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SAR TEST REPORT

Equipment Under Test : FM Handheld Transceiver

Model No. : LXT560

Applicant : Midland Radio Corporation

Address of Applicant : 5900 Parretta Drive Kansas City Missouri United States 6420

FCC ID : MMALXT560 IC ID 3690A-LXT560

Device Category : Portable Device

Exposure Category : General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

Date of Receipt : 2012-01-18

Date of Test(s) : 2012-01-30, 2012-01-31, 2012-02-16

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Max. SAR : 0.3520 W/kg (Head 50 % Duty Cycle)

0.3575 W/kg (Body 50 % Duty Cycle)

Standards: FCC OET Bulletin 65 supplement C

RSS-102 (Issue 4) IEEE 1528, 2003

ANSI/IEEE C95.1, C95.3

IEC 62209 : 2006 / IEC 62209-2 : 2010

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

Remarks:

This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample, the results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

This report may only be reproduced and distributed in full. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards. Any mention of SGS Testing Korea Co., Ltd. or testing done by SGS Testing Korea Co., Ltd. in connection with distribution or use of the product described in this report must be approved by SGS Testing Korea Co., Ltd. in writing.

Tested by : Robin Jung 2012-02-17

Approved by : Charles Kim 2012-02-17



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- A. DASY4 SAR Report
- B. Uncertainty Analysis
- C. Calibration certificate



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1. General Information

1.1 Testing Laboratory

SGS Korea Co., Ltd.

Wireless Div. 2FL, 18-34, Sanbon-dong, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 435-040

Telephone : +82 +31 428 5700 FAX : +82 +31 427 2371 Homepage : www.ee.sgs.com/Korea

1.2 Details of Applicant

Manufacturer : Midland Radio Corporation

Address : 5900 Parretta Drive Kansas City Missouri United States 64120

Contact Person : David Kingsolver Phone No. : 816-241-8500 Fax No. : 816-241-8500

E-mail : davidk@midlandradio.com

1.3 Version of Report

| Version Number | Date | Revision |
|----------------|------------|---------------|
| 00 | 2012-02-01 | Initial issue |
| 01 | 2012-02-17 | Revision 01 |

1.4 Description of EUT(s)

| EUT Type | : FM Handheld Transceiver |
|-------------------------|--|
| Model | : LXT560 |
| Serial Number | : N/A |
| Mode of Operation | : GMRS, FRS |
| Body worn Accessory | : Belt Clip |
| Tx Frequency Range | : GMRS (462.5500 MHz ~ 462.7250 MHz) FRS (467.5625 MHz ~ 467.7125 MHz) |
| Antenna | : Fixed Type |
| Max. Conducted RF Power | : GMRS (462.5625 M拉 : 1.29 W) FRS (467.5625 M拉 : 0.316 W) |
| Battery Type | : 4 × AAA Alkaline(6 V) / Rechargeable Ni-MH battery pack (4.8 V) |



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1.5 Test Environment

| Ambient temperature | : (22 ± 2) ° C |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Tissue Simulating Liquid | : (22 ± 2) ° C |
| Relative Humidity | $: (55 \pm 5) \% \text{ R.H.}$ |

1.6 Operation Configuration

Reference Positions for Handheld Radio Transmitters

In general handheld radio transmitters like GMRS/FRS/LMR devices are used in held to face position or with a speaker/microphone combination as body-worn configuration.

Held to face position

For held to face position the flat section of a SAM Phantom or a flat phantom is used.

The center of the radiating structure is to set on the middle position of the flat phantom. The distance between sample and flat phantom is 2.5 cm.

For the measurement head tissue simulating liquid is used.

Belt Clip/Holster Configuration

Test configurations for body-worn operated EUTs are carried out while the belt-clip and/or holster is attached to the EUT and placed against a flat phantom in a regular configuration. An EUT with a headset output it tested with a headset connected to the device.

Body dielectric parameters are used.

There are two categories for accessories for body-worn operation configurations:

- 1. accessories not containing metallic components
- 2. accessories containing metallic components.

When the EUT is equipped with accessories not containing metallic components the tests are done with the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. For accessories containing metallic parts a test with each one is implemented. If the multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that has the closest spacing to the body is tested.

In case that a EUT authorized to be body-worn is not supplied or has no options to be operated with any accessories, a test configuration where a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. All test position spacings are documented.

Transmitters operating in front of a person's face (e.g. push-to-talk configurations) are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat platform. SAR Compliance tests for shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters are carried out with the accessories including headsets and microphones attached to the device and placed against a flat phantom in a regular configuration. The SAR measurements are performed to investigate the worst-case positioning. This is documented and

The SAR measurements are performed to investigate the worst-case positioning. This is documented and used to perform Body SAR testing. [2]. Body tissue simulating liquid is used.



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1.7 EVALUATION PROCEDURES

- Power Reference Measurement Procedures

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 4 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties (for example, 2.7 mm for an ET3DV6 probe type).

- The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the Post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:
- 1. The extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
- 2. The calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- 3. The generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- 4. The interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- 5. The extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- 6. The calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors that is located 1 to 2.7 mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is less than 30 degree.

In the Area Scan, the gradient of the interpolation function is evaluated to find all the extreme of the SAR distribution. The uncertainty on the locations of the extreme is less than 1/20 of the grid size. Only local maximum within -2 dB of the global maximum are searched and passed for the Cube Scan measurement. In the Cube Scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the lowest measurement points to the inner phantom surface (the extrapolation distance). The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

The maximum search is automatically performed after each area scan measurement. It is based on splines in



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two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the area scanning measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations. The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 7x7x7 scans. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements. The measured volume of 30x30x30 mm contains about 30g of tissue. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. Boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume. In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is the moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.

1.8 The SAR Measurement System

A photograph of the SAR measurement System is given in Fig. a. This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (Speag Dasy 4 professional system). A Model ET3DV6 1782 E-field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation SAR= σ (|Ei|2)/ ρ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-simulant. The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- •A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- •A dosimeter probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- •A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.



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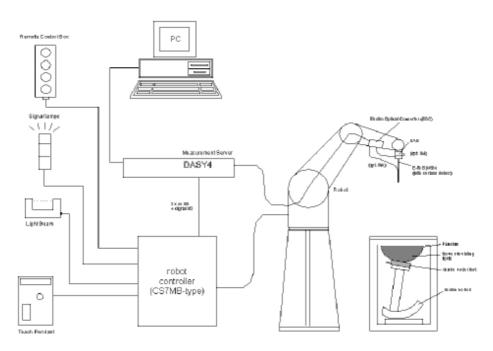


Fig a. The microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system verification

- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY4 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



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1.9 System Components

ET3DV6 E-Field Probe

Construction: Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding

against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to

organic solvents, e.g. glycol).

Calibration: In air from 10 Mb to 2.5 GHz In brain simulating tissue

 $(accuracy \pm 8\%)$

Frequency: 10 Mbz to >6 GHz; Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 Mbz to 3 GHz)

Directivity: ±0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis)

 ± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic

: $5 \mu \text{W/g to} > 100 \text{ mW/g}$; Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$

Range

Srfce. Detect : ± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse

reflecting surfaces

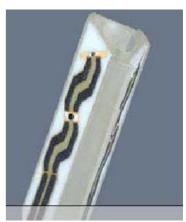
Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm

Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm

Application: General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile

phone



ET3DV6 E-Field Probe

NOTE:

1. The Probe parameters have been calibrated by the SPEAG. Please reference "APPENDIX C" for the Calibration Certification Report.



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SAM Phantom

Construction: The SAM Phantom is constructed of a fiberglass

shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the

robot

Shell Thickness: 2.0 ± 0.1 mm Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters



SAM Phantom

DEVICE HOLDER

Construction

with combination the Twin SAM PhantomV4.0/V4.0C Twin SAM. or Mounting Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Device Holder

1.10 SAR System Verification

The microwave circuit arrangement for system verification is sketched in Fig. b. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within \pm 10% from the target SAR values. This test was done at 450 Mb. The test for EUT was conducted within 24 hours after each validation. The obtained result from the system accuracy verification is displayed in the table 1 (SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power delivered to the dipole). During the test, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range (22 \pm 2) ° C, the relative humidity was in the range (55 \pm 5) % R.H. and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the result is within acceptable tolerance of the reference value.



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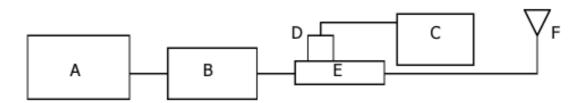


Fig b. The microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system verification

- A. Agilent Model E4421B Signal Generator
- B. EMPOWER Model 2001-BBS3Q7ECK Amplifier
- C. Agilent Model E4419B Power Meter
- D. Agilent Model 9300H Power Sensor
- E. Agilent Model 777D/778D Dual directional coupling
- F. Reference dipole Antenna



Photo of the dipole Antenna

System Validation Results

| Validation Kit | Tissue | Target SAR 1g from Calibration Certificate (398 mW) | Measured SAR 1 g (398 mW) | Deviation (%) | Date | Liquid Temp. (°C) |
|---------------------|----------------|---|------------------------------|---------------|------------|-------------------------|
| D450V2 S/N: 1015 | 450 Mb Head | 1.95 mW/g | 1.96 mW/g | 0.51 | 2012-01-31 | 22.3 |
| D450V2 S/N: 1015 | 450 Mb Body | 1.89 mW/g | 1.98 mW/g | 4.76 | 2012-01-30 | 22.3 |
| D450V2 S/N: 1015 | 450 Mb Body | 1.89 mW/g | 1.89 mW/g | 0.00 | 2012-02-16 | 22.3 |

Table 1. Results system validation



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1.11 Tissue Simulant Fluid for the Frequency Band

The dielectric properties for this simulant fluid were measured by using the Agilent Model 85070D Dielectric Probe (rates frequence band 200 Mb to 20 Gb) in conjunction with Agilent E5070B Network Analyzer(300 KHz-3000 Mb) by using a procedure detailed in Section V.

| | Tissue | | Dielectric Parameters | | | | |
|---------|-------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| f (Mbz) | f (Mz) type | Limits / Measured | Permittivity | Conductivity | Simulated Tissue Temp($^{\circ}$ C) | | |
| | | Measured, 2012-01-31 | 44.6 | 0.84 | 22.3 | | |
| | Head | Recommended Limits | 43.5 | 0.87 | 21.0 ~ 23.0 | | |
| | | Deviation(%) | 2.53 | -3.45 | - | | |
| | | Measured, 2012-01-30 | 56.0 | 0.93 | 22.3 | | |
| 450 | | Recommended Limits | 56.7 | 0.94 | 21.0 ~ 23.0 | | |
| | Dody | Deviation(%) | -1.23 | -1.06 | - | | |
| | Body | Measured, 2012-02-16 | 56.0 | 0.93 | 22.3 | | |
| | | Recommended Limits | 55.05 | 0.91 | 21.0 ~ 23.0 | | |
| | | Deviation(%) | -1.70 | -2.15 | - | | |

The composition of the brain tissue simulating liquid

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

| Ingredients | Freque | ency (Mb) |) | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--------|-----------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|
| (% by weight) | 45 | 50 | 83 | 35 | 9 | 15 | 19 | 00 | 24 | 50 |
| Tissue Type | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body |
| Water | 38.56 | 51.16 | 41.45 | 52.4 | 41.05 | 56.0 | 54.9 | 40.4 | 62.7 | 73.2 |
| Salt (NaCl) | 3.95 | 1.49 | 1.45 | 1.4 | 1.35 | 0.76 | 0.18 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.04 |
| Sugar | 56.32 | 46.78 | 56.0 | 45.0 | 56.5 | 41.76 | 0.0 | 58.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| HEC | 0.98 | 0.52 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.21 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Bactericide | 0.19 | 0.05 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.27 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Triton X-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 36.8 | 0.0 |
| DGBE | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 44.92 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 26.7 |
| Dielectric Constant | 43.5 | 56.7 | 41.5 | 55.2 | 42.0 | 56.8 | 40.0 | 53.3 | 39.2 | 52.7 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 0.87 | 0.94 | 0.90 | 0.97 | 1.0 | 1.07 | 1.40 | 1.52 | 1.80 | 1.95 |

Salt: 99⁺% Pure Sodium Chloride Sugar: 98⁺% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16 $M\Omega^+$ resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99⁺% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether



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1.12 Test Standards and Limits

According to FCC 47CFR §2.1093(d) The limits to be used for evaluation are based generally on criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate ("SAR") in Section 4.2 of "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 ©k," ANSI/IEEE C95.3–2003, Copyright 2003 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017. These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in "Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86, Section 17.4.5. Copyright NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, Maryland 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards. The criteria to be used are specified in paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) of this section and shall apply for portable devices transmitting in the frequency range from 100 kHz to 6 ©k. Portable devices that transmit at frequencies above 6 ©k are to be evaluated in terms of the MPE limits specified in § 1.1310 of this chapter. Measurements and calculations to demonstrate compliance with MPE field strength or power density limits for devices operating above 6 ©k should be made at a minimum distance of 5 cm from the radiating source.

- (1) Limits for Occupational/Controlled exposure: 0.4 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 8 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 20 W/kg, as averaged over an 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Occupational/Controlled limits apply when persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided these persons are fully aware of and exercise control over their exposure. Awareness of exposure can be accomplished by use of warning labels or by specific training or education through appropriate means, such as an RF safety program in a work environment.
- (2) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure: 0.08 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 4 W/kg, as averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). General Population/Uncontrolled limits apply when the general public may be exposed, or when persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or do not exercise control over their exposure. Warning labels placed on consumer devices such as cellular telephones will not be sufficient reason to allow these devices to be evaluated subject to limits for occupational/controlled exposure in paragraph (d)(1) of this section.(Table .4)



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| Human Exposure | Uncontrolled Environment General Population | Controlled Environment Occupational |
|--|--|--|
| Partial Peak SAR (Partial) | 1.60 m W/g | 8.00 m W/g |
| Partial Average SAR (Whole Body) | 0.08 m W/g | 0.40 m W/g |
| Partial Peak SAR (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist) | 4.00 m W/g | 20.00 m W/g |

Table .4 RF exposure limits



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2. Instruments List

| Maunfacturer | Device | Туре | Serial Number | Due date of Calibration |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Stäubli | Robot | RX90BL | F03/5W05A1/A/01 | N/A |
| Schmid& Partner Engineering AG | Dosimetric E-Field Probe | ET3DV6 | 1782 | April 13, 2012 |
| Schmid& Partner Engineering AG | 450 Mz System Validation Dipole | D450V2 | 1015 | August 21, 2013 |
| Schmid& Partner Engineering AG | Data acquisition Electronics | DAE3 | 479 | August 29, 2012 |
| Schmid& Partner Engineering AG | Software | DASY 4 V4.7 | - | N/A |
| Schmid& Partner Engineering AG | Phantom | SAM Phantom V4.0 | TP-1645 TP-1300 | N/A |
| Agilent | Network Analyzer | E5070B | MY42100282 | March 30, 2012 |
| Agilent | Dielectric Probe Kit | 85070D | 2184 | N/A |
| Agilent | Power Meter | E4419B | GB43311125 | July 03, 2012 |
| Agilent | Power Sensor | Е9300Н | MY41495307 MY41495308 | September 29, 2012 September 29, 2012 |
| Agilent | Signal Generator | E4421B | MY43350132 | July 05, 2012 |
| Empower RF Systems | Power Amplifier | 2001- BBS3Q7ECK | 1032 D/C 0336 | March 30, 2012 |
| Empower RF Systems | Power Amplifier | 2092- BBS5K8CAJ | 1010 | September 06, 2012 |
| Agilent | Dual Directional Coupler | 777D 778D | 50128 50454 | July 10, 2012 July 06, 2012 |
| Agilent | Directional RF Bridges | 86205A | MY31402302 | July 12, 2012 |
| Microlab | LP Filter | LA-07N | N/A | October 01, 2012 |



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3.Summary of Results

* Conducted Power Table

| Mode | Channel | E (MHz) | High /Low | Output Power(W) | | |
|------|---------|----------------|-----------|-----------------|----------|--|
| Mode | Channel | Frequency(MHz) | High /Low | DC 6 V | DC 4.8 V | |
| | 1 | 162 5625 | High | 1.29 | 0.96 | |
| | 1 | 462.5625 | Low | 0.318 | 0.263 | |
| | 2 | 162 5975 | High | 1.28 | 0.960 | |
| | 2 | 462.5875 | Low | 0.317 | 0.260 | |
| | 3 | 462.6125 | High | 1.29 | 0.960 | |
| | 3 | 402.0123 | Low | 0.317 | 0.262 | |
| GMRS | 4 | 462.6375 | High | 1.27 | 0.950 | |
| GMKS | 4 | 402.0373 | Low | 0.319 | 0.261 | |
| | 5 | 462.6625 | High | 1.29 | 0.950 | |
| | 5 | 402.0023 | Low | 0.321 | 0.262 | |
| | 6 | 462.6875 | High | 1.29 | 0.950 | |
| | 7 | 402.0873 | Low | 0.322 | 0.259 | |
| | | 462.7125 | High | 1.29 | 0.950 | |
| | / | 462.7125 | Low | 0.322 | 0.259 | |
| | 8 | 467.5625 | | 0.302 | 0.252 | |
| | 9 | 467.5875 | | 0.309 | 0.251 | |
| | 10 | 467.6125 | | 0.310 | 0.251 | |
| FRS | 11 | 467.6375 | N/A | 0.313 | 0.249 | |
| | 12 | 467.6625 | | 0.311 | 0.249 | |
| | 13 | 467.6875 | | 0.313 | 0.249 | |
| | 14 | 467.7125 | | 0.316 | 0.254 | |
| | 15 | 15 462.5500 | High | 1.28 | 0.950 | |
| | 15 | 462.5500 | Low | 0.315 | 0.261 | |
| | 16 | 162 5750 | High | 1.29 | 0.950 | |
| | 16 | 462.5750 | Low | 0.316 | 0.261 | |
| | 17 | 462 6000 | High | 1.29 | 0.940 | |
| | 17 | 462.6000 | Low | 0.316 | 0.261 | |
| | | 150 5550 | High | 1.28 | 0.950 | |
| a | 18 | 462.6250 | Low | 0.317 | 0.261 | |
| GMRS | 1.0 | 150 5700 | High | 1.27 | 0.940 | |
| | 19 | 462.6500 | Low | 0.317 | 0.259 | |
| | _ | | High | 1.29 | 0.950 | |
| | 20 | 462.6750 | Low | 0.316 | 0.261 | |
| | | | High | 1.29 | 0.930 | |
| | 21 | 462.7000 | Low | 0.317 | 0.257 | |
| | | | High | 1.28 | 0.940 | |
| | 22 | 462.7250 | Low | 0.316 | 0.258 | |



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| Ambient Temperature (°C) | 22 ± 2 |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| Liquid Temperature (°C) | 22 ± 2 |
| Date | 2012-01-30 ~ 2012-02-16 |

Head & Body SAR

| | | | Distance | | Traffic C | hannel | D D. '64 | 1g SAR | 1 g SAR | | | |
|------|------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|--------|-------|-------|
| Mode | Position | EUT Side | Frequency (Mt) Channel | | Power Drift (dB) | (100 % Duty Cycle) | Limits (W/kg) | | | | | |
| | | | DC 4.8 | 462.637 | 4 | -0.203 | 0.550 | | | | | |
| | Head Face Up GMRS Body Face Down | Face Up | 2.5 | DC 6.0 | 462.637 | 4 | -0.198 | 0.704 | | | | |
| | | race Op | 2.3 | DC 4.8 | 462.550 | 15 | -0.277 | 0.530 | | | | |
| | | | | DC 4.8 | 462.725 | 22 | -0.203 | 0.513 | | | | |
| GMRS | | | | | DC 4.8 | 462.637 | 4 | -0.259 | 0.561 | 1.6 | | |
| | | Face Down | e Down 0 Horizontal (Belt clip) | · · | DC 6.0 | 462.637 | 4 | 0.185 | 0.715 | | | |
| | | | | DC 4.8 | 462.550 | 15 | -0.062 | 0.528 | | | | |
| | | | | DC 4.8 | 462.725 | 22 | -0.087 | 0.516 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | 0 Tilt (Belt clip) | DC 6.0 | 462.637 | 4 | 0.006 | 0.440 |
| | | | | DC4.8 | 467.562 | 8 | -0.177 | 0.366 | | | | |
| | Head | Face Up | p 2.5 | DC4.8 | 467.637 | 11 | -0.328 | 0.361 | | | | |
| FRS | | | DC4.8 | 467.712 | 14 | -0.126 | 0.352 | 1.6 | | | | |
| | | DC4.8 | 467.562 | 8 | -0.180 | 0.415 | 1.6 | | | | | |
| | Body | Body Face Down | Face Down Horizo (Belt c | Horizontal | DC4.8 | 467.637 | 11 | 0.348 | 0.362 | | | |
| | | | | | | (вен спр) | DC4.8 | 467.712 | 14 | -0.091 | 0.392 | |

- * The EUT is fitted with Belt Clip accessory and placed directly against a phantom (no gap) in case of Face Down side.
- * The EUT was tested in Low, Middle and High channel at each mode as the general case. Please refer to the above conducted power table for verifying the channels.
- * This test was conducted in reference to KDB447498 D01 and KDB643646 D01.
- * Even if the measured SAR value was Low, Middle and High channels were tested at both modes for a reference.



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Appendix

List

| Appendix A | DASY4 Report (Plots of the SAR Measurements) | - 450 MlzValidation Test- Head/Body Test |
|------------|--|--|
| Appendix B | Uncertainty Analysis | |
| Appendix C | Calibration Certificate | - PROBE - DAE3 - DIPOLE |



Appendix A

Test Plot - DASY4 Report

Report File No.: F690501/RF-SAR001978-A1

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450 Mz Head Validation Test

Date: 2012-01-31

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory) File Name: Validation450Mhz Head.da4

Input Power: 398 mW

DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V2; Serial: D450V2 - SN:1015 Program Name: Validation_450MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz; $\sigma = 0.84 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 44.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(6.89, 6.89, 6.89); Calibrated: 2011-04-14

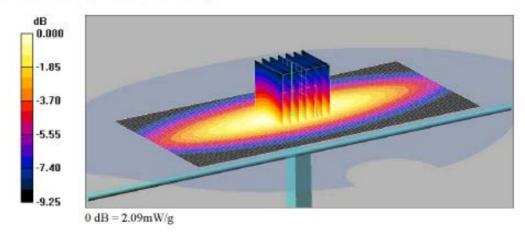
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn479; Calibrated: 2011-08-29
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Validation_450MHz/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.07 mW/g

Validation_450MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 49.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.12 W/kg

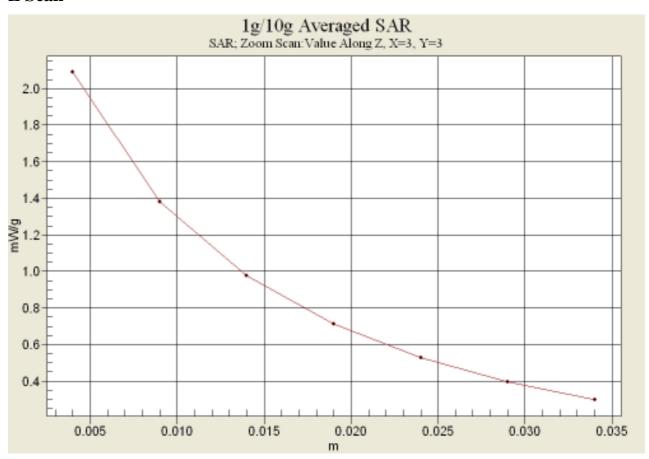
SAR(1 g) = 1.96 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.3 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.09 mW/g





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Z Scan





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450 Mb Body Validation Test

Date: 2012-01-30

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory) File Name: Validation450Mhz Body.da4

Input Power: 398 mW

DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V2; Serial: D450V2 - SN:1015 Program Name: Validation_450MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz; $\sigma = 0.927 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 2011-04-14

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn479; Calibrated: 2011-08-29
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

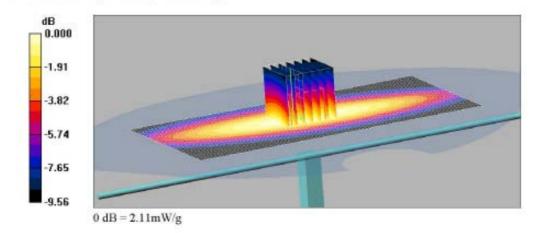
Validation_450MHz/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.09 mW/g

Validation_450MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value - 48.0 V/m; Power Drift - -0.021 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.27 W/kg

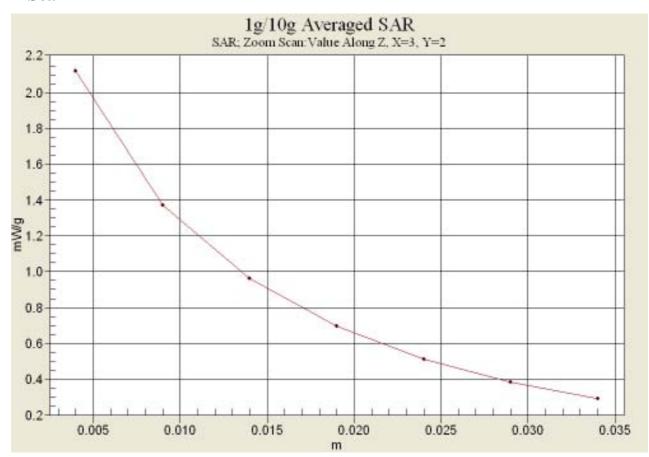
SAR(1 g) = 1.98 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.3 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.11 mW/g





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Date: 2012-02-16

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory) File Name: Validation450Mhz Body.da4

Input Power: 398 mW

DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V2; Serial: D450V2 - SN:1015 Program Name: Validation 450MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz; $\sigma = 0.914 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn479; Calibrated: 2011-08-29
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Validation 450MHz/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.01 mW/g

Validation 450MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx-5mm, dy-5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 47.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) - 2.98 W/kg

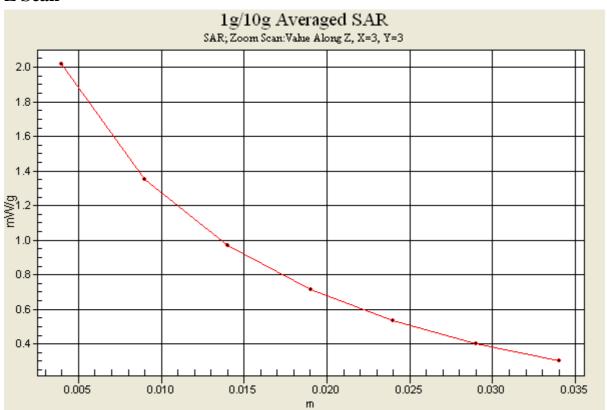
SAR(1 g) = 1.89 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.29 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.02 mW/g

dB 0.000 -1.80 -3.60-5.39-7.19-8.99 0 dB = 2.02 mW/g



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Z Scan





SAR Test Plot

Report File No.: F690501/RF-SAR001978-A1

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Date: 2012-01-31

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory) File Name: 450Mhz Head(GMRS).da4

DUT: LXT560; Type: FRS/GMRS; Serial: 1108000001

Program Name: Head

Communication System: GMRS; Frequency: 462.637 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 462.637 MHz; $\sigma = 0.851 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 44.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(6.89, 6.89, 6.89); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn479; Calibrated: 2011-08-29
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
 Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Head Front Ch.4 25mm gap/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) - 0.638 mW/g

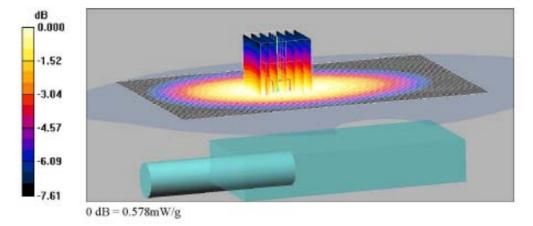
Head_Front_Ch.4_25mm gap/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx-5mm, dy-5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.203 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) - 0.761 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.550 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.406 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.578 mW/g





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Date: 2012-01-31

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)

File Name: 450Mhz Head(GMRS).da4

DUT: LXT560; Type: FRS/GMRS; Serial: 1108000001

Program Name: Head

Communication System: GMRS; Frequency: 462.637 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 462.637 MHz; $\sigma = 0.851 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 44.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(6.89, 6.89, 6.89); Calibrated: 2011-04-14

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn479; Calibrated: 2011-08-29
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Head_Front_Ch.4_25mm gap 6V/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx-15mm, dy-15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.846 mW/g

Head_Front_Ch.4_25mm gap 6V/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

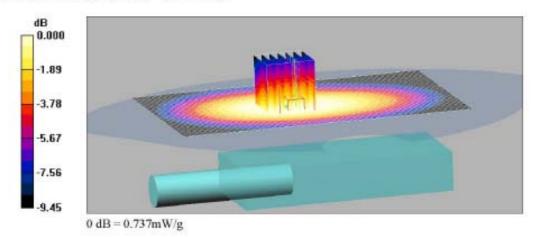
dz-5mm

Reference Value - 32.3 V/m; Power Drift - -0.198 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.704 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.492 mW/g

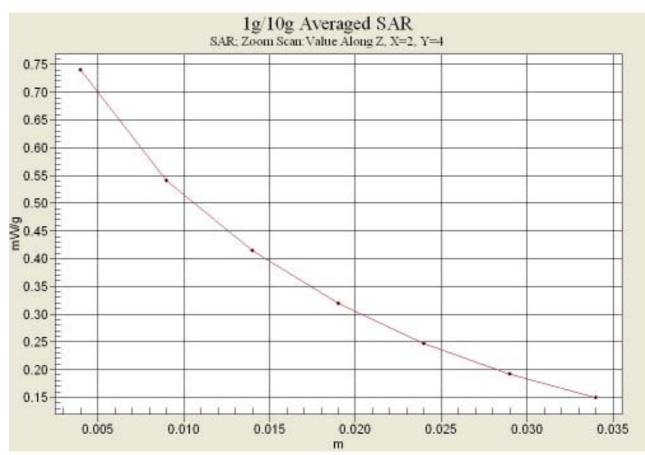
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.737 mW/g





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Z Scan





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Date: 2012-01-31

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)

File Name: 450Mhz Head(GMRS).da4

DUT: LXT560; Type: FRS/GMRS; Serial: 1108000001

Program Name: Head

Communication System: GMRS; Frequency: 462.55 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 462.55 MHz; $\sigma = 0.851$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 44.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(6.89, 6.89, 6.89); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn479; Calibrated: 2011-08-29
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Head_Front_Ch.15_25mm gap/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.599 mW/g

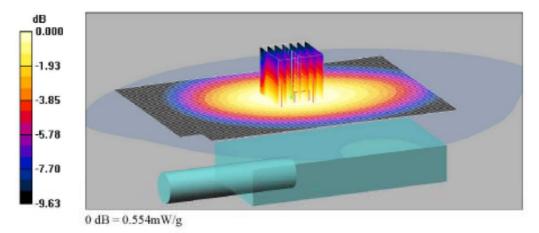
Head_Front_Ch.15_25mm gap/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx-5mm, dy-5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.277 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) - 0.769 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.530 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.370 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.554 mW/g





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Date: 2012-01-31

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)

File Name: 450Mhz Head(GMRS).da4

DUT: LXT560; Type: FRS/GMRS; Serial: 1108000001

Program Name: Head

Communication System: GMRS; Frequency: 462.725 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 462.725 MHz; $\sigma = 0.851 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 44.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(6.89, 6.89, 6.89); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn479; Calibrated: 2011-08-29
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Head_Front_Ch.22_25mm gap/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.545 mW/g

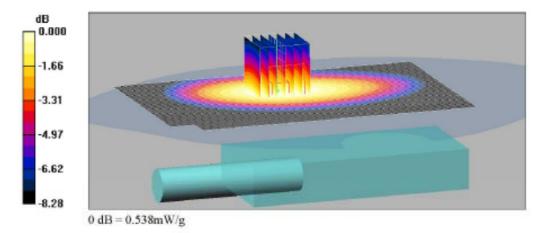
Head_Front_Ch.22_25mm gap/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx-5mm, dy-5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.203 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) - 0.724 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.513 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.371 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.538 mW/g





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Date: 2012-01-30

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)

File Name: 450Mhz_Body(GMRS).da4

DUT: LXT560; Type: FRS/GMRS; Serial: 1108000001

Program Name: Body

Communication System: GMRS; Frequency: 462.637 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 462.637 MHz; $\sigma = 0.938 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn479; Calibrated: 2011-08-29
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

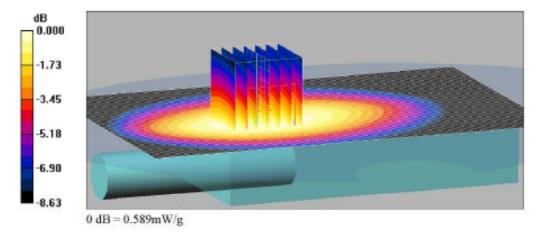
Body_Back_Ch.4_0mm gap/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.603 mW/g

Body_Back_Ch.4_0mm gap/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx-5mm, dy-5mm, dz-5mm Reference Value = 22.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.259 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.813 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.561 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.405 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.589 mW/g





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Date: 2012-01-30

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)

File Name: 450Mhz Body(GMRS).da4

DUT: LXT560; Type: FRS/GMRS; Serial: 1108000001

Program Name: Body

Communication System: GMRS; Frequency: 462.637 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 462.637 MHz; $\sigma = 0.938 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 2011-04-14

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn479; Calibrated: 2011-08-29
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Body_Back_Ch.4_0mm gap 6V battery/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx-15mm, dy-15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.797 mW/g

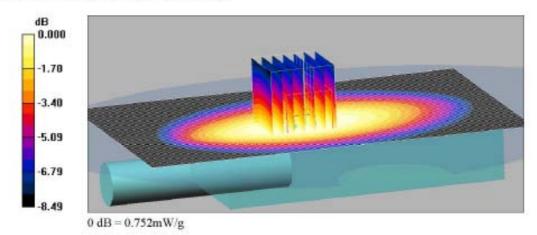
Body_Back_Ch.4_0mm gap 6V battery/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value - 28.7 V/m; Power Drift - 0.185 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.04 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.715 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.515 mW/g

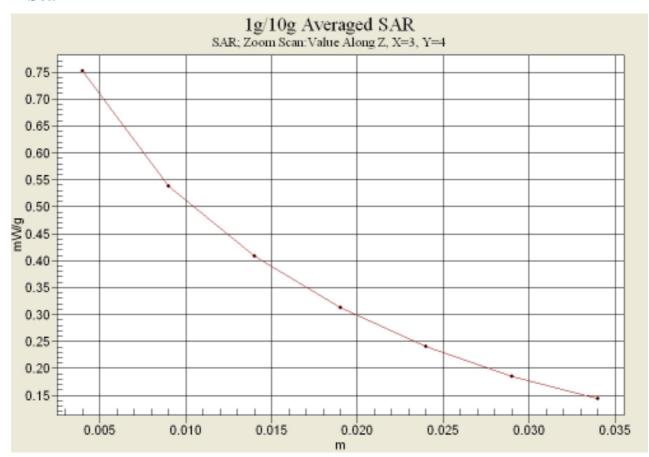
Maximum value of SAR (measured) - 0.752 mW/g





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Z Scan





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Date: 2012-01-30

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)

File Name: 450Mhz Body(GMRS).da4

DUT: LXT560; Type: FRS/GMRS; Serial: 1108000001

Program Name: Body

Communication System: GMRS; Frequency: 462.55 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 462.55 MHz; $\sigma = 0.938$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 2011-04-14

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn479; Calibrated: 2011-08-29
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

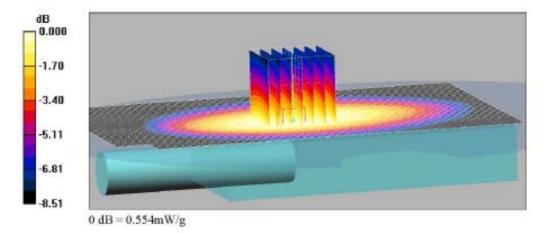
Body_Back_Ch.15_0mm gap/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.557 mW/g

Body_Back_Ch.15_0mm gap/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx-5mm, dy-5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.062 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) - 0.763 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.528 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.381 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.554 mW/g





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Date: 2012-01-30

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)

File Name: 450Mhz Body(GMRS).da4

DUT: LXT560; Type: FRS/GMRS; Serial: 1108000001

Program Name: Body

Communication System: GMRS; Frequency: 462.725 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 462.725 MHz; $\sigma = 0.938 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 2011-04-14

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn479; Calibrated: 2011-08-29
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

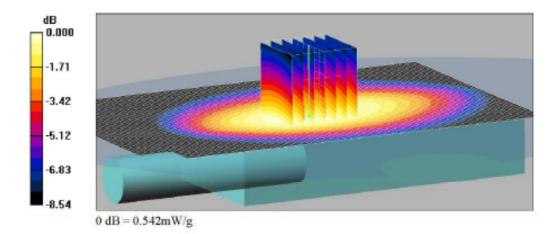
Body_Back_Ch.22_0mm gap/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.547 mW/g

Body_Back_Ch.22_0mm gap/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx-5mm, dy-5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.087 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) - 0.749 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.516 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.373 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.542 mW/g





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Date 2012-02-16

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory) File Name: 450Mhz Body(GMRS) 2012 02 16.da4

DUT: LXT560; Type: FRS/GMRS; Serial: 1108000001

Program Name: Body

Communication System: GMRS; Frequency: 462.637 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 462.637 MHz; $\sigma = 0.932 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_e = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn479; Calibrated: 2011-08-29
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Body_Back_Ch.4_Belt Clip Tilt 0mm gap 6V battery/Area Scan (81x121x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.558 mW/g

Body_Back_Ch.4_0mm gap 6V battery 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

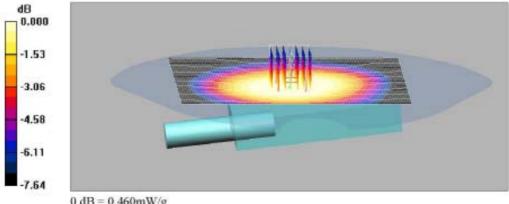
Reference Value - 26.1 V/m; Power Drift - 0.006 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.612 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.440 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.327 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.460 mW/g





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Date: 2012-01-31

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)

File Name: 450Mhz Head(FRS).da4

DUT: LXT560; Type: FRS/GMRS; Serial: 1108000001

Program Name: Head

Communication System: FRS; Frequency: 467.562 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 467.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.855$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 44.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(6.89, 6.89, 6.89); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn479; Calibrated: 2011-08-29
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

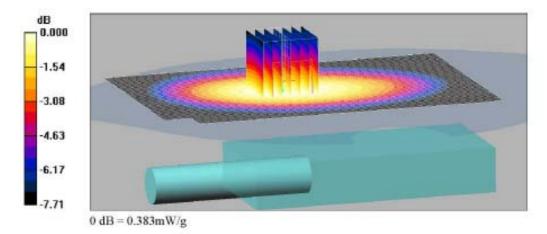
Head_Front_Ch.8_25mm gap/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.389 mW/g

Head_Front_Ch.8_25mm gap/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx-5mm, dy-5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.177 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) - 0.506 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.366 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.270 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.383 mW/g





Date of Issue : 2012-02-17 Page : 37 / 67

Date: 2012-01-31

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)

File Name: 450Mhz Head(FRS).da4

DUT: LXT560; Type: FRS/GMRS; Serial: 1108000001

Program Name: Head

Communication System: FRS; Frequency: 467.637 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 467.637 MHz; $\sigma = 0.855 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 44.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(6.89, 6.89, 6.89); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn479; Calibrated: 2011-08-29
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Head_Front_Ch.11_25mm gap/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.392 mW/g

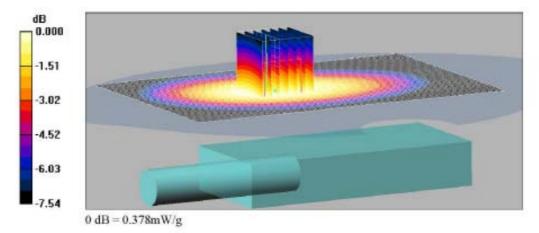
Head_Front_Ch.11_25mm gap/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx-5mm, dy-5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.328 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) - 0.497 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.361 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.268 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.378 mW/g





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Date: 2012-01-31

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)

File Name: 450Mhz Head(FRS).da4

DUT: LXT560; Type: FRS/GMRS; Serial: 1108000001

Program Name: Head

Communication System: FRS; Frequency: 467.712 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 467.712 MHz; $\sigma = 0.855 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 44.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(6.89, 6.89, 6.89); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn479; Calibrated: 2011-08-29
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Head_Front_Ch.14_25mm gap/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.373 mW/g

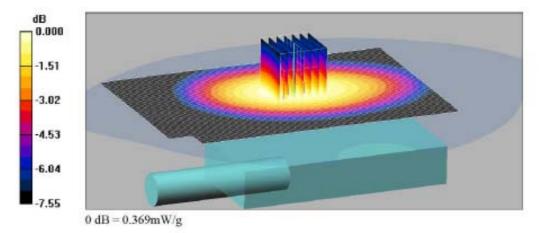
Head_Front_Ch.14_25mm gap/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx-5mm, dy-5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.126 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) - 0.487 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.352 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.261 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.369 mW/g





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Date: 2012-01-30

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)

File Name: 450Mhz Body(FRS).da4

DUT: LXT560; Type: FRS/GMRS; Serial: 1108000001

Program Name: Body

Communication System: FRS; Frequency: 467.562 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 467.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.942$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 2011-04-14

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn479; Calibrated: 2011-08-29
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Body_Back_Ch.8_0mm gap/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx-15mm, dy-15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.456 mW/g

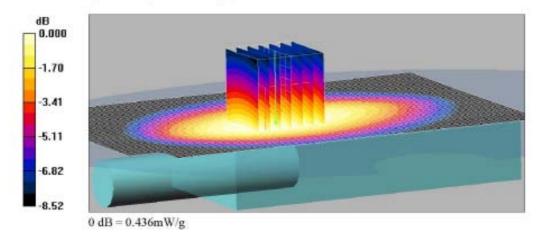
Body_Back_Ch.8_0mm gap/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value - 21.0 V/m; Power Drift - -0.180 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.606 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.415 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.298 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.436 mW/g





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Date: 2012-01-30

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)

File Name: 450Mhz Body(FRS).da4

DUT: LXT560; Type: FRS/GMRS; Serial: 1108000001

Program Name: Body

Communication System: FRS; Frequency: 467.637 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 467.637 MHz; $\sigma = 0.942 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn479; Calibrated: 2011-08-29
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Body_Back_Ch.11_0mm gap/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.434 mW/g

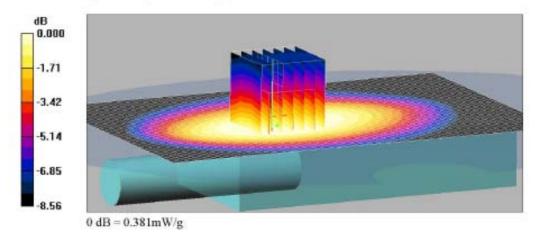
Body_Back_Ch.11_0mm gap/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value - 20.2 V/m; Power Drift - 0.348 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.531 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.362 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.259 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.381 mW/g





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Date: 2012-01-30

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)

File Name: 450Mhz Body(FRS).da4

DUT: LXT560; Type: FRS/GMRS; Serial: 1108000001

Program Name: Body

Communication System: FRS; Frequency: 467.712 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 467.712 MHz; $\sigma = 0.942 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn479; Calibrated: 2011-08-29
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Body_Back_Ch.14_0mm gap/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.418 mW/g

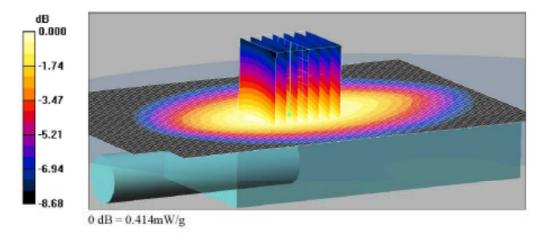
Body_Back_Ch.14_0mm gap/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx-5mm, dy-5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.091 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) - 0.572 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.392 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.283 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.414 mW/g





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Appendix B

Uncertainty Analysis

| а | b | С | d | e = f(d,k) | g | i = cxg/e | k |
|--|-------------------------|------------|-----------------|---------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| Uncertainty Component | Sectio n in P1528 | Tol (%) | Prob . Dist. | Div. | Ci (1g) | 1g ui (%) | Vi (Veff) |
| Probe calibration | E.2.1 | 6.3 | N | 1 | 1 | 6.30 | ∞ |
| Axial isotropy | E.2.2 | 0.5 | R | 1.73 | 0.71 | 0.20 | ∞ |
| hemispherical isotropy | E.2.2 | 2.6 | R | 1.73 | 0.71 | 1.06 | ∞ |
| Boundary effect | E.2.3 | 0.8 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 0.46 | ∞ |
| Linearity | E.2.4 | 0.6 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 0.35 | ∞ |
| System detection limit | E.2.5 | 0.25 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 0.14 | ∞ |
| Readout electronics | E.2.6 | 0.3 | N | 1 | 1 | 0.30 | ∞ |
| Response time | E.2.7 | 0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 0.00 | ∞ |
| Integration time | E.2.8 | 2.6 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1.50 | ∞ |
| RF ambient Condition -Noise | E.6.1 | 3 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1.73 | ∞ |
| RF ambient Condition - reflections | E.6.1 | 3 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1.73 | ∞ |
| Probe positioning- mechanical tolerance | E.6.2 | 1.5 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 0.87 | ∞ |
| Probe positioning- with respect to phantom | E.6.3 | 2.9 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1.67 | ∞ |
| Max. SAR evaluation | E.5.2 | 1 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 0.58 | ∞ |
| Test sample positioning | E.4.2 | 2.3 | N | 1 | 1 | 2.30 | 9 |
| Device holder uncertainty | E.4.1 | 3.6 | N | 1 | 1 | 3.60 | ∞ |
| Output power variation-SAR drift measurement | 6.62 | 5 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 2.89 | ∞ |
| Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances) | E.3.1 | 4 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 2.31 | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity - deviation from target values | E.3.2 | 5 | R | 1.73 | 0.64 | 1.85 | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty | E.3.2 | 1.2 | N | 1 | 0.64 | 0.77 | 5 |
| Liquid permittivity - deviation from target values | E.3.3 | 5 | R | 1.73 | 0.6 | 1.73 | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty | E.3.3 | 1.1 | N | 1 | 0.6 | 0.66 | 5 |
| Combined standard uncertainty | | | | RSS | | 9.63 | 2754 |
| Expanded uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL) | | | | K=2 | | 19.27 | |



Appendix C

Calibration Certificate

- PROBE
- DAE3
- **450** Mb Dipole

Report File No.: F690501/RF-SAR001978-A1

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- PROBE Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

SGS (Dymstec)

Certificate No: ET3-1782_Apr11

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

C

S

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object ET3DV6 - SN:1782

QA CAL-01.v7, QA CAL-12.v6, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v3 Calibration procedure(s)

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: April 14, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) | Apr-12 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41495277 | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) | Apr-12 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) | Apr-12 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369) | Apr-12 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5086 (20b) | 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367) | Apr-12 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370) | Apr-12 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10) | Dec-11 |
| DAE4 | SN: 654 | 23-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-654_Apr10) | Apr-11 |
| Secondary Standards | ID | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) | In house check: Oct-11 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10) | In house check: Oct-11 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Calibrated by: | Jeton Kastrati | Laboratory Technician | J- le |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | De Mg |
| | | | Issued: April 14, 2011 |

Certificate No: ET3-1782_Apr11

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Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdiens C Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- Techniques", December 2003
 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 3 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below CorivF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z are numerical linearization parameters in dB assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media.
- . VR: VR is the validity range of the calibration related to the average diode voltage or DAE voltage in mV.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom
 exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

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ET3DV6 - SN:1782

April 14, 2011

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1782

Manufactured: April 15, 2003 Calibrated: April 14, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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ET3DV6-SN:1782

April 14, 2011

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1782

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|--|----------|----------|----------|---|
| Norm (µV/(V/m) ²) ^A | 2.07 | 1.66 | 1.92 | ± 10.1 % |
| DCP (mV) ^{ff} | 96.4 | 96.6 | 97.6 | -10000000000000000000000000000000000000 |

Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name | PAR | | A dB | B dB | C dB | VR mV | Unc ^t (k=2) |
|-------|---------------------------|------|---|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 10000 | CW | 0.00 | X | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 111.1 | ±1.9 % |
| | | | Y | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 141.0 | |
| | | | Z | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 145.1 | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E⁵-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E⁵-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.</sup>



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ET3DV6-SN:1782 April 14, 2011

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1782

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^c | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth (mm) | Unat. (k=2) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|---------------|----------------|
| 450 | 43.5 | 0.87 | 6.89 | 6.89 | 6.89 | 0.21 | 2.29 | ± 13.4 % |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 6.22 | 6.22 | 6.22 | 88.0 | 1.63 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 40.1 | 1.37 | 5.14 | 5.14 | 5.14 | 0.57 | 2.53 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 4.95 | 4.95 | 4.95 | 0.58 | 2.54 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 4.37 | 4.37 | 4.37 | 0.80 | 1.93 | ± 12.0 % |

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Efrequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of lissue parameters (a and d) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAF values. Aff requencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and d) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.



April 14, 2011

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ET3DV6-SN:1782

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6- SN:1782

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity F | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|---------------|----------------|
| 450 | 56.7 | 0.94 | 7.49 | 7.49 | 7.49 | 0.16 | 2.34 | ± 13.4 % |
| 835 | 55.2 | 0.97 | 6.03 | 6.03 | 6.03 | 0.85 | 1.72 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 53.4 | 1.49 | 4.54 | 4.54 | 4.54 | 0.64 | 2.70 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 53.3 | 1.52 | 4.34 | 4.34 | 4.34 | 0.63 | 2.57 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 52.7 | 1.95 | 3.94 | 3.94 | 3.94 | 0.99 | 1.21 | ± 12.0 % |

Certificate No: ET3-1782_Apr11

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⁶ Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at celibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

At frequencies before 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (a and a) can be released to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. Aft requencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (a and a) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.



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ET3DV6- SN:1782 April 14, 2011

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

1.5 1.4 1.3 Frequency response (normalized) 1.2 1.1 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.5 1500 f [MHz] 1000 2000 2500 R22 TEM

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

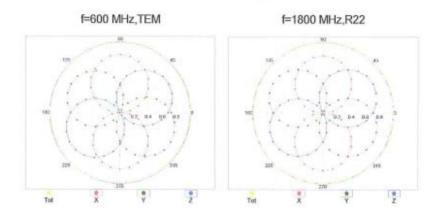


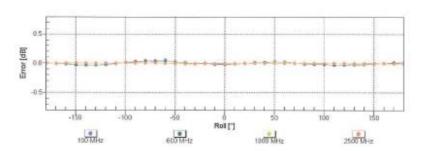
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ET3DV6- SN:1782 April 14, 2011

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





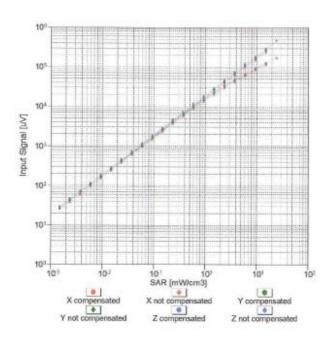
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

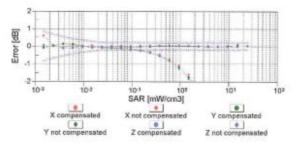


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ET3DV6-SN:1782 April 14, 2011

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)





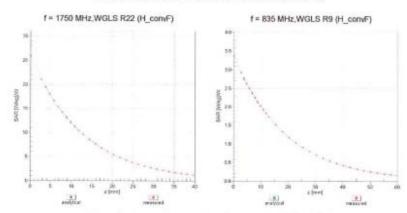
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



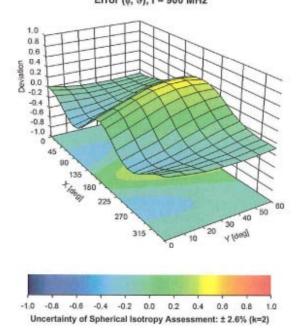
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ET3DV6- SN:1782 April 14, 2011

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (ø, 9), f = 900 MHz





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ET3DV6-- SN:1782

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1782

Other Probe Parameters

| Sensor Arrangement | Triangular |
|---|----------------|
| Connector Angle (*) | Not applicable |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disabled |
| Probe Overall Length | 337 mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10 mm |
| Tip Length | 10 mm |
| Tip Diameter | 6.8 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 2.7 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 2.7 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 2.7 mm |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 4 mm |



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Annex B.2 DAE Calibration certification

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| | | District Co. | o No: DAE3-479_Aug11 | | |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| CALIBRATION C | ERTIFICATE | THE RESERVE | | | |
| Object | DAE3 - SD 000 D03 BJ - SN: 479 | | | | |
| Calibration procedure(s) | QA CAL-06.v23 Calibration proced | lure for the data acquisition e | electronics (DAE) | | |
| Calibration date: | August 29, 2011 | WINDS SERVICE | | | |
| | | facility: environment temperature (22 : | | | |
| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration | | |
| Celibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 | ID # SN: 0810278 | 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) | Sep-11 | | |
| Primary Standards | ID # SN: 0810278 | | | | |
| Primary Standarda Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards | ID # SN: 0810278 | 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) Check Date (in house) | Sep-11 Scheduled Check | | |
| Primary Standarda Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards | ID # SN: 0610278 ID # SE UMS 006 AB 1004 | 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) Check Date (in house) 08-Jun-11 (in house check) | Sep-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-12 Signature | | |
| Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards Calibrator Box V1.1 | ID # SN: 0610278 ID # SE UMS 006 AB 1004 | 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) Check Date (in house) 08-Jun-11 (in house check) | Sep-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-12 Signature | | |
| Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards Calibrator Box V1.1 Calibrated by: | ID # SN: 0610278 ID # SE UMS 006 AB 1004 Name Eric Hainfeld | 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) Check Date (in house) 08-Jun-11 (in house check) Function Technician | Sep-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-12 | | |



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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary

DAE

data acquisition electronics

Connector angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement. Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.



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DC Voltage Measurement A/D - Converter Resolution nominal High Range: 1LSB = Low Range: 1LSB =

6.1µV,

full range = -100...+300 mV full range = -1......+3mV

61nV, DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | × | Y | z |
|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| High Range | 403.335 ± 0.1% (k=2) | 404.663 ± 0.1% (k=2) | 404.429 ± 0.1% (k=2) |
| Low Range | 3.96166 ± 0.7% (k=2) | 3,96051 ± 0.7% (k=2) | 3.96781 ± 0.7% (k=2) |

Connector Angle

| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 71.5°±1° |
|---|----------|
| | 7110 = 1 |



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Appendix

| High Range | Reading (µV) | Difference (µV) | Error (%) | |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|--|
| Channel X + Input | 200001.1 | -1.15 | -0.00 | |
| Channel X + Input | 20000.71 | 0.51 | 0.00 | |
| Channel X - Input | -19997.07 | 2.83 | -0.01 | |
| Channel Y + Input | 199999.0 | -2.17 | -0.00 | |
| Channel Y + Input | 19994.57 | -5.43 | -0.03 | |
| Channel Y - Input | -20001.85 | -2.15 | 0.01 | |
| Channel Z + Input | 200000.9 | 0.60 | 0.00 | |
| Channel Z + Input | 19997.56 | -3.14 | -0.02 | |
| Channel Z - Input | -19999.90 | 0.80 | -0.00 | |
| | | | | |

| Low Range | Reading (µV) | Difference (μV) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 1999.8 | -0.23 | -0.01 |
| Channel X + Input | 199.86 | 0.16 | 0.08 |
| Channel X - Input | -200.29 | -0.39 | 0.19 |
| Channel Y + Input | 1999.7 | -0.29 | -0.01 |
| Channel Y + Input | 199.31 | -0.69 | -0.35 |
| Channel Y - Input | -201.78 | +1.78 | 0.89 |
| Channel Z + Input | 1999.9 | -0.21 | -0.01 |
| Channel Z + Input | 199.27 | -0.63 | -0.32 |
| Channel Z - Input | -200.76 | -0.76 | 0.38 |
| | | | |

Common mode sensitivity
 DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | Common mode Input Voltage (mV) | High Range Average Reading (μV) | Low Range Average Reading (μV) |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Channel X | 200 | 18.40 | 16.77 |
| | - 200 | -15.99 | -17.76 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 7.13 | 6.81 |
| | - 200 | -8.07 | -8.70 |
| Channel Z | 200 | -7.24 | -7.73 |
| | - 200 | 6.67 | 6.51 |

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X (µV) | Channel Y (µV) | Channel Z (µV) |
|-----------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Channel X | 200 | - 8 | 1.88 | +1.20 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 2.40 | | 4.80 |
| Channel Z | 200 | 1.65 | -1.03 | |



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4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

| | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 15757 | 16312 |
| Channel Y | 16204 | 17522 |
| Channel Z | 15654 | 16295 |

Input Offset Measurement
 DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec
 Input 10MΩ

| | Average (μV) | min. Offset (μV) | max. Offset (μV) | Std. Deviation (µV) |
|-----------|--------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| Channel X | 0.03 | -1.50 | 3.01 | 0.68 |
| Channel Y | -0.72 | -2.15 | 0.78 | 0.66 |
| Channel Z | -0.59 | -1.29 | 0.70 | 0.38 |

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25tA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

| | Zeroing (kOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| Channel X | 200 | 200 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 200 |
| Channel Z | 200 | 200 |

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) | |
|----------------|-------------------|--|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +7.9 | |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.6 | |

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for info

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.01 | +6 | +14 |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01 | -8 | -9 |



C

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Report File No.: F690501/RF-SAR001978-A1

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- 450 Mz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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| CALIBRATION C |) CERTIFICATE | | o: D450V2-1015_Aug11 |
|---|--|---|---|
| Object | D450V2 - SN: 10 | 115 | |
| Calibration procedure(s) | QA CAL-15.v6 Calibration proce | dure for dipole validation kits be | low 700 MHz |
| Calibration date: | August 22, 2011 | | |
| All celibrations have been conduc Celibration Equipment used (M&1 Primary Standards | | ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)* Cal Date (Certificate No.) | C and humidity < 70%, |
| minury controllina | | | And the second second |
| Proser meter E4619B | GR41909874 | | Scheduled Calibration |
| | GB41293874 MY41498087 | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) | Apr-12 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41496087 | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) | Apr-12 Apr-12 |
| Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator | MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369) | Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 |
| Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator | MY41496087 | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367) | Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 |
| Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination | MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369) | Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 |
| Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ET3DV6 | MY41496087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01168) | Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 |
| Power sonsor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ET3DV6 DAE4 | MY41496087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5066 (20b) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 1807 SN: 654 | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01168) 30-Apr-10 (No. ET3-1507_Apr10) 3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11) | Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-11 May-12 |
| Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ET3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards | MY41496087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5066 (20b) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 1807 SN: 654 | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01168) 30-Apr-10 (No. ET3-1507_Apr10) 3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11) Check Date (in house) | Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-11 May-12 Scheduled Check |
| Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ET3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A | MY41496087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5066 (20b) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 1807 SN: 654 | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01168) 30-Apr-10 (No. ET3-1507_Apr10) 3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) | Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-11 May-12 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 |
| Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ET3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator H&S SMT-06 | MY41496087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5066 (20b) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 1807 SN: 654 ID # MY41092317 | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01168) 30-Apr-10 (No. ET3-1507_Apr10) 3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11) Check Date (in house) | Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-11 May-12 Scheduled Check |
| Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ET3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8763E | MY41496087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5066 (20b) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 1507 SN: 654 ID # MY41092317 100005 | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01168) 30-Apr-10 (No. ET3-1507_Apr10) 3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11) Check Oate (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10) | Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-11 May-12 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 |
| Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ET3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E | MY41496087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5066 (20b) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 1507 SN: 654 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4208 | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-0168) 30-Apr-10 (No. ET3-1507, Apr10) 3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11) Check Oate (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10) Function | Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-11 May-12 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 |
| Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ET3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E | MY41496087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5066 (20b) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 1507 SN: 654 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4205 | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01168) 30-Apr-10 (No. ET3-1507_Apr10) 3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11) Check Oate (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10) | Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-11 May-12 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 |
| Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ET3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sansor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 | MY41496087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5066 (20b) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 1507 SN: 654 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4205 | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-0168) 30-Apr-10 (No. ET3-1507, Apr10) 3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11) Check Oate (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10) Function | Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-12 Apr-11 May-12 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 |



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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- · Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.6.2 |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Flat Phantom V4.4 | Shell thickness: 6 ± 0.2 mm |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 450 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 43.5 | 0.87 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 44.5 ± 6 % | 0.86 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured | 398 mW input power | 1.95 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 4.97 mW /g ± 18.1 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured | 398 mW input power | 1.30 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 3.30 mW /g ± 17.6 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 56.7 | 0.94 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 55.5 ± 6 % | 0.94 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | **** | 2004 |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 398 mW input power | 1.89 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 4.73 mW / g ± 18.1 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 398 mW input power | 1.26 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 3.16 mW / g ± 17.6 % (k=2) |



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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.9 Ω - 9.1 jΩ | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 20.4 dB | |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.1 Ω - 10.1 jΩ | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 20.0 dB | |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.356 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG | |
|-----------------|--------------|--|
| Manufactured on | May 30, 2003 | |



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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 22.08.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG

DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V2; Serial: D450V2 - SN: 1015

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz; $\sigma = 0.94 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(7.05, 7.05, 7.05); Calibrated: 29.04.2011

· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 03.05.2011

· Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.4; Type: Flat Phantom 4.4; Serial: 1002

DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=398mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

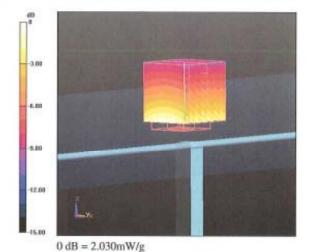
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 46.322 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.964 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.89 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.26 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.026 mW/g





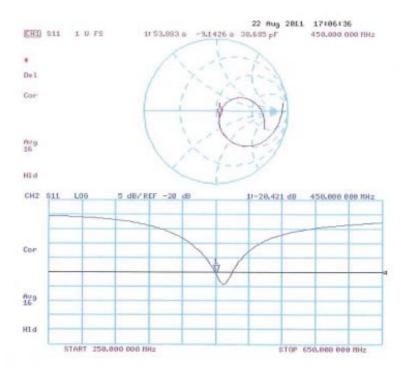
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 22,08.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG

DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V2; Serial: D450V2 - SN: 1015

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz; $\sigma = 0.94$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(7.05, 7.05, 7.05); Calibrated: 29.04.2011

· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

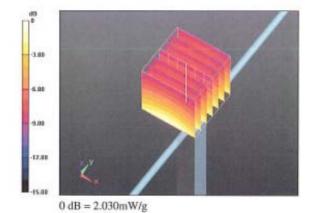
Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 03.05.2011

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.4; Type: Flat Phantom 4.4; Serial: 1002

DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=398mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 46.322 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0035 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.964 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.89 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.26 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.026 mW/g





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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

