





TEST REPORT

EUT Description	WLAN and BT, 2x2 PCIe M.2 1216 SD a	dapter card
Brand Name	Intel® Wi-Fi 6E AX211	
Model Name	AX211D2W	
FCC/IC ID	PD9AX211D2 / 1000M-AX211D2	
Date of Test Start/End	2021-07-02 / 2021-07-28	
Features	802.11ax, Dual Band, 2x2 Wi-Fi 6 + Blue (see section 5)	etooth® 5.2
Description	WLAN module + Skycross antenna	
Applicant	Intel Mobile Communications	
Address	100 Center Point Circle, Suite 200 / Col	umbia, SC 29210 / United States
Contact Person	Steven Hackett	
Telephone/Fax/ Email	steven.c.hackett@intel.com	
Reference Standards	FCC 47 CFR Part §2.1093 RSS-102, Issue 5 (see section 1)	
RF Exposure Environment	Portable devices - General population/	uncontrolled exposure
Exposure Conditions	Body worn	
	SAR Result	SAR Limit
Maximum SAR Result & Limit	0.68 W/kg (1g)	1.6 W/kg (1g)
Min. test separation distance	5 mm to phantom	
Test Report identification	201120-03.TR09	
	Rev. 00	

 Revision Control
 This test report revision replaces any previous test report revision (see section 8)

 The test results relate only to the samples tested.

Reference to accreditation shall be used only by full reproduction of test report.

Issued by

Reviewed by

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FCC

ISED

1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

- 1. FCC Title 47 CFR Part §2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices. 2019-10-01 Edition
- 2. FCC OET KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 SAR guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) transmitters.
- 3. FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 v06 RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices.
- 4. FCC OET KDB 616217 D04 v01r02 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers.
- 5. FCC OET KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.
- FCC OET KDB 865664 D02 v01r02 RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations.
 IEEE Std 1528-2013 IEEE Recommended Practice Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques...
- 8. ISED RSS 102, Issue 5 Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radio communication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands
- 9. ISED RSS-102 Supplementary Procedures SPR-001 SAR testing requirements with regard to bystanders for laptop type computers with antennas built-In on display screen (Laptop Mode / Tablet Mode)
- 10. ISED Notice 2016-DRS001 Applicability of latest FCC RF Exposure KDB Procedures and Other Procedures.
- 11. ISED Notice 2020-DRS0020 Applicability of IEC/IEEE62209-1528 and IEC62209-3 Standard
- 12. ISED Notice 2012-DRS0529 SAR correction for measured conductivity and relative permittivity based on IEC 62209-2 standard.
 - 13. FCC OET KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 SAR guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) transmitters.
- 14. FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 v06 –RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices.
- 15. FCC OET KDB 616217 D04 v01r02– SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers.
- 16. IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices Part 1528: Human models, instrumentation, and procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)

2. General conditions, competences and guarantees

- ✓ Tests performed under FCC standards identified in section 1 are covered by A2LA accreditation.
- ✓ Tests performed under ISED standards identified in section 1 are covered by Cofrac accreditation.
- ✓ Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an ISO/IEC 17025:2017 laboratory accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) with the certificate number 3478.01.
- Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an Accredited Test Firm recognized by the FCC, with Designation Number FR0011.
- ✓ Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an ISO/IEC 17025:2017 testing laboratory accredited by the French Committee for Accreditation (Cofrac) with the certificate number 1-6736.
- ✓ Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is a Registered Test Site listed by ISED, with ISED #1000Y.
- ✓ Intel WRF Lab declines any responsibility with respect to the identified information provided by the customer and that may affect the validity of results.
- Intel WRF Lab only provides testing services and is committed to providing reliable, unbiased test results and interpretations.
- ✓ Intel WRF Lab is liable to the client for the maintenance of the confidentiality of all information related to the item under test and the results of the test.
- ✓ Intel WRF Lab has developed calibration and proficiency programs for its measurement equipment to ensure correlated and reliable results to its customers.
- \checkmark This report is only referred to the item that has undergone the test.
- ✓ This report does not imply an approval of the product by the Certification Bodies or competent Authorities.

3. Environmental Conditions

✓ At the site where the measurements were performed the following limits were not exceeded during the tests:

Temperature	22°C ± 2°C
Humidity	40% ± 10%
Liquid Temperature	21.0°C ± 2°C

4. Test samples

Sample	Control #	Description	Model	Serial #	Date of receipt	Note
	201120-03.S06	WLAN and BT, 2x2 PCIe M.2 1216 SD adapter card	AX211D2W	WFM:D8F8834E4CF1	2020-11-23	-
	200611-01.S10	XVT EXTENDER SNJ A4	-	-	2020-11-30	-
#01	170000-01. S15	Laptop	DELL Latitude 6430u	8LGLX1	2017-06-12	-
	-	PCI Cable		-		-
	180001-01.S19	Socket	-	-	2018-18-18	-
	200611-03. S27	Reference Antenna	Sky-Cross	-	2020-07-01	-

5. EUT Features

Brand Name	Intel® Wi-Fi 6E AX211			
Model Name	AX211D2W			
Software Version	99.2100.51.0-11195			
Driver Version	WLAN 99.0.58.3, BT 22.20.0.2.18419			
Prototype / Production	Production			
Host Identification	WLAN module			
Supported Radios	802.11b/g/n/ax 2.4GHz (2400.0 - 2483.5 MHz) 802.11a/n/ac/ax 5.2GHz (5150.0 - 5250.0 MHz) 5.3GHz (5250.0 - 5350.0 MHz) 5.6GHz (5470.0 - 5725.0 MHz) 5.8GHz (5725.0 - 5850.0 MHz) 5.8GHz (2400.0 - 2483.5 MHz) Bluetooth 2.4GHz (2400.0 - 2483.5 MHz)			
Antenna Information	TransmitterMain (chain A)Aux (chain B)ManufacturerSkyCrossSkyCrossAntenna typePIFAPIFAPart numbern/an/aSee Annex F for more details on antennas location.			
Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	WLAN 2.4GHz Aux + BT Main WLAN 2.4GHz Main + WLAN 2.4GHz Aux WLAN 5GHz Aux + BT Main WLAN 5GHz Main + WLAN 5GHz Aux WLAN 5GHz Main + WLAN 5GHz Aux + BT Main			
	No WWAN transmitter is considered in this report			
Additional Information	5.60-5.65 GHz band (TDWR) is supported by the device			
	Band gap is supported by the device			

Supported Radios

802.11b/g/n/ax 100% BPSK QPSK 16QAM 64QAM 2.4GHz 2400-2483.5 15.00 802.11a/n/ac/ax 100% BPSK QPSK 16QAM 64QAM 5.2GHz 5150-5250 NM 802.11a/n/ac/ax 100% 16QAM GAQAM 5.3GHz 5250-5350 13.50 802.11a/n/ac/ax 100% 16QAM GAQAM 5.6GHz 5475-5725 13.50	Mode	Duty Cycle	Modulation	Band	UL Freq Range (MHz)	Measured Max. Conducted Power (dBm)	
802.11a/n/ac/ax 100% QPSK 16QAM 64QAM 5.3GHz 5250-5350 13.50 802.11a/n/ac/ax 100% 16QAM 64QAM 5.6GHz 5475-5725 13.50	802.11b/g/n/ax	100%	QPSK 16QAM	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	15.00	
802.11a/n/ac/ax 100% 16QAM 64QAM 5.5GHz 5250-5350 13.50 802.11a/n/ac/ax 100% 16QAM 64QAM 5.6GHz 5475-5725 13.50				5.2GHz	5150-5250	NM	
64QAM 5.6GHz 5475-5725 13.50	000 110/0/00/00	4000/		5.3GHz	5250-5350	13.50	
	802.11a/n/ac/ax	100%		5.6GHz	5475-5725	13.50	
256QAM 5.86HZ 5725-5850 13.50			256QAM		5.8GHz	5725-5850	13.50
BDR/EDR v5.2 77% GFSK π/4 DQPSK 8DPSK 2.4GHz 2400-2483.5 9.77	BDR/EDR v5.2	77%	π/4 DQPSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	9.77	
Bluetooth LE v5.2 55% GFSK 2.4GHz 2400-2483.5 NM	Bluetooth LE v5.2	55%	GFSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	NM	

NM: Not Measured

Maximum Output power specification + Tune up tolerance limit				SISO mode		
Equipment Class	Mode	BW (MHz)	Chain A (dBm)	Chain B (dBm		
	802.11b	20	15.00	15.00		
	802.11g	20	15.00	15.00		
DTS	802.11n20	20	15.00	15.00		
013	802.11ax20	20	15.00	15.00		
	802.11n40	40	15.00	15.00		
-	802.11ax40	40	15.00	15.00		
	802.11a	20	13.50	13.50		
	802.11n20	20	13.50	13.50		
	802.11ax20	20	13.50	13.50		
U-NII-1	802.11n40	40	13.50	13.50		
	802.11ax40	40	13.50	13.50		
	802.11ac80	80	13.50	13.50		
	802.11ax80	80	13.50	13.50		
	802.11a	20	13.50	13.50		
	802.11n20	20	13.50	13.50		
-	802.11ax20	20	13.50	13.50		
	802.11n40	40	13.50	13.50		
U-NII-2A	802.11ax40	40	13.50	13.50		
	802.11ac80	80	13.50	13.50		
	802.11ax80	80	13.50	13.50		
	802.11ac160	160	13.50	13.50		
-	802.11ax160	160	13.50	13.50		
	802.11a	20	13.50	13.50		
	802.11n20	20	13.50	13.50		
	802.11ax20	20	13.50	13.50		
	802.11n40	40	13.50	13.50		
U-NII-2C	802.11ax40	40	13.50	13.50		
	802.11ac80	80	13.50	13.50		
_	802.11ax80	80	13.50	13.50		
-	802.11ac160	160	13.50	13.50		
	802.11ax160	160	13.50	13.50		
	802.11a	20	13.50	13.50		
	802.11n20	20	13.50	13.50		
	802.11ax20	20	13.50	13.50		
U-NII-3	802.11n40	40	13.50	13.50		
	802.11ax40	40	13.50	13.50		
	802.11ax40	80	13.50	13.50		
-						
	802.11ax80	80	13.50	13.50		
-	Bluetooth v5.2 BDR	1	10.50			
BT	Bluetooth v5.2 EDR2	1	9.50			
	Bluetooth v5.2 EDR3 BLE	1 2	9.50			

6. Remarks and comments

- 1. The conducted values are obtained by applying the available power table values to the AX211D2W Intel module installed in the WLAN module identified in this report, as requested by the customer
- 2. Only the plots for the test positions with the highest measured SAR per band/mode are included in Annex C as required per FCC OET KDB 865664 D02, paragraph 2.3.h

7. Test Verdicts summary

The statement of conformity to applicable standards in the table below are based on the measured values, without taking into account the measurement uncertainties.

Standard	Band	Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Verdict
802.11b/g/n/ax	DTS	0.51	Р
	UNII-1	NM	NA
802 11 a/m/aa/ax	UNII-2A	0.68	Р
802.11a/n/ac/ax	UNII-2C	0.61	Р
	UNII-3	0.53	Р
Bluetooth	BT	0.13	Р

P: Pass F: Fail NM: Not Measured NA: Not Applicable

According to the FCC OET KDB 690783 D01, this is the summary of the values for the Grant Listing:

Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)				
Expedition		Equipment Class		
Exposure Condition	DTS	DSS	U-NII	
Body Worn	0.51	0.13	0.68	
Simultaneous Tx	Sum-SAR: 0.99	Sum-SAR: 1.35	Sum-SAR: 1.28	

Considering the results of the performed test according to FCC 47CFR Part 2.1093 and RSS102 Issue 5 the item under test is IN COMPLIANCE with the requested specifications specified in Section1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

8. Document Revision History

Revision #	Modified by	Revision Details
Rev. 00	E. Garcia	First Issue



Annex A. Test & System Description

A.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption rate is defined as the time derivative of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) and incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{dm}\right) = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{\rho \cdot dV}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:

 σ = Conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

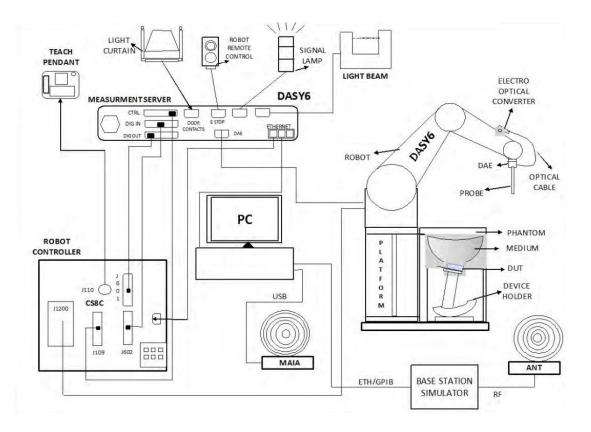
 ρ = Mass density of the tissue (kg/m3)

E = RMS electric field strength (V/m)

A.2 SPEAG SAR Measurement System

A.2.1 SAR Measurement Setup

The DASY6 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- ✓ A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staübli TX/RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. It includes an arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
- ✓ An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurements.
- ✓ A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- ✓ The Electro-optical Converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movements interrupts.
- ✓ The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- ✓ A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY6 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- ✓ The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.
- MAIA is a hardware interface (Antenna) used to evaluate the modulation and audio interference characteristics of RF signals.
- ✓ ANT is an ultra-wideband antenna for use with the base station simulators over 698 MHz to 6GHz.
- ✓ The base station simulator is an equipment used for SAR cellular tests in order to emulate the cellular signals characteristics and behavior between a regular base station and the equipment under test.
- ✓ Tissue simulating liquid.
- System Validation dipoles.
- ✓ Network emulator or RF test tool

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A.2.2 E-Field Measurement Probe

The probe is constructed using three orthogonal dipole sensors arranged on an interlocking, triangular prism core. The probe has built-in shielding against static charges and is contained within a PEEK cylindrical enclosure material at the tip.



The probe's characteristics are:

Frequency Range	30MHz – 6GHz
Length	337 mm
Probe tip external diameter	2.5 mm
Typical distance between dipoles and the probe tip	1 mm
Axial Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.3 dB
Hemispherical Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.5 dB
Linearity	±0.2 dB
Maximum operating SAR	100 W/kg
Lower SAR detection threshold	0.001 W/kg

A.2.3 SAM Phantom

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528, IEC 62209-1 and IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

The phantom's characteristics are:

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell thickness	2 mm ± 0.2 mm
Shell thickness at ERP	6 ± 0.2 mm
Filling volume	25 Liters
Dimensions	Length: 1000mm / Width: 500mm

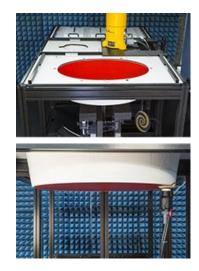


A.2.4 Flat Phantom

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

The phantom's characteristics are:

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell thickness	2 mm ± 0.2 mm
Filling volume	30 Liters approx.
Dimensions	Major axis: 600mm / Minor axis: 400mm



A.2.5 Device Positioner

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of 20%. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.



The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

A simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for the Mounting Device; facilitates testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.); lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI and other Flat Phantoms.

A.3 Data Evaluation

• Power Reference measurement

The robot measures the E field in a specified reference position that can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section at 4mm of the inner surface of the phantom, 2mm for frequencies above 3GHz.

Area Scan

Measurement procedures for evaluating SAR from wireless handsets typically start with a coarse measurement grid to determine the approximate location of the local peak SAR values. This is known as the area-scan procedure. The SAR distribution is scanned along the inside surface of one side of the phantom head, at least for an area larger than the projection of the handset and antenna. The distance between the measured points and phantom surface should be less than 8 mm, and should remain constant (with variation less than ± 1 mm) during the entire scan in order to determine the locations of the local peak SAR with sufficient accuracy. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is recommended but not required to be less than 30°. If this angle is larger than 30° and the closest point on the probe-tip housing to the phantom surface is closer than a probe diameter, the boundary effect may become larger and polarization dependent. This additional uncertainty needs to be analyzed and accounted for. To achieve this, modified test procedures and additional uncertainty analyses not described in this recommended practice may be required. The measurement and interpolation point spacing should be chosen such as to allow identification of the local peak locations to within one-half of the linear dimension of a side of the zoom-scan volume. Because a local peak having specific amplitude and steep gradients may produce a lower peak spatial-average SAR compared to peaks with slightly lower amplitude and less steep gradients, it is necessary to evaluate these other peaks as well. However, since the spatial gradients of local SAR peaks are a function of the wavelength inside the tissue-equivalent liquid and the incident magnetic field strength, it is not necessary to evaluate local peaks that are less than 2 dB or more below the global maximum peak. Two-dimensional spline algorithms (Brishoual et al. 2001; Press et al., 1996) are typically used to determine the peaks and gradients within the scanned area. If a peak is found at a distance from the scan border of less than one-half the edge dimension of the desired 1 g or 10 g cube, the measurement area should be enlarged if possible.

Zoom Scan

To evaluate the peak spatial-average SAR values for 1 g or 10 g cubes, fine resolution volume scans, called zoom scans, are performed at the peak SAR locations identified during the area scan. The minimum zoom scan volume size should extend at least 1.5 times the edge dimension of a 1 g cube in all directions from the center of the scan volume, for both 1 g and 10 g peak spatial-average SAR evaluations. Along the phantom curved surfaces, the front face of the volume facing the tissue/liquid interface conforms to the curved boundary, to ensure that all SAR peaks are captured. The back face should be equally distorted to maintain the correct averaging mass. The flatness and orientation of the four side faces are unchanged from that of a cube whose orientation is within \pm 30° of the line normal to the phantom at the center of the cube face next to the phantom surface. The peak local SAR locations that were determined in the area scan (interpolated values) should be used for the centers of the zoom scans. If a scan volume cannot be centered due to proximity of a phantom shape feature, the probe should be tilted to allow scan volume enlargement. If probe tilt is not feasible, the zoom-scan origin may be shifted, but not by more than half of the 1 g or 10 g cube edge dimension.

After the zoom-scan measurement, extrapolations from the closest measured points to the surface, for example along lines parallel to the zoom-scan centerline, and interpolations to a finer resolution between all measured and extrapolated points are performed. Extrapolation algorithm considerations are described in 6.5.3, and 3-D spline methods (Brishoual et al., 2001; Kreyszig, 1983; Press et al., 1996) can be used for interpolation. The peak spatial-average SAR is finally determined by a numerical averaging of the local SAR values in the interpolation grid, using for example a trapezoidal algorithm for the integration (averaging).

In some areas of the phantom, such as the jaw and upper head regions, the angle of the probe with respect to the line normal to the surface may be relatively large, e.g., greater than $\pm 30^{\circ}$, which could increase the boundary effect error to a larger level. In these cases, during the zoom scan a change in the orientation of the probe, the phantom, or both is recommended but not required for the duration of the zoom scan, so that the angle between the probe axis and the line normal to the surface is within 30° for all measurement points.

• Power Drift measurement

The robot re-measures the E-Field in the same reference location measured at the Power Reference. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the first to the last reference reading. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test that must remain within a maximum variation of $\pm 5\%$.

• Post-processing

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1528, IEC 62209-1/2 and IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 standards. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g.

The software allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- ✓ Maximum search
- ✓ Extrapolation
- ✓ Boundary correction
- ✓ Peak search for averaged SAR

Interpolation between the measured points is performed when the resolution of the grid is not fine enough to compute the average SAR over a given mass.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.

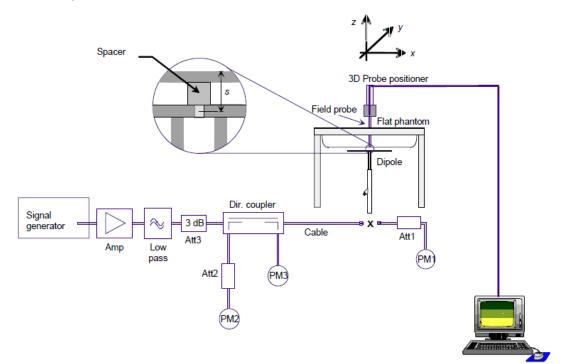
A.4 System and Liquid Check

A.4.1 System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results.

The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

In the simplified setup for system check, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a controlled continuous wave generated by a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the phantom at the correct distance.



The equipment setup is shown below:

- ✓ Signal Generator
- ✓ Amplifier
- Directional coupler
- ✓ Power meter
- ✓ Calibrated dipole

First, the power meter PM1 (including attenuator Att1) is connected to the cable to measure the forward power at the location of the connector (x) to the system check source. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the connector as read by power meter PM1 after attenuation Att1 and also as coupled through Att2 to PM2. After connecting the cable to the source, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

SAR results are normalized to a forward power of 1W to compare the values with the calibration reports results as described at IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 and IEC 62209 standards.

A.4.2 Liquid Check

The dielectric parameters check is done prior to the use of the tissue simulating liquid. The verification is made by comparing the relative permittivity and conductivity to the values recommended by the applicable standards.

The liquid verification was performed using the following test setup:

- ✓ VNA (Vector Network Analyzer)
- Open-Short-Load calibration kit
- ✓ RF Cable
- ✓ Open-Ended Coaxial probe
- ✓ DAK software tool
- ✓ SAR Liquid
- ✓ De-ionized water
- ✓ Thermometer

These are the target dielectric properties of the tissue-equivalent liquid material as defined in FCC OET KDB 865664 D01.

Frequency	Body	SAR		
(MHz)	ε _r (F/m)	σ (S/m)		
150	61.9	0.80		
300	58.2	0.92		
450	56.7	0.94		
835	55.2	0.97		
900	55.0	1.05		
1450	54.0	1.30		
1800-2000	53.3	1.52		
2450	52.7	1.95		
3000	52.0	2.73		
5800	48.2	6.00		

(ε_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m3)

The measurement system implement a SAR error compensation algorithm as documented in IEEE Std 1528-2013 and IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 (equivalent to draft standard IEEE P1528-2011) to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters (applied to only scale up the measured SAR, and not downward) so, according to FCC OET KDB 865664 D01, the tolerance for ε_r and σ may be relaxed to \pm 10%.

A.5 Test Equipment List

SAR system #2

ID #	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date	
002-008	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1429 SPEAG		2021-05-21	2022-05-21	
002-009	Dosimetric E-Field probe	EX3DV4	3978	SPEAG	2021-05-11	2022-05-11	
001-006	Dosimetric E-Field probe	EX3DV4	7325	SPEAG	2020-12-15	2021-12-15	
001-007	Data Acquisition Electronics			SPEAG	2020-12-08	2021-12-08	
002-000	6-axis Robot	TX60 L	F16/55FXA1/A/01	STAÜBLI	NA	NA	
002-001	Robot Controller	CS8C	F16/55FXA1/C/01	STAÜBLI	NA	NA	
002-002	Measurement Server	DASY6 P/N: SE UMS 028 BB			NA	NA	
002-003	Electro-Optical Converter			SPEAG	NA	NA	
002-004	Light Beam Unit	SE UKS 030 AA	-	Di-soric	NA	NA	
002-005	Oval Flat Phantom	ELI v8.0	2048	SPEAG	NA	NA	
002-007	Measurement SW	DASY v6.14	9-5DEE27C2	SPEAG	NA	NA	
002-006	Laptop Holder	P/N SM LH1 001 CD	-	SPEAG	NA	NA	
001-010	MAIA Antenna	MAIA	1255	SPEAG	NA	NA	

Shared equipment

ID #	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date	
123-000	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	102278	R&S	2021-04-13	2023-04-13	
124-000	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	102279	R&S	2021-04-13	2023-04-13	
126-000	Vector Signal Generator	ESG E4438C	MY45092885	Agilent	2021-05-27	2023-05-27	
198-000	Power Amplifier	TVA-82-213A+	2004003	Mini-circuits	2021-08-13	2022-02-13	
099-000	Liquid measurement SW	DAK-3.5 V2.6.0.5	9-2687B491	SPEAG	n/a	n/a	
069-000	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1037	SPEAG	2021-03-10	2023-03-10	
070-000	2450MHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	937	SPEAG	2020-05-12	2022-05-12	
077-000	Coupler	CD0.5-8-20-30	1251-002	Amd-group	2021-08-13	2022-02-13	
078-000	RF Cable	ST- 18/SMAm/SMAm/48	1158830	Huber & Suhner	2021-02-15	2021-08-15	
079-000	RF Cable	ST- 18/SMAm/SMAm/48	1158831	Huber & Suhner	2021-02-15	2021-08-15	
141-000	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	104381	R&S	2020-06-03	2022-06-03	
084-000	5GHz System Validation Dipole	D5GHzv2	1259	SPEAG	2020-03-10	2022-03-10	
089-000	Vector Reflectometer	PLANAR R140	0190616	Copper Mountain Technologies	2019-08-07	2021-08-07	
327-000	Temp & Humidity Logger	RA32E-TH1-RAS	RA32-F0DEF9	AVTECH	2021-03-09	2023-03-09	
095-000	Thermometer	TESTO 925	34822881	Testo	2019-11-19	2021-11-19	

A.5.1 Tissue Simulant Liquid

TSL	Manufacturer / Model	Freq Range (MHz)	Main Ingredients
Body WideBand	SPEAG MBBL600-6000V6 Batch 160603-01	600-6000	Ethanediol, Sodium petroleum sulfonate, Hexylene Glycol / 2-Methyl-pentane-2.4- diol, Alkoxylated alcohol



A.6 Measurement Uncertainty Evaluation

The system uncertainty evaluation is shown in the table below with a coverage factor of k = 2 to indicate a 95% level of confidence:

	SPEAG DASY6 Uncertainty Budget According to IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 (4 MHz - 6 GHz) including IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-1/2016, IEC 62209-2/2010										
Symbol	Error Description	Uncert. Value	Prob Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std Unc. (1g)	Std Unc. (10g)			
Measurer	ment System Errors										
CF	Probe Calibration	±14.0 %	Ν	2	1	1	±7.0 %	±7.0 %			
CF drif t	Probe Calibration Drift	±1.0 %	N	1	1	1	±1.0 %	±1.0 %			
LIN	Probe Linearity	±4.7 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %			
BBS	Broadband Signal	±3.0 %	Ν	2	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %			
ISO	Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	R	√3	0.5	0.5	±1.4 %	±1.4 %			
ISO	Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	√3	0.5	0.5	±2.8 %	±2.8 %			
DAE	Data Acquisition	±0.3 %	Ν	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %			
AMB	RF Ambient	±1.8 %	Ν	1	1	1	±1.8 %	±1.8 %			
∆sys	Probe Positioning	±0.2 %	Ν	1	0.33	0.33	±0.1 %	±0.1 %			
DAT	Data Processing	±2.3 %	N	1	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %			
Phantom	and Device Errors										
LIQ(σ)	Conductivity (meas.)DAK	±2.5 %	N	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0 %	±1.8 %			
LIQ(Tσ)	Conductivity (temp.)BB	±3.4 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5 %	±1.4 %			
EPS	Phantom Permittivity	±14.0 %	R	√3	0.25	0.25	±2.0 %	±2.0 %			
DAS	Distance DUT - TSL	±2.0 %	N	1	2	2	±4.0 %	±4.0 %			
Н	Device Holder	±3.6 %	Ν	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %			
MOD	DUT Modulationm	±2.4 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %			
TAS	Time-average SAR	±2.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %			
RF drif t	DUT drift	±5.0 %	Ν	1	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %			
Correctio	n to the SAR results										
C(ε, σ)	Deviation to Target	±1.9 %	N	1	1	0.84	±1.9 %	±1.6 %			
Combi	ned Std. Uncertainty						±11.5 %	±11.4 %			
Expand	ed STD Uncertainty						±23.1 %	±22.9 %			

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A.7 RF Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47CFR Part 2.1093 and ISED RSS 102 issue 5 on the limitation of exposure of the general population / uncontrolled exposure for portable devices.

Exposure Type	General Population / Uncontrolled Environment
Peak spatial-average SAR (averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.6 W/kg
Whole body average SAR	0.08 W/kg
Peak spatial-average SAR (extremities) (averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)	4.0 W/kg

The herein test results were performed by:

Test case measurement	Test Engineer
Conducted measurement	E. Gilles
SAR measurement	E. Garcia

B.1 Test Conditions

B.1.1 Test SAR Test positions relative to the phantom

The device under test was an Intel® Wi-Fi 6E AX211 card (WLAN module) using a set of Sky-Cross antennas. The card was operated utilizing proprietary software (DRTU version 99.2100.51.0-11195) and each channel was measured using a broadband power meter to determine the maximum average power.

The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. All six sides of the antenna were tested for SAR compliance with the antenna placed at 5mm beneath the phantom. The adjacent edges of the antenna were positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

Considering the antenna location diagrams in Annex F and the test exclusions described before, the surfaces/edges to be measured for each antenna are:

Antenna	Chain A	Chain B
Position	 Front face Back Face Top edge Bottom edge Left edge Right edge 	 Front face Back Face Top edge Bottom edge Left edge Right edge

See B.1.3.1 for a more detailed list of the applied reductions.

See F.2 Test positions section for more information on the tested positions

B.1.2 Test signal, Output power and Test Frequencies

For 802.11 transmission modes the device was put into operation by using an own control software to program the test mode required to select the continuous transmission with 100% duty cycle.

The output power of the device was set to transmit at maximum power for all tests.

B.1.3 Evaluation Exclusion and Test Reductions

B.1.3.1 SAR evaluation exclusion

The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 v06 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. For 100MHz to 6GHz and test separation distances ≤50mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following formula:

$$[(\max. power of channel, including tune - up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot \left[\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}} \right]$$
(1)

$$\leq 3.0 \text{ for } 1g \text{ SAR, and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for } 10g \text{ extremity SAR}$$

Where:

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- The values 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as numeric thresholds

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is \leq 50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

For test separation distances > 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined using the following formulas:

 $\langle (Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in (1)) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) \cdot (f_{MHz}/150) \rangle mW,$ for 100MHz to 1500MHz $\langle (Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in (1)) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) \cdot 10) \rangle mW,$ (2)

 $((Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in (1)) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) \cdot 10))mW,$ $for 1500MHz and \le 6GHz$ (3)

LAN Antenna	Band Name	Output power	power	Front	Back	Тор	Right	Left	Bottom	Front	Back	Тор	Right	Left	Bottom
		dBm	mW	t Face	(Face	Edge	t Edge	Edge	n Edge	t Face	(Face	Edge	t Edge	Edge	n Edge
	DTS	15.0	31.62	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	U-NII-1	13.5	22.39	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	R	R	R	R	R	R
WLAN Chain B	U-NII-2A	13.5	22.39	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Н	Т
Chain B	U-NII-2C	13.5	22.39	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Н	Н	Т	Т
	U-NII-3	13.5	22.39	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Н	Н	Т	Т
	DTS	15.0	31.62	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Н	Н	Т	Т
	U-NII-1	13.5	22.39	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	R	R	R	R	R	R
WLAN	U-NII-2A	13.5	22.39	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
Chain A	U-NII-2C	13.5	22.39	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Н	Т
	U-NII-3	13.5	22.39	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
Ti Tested per	BT	10.5	11.22	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т

T: Tested position

R: Reduced

See Annex *F* for a more detailed explanation of the separation distance related to the platform.

B.1.3.2 General SAR test reduction

According to FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

• \leq 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \leq 100 MHz

 \bullet \leq 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz

• \leq 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \geq 200 MHz

WLAN SAR Test reduction

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Transmission Mode	SAR test exclusion/reduction
DSSS	 According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b, SAR test reduction is determined according to the following: When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is not required for 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
OFDM	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, 802.11a/g/n/ac modes have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, an <i>initial test configuration</i> is determined for OFDM and DSSS transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. SAR test reduction for subsequent highest output test channels is determined according to reported SAR of the initial test configuration. The <i>initial test configuration</i> for 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, when the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is
	> 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.



B.2.1 WLAN 2.4 GHz DTS

					Cha	iin A	Cha	in B	SAR																														
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?																														
		1Mbps	1	2412	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	Yes																														
	802.11b		6	2437	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	Yes																														
			11	2462	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	No ³																														
			1	2412		15.00		15.00																															
	802.11g	6Mbps	6	2437		15.00		15.00																															
			11	2462		15.00		15.00																															
		HT0	НТО	1	2412		15.00]	15.00																														
2.4GHz (DTS)	802.11n20			HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	6	2437		15.00		15.00															
GH2			11	2462	_	15.00		15.00																															
													1	2412		15.00		15.00																					
TS)	802.11ax20																	1	11 3	HEO	HE0	HEO	HEO	HEO	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0		HE0	HE0	HE0	6	2437	NR ¹	15.00	NR ¹	15.00	No ²
																															15.00		15.00						
																									3	2422		15.00		15.00									
	802.11n40																			2437		15.00		15.00															
			9	2452		15.00		15.00																															
			3	2422		15.00		15.00																															
	802.11ax40	HE0	6	2437		15.00		15.00	1																														
			9	2452		15.00		15.00																															

Initial test configuration

1. NR: Not Required

 As per FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, conducted output power and SAR testing are not required for 802.11g/n/ax channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2W/kg.

When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

B.2.2 WLAN 5GHz (U-NII)

B.2.2.1 U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A

					Cha	in A	Cha	in B	SAR																			
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?																			
			36	5180		13.50		13.50																				
	802.11a	6Mbpa	40	5200		13.50		13.50																				
	002.11a	6Mbps	olvibha	01010003	44	5220		13.50		13.50																		
			48	5240		13.50		13.50																				
			36	5180		13.50		13.50																				
	802.11n20	0 нто	HT0	HT0	HT0	40	5200		13.50		13.50																	
(7)	002.111120					HIU	HIU	HIU	HIU	44	5220		13.50	1	13.50													
5.2G			48	5240		13.50		13.50																				
Hz) HE0	36 5180	1040	13.50		13.50																					
5.2GHz (U-NII-1)	802 11 ov 20		HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	40	5200	NR ^{1,3}	13.50	NR ^{1,3}	13.50	No ²
	802.11ax20																					44	5220		13.50		13.50	
1)			48	5240		13.50		13.50																				
	802.11n40	HT0	38	5190		13.50		13.50																				
	602.111140		46	5230		13.50		13.50																				
	902 11 ov 10	HE0 - VHT0	38	5190		13.50		13.50	-																			
	802.11ax40		46	5230		13.50		13.50																				
	802.11ac80		42	5210		13.50	_	13.50																				
	802.11ax80	HE0	42	5210		13.50		13.50																				

Initial test configuration

- NR: Not Required 1
- When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR 2. requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band (see §B.5.2 in this document).
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the 3. channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested.
- The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest 4. maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax) When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest
- 5. measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is =1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according 6. to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the 7 reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.

					Ch	ain A	CI	nain B	SAR															
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?															
			52	5260		13.50		13.50																
	802.11a	6Mbps	56	5280		13.50		13.50																
	002.11a	olvibps	60	5300		13.50		13.50																
		64	5320		13.50		13.50																	
	802.11n20 HT0		52	5260		13.50		13.50																
		ШΤΟ	56	5280		13.50		13.50																
	802.11120	НТО	HIU	HIU	mo	mo	1110	mo	HIU	HIU	пто		60	5300		13.50		13.50						
വ	თ		64	5320		13.50		13.50	No ^{2,5}															
5.3GHz (U-NII-2A)		D HE0	52	5260	NR ^{1,3}	13.50		13.50																
Hz	802.11ax20		0 56	5280		13.50	NR ^{1,3}	13.50																
Ú-	002.11ax20		TILU		ΠEU	HE0	ΠEU	HE0	HE0	TILU	TILU	ΠEU	ΠEU	ΠEU	ΠEU	ΠEU	ΠEU	60	5300		13.50		13.50	
			64	5320		13.50	_	13.50																
PA)	802.11n40	HT0	54	5270		13.50		13.50																
	802.11140	HIU	62	5310		13.50		13.50																
	802.11ax40	HE0	54	5270		13.50		13.50																
	002.11ax40	ΠEU	62	5310		13.50		13.50																
	802.11ac80	VHT0	58	5290		13.50		13.50																
		HE0	58	5290		13.50		13.50																
		VHT0	50	5250	13.50	13.50	13.50	13.50	Yes															
	802.11ax160	HE0	50	5250	NR ^{1,3}	13.50	NR ^{1,3}	13.50	NR ^{1,3}															

Initial test configuration

1. NR: Not Required

- 2. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested.
- When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.

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B.2.2.2 U-NII-2C

					Cha	ain A	С	hain B																										
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	SAR Test?																									
			100	5500		13.50		13.50																										
			104	5520		13.50		13.50																										
			108	5540		13.50		13.50																										
	802.11a	6Mbps	112	5560		13.50		13.50																										
	002.11a	olviops	116	5580		13.50		13.50																										
			120	5600		13.50		13.50																										
			124	5620		13.50		13.50																										
			128	5640		13.50		13.50																										
			100	5500		13.50		13.50																										
			104	5520		13.50		13.50																										
			108	5540		13.50		13.50																										
	802.11n20	нто	112	5560		13.50		13.50																										
	002.11h20	піо	116	5580		13.50		13.50																										
			120	5600		13.50		13.50																										
		12	124	5620		13.50		13.50	No ^{4,6}																									
			128	5640		13.50		13.50																										
5.6			100	5500		13.50	NR ^{1,3}	13.50																										
5.6GHz (U-NII-2C)			104	5520	NR ^{1,3}	13.50		13.50																										
, z			108	5540		13.50		13.50																										
⊂ ->	000 11 000					HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HE0	HE0	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	НЕО	HEO	HEO	HE0	HE0	HE0	HEO	HEO	HE0	HE0	HE0	112	5560		13.50		13.50
	802.11ax20	HEU	116	5580	-	13.50		13.50	-																									
¹ C)			120	5600		13.50		13.50																										
			124	5620		13.50		13.50																										
			128	5640		13.50		13.50																										
			102	5510		13.50		13.50																										
	000 11-10		110	5550		13.50		13.50																										
	802.11n40	HT0	118	5590		13.50		13.50																										
			126	5630		13.50		13.50																										
			102	5510		13.50		13.50																										
	000 11		110	5550		13.50		13.50																										
	802.11ax40	HE0	118	5590		13.50		13.50																										
			126	5630		13.50		13.50																										
	802.11ac80 VHT0 802.11ax80 HE0 802.11ac160 VHT0		106	5530		13.50		13.50																										
		VHIO	122	5610		13.50		13.50																										
			106	5530		13.50 13.50	13.50																											
		HE0	122	5610		13.50		13.50																										
		VHT0	114	5570	13.50	13.50	13.50	13.50	Yes																									
	802.11ax160	HE0	114	5570	NR ^{1,3}	13.50	NR ^{1,3}	13.50	NR ^{1,3}																									

Initial test configuration

- 1. NR: Not Required
- When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate band
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested
- 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
- When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration.
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.

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B.2.2.3 U-NII-3

					Cha	iin A	Cha	in B	SAR
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?
			132	5660		13.50		13.50	
			136	5680		13.50		13.50	
			140	5700		13.50	-	13.50	
	000.115	CMbpp	149	5745		13.50		13.50	
	802.11a	6Mbps	153	5765		13.50		13.50	
			157	5785		13.50		13.50	
			161	5805		13.50		13.50	
			165	5825		13.50		13.50	
			132	5660		13.50		13.50	
			136	5680		13.50		13.50	
			140	5700		13.50		13.50	
		1.170	149	5745		13.50		13.50	-
	802.11n20	HT0	153	5765		13.50		13.50	
			157	5785		13.50		13.50	
			161	5805		13.50		13.50	No ^{4,6}
01 0			165	5825		13.50		13.50	
5.6-5.8GHz (U-NII-3)			132	5660	NR ¹	13.50	NR ¹	13.50	
ធ្			136	5680		13.50		13.50	
łz (140	5700		13.50		13.50	
⊂ +			149	5745		13.50		13.50	
	802.11ax20	HE0	153	5765		13.50		13.50	
$\underline{\omega}$			157	5785		13.50		13.50	
			161	5805		13.50		13.50	
			165	5825		13.50		13.50	
			134	5670		13.50		13.50	
			142	5710		13.50		13.50	
	802.11n40	HT0	151	5755		13.50		13.50	
			159	5795		13.50		13.50	-
			134	5670		13.50		13.50	-
			142	5710		13.50		13.50	-
	802.11ax40	HE0	151	5755		13.50		13.50	
			159	5795		13.50		13.50	
			138	5690	13.50	13.50	13.50	13.50	Yes
	802.11ac80	VHT0	155	5775	13.50	13.50	13.50	13.50	No ^{4,5}
				5690		13.50		13.50	
	802.11ax80			5775	NR ¹	13.50	NR ¹	13.50	No ^{4,6}

- Initial test configuration
 - 1. NR: Not Required
 - 2. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate band
 - Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested
 - 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
 - 5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
 - 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
 - SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.

B.2.3 Bluetooth

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
			0	2402		9.56	10.50
	Bluetooth v5.2	Basic rate GFSK	39	2441		9.54	10.50
		Gron	78	2480		9.77	10.50
		Desirente	0	2402			9.50
	Bluetooth	Basic rate π/4 DQPSK	39	2441	Chain A	NR ¹	9.50
2.40	V0.2		78	2480			9.50
2.4GHz		Desirente	0	2402			9.50
	Bluetooth v5.2	Basic rate 8-DPSK	39	2441			9.50
	V0.2		78	2480			9.50
	Bluetooth v5.2		0	2412			9.00
		Low energy GFSK	20	2437	_		9.00
	¥0.Z		39	2480			9.00

Initial test configuration 1. NR: Not Required



B.3 Tissue Parameters Measurement

Body TSL

Freq.	Target Pa	arameters	Measured TS	SL Parameters	Deviat	Date	
(MHz)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε'	σ	Date
2450.0	52.7	1.95	49.99	1.98	-5.14	1.54	2021-07-26
5300.0	48.88	5.42	47.97	5.56	-1.86	2.58	2021-07-08
5600.0	48.47	5.77	47.46	6.21	-2.08	7.63	2021-07-08
5800.0	48.2	6.0	47.26	6.15	-1.95	2.5	2021-07-08

See Annex D for more details

B.4 System Check Measurements

Body Measurements

Frequency (MHz)	Average	Target SAR (W/Kg)	Measured SAR (W/Kg)	Deviation to target (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	1g	48.60	48.80	0.41		2024 07 28
2450	10g	23.00	22.40	-2.61		2021-07-28
5300	1g	75.10	69.60	-7.32		2021-07-09
5300	10g	20.80	19.88	-4.42	±10	2021-07-09
5600	1g	78.40	82.20	4.85	±10	2021-07-09
5600	10g	21.50	23.40	8.84		2021-07-09
5800	1g	74.90	74.00	-1.20		2021-07-09
5600	10g	20.40	21.00	2.94		2021-07-09

See Annex C for more details.

B.5 SAR Test Results

B.5.1 Bluetooth & 802.11b/g/n/ax - DTS - BT (DSS)

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Back face		0.11	0.13	
					Bottom edge		0.00	0.00	
Chain A	802.15	1	39	2441	Front face	0.73	0.06	0.07	
Chain A	DH5	I	39	2441	Left edge	0.75	0.05	0.06	
					Right edge		0.05	0.06	
					Top edge		0.03	0.03	
					Back face		0.48	0.48	
	802.11b		6	2437	Bottom edge		0.00	0.00	
Chain A		20			Front face	0.00	0.27	0.27	
Chain A	1Mbps				Left edge	0.00	0.20	0.20	
					Right edge		0.07	0.07	
					Top edge		0.11	0.11	
					Back face		0.51	0.51	1
					Bottom edge		0.00	0.00	
Choin P	802.11b	20	1	2412	Front face	0.00	0.30	0.30	
Chain B	1Mbps	20	I	2412	Left edge	0.00	0.43	0.43	
				-	Right edge		0.07	0.07	
					Top edge		0.09	0.09	

B.5.2 802.11a/n/ac/ax - U-NII-2A

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Back face		0.43	0.43	
					Bottom edge		0.00	0.00	
Chain A	802.11ac	160	50	5250	Front face	0.00	0.60	0.60	
Chain A VHT	VHT0	160	50	5250	Left edge	0.00	0.40	0.40	
					Right edge		0.01	0.01	
					Top edge		0.56	0.56	
					Back face		0.45	0.45	
					Bottom edge		0.00	0.00	
Chain B	802.11ac	160	50	5250	Front face	0.00	0.68	0.68	2
Chain D	VHT0	160	50	5250	Left edge	0.00	0.63	0.63	
					Right edge		0.00	0.00	
					Top edge		0.67	0.67	

B.5.3 802.11a/n/ac/ax - U-NII-2C

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Back face		0.31	0.31	
					Bottom edge		0.01	0.01	
Chain A	802.11ac	160	114	5570	Front face	0.05	0.35	0.35	
Chiam / C	VHT0	100		0010	Left edge	0.00	0.26	0.26	
					Right edge		0.01	0.01	
					Top edge		0.38	0.38	
					Back face		0.34	0.34	
					Bottom edge		0.01	0.01	
Chain B	802.11ac	160	114	5570	Front face	0.00	0.47	0.47	
Chain B	VHT0	100	114	5570	Left edge	0.00	0.60	0.61	3
					Right edge		0.00	0.00	
					Top edge		0.50	0.50	

B.5.4 802.11a/n/ac/ax - U-NII-3

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
	802.11ac VHT0	80	138	5690	Back face	0.00	0.25	0.25	
Chain A					Bottom edge		0.01	0.01	
					Front face		0.27	0.27	
					Left edge		0.21	0.21	
					Right edge		0.00	0.00	
					Top edge		0.32	0.32	
Chain B	802.11ac VHT0	80	138	5690	Back face	0.00	0.29	0.29	
					Bottom edge		0.01	0.01	
					Front face		0.38	0.38	
					Left edge		0.53	0.53	4
					Right edge		0.00	0.00	
					Top edge		0.39	0.39	



B.5.5 SAR Measurement Variability

According to FCC OET KDB 865664, SAR Measurement variability is assessed when the maximum initial measured SAR is >=0.8 W/kg for a certain band/mode.

As all measured SAR results are below 0.8W/kg, therefore SAR variability is not required

B.5.6 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Evaluation

According to FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, when the sum of 1g SAR for all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration.

All the values stated in the table below are the worst case found for standalone measurement with disregard of the transmission mode or channel where the worst case was found

Antenna	Position	Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/Kg)				
	POSITION	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 5GHz	Bluetooth		
Chain A	Left Edge	0.20	0.40	0.06		
	Front Face	0.27	0.60	0.07		
	Back Face	0.48	0.43	0.13		
	Top Edge	0.11	0.56	0.03		
	Bottom Edge	0.00	0.01	0.00		
	Right Edge	0.07	0.01	0.06		
Chain B	Left Edge	0.43	0.63			
	Front Face	0.30	0.68			
	Back Face	0.51	0.45			
	Top Edge	0.09	0.67			
	Bottom Edge	0.00	0.01			
	Right Edge	0.07	0.00			

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Position	Simultaneous Tx A	ntenna Combination	Σ SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)		
	Chain A	Chain B				
Left Edge	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	1.03			
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	1.09	7		
	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.69			
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.63			
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.49			
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	1.28			
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	1.35			
Front Face	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.75			
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.57			
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.37			
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.88			
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	1.01			
Back Face	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.58			
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.99			
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.64	- 1.6		
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	1.23	1.0		
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	1.26			
Top Edge	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.70			
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.20			
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.12			
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.02			
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.02	1		
Bottom Edge	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.01			
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.00			
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.00			
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.01]		
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.07]		
Right Edge	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.06]		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.14]		
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.13			

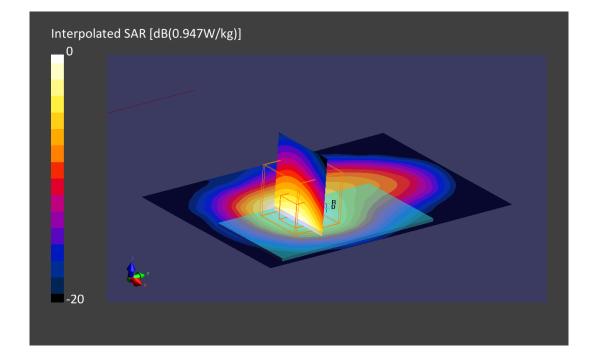
Considering the results described above and according to the simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion considerations described in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, no SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio is required.

Annex C. Test System Plots

1.	DTS - 802.11b, CH1, Chain B – Back Face	38
2.	U-NII-2A - 802.11ac160, CH50, Chain B – Front face	39
3.	U-NII-2C - 802.11ac160, CH114, Chain B – Left Edge	40
4.	U-NII-3 - 802.11ac80, CH138, Chain B – Position Left Edge	41
5.	System Check Body Liquid 2450MHz	42
6.	System Check Body Liquid 5300MHz	43
7.	System Check Body Liquid 5600MHz	44
8.	System Check Body Liquid 5800MHz	45

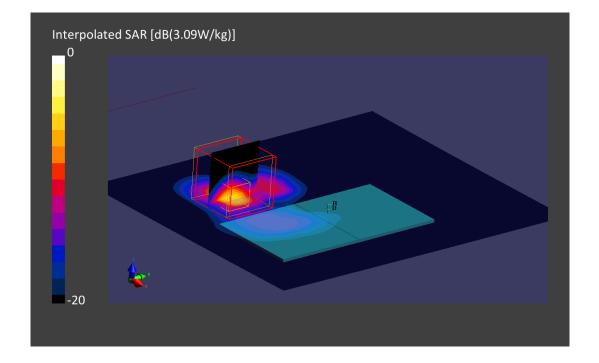
1. DTS - 802.11b, CH1, Chain B - Back Face

Model, Manufacturer AX211D2WL, Intel		Dimensions 40.0 x 75.0 x		N FM:D8F8834E4CF1	DUT Type WLAN mod	lule + Reference	antenna
xposure Co	nditions						
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Tes Distance [mm]		Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MSL	BACK, 5.00	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN, 10415-AAA	2412.0, 1	7.32	1.94	50.1
lardware Set	•						
Phantom		TSL, Measur		Probe, Calibration Date		DAE, Calibra	tion Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg	probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-60)00, 2021-Jul-26	EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2021-05-21		DAE4 Sn142	9, 2021-05-11
Scan Setup				Measurement R	Results		
		Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area	Scan	Zoom Scar
Grid Extents [n Grid Steps [mr		20.0 x 80.0 0.0 x 10.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0 5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5		2021-0)7-28, 20 14:09	21-07-28, 14:16
Sensor Sur [mm]	face	3.0	1.4	psSAR1g [W/Kg] psSAR10g [W/Kg]		0.494 0.249	0.513 0.262
Graded Grid		No	Yes	Power Drift [dB]		-0.03	-0.03
Grading Ratio MAIA	Confirme	n/a d by MAIA	1.5 Confirmed by MAIA	Power Scaling		abled	Disabled
Surface Detect	tion	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p	TSL Correction	Positive	Only	Positive Only
Scan Method		Measured	Measured	M2/M1 [%]		-	81.2
				Dist 3dB Peak [mm	ן]		12.0



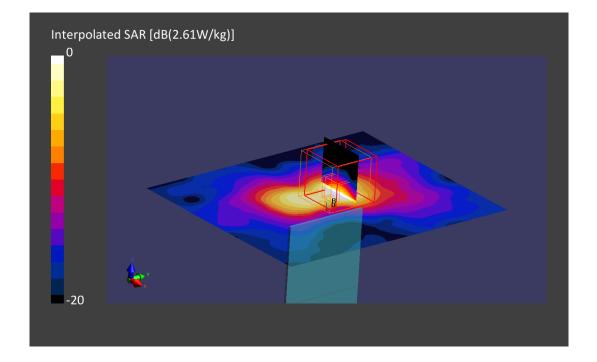
2. U-NII-2A - 802.11ac160, CH50, Chain B - Front face

Model, Manufacturer AX211D2WL, Intel				/N VFM:D8F8834E40		Type N module + Reference	a antanna		
AAZTIDZWL, III	lei	40.0	x 75.0 x	1.5	WFINI.D0F0034E40	JFI WLA			
Exposure Co	nditions								
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Distance		Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity	
Flat, MSL	FRONT, 5.00	-	VLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10456-AAC	5250.0, 50	4.34	5.48	48.1	
Hardware Set Phantom	up	TSL,	Measur	ed Date	Probe, Calil	bration Date	DAE, Calil	pration Date	
ELI V8.0 (20deg	probe tilt) -	MBB	L-600-60)00, 2021-Jul-08	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2020-12-15		5 DAE4 Sn1	DAE4 Sn1496, 2020-12-08	
Scan Setup					Measurer	nent Results			
•		Area	Scan	Zoom Sca	n		Area Scan	Zoom Scan	
Grid Extents [n Grid Steps [mn		40.0 x 10.0 x	120.0 x 10.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22. 4.0 x 4.0 x 1.		202	21-07-09, 15:48	2021-07-09, 15:55	
Sensor Sur	face		3.0	1.	4 psSAR1g [psSAR10g		0.569 0.154	0.680 0.168	
Graded Grid			No	Ye			0.08	-0.10	
Grading Ratio MAIA	Con	firmed by	n/a MAIA	1. Confirmed by MAI	4 Power Sca	lling	Disabled	Disabled	
Surface Detect Scan Method		VMS	6 + 6p Isured	VMS + 6 Measure	p TSL Correc	ction P	ositive Only	Positive Only 64.9 5.4	



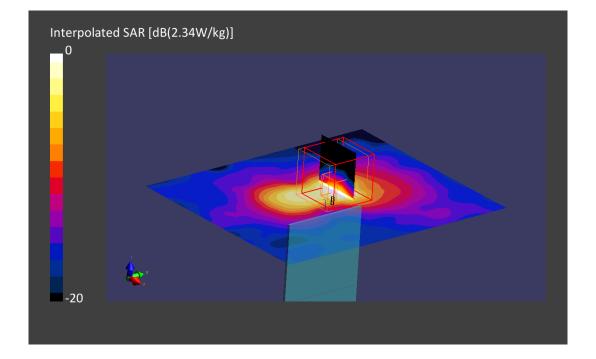
3. U-NII-2C - 802.11ac160, CH114, Chain B – Left Edge

Model, Manufac	cturer	Dimensions	[mm] S/N	1	DUT Typ	e	
AX211D2WL, In	tel	40.0 x 75.0 x	1.3 WI	FM:D8F8834E4CF1	WLAN m	odule + Reference	antenna
Exposure Co	nditions						
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Tes Distance [mm]	st Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MSL	EDGE LEFT, 5.00	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10456-AAC	5570.0, 114	3.85	6.16	47.4
Hardware Setup PhantomTSL, Measured DateELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -MBBL-600-6000, 2			Probe, Calibration Date EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2020-12-15 Measurement Results		DAE, Calibration Date DAE4 Sn1496, 2020-12-08		
Scan Setup		Area Scan	Zoom Scan	Measurenne		a Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [n Grid Steps [mr		40.0 x 120.0 10.0 x 10.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0 4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4	Date)21-07-09, 14:34
Sensor Sur [mm]	face	3.0	1.4	psSAR1g [W/ł psSAR10g [W	0.	0.506 0.158	0.600 0.181
Graded Grid Grading Ratio MAIA	Confirm	No n/a ed by MAIA	Yes 1.4 Confirmed by MAIA	Power Drift [dl Power Scaling Scaling Factor	, C	-0.01 Visabled	-0.06 Disabled
Surface Detect		VMS + 6p Measured	VMS + 6p Measured	TSL Correctio M2/M1 [%] Dist 3dB Peak	n Positi	ve Only	Positive Only 63.6 6.1



4. U-NII-3 - 802.11ac80, CH138, Chain B – Position Left Edge

Model, Manufad AX211D2WL, In		Dimensions 40.0 x 75.0 x		N FM:D8F8834E40		pe nodule + Reference	antenna
AA21102WE, III		40.0 × 70.0 ×	1.5 VV				antenna
Exposure Co	nditions						
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, 1 Distance [n		Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MSL	EDGE LEFT 5.00	Γ, WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10402-AAE	5690.0, 138	3.85	6.27	47.6
Hardware Set Phantom	up	TSL, Measu	red Date	Probe, Calil	bration Date	DAE, Calibr	ation Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg	probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6	000, 2021-Jul-08	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2020-12-15		DAE4 Sn149	96, 2020-12-08
Scan Setup				Measurer	nent Results		
		Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Ar	ea Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [n Grid Steps [mn		40.0 x 80.0 10.0 x 10.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0 4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4		202	1-07-09, 2 14:56	021-07-09, 15:04
Sensor Sur	face	3.0	1.4	psSAR1g [psSAR10g		0.447 0.141	0.526 0.156
Graded Grid		No	Yes			0.04	0.09
Grading Ratio MAIA	Confir	n/a med by MAIA	1.4 Confirmed by MAIA	Power Sca	lling l	Disabled	Disabled
Surface Detect Scan Method		VMS + 6p Measured	VMS + 6p Measured	TSL Correc	ction Posit	tive Only	Positive Only 59.6 6.6



5. System Check Body Liquid 2450MHz

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
D2450V2 , SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 1.3	937	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

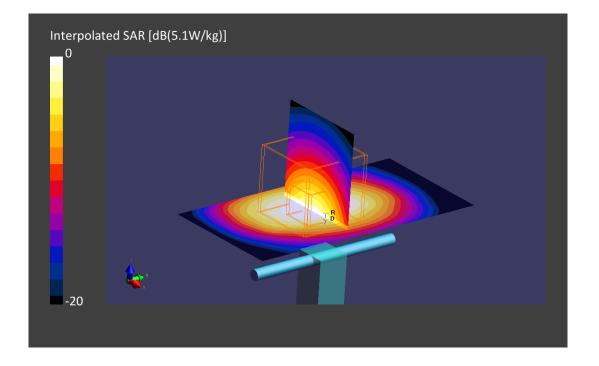
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test I Distance [mm]	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MSL	3	, 0	2450.0, 0	7.32	1.98	50.0

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000, 2021-Jul-	26 EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2021-05-21	DAE4 Sn1429, 2021-05-11
Scan Setup		Measurement Results	
•	Aroa Scan Zoom	Scan Aroa Scan	Zoom Scon

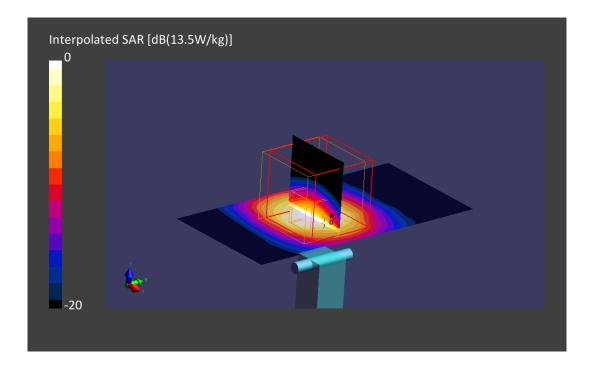
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.5
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

measureme	ent Results	
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2021-07-28, 16:59	2021-07-28, 17:05
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	2.33	2.44
psSAR10g [W/Kg]	1.11	1.12
Power Drift [dB]	0.01	0.02
Power Scaling Scaling Factor [dB]	Disabled	Disabled
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%] Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		78.7 8.9



6. System Check Body Liquid 5300MHz

Model, Manufac D5GHzV2, SPE		Dimensions 50.0 x 10.0		N 59	DUT Tyj Validatic		
Exposure Co	nditions						
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Distance [Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MSL	,		, 0	5300.0, 0	4.34	5.56	48.0
lardware Set	up						
Phantom	-	TSL, Measu	red Date	Probe, Calil	bration Date	DAE, Calibr	ation Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg	probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6	6000, 2021-Jul-08	EX3DV4 - S	N7325, 2020-12-15	DAE4 Sn149	96, 2020-12-08
Scan Setup				Measurer	nent Results		
-		Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Ar	ea Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [m Grid Steps [mn		40.0 x 80.0 10.0 x 10.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0 4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4		202	1-07-09, 2 10:17	021-07-09, 10:23
Sensor Surf [mm]	face	3.0	1.4	psSAR1g [psSAR10g		3.06 0.936	3.48 0.994
Graded Grid		No	Yes			0.01	0.03
Grading Ratio MAIA	Confi	n/a rmed by MAIA	1.4 Confirmed by MAIA			Disabled	Disabled
Surface Detect Scan Method	ion	VMS + 6p Measured	VMS + 6p Measured			ive Only	Positive Only 64.3 6.9



7. System Check Body Liquid 5600MHz

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
D5GHzV2 , SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 8.0	1259	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Ba Distance [mm]	nd Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MSL	,	, 0	5600.0, 0	3.85	6.21	47.5

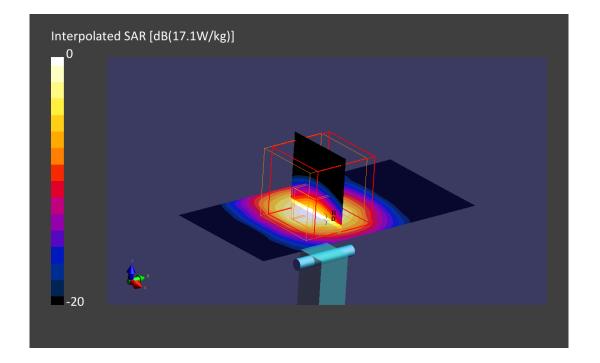
Hardware Setup

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. .

Phantom	TSL, Measur	ed Date	Probe, Calibration Dat	ie l	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-60	00, 2021-Jul-08	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 202	20-12-15 I	DAE4 Sn1496, 2020-12-08
Scan Setup			Measurement Res	sults	
•	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Sca	n Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0	Date	2021-07-09	9, 2021-07-09, 10:33
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4		10:2	7
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	psSAR1g [W/Kg]	3.6	1 4.11

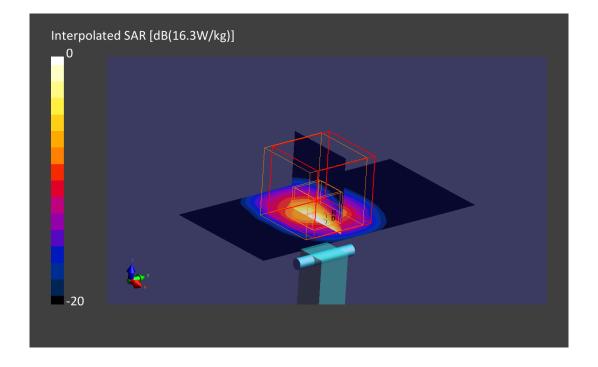
Ond Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 × 4.0 × 1.4		10.27	
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	psSAR1g [W/Kg]	3.61	4.11
[mm]			psSAR10g [W/Kg]	1.09	1.17
Graded Grid	No	Yes	Power Drift [dB]	0.03	0.01
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4	Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Scaling Factor [dB]		
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p	TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
Scan Method	Measured	Measured	M2/M1 [%]		60.4
			Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		7.5



8. System Check Body Liquid 5800MHz

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufa		Dimensio		IMEI	DUT T		
D5GHzV2 , SPI	EAG	50.0 x 10	.0 x 8.0	1259	Valida	tion Dipole	
Exposure Co	nditions						
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Distance		Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MSL	,		, 0	5800.0, 0	3.82	6.15	47.3
lardware Set	tup						
Phantom	-	TSL, Mea	sured Date	Probe, Ca	alibration Date	DAE, Calib	ration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg	g probe tilt) -	MBBL-60	0-6000, 2021-Jul-0	EX3DV4	SN7325, 2020-12-15	DAE4 Sn14	96, 2020-12-08
Scan Setup				Measur	ement Results		
-		Area Sca	n Zoon	n Scan	4	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [n Grid Steps [mr		40.0 x 80. 10.0 x 10.			20)21-07-09, 2 10:37	2021-07-09, 10:43
Sensor Sur	face	3.	0		g [W/Kg]	3.20	3.70
[mm]					0g [W/Kg]	0.964	1.05
Graded Grid		N		Yes Power D		0.03	0.02
Grading Ratio	Cont	n/ firmed by MAI		1.4 Power S y MAIA Scaling	Factor [dB]	Disabled	Disabled
MAIA	tion	VMS + 6		IS + 6p TSL Col		sitive Only	Positive Only
Surface Detec							FO 0
		Measure	d Me	asured M2/M1 [%] 9 Peak [mm]		59.2 7.4

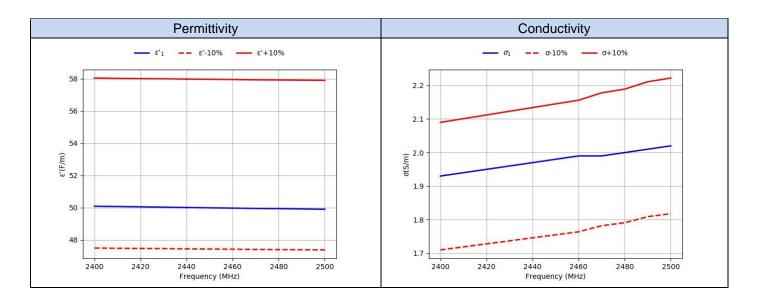




Annex D. TSL Dielectric Parameters

D.1 Body DTS 2450MHz

		2021-07-26		
Freq.	Tar	get	Measured	
(MHz)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε'1 (F/m)	σ1 (S/m)
2400	52.77	1.9	50.09	1.93
2410	52.75	1.91	50.07	1.94
2420	52.74	1.92	50.05	1.95
2430	52.73	1.93	50.03	1.96
2440	52.71	1.94	50.01	1.97
2450	52.7	1.95	49.99	1.98
2460	52.69	1.96	49.97	1.99
2470	52.67	1.98	49.95	1.99
2480	52.66	1.99	49.94	2.0
2490	52.65	2.01	49.92	2.01
2500	52.64	2.02	49.9	2.02

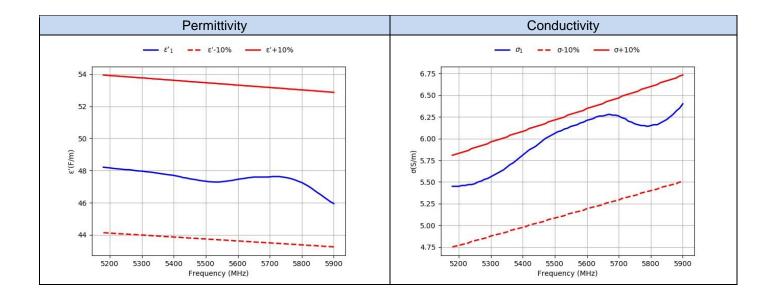


D.2 Body 5200MHz-5900MHz

			2021-	
Freq.		get		sured
(MHz)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε'1 (F/m)	σ1 (S/m)
5180.0	49.04	5.28	48.21	5.45
5190.0	49.03	5.29	48.19	5.45
5200.0	49.01	5.3	48.17	5.45
5210.0	49.0	5.31	48.14	5.46
5220.0	48.99	5.32	48.12	5.46
5230.0	48.97	5.33	48.1	5.47
5240.0	48.96	5.35	48.08	5.47
5250.0	48.95	5.36	48.06	5.48
5260.0	48.93	5.37	48.06	5.5
5270.0	48.92	5.38	48.03	5.51
5280.0	48.91	5.39	48.0	5.53
5290.0	48.89	5.4	47.98	5.54
5300.0	48.88	5.42	47.97	5.56
5310.0	48.87	5.43	47.94	5.58
5320.0	48.85	5.44	47.92	5.6
5330.0	48.84	5.45	47.9	5.62
5340.0	48.82	5.46	47.87	5.64
5350.0	48.81	5.47	47.84	5.67
5360.0	48.8	5.49	47.81	5.7
5370.0	48.78	5.5	47.78	5.72
5380.0	48.77	5.51	47.75	5.75
5390.0	48.76	5.52	47.73	5.78
5400.0	48.74	5.53	47.7	5.81
5410.0	48.73	5.54	47.66	5.84
5420.0	48.72	5.56	47.62	5.87
5430.0	48.7	5.57	47.56	5.89
5440.0	48.69	5.58	47.54	5.91
5450.0	48.67	5.59	47.49	5.94
5460.0	48.66	5.6	47.46	5.97
5470.0	48.65	5.61	47.43	6.0
5480.0	48.63	5.63	47.39	6.02
5490.0	48.62	5.64	47.36	6.04
5500.0	48.61	5.65	47.34	6.06
5510.0	48.59	5.66	47.31	6.08
5520.0	48.58	5.67	47.3	6.09
5530.0	48.57	5.68	47.29	6.11
5540.0	48.55	5.7	47.29	6.12
5550.0	48.54	5.71	47.31	6.14
5560.0	48.53	5.72	47.33	6.15
5570.0	48.51	5.73	47.36	6.16
5580.0	48.5	5.74	47.38	6.18
5590.0	48.48	5.75	47.42	6.19
5600.0	48.47	5.77	47.46	6.21
5610.0	48.46	5.78	47.49	6.22
5620.0	48.44	5.79	47.51	6.23
5630.0	48.43	5.8	47.55	6.25
5640.0	48.42	5.81	47.57	6.26
5650.0	48.4	5.82	47.6	6.26
5660.0	48.39	5.84	47.6	6.27
5670.0	48.38	5.85	47.6	6.28
5680.0	48.36	5.86	47.6	6.27
5690.0	48.35	5.87	47.6	6.27
0.080.0	+0.00	5.07	47.0	0.21



				·07-08
Freq.	Ta	rget	Meas	sured
(MHz)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε'1 (F/m)	σ1 (S/m)
5700.0	48.34	5.88	47.61	6.26
5710.0	48.32	5.9	47.63	6.24
5720.0	48.31	5.91	47.63	6.23
5730.0	48.3	5.92	47.63	6.2
5740.0	48.28	5.93	47.6	6.19
5750.0	48.27	5.94	47.57	6.17
5760.0	48.25	5.95	47.53	6.16
5770.0	48.24	5.97	47.48	6.15
5780.0	48.23	5.98	47.41	6.15
5790.0	48.21	5.99	47.33	6.14
5800.0	48.2	6.0	47.26	6.15
5810.0	48.19	6.01	47.15	6.16
5820.0	48.17	6.02	47.04	6.16
5830.0	48.16	6.04	46.91	6.18
5840.0	48.15	6.05	46.76	6.2
5850.0	48.13	6.06	46.62	6.22
5860.0	48.12	6.07	46.49	6.25
5870.0	48.1	6.08	46.34	6.28
5880.0	48.09	6.09	46.2	6.32
5890.0	48.08	6.11	46.06	6.35
5900.0	48.06	6.12	45.95	6.4



Annex E. Calibration Certificates

ID	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Certificate
002-000	Dosimetric E-field Probe	EX3DV4	3978	SPEAG	
001-006	Dosimetric E-field Probe	EX3DV4	7325	SPEAG	
070-000	2450MHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	937	SPEAG	
084-000	5GHz System Validation Dipole	D5GHzV2	1259	SPEAG	(

Dipole calibration

According to the KDB 865664 D01, a dipole must be calibrated using a fully validated SAR system according to the tissue dielectric parameters and SAR probe calibration frequency required for device testing. However, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements.

- 1. When the most recent return-loss result, measured at least annually, deviates by less than 20% from the previous measurement (i.e. value in dB \times 0.2) or not meeting the required 20 dB minimum return-loss requirement.
- 2. When the most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually, deviates by less than 5 Ω from the previous measurement



The below results show the latest return loss and impedance measurements for each dipole performed by the lab:

Dipole ID #070-000						
Dipole 2450MHz Body TSL						
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date			
Initial Calibration	-29.7	50.85 + 3.20 j	2020-05-12			
Last	-28.5	48.17 – 3.19 j	2021-05-14			
	Dipole II	D #084-000				
	Dipole 5200	MHz Body TSL				
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date			
Initial Calibration	-21.3	49.9 – 8.7 j	2020-03-10			
Last	-24.6	45.1 + 2.6 j	2021-02-15			
Dipole 5300MHz Body TSL						
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date			
Initial Calibration	-32.7	50.4 – 2.3 j	2020-03-10			
Last	-30.9	52.6 + 1.3 j	2021-02-15			
	Dipole 5500	MHz Body TSL				
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date			
Initial Calibration	-32.7	47.8 – 0.5 j	2020-03-10			
Last	-28.7	47.8 – 3.9 j	2021-02-15			
	•	MHz Body TSL				
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date			
Initial Calibration	-30.5	53.0 – 0.8 j	2020-03-10			
Last	-26.3	49.5 – 4.8 j	2021-02-15			
	Dipole 5800	MHz Body TSL				
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date			
Initial Calibration	-31.1	52.0 + 2.0 j	2020-03-10			
Last -34.2 51.1 + 0.2 j 2021-02-15						