# Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) Test Report FCC Part15 Subpart E 

| Product Name : | Eee PC |
| :--- | :--- |
| Model No. $:$ | Eee PC 1015P, Eee PC 1015PE, |
|  | Eee PC 1015PEG, Eee PC 1015PGO, |
|  | Eee PC 1016P, Eee PC 1016PG, |
|  | Eee PC 1016PGO, Eee PC 1015PED, |
|  | Eee PC1015PD, Eee PC 1015PDG |
| FCC ID | $:$ |

Applicant : ASUSTEK COMPUTER INC.
Address : 4FL.,NO.150, Li-Te Rd., Peitou, Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C

| Date of Receipt | $:$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Test Date | Sep. 09, 2010 |
| Issued Date | : |
| Rep, 2010 ~ Sep. 17, 2010 |  |
| Report No. | $:$ |
| Report Version | $:$ |
| V1.0 |  |

## DFS Test Report

Issued Date: Sep. 17, 2010
Report No. : 109S008R-DFS-US-P08V01

## QuieTer

Product Name
Applicant
Address
Manufacturer
Address
Model No.

FCC ID
EUT Voltage
Trade Name
Applicable Standard

Test Result
Performed Location

Operation Mode (5470~5725MHz)

Documented By

Reviewed By

Approved By
: Ene PC
: ASUSTEK COMPUTER INC.
: 4FL.,NO.150, Li-Te Rd., Peitou, Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C
: PROTEK (SHANGHAI) LTD
: NO. 3768 Xu Van Rd.Kang Qiao Town,PuDong Dist, Shang Haj
: See PC 1015P, Eee PC 1015PE, Zee PC 1015PEG, Fee PC 1015PGO, Eee PC 1016P, Eee PC 1016PG, Fee PC 1016PGO, Fee PC 1015PED, Le PC1015PD, Le PC 1015PDG
: MSQ16P622AN
: AC 100~240V
: ANUS
: FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart E: 2008
FCC OET Order 06-96A (2006)
: Pass
: SuZhou EMC laboratory
No. 99 Hongye Rd., Suzhou Industrial Park Loufeng Hi-Tech Development Zone., SuZhou, China

TEL: +86-512-6251-5088 / FAX: +86-512-6251-5098
FCC Registration Number: 800392Master deviceSlaver device with radar detection function
$\boxtimes$ Slaver device without radar detection function
: Alice Ni
(Engineering ADM: Alice Ni )
Mastincter
( Engineering Supervisor: Marlin Chen )
$\qquad$
Dream CaD
( Engineering Manager: Dream Gao )

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Description ..... Page

1. GENERAL INFORMATION .....  4
1.1. EUT Description .....  .4
1.2. Standard Requirement .....  .5
1.3. UNII Device Description .....
1.4. Test Equipment .....  6
1.5. Test Setup ..... 6
1.6. Limits .....  8
1.7. Radar Waveform Calibration ..... 11
1.8. Radar Waveform Calibration Result ..... 12
2. Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time ..... 15
2.1. Test Procedure ..... 15
2.2. Test Requirement ..... 15
2.3. Uncertainty ..... 15
2.4. Test Result of Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time ..... 16

## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1.1. EUT Description

| Product Name | Eee PC |
| :--- | :--- |
| Applicant | ASUSTEK COMPUTER INC. |
| Address | 4FL., NO.150, Li-Te Rd., Peitou, Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C |
| FCC ID. | MSQ16P622AN |
| Model No. | Eee PC 1015P, Eee PC 1015PE, Eee PC 1015PEG, Eee PC 1015PGO, Eee PC <br> $1016 P, ~ E e e ~ P C ~ 1016 P G, ~ E e e ~ P C ~ 1016 P G O, ~ E e e ~ P C ~ 1015 P E D, ~ E e e ~ P C 1015 P D, ~ E e e ~$ <br> PC 1015PDG |
| DFS Frequency Range | $5250-5350 \mathrm{MHz}, 5470-5725 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| Number of Channels | $802.11 \mathrm{a} / \mathrm{n}-20 \mathrm{MHz}: 11$ <br> $802.11 \mathrm{n}-40 \mathrm{MHz}: 5$ |
| Data Rate | $802.11 \mathrm{a} / \mathrm{n}-20 \mathrm{MHz}: 6-135 \mathrm{Mbps} ; 802.11 \mathrm{n}-40 \mathrm{MHz}:$ up 270Mbps |
| Channel Control | Auto |
| Type of Modulation | $802.11 \mathrm{a} / \mathrm{n}:$ OFDM |
| Antenna type | PIFA |
| Peak Antenna Gain | 4.14 dBi for 5 GHz |

802.11a/n-20MHz Center Working Frequency of Each Channel:

| Channel | Frequency | Channel | Frequency | Channel | Frequency | Channel | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Channel 52: | 5260 MHz | Channel 56: | 5280 MHz | Channel 60: | 5300 MHz | Channel 64: | 5320 MHz |
| Channel 100: | 5500 MHz | Channel 104: | 5520 MHz | Channel 108: | 5540 MHz | Channel 112: | 5560 MHz |
| Channel 116: | 5580 MHz | Channel 120: | 5600 MHz | Channel 124: | 5620 MHz | Channel 128: | 5640 MHz |
| Channel 132: | 5660 MHz | Channel 136: | 5680 MHz | Channel 140: | 5700 MHz | N/A | N/A |

802.11n-40MHz Center Working Frequency of Each Channel:

| Channel | Frequency | Channel | Frequency | Channel | Frequency | Channel | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Channel 54: | 5270 MHz | Channel 62: | 5310 MHz | Channel 102: | 5510 MHz | Channel 110: | 5550 MHz |
| Channel 118: | 5590 MHz | Channel 126: | 5630 MHz | Channel 134: | 5670 MHz | N/A | N/A |

### 1.2. Standard Requirement

## FCC Part 15.407:

U-NII devices operating in the $5.25-5.35 \mathrm{GHz}$ band and the $5.47-5.725 \mathrm{GHz}$ band shall employ a TPC mechanism. The U-NII device is required to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the mean EIRP value of 30 dBm . A TPC mechanism is not required for systems with an E.I.R.P. of less than 500 mW .

### 1.3. UNII Device Description

The UUT operates in the following band: $5250-5350 \mathrm{MHz}, 5470-5725 \mathrm{MHz}$

The UUT is a Client Device that does not have radar detection capability and ad-hoc function. The highest gain antenna assembly utilized with the EUT has a maximum gain of 4.14 dBi in 5 GHz frequency band. The $50-\mathrm{ohm} \mathrm{Tx} / \mathrm{Rx}$ antenna port is connected to the test system to perform conducted tests. TPC is not required since the maximum EIRP is less than 500 mW (27dBm).

The UUT utilizes 802.11a/n IP based architecture. Two nominal channel bandwidths, 20 MHz and 40 MHz are implemented.

WLAN traffic is generated by streaming the video file "TestFile.mp2" from the Master device to the Slave device in full motion video mode using the "Nero Show Time 3" with the V3.0.1.3 Codec package.

The master device is a Cisco 802.11 $\mathrm{a} / \mathrm{b} / \mathrm{g} / \mathrm{n}$ Access Point. The Cisco Access Point FCC ID: LDK 102061.

The UUT is a client device without radar detection therefore the interference threshold level is not required.

Statement: Information regarding the parameters of the detected Radar Waveforms is not available to the end user.

### 1.4. Test Equipment

Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) / TR-8

| Instrument | Manufacturer | Type No. | Serial No | Cal. Date |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Spectrum Analyzer | Agilent | N9020A | MY49100159 | $2010-04-23$ |
| Vector Signal Generator | Agilent | E4438C | 102168 | $2010-04-26$ |


| Instrument | Manufacturer | Type No. | Serial No |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Splitter/Combiner (Qty: 2) | Mini-Circuits | ZAPD-50W 4.2-6.0 GHz | NN256400424 |
| Splitter/Combiner (Qty: 2) | MCLI | PS3-7 | $4463 / 4464$ |
| ATT (Qty: 1) | Mini-Circuits | VAT-30+ | 30912 |
| Laptop PC | Asus | N80V | 8BN0AS226971468 |
| RF Cable (Qty: 6) | Mini-Circuits | N/A | DFS-1~6 |


| Software | Manufacturer | Function |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pulse Building | Agilent | Radar Signal Generation Software |
| DFS Tool | Agilent | DFS Test Software |

### 1.5. Test Setup



## DFS Set-up Photo: Slave and Spectrum Analyzer



### 1.6. Limits

According to $\S 15.407$ (h) and FCC 06-96 APPENDIX "COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR UNLICENSED NATIONAL INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE DEVICES OPERATING IN THE 5250-5350 MHz AND 5470-5725MHz BANDS INCORPORATING DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION".

Applicability of DFS requirements prior to use of a channel

| Requirement | Operational Mode |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Master | Client (with radar detection) | Client (without radar <br> detection) |
| Non-Occupancy Period | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| DFS Detection <br> Threshold | Yes | Yes | Not Required |
| Channel Availability <br> Check Time | Yes | Not Required | Not Required |
| Uniform Spreading | Yes | Not Required | Not Required |
| U-NII Detection <br> Bandwidth | Yes | Yes | Not Required |

Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation

| Requirement | Operational Mode |  | Client (with radar <br> detection) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Master | Yes | Client (without radar <br> detection) |
| DFS Detection <br> Threshold | Yes | Yes | Not Required |
| Channel Closing <br> Transmission Time | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Channel Move Time | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| U-NII Detection <br> Bandwidth | Yes |  | Not required |

## Interference Threshold value, Master or Client incorporating In-Service Monitoring

| Maximum Transmit Power | Value (see note) |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\geq 200$ milliwatt | -64 dBm |
| $<200$ milliwatt | -62 dBm |

Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.
Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.

## DFS Response requirement values

| Parameter | Value |
| :--- | :--- |
| Non-Occupancy Period | 30 Minutes |
| Channel Availability Check Time | 60 Seconds |
| Channel Move Time | 10 Seconds |
| Channel Closing Transmission Time | 200 milliseconds + approx. 60 milliseconds over <br> remaining 10 seconds period <br> (See Notes 1 and 2 ) |
| Note1: The instant that the Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time begins is as <br> follows: <br> For the short pulse radar test signals this instant is the end of the burst. <br> For the frequency hopping radar test signal, this instant is the end of the last radar burst generated <br> For the long pulse radar test signal this instant is the end of the 12 seconds period defining the radar <br> transmission. <br> Note 2: The channel closing transmission time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning <br> of the channel move time plus any additional intermittent control signals required facilitating channel <br> changes (an aggregate of approximately 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 seconds period. <br> The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions. |  |

## Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

| Radar Type | Pulse Width ( $\mu \mathrm{sec}$ ) | PRI ( $\mu \mathrm{sec}$ ) | Pulses | Minimum <br> Percentage of Successful <br> Detection | Minimum Trials |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 1428 | 18 | 60\% | 30 |
| 2 | 1-5 | 150-230 | 23-29 | 60\% | 30 |
| 3 | 6-10 | 200-500 | 16-18 | 60\% | 30 |
| 4 | 11-20 | 200-500 | 12-16 | 60\% | 30 |
| Aggregate (radar types 1-4) |  |  |  | 80\% | 120 |

A minimum of 30 unique waveforms is required for each of the short pulse radar type 2 through 4. For short pulse radar type 1, then same waveform is used a minimum of 30 times. If more than 30 waveforms are used for short pulse radar type 2 through 4, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms. The aggregate is the average of the percentage of successful detections of short pulse radar type 1-4.

## Long Pulse Radar Test Signal

| Radar <br> Waveform | Bursts | Pulses Per <br> Burst | Pulse <br> Width <br> $(\mu \mathrm{sec})$ | Chirp <br> Width <br> $(\mathrm{MHz})$ | PRI <br> $(\mu \mathrm{sec})$ | Minimum <br> Percentage <br> of <br> Successful | Minimum <br> Trials |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | $8-20$ | $1-3$ | $50-100$ | $5-20$ | $1000-2000$ | $80 \%$ | 30 |

The parameters for this waveform are randomly chosen. Thirty unique waveforms are required for the long pulse radar test signal. If more than 30 waveforms are used for the long pulse radar test signal, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms.

Frequency Hopping Radar Test Signal

| Radar <br> Waveform | Pulse <br> Width <br> $(\mu \mathrm{sec})$ | PRI <br> $(\mu \mathrm{sec})$ | Hopping <br> Sequence <br> Length <br> $(\mathrm{msec})$ | Pulses Per <br> Hop | Hopping <br> Rate (kHz) | Minimum <br> Percentage <br> of <br> Successful <br> Detection | Minimum <br> Trials |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | 1 | 333 | 300 | 9 | .333 | $70 \%$ | 30 |

For the frequency hopping radar type, the same burst parameters are used for each waveform. The hopping sequence is different for each waveform and a 100-length segment is selected from the hopping sequence.

### 1.7. Radar Waveform Calibration

The following equipment setup was used to calibrate the conducted radar waveform. A spectrum analyzer was used to establish the test signal level for each radar type. During this process there were replace 50ohm terminal from master and client device and no transmissions by either the master or client device. The spectrum analyzer was switched to the zero span (time domain) at the frequency of the radar waveform generator. Peak detection was utilized. The spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth (RBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) were set to 3 MHz and 3 MHz .

The signal generator amplitude was set so that the power level measured at the spectrum analyzer was -61 dBm due to the interference threshold level is not required.

Conducted Calibration Setup


### 1.8. Radar Waveform Calibration Result

Radar Type 1 Calibration Plot


Radar Type 2 Calibration Plot


## Radar Type 3 Calibration Plot



Radar Type 4 Calibration Plot


## Radar Type 5 Calibration Plot



Radar Type 6 Calibration Plot


## 2. Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time

### 2.1. Test Procedure

These tests define how the following DFS parameters are verified during In-Service Monitoring; Channel Closing Transmission Time and Channel Move Time.

The steps below define the procedure to determine the above mentioned parameters when a radar burst with a level -61dBm is generated on the operating channel of the U-NII device.

A U-NII device operating as a Client device will associate with the Master device at 5500 MHz .

During the in-service monitoring detection probability and channel moving tests the system was configured with a streaming video file from the master device (sourced by the PC connected to the master device via an Ethernet interface) to the client device. The streamed file was the "FCC" test file and the client device was using Media Player Classic as required by FCC Part 15 Subpart E.

Observe the transmissions of the EUT at the end of the radar burst on the operating channel for duration greater than 10 seconds. Measure and record the transmissions from the spectrum analyzer during the observation time (Channel Move Time). Compare the channel move time and channel closing transmission time results to the limits defined in the DFS Response requirement values table.

### 2.2. Test Requirement

| Parameter | Value |
| :--- | :--- |
| Channel Move Time | 10 Seconds |
| Channel Closing Transmission Time | 200 milliseconds + approx. 60 milliseconds over <br> remaining 10 seconds period |

### 2.3. Uncertainty

$\pm 1 \mathrm{~ms}$.

## 2．4．Test Result of Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time

Product ：Eee PC
Type 1 radar at 5300 MHz
QuieTek 快特靁波
Dynamic Frequency Selection


## QuieTek 快特靁波




| Test Item | Limit | Results |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Channel Move Time | 10 s | Pass |
| Channel Closing Transmission Time | 200ms＋an aggregate of 60ms over <br> remaining 10 second period． | Pass |

## Type 1 radar at 5310 MHz

QuieTek 快特靁波


## QuieTek 快恃靁波



| Test Item | Limit | Results |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Channel Move Time | 10 s | Pass |
| Channel Closing Transmission Time | $200 \mathrm{~ms}+$ an aggregate of 60ms over <br> remaining 10 second period． | Pass |

## Type 1 radar at 5500 MHz

## QuieTek 快特靁波



## QuieTek 快緒雪波




| Test Item | Limit | Results |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Channel Move Time | 10 s | Pass |
| Channel Closing Transmission Time | 200ms＋an aggregate of 60ms over <br> remaining 10 second period． | Pass |

## Type 1 radar at 5510 MHz

## QuieTek 快特靁波



## 




| Test Item | Limit | Results |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Channel Move Time | 10 s | Pass |
| Channel Closing Transmission Time | 200ms＋an aggregate of 60 ms over <br> remaining 10 second period． | Pass |

## 3. Non-Occupancy Period

### 3.1. Test Procedur

Measure the EUT for more than 30 minutes following the channel close/move time to verify that the
UUT does not resume any transmissions on this channel.

### 3.2. Test Requirement

| Parameter | Value |
| :--- | :--- |
| Non-Occupancy Period | 30 Minutes |

### 3.3. Uncertainty

$\pm 1 \mathrm{~ms}$.

## 4. Test Result of Non-Occupancy Period

Product : Eee PC
Radar Type : Type 1

30 Minute Non-Occupancy Period at 5300 MHz


| Test Item | Limit | Results |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-Occupancy Period | 30 Minutes | Pass |

No EUT transmissions were observed on the test channel during 30 minutes observation time.

30 Minute Non-Occupancy Period at 5310 MHz


| Test Item | Limit | Results |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-Occupancy Period | 30 Minutes | Pass |

No EUT transmissions were observed on the test channel during 30 minutes observation time.

30 Minute Non-Occupancy Period at 5500 MHz


| Test Item | Limit | Results |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-Occupancy Period | 30 Minutes | Pass |

No EUT transmissions were observed on the test channel during 30 minutes observation time.

30 Minute Non-Occupancy Period at 5510 MHz


| Test Item | Limit | Results |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-Occupancy Period | 30 Minutes | Pass |

No EUT transmissions were observed on the test channel during 30 minutes observation time.

