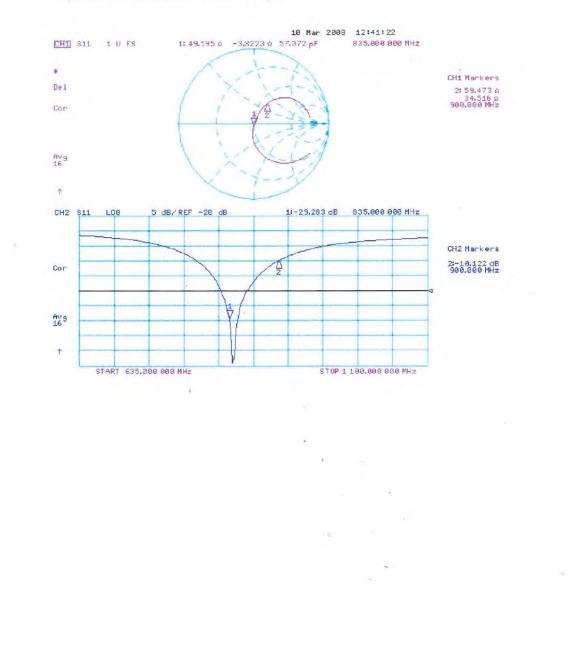
#### Pin = 250mW, d = 15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

```
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 51.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.036 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.59 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.46 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 mW/g
```



Certificate No: D835V2-499\_Mar08

Page 8 of 9



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

Certificate No: D835V2-499\_Mar08

Page 9 of 9



Engineering AG eughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zuri		HAC-MRA C C Z C S	ervice suisse d'étalonnage ervizio svizzero di taratura wiss Calibration Service
Accredited by the Swiss Federal The Swiss Accreditation Servio Aultilateral Agreement for the	e is one of the signatorie	es to the EA	.: 303 108
Client Sporton (Aude	-		01900V2-5d041_Mar08
	CERTIFICATE		
Object	D1900V2 - SN: 5	5d041	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	March 18, 2008		
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance		
This calibration certificate docun The measurements and the unc	ertainties with confidence p	onal standards, which realize the physical units o robability are given on the following pages and ar ry facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C an	e part of the certificate.
This calibration certificate docun The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condu	ertainties with confidence p	robability are given on the following pages and ar	e part of the certificate.
This calibration certificate docun The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards	ertainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration)	robability are given on the following pages and ar ny facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C an Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	e part of the certificate. d humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
This calibration certificate docun The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A	ertainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704	robability are given on the following pages and ar ny facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C an Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	e part of the certificate. d humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-08
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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d041\_Mar08

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#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

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#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.2 ± 6 %	1.47 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.1 ± 0.2) °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 mW/g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	40.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters 1	normalized to 1W	39.5 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

entrationagou oren in entre (in g) entreau re-	Contaition	the second se
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.20 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	20.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters 1	·normalized to 1W	20.6 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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<sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d041\_Mar08

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#### **Body TSL parameters**

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.6 ± 6 %	1.57 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.4 ± 0.2) °C		

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#### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.4 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	41.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>	normalized to 1W	40.1 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
• • •	condition 250 mW input power	5.44 mW / g
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL SAR measured SAR normalized		5.44 mW / g 21.8 mW / g

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<sup>2</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

i.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d041\_Mar08

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#### Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	<b>54.0</b> Ω + <b>5.1</b> jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.2 dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.0 Ω + 6.1 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 23.6 dB	

#### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.199 ns	
----------------------------------	----------	--

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 04, 2003

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d041\_Mar08

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#### DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 18.03.2008 12:05:10

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d041

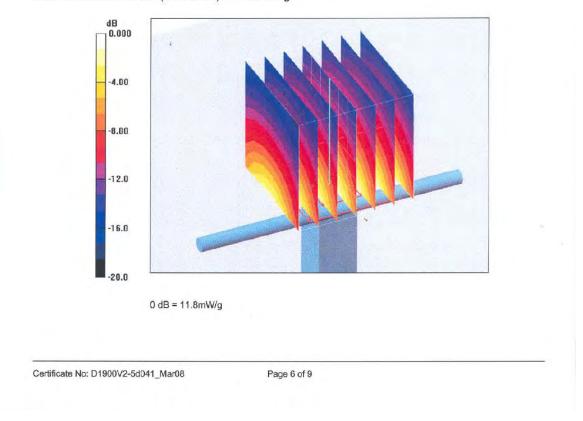
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL U10 BB; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.47 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 40.2;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

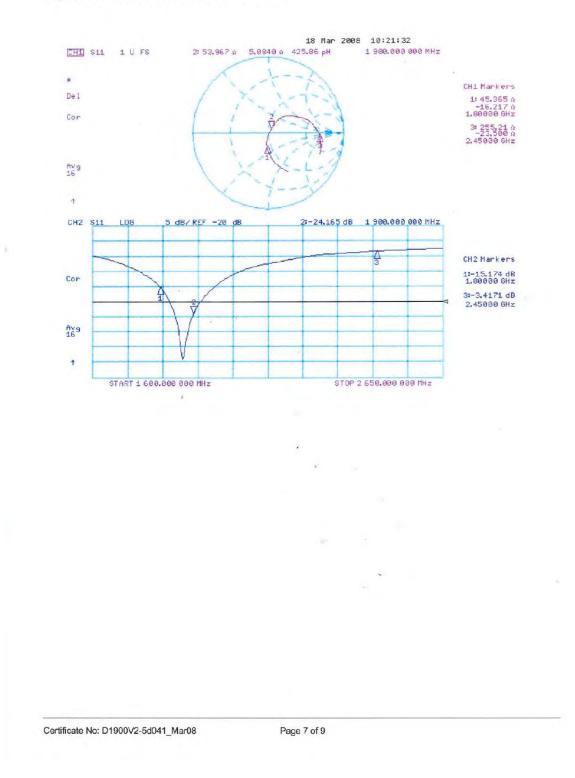
**DASY4** Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3025; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 01.03.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn909; Calibrated: 03.09.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

#### Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 91.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.2 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.8 mW/g





1 8

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

#### DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 14.03.2008 13:22:24

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d041

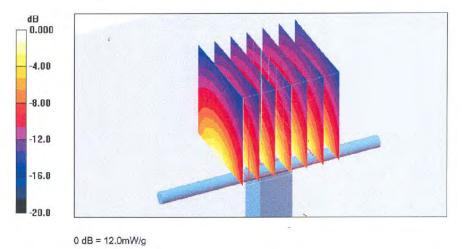
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL U10 BB; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.57 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 51.7;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3025; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 01.03.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn909; Calibrated: 03.09.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

#### Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 89.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.004 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.6 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.44 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.0 mW/g



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#### DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 14.03.2008 13:22:24

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d041

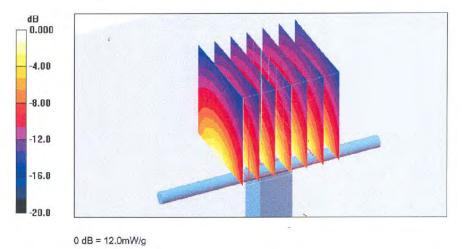
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL U10 BB; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.57 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 51.7;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3025; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 01.03.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn909; Calibrated: 03.09.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

#### Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 89.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.004 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.6 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.44 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.0 mW/g



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#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage С Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates Accreditation No.: SCS 108

lient Sporton (Auden)			te No: DAE3-577_Nov08
CALIBRATION CI	ERTIFICATE		
Object	DAE3 - SD 000 D	03 AA - SN: 577	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v12 Calibration proceed	lure for the data acquisition	electronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	November 12, 200	08	
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance		
The measurements and the uncerta	ainties with confidence pro	nal standards, which realize the physic obability are given on the following page facility: environment temperature (22	es and are part of the certificate.
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702 Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 6295803 SN: 0810278	30-Sep-08 (No: 7673) 30-Sep-08 (No: 7670)	Sep-09 Sep-09
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Calibrator Box V1.1	SE UMS 006 AB 1004	06-Jun-08 (in house check)	In house check: Jun-09
		4	
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Andrea Guntli	Technician	Signature
	Andrea Guntli Fin Bomholt	Technician R&D Director	i.V. Roumer
Calibrated by: Approved by:	Fin Bomholt		Issued: November 12, 2008

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary

DAE

data acquisition electronics information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot Connector angle coordinate system.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle . mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a . result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of . the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an . input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of . zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset . current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE3-577\_Nov08

#### DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

 High Range:
 1LSB =
  $6.1\mu$ V,
 full range =
 -100...+300 mV

 Low Range:
 1LSB =
 61nV,
 full range =
 -10...+3mV 

 DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time:
 3 sec; Measuring time:
 3 sec

<b>Calibration Factors</b>	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.437 ± 0.1% (k=2)	403.882 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.321 ± 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.93985 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.94699 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.94542 ± 0.7% (k=2)

. .

#### **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	268 ° ± 1 °

Certificate No: DAE3-577\_Nov08

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#### Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Input (µV)	Reading (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200000	200000.5	. 0.00
Channel X + Input	20000	20006.28	0.03
Channel X - Input	20000	-19997.96	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	200000	199999.8	0.00
Channel Y + Input	20000	20003.35	0.02
Channel Y - Input	20000	-20003.31	0.02
Channel Z + Input	200000	200000.3	0.00
Channel Z + Input	20000	20006.28	0.03
Channel Z - Input	20000	-19999.42	0.00

Low Range	Input (µV)	Reading (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel X + Input	200	200.64	0.32
Channel X - Input	200	-199.61	-0.19
Channel Y + Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel Y + Input	200	199.39	-0.31
Channel Y - Input	200	-201.03	0.52
Channel Z + Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200	199.42	-0.29
Channel Z - Input	200	-200.73	0.36

2. Common mode sensitivity DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (µV)
Channel X	200	13.38	13.83
	- 200	-13.53	-13.82
Channel Y	200	-5.55	-6.09
	- 200	5.06	5.66
Channel Z	200	-1.00	-0.72
	- 200	-0.80	-0.52

#### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200	-	1.66	0.50
Channel Y	200	1.90	-	3.95
Channel Z	200	-0.95	0.48	-

Certificate No: DAE3-577\_Nov08

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#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15967	_ 16080
Channel Y	15851	16385
Channel Z	16197	16100

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input  $10 M \Omega$ 

	Average (µV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	1.13	-1.22	2.29	0.58
Channel Y	-1.51	-2.99	0.83	0.52
Channel Z	0.02	-0.89	0.92	0.38

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### 7. Input Resistance

	Zeroing (MOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	0.2000	198.6
Channel Y	0.2001	199.4
Channel Z	0.2000	198.8

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC	)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	*	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	+	-7.6	

#### 9. Power Consumption (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.0	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Certificate No: DAE3-577\_Nov08



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ccredited by the Swiss Accredita ne Swiss Accreditation Service ultilateral Agreement for the re	e is one of the signatori	es to the EA	tion No.: SCS 108
lient Sporton (Aude	n)	Certificate	No: ET3-1787_Aug08
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICAT	E	
Dbject	ET3DV6 - SN:1	787	
Calibration procedure(s)		and QA CAL-23.v3 edure for dosimetric E-field prol	bes
Calibration date:	August 26, 2008	3	
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance		
The measurements and the unce	ertainties with confidence	tional standards, which realize the physical probability are given on the following pages ory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3	and are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unce	ertainties with confidence cted in the closed laborati	probability are given on the following pages ory facility: environment temperature (22 ± :	and are part of the certificate.
he measurements and the unce Il calibrations have been condui alibration Equipment used (M&	ertainties with confidence cted in the closed laborati	probability are given on the following pages ory facility: environment temperature (22 ± :	and are part of the certificate.
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The measurements and the unce all calibrations have been conduct calibration Equipment used (M& rimary Standards lower meter E44198 lower sensor E4412A	ertainties with confidence cted in the closed laborati TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41495277	cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	and are part of the certificate. 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-09 Apr-09
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A	ertainties with confidence cted in the closed laborati TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087	probability are given on the following pages ory facility: environment temperature (22 ± : Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1.Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) 1.Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) 1.Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	and are part of the certificate. 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-09 Apr-09 Apr-09 Apr-09
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduin Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator	ertainties with confidence cted in the closed laborati TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c)	probability are given on the following pages ory facility: environment temperature (22 ± : Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) 1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00865)	and are part of the certificate. 3)*C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-09 Apr-09 Apr-09 Apr-09 Jul-09
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduit Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ertainties with confidence cted in the closed laborati TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b)	probability are given on the following pages ory facility: environment temperature (22 ± : Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) 1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00785) 31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787)	and are part of the certificate. 3)*C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-09 Apr-09 Jul-09 Jul-09 Apr-09
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	ertainties with confidence cted in the closed laborati TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5054 (3cb) SN: S5129 (30b)	Cal Date (Certificate No.)           1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)           1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)           1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)           1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00788)           1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00788)           1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00785)           1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00785)           1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00785)           1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00785)	and are part of the certificate. 3)*C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-09 Apr-09 Jul-09 Jul-09 Jul-09 Jul-09
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2	ertainties with confidence cted in the closed laborati TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b)	probability are given on the following pages ory facility: environment temperature (22 ± : Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) 1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00785) 31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787)	and are part of the certificate. 3)*C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-09 Apr-09 Jul-09 Jul-09 Apr-09
The measurements and the unce	ertainties with confidence cted in the closed laborati TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013	cal Date (Certificate No.)           1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)           1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00786)           2-Jul-08 (No. 217-00786)           2-Jan-08 (No. ES3-3013_Jan08)	and are part of the certificate. 3)*C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-09 Apr-09 Jul-09 Jul-09 Jul-09 Jan-09
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&' Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ertainties with confidence cted in the closed laborati TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5056 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660	Cal Date (Certificate No.)           1.Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)           1.Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)           1.Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)           1.Jul-08 (No. 217-00788)           1.Jul-08 (No. 217-00787)           1.Jul-08 (No. 217-00787)           2.Jan-08 (No. 217-00866)           2.Jan-08 (No. 217-00866)           3.Sep-07 (No. DAE4-660_Sep07)	and are part of the certificate. 3)*C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-09 Apr-09 Apr-09 Jul-09 Jul-09 Jul-09 Jul-09 Jul-09 Sep-08
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	ertainties with confidence cted in the closed laborati TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID #	probability are given on the following pages ory facility: environment temperature (22 ± : Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) 1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00788) 1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00787) 1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00787) 1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00865) 2-Jan-08 (No. ES3-3013_Jan08) 3-Sep-07 (No. DAE4-660_Sep07) Check Date (in house)	and are part of the certificate. 3)*C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-09 Apr-09 Jul-09 Jul-09 Jul-09 Jul-09 Jul-09 Sep-08 Scheduled Check
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 90 dB Attenuator Reference 91 dB Attenuator Reference 91 dB Attenuator Reference 92 dB Attenuator Reference 91 dB Attenuator Reference 9	ertainties with confidence cted in the closed laborati TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID # US3642U01700 US37390585 Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.)           1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)           1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)           1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)           1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00785)           1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00785)           1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00785)           1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00787)           1-Superior           Check Date (in house)           4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)           18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07)           Function	and are part of the certificate. 3)*C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-09 Apr-09 Apr-09 Jul-09 Jul-09 Jul-09 Jan-09 Sep-08 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-09
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4	ertainties with confidence cted in the closed laborati TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID # US3642U01700 US37390585	Cal Date (Certificate No.)           1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)           1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)           1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)           1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)           1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00785)           1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00785)           1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00785)           31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787)           1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00786)           2-Jan-08 (No. ES3-3013_Jan08)           3-Sep-07 (No. DAE4-660_Sep07)           Check Date (in house)           4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)           18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07)	and are part of the certificate. 3)*C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-09 Apr-09 Jul-09 Jul-09 Jul-09 Jan-09 Sep-08 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-09 In house check: Oct-08
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB At	ertainties with confidence cted in the closed laborati TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID # US3642U01700 US37390585 Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.)           1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)           1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)           1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)           1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00785)           1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00785)           1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00785)           1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00787)           1-Superior           Check Date (in house)           4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)           18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07)           Function	and are part of the certificate. 3)*C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-09 Apr-09 Jul-09 Jul-09 Jul-09 Jan-09 Sep-08 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-09 In house check: Oct-08

Certificate No: ET3-1787\_Aug08

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**Calibration Laboratory of** Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization $\phi$	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y, z does not effect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency response (see Frequency Response Chart). This . linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- · DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Certificate No: ET3-1787\_Aug08

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August 26, 2008

# Probe ET3DV6

## SN:1787

Manufactured: Last calibrated: Recalibrated: May 28, 2003 August 28, 2007 August 26, 2008

Calibrated for DASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ET3-1787\_Aug08

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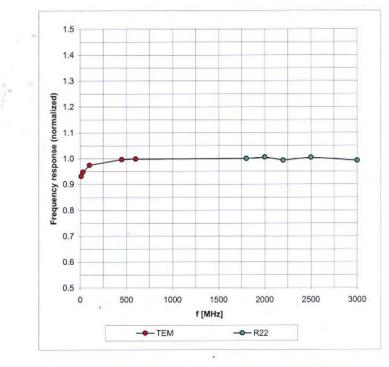
SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

ET3DV6 SN:1787 August 26, 2008 DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1787 Diode Compression<sup>B</sup> Sensitivity in Free Space<sup>A</sup>  $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ NormX 1.63 ± 10.1% DCP X 90 mV  $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ DCP Y 93 mV NormY 1.67 ± 10.1%  $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ DCP Z 92 mV NormZ 2.18 ± 10.1% Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors) Please see Page 8. Boundary Effect TSL 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance 3.7 mm 4.7 mm 7.5 SAR<sub>be</sub> [%] Without Correction Algorithm 11.3 0.5 SARbe [%] With Correction Algorithm 0.8 TSL 1750 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance 3.7 mm 4.7 mm SARbe [%] Without Correction Algorithm 10.1 6.5 SARbe [%] With Correction Algorithm 0.8 0.6 Sensor Offset Probe Tip to Sensor Center 2.7 mm The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%. <sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8). <sup>8</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required. Certificate No: ET3-1787\_Aug08 Page 4 of 9

August 26, 2008

#### Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



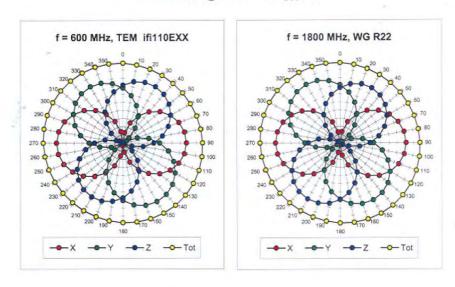
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Certificate No: ET3-1787\_Aug08

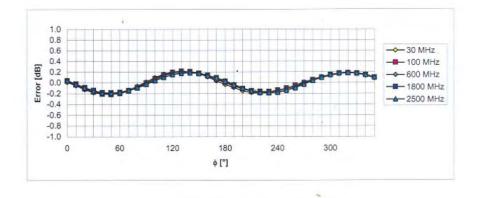
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SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

August 26, 2008



### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

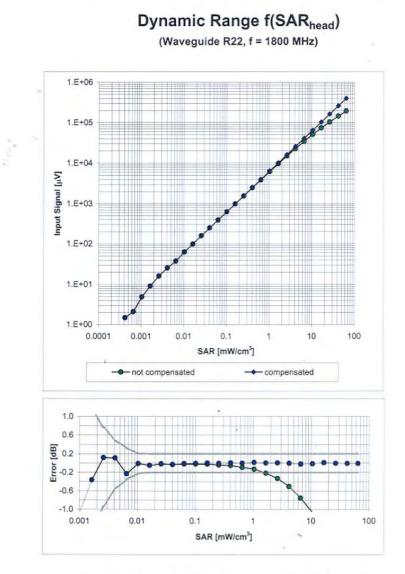


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Certificate No: ET3-1787\_Aug08

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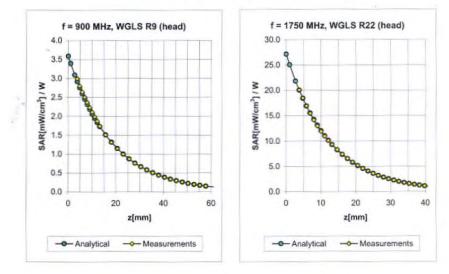


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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#### **Conversion Factor Assessment**

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] <sup>c</sup>	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.30	2.80	6.06 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.53	2.11	5.36 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.59	1.96	5.01 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1,80 ± 5%	0.77	1.57	4.49 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.31	2.98	5.91 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	0.60	2.20	4.73 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.68	1.95	4.49 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.90	1.51	3.79 ± 11.0% (k=2)

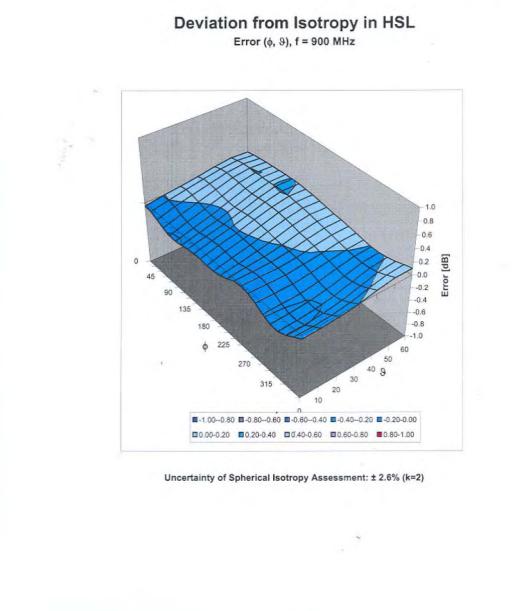
<sup>c</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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