



RF EXPOSURE REPORT

REPORT NO.: RF960420A08

MODEL NO.: HP Touch Smart PC IQ700

ACCORDING: FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure
IEEE C95.1

APPLICANT : ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC.

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RF Exposure Measurement (Mobile Device)

1. Introduction

In this document, we try to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body for our product. The limit for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) specified in FCC 1.1310 is followed. The Gain of the antenna used in this product is measured in a Fully Anechoic Chamber (FAC) calibrated for antenna measurement in ADT, and also the maximum total power input to the antenna is measured. Through the Friis transmission formula and the maximum gain of the antenna, we can calculate the distance, away from the product, where the limit of MPE is reached.

Although the Friis transmission formula is a far field assumption, the calculated result of that is an over-prediction for near field power density. We will take that as the worst case to specify the safety range.

2. RF Exposure Limit

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Average Time (minutes)
(A)Limits For Occupational / Control Exposures				
300-1500	F/300	6
1500-100,000	5	6
(B)Limits For General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure				
300-1500	F/1500	6
1500-100,000	1.0	30

F = Frequency in MHz

3. Friis Formula

Friis transmission formula : $P_d = (P_{out} * G) / (4 * \pi * r^2)$

where

P_d = power density in mW/cm^2

P_{out} = output power to antenna in mW

G = gain of antenna in linear scale

π = 3.1416

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

If we know the maximum Gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the MPE value at distance r .

Ref. : David K. Cheng, *Field and Wave Electromagnetics*, Second Edition, Page 640, Eq. (11-133).

4. EUT Operating condition

The software provided by Manufacturer enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

5. Classification

The antenna of the product, under normal use condition, is at least 20cm away from the body of the user. Warning statement for keeping 20cm separation distance and the prohibition of operating next to a person has been printed on the user's manual. So, this product is classified as the Mobile Device.



6. Test Results

6.1 Antenna Gain

2.4GHz:

The maximum Gain measured in Fully Anechoic Chamber is 1.56dBi (= 1.43 numeric).

Bluetooth:

The maximum Gain measured in Fully Anechoic Chamber is 2.2dBi (= 1.66 numeric).

GFSK 2.4GHz:

The maximum Gain measured in Fully Anechoic Chamber is 4dBi (= 2.51 numeric).

5.0GHz:

The maximum Gain measured in Fully Anechoic Chamber is 1.95dBi (= 1.57 numeric)

6.2 Output Power Into Antenna & RF Exposure value at distance 20cm:

FOR FCC ID: MXF-U950711AG:

802.11b DSSS MODULATION:

CHANNEL	CHANNEL FREQUENCY (MHz)	PEAK POWER OUTPUT (mW)	PEAK POWER OUTPUT (dBm)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
1	2412	89.536	19.52	0.0255	1
6	2437	112.460	20.51	0.0320	1
11	2462	79.433	19.00	0.0226	1

802.11g OFDM MODULATION:

CHANNEL	CHANNEL FREQUENCY (MHz)	PEAK POWER OUTPUT (mW)	PEAK POWER OUTPUT (dBm)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
1	2412	56.624	17.53	0.0161	1
6	2437	89.536	19.52	0.0255	1
11	2462	45.290	16.56	0.0129	1

802.11a OFDM MODULATION (PER STANDARD 15.247):

CHANNEL	CHANNEL FREQUENCY (MHz)	PEAK POWER OUTPUT (dBm)	PEAK POWER OUTPUT (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
1	5745	17.51	56.364	0.0176	1
3	5785	18.53	71.285	0.0222	1
5	5825	16.04	40.179	0.0125	1



802.11a OFDM MODULATION (PER STANDARD 15.407):

CHANNEL	CHANNEL FREQUENCY (MHz)	PEAK POWER OUTPUT (mW)	PEAK POWER OUTPUT (dBm)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
1	5180	39.994	16.02	0.0125	1
2	5200	44.875	16.52	0.0140	1
4	5240	46.774	16.70	0.0146	1

CHANNEL	CHANNEL FREQUENCY (MHz)	PEAK POWER OUTPUT (mW)	PEAK POWER OUTPUT (dBm)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
1	5260	50.816	17.06	0.0158	1
2	5280	48.084	16.82	0.0150	1
4	5320	31.769	15.02	0.0099	1

CHANNEL	CHANNEL FREQUENCY (MHz)	PEAK POWER OUTPUT (mW)	PEAK POWER OUTPUT (dBm)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
1	5500	51.050	17.08	0.0159	1
6	5600	50.234	17.01	0.0157	1
11	5700	31.769	15.02	0.0099	1

**FOR FCC ID: QDS-BRCM1018:
BLUETOOTH GFSK MODULATION:**

CHANNEL	CHANNEL FREQUENCY (MHz)	PEAK POWER OUTPUT (mW)	PEAK POWER OUTPUT (dBm)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
0	2402	1.462	1.649	0.0005	1
39	2441	1.683	2.262	0.0006	1
78	2480	1.777	2.496	0.0006	1

BLUETOOTH 8DPSK MODULATION:

CHANNEL	CHANNEL FREQUENCY (MHz)	PEAK POWER OUTPUT (mW)	PEAK POWER OUTPUT (dBm)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
0	2402	2.594	4.140	0.0009	1
39	2441	2.919	4.653	0.0010	1
78	2480	3.106	4.922	0.0010	1



**FOR FCC ID: MSQCFIQ700:
2.4GHz GFSK MODULATION:**

CHANNEL	CHANNEL FREQUENCY (MHz)	PEAK POWER OUTPUT (mW)	PEAK POWER OUTPUT(dBm)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
0	2402	0.292	-5.35	0.0001	1
38	2440	0.254	-5.96	0.0001	1
77	2479	0.211	-6.76	0.0001	1

CONCLUSION:

The WLAN, Bluetooth and the 2.4GHz GFSK module can transmit simultaneously, the formula of calculated the MPE is:

$CPD_1 / LPD_1 + CPD_2 / LPD_2 + \dots \text{etc.} < 1$

CPD = Calculation power density

LPD = Limit of power density

Therefore, the calculation of this situation is $0.032/1 + 0.001/1 + 0.0001/1 = 0.0331$ which is less than the "1" limit.