

POWER DENSITY ESTIMATIONS BASED ON POWER OUTPUT, ANTENNA GAIN, AND DISTANCE FROM ANTENNA

$$(P G) / (4 R ^ 2 \pi) = S$$

where:	S = maximum power density (mW/cm ²)	transmitter operating variables:	must be blank if dB values are entered
P =	power input to the antenna ----->>	=	19.87 (dBm) - or - (mW)
G =	gain of the antenna - worst case ----->>	=	1.9 (dBi) - or - (numeric gain)
R =	distance to the center of the radiation of the antenna -->>	=	20 (cm)

$$(P \quad G) / (4 * R ^ 2 * \pi) = S \quad (mW/cm^2)$$

$$\left(\frac{97.05099672}{(mw)} \quad \frac{1.54882}{(gain)} \right) / \left(4 * \frac{20}{(cm)}^2 * \pi \right) = S \quad (mW/cm^2)$$

$$(150.3141966) / (4 * 400 * \pi) = S \quad (mW/cm^2)$$

$$(150.3141966) / (5026.548246) = 0.029904 \quad (mW/cm^2)$$

Note: The power input to the antenna is the maximum target level plus a 1.0 dB tune up tolerance