



# **SAR Report**

Applicant : ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC.

Applicant Address : 1F., No. 15, Lide Rd., Beitou Dist., Taipei City 112, Taiwan

Product Type : Intel Wireless-AC 9560

Trade Name : Intel

Model Number : 9560NGW

Applicable Standard : 47 CFR Part §2.1093

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Issued by

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Taiwan Accreditation Foundation accreditation number: 1330

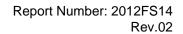
Test Firm MRA designation number: TW0010

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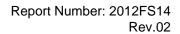






# **Revision History**

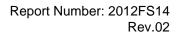
Rev.	Issued Date	Revisions	Revised By
00	Jan. 05, 2021	Initial Issue	Nicole Chu
01	Jan. 18, 2021	Revised 2 chapter (P5) Revised 3 chapter (P6) Revised 7.3 chapter (P21~25) Revised 7.4 chapter (P27) Revised 7.5 chapter (P28) Revised 7.6.1 chapter (P29) Revised 8.2 chapter (P31) Revised 12.1 chapter (P42) Revised 12.2 chapter (P44) Revised Appendix B chapter (P61-62)	Nicole Chu
02	Jan. 20, 2021	Revised 7.3 chapter (P21~25) Revised 7.4 chapter (P27) Revised 7.6.1 chapter (P29)	Nicole Chu





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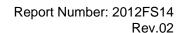
### 1. General Information

## 1.1 Reference Applicable Standard

Standard	Description	Version
IEEE 1528	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head From Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.	2013
ANSI/IEEE C95.1	American National Standard safety levels with respect to human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields, 300 KHz to 100 GHz, New York.	1992
47 CFR Part §2.1093	Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices.	-
KDB 248227 D01	SAR guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) transmitters	v02r02
KDB 447498 D01	RF exposure procedures and equipment authorization policies for mobile and portable devices	v06
KDB 616217 D04	SAR evaluation considerations for laptop, notebook and tablet computers.	v01r02
KDB 865664 D01	SAR measurement requirement for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.	v01r04
KDB 865664 D02	RF exposure compliance reporting and documentation considerations.	v01r02

### 1.2 Test Site Environment

Items Required (IEEE 1528-2013)		Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	21-23



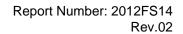


2. Summary of Maximum Reported SAR Value

		Highest Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)		
Equipment Class	Mode	Body standalone SAR <sub>1 g</sub> (W/kg)	Body standalone SAR <sub>1 g</sub> (W/kg)	
		Tablet/SKU 1	Notebook/SKU 2	
DTS	WLAN2.4GHz Ant Main	0.13	0.63	
ы	WLAN2.4GHz Ant Aux	0.15	0.40	
U-NII	WLAN5GHz Ant Main	0.80	0.94	
O-MII	WLAN5GHz Ant Aux	0.08	0.17	
DSS Bluetooth Ant Aux		0.06	0.32	
Highest Simulta	neous Transmission SAR	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg		
		0.80	1.43	

#### Note:

- 1. The SAR limit (Head & Body: SAR<sub>1g</sub> 1.6 W/kg) for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.
- 2. The test procedures, as described in American National Standards, Institute ANSI/IEEE C95.1 ANSI/IEEE C95.3 (For IC) were employed and they specify the maximum exposure limit (SAR<sub>1g</sub> 1.6 W/kg for Head & Body, SAR10g 4.0 W/kg for Extremity) of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm between user and EUT in the uncontrolled environment. A description of the product and operating configuration, detailed summary of the test results, methodology and procedures used in the equipment used are included within this test report.
- 3. This device has two kinds of SKU, SKU 1 is 360 convertible laptop computer, SKU 2 is laptop only. All circuit designs, circuit board and other related designs are electrically identical.





# 3. Description of Equipment under Test (EUT)

Applicant	ASUSTEK COMPUTER INC.			
	1F., No. 15, Lide Rd., Beitou Dist., Taipei City 112, Taiwan ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC.			
Manufacturer	1F., No. 15, Lide Rd., Beitou Dist., Taipei City 112, Taiwan			
Product Type	Intel Wireless-AC 9560			
Trade Name	Intel			
Model Number	9560NGW			
FCC ID	MSQ9560NG			
S/N	00330-50000-00000-AOEM			
Class II Permissive Change	(1) This is to request a Class II permissive change for FCC ID: MSQ9560NG, originally granted on 11/20/2017 Modification: -Change #1: Additional chassis added, ASUSTeK, model number: BR1100FK, B1100FK, BR1100CK Models differences: All models are electrically identical, different model names are for marketing purpose and the flip angle of panel, as below. BR1100FK, B1100FK is for 360 degree: BR1100CK, B1100CK is for 180 degree -Change #2: Reduces WIFI output power through BIOS that cannot be changed by end user and SAR were evaluated accordinglyChange #3: Adds new antennas that meet FCC Part 15 equivalent-type			
Host Information	Product Type: Notebook PC Trade Name: ASUS Model Name: BR1100FK, B1100FK, BR1100CK, B1100CK. All models are electrically identical, different model names are for marketing purpose and the flip angle of panel, as below. BR1100FK, B1100FK is for 360 degree; BR1100CK, B1100CK is for 180 degree			
Frequency Range Operate Modes		Operate Frequency (MHz)		
	IEEE 802.11b / 802.11g / 802.11n 2.4 GHz 20 MHz	2412 - 2472		
	IEEE 802.11n 2.4 GHz 40 MHz 2422 - 2462			
	IEEE 802.11a U-NII Band I	5180 - 5240		
	IEEE 802.11a U-NII Band II-A	5260 - 5320		
	IEEE 802.11a U-NII Band II-C	5500 - 5720		
	IEEE 802.11a U-NII Band III	5745 - 5825		



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	IEEE 802.11n 5 GHz 20 MHz U-NII Band I	5180 - 5240	
	IEEE 802.11n 5 GHz 20 MHz U-NII Band II-A	5260 - 5320	
	IEEE 802.11n 5 GHz 20 MHz U-NII Band II-C	5500 - 5720	
	IEEE 802.11n 5 GHz 20 MHz U-NII Band III	5745 - 5825	
	IEEE 802.11n 5 GHz 40 MHz U-NII Band I	5190 - 5230	
	IEEE 802.11n 5 GHz 40 MHz U-NII Band II-A	5270 - 5310	
	IEEE 802.11n 5 GHz 40 MHz U-NII Band II-C	5510 - 5710	
	IEEE 802.11n 5 GHz 40 MHz U-NII Band III	5755 - 5795	
	IEEE 802.11ac 80 MHz U-NII Band I	5210	
	IEEE 802.11ac 80 MHz U-NII Band II-A	5290	
	IEEE 802.11ac 80 MHz U-NII Band II-C	5530 - 5690	
	IEEE 802.11ac 80 MHz U-NII Band III	5775	
	IEEE 802.11ac 160 MHz UNII Band I + UNII Band II-A	5250 - 5570	
	Bluetooth BR/EDR	2402 - 2480	
	Bluetooth LE	2402 - 2480	
	*The 5600 – 5650 MHz cannot be used in Canada.		
Modulations	802.11b : DSSS 802.11a/g/n/ac : OFDM Bluetooth : GFSK, T/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK		
Device Category Portable Device			
Application Type Certification			

### Note:

1. The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.



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### Antenna list:

Antenna list -							
Antenna	ANT	Manufacturer	Part No.	Type	Max. Gain (dBi)		
Source	ANI	Maridiacturei	(Vendor)	туре	Frequency	NB	PAD
			AXF6Y-100043  AXF6Y-100042	PIFA Antenna	2402 - 2480	-6.82	-13.42
					5150 - 5250	-11.58	-12.97
	Chain A Chain B				5250 - 5350	-10.94	-12.97
					5470 - 5725	-11.50	-11.88
1					5725 - 5850	-11.29	-11.88
!				PIFA Antenna	2402 - 2480	-4.72	-5.02
					5150 - 5250	0.66	1.41
					5250 - 5350	0.78	1.41
					5470 - 5725	0.84	1.20
					5725 - 5850	1.04	1.20

Note:

<sup>1.</sup> The Chain A is connected to AUX port / Chain B is connected to Main port of module.



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### 4. Introduction

The A Test Lab Techno Corp. has performed measurements of the maximum potential exposure to the user. The test procedures, as described in American National Standards, Institute C95.1-1999 [1] were employed and they specify the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm between user and EUT in the uncontrolled environment. A description of the product and operating configuration, detailed summary of the test results, methodology and procedures used in the equipment used are included within this test report.

#### 4.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dw) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\boldsymbol{\rho}$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dw}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dw}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

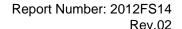
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:

 $\sigma$  = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

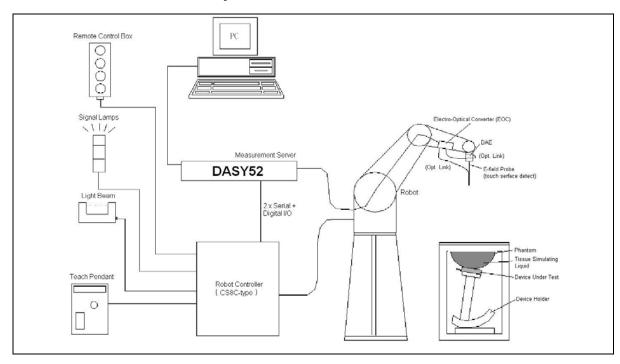
 $\rho$  = mass density of the tissue (kg/m3)

E = RMS electric field strength (V/m)



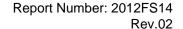


5. SAR Measurement Setup



The DASY52 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- 1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli TX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- 2. An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurements.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing,
   AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- 4. The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- 5. The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- 6. The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- 7. A computer running Win7/Win8 professional operating system and the cDASY6 and DASY5 V5.2 software.
- 8. Remote controls with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- 9. The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.
- 10. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- 11. The validation dipole has been calibrated within and the system performance check has been successful.





### 5.1 DASY E-Field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration [3] and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probes is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi-fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped when reaching the maximum.

### 5.1.1 E-Field Probe Specification

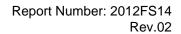
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	±0.3 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in brain tissue (rotation normal probe axis)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available





EX3DV4 E-Field Probe

Probe setup on robot



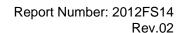


# 5.2 Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Model DAE4		
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4 mV, 400 mV)	
Input Offset Voltage	< 5 μV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

### 5.3 Robot

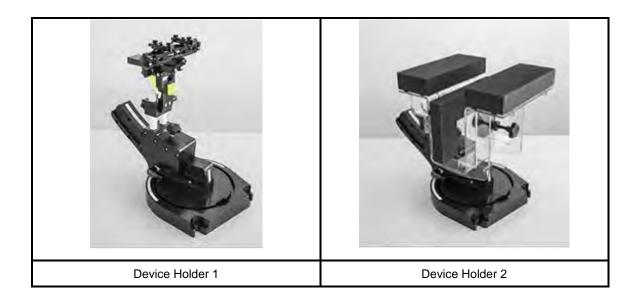
Positioner	Stäubli Unimation Corp.	
Robot Model	TX90XL	
Number of Axes	6	
Norminal Load	5 kg	A A
Reach	1450 mm	
Repeatability	<u>+</u> 0.035 mm	





#### 5.4 Device Holder

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon$ =3 and loss tangent  $\delta$ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



#### 5.5 Oval Flat Phantom - ELI

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (Oval Flat) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-2013, CENELEC 50361 and IEC 62209-2. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of wireless portable device usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.

Shell Thickness	2 ±0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	190×600×400 mm (H×L×W)	
Table 1. S	pecification of ELI	





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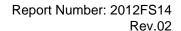
### 6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

#### IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in 1528 recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in 1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in 1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equation and extrapolated according to the head parameter specified in 1528.

Target Frequency	He	ad	Во	ody				
(MHz)	εr	σ (S/m)	εr	σ (S/m)				
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80				
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92				
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94				
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97				
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05				
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06				
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30				
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40				
1800 - 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52				
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95				
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73				
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00				
( $\epsilon r$ = relative permittivity, $\sigma$ = conductivity and $\rho$ = 1000 kg/m $^3$ )								

Table 2. Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms





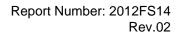
6.1 The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Ingredients												Frequency (GHz)		
(% by weight)	7!	50	83	35	17	50	19	00	24	50	26	00	5 GHz	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body										
Water	39.28	51.30	41.45	52.40	54.50	40.20	54.90	40.40	62.70	73.20	60.30	71.40	65.5	78.6
Salt (NaCl)	1.47	1.42	1.45	1.50	0.17	0.49	0.18	0.50	0.50	0.10	0.60	0.20	0.00	0.00
Sugar	58.15	46.18	56.00	45.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HEC	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Bactericide	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	17.2	10.7
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	45.33	59.31	44.92	59.10	36.80	26.70	39.10	28.40	0.00	0.00
Diethylene Glycol Mono-hexlether	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	17.3	10.7
Dielectric Constant	41.88	54.60	42.54	56.10	40.10	53.60	39.90	54.00	39.80	52.50	39.80	52.50	35.1~ 36.2	47.9~ 49.3
Conductivity (S/m)	0.90	0.97	0.91	0.95	1.39	1.49	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78	1.88	1.78	4.45~ 5.48	5.07~ 6.23

### 6.2 Liquid Parameters

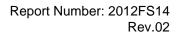
- 1. The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an DAKS 3.5 Probe Kit.
- 2. The SAR testing with IEC tissue parameters as an alternative option to Head and body parameters. We used head TSL for body SAR tests. There are some limitations though:
- (a) The mixing and matching of head TSL and body TSL for body SAR testing in a single application are not permitted. For example, we cannot start testing body SAR with head TSL and then switch to testing Body SAR with Body TSL.
- (b) The TSL used for body SAR testing can be changed via a Permissive Change. However, if the body SAR increases and the original Body SAR was > 1.2 W/kg, additional SAR measurements may be required.

Tissue Temp	Liquid	Frequency	Cond.	Perm.	target Cond.	target Perm.	σ (Delta)	εr (Delta)	Limit	Date
(°C)	Type	(MHz)	σ	εr	σ	εr	(%)	(%)	(%)	
22.7	Head	2412 MHz	1.78	39.644	1.77	39.27	0.52	0.95	±5	Dec. 13, 2020
22.7	Head	2422 MHz	1.79	39.602	1.78	39.25	0.64	0.90	±5	Dec. 13, 2020
22.7	Head	2437 MHz	1.80	39.548	1.79	39.22	0.78	0.84	±5	Dec. 13, 2020
22.7	Head	2452 MHz	1.82	39.492	1.80	39.20	0.87	0.75	±5	Dec. 13, 2020
22.7	Head	2462 MHz	1.83	39.453	1.81	39.18	0.84	0.70	±5	Dec. 13, 2020
22.7	Head	2467 MHz	1.83	39.433	1.82	39.18	0.88	0.65	±5	Dec. 13, 2020
22.7	Head	2472 MHz	1.84	39.413	1.82	39.17	0.90	0.62	±5	Dec. 13, 2020
22.4	Head	2412 MHz	1.76	39.540	1.77	39.27	-0.08	0.69	±5	Dec. 14, 2020
22.4	Head	2422 MHz	1.78	39.498	1.78	39.25	0.04	0.63	±5	Dec. 14, 2020



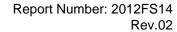


Tissue Temp	Head /	Frequency	Cond.	Perm.	target Cond.	target Perm.	σ	٤r	Limit	Date
(°C)	Body	rrequericy	σ	εr	σ	er	(Delta)(%)	(Delta)(%)	(%)	Date
22.4	Head	2437 MHz	1.79	39.444	1.79	39.22	0.22	0.57	±5	Dec. 14, 2020
22.4	Head	2452 MHz	1.81	39.389	1.80	39.20	0.28	0.48	±5	Dec. 14, 2020
22.4	Head	2462 MHz	1.82	39.349	1.81	39.18	0.25	0.43	±5	Dec. 14, 2020
22.4	Head	2467 MHz	1.82	39.329	1.82	39.18	0.28	0.38	±5	Dec. 14, 2020
22.4	Head	2472 MHz	1.83	39.310	1.82	39.17	0.31	0.36	±5	Dec. 14, 2020
22.6	Head	5180 MHz	4.55	37.115	4.64	36.02	-1.89	3.04	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5190 MHz	4.56	37.081	4.65	36.01	-1.86	2.97	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5200 MHz	4.58	37.028	4.66	36.00	-1.75	2.86	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5220 MHz	4.61	36.969	4.68	35.98	-1.46	2.75	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5230 MHz	4.63	36.945	4.69	35.97	-1.30	2.71	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5240 MHz	4.64	36.917	4.70	35.96	-1.35	2.66	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5250 MHz	4.65	36.912	4.71	35.95	-1.36	2.68	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5260 MHz	4.65	36.883	4.72	35.94	-1.40	2.62	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5270 MHz	4.65	36.863	4.73	35.93	-1.59	2.60	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5280 MHz	4.67	36.849	4.74	35.92	-1.57	2.59	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5290 MHz	4.68	36.841	4.75	35.91	-1.47	2.59	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5300 MHz	4.70	36.859	4.76	35.90	-1.26	2.67	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5310 MHz	4.72	36.865	4.77	35.89	-1.01	2.72	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5320 MHz	4.74	36.879	4.78	35.88	-0.83	2.78	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5500 MHz	4.94	36.602	4.97	35.65	-0.47	2.67	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5510 MHz	4.95	36.584	4.98	35.64	-0.61	2.65	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5530 MHz	4.96	36.523	5.00	35.61	-0.82	2.56	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5550 MHz	4.97	36.472	5.02	35.58	-0.95	2.51	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5570 MHz	4.99	36.393	5.04	35.55	-1.06	2.37	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5580 MHz	5.00	36.346	5.05	35.53	-1.03	2.30	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5610 MHz	5.02	36.225	5.08	35.49	-1.09	2.07	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5620 MHz	5.04	36.189	5.09	35.48	-1.04	2.00	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5630 MHz	5.05	36.155	5.10	35.47	-0.91	1.93	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5660 MHz	5.13	36.056	5.13	35.44	0.00	1.74	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5670 MHz	5.16	36.012	5.14	35.43	0.45	1.64	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5690 MHz	5.23	35.929	5.16	35.41	1.39	1.47	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5700 MHz	5.26	35.895	5.17	35.40	1.83	1.40	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5710 MHz	5.29	35.859	5.18	35.39	2.11	1.33	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5720 MHz	5.30	35.838	5.19	35.38	2.04	1.29	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5745 MHz	5.27	35.870	5.22	35.36	1.09	1.44	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5755 MHz	5.26	35.914	5.23	35.35	0.66	1.60	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5775 MHz	5.23	35.956	5.25	35.33	-0.32	1.77	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5785 MHz	5.22	35.947	5.26	35.32	-0.66	1.78	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5795 MHz	5.22	35.949	5.27	35.31	-0.87	1.81	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.6	Head	5825 MHz	5.23	35.825	5.30	35.28	-1.29	1.54	±5	Dec. 15, 2020
22.3	Head	5180 MHz	4.55	36.785	4.64	36.02	-1.84	2.12	±5	Dec. 16, 2020





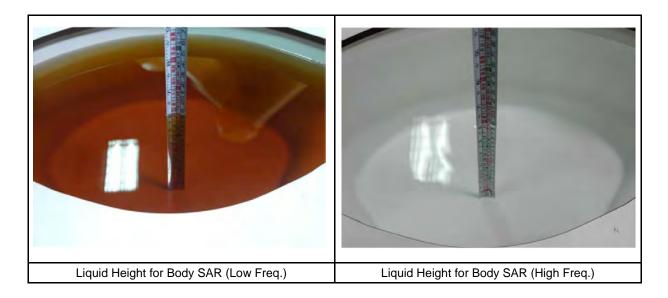
Tissue Temp	Head /	Frequency	Cond.	Perm.	target Cond.	target Perm.	σ (Dolto)(%()	r n3	Limit	Date
(°C)	Body		σ	εr	σ	εr	(Della)(%)	(Delta)(%)	(%)	
22.3	Head	5190 MHz	4.57	36.737	4.65	36.01	-1.81	2.02	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5200 MHz	4.58	36.688	4.66	36.00	-1.69	1.91	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5220 MHz	4.61	36.645	4.68	35.98	-1.42	1.85	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5230 MHz	4.63	36.629	4.69	35.97	-1.32	1.83	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5240 MHz	4.64	36.611	4.70	35.96	-1.28	1.81	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5250 MHz	4.65	36.571	4.71	35.95	-1.26	1.73	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5260 MHz	4.66	36.544	4.72	35.94	-1.31	1.68	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5270 MHz	4.66	36.515	4.73	35.93	-1.38	1.63	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5280 MHz	4.68	36.488	4.74	35.92	-1.35	1.58	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5290 MHz	4.69	36.478	4.75	35.91	-1.26	1.58	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5300 MHz	4.70	36.450	4.76	35.90	-1.20	1.53	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5310 MHz	4.72	36.443	4.77	35.89	-0.97	1.54	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5320 MHz	4.74	36.475	4.78	35.88	-0.83	1.66	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5500 MHz	4.93	36.256	4.97	35.65	-0.71	1.70	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5510 MHz	4.94	36.243	4.98	35.64	-0.73	1.69	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5530 MHz	4.95	36.187	5.00	35.61	-0.90	1.62	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5550 MHz	4.97	36.138	5.02	35.58	-0.91	1.57	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5570 MHz	4.99	36.071	5.04	35.55	-1.03	1.47	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5580 MHz	5.00	36.042	5.05	35.53	-1.07	1.44	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5610 MHz	5.03	35.925	5.08	35.49	-0.99	1.23	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5620 MHz	5.05	35.902	5.09	35.48	-0.77	1.19	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5630 MHz	5.07	35.854	5.10	35.47	-0.63	1.08	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5660 MHz	5.15	35.733	5.13	35.44	0.48	0.83	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5670 MHz	5.19	35.696	5.14	35.43	0.88	0.75	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5690 MHz	5.24	35.635	5.16	35.41	1.46	0.64	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5700 MHz	5.26	35.609	5.17	35.40	1.71	0.59	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5710 MHz	5.27	35.595	5.18	35.39	1.78	0.58	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5720 MHz	5.28	35.595	5.19	35.38	1.77	0.61	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5745 MHz	5.29	35.626	5.22	35.36	1.43	0.75	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5755 MHz	5.28	35.646	5.23	35.35	1.13	0.84	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5775 MHz	5.26	35.665	5.25	35.33	0.32	0.95	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5785 MHz	5.24	35.651	5.26	35.32	-0.24	0.94	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5795 MHz	5.23	35.632	5.27	35.31	-0.59	0.91	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.3	Head	5825 MHz	5.23	35.522	5.30	35.28	-1.25	0.69	±5	Dec. 16, 2020
22.8	Head	2402 MHz	1.75	40.009	1.76	39.28	-0.15	1.85	±5	Dec. 20, 2020
22.8	Head	2441 MHz	1.80	39.882	1.79	39.22	0.53	1.69	±5	Dec. 20, 2020
22.8	Head	2480 MHz	1.85	39.782	1.83	39.16	0.90	1.59	±5	Dec. 20, 2020
22.3	Head	2402 MHz	1.75	39.936	1.76	39.28	-0.34	1.67	±5	Dec. 21, 2020
22.3	Head	2441 MHz	1.80	39.809	1.79	39.22	0.35	1.50	±5	Dec. 21, 2020
22.3	Head	2480 MHz	1.85	39.710	1.83	39.16	0.72	1.40	±5	Dec. 21, 2020





## 6.3 Liquid Depth

According to KDB865664, the depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be  $\geq$  15.0 cm. Which is shown in Figure 7 & 8.







### 7. SAR Testing with RF Transmitters

### 7.1 Positioning of the DUT in relation to the phantom

The following measurement procedure shall be according to RSS-102 Supplementary procedures (SPR-001): Unless the side(s)/edge(s) of the laptop type computer (laptop mode/tablet mode) containing the built-in antenna(s) was already tested against the flat phantom.

Industry Canada requires SAR measurements to be performed with the side(s)/edge(s) of the display screen containing the built-in antenna(s) pointing towards the flat phantom.

i)If the integrated antenna(s) are located in the back side of the display screen, the back side shall be facing towards the flat phantom at a distance not exceeding 25 mm.

ii)If the integrated antenna(s) are installed along the edge(s) of the display screen, the edge(s) shall be facing towards the flat phantom at a distance not exceeding 25 mm.

#### According to KDB616217 D04

iii)When antennas are incorporated in the keyboard section of a laptop computer, SAR is required for the bottom surface of the keyboard. Provided tablet use conditions are not supported by the laptop computer, SAR tests for bystander exposure from the edges of the keyboard.

iv)Some 2-in-1 tablets may operate with the display folded on top of the keyboard. Most recent tablets are designed with an interactive display that may not require a physical keyboard. Both configurations are used in similar manners and require SAR evaluation for the back surface and edges of the tablet. For keyboards that can be unfolded like a laptop, the procedures for laptop platform should also be applied.



Rev.02

### 7.2 SAR Testing with WLAN

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the initial test position(s) by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The initial test position(s) is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the reported SAR for the initial test position is:

- ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration
  and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations
  are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures.
- > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the initial test position to
  measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the
  highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions are
  tested.
  - For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
  - When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the
  reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest
  measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required test channels are
  considered.
  - > The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.
- When the specified maximum output power is the same for both UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR measurements in UNII 2A with the channel with the highest measured output power. If the reported SAR for UNII 2A is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for UNII 1; otherwise treat the remaining bands separately and test them independently for SAR.
- When the specified maximum output power is different between UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR with the band that has the higher specified maximum output. If the highest reported SAR for the band with the highest specified power is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, testing for the band with the lower specified output power is not required; otherwise test the remaining bands independently for SAR.

To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.

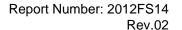


Rev.02

#### 7.3 Conducted Power Measurements

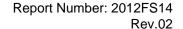
			§15.247 (2.	4 GHz)			
				ain	Aux		
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	
	1	2412	13.30	13.50	13.37	13.50	
802.11b 1Mbps	6	2437	13.29	13.50	13.26	13.50	
	11	2462	13.38	13.50	13.42	13.50	
	1	2412	13.34	13.50	13.40	13.50	
802.11g 6Mbps	6	2437	13.31	13.50	13.37	13.50	
	11	2462	13.34	13.50	13.32	13.50	
	1	2412	13.26	13.50	13.38	13.50	
802.11n-20 HT0	6	2437	13.33	13.50	13.36	13.50	
	11	2462	13.32	13.50	13.34	13.50	
	3	2422	13.29	13.50	13.34	13.50	
802.11n-40 HT0	6	2437	13.28	13.50	13.37	13.50	
	9	2452	13.26	13.50	13.31	13.50	

- As per FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, conducted output power and SAR testing are not required for 802.11g/n20/n40/ax channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2W/kg.
- When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.



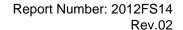


U-NII-1 Main Aux Frequency Mode Channel Average Tune-Up Average Tune-Up (MHz) power (dBm) Limit power (dBm) Limit 5180 11.84 12.00 11.78 12.00 36 40 5200 11.88 12.00 11.83 12.00 802.11a 6Mbps 5220 44 11.80 12.00 11.82 12.00 48 5240 11.84 12.00 11.82 12.00 12.00 36 5180 11.83 12.00 11.88 40 5200 11.78 12.00 11.84 12.00 802.11n-20 HT0 44 5220 11.79 12.00 12.00 11.83 48 5240 11.81 12.00 11.83 12.00 38 5190 11.77 12.00 11.83 12.00 802.11n-40 HT0 46 5230 11.80 12.00 11.84 12.00 36 5180 11.75 12.00 11.79 12.00 40 5200 11.81 12.00 11.86 12.00 802.11ac-20 VHT0 44 5220 12.00 11.77 11.88 12.00 48 5240 11.86 12.00 11.87 12.00 38 5190 11.84 12.00 11.85 12.00 802.11ac-40 VHT0 46 5230 11.78 12.00 11.78 12.00 802.11ac-80 VHT0 42 5210 11.78 12.00 11.82 12.00



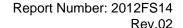


U-NII-2A Main Aux Frequency Mode Channel Average Tune-Up Average Tune-Up (MHz) power (dBm) power (dBm) Limit Limit 5260 11.86 12.00 12.00 52 11.88 11.85 12.00 56 5280 11.83 12.00 802.11a 6Mbps 60 5300 11.80 12.00 11.86 12.00 64 5320 11.84 12.00 11.80 12.00 52 5260 11.76 12.00 11.78 12.00 56 5280 11.84 12.00 11.86 12.00 802.11n-20 HT0 60 5300 11.77 12.00 12.00 11.86 64 5320 11.81 12.00 11.86 12.00 54 5270 11.80 12.00 11.81 12.00 802.11n-40 HT0 62 5310 11.83 12.00 11.86 12.00 52 5260 11.86 12.00 11.78 12.00 56 5280 11.83 12.00 11.86 12.00 802.11ac-20 VHT0 12.00 60 5300 11.85 11.79 12.00 5320 11.80 12.00 11.81 12.00 64 54 5270 11.85 12.00 11.79 12.00 802.11ac-40 VHT0 62 5310 11.85 12.00 11.88 12.00 802.11ac-80 VHT0 58 5290 11.86 12.00 11.78 12.00 802.11ac-160 VHT0 50 5250 11.11 12.00 11.78 12.00





U-NII-2C Main Aux Frequency Mode Channel Average Tune-Up Tune-Up Average (MHz) power (dBm) power (dBm) Limit Limit 100 5500 11.81 12.00 11.77 12.00 11.85 116 5580 11.80 12.00 12.00 124 5620 11.86 12.00 11.80 12.00 802.11a 6Mbps 132 5660 11.82 12.00 11.77 12.00 140 5700 11.79 12.00 11.78 12.00 5720 11.77 12.00 12.00 144 11.88 100 5500 11.81 12.00 11.76 12.00 116 5580 11.80 12.00 11.86 12.00 124 5620 11.87 12.00 11.85 12.00 802.11n-20 HT0 5660 11.82 12.00 11.76 12.00 132 140 5700 11.80 12.00 11.86 12.00 144 5720 11.80 12.00 11.80 12.00 102 5510 11.80 12.00 11.81 12.00 5550 11.81 12.00 12.00 110 11.83 802.11n-40 HT0 5630 11.80 12.00 11.85 12.00 126 134 5670 11.86 12.00 11.85 12.00 5710 11.88 12.00 11.82 12.00 142 5500 11.82 12.00 12.00 100 11.81 5580 12.00 12.00 116 11.78 11.86 124 5620 11.87 12.00 11.81 12.00 802.11ac-20 VHT0 11.83 12.00 12.00 132 5660 11.81 140 5700 11.82 12.00 11.82 12.00 144 5720 11.78 12.00 11.80 12.00 102 5510 11.82 12.00 11.82 12.00 110 5550 11.83 12.00 11.83 12.00 802.11ac-40 VHT0 11.86 12.00 11.76 12.00 126 5630 11.83 12.00 12.00 134 5670 11.82 5710 11.89 12.00 142 12.00 11.79 5530 11.75 12.00 11.86 12.00 106 802.11ac-80 VHT0 122 5610 11.78 12.00 11.82 12.00 11.78 12.00 12.00 138 5690 11.76 802.11ac-160 VHT0 114 5570 11.31 11.50 11.32 11.50





	U-N	II-3/§15.247	(5.8 GHz)			
			Ma	iin	Αι	ıx
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit
	149	5745	11.79	12.00	11.87	12.00
802.11a 6Mbps	157	5785	11.79	12.00	11.87	12.00
	165	5825	11.80	12.00	11.80	12.00
	149	5745	11.80	12.00	11.76	12.00
802.11n-20 HT0	157	5785	11.81	12.00	11.86	12.00
	165	5825	11.82	12.00	11.85	12.00
802.11n-40 HT0	151	5755	11.83	12.00	11.83	12.00
002.1111 <del>-4</del> 0 H10	159	5795	11.86	12.00	11.85	12.00
	149	5745	11.81	12.00	11.86	12.00
802.11ac-20 VHT0	157	5785	11.78	12.00	11.76	12.00
	165	5825	11.76	12.00	11.78	12.00
902 44cc 40 VIJTO	151	5755	11.77	12.00	11.84	12.00
802.11ac-40 VHT0	159	5795	11.82	12.00	11.76	12.00
802.11ac-80 VHT0	155	5775	11.85	12.00	11.83	12.00

Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested.

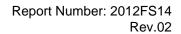
- 1. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
- When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.



Rev.02

Dond	CH	Frequency	Average Power (dBm)			
Band	CH	(MHz)	AUX (Chain A)	Tune-Up Limit		
Divista eth DD	0	2402.0	10.08	11.5		
Bluetooth BR GFSK	39	2441.0	10.04	11.5		
GFSK	78	2480.0	10.06	11.5		
Divistanti EDD	0	2402.0	9.08	11		
Bluetooth EDR π/4-DQPSK	39	2441.0	9.14	11		
11/4-DQF3N	78	2480.0	9.04	11		
Divista eth EDD	0	2402.0	9.09	11		
Bluetooth EDR 8DPSK	39	2441.0	9.17	11		
ODPSK	78	2480.0	9.08	11		

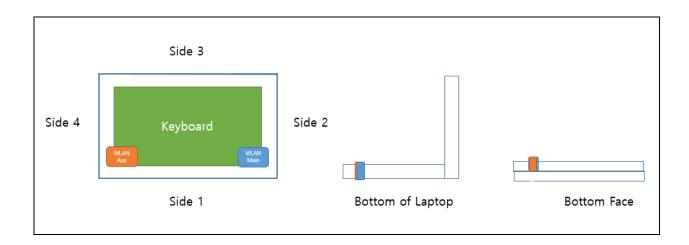
Band	CH	Frequency	Donduidth	Average Power (dBm)			
Danu	CH	(MHz)	Bandwidth	AUX (Chain A)	Tune-Up Limit		
	0	2402.0		7.68	9		
	19	2440.0	1M	7.34	9		
Divistanth I C	39	2480.0		7.22	9		
Bluetooth LE	0	2402.0		7.66	9		
	19	2440.0	2M	7.33	9		
	39	2480.0		7.18	9		

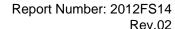




7.4 Antenna location

	Test Position Configurations										
Band	Bottom Laptop (mm)	Side 1 (mm)	Side 2 (mm)	Side 3 (mm)	Side 4 (mm)	Bottom (mm)					
WLAN Main	6.85mm	13mm	<5mm	147.3mm	284.59mm	<5mm					
WLAN Aux	6.85mm	13mm	282.4mm	147.3mm	<5mm	<5mm					







7.5 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Calculation

					В	ody SA	R test re	duction								
		Frequency	Tune-l	Power	Dista	ance of	Ant. To	User (	(mm)	Calculated value and evaluated result						
Ant. Used	Band	(GHz)	(dBm)	(m\/\)	Bottom	Sido1	Sido2	Side3	Side4	Back	Side1	Side2	Side3	Side4	exclusion	
		(GHZ)	(ubiii)	(11100)	Face	ottom Face Side1	Sidez	Sides	3luc4	Dack	Side	Sidez	Sides	Sluc4	threshold	
Bluetooth Antenna	BT	2.480	11.5	14	5.00	12.00	282.40	147 20	5.00	4.4	1.7	2419.0	1068.0	4.4	- 3	
Bidetootii Antenna	ы	2.400	11.5	14	5.00	13.00	202.40		MEASURE	EXEMPT	EXEMPT	EXEMPT	MEASURE			
	2 4GHz WLAN Ant Main	2.4GHz WLAN Ant-Main	2.462	13.5	22	5.00	13.00	5.00	147 20	284.59	6.9	2.7	6.9	1069.0	2441.0	3
	2.4GHZ WLAN AIII-IVIdIII	2.402	13.3	22	5.00	13.00	5.00	147.30	204.39	MEASURE	EXEMPT	MEASURE	EXEMPT	EXEMPT	3	
	2.4GHz WLAN Ant-Aux	2.462	13.5	22	5.00	12.00	282.40	147 20	5.00	6.9	2.7	2420.0	1069.0	6.9	- 3	
WLAN Antenna	2.4GHZ WLAN AIII-AUX	2.402	13.3	22	5.00	13.00	202.40	147.30	5.00	MEASURE	EXEMPT	EXEMPT	EXEMPT	MEASURE		
WLAN Antenna	5GHz WLAN Ant-Main	5.825	12	16	5.00	13.00	5.00	147.20	284.59	7.7	3.0	7.7	1035.0	2408.0	- 3	
5	OGHZ WLAN AIII-IVIAIII	5.825	12	10	5.00	13.00	5.00	147.30	284.59	MEASURE	EXEMPT	MEASURE	EXEMPT	EXEMPT	3	
50	5GHz WLAN Ant-Aux	5.005	40	16	5.00 40.00	202.40	147.20	7.00 5.00	7.7	3.0	2386.0	1035.0	7.7	- 3		
		5GHz WLAN Ant-Aux 5.8.	5.825	12	10	5.00	13.00	3.00 282.40	0 147.30		MEASURE	EXEMPT	EXEMPT	EXEMPT	MEASURE	

#### Note:

- 1. The test reduction for distance less than 50mm and more than 50mm. Use the max power to make sure minimum distance by evaluated for SAR testing.
- 2.For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances > 50 mm, According to KDB 447498, if the calculated Power threshold is less than the output power then SAR testing is required.
- 3. For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances ≤ 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following:According to KDB 447498, if the calculated threshold value are >3 then Body SAR and >7.5 then Limbs SAR testing are required. Calculated Value only inculde number format, that is mean through compare output power with threshold, if the Calculated value more than 3, the SAR test should be perform. Otherwise, the SAR test could be exempt. (<50mm)
- 4. When an antenna qualifies for the standalone SAR test exclusion of KDB 447498 section 4.3.1 and also transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR value must be estimated according to KDB 447498 section "4.3.2. Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion considerations b)"
- 5. We used the highest frequency and power, and evaluated the results in the worst case.
- 6. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- 7. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 8. The Devices has actually tested the exemption from SAR.



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### 7.6 Simultaneous Transmitting Evaluate

Simultaneous transmission configurations as below:

- Cilliantanoous	omiditalicous transmission comigurations as below.											
			Band									
Condition	2.4 GHz WLAN Ant Main	2.4 GHz WLAN Ant Aux	5 GHz WLAN Ant Main	5 GHz WLAN Ant Aux	Bluetooth Ant Aux							
1	V				V							
2	V	V										
3			V		V							
4			V	V								
5			V	V	V							

### 7.6.1 Sum of 1-g SAR of all simultaneously transmitting

When the sum of 1-g SAR of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration.

Sum of 1-g SAR of summary as below:

	2	3	4	5	6	2+6	2+3	sed Summed	4+5	4+5+6
Exposure Position	WLAN2.4GHz Ant Main	WLAN2.4GHz Ant Aux	WLAN5GHz Ant Main	WLAN5GHz Ant Aux	Bluetooth Ant Aux	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)			Summed 1g SAR	Summed 1g SAR
	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)				(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Bottom Face at 0mm -	0.126	0.147	0.615	0.076	0.058	0.18	0.27	0.67	0.69	0.75
side 1 at 0mm -	0.010	0.001	0.088	0.020	0.002	0.01	0.01	0.09	0.11	0.11
side 2 at 0mm -	0.052	0.001	0.798	0.001	0.002	0.05	0.05	0.80	0.80	0.80
side 3 at 0mm -	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
side 4 at 0mm -	0.001	0.048	0.001	0.029	0.009	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.03	0.04

	2	3	4	5	6				4+5 Summed 1g SAR	4.5.0
Exposure Position	WLAN2.4G Hz Ant Main	WLAN2.4G Hz Ant Aux	WLAN5GHz Ant Main	WLAN5GHz Ant Aux	Bluetooth Ant Aux	2+6 Summed 1g SAR	2+3 Summed 1g SAR	4+6 Summed 1g SAR		4+5+6 Summed 1g SAR
	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Bottom of laptop at Omm	0.625	0.396	0.937	0.171	0.321	0.95	1.02	1.26	1.11	1.43
Back of display screen at 25mm	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01



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## 8. System Verification and Validation

### 8.1 Symmetric Dipoles for System Verification

Construction Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA

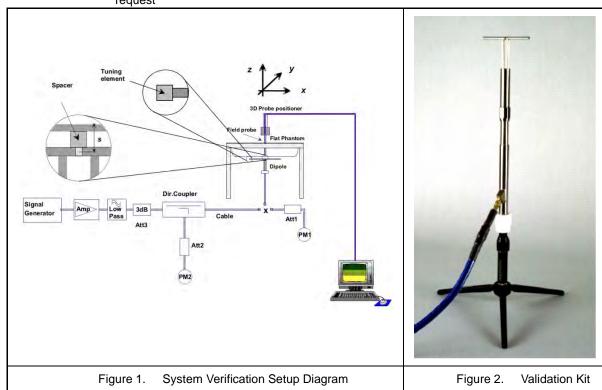
matched for use near flat phantoms filled with head simulating solutions Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor Calibration Calibrated SAR value for specified position and input

power at the flat phantom in head simulating solutions.

Return Loss > 20 dB at specified verification position

Options Dipoles for other frequencies or solutions and other calibration conditions are available upon

request





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### 8.2 Verification Summary

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm$  10 %. The measured SAR will be normalized to 1 W input power. The verification was performed at 2450, 5250, 5600 and 5750 MHz.

	_		Probe	Dipole		Normalize	1 W		Normalize	1 W	Difference	Difference	
Mixture Type	Frequency (MHz)	Power	Model / Serial No.	Model / Serial No.	SAR <sub>1 g</sub> (W/Kg)	to 1 Watt 1 g (W/Kg)	Target SAR <sub>1 g</sub> (W/Kg)	SAR <sub>10 g</sub> (W/Kg)	to 1 Watt 10 g (W/Kg)	Target SAR <sub>10 g</sub> (W/Kg)	percentage 1 g	percentage 10 g	Date
Head	2450	250 mW	EX3DV4-S N3847	D2450V2 - SN712	13.2	52.8	51.20	6.26	25.04	23.60	3.1%	6.1%	Dec. 13, 2020
Head	2450	250 mW	EX3DV4-S N3847	D2450V2 - SN712	12.5	50.0	51.20	5.81	23.24	23.60	-2.3%	-1.5%	Dec. 14, 2020
Head	2450	250 mW	EX3DV4-S N3847	D2450V2 - SN712	13.2	52.8	51.20	6.23	24.92	23.60	3.1%	5.6%	Dec. 20, 2020
Head	2450	250 mW	EX3DV4-S N3847	D2450V2 - SN712	12.6	50.4	51.20	5.9	23.6	23.60	-1.6%	0.0%	Dec. 21, 2020
Head	5250	100 mW	EX3DV4-S N3847	D5250V2 - SN1021	7.78	77.8	75.50	2.15	21.5	21.40	3.0%	0.5%	Dec. 15, 2020
Head	5250	100 mW	EX3DV4-S N3847	D5250V2 - SN1021	7.79	77.9	75.50	2.19	21.9	21.40	3.2%	2.3%	Dec. 16, 2020
Head	5600	100 mW	EX3DV4-S N3847	D5600V2 - SN1021	8	80.0	79.60	2.22	22.2	22.40	0.5%	-0.9%	Dec. 15, 2020
Head	5600	100 mW	EX3DV4-S N3847	D5600V2 - SN1021	8.46	84.6	79.60	2.32	23.2	22.40	6.3%	3.6%	Dec. 16, 2020
Head	5750	100 mW	EX3DV4-S N3847	D5750V2 - SN1021	7.98	79.8	76.00	2.19	21.9	21.30	5.0%	2.8%	Dec. 15, 2020
Head	5750	100 mW	EX3DV4-S N3847	D5750V2 - SN1021	8.01	80.1	76.00	2.2	22	21.30	5.4%	3.3%	Dec. 16, 2020



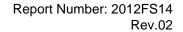
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# 9. Test Equipment List

Testing Engineer: Jason Tsao

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Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration				
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Seriai Number	Cal. Date	Cal.Period			
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	712	2020/04/26	1 year			
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1021	2020/04/23	1 year			
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3847	2020/05/20	1 year			
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	541	2020/03/18	1 year			
SPEAG	Measurement Server	SE UMS 011 AA	1025	NC	R			
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	NC	R			
SPEAG	Phantom	ELI V4.0	1036	NC	R			
SPEAG	Robot	Staubli TX90XL	F16/54FTA1/A/01	NC	R			
SPEAG	Software	DASY52 V52.10 (3)	N/A	NCR				
SPEAG	Software	SEMCAD X V14.6.10(7331)	N/A	NCR				
R&S	Bluetooth Tester	СВТ	100350	2019/03/27	2 year			
SPEAG	Network Analyzer	DAKS_VNA R140	0010318	2020/05/26 1 year				
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAKS-3.5	1101	2020/05/26 1 year				
HILA	Digital Thermometer	TM-906A	1500033	2020/10/28 1 year				
Agilent	Power Sensor	8481H	3318A20779	2020/06/09	1 year			
Agilent	Power Meter	EDM Series E4418B	GB40206143	2020/06/09	1 year			
Agilent	Signal Generator	E8257D	MY44320425	2020/03/04 1 year				
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50334	NCR				
Woken	Dual Directional Coupler	0100AZ20200801O	11012409517	NCR				
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	EMC014225P	980292	NCR				
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	EMC2830P	980293	NCR				
Aisi	Attenuator	IEAT 3dB	N/A	NCR				

Table 1. Test Equipment List





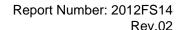
# 10. Measurement Uncertainty

**Decision Rule** 

- Uncertainty is not included.
- □ Uncertainty is included.

Measureme	nt uncerta	inty evalu		2209-2 plate for h	andset SA	R test (300 MF	Iz~3 GHz)	
Uncertainty component	Tol.	Prob. Dist.	Div.	C <sub>i</sub> - 1g	C <sub>i</sub> - 10g	u <sub>i</sub> - 1g ( <u>+</u> %)	u <sub>i</sub> - 10g ( <u>+</u> %)	Vi
Measurement system								
Probe calibration	6.1	N	1	1	1	6.1	6.1	8
Axial isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	8
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary effect	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System detection limits	0.25	R	1.732	1	1	0.1	0.1	∞
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.02	R	1.732	1	1	0.01	0.01	∞
Probe Positioning	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Max. SAR evaluation	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Test sample related								
Test sample positioning	2.9	N	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device holder uncertainty	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	7
SAR drift measurement	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and tissue param	neters		L				L	
Phantom shell uncertainty	7.2	R	1.732	1	1	4.2	4.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	4.8	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.2	2.0	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	4.8	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.6	0.7	∞
Combined standard uncer	tainty							
-	-	RSS	-	-	-	11.4	11.4	693
Expanded uncertainty (95%	% confide	nce interva	al)					
-	-	k =2	-	-	-	22.9	22.7	-

Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz





IEC 62209-2 Measurement uncertainty evaluation template for handset SAR test (3 GHz~6 GHz) Prob. u<sub>i</sub> - 1g u<sub>i</sub> - 10g **Uncertainty component** Tol. Div. Ci - 1g C<sub>i</sub> - 10g Vi Dist. (<u>+</u>%) ( ± %) Measurement system Probe calibration Ν 6.1 1 1 1 6.1 6.1  $\infty$ R 1.732 0.7 1.9 1.9 Axial isotropy 4.7 0.7 ∞ Hemispherical isotropy 9.6 R 1.732 0.7 0.7 3.9 3.9 R Boundary effect 1.0 1.732 1 1 0.6 0.6 4.7 R 1.732 1 2.7 2.7 1 Linearity ∞ System detection limits 0.25 R 1.732 1 1 0.1 0.1 ∞ Readout electronics 0.3 1 1 0.3 0.3 Response time 0.0 R 1.732 1 1 0.0 0.0 ∞ 2.6 R 1.732 1.5 1.5 Integration time 1 1  $\infty$ **RF Ambient Noise** 3.0 R 1.732 1 1 1.7 1.7 ∞ **RF Ambient Reflections** 3.0 R 1.732 1 1 1.7 1.7 ∞ Probe Positioner 0.02 R 1.732 1 1 0.01 0.01 R 1.732 1 1 0.2 Probe Positioning 0.4 0.2 ∞ Max. SAR evaluation 1.732 2.0 R 1 1 1.2 1.2  $\infty$ Test sample related Test sample positioning 2.9 Ν 1 1 1 2.9 2.9 145 3.6 Device holder uncertainty Ν 1 1 1 3.6 3.6 7 SAR drift measurement 5.0 R 1.732 1 1 2.9 2.9  $\infty$ Phantom and tissue parameters Phantom shell uncertainty 7.6 R 1.732 1 1 4.4 4.4 Liquid Conductivity 5.0 R 1.732 0.78 0.71 2.3 2.0 (target) Liquid Conductivity R 1.732 4.8 0.78 0.71 2.2 2.0 ∞ (measurement) Liquid Permittivity 5.0 R 1.732 0.23 0.26 0.7 8.0 (target) Liquid Permittivity R 1.732 0.23 4.8 0.26 0.6 0.7  $\infty$ (measurement) Combined standard uncertainty **RSS** 12.1 859 12.0 Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval) 24.1 24.0

Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz



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#### 11. Measurement Procedure

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- 1. For WLAN function, engineering testing software installed on DUTs can provide continuous transmitting signal.
- 2. Measure output power through RF cable and power meter
- 3. Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software
- 4. Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- 5. Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- 2. Area scan
- 3. Zoom scan
- 4. Power drift measurement

### 11.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1 g and 10 g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1 g and 10 g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages

- 1. Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- 2. Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- 3. Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- 4. Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- 5. Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- 6. Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1 g and 10 g



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#### 11.2 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures points and step size follow as below. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz			
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of p		measurement point ors) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$			
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°			
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm			
Maximum area scan s	patial reso	lution: Δx <sub>Area</sub> , Δy <sub>Area</sub>	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device wit at least one measurement point on the test device.				
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>			$\leq$ 2 GHz; $\leq$ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz; $\leq$ 5 mm*	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$			
	uniform	grid: ΔZ <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$			
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	$\begin{array}{c} \Delta Z_{Zoom}(1)\text{: between} \\ 1^{st} \text{ two points closest} \\ \text{to phantom surface} \\ \hline \Delta Z_{Zoom}(n>1)\text{:} \\ \text{between subsequent} \\ \text{points} \end{array}$		≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$			
			$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1) \text{ mm}$				
Minimum zoom scan volume	V V 7		≥ 30 mm	$3-4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4-5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5-6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$			

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

(Our measure settings are refer KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04)

<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



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#### 11.3 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1 g aggregate SAR, the DUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

### 11.4 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the DUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of DUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5 %, the SAR will be retested.

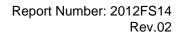


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## 12. SAR Test Results Summary

#### Note:

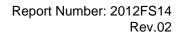
- According to KDB 248227 D01 Section 5.2.1, SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed
  test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according
  to the following:
  - a. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
  - b. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
- According to KDB 248227 D01 Section 5.2.2, when SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n
  OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied. SAR is not
  required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.
  - a. When KDB Publication 447498 D01 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
  - b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 3. According to KDB 248227 D01 Section 5.3.2, the initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures.
  - a. When multiple channel bandwidth configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined by applying the following steps sequentially.
    - 1) The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations in a frequency band with the same specified maximum output power.
    - 2) If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
    - 3) If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
    - 4) When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac /ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; (i.e. a/g/n/ac/ax).
  - b. After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following. These channel selection procedures apply to both the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) selection.
    - 1) The channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
    - 2) For channels with equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.





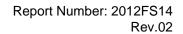
## 12.1 Body SAR Measurement

						Measu	rement Re	esults						
Index	Band	Mode	Fred	quency MHz	Data Rate	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	SAR <sub>1 g</sub> (W/Kg)	Burst Avg Power	Max tune-up	Duty Cycle %	Reported SAR <sub>1 g</sub>	Note	Antenna
#123	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	11	2462	1 Mbps	Bottom of laptop	0	0.606	13.38	13.5	99.62	0.63	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	1	2412	1 Mbps	Bottom of laptop	0	0.548	13.3	13.5	99.62	0.58	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	6	2437	1 Mbps	Bottom of laptop	0	0.57	13.29	13.5	99.62	0.60	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	11	2462	1 Mbps	Back of display screen	25	0.001	13.38	13.5	99.62	0.00	Ant Main	AWAN
#112	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	11	2462	1 Mbps	Bottom Face	0	0.122	13.38	13.5	99.62	0.13	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	1	2412	1 Mbps	Bottom Face	0	0.118	13.3	13.5	99.62	0.12	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	6	2437	1 Mbps	Bottom Face	0	0.119	13.29	13.5	99.62	0.13	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	11	2462	1 Mbps	Side 1	0	0.01	13.38	13.5	99.62	0.01	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	11	2462	1 Mbps	Side 2	0	0.05	13.38	13.5	99.62	0.05	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	11	2462	1 Mbps	Side 3	0	0.002	13.38	13.5	99.62	0.00	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	11	2462	1 Mbps	Side 4	0	0.001	13.38	13.5	99.62	0.00	Ant Main	AWAN
#126	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	11	2462	1 Mbps	Bottom of laptop	0	0.387	13.42	13.5	99.57	0.40	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	1	2412	1 Mbps	Bottom of laptop	0	0.379	13.37	13.5	99.57	0.39	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	6	2437	1 Mbps	Bottom of laptop	0	0.366	13.26	13.5	99.57	0.39	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	11	2462	1 Mbps	Back of display screen	25	0.001	13.42	13.5	99.57	0.00	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	11	2462	1 Mbps	Bottom Face	0	0.123	13.42	13.5	99.57	0.13	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	1	2412	1 Mbps	Bottom Face	0	0.132	13.37	13.5	99.57	0.14	Ant Aux	AWAN
#111	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	6	2437	1 Mbps	Bottom Face	0	0.139	13.26	13.5	99.57	0.15	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	11	2462	1 Mbps	Side 1	0	0.001	13.42	13.5	99.57	0.00	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	11	2462	1 Mbps	Side 2	0	0.001	13.42	13.5	99.57	0.00	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	11	2462	1 Mbps	Side 3	0	0.001	13.42	13.5	99.57	0.00	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	11	2462	1 Mbps	Side 4	0	0.047	13.42	13.5	99.57	0.05	Ant Aux	AWAN



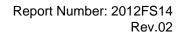


						Measu	rement Re	esults						
Index	Band	Mode	Fred	quency MHz	Data Rate	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	SAR <sub>1 g</sub> (W/Kg)	Burst Avg Power	Max tune-up	Duty Cycle %	Reported SAR <sub>1 g</sub>	Note	Antenna
	Bluetooth		0	2402	1 Mbps	Bottom of laptop	0	0.145	10.08	11.5	77.30	0.26	Ant Aux	AWAN
	Bluetooth		39	2441	1 Mbps	Bottom of laptop	0	0.146	10.04	11.5	77.30	0.26	Ant Aux	AWAN
#305	Bluetooth		78	2480	1 Mbps	Bottom of laptop	0	0.178	10.06	11.5	77.30	0.32	Ant Aux	AWAN
	Bluetooth		0	2402	1 Mbps	Back of display screen	25	0.001	10.08	11.5	77.30	0.00	Ant Aux	AWAN
	Bluetooth		0	2402	1 Mbps	Bottom Face	0	0.023	10.08	11.5	77.30	0.04	Ant Aux	AWAN
	Bluetooth		39	2441	1 Mbps	Bottom Face	0	0.024	10.04	11.5	77.30	0.04	Ant Aux	AWAN
#302	Bluetooth		78	2480	1 Mbps	Bottom Face	0	0.032	10.06	11.5	77.30	0.06	Ant Aux	AWAN
	Bluetooth		0	2441	1 Mbps	Side 1	0	0.001	10.08	11.5	77.30	0.00	Ant Aux	AWAN
	Bluetooth		0	2441	1 Mbps	Side 2	0	0.001	10.08	11.5	77.30	0.00	Ant Aux	AWAN
	Bluetooth		0	2441	1 Mbps	Side 3	0	0.001	10.08	11.5	77.30	0.00	Ant Aux	AWAN
	Bluetooth		0	2441	1 Mbps	Side 4	0	0.005	10.08	11.5	77.30	0.01	Ant Aux	AWAN
#136	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 160 MHz	50	5250	VHT0	Bottom of laptop	0	0.617	11.11	12	92.73	0.82	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	58	5290	VHT0	Bottom of laptop	0	0.605	11.86	12	95.34	0.66	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 160 MHz	50	5250	VHT0	Back of display screen	25	0.001	11.11	12	92.73	0.00	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 160 MHz	50	5250	VHT0	Bottom Face	0	0.368	11.11	12	92.73	0.49	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 160 MHz	50	5250	VHT0	Side 1	0	0.046	11.11	12	92.73	0.06	Ant Main	AWAN
#175	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 160 MHz	50	5250	VHT0	Side 2	0	0.516	11.11	12	92.73	0.68	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	58	5290	VHT0	Side 2	0	0.506	11.86	12	95.34	0.55	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 160 MHz	50	5250	VHT0	Side 3	0	0.001	11.11	12	92.73	0.00	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 160 MHz	50	5250	VHT0	Side 4	0	0.001	11.11	12	92.73	0.00	Ant Main	AWAN



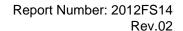


						Measu	rement Re	esults						
Index	Band	Mode	Fred	quency MHz	Data Rate	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	SAR <sub>1 g</sub> (W/Kg)	Burst Avg Power	Max tune-up	Duty Cycle %	Reported SAR <sub>1 g</sub>	Note	Antenna
#138	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 160 MHz	50	5250	VHT0	Bottom of laptop	0	0.141	11.78	12	92.78	0.16	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	58	5290	VHT0	Bottom of laptop	0	0.136	11.78	12	95.29	0.15	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 160 MHz	50	5250	VHT0	Back of display screen	25	0.001	11.78	12	92.78	0.00	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 160 MHz	50	5250	VHT0	Bottom Face	0	0.021	11.78	12	92.78	0.02	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 160 MHz	50	5250	VHT0	Side 1	0	0.017	11.78	12	92.78	0.02	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 160 MHz	50	5250	VHT0	Side 2	0	0.001	11.78	12	92.78	0.00	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 160 MHz	50	5250	VHT0	Side 3	0	0.001	11.78	12	92.78	0.00	Ant Aux	AWAN
#172	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 160 MHz	50	5250	VHT0	Side 4	0	0.026	11.78	12	92.78	0.03	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	58	5290	VHT0	Side 4	0	0.025	11.78	12	95.29	0.03	Ant Aux	AWAN
#211	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	138	5690	VHT0	Bottom of laptop	0	0.754	11.78	12	95.34	0.83	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	106	5530	VHT0	Bottom of laptop	0	0.669	11.75	12	95.34	0.74	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	122	5610	VHT0	Bottom of laptop	0	0.745	11.78	12	95.34	0.82	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	138	5690	VHT0	Back of display screen	25	0.001	11.78	12	95.34	0.00	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	138	5690	VHT0	Bottom Face	0	0.496	11.78	12	95.34	0.55	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	138	5690	VHT0	Side 1	0	0.075	11.78	12	95.34	0.08	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	138	5690	VHT0	Side 2	0	0.547	11.78	12	95.34	0.60	Ant Main	AWAN
#226	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	106	5530	VHT0	Side 2	0	0.594	11.75	12	95.34	0.66	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	122	5610	VHT0	Side 2	0	0.543	11.78	12	95.34	0.60	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	138	5690	VHT0	Side 3	0	0.001	11.78	12	95.34	0.00	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	138	5690	VHT0	Side 4	0	0.001	11.78	12	95.34	0.00	Ant Main	AWAN





						Measu	rement Re	esults						
Index	Band	Mode	Fred	quency MHz	Data Rate	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	SAR <sub>1 g</sub> (W/Kg)	Burst Avg Power	Max tune-up	Duty Cycle %	Reported SAR <sub>1 g</sub>	Note	Antenna
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	106	5530	VHT0	Bottom of laptop	0	0.142	11.86	12	95.29	0.15	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	122	5610	VHT0	Bottom of laptop	0	0.144	11.82	12	95.29	0.16	Ant Aux	AWAN
#216	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	138	5690	VHT0	Bottom of laptop	0	0.154	11.76	12	95.29	0.17	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	106	5530	VHT0	Back of display screen	25	0.001	11.86	12	95.29	0.00	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	106	5530	VHT0	Bottom Face	0	0.049	11.86	12	95.29	0.05	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	122	5610	VHT0	Bottom Face	0	0.049	11.82	12	95.29	0.05	Ant Aux	AWAN
#230	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	138	5690	VHT0	Bottom Face	0	0.069	11.76	12	95.29	0.08	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	106	5530	VHT0	Side 1	0	0.015	11.86	12	95.29	0.02	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	106	5530	VHT0	Side 2	0	0.001	11.86	12	95.29	0.00	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	106	5530	VHT0	Side 3	0	0.001	11.86	12	95.29	0.00	Ant Aux	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	106	5530	VHT0	Side 4	0	0.02	11.86	12	95.29	0.02	Ant Aux	AWAN
#144	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	155	5775	VHT0	Bottom of laptop	0	0.863	11.85	12	95.34	0.94	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n 40 MHz	159	5795	HT0	Bottom of laptop	0	0.834	11.86	12	96.86	0.89	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	155	5775	VHT0	Back of display screen	25	0.002	11.85	12	95.34	0.00	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	155	5775	VHT0	Bottom Face	0	0.566	11.85	12	95.34	0.62	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	155	5775	VHT0	Side 1	0	0.081	11.85	12	95.34	0.09	Ant Main	AWAN
#164	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	155	5775	VHT0	Side 2	0	0.735	11.85	12	95.34	0.80	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n 40 MHz	159	5795	HT0	Side 2	0	0.731	11.86	12	96.86	0.78	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	155	5775	VHT0	Side 3	0	0.001	11.85	12	95.34	0.00	Ant Main	AWAN
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	155	5775	VHT0	Side 4	0	0.001	11.85	12	95.34	0.00	Ant Main	AWAN





Measurement Results Duty Frequency Data Test Spacing SAR<sub>1g</sub> Burst Avg Max Reported Index Band Mode Cycle Note Antenna Position (mm) (W/Kg) SAR<sub>1g</sub> Rate Power tune-up Ch. MHz % 802.11ac Bottom of Ant #146 WLAN5GHz 155 5775 VHT0 0 0.15 11.83 12 95.29 0.16 **AWAN** 80 MHz laptop Aux 802.11n Bottom of Ant WLAN5GHz 159 5795 HT0 0 0.14 11.85 96.92 0.15 **AWAN** 12 40 MHz laptop Aux Back of 802.11ac Ant display WLAN5GHz 155 5775 VHT0 25 0.001 11.83 12 95.29 0.00 AWAN 80 MHz Aux screen 802.11ac Ant #170 WLAN5GHz 155 5775 VHT0 **Bottom Face** 0 0.053 11.83 95.29 0.06 **AWAN** 12 80 MHz Aux 802.11n Ant WLAN5GHz 159 5795 0 0.037 96.92 HT0 **Bottom Face** 11.85 12 0.04 AWAN 40 MHz Aux 802.11ac Ant VHT0 0 WLAN5GHz 155 5775 Side 1 0.018 11.83 12 95.29 0.02 AWAN 80 MHz Aux 802.11ac Ant WLAN5GHz 155 5775 VHT0 Side 2 0 0.001 11.83 12 95.29 0.00 **AWAN** 80 MHz Aux 802.11ac Ant 0 WLAN5GHz 155 5775 VHT0 Side 3 0.001 11.83 12 95.29 0.00 **AWAN** 80 MHz Aux 802.11ac Ant WLAN5GHz 155 5775 VHT0 0 0.023 11.83 12 95.29 0.03 AWAN Side 4 80 MHz Aux



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## 12.2 SAR Variability Measurement

		Freq	uency			Spacing		Original SAR <sub>1g</sub>	First SAR 1 g	
Band	Mode	Ch.	MHz	Data Rate	Test Position	(mm)	Note	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	First Ratio SAR <sub>1g</sub>
WLAN5GHz	802.11ac 80 MHz	155	5775	VHT0	Bottom of laptop	0	original #144_once	0.863	0.853	1.16%

Detailed evaluations please refer KDB 865664 on "SAR test reduction according to KDB" section.

SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium.

The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- 1.The original highest measured Reported SAR 1 g is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 2.Perform a second repeated measurement the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is < 1.2, the original or repeated measurement is  $\ge 1.45$  W/kg ( $\sim 10$  % from the 1-g SAR limit).



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## 12.3 SAR Exposure Limit

Human Exposure	Population Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)	Occupational Controlled Exposure (W/kg)
Spatial Peak SAR* (head or Body)	1.60	8.00
Spatial Peak SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist )	4.00	20.00

Table 2. Safety Limits for Controlled / Uncontrolled Environment Exposure

#### Notes:

- \* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.( defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube ) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- \*\* The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- \*\*\* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue.

  ( defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube ) and over the appropriate averaging time.

**Population / Uncontrolled Environments:** are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

**Occupational / Controlled Environments**: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).



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### 13. References

- [1] Std. C95.1-1999, "American National Standard safety levels with respect to human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields, 300KHz to 100GHz", New York.
- [2] NCRP, National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements, "Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", NCRP report NO. 86, 1986.
- [3] T. Schmid, O. Egger, and N. Kuster, "Automatic E-field scanning system for dosimetric assessments", IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, pp, 105-113, Jan. 1996.
- [4] K. Pokovi<sup>c</sup>, T. Schmid, and N. Kuster, "Robust setup for precise calibration of E-field probes in tissue simulating liquids at mobile communications frequency", in ICECOM'97, Dubrovnik, October 15-17, 1997, pp.120-124.
- [5] K. Pokovi<sup>c</sup>, T. Schmid, and N. Kuster, "E-field probe with improved isotropy in brain simulating liquids", in Proceedings of the ELMAR, Zadar, Croatia, 23-25 June, 1996, pp.172-175.
- [6] N. Kuster, and Q. Balzano, "Energy absorption mechanism by biological bodies in the near field of dipole antennas above 300MHz", IEEE Transaction on Vehicular Technology, vol. 41, no. 1, Feb. 1992, pp. 17-23.
- [7] Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148.
- [8] N. Kuster, R. Kastle, T. Schmid, Dosimetric evaluation of mobile communications equipment with known precision, IEEE Transaction on Communications, vol. E80-B, no. 5, May 1997, pp. 645-652.
- [9] Std. C95.3-1991, "IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, Aug. 1992.
- [10] CENELEC CLC/SC111B, European Prestandard (prENV 50166-2), Human Exposure to Electromagnetic Fields High-frequency: 10KHz-300GHz, Jan. 1995.
- [11] IEEE Std 1528™-2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head From Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques



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## Appendix A - System Performance Check

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/13

System Performance Check at 2450MHz\_Head

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:712

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.816 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.501;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(7.38, 7.38, 7.38) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at 2450MHz/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.9 W/kg

System Performance Check at 2450MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 113.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

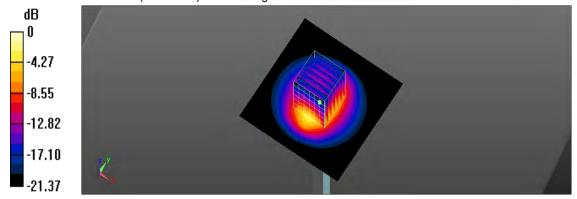
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.26 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 50.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.7 W/kg



0 dB = 21.7 W/kg = 13.36 dBW/kg



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Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/14

System Performance Check at 2450MHz\_Head

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:712

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.805 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.397;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(7.38, 7.38, 7.38) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at 2450MHz/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.9 W/kg

System Performance Check at 2450MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 108.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

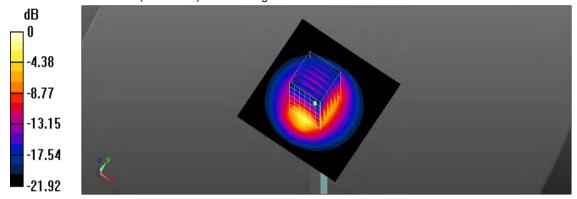
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.81 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 48.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.9 W/kg



0 dB = 20.9 W/kg = 13.20 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/20

System Performance Check at 2450MHz\_Head

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:712

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.811 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.864;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(7.38, 7.38, 7.38) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at 2450MHz/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.2 W/kg

System Performance Check at 2450MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 111.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

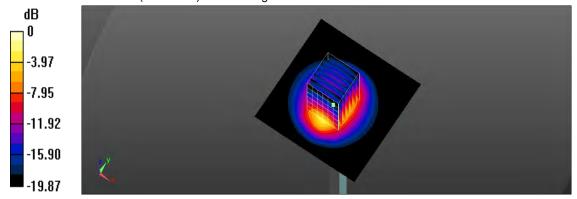
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.23 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 49.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.9 W/kg



0 dB = 21.9 W/kg = 13.40 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/21

System Performance Check at 2450MHz\_Head

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:712

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.808 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.791;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(7.38, 7.38, 7.38) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at 2450MHz/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.8 W/kg

System Performance Check at 2450MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 112.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

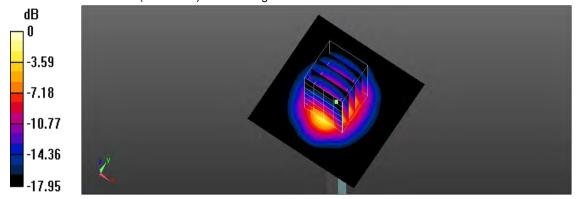
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.9 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9.3 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 49.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.7 W/kg



0 dB = 20.7 W/kg = 13.16 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/15

System Performance Check at 5250MHz\_Head DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHz; Serial: 1021

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.646 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 36.912;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(5.19, 5.19, 5.19) @ 5250 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at 5250MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.7 W/kg

**System Performance Check at 5250MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.05 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

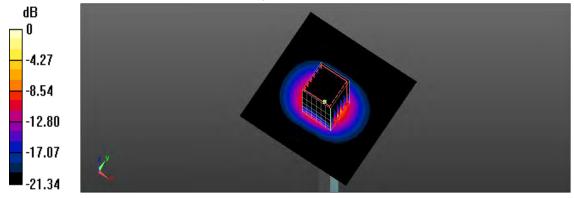
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.78 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg



0 dB = 19.1 W/kg = 12.81 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/16

System Performance Check at 5250MHz\_Head DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHz; Serial: 1021

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.651 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 36.571;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(5.19, 5.19, 5.19) @ 5250 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at 5250MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.7 W/kg

# System Performance Check at 5250MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 70.86 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

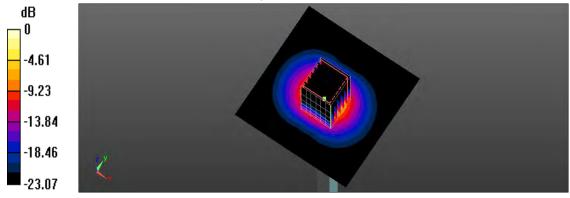
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.2 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 7.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg



0 dB = 19.7 W/kg = 12.94 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/15

System Performance Check at 5600MHz\_Head DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHz; Serial: 1021

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.011 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 36.266;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(4.71, 4.71, 4.71) @ 5600 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at 5600MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.9 W/kg

System Performance Check at 5600MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

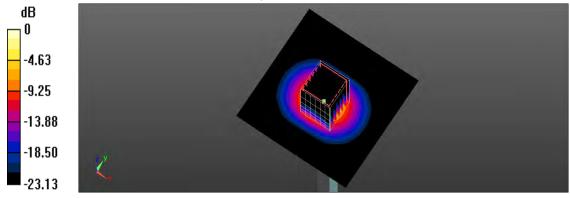
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 63.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg



0 dB = 20.0 W/kg = 13.01 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/16

System Performance Check at 5600MHz\_Head DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHz; Serial: 1021

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.02 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.954;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(4.71, 4.71, 4.71) @ 5600 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at 5600MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.9 W/kg

# System Performance Check at 5600MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 72.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

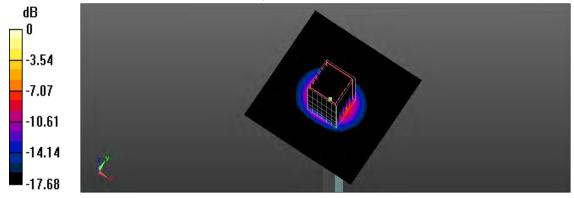
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.0 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 8.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 63.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.4 W/kg



0 dB = 21.4 W/kg = 13.30 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/15

System Performance Check at 5750MHz\_Head DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHz; Serial: 1021

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.266 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.896;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at 5750MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.2 W/kg

**System Performance Check at 5750MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.00 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

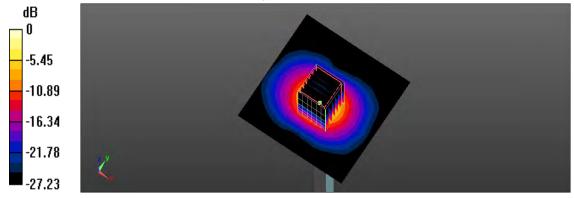
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.98 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.9 W/kg



0 dB = 20.9 W/kg = 13.20 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/16

System Performance Check at 5750MHz\_Head DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHz; Serial: 1021

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.288 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.631;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at 5750MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.2 W/kg

# **System Performance Check at 5750MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.00 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

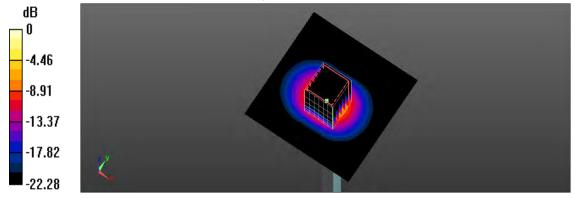
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.9 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 8.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.2 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.0 W/kg



0 dB = 21.0 W/kg = 13.22 dBW/kg



Rev.02

### Appendix B - SAR Measurement Data

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/14

123\_IEEE 802.11b CH 11\_1M\_Bottom of laptop\_0mm\_Ant Main\_AWAN DUT: BR1100FK, B1100FK, BR1100CK, B1100CK; Type: Notebook PC

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.004

Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.818 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.349;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(7.38, 7.38, 7.38) @ 2462 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.975 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.75 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

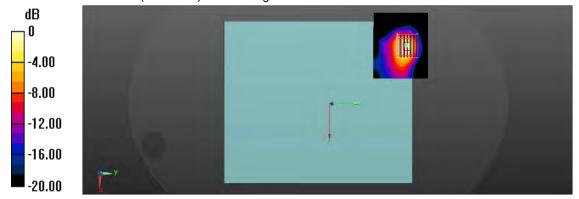
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.49 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.606 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.246 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.1 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 43.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.12 W/kg



0 dB = 1.12 W/kg = 0.49 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/13

112\_IEEE 802.11b CH 11\_1M\_Bottom Face\_0mm\_Ant Main\_AWAN

DUT: BR1100FK, B1100FK, BR1100CK, B1100CK; Type: Notebook PC

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.004

Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.828 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.453;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(7.38, 7.38, 7.38) @ 2462 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.256 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.64 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

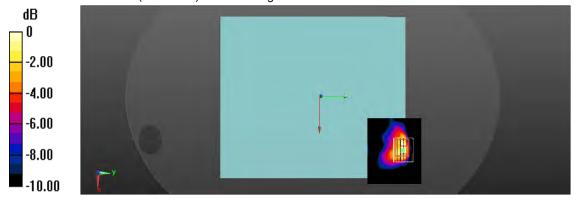
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.302 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.122 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.059 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 39.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.234 W/kg



0 dB = 0.234 W/kg = -6.31 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/14

126\_IEEE 802.11b CH 11\_1M\_Bottom of laptop\_0mm\_Ant Aux\_AWAN DUT: BR1100FK, B1100FK, BR1100CK, B1100CK; Type: Notebook PC

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.004

Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.818 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.349;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(7.38, 7.38, 7.38) @ 2462 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.676 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.48 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

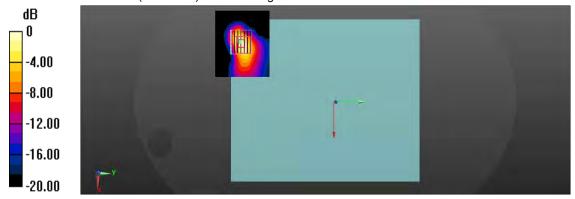
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.961 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.387 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.162 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.6 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 39.7%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.713 W/kg



0 dB = 0.713 W/kg = -1.47 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/13

111\_IEEE 802.11b CH 6\_1M\_Bottom Face\_0mm\_Ant Aux\_AWAN

DUT: BR1100FK, B1100FK, BR1100CK, B1100CK; Type: Notebook PC

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.004 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.802$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.548$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(7.38, 7.38, 7.38) @ 2437 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.290 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.80 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

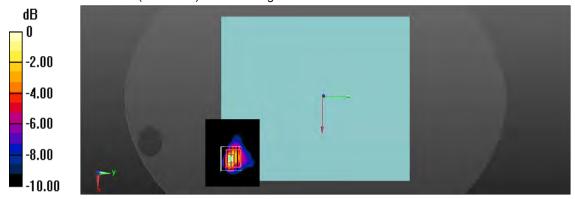
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.409 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.139 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.053 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 5 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 36.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.262 W/kg



0 dB = 0.262 W/kg = -5.82 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/20

305\_Bluetooth CH 78\_1M\_Bottom of laptop\_0mm\_Ant Aux\_AWAN

DUT: BR1100FK, B1100FK, BR1100CK, B1100CK; Type: Notebook PC

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.294 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.848$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.782$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(7.38, 7.38, 7.38) @ 2480 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.337 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.913 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

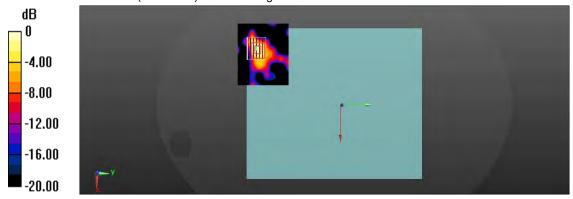
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.463 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.178 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.075 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.7 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 37.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.354 W/kg



0 dB = 0.354 W/kg = -4.51 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/21

302\_Bluetooth CH 78\_1M\_Bottom Face\_0mm\_Ant Aux\_AWAN

DUT: BR1100FK, B1100FK, BR1100CK, B1100CK; Type: Notebook PC

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.294 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.845$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.709$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(7.38, 7.38, 7.38) @ 2480 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Area Scan (91x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.150 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

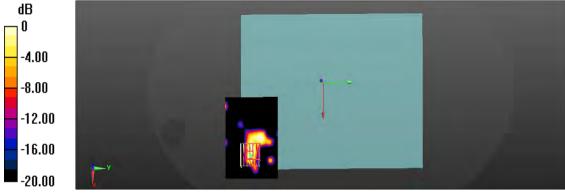
Reference Value = 4.524 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0920 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.032 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 W/kg

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 54.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0914 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0914 W/kg = -10.39 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/16

136\_IEEE 802.11ac 160 CH 50\_VHT0\_Bottom of laptop\_0mm\_Ant Main\_AWAN

DUT: BR1100FK, B1100FK, BR1100CK, B1100CK; Type: Notebook PC

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11ac(5GHz)VHT160 (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.078

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.651 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 36.571;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(5.19, 5.19, 5.19) @ 5250 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.49 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 7.273 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

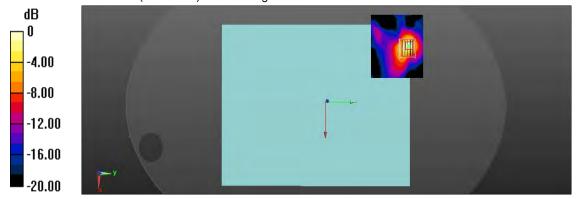
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.73 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.617 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.182 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.58 W/kg



0 dB = 1.58 W/kg = 1.99 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/15

175\_IEEE 802.11ac 160 CH 50\_VHT0\_Side 2\_0mm\_Ant Main\_AWAN DUT: BR1100FK, B1100FK, BR1100CK, B1100CK; Type: Notebook PC

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11ac(5GHz)VHT160 (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.078

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.646 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 36.912;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(5.19, 5.19, 5.19) @ 5250 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.30 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 9.645 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

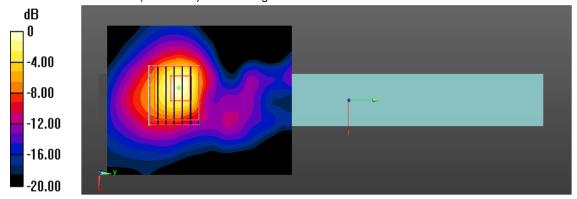
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.516 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.146 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 63.6%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.31 W/kg



0 dB = 1.31 W/kg = 1.17 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/16

138\_IEEE 802.11ac 160 CH 50\_VHT0\_Bottom of laptop\_0mm\_Ant Aux\_AWAN

DUT: BR1100FK, B1100FK, BR1100CK, B1100CK; Type: Notebook PC

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11ac(5GHz)VHT160 (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.078

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.651 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 36.571;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(5.19, 5.19, 5.19) @ 5250 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.368 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 5.511 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

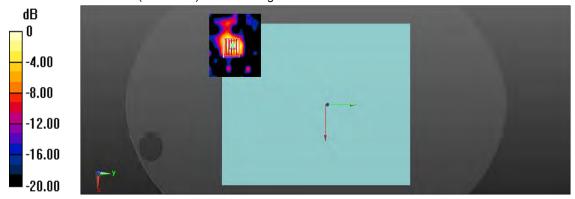
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.610 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.141 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.047 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 50.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.351 W/kg



0 dB = 0.351 W/kg = -4.55 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/15

172\_IEEE 802.11ac 160 CH 50\_VHT0\_Side 4\_0mm\_Ant Aux\_AWAN DUT: BR1100FK, B1100FK, BR1100CK, B1100CK; Type: Notebook PC

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11ac(5GHz)VHT160 (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.078

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.646 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 36.912;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(5.19, 5.19, 5.19) @ 5250 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0521 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

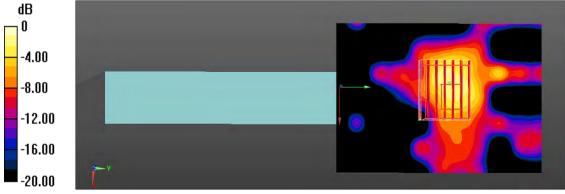
Reference Value = 4.477 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.108 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.026 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00945 W/kg

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 63.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0708 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0708 W/kg = -11.50 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/16

211\_IEEE 802.11ac 80 CH 138\_VHT0\_Bottom of laptop\_0mm\_Ant Main\_AWAN

DUT: BR1100FK, B1100FK, BR1100CK, B1100CK; Type: Notebook PC

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11ac(5GHz)VHT80 (0); Frequency: 5690 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.049

Medium parameters used: f = 5690 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.235 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.635;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(4.71, 4.71, 4.71) @ 5690 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.05 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 11.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

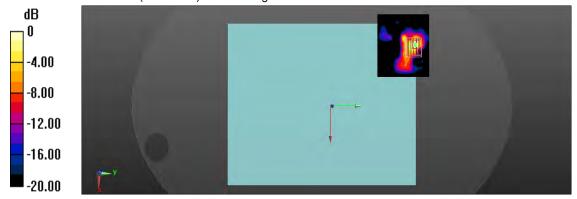
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.70 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.754 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.198 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 58.6%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.07 W/kg



0 dB = 2.07 W/kg = 3.16 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/15

226\_IEEE 802.11ac 80 CH 106\_VHT0\_Side 2\_0mm\_Ant Main\_AWAN DUT: BR1100FK, B1100FK, BR1100CK, B1100CK; Type: Notebook PC

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11ac(5GHz)VHT80 (0); Frequency: 5530 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.049

Medium parameters used: f = 5530 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.956 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 36.523;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(4.71, 4.71, 4.71) @ 5530 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.54 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 10.66 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

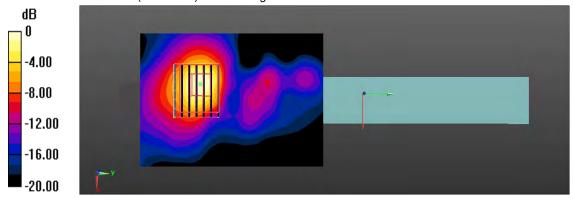
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.55 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.594 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.173 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.49 W/kg



0 dB = 1.49 W/kg = 1.73 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/16

216\_IEEE 802.11ac 80 CH 138\_VHT0\_Bottom of laptop\_0mm\_Ant Aux\_AWAN

DUT: BR1100FK, B1100FK, BR1100CK, B1100CK; Type: Notebook PC

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11ac(5GHz)VHT80 (0); Frequency: 5690 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.049

Medium parameters used: f = 5690 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.235 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.635;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(4.71, 4.71, 4.71) @ 5690 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.434 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 4.174 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

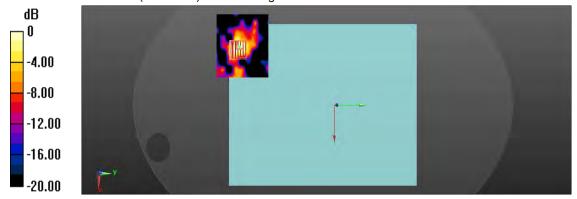
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.586 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.154 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.054 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 68.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.400 W/kg



0 dB = 0.400 W/kg = -3.98 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/15

230\_IEEE 802.11ac 80 CH 138\_VHT0\_Bottom Face\_0mm\_Ant Aux\_AWAN DUT: BR1100FK, B1100FK, BR1100CK, B1100CK; Type: Notebook PC

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11ac(5GHz)VHT80 (0); Frequency: 5690 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.049

Medium parameters used: f = 5690 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.232 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.929;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(4.71, 4.71, 4.71) @ 5690 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.239 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 2.052 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

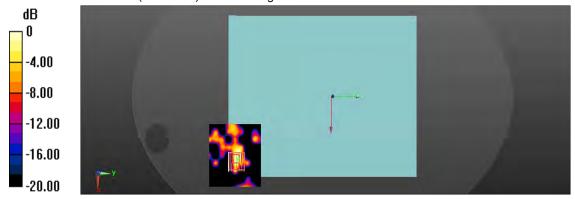
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.321 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.069 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.022 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 74.2%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.216 W/kg



0 dB = 0.216 W/kg = -6.66 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/16

144\_IEEE 802.11ac 80 CH 155\_VHT0\_Bottom of laptop\_0mm\_Ant Main\_AWAN

DUT: BR1100FK, B1100FK, BR1100CK, B1100CK; Type: Notebook PC

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11ac(5GHz)VHT80 (0); Frequency: 5775 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.049

Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.262 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.664;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65) @ 5775 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.17 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 12.30 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

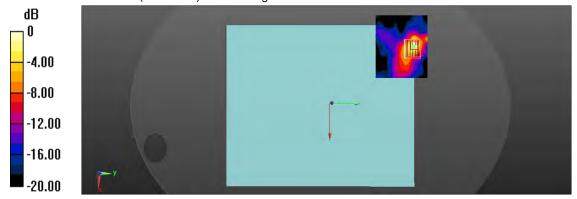
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.863 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.225 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62.2%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.20 W/kg



0 dB = 2.20 W/kg = 3.42 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/15

164\_IEEE 802.11ac 80 CH 155\_VHT0\_Side 2\_0mm\_Ant Main\_AWAN DUT: BR1100FK, B1100FK, BR1100CK, B1100CK; Type: Notebook PC

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11ac(5GHz)VHT80 (0); Frequency: 5775 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.049

Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.228 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.956;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65) @ 5775 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.02 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 9.481 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

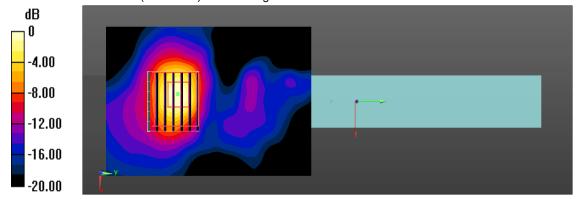
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.23 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.735 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.207 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.6 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.84 W/kg



0 dB = 1.84 W/kg = 2.65 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/16

146\_IEEE 802.11ac 80 CH 155\_VHT0\_Bottom of laptop\_0mm\_Ant Aux\_AWAN

DUT: BR1100FK, B1100FK, BR1100CK, B1100CK; Type: Notebook PC

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11ac(5GHz)VHT80 (0); Frequency: 5775 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.049

Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.262 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.664;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65) @ 5775 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.390 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 5.558 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

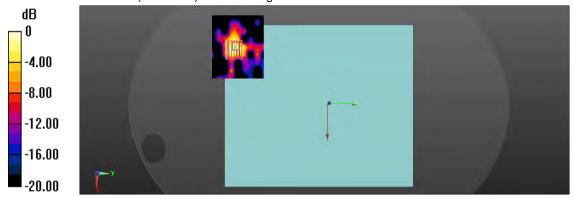
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.58 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.150 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.054 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.1 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.7%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.360 W/kg



0 dB = 0.360 W/kg = -4.44 dBW/kg



Rev.02

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2020/12/15

170\_IEEE 802.11ac 80 CH 155\_VHT0\_Bottom Face\_0mm\_Ant Aux\_AWAN DUT: BR1100FK, B1100FK, BR1100CK, B1100CK; Type: Notebook PC

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11ac(5GHz)VHT80 (0); Frequency: 5775 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.049

Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.228 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.956;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5.2 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3847; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65) @ 5775 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/5/20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn541; Calibrated: 2020/3/18
- Phantom: ELI V4.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1036
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.105 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 1.241 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

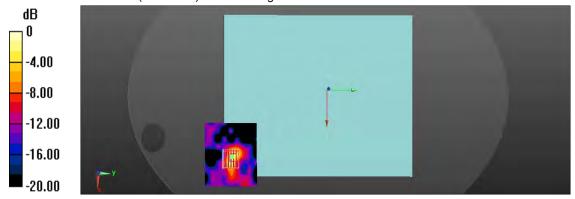
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.260 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.053 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 4.7 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.141 W/kg



0 dB = 0.141 W/kg = -8.51 dBW/kg



Rev.02

# Appendix C - Calibration

All of the instruments Calibration information are listed below.

Dipole \_ D2450V2 SN: 712

Dipole \_ D5GHzV2 SN: 1021

Probe \_ EX3DV4 SN: 3847

DAE \_ DAE4 SN: 541



Rev.02



**CALIBRATION LABORATORY** 





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**Certificate No:** 

Z20-60163

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

D2450V2 - SN: 712

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

April 26, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)  $^{\circ}$ C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	04-Sep-19 (CTTL, No.J19X07825)	Sep-20
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	04-Sep-19 (CTTL, No.J19X07825)	Sep-20
ReferenceProbe EX3DV4	SN 7307	24-May-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_May19)	May-20
DAE4	SN 1555	22-Aug-19(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60295)	Aug-20
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Feb-21
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	32
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	林格
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: April 30, 2020

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#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

# Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions
DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.1 ± 6 %	1.80 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.8 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.2 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.89 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.6 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

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# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

#### **Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.4Ω+ 3.22 jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.1dB

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.024 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured by	SPEAG

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Report Number: 2012FS14 Rev.02





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### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 04.26.2020

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 712

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.796$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.05$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7307; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2019-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 2019-08-22
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 106.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

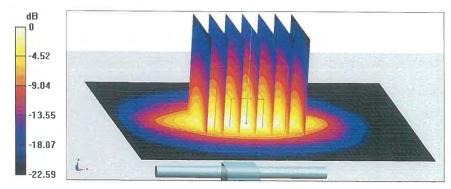
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.89 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 47.1%

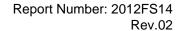
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.8 W/kg



0 dB = 21.8 W/kg = 13.38 dBW/kg

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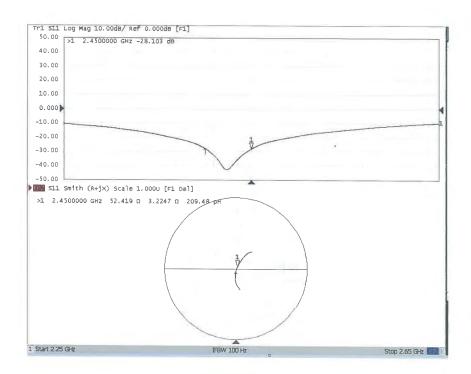






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### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Certificate No:

Z20-60164

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

D5GHzV2 - SN: 1021

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

April 23, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	04-Sep-19 (CTTL, No.J19X07825)	Sep-20
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	04-Sep-19 (CTTL, No.J19X07825)	Sep-20
ReferenceProbe EX3DV4	SN 7307	24-May-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_May19)	May-20
DAE4	SN 1555	22-Aug-19(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60295)	Aug-20
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Feb-21
NetworkAnalyzerE5071C	MY46110673	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	是老
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	# H
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	-2/2

Issued: April 30, 2020

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### **Additional Documentation:**

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

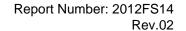
Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.9 ± 6 %	4.67 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.55 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	75.5 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.14 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.4 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)

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# Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.3 ± 6 %	5.05 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.97 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.6 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.24 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.4 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)

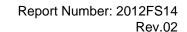
Head TSL parameters at 5750 MHz
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.4	5.22 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.1 ± 6 %	5.21 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

# SAR result with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.62 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	76.0 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.14 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.3 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)

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## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.9Ω - 3.93jΩ	
Return Loss	- 26.5dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.8Ω + 0.21jΩ	
Return Loss	- 23.9dB	

## Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.6Ω + 2.86jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.5dB	

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.067 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

## Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	00000
Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: Z20-60164

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Report Number: 2012FS14

Date: 04.23.2020

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#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz,

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.671 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.88;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.048 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.28;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.211 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.06;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m³,

Phantom section: Center Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7307; ConvF(5.61, 5.61, 5.61) @ 5250 MHz; ConvF(5.12, 5.12, 5.12) @ 5600 MHz; ConvF(5.15, 5.15, 5.15) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 2019-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 2019-08-22
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

# Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 70.74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.55 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 63.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.6 W/kg

# Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 70.28 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.97 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg

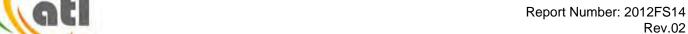
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 60.6%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.2 W/kg

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Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 68.29 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

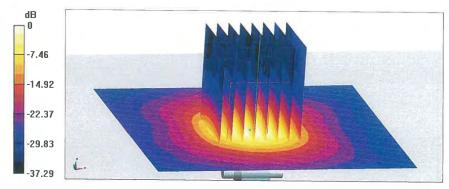
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.62 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 59.5%

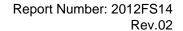
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg



0 dB = 19.2 W/kg = 12.83 dBW/kg

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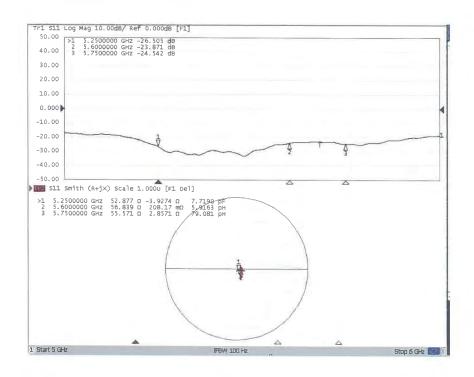




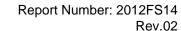


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# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Client ATL

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### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICAT**

Object

EX3DV4 - SN: 3847

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-004-01

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date:

May 20, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards		ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2		101919	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125) Jun-20	
Power sensor NRP-Z9	)1	101547	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125)	Jun-20
Power sensor NRP-Z9	1	101548	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125)	Jun-20
Reference 10dBAttenu	uator	18N50W-10dB	10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525)	Feb-22
Reference 20dBAttenu	uator	18N50W-20dB	10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526)	Feb-22
Reference Probe EX3I	DV4	SN 3617	30-Jan-20(SPEAG, No.EX3-3617_Jan20	/2) Jan-21
DAE4		SN 1556	4-Feb-20(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1556_Feb20) Feb-21	
Secondary Standards		ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibra	
SignalGenerator MG3	700A	6201052605	605 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05127) Jun-2	
Network Analyzer E50	71C	MY46110673	10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21
	Nan	ne	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu	Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	Another !
Reviewed by:	Lin	Нао	SAR Test Engineer	林格
Approved by:	Approved by: Qi Dianyuan		SAR Project Leader	barry !
			Issued: May 22	, 2020

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization θ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

 $\theta$ =0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

# Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide).
   NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x, y, z = NORMx, y, z\* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
  linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
  frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the
  data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor
  media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z\* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the
  probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3847

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm(µV/(V/m)²) A	0.56	0.50	0.44	±10.0%
DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>	98.7	99.2	102.8	

## **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

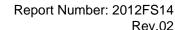
UID	Communication		Α	В	С	D	VR	Unc <sup>E</sup>
	System Name		dB	dBõV		dB	mV	(k=2)
0	cw	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	172.6	±2.1%
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		166.4	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		151.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>E</sup> Uncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.







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# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3847

# Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup>	Unct.
ı [ıwımz]	Permittivity F	(S/m) <sup>F</sup>	COLLAL	COLLAR	CONVEZ	Alpha	(mm) 0.80 1.41 0.94 0.83 1.11 1.07 1.17 1.23 0.71 0.72 0.69 0.96 0.90 0.93 1.15	(k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.54	9.54	9.54	0.40	0.80	±12.1%
835	41.5	0.90	9.26	9.26	9.26	0.13	1.41	±12.1%
900	41.5	0.97	9.30	9.30	9.30	0.27	0.94	±12.1%
1450	40.5	1.20	8.35	8.35	8.35	0.30	0.83	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.14	8.14	8.14	0.22	1.11	±12.1%
1810	40.0	1.40	7.96	7.96	7.96	0.22	1.07	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.78	7.78	7.78	0.22	1.17	±12.1%
2000	40.0	1.40	7.86	7.86	7.86	0.19	1.23	±12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.57	7.57	7.57	0.51	0.71	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.38	7.38	7.38	0.55	0.72	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.20	7.20	7.20	0.63	0.69	±12.1%
3300	38.2	2.71	6.79	6.79	6.79	0.43	0.96	±13.3%
3500	37.9	2.91	6.74	6.74	6.74	0.48	0.90	±13.3%
3700	37.7	3.12	6.52	6.52	6.52	0.46	0.93	±13.3%
3900	37.5	3.32	6.43	6.43	6.43	0.40	1.15	±13.3%
4100	37.2	3.53	6.29	6.29	6.29	0.40	1.20	±13.3%
4200	37.1	3.63	6.20	6.20	6.20	0.40	1.20	±13.3%
4400	36.9	3.84	6.06	6.06	6.06	0.40	1.20	±13.3%
4600	36.7	4.04	6.00	6.00	6.00	0.55	1.01	±13.3%
4800	36.4	4.25	5.95	5.95	5.95	0.55	1.11	±13.3%
4950	36.3	4.40	5.80	5.80	5.80	0.55	1.11	±13.3%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.19	5.19	5.19	0.50	1.20	±13.3%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.71	4.71	4.71	0.55	1.23	±13.3%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.65	4.65	4.65	0.60	1.20	±13.3%

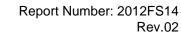
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

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F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

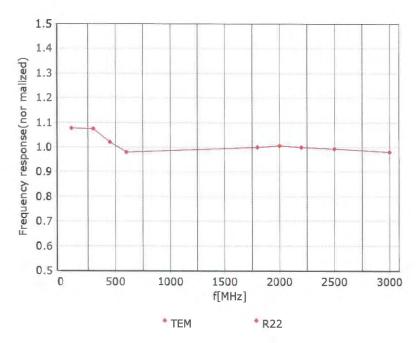
 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm G}$  Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than  $\pm$  1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below  $\pm$  2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.





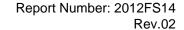


# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

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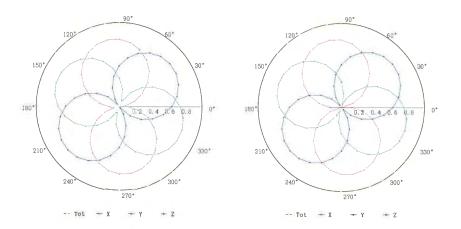


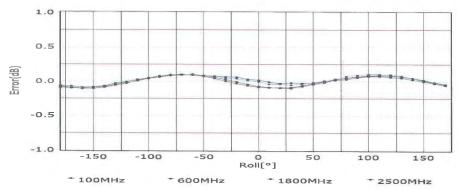
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# Receiving Pattern ( $\Phi$ ), $\theta$ =0°

# f=600 MHz, TEM

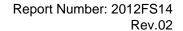
# f=1800 MHz, R22





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 1.2\%$  (k=2)

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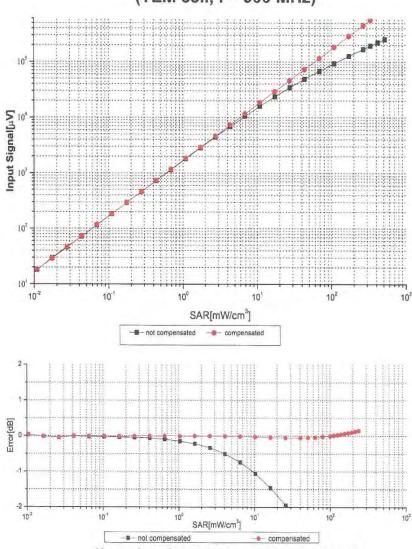


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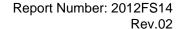
# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

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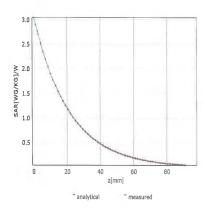
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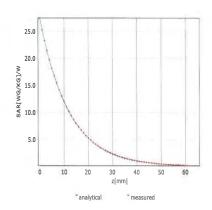
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# **Conversion Factor Assessment**

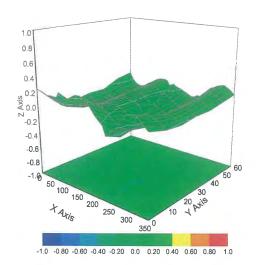
# f=750 MHz,WGLS R9(H\_convF)

# f=1750 MHz,WGLS R22(H\_convF)





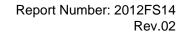
# **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ±3.2% (k=2)

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# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3847

# **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	100.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	10mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm

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## ATL Certificate No: Z20-60115 Client: **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE** Object DAE4 - SN: 541 Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-002-01 Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics Calibration date: March 18, 2020 This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) **Primary Standards** ID# Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Process Calibrator 753 24-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J19X05126) 1971018 Jun-20 Name **Function** Calibrated by: Yu Zongying SAR Test Engineer Reviewed by: Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer Approved by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader Issued: March 20, 2020 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Glossary:

DAE

data acquisition electronics

Connector angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X

to the robot coordinate system.

# Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

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DC Voltage Measurement A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = Low Range: 1LSB = 6.1μV , 61nV , -100...+300 mV -1.....+3mV High Range:  $1LSB = 6.1 \mu V$ , full range = -100...+300 m Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1......+3mV DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	Х	Υ	Z
High Range	404.553 ± 0.15% (k=2)	404.412 ± 0.15% (k=2)	404.179 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.96888 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.93481 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.97551 ± 0.7% (k=2)

#### **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system		288° ± 1 °	

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---- END ----