

# FCC / IC ZIGBEE REPORT

## Certification

**Applicant Name:**  
Universal Electronics Inc

**Address:**  
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Santa Ana, CA 92707, U.S.A.

**Date of Issue:**

June 17, 2019

**Test Site/Location:**

EMCE Engineering

1726 Ringwood Avenue San Jose, California USA

**Report No.:** EMCE-R-1905-F003-1

<b>FCC ID:</b>	<b>MG3-I05020</b>
<b>IC:</b>	<b>2575A-I05020</b>
<b>APPLICANT:</b>	<b>Universal Electronics Inc</b>

**Model:** I05020  
**EUT Type:** Smart Home Hub  
**RF Peak Output Power:** 8.93 dBm (7.82 mW)  
**Frequency Range:** 2425 MHz -2475 MHz  
**Modulation type:** OQPSK  
**FCC Classification:** Digital Transmission System(DTS)  
**FCC Rule Part(s):** Part 15.247  
**IC Rule Part(s):** RSS-247 Issue 2 (February 2017), RSS-Gen Issue 5(April 2018)

Engineering Statement:

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them.



**Steve In**  
**Test Engineer**  
**Certification Division**



**Billy Kim**  
**Technical Manager**  
**Certification Division**

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## Version

TEST REPORT NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
EMCE-R-1905-F003	May 22, 2019	- First Approval Report
EMCE-R-1905-F003-1	June 17, 2019	- Revised antenna gain

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## 1. EUT DESCRIPTION

Model	I05020
EUT Type	Smart Home Hub
Power Supply	DC 5.0 V
Frequency Range	2425 MHz - 2475 MHz
Max. RF Output Power	Peak : 8.93 dBm (7.82 mW)
	Average : 8.72 dBm (7.45 mW)
Modulation Type	OQPSK
Number of Channels	11 Channels
Antenna Specification	Antenna type: inverted F type PCB trace type
	Peak Gain :5.96 dBi
Date(s) of Tests	April 15, 2019 ~ May 20, 2019

## ANTENNA CONFIGURATIONS

1. The device employs only SISO technology. Below are the possible configurations

Configurations	SISO		SDM	CDD
	Ant1	Ant2	Ant1 + Ant2	Ant1 + Ant2
Zigbee	O	O	X	X

**Note:**

1. O = Support, X = Not Support
2. SISO = Single Input Single Output
3. SDM = Spatial Diversity Multiplexing
4. CDD = Cyclic Delay Diversity

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## 2. METHODOLOGY

FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r01 dated February 11 , 2019 entitled “Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems(DTS) and the measurement procedure described in ANSI C63.10(Version : 2013) ‘the American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices’.

### EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

### EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C / the RSS-GEN issue 5, RSS-247 issue 2.

### GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

#### Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10. (Version :2013) Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

#### Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane below 1GHz. Above 1GHz with 1.5m using absorbers between the EUT and receive antenna. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the max. emission, the relative positions of this hand-held transmitter (EUT) was rotated through three orthogonal axes according to the requirements in Section 8 of ANSI C63.10. (Version: 2013)

#### Conducted Antenna Terminal

See Section from 9.1 to 9.2.(KDB 558074 v05r01)

### DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under operating condition. Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

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### 3. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment's, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

Especially, all antenna for measurement is calibrated in accordance with the requirements of C63.5 (Version : 2017).

### 4. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

#### FACILITIES

The SAC (Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at 1726 Ringwood Avenue, San Jose, California 95131, USA.

The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2014) and CISPR Publication 22.

#### EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test

Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

### 5. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

#### According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203:

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

\* The antennas of this E.U.T are permanently attached.

\* The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203

## 6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of  $k = 2$  to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the  $U_{CISPR}$  measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and, thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

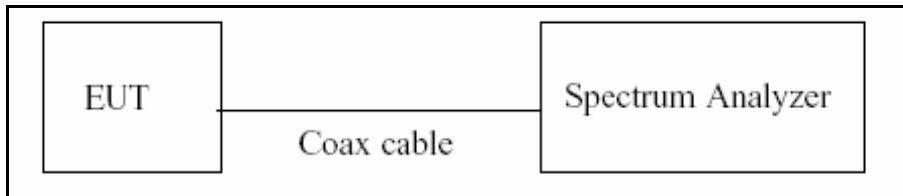
Parameter	Expanded Uncertainty ( $\pm$ dB)
Conducted Disturbance (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	2.55
Radiated Disturbance (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	3.20
Radiated Disturbance (30 MHz ~ 1 GHz)	4.73
Radiated Disturbance (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.21
Radiated Disturbance (18 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	5.18



## 7. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

### 7.1. Duty Cycle

#### Test Configuration



#### Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to the zero-span measurement method, 6.0)b) in KDB 558074 v05r01.

The largest available value of RBW is 8 MHz and VBW is 50 MHz.

The zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if  $T \leq 6.25$  microseconds. ( $50/6.25 = 8$ )

The zero-span method was used because all measured T data are  $> 6.25$  microseconds and both RBW and VBW are  $> 50/T$ .

1. RBW = 8 MHz (the largest available value)
2. VBW = 8 MHz ( $\geq$  RBW)
3. SPAN = 0 Hz
4. Detector = Peak
5. Number of points in sweep  $> 100$
6. Trace mode = Clear write
7. Measure  $T_{total}$  and  $T_{on}$
8. Calculate Duty Cycle =  $T_{on} / T_{total}$  and Duty Cycle Factor =  $10 * \log(1/Duty\ Cycle)$

## 7.2. 6dB Bandwidth

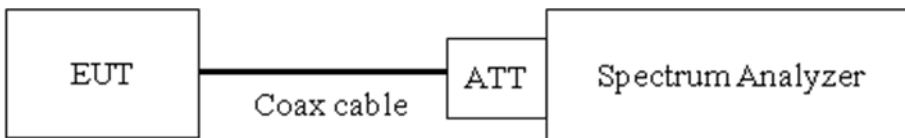
### Limit

#### **Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(a)(2) / RSS-247(Issue 2) Section 5.2.**

The bandwidth at 6 dB down from the highest in-band spectral density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the receive antenna while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

The minimum permissible 6 dB bandwidth is 500 kHz.

### Test Configuration



### Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (Procedure 8.2 in KDB 558074 v05r01, Procedure 11.8.1 in ANSI 63.10-2013)

- 1) RBW = 100 kHz
- 2) VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW
- 3) Detector = Peak
- 4) Trace mode = max hold
- 5) Sweep = auto couple
- 6) Allow the trace to stabilize
- 7) We tested 6 dB bandwidth using the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer. X dB is set 6 dB.

## 7.3. Output Power

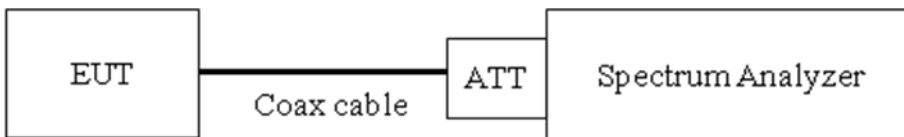
### Limit

#### **Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(b)(3) / RSS-247(Issue2) Section 5.4.4.**

A transmitter antenna terminal of EUT is connected to the input of a Spectrum Analyzer. Measurement is made while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

The maximum permissible conducted output power is 1 Watt.

### Test Configuration



### Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

This EUT TX condition is actual operating mode by BT LE mode test program.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to

- Peak Power (Procedure 8.3.1.1 in KDB 558074 v05r01, Procedure 11.9.1.1 in ANSI 63.10-2013)
  - 1) RBW  $\geq$  DTS Bandwidth
  - 2) VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW
  - 3) SPAN  $\geq$  3 x RBW
  - 4) Detector Mode = Peak
  - 5) Sweep = auto couple
  - 6) race Mode = max hold
  - 7) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
  - 8) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level
  
- Average Power (Procedure 8.3.2.2 in KDB 558074 v05r01, Procedure 11.9.2.2 in ANSI 63.10-2013)
  - 1) We use the spectrum analyzer's integrated band power measurement function.
  - 2) Measure the duty cycle
  - 3) Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW
  - 4) RBW = 1-5 % of the OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz.
  - 5) VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.
  - 6) Number of points in sweep  $\geq$  2 x span / RBW. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing  $\leq$  RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
  - 7) Sweep time = auto.

- 8) Detector = RMS(i.e., power averaging)
- 9) Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to “free run”.
- 10) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging(RMS) mode.
- 11) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument’s band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the OBW band edges.
- 12) Add  $10 \log (1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

### **Sample Calculation**

- Conducted Output Power(Peak) = Reading Value + ATT loss + Cable loss
- Conducted Output Power(Average) = Reading Value + ATT loss + Cable loss + Duty Cycle Factor

#### Note :

1. The power results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.
2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss
3. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. So, 20.5 dB is offset for 2.4 GHz Band.

## 7.4. Power Spectral Density

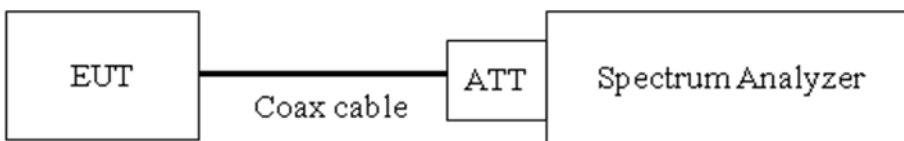
### Limit

#### **Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(e) / RSS-247(Issue 2) Section 5.2.**

The peak power density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

**Minimum Standard – The transmitter power density average over 1-second interval shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3kHz BW.**

### Test Configuration



### Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to Procedure 8.4 in KDB 558074 v05r01, Procedure 11.10 in ANSI 63.10-2013.

The spectrum analyzer is set to :

- 1) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2) Span = 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.
- 3)  $RBW = 3 \text{ kHz} \leq RBW \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$ .
- 4)  $VBW \geq 3 \times RBW$ .
- 5) Sweep = auto couple
- 6) Detector = peak
- 7) Trace Mode = max hold
- 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

### Sample Calculation

▪ Power Spectral Density = Reading Value + ATT loss + Cable loss

Note :

1. The PSD results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.
2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss
3. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. So, 20.5 dB is offset for 2.4 GHz Band.

## 7.5. Conducted Band Edge(Out of Band Emissions) & Conducted Spurious Emissions

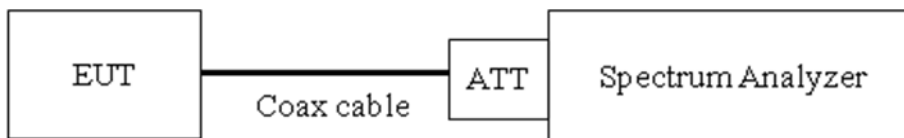
## Limit

### **Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(d) / RSS-247(Issue 2) Section 5.5.**

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

[ Conducted > 20 dBc ]

## Test Configuration



## Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer.

(Procedure 8.5 in KDB 558074 v05r01, Procedure 11.11 in ANSI 63.10-2013)

- 1) RBW = 100 kHz
- 2) VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW
- 3) Set span to encompass the spectrum to be examined
- 4) Detector = Peak
- 5) Trace Mode = max hold
- 6) Sweep time = auto couple
- 7) Ensure that the number of measurement points  $\geq 2 \times$  Span/RBW
- 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9) Use peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 25 GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

Note :

1. The maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in

- 
- 9.1(KDB558074 v05r01), so the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).
2. The band edge results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.
  3. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss
  4. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. So, 20.5 dB is offset for 2.4 GHz Band.
  5. In case of conducted spurious emissions test, please check factors blow table.
  6. In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the worst case channel and data rate.

**Factors for frequency**

Freq [MHz]	Factor [dB]	Freq [MHz]	Factor [dB]
30	20.13	11000	21.19
100	20.31	12000	21.32
200	20.21	13000	21.44
300	20.16	14000	21.39
400	20.22	15000	21.51
500	20.15	16000	21.66
600	20.26	17000	21.72
700	20.17	18000	21.88
800	20.23	19000	21.92
900	20.21	20000	22.04
1000	20.19	21000	22.17
2000	20.38	22000	22.31
2400*	20.42	23000	22.57
2500*	20.51	24000	22.41
3000	20.53	25000	22.53
4000	20.61		
5000	20.97		
6000	20.73		
7000	21.01		
8000	20.88		
9000	21.11		
10000	21.21		

Note : 1. '\*' is fundamental frequency range.

2. Factor = Attenuator loss + Cable loss + EUT Cable loss



**7.6. Radiated Test**

**Limit**

**FCC**

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30	30	30

**IC**

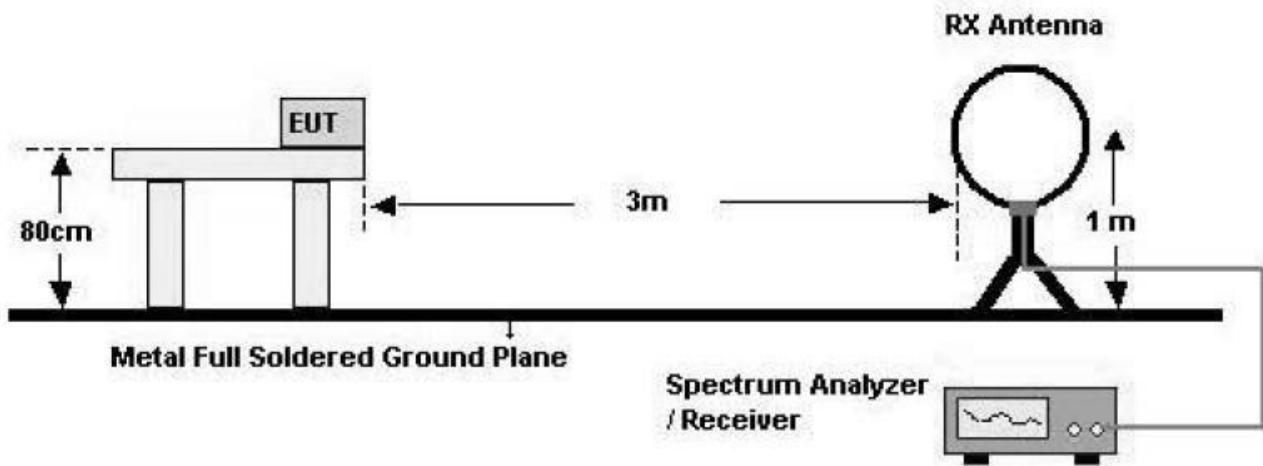
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uA/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	6.37/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	63.7/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30	0.08	30

**Fcc&IC**

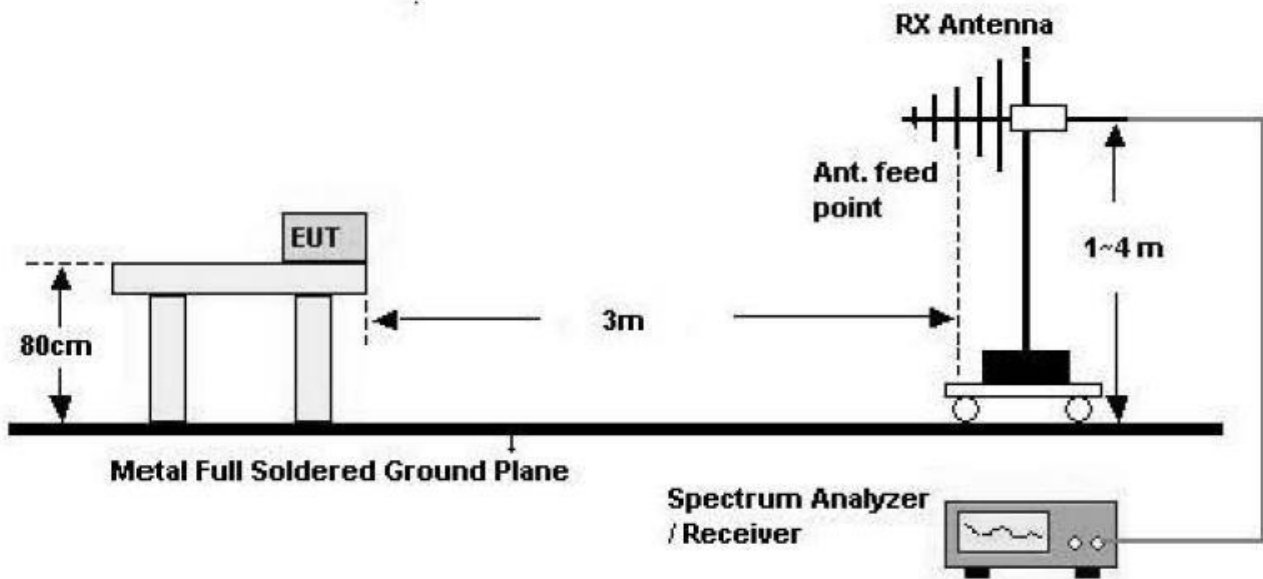
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

**Test Configuration**

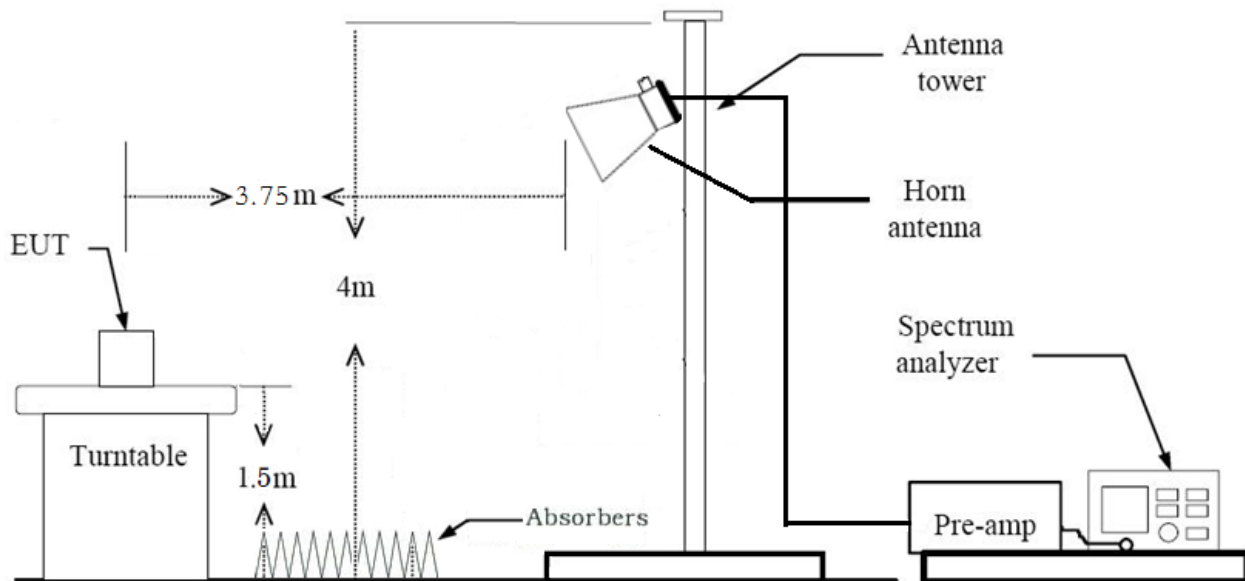
Below 30 MHz



30 MHz - 1 GHz



Above 1 GHz



**Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions(Below 30 MHz)**

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The loop antenna was placed at a location 3m from the EUT
3. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
4. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
5. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
6. Distance Correction Factor(0.009 MHz – 0.490 MHz) =  $40 \cdot \log(3 \text{ m}/300 \text{ m}) = -80 \text{ dB}$   
Measurement Distance : 3 m
7. Distance Correction Factor(0.490 MHz – 30 MHz) =  $40 \cdot \log(3 \text{ m}/30 \text{ m}) = -40 \text{ dB}$   
Measurement Distance : 3 m
8. Spectrum Setting
  - Frequency Range = 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz
  - Detector = Peak
  - Trace = Maxhold
  - RBW = 9 kHz
  - VBW  $\geq 3 \cdot \text{RBW}$
9. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) + Distance Factor(D.F)
10. The test results for below 30 MHz is correlated to an open site.  
The result on OFS is about 2 dB higher than semi-anechoic chamber(10 m chamber)

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### **Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions(Below 1GHz)**

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
5. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 100 kHz
- VBW  $\geq$  3\*RBW

(2) Measurement Type(Quasi-peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Quasi-Peak
- RBW = 120 kHz

\*In general, (1) is used mainly

6. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L)

### **Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions (Above 1 GHz)**

1. Radiated test is performed with hopping off.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
5. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
6. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor( reference distance : 3 m).  
\*Distance extrapolation factor =  $20 \cdot \log(\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$  (dB)
7. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
8. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
9. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
10. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 1 GHz – 25 GHz

- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW  $\geq 3 \cdot$ RBW

(2) Measurement Type(Average):

- We performed using a reduced video BW method was done with the analyzer in linear mode
- Measured Frequency Range : 1 GHz – 25 GHz
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW  $\geq 1/\tau$  Hz, where  $\tau$  = pulse width in seconds

The actual setting value of VBW = 1 kHz

11. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
12. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) - Amp Gain(G) + Distance Factor(D.F)

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### Test Procedure of Radiated Restricted Band Edge

1. Radiated test is performed with hopping off.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
5. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
6. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor( reference distance : 3 m).  
\*Distance extrapolation factor =  $20 \cdot \log(\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$  (dB)
7. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
8. The unit was tested with its standard battery.

#### 9. Spectrum Setting

##### (1) Measurement Type(Peak):

- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW  $\geq 3 \cdot \text{RBW}$

##### (2) Measurement Type(Average):

- We performed using a reduced video BW method was done with the analyzer in linear mode
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW  $\geq 1/\tau$  Hz, where  $\tau$  = pulse width in seconds

The actual setting value of VBW = 1 kHz

#### 10. Total

= Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) + Distance Factor(D.F)

## 7.7. AC Power line Conducted Emissions

### Limit

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

\*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

### Test Configuration

See test photographs attached in Annex A for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

### Test Procedure

1. The EUT is placed on a wooden table 80 cm above the reference ground plane.
2. The EUT is connected via LISN to a test power supply.
3. The measurement results are obtained as described below:
4. Detectors : Quasi Peak and Average Detector.

### Sample Calculation

Quasi-peak(Final Result) = Reading Value + Correction Factor

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## 7.8. Worst case configuration and mode

### **Radiated test**

1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported.
  - Mode : Stand alone, Stand alone + external accessories
  - Worstcase : Stand alone
2. EUT Axis
  - Radiated Spurious Emissions : Z
  - Radiated Restricted Band Edge : Z
3. All data rate of operation were investigated and the test results are worst case in highest  
Data rate (Worst case : 250 kbps)

### **Conducted test**

1. The EUT was configured with data rate of highest power.  
(Data rate of highest power : 250 kbps)



## 8. SUMMARY TEST OF RESULTS

Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	IC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
6 dB Bandwidth	§15.247(a)(2)	RSS-247, 5.2.(a)	> 500 kHz	Conducted	PASS
Occupied Bandwidth	N/A	RSS-GEN, 6.7	N/A		PASS
Conducted Maximum Peak Output Power	§15.247(b)(3)	RSS-247, 5.4.(d)	< 1 Watt		N/A
Power Spectral Density	§15.247(e)	RSS-247, 5.2.(b)	< 8 dBm / 3 kHz Band		PASS
Band Edge (Out of Band Emissions)	§15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	Conducted > 20 dBc		PASS
AC Power line Conducted Emissions	§15.207	RSS-GEN, 8.8	cf. Section 7.7		PASS
Radiated Spurious Emissions	§15.247(d), 15.205, 15.209	RSS-GEN, 8.9	cf. Section 7.6		Radiated
Radiated Restricted Band Edge	§15.247(d), 15.205, 15.209	RSS-GEN, 8.9 RSS-GEN, 8.10	cf. Section 7.6	PASS	
Receiver Spurious Emissions	N/A	RSS-GEN, 7.3	cf. Section 7.8	PASS	

---

## 9. TEST RESULT

### 9.1 DUTY CYCLE

$T_{on}$ (ms)	$T_{total}$ (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)
1	1	1	0

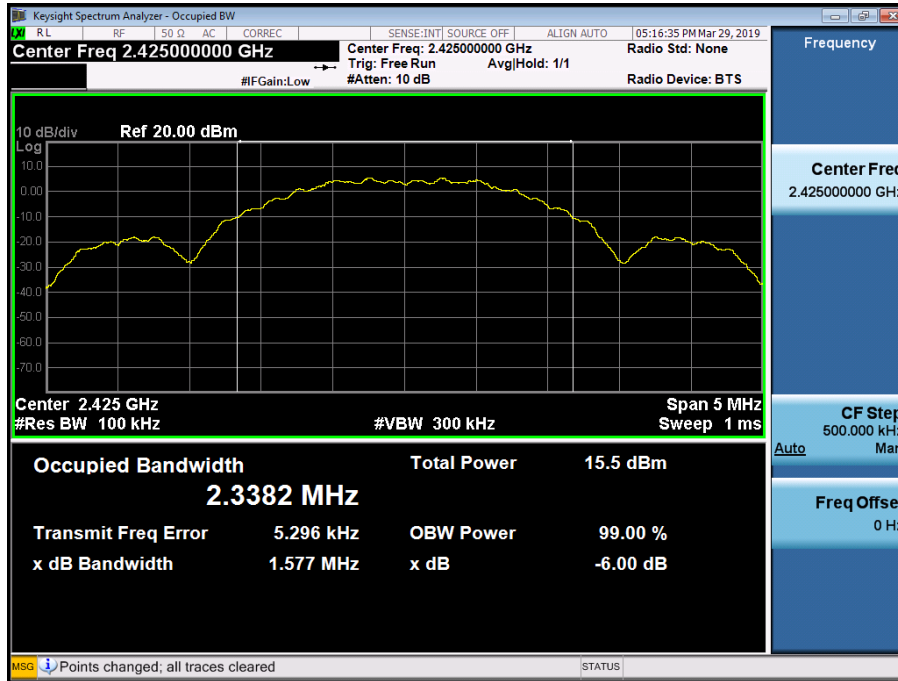
## 9.2 6 dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Limit (kHz)
	ANT1	ANT2	
0	1577.2	1580.7	> 500
19	1585.0	1590.0	
39	1589.2	1585.3	

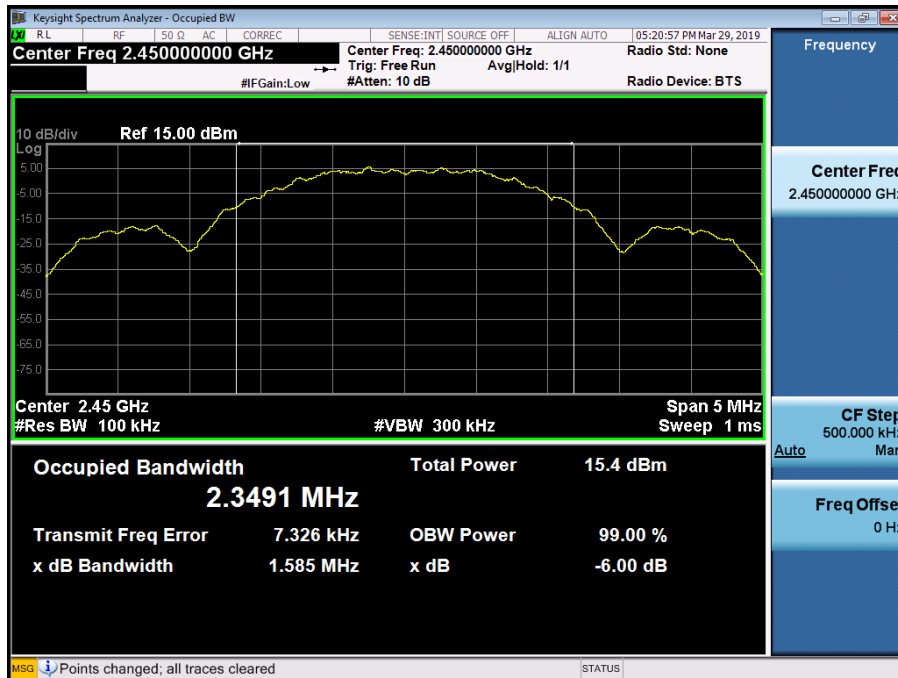
▣ Test Plots

ANT1

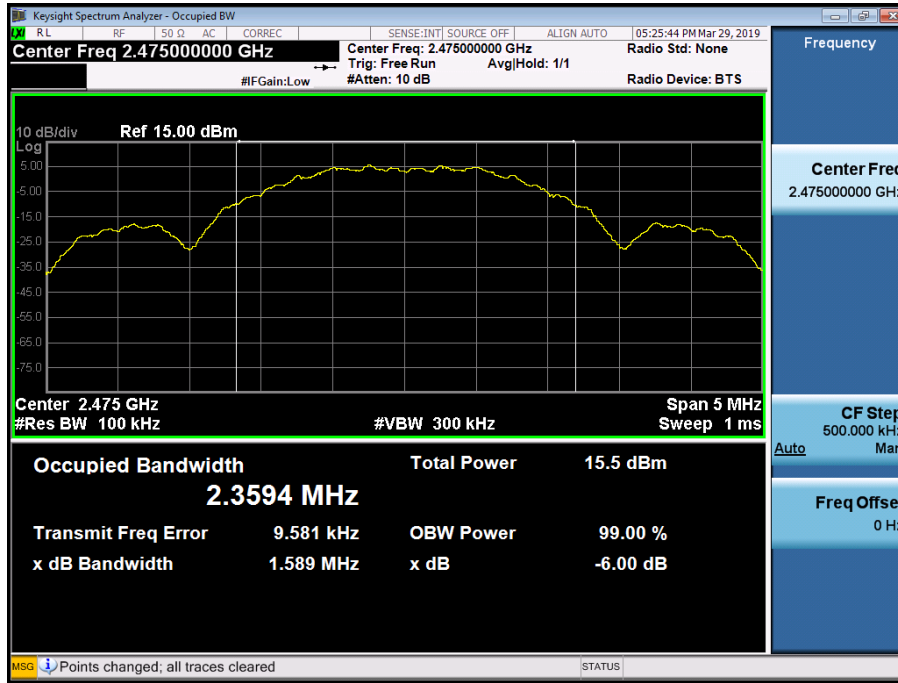
6 dB Bandwidth plot (Low-CH 0)



6 dB Bandwidth plot (Mid-CH 19)

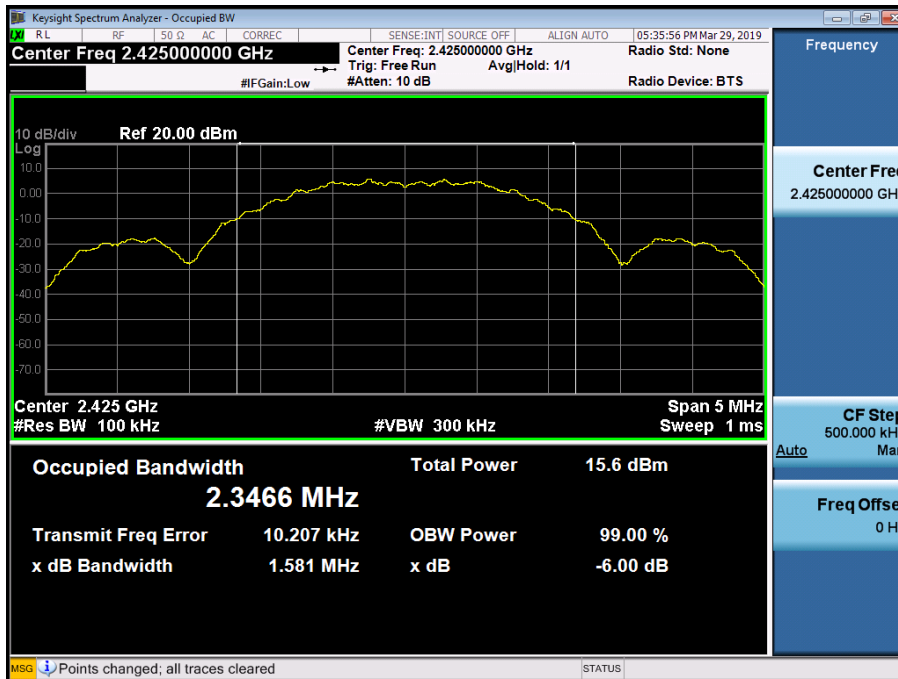


6 dB Bandwidth plot (High-CH 39)

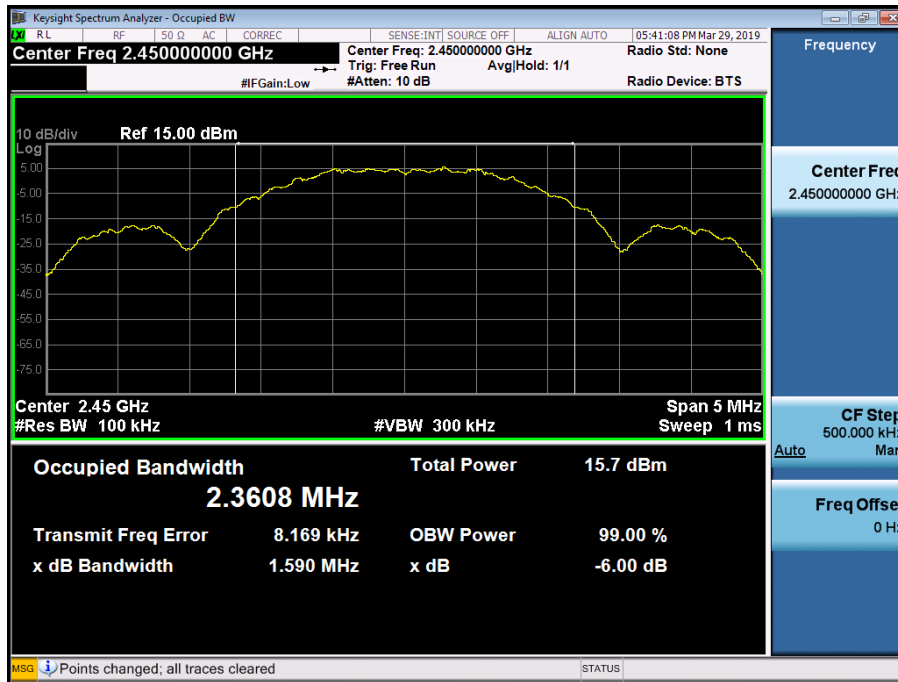


ANT2

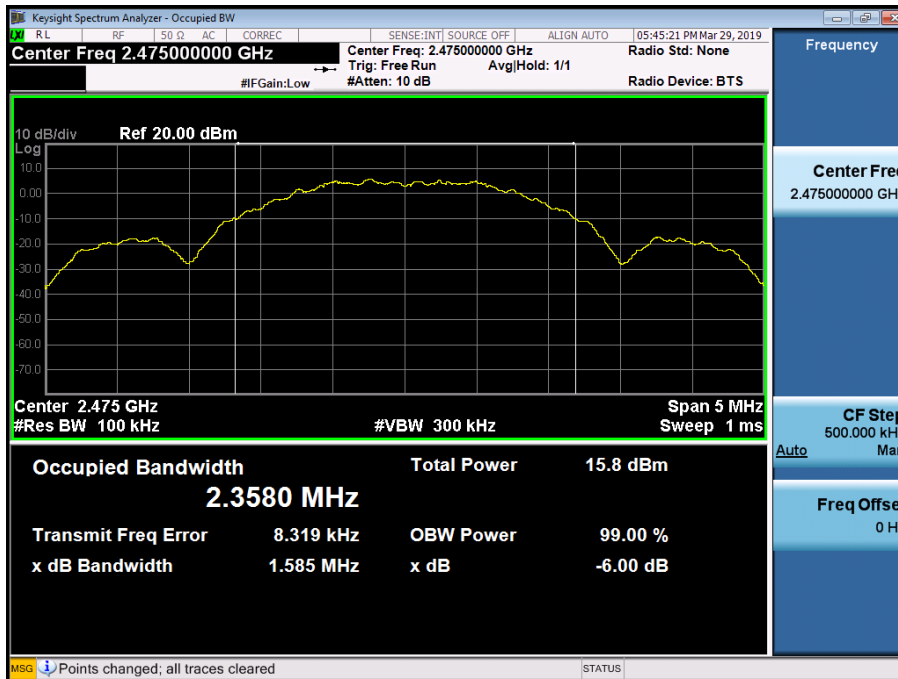
6 dB Bandwidth plot (Low-CH 0)



6 dB Bandwidth plot (Mid-CH 19)



6 dB Bandwidth plot (High-CH 39)

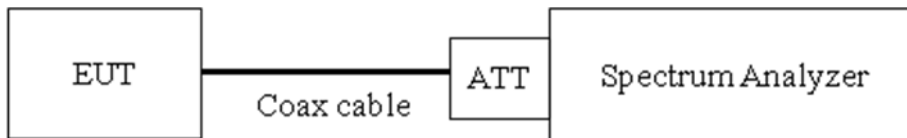


### 9.3 99% BANDWIDTH

#### Limit, RSS-Gen(Issue 5) Section 6.7

The 99 % bandwidth is used to determine the conducted power limits.

#### ▣ TEST CONFIGURATION



#### ▣ TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer.

RBW = 1% ~ 5% of the occupied bandwidth

VBW = 3 x RBW

Detector = Peak

Trace mode = max hold

Sweep = auto couple

Allow the trace to stabilize

Note : We tested OBW using the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer.

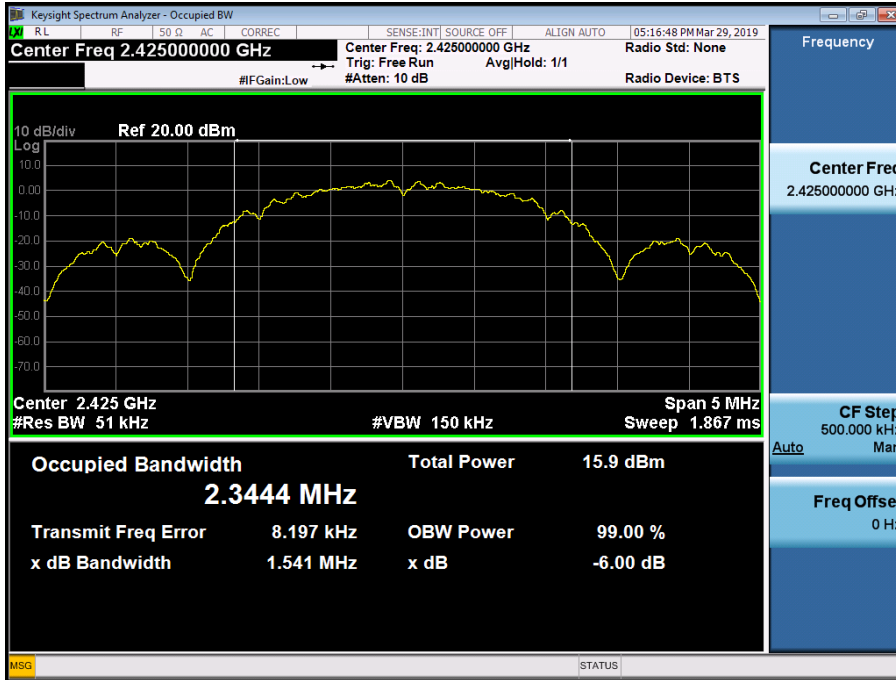
#### ▣ TEST RESULTS

LE Mode		Measured Bandwidth (kHz)	
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	ANT1	ANT2
2425	0	2344.4	2352.0
2450	19	2354.7	2360.2
2475	39	2366.6	2356.4

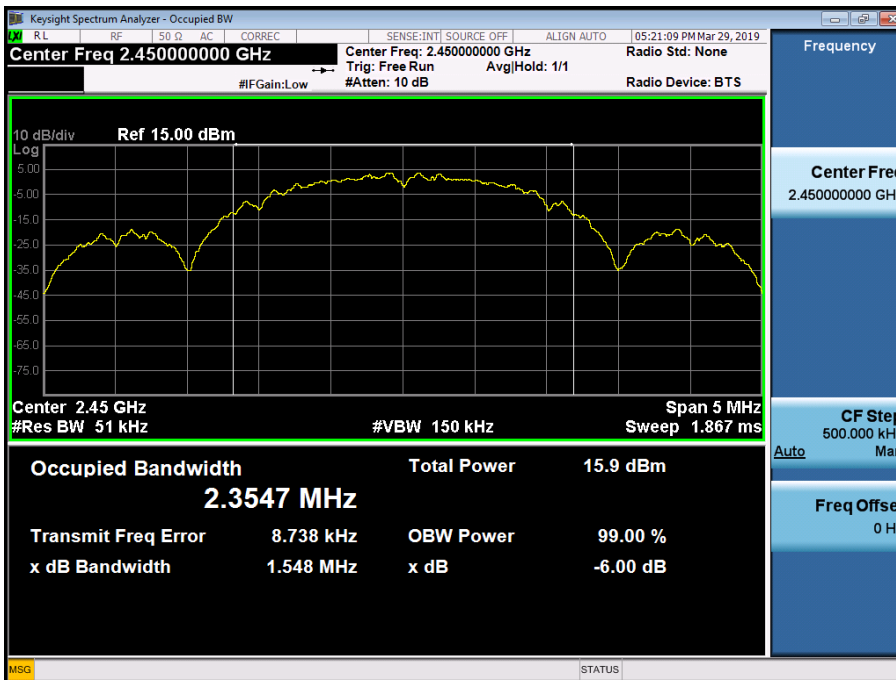
RESULT PLOTS

ANT1

99% Bandwidth plot (Low-CH 0)



99% Bandwidth plot (Mid-CH 19)





### 99% Bandwidth plot (High-CH 39)

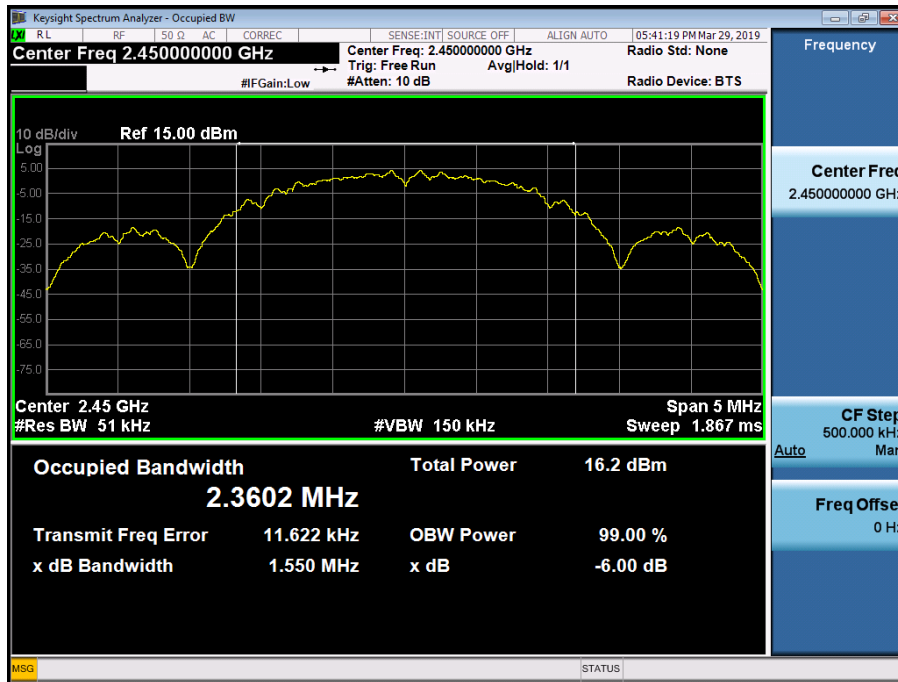


ANT2

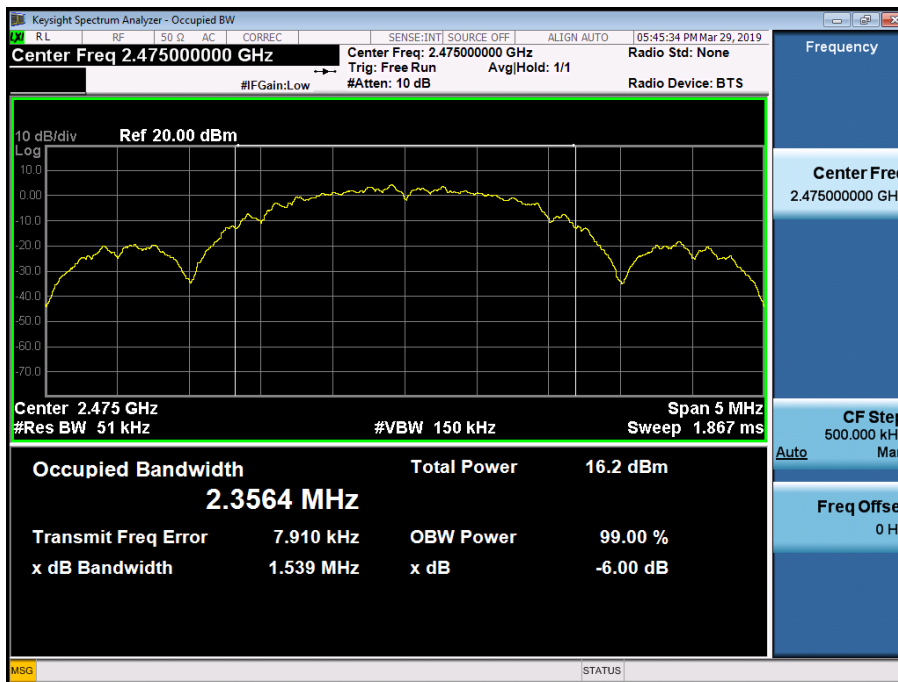
### 99% Bandwidth plot (Low-CH 0)



**99% Bandwidth plot (Mid-CH 19)**



**99% Bandwidth plot (High-CH 39)**



## 9.4 OUTPUT POWER

### Peak Power

LE Mode		Measured Power(dBm)		Limit (dBm)
Frequency[MHz]	Channel No.	ANT1	ANT2	
2425	0	8.59	8.82	30
2450	19	8.56	8.86	30
2475	39	8.65	8.93	30

### Average Power

LE Mode		Measured Power(dBm) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)		Limit (dBm)
Frequency[MHz]	Channel No.	ANT1	ANT2	
2425	0	8.38	8.49	30
2450	19	8.32	8.67	30
2475	39	8.41	8.72	30

### Note :

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data.

The power results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.

2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss

3. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest twentieth dB.

So, 20.42 dB is offset for 2.4 GHz Band.

▣ Test Plots

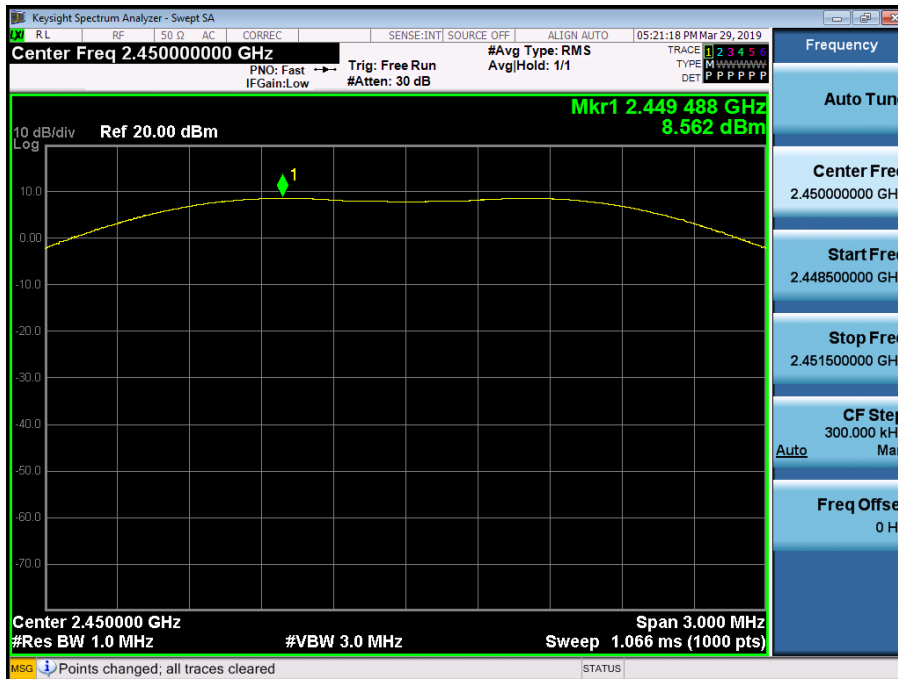
Peak Power

ANT1

Conducted Output Power (Low-CH 0)



Conducted Output Power (Mid-CH 19)



Conducted Output Power (High-CH 39)



ANT2

Conducted Output Power (Low-CH 0)



Conducted Output Power (Mid-CH 19)



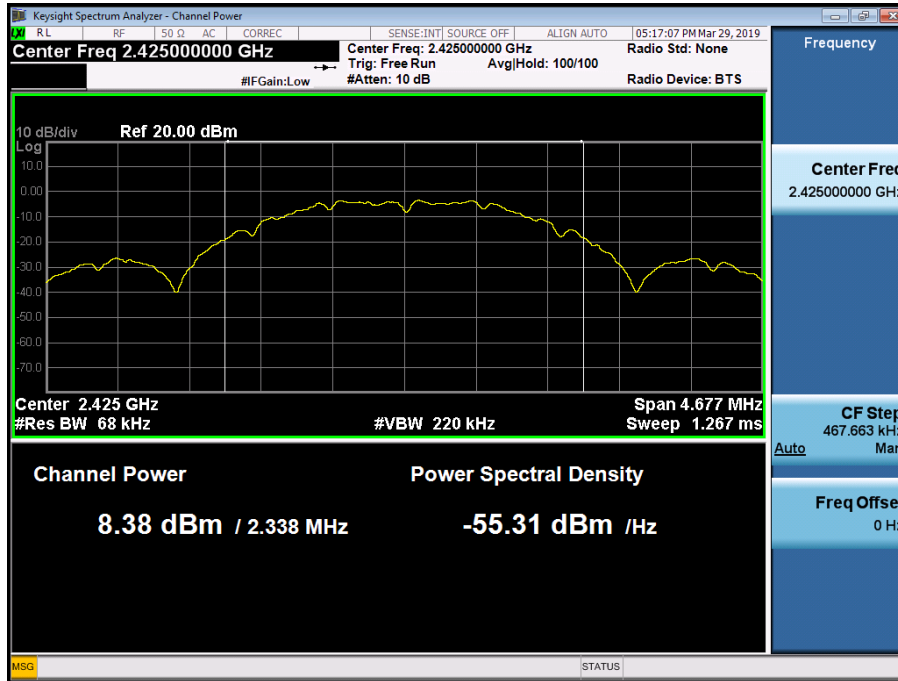
Conducted Output Power (High-CH 39)



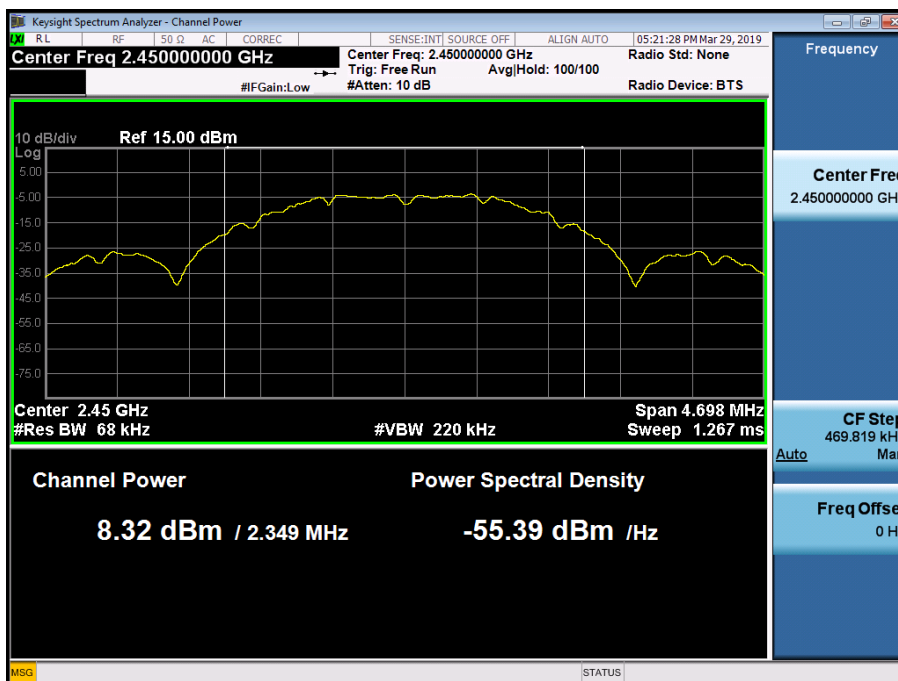
Average Power

ANT1

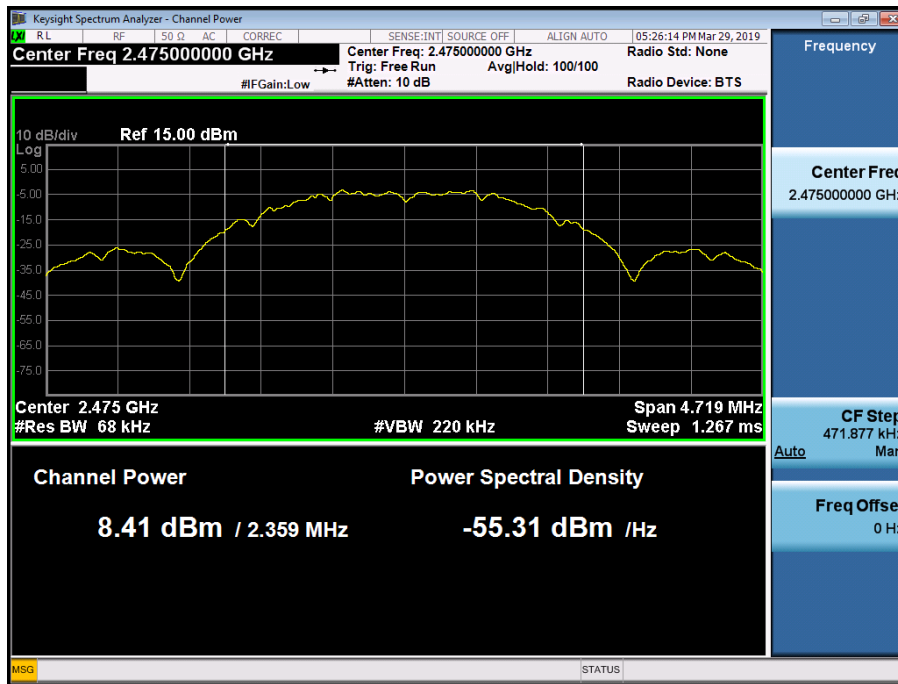
Conducted Output Power (Low-CH 0)



Conducted Output Power (Mid-CH 19)

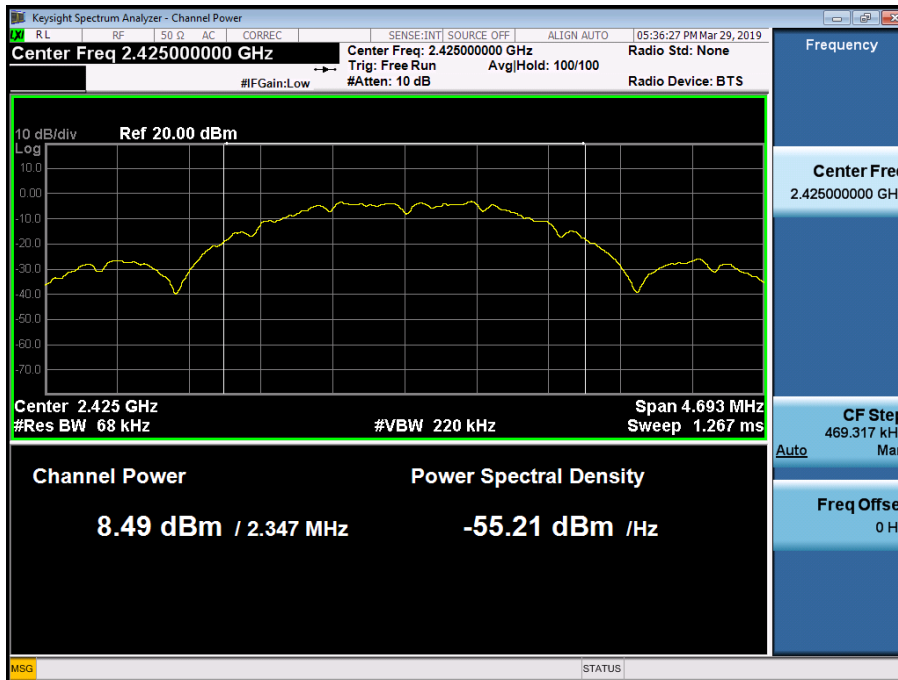


Conducted Output Power (High-CH 39)



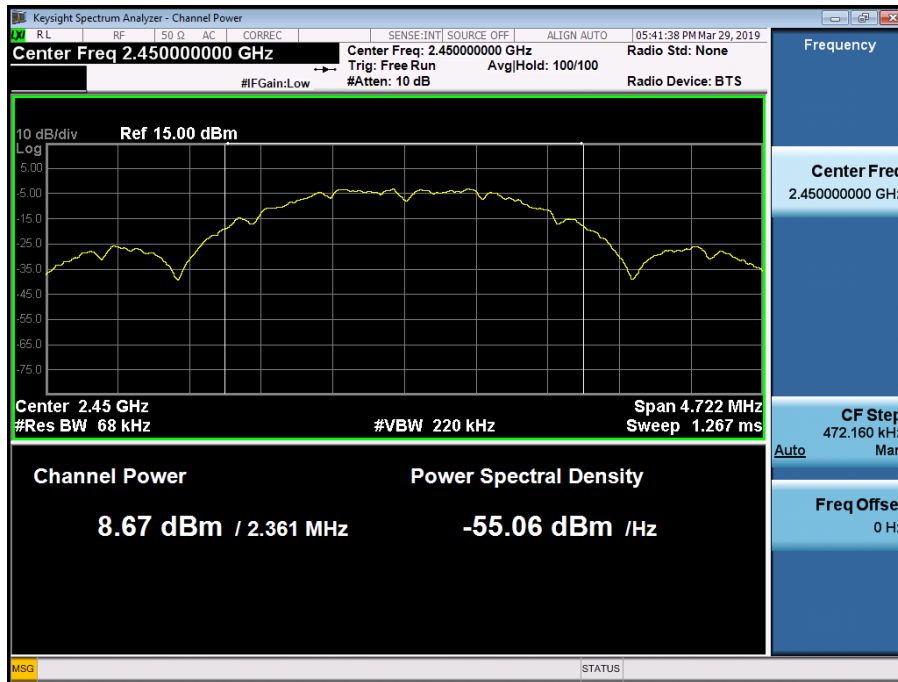
ANT2

Conducted Output Power (Low-CH 0)

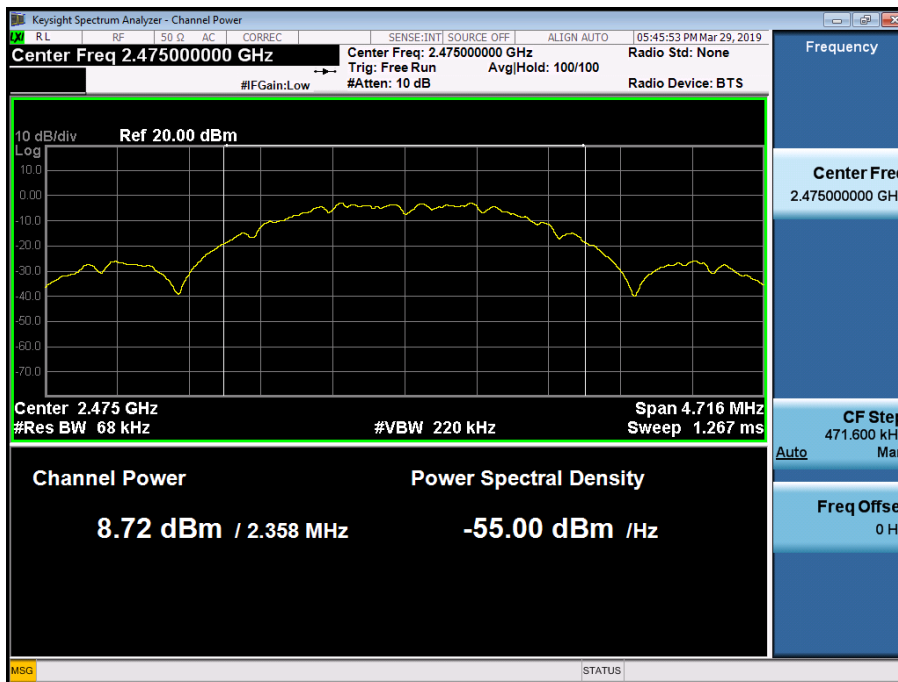




Conducted Output Power (Mid-CH 19)



Conducted Output Power (High-CH 39)



## 9.5 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	PSD (dBm)		
		ANT1	ANT2	Limit (dBm)
2425	0	-6.798	-6.282	8.000
2450	19	-6.970	-6.084	8.000
2475	39	-6.784	-5.902	8.000

**Note :**

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data.

The PSD results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.

2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss

3. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest twentieth dB.

So, 20.42 dB is offset for 2.4 GHz Band.

Test Plots

ANT1

Power Spectral Density (Low-CH 0)



Power Spectral Density (Mid-CH 19)



Power Spectral Density (High-CH 39)



ANT2

Power Spectral Density (Low-CH 0)



Power Spectral Density (Mid-CH 19)



Power Spectral Density (High-CH 39)



## 9.6 Conducted Band Edge & Conducted Spurious Emissions

### ▣ TEST RESULTS

#### ANT1

##### Out of Band Emissions at the Band Edge

Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	Position	Test Result		
			Measured Level [dB]	Limit [dBc]	Pass/Fail
2402	0	Lower	52.38	20	Pass
2480	39	Upper	48.00	20	Pass

##### Conducted Spurious Emissions

Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	Position	Test Result		
			Measured Level [dB]	Limit [dBc]	Pass/Fail
2402	0	Lower	39.68	20	Pass
2440	19	Middle	39.90	20	Pass
2480	39	Upper	42.20	20	Pass

#### ANT2

##### Out of Band Emissions at the Band Edge

Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	Position	Test Result		
			Measured Level [dB]	Limit [dBc]	Pass/Fail
2402	0	Lower	52.12	20	Pass
2480	39	Upper	48.70	20	Pass

##### Conducted Spurious Emissions

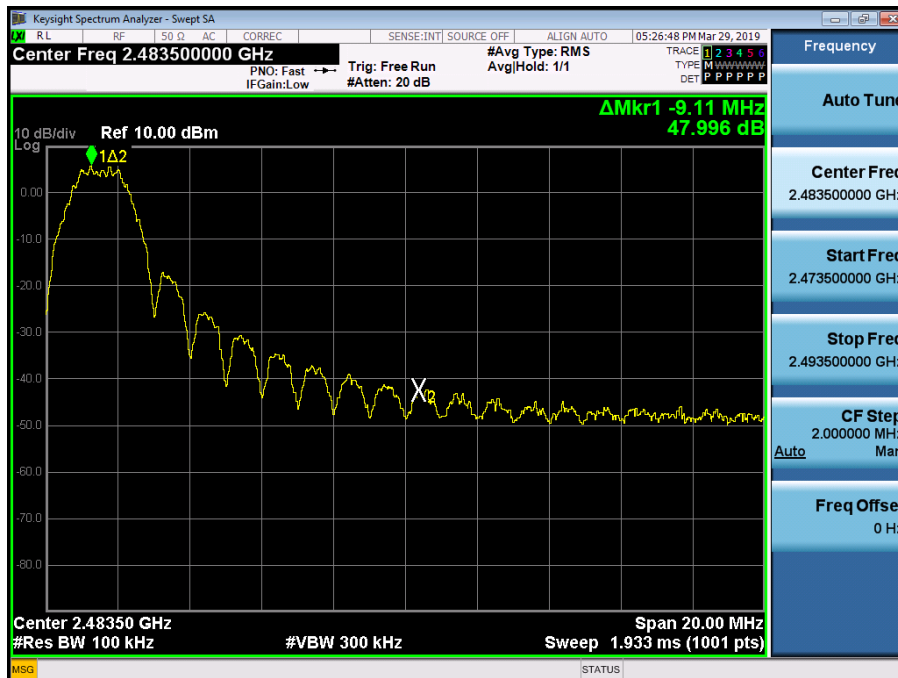
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	Position	Test Result		
			Measured Level [dB]	Limit [dBc]	Pass/Fail
2402	0	Lower	41.15	20	Pass
2440	19	Middle	40.95	20	Pass
2480	39	Upper	41.60	20	Pass

☐ Test Plots(BandEdge)

Low-CH 0



High-CH 39

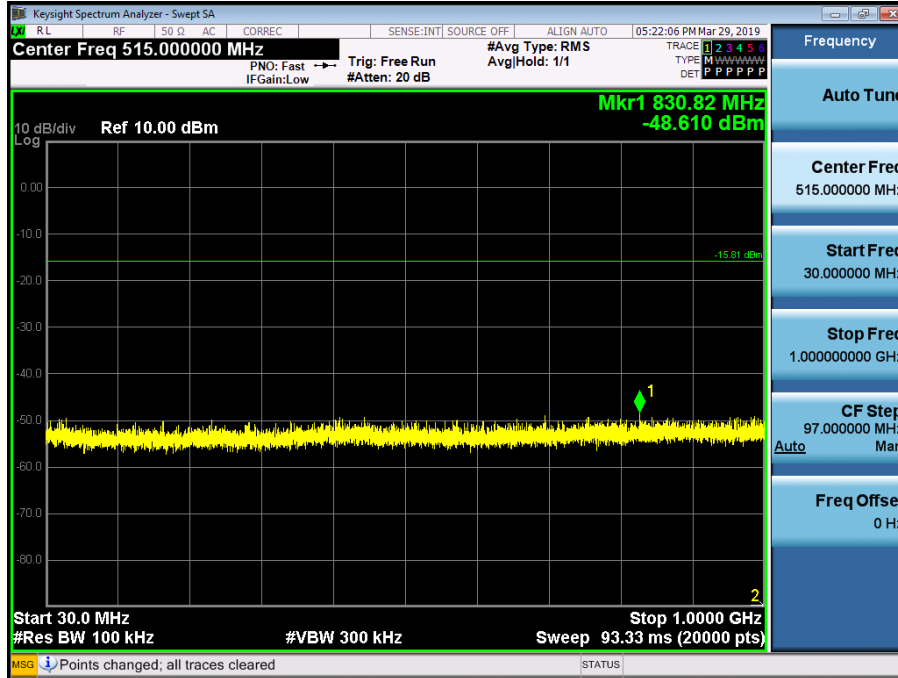


☑ Test Plots(Conducted Spurious Emission)

ANT1

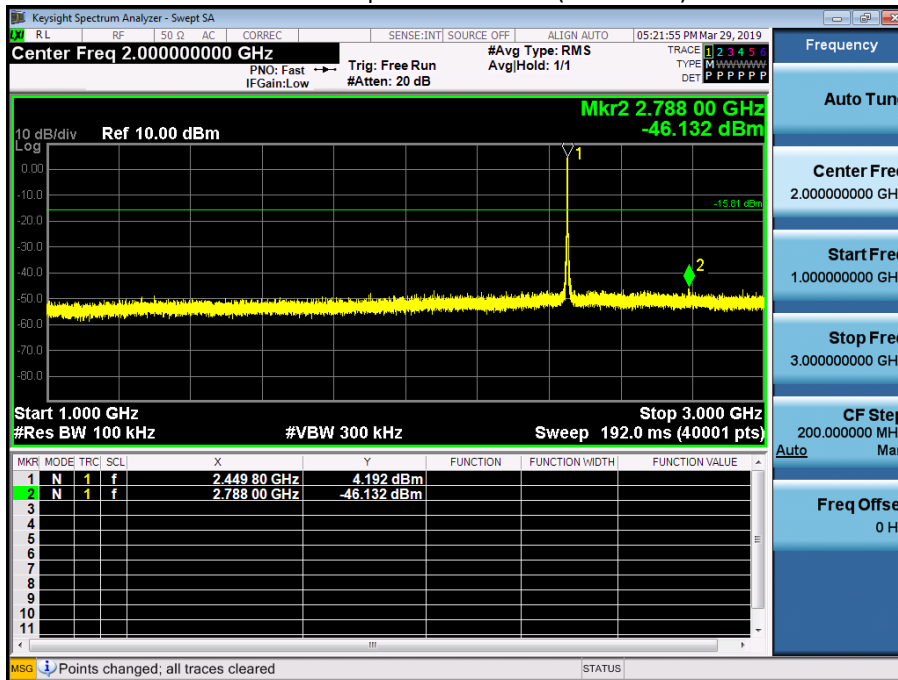
30 MHz ~ 1 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



1 GHz ~ 3 GHz

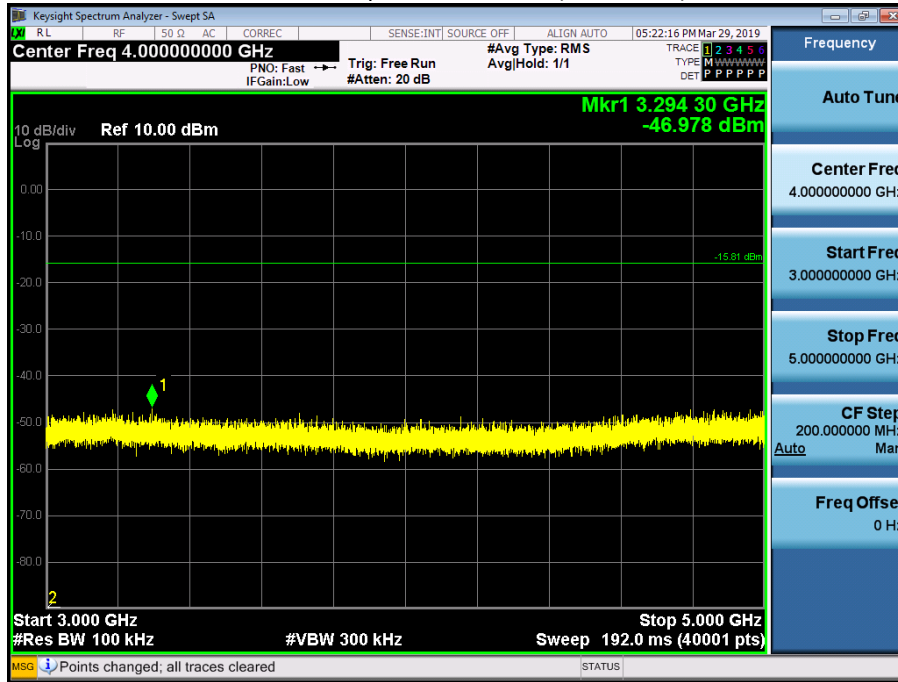
Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)





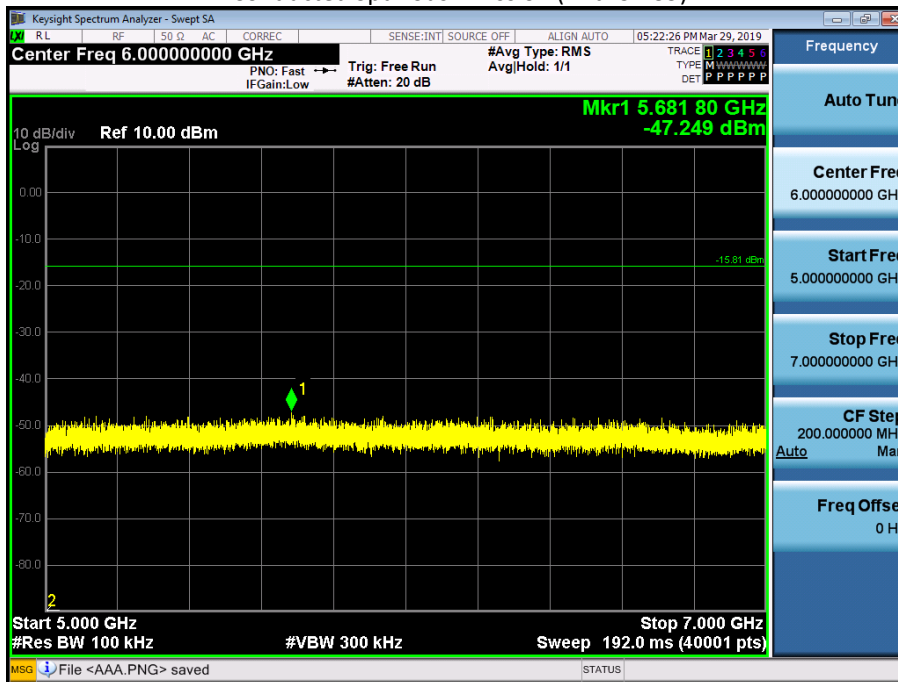
3 GHz ~ 5 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



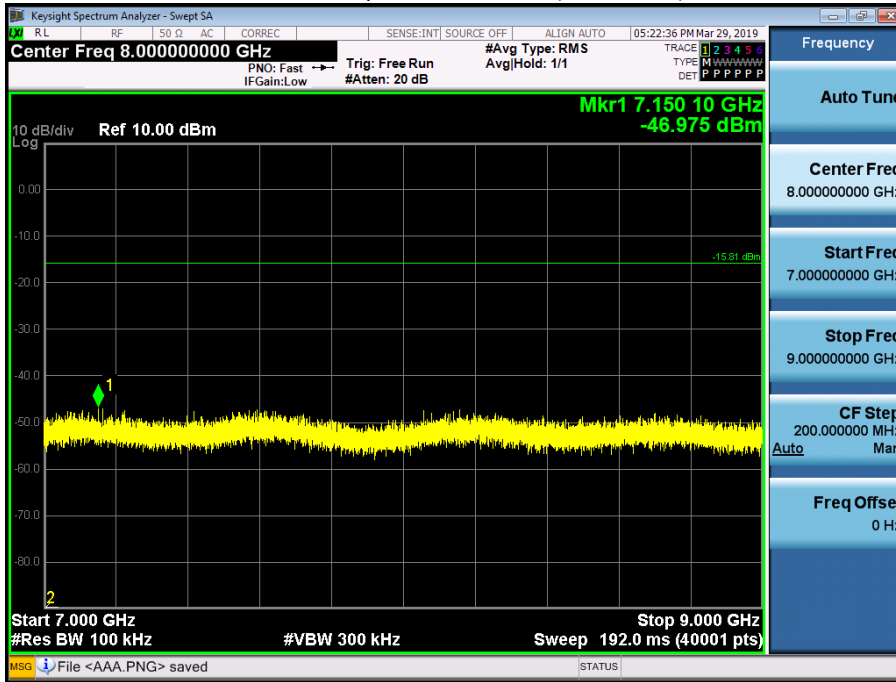
5 GHz ~ 7 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



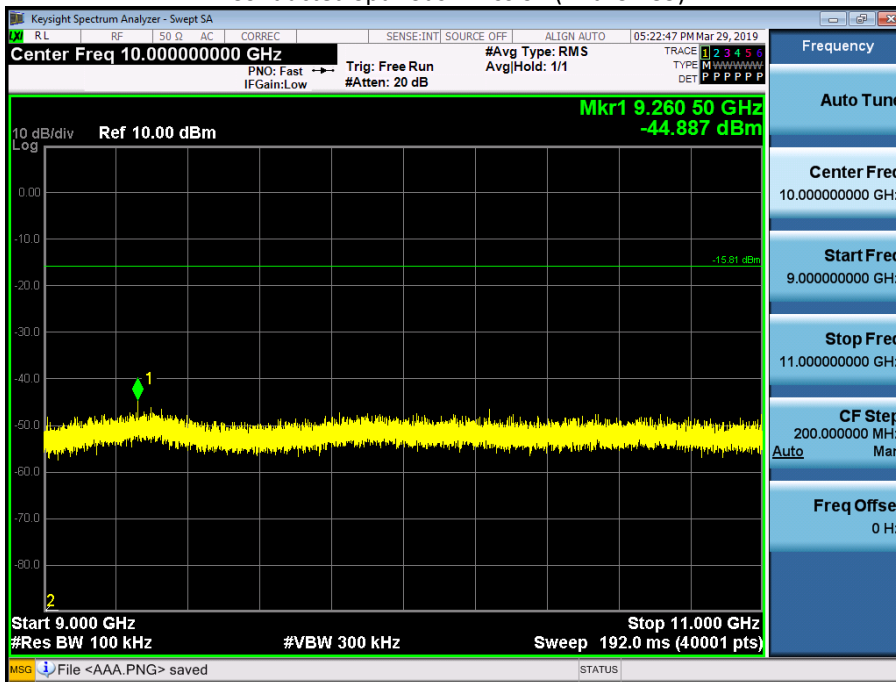
7 GHz ~ 9 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



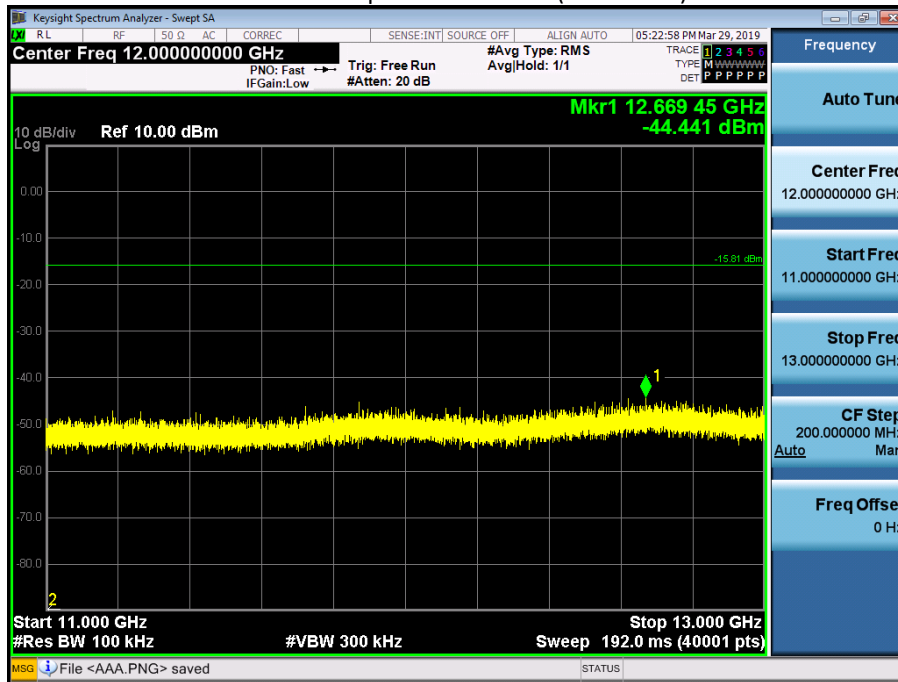
9 GHz ~ 11 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



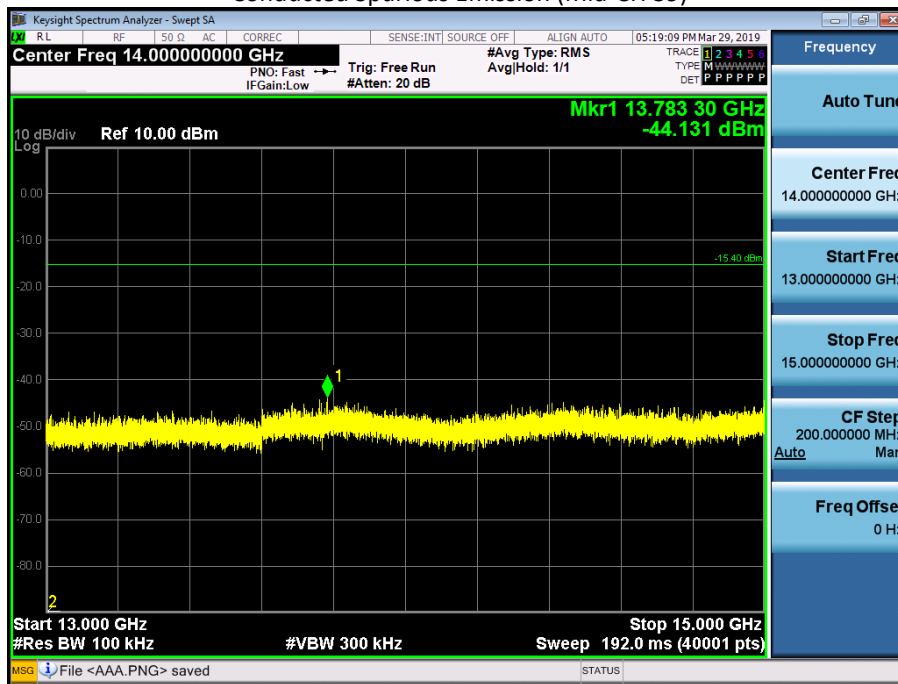
11 GHz ~ 13 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



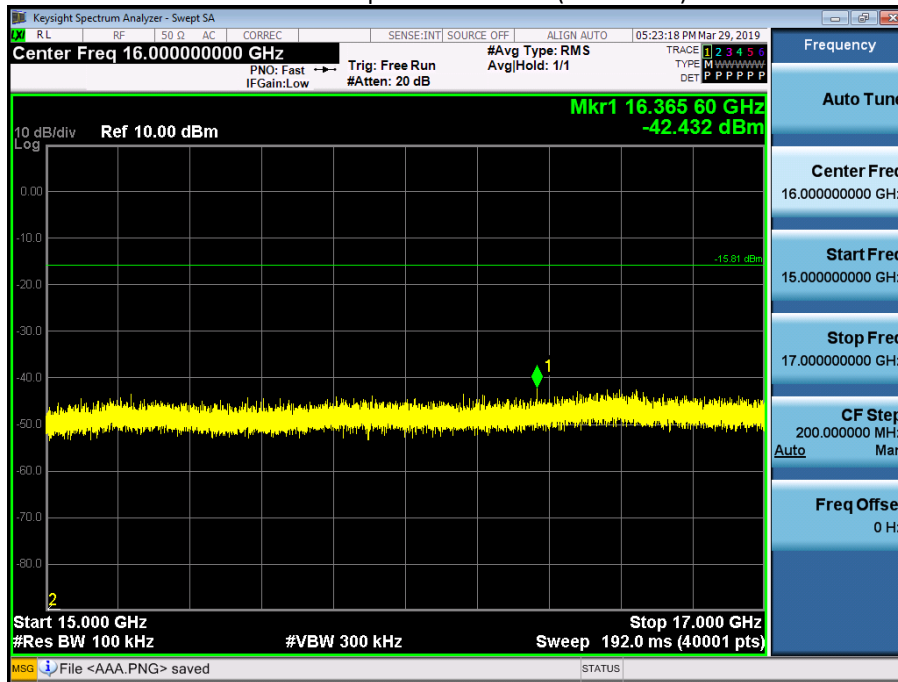
13 GHz ~ 15 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



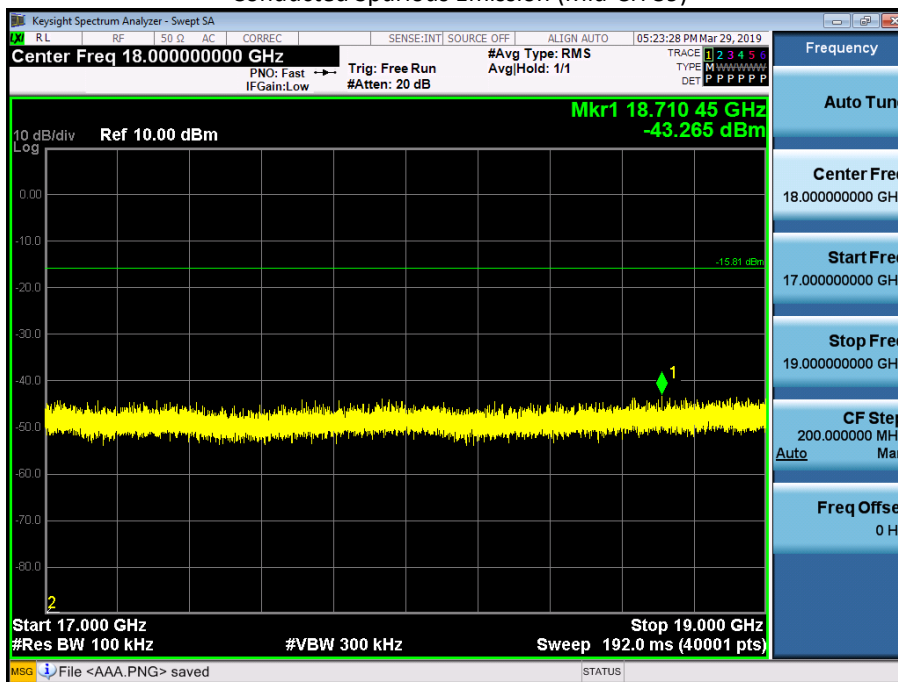
15 GHz ~ 17 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



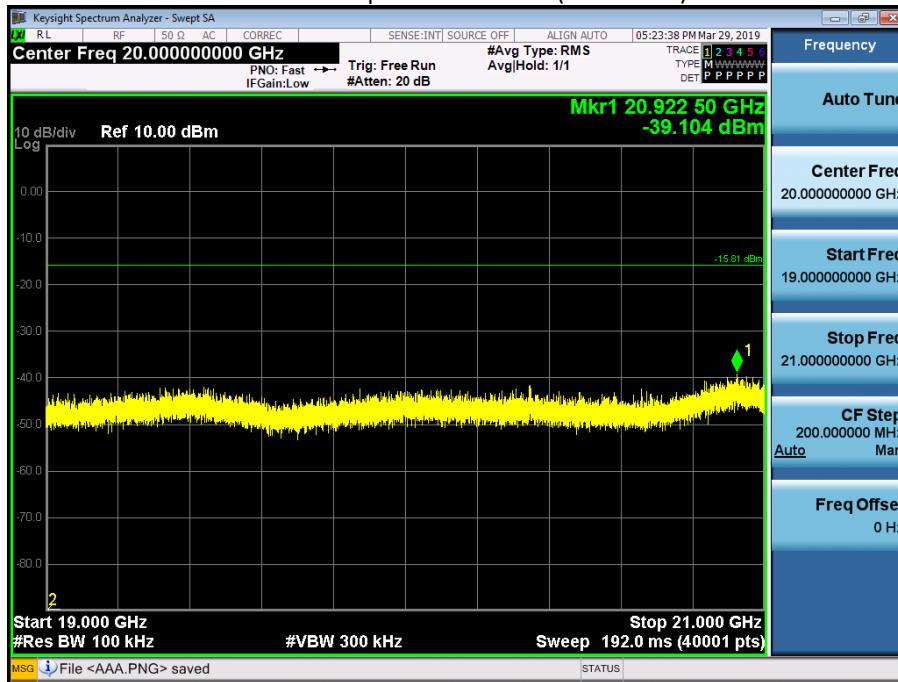
17 GHz ~ 19 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



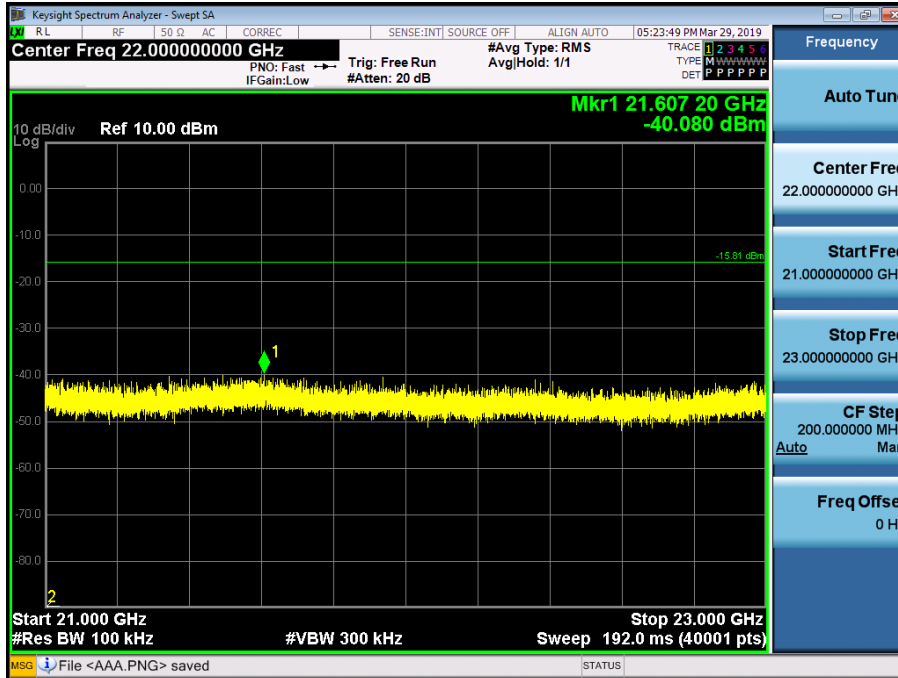
19 GHz ~ 21 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



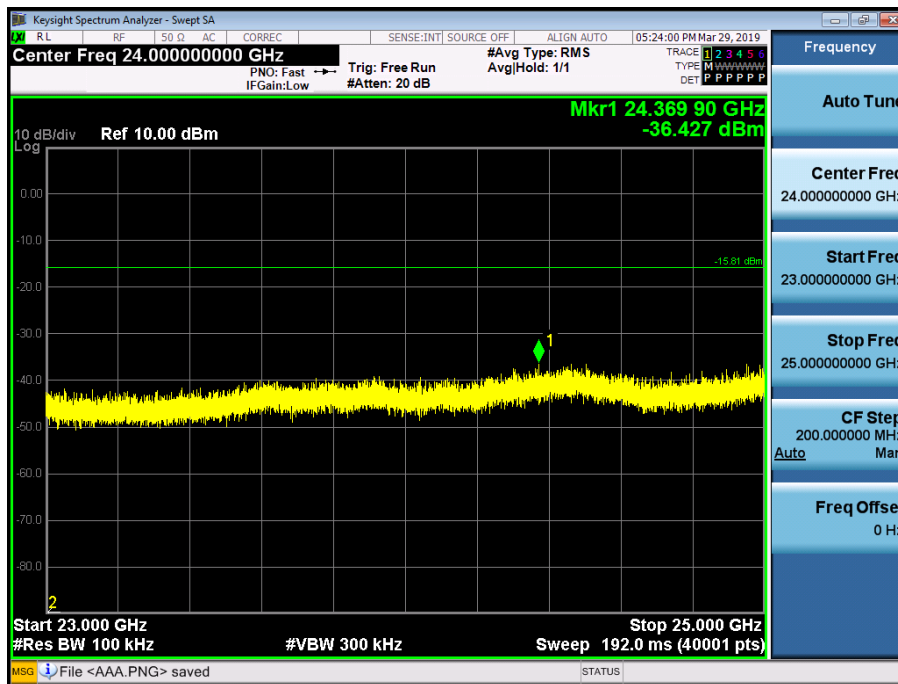
21 GHz ~ 23 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



23 GHz ~ 25 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



ANT2

☐ Test Plots(BandEdge)

Low-CH 0



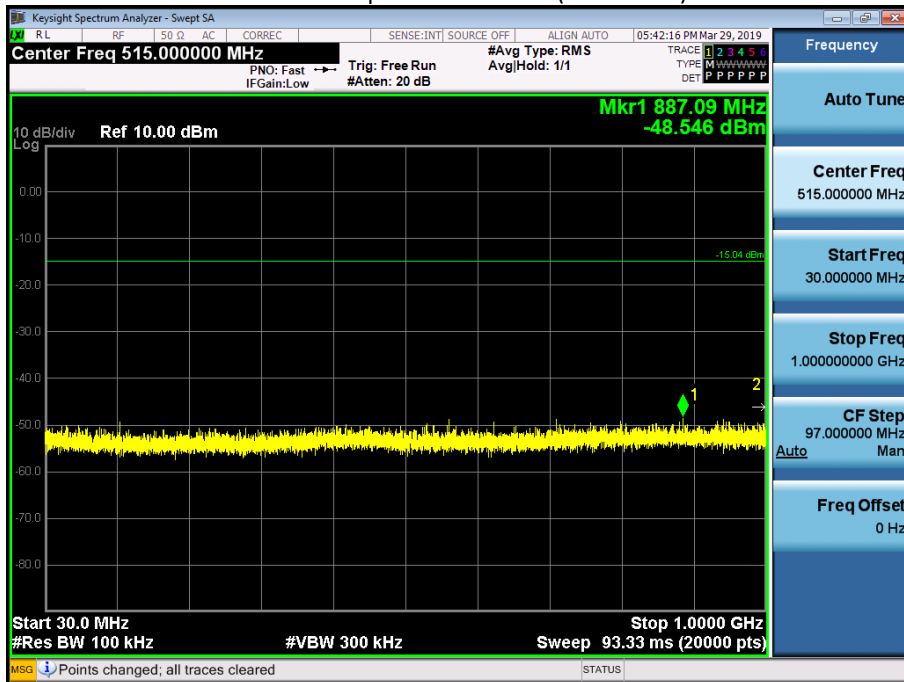
High-CH 39



Test Plots(Conducted Spurious Emission)

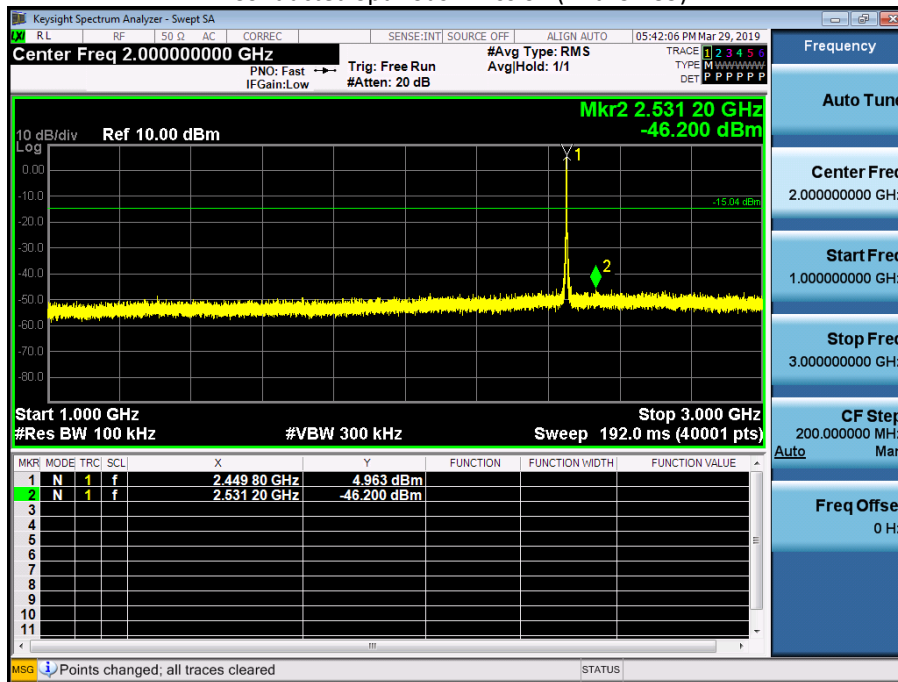
30 MHz ~ 1 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



1 GHz ~ 3 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



3 GHz ~ 5 GHz

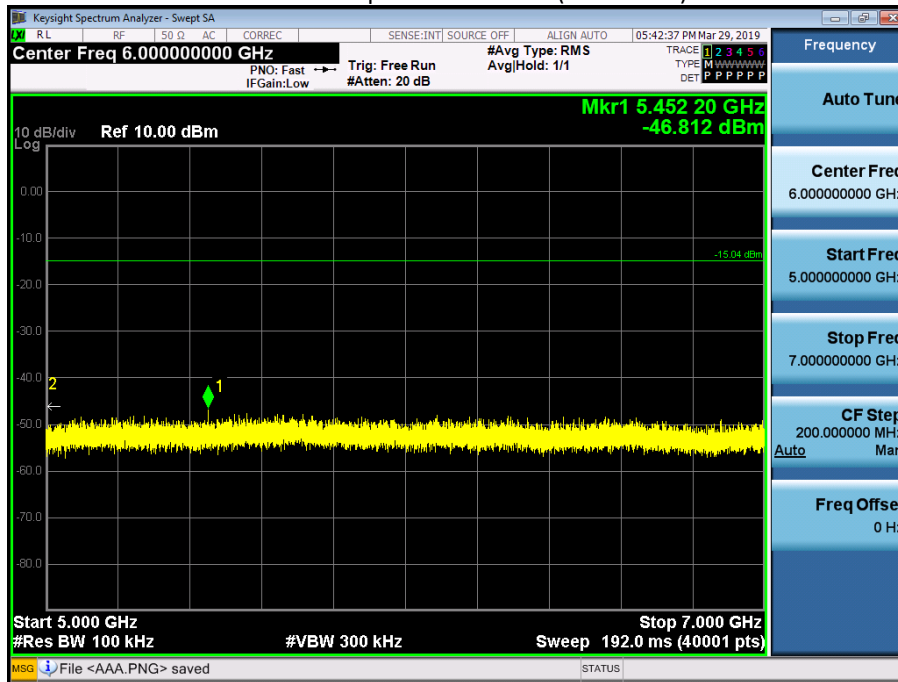
Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)





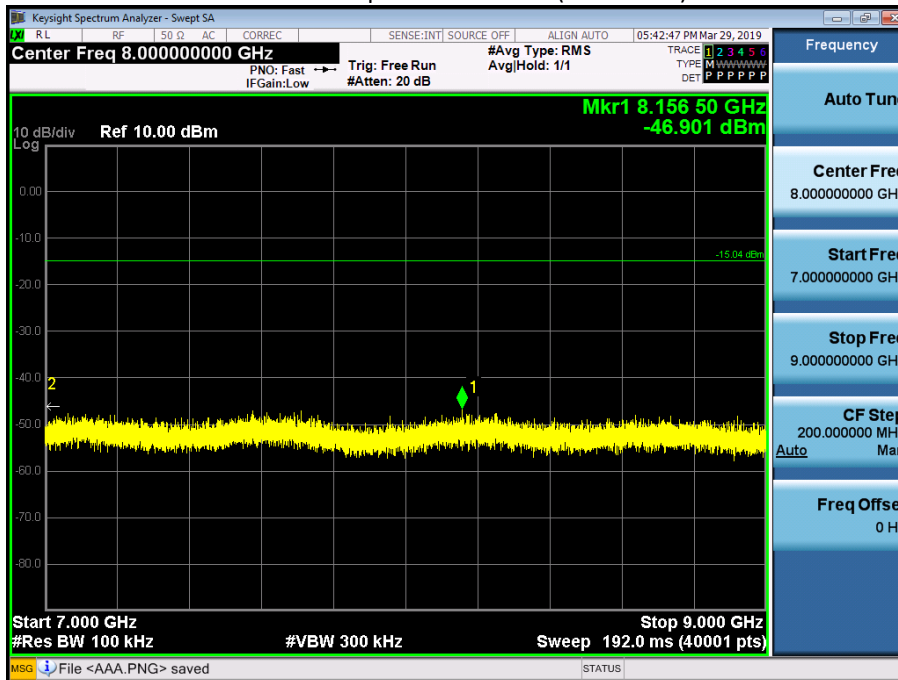
5 GHz ~ 7 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



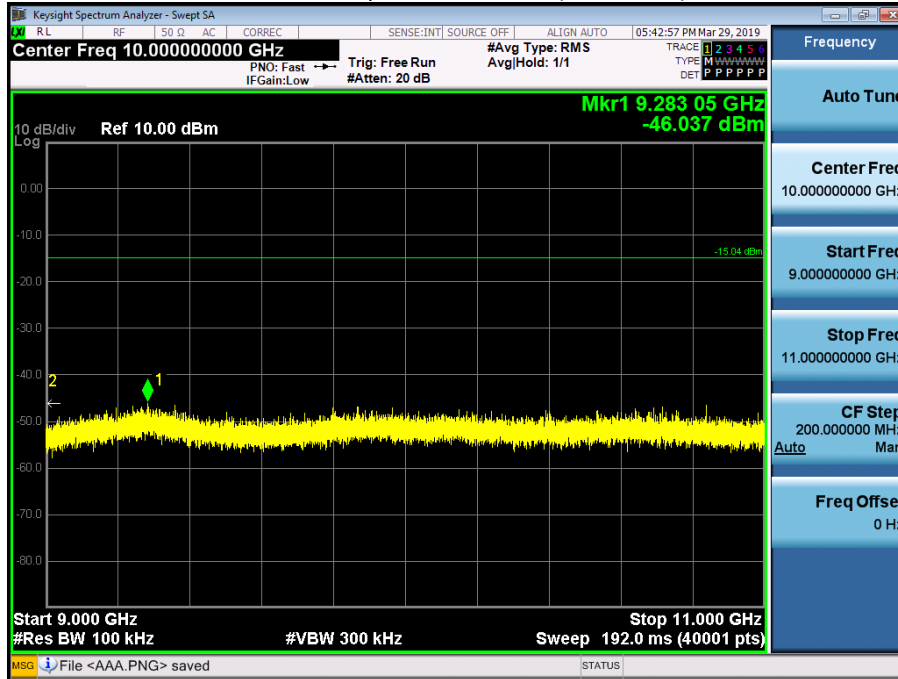
7 GHz ~ 9 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



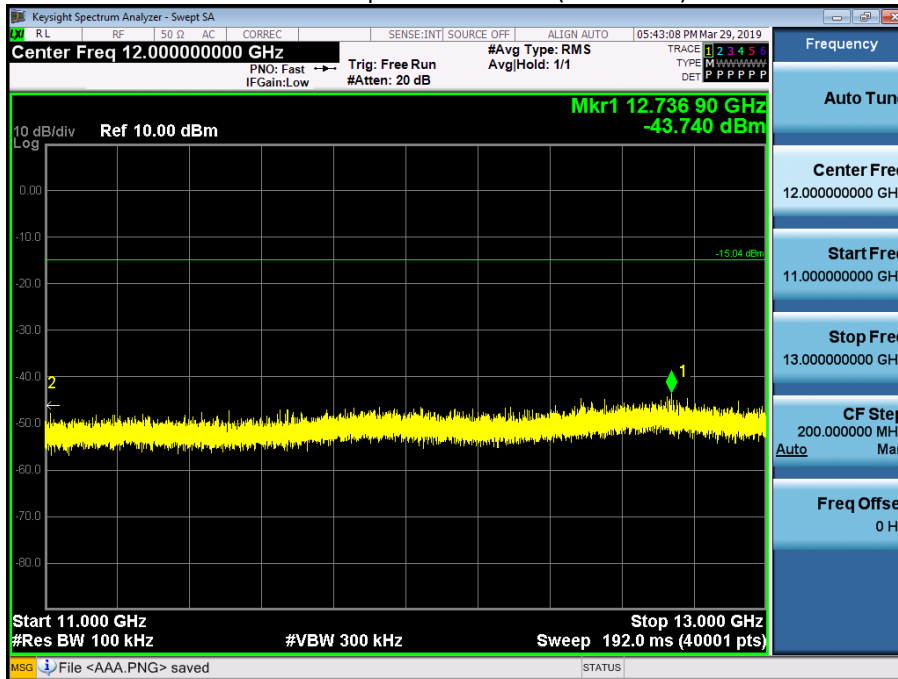
9 GHz ~ 11 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



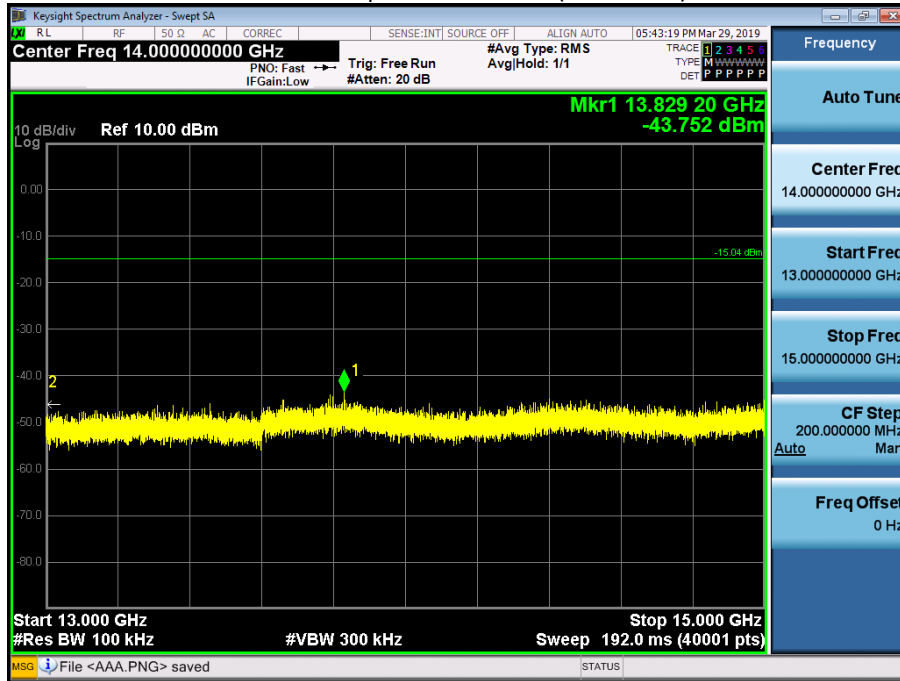
11 GHz ~ 13 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



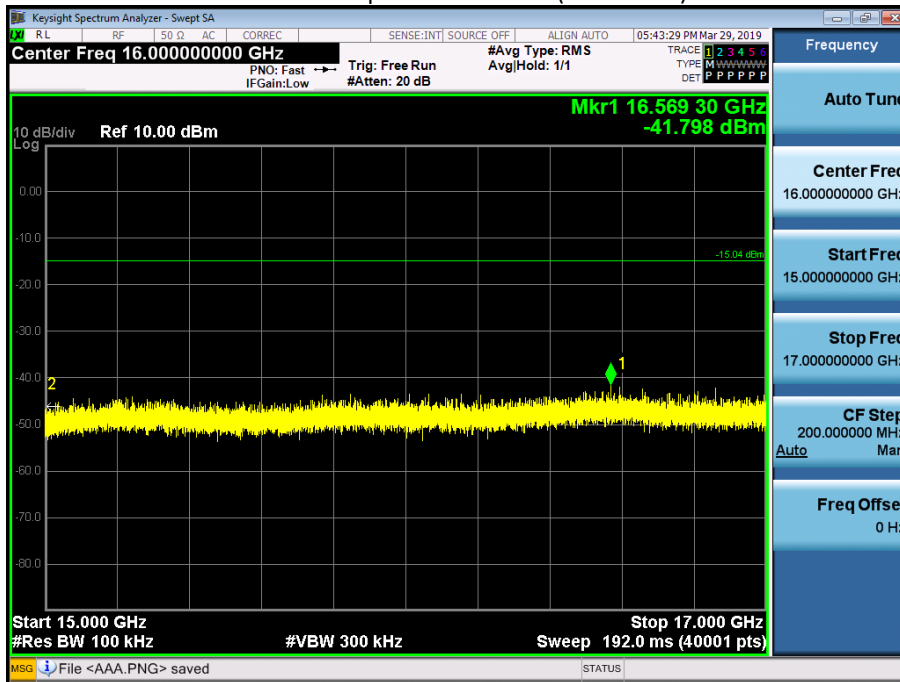
13 GHz ~ 15 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



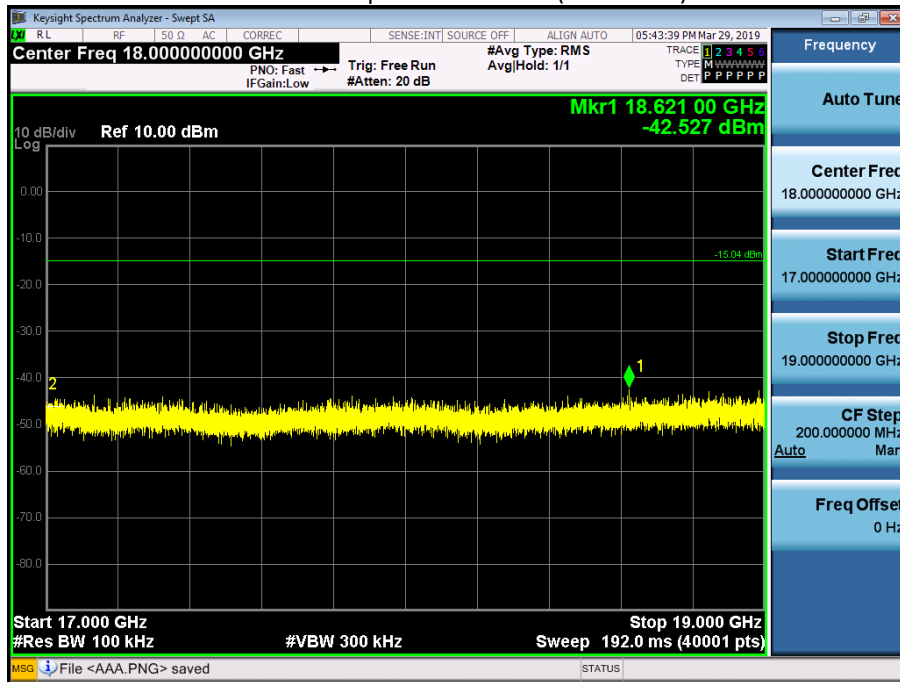
15 GHz ~ 17 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



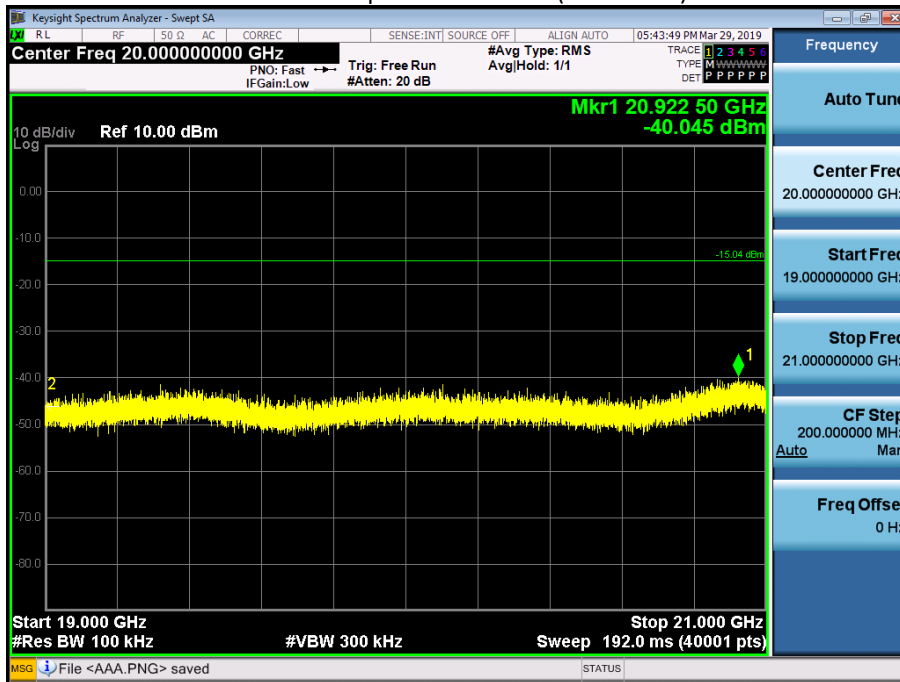
17 GHz ~ 19 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



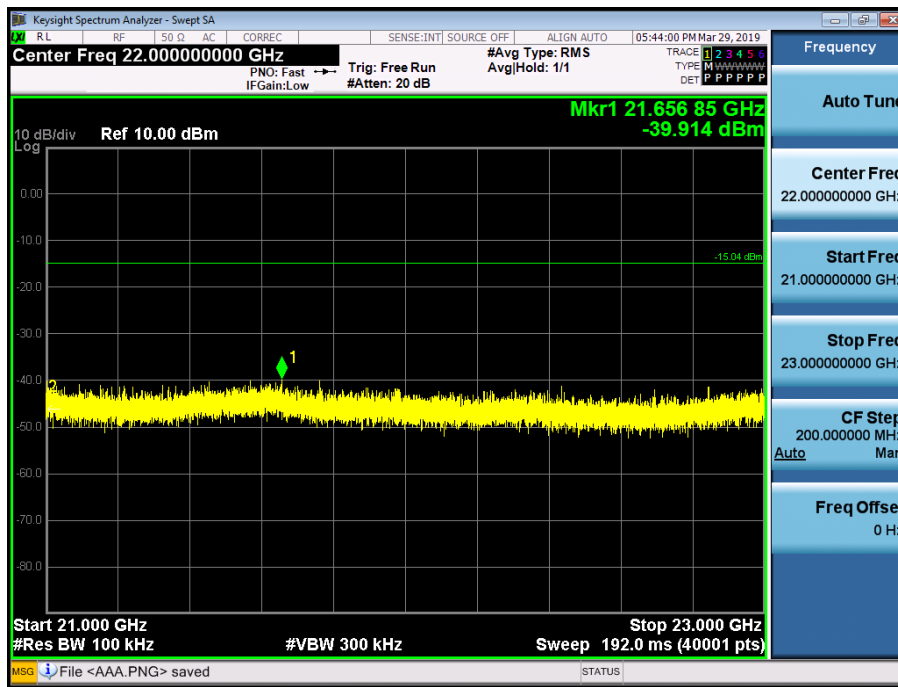
19 GHz ~ 21 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



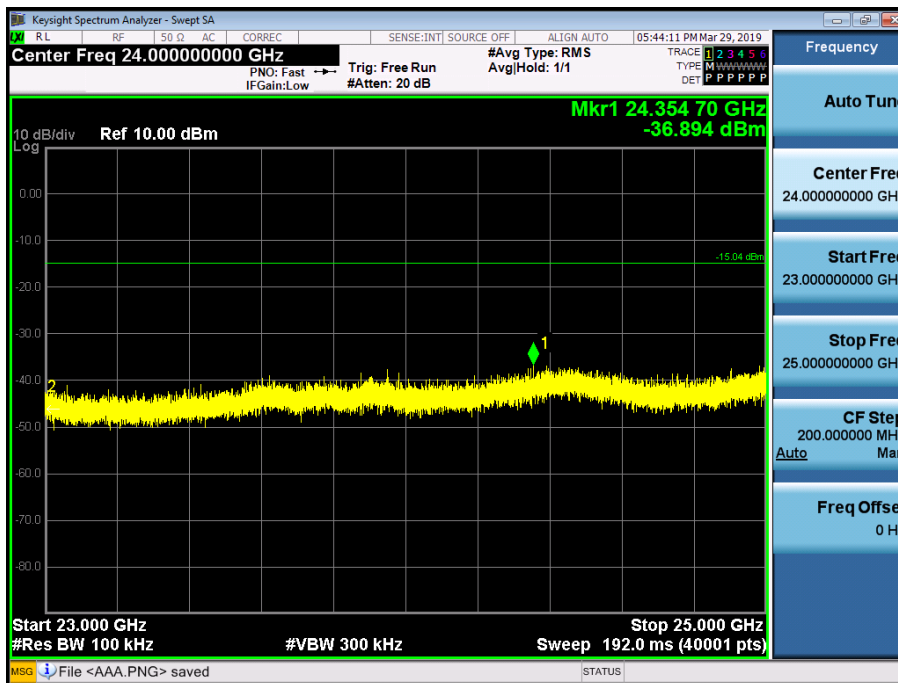
21 GHz ~ 23 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



23 GHz ~ 25 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 39)



## 9.7 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

### 9 kHz – 30MHz

Operation Mode: CH Low

Frequency [kHz]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Reading [dBuV]	※A.F.+C.L. [dB]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
20	V	29	19.9	48.9	121.58	72.68	QP
20	H	30.2	19.9	50.1	121.58	71.48	QP

Operation Mode: CH Mid

Frequency [kHz]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Reading [dBuV]	※A.F.+C.L. [dB]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
20	V	29.3	19.9	47.6	121.58	72.38	QP
20	H	31.1	19.9	47.4	121.58	70.58	QP

Operation Mode: CH High

Frequency [kHz]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Reading [dBuV]	※A.F.+C.L. [dB]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
20	V	30.2	19.9	48.3	121.58	71.48	QP
20	H	30.8	19.9	46.9	121.58	70.88	QP

#### Notes:

Although these tests were performed at a test site other than an open area test site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against an open area test site. Therefore, sufficient test were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces Result that correlate with the one of test made in an open field based on KDB 414788

Sample validation

Reference-signal Frequency [kHz]	Reading [dBuV]	Measurement Distance [m]	Extrapolation Factor	Total [dBuV/m]
135	76.1	3	88.4	-12.3
135	47.4	10	59.1	-11.7

1. The measurement distance is 3 meters.
2. Distance extrapolation factor =  $40 \log(\text{specific distance} / \text{test distance})$  (dB)
3. Limit line = specific Limits (dBuV) + Distance extrapolation factor
4. Corrected reading: Antenna Factor + Cable loss + Read Level
5. The other operating Modes are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible limits. In order to simplify the report, attached ANT1 result were the worst-case mode.

**Frequency Range : Below 1 GHz**

Operation Mode: CH Low

Frequency [MHz]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Reading [dBuV]	※A.F.+C.L. [dB]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
42.635	V	46.5	-16.3	30.2	40	9.8	QP
70.729	V	52.7	-17.8	34.9	40	5.1	QP
70.756	H	44.6	-17.8	26.8	40	13.2	QP
92.545	V	52.9	-18.5	34.4	43.5	9.1	QP

Operation Mode: CH Mid

Frequency [MHz]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Reading [dBuV]	※A.F.+C.L. [dB]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
42.825	V	45.9	-16.5	29.4	40	10.6	QP
70.144	V	53.5	-17.8	35.7	40	4.3	QP
70.737	H	44.7	-17.8	26.9	40	13.1	QP
93.255	V	53.8	-18.4	35.4	43.5	8.1	QP

Operation Mode: CH High

Frequency [MHz]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Reading [dBuV]	※A.F.+C.L. [dB]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
41.106	V	43.7	-15.0	28.7	40	11.3	QP
70.505	V	54.4	-17.8	36.6	40	3.4	QP
70.446	H	45.7	-17.8	27.9	40	12.1	QP
143.507	V	47.7	-14.2	33.5	43.5	10.0	QP

**Frequency Range : Above 1 GHz**

**Ant1**

Operation Mode: CH Low

Frequency MHz	Polarization	Reading			Level		Limit		Margin	
		dB(uV)		dB	dB(uV/m)		dB(uV/m)		dB	
		AV	PK	Factor	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV	PK
1066	H	62.2	69.8	-18.7	43.5	51.1	54	74	10.5	22.9
1066	V	61.1	68.1	-18.7	42.4	49.4	54	74	11.6	24.6
4850	V	44.4	56.0	-3.4	41.0	52.6	54	74	13.0	21.4
4850	H	47.4	57.7	-3.4	44.0	54.3	54	74	10.0	19.7

Operation Mode: CH Mid

Frequency MHz	Polarization	Reading			Level		Limit		Margin	
		dB(uV)		dB	dB(uV/m)		dB(uV/m)		dB	
		AV	PK	Factor	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV	PK
1200	V	47.9	60.0	-17.5	30.4	42.5	54	74	23.6	31.5
1200	H	51.6	62.5	-17.5	34.1	45.0	54	74	19.9	29.0
4900	H	48.4	58.4	-3.3	45.1	55.1	54	74	8.9	18.9
4900	V	46.9	55.3	-3.3	43.6	52.0	54	74	10.4	22.0

Operation Mode: CH High

Frequency MHz	Polarization	Reading			Level		Limit		Margin	
		dB(uV)		dB	dB(uV/m)		dB(uV/m)		dB	
		AV	PK	Factor	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV	PK
1066	H	61.2	68.6	-18.7	42.5	49.9	54	74	11.5	24.1
1066	V	59.7	67.3	-18.7	41.0	48.6	54	74	13.0	25.4
4950	V	40.0	60.9	-3.4	36.6	57.5	54	74	17.4	16.5
4950	H	39.2	55.3	-3.4	35.8	51.9	54	74	18.2	22.1



## Ant2

Operation Mode: CH Low

Frequency MHz	Polarization	Reading			Level		Limit		Margin	
		dB(uV)		dB	dB(uV/m)		dB(uV/m)		dB	
		AV	PK	Factor	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV	PK
1066	H	62.2	69.1	-18.7	43.5	50.4	54	74	10.5	23.6
1066	V	60.7	67.8	-18.7	42.0	49.1	54	74	12.0	24.9
2366	V	52.0	64.3	-12.6	39.4	51.7	54	74	14.6	22.3
2366	H	50.7	63.0	-12.5	38.2	50.5	54	74	15.8	23.5
4850	H	48.3	58.1	-3.4	44.9	54.7	54	74	9.1	19.3
4850	V	44.7	55.8	-3.4	41.3	52.4	54	74	12.7	21.6

Operation Mode: CH Mid

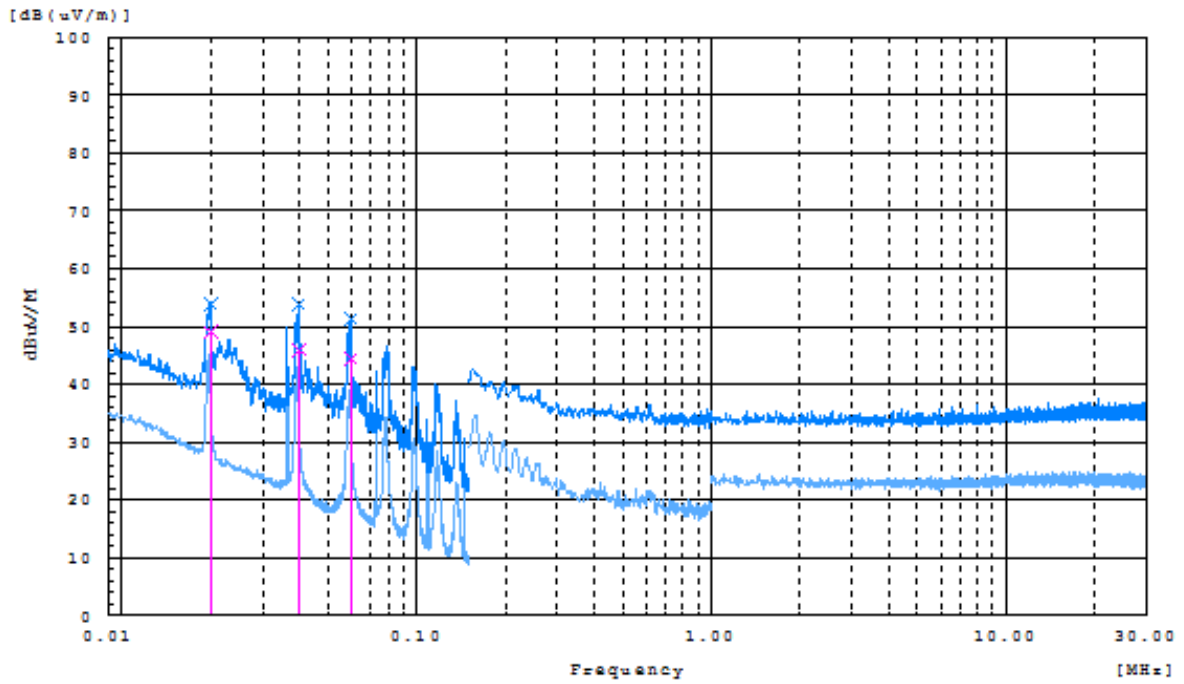
Frequency MHz	Polarization	Reading			Level		Limit		Margin	
		dB(uV)		dB	dB(uV/m)		dB(uV/m)		dB	
		AV	PK	Factor	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV	PK
1200	H	45.9	63.7	-17.5	28.4	46.2	54	74	25.6	27.8
1200	V	52.8	63.4	-17.5	35.3	45.9	54	74	18.7	28.1
2520	V	52.1	64.6	-11.4	40.7	53.2	54	74	13.3	20.8
2520	H	52.4	64.7	-11.5	40.9	53.2	54	74	13.1	20.8
4900	H	44.5	56.2	-3.3	41.2	52.9	54	74	12.8	21.1
4900	V	47.5	57.9	-3.3	44.2	54.6	54	74	9.8	19.4

Operation Mode: CH High

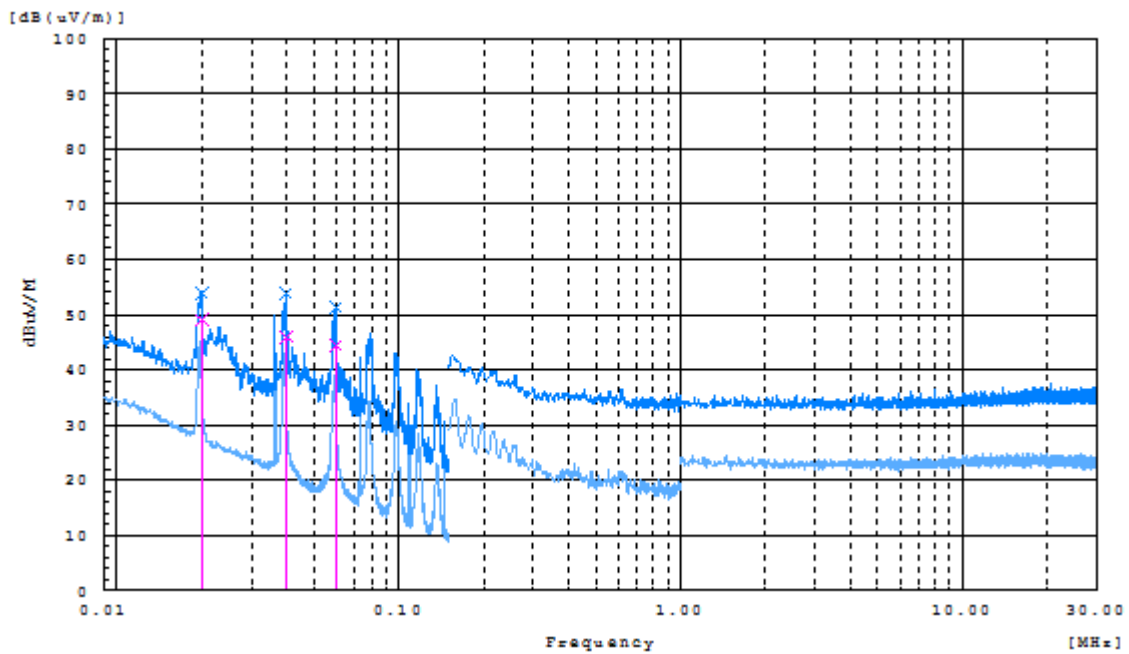
Frequency MHz	Polarization	Reading			Level		Limit		Margin	
		dB(uV)		dB	dB(uV/m)		dB(uV/m)		dB	
		AV	PK	Factor	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV	PK
1200	H	51.9	64.7	-17.5	34.4	47.2	54	74	19.6	26.8
1200	V	50.9	62.0	-17.5	33.4	44.5	54	74	20.6	29.5
2540	V	53.8	66.2	-11.3	42.5	54.9	54	74	11.5	19.1
2540	H	52.1	64.6	-11.3	40.8	53.3	54	74	13.2	20.7
4950	H	40.5	61.9	-3.4	37.1	58.5	54	74	16.9	15.5
4950	V	42.5	56.9	-3.4	39.1	53.5	54	74	14.9	20.5

☐ Test Plots (Worst case : V)

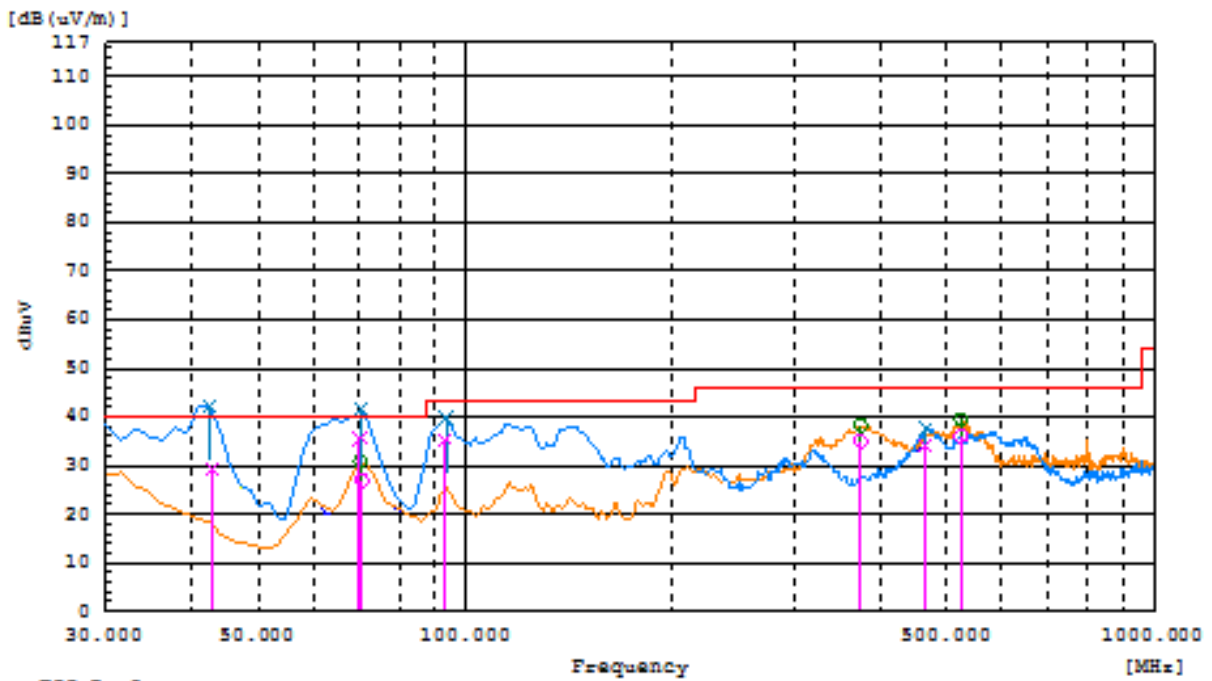
Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – ANT1 (Ch.15)



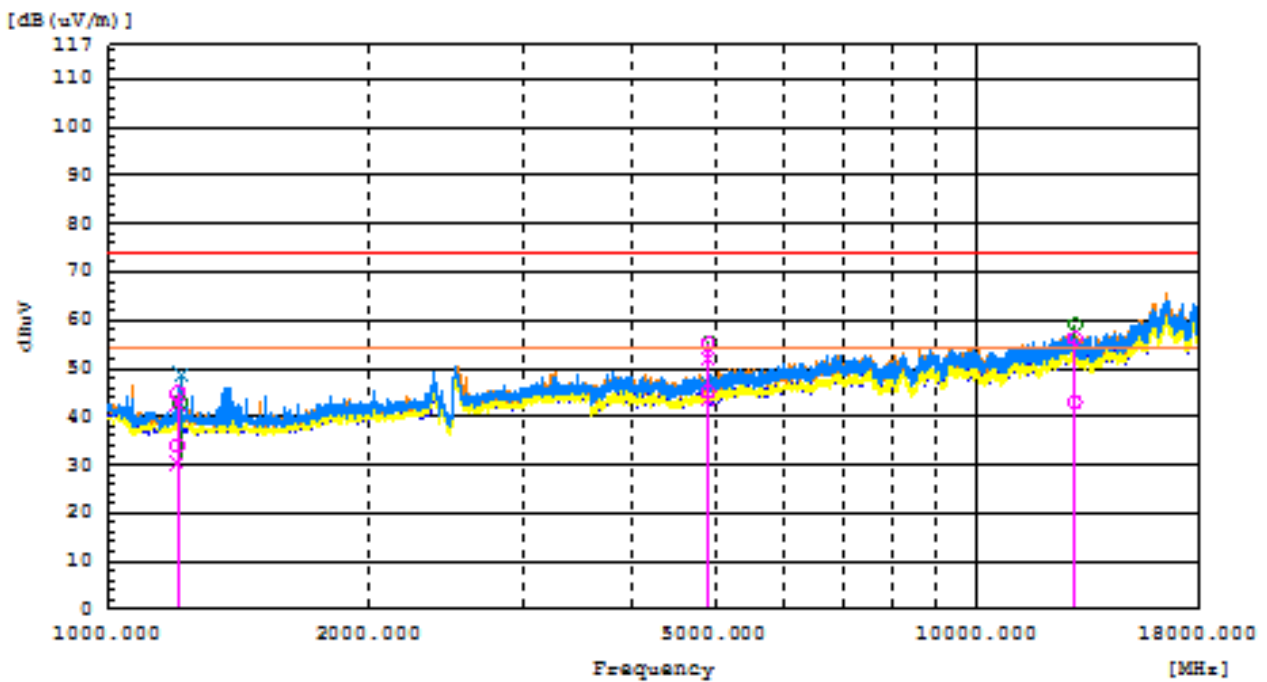
Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – ANT1 (Ch.15)



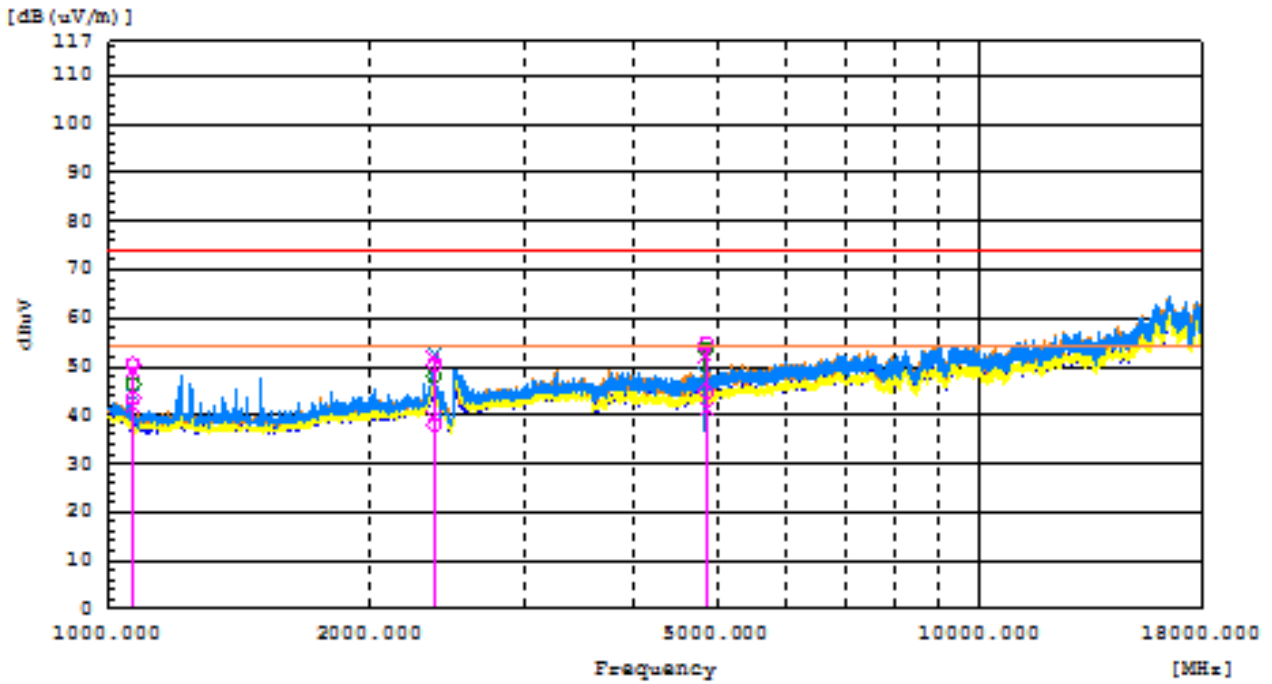
Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – ANT1 (Ch.15)



Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – ANT1 (Ch.15)



Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – ANT2 (Ch.15)



**Note:**

Plot of worst case are only reported.

## 9.7 RADIATED RESTRICTED BAND EDGES

### Ant1

Operating Frequency 2425 MHz  
Channel No. 15

Frequency MHz	Polarization	Reading			Level		Limit		Margin	
		dB(uV)		dB	dB(uV/m)		dB(uV/m)		dB	
		AV	PK	Factor	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV	PK
2390	H	44.1	57.9	-12.3	31.8	45.6	54	74	22.2	28.4
2390	V	43.8	57.3	-12.3	31.5	45.0	54	74	22.5	29.0

Operating Frequency 2475 MHz  
Channel No. 35

Frequency MHz	Polarization	Reading			Level		Limit		Margin	
		dB(uV)		dB	dB(uV/m)		dB(uV/m)		dB	
		AV	PK	Factor	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV	PK
2483.5	H	59.6	67.3	-11.6	48.0	55.7	54	74	6.0	18.3
2483.5	V	59.5	67.2	-11.6	47.9	55.6	54	74	6.1	18.4

**Ant2**

Operating Frequency 2425 MHz

Channel No. 15

Frequency MHz	Polarization	Reading			Level		Limit		Margin	
		dB(uV)		dB	dB(uV/m)		dB(uV/m)		dB	
		AV	PK	Factor	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV	PK
2390	H	43.8	58.1	-12.3	31.5	45.8	54	74	22.5	28.2
2390	V	43.6	57.3	-12.3	31.3	45.0	54	74	22.7	29.0

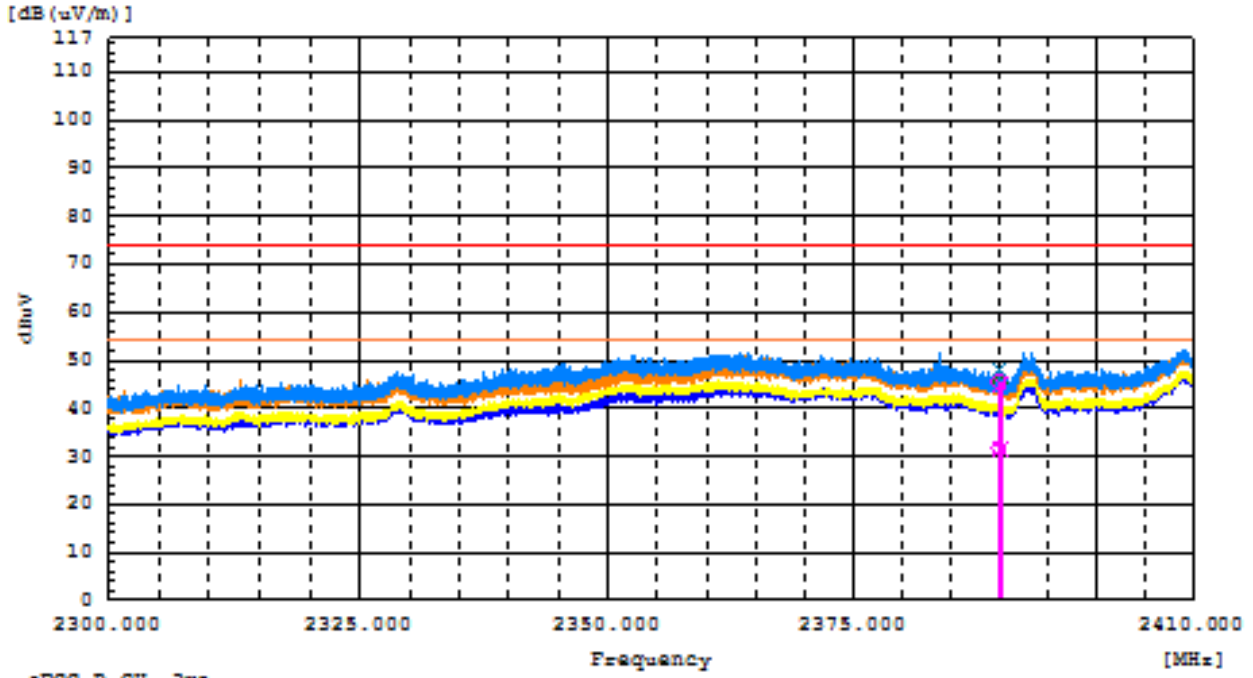
Operating Frequency 2475 MHz

Channel No. 35

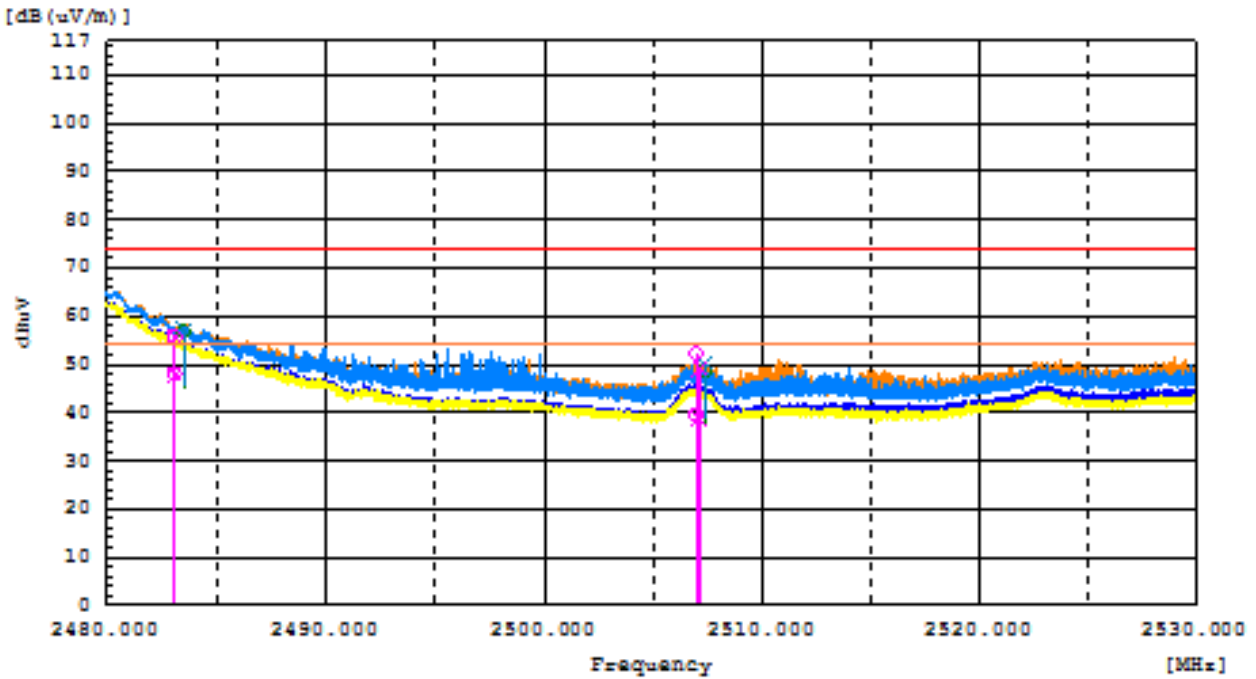
Frequency MHz	Polarization	Reading			Level		Limit		Margin	
		dB(uV)		dB	dB(uV/m)		dB(uV/m)		dB	
		AV	PK	Factor	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV	PK
2483.5	H	57.8	66.1	-11.6	46.2	54.5	54	74	7.8	19.5
2483.5	V	59.0	66.7	-11.6	47.4	55.1	54	74	6.6	18.9

☐ Test Plots (Worst case : X-H)

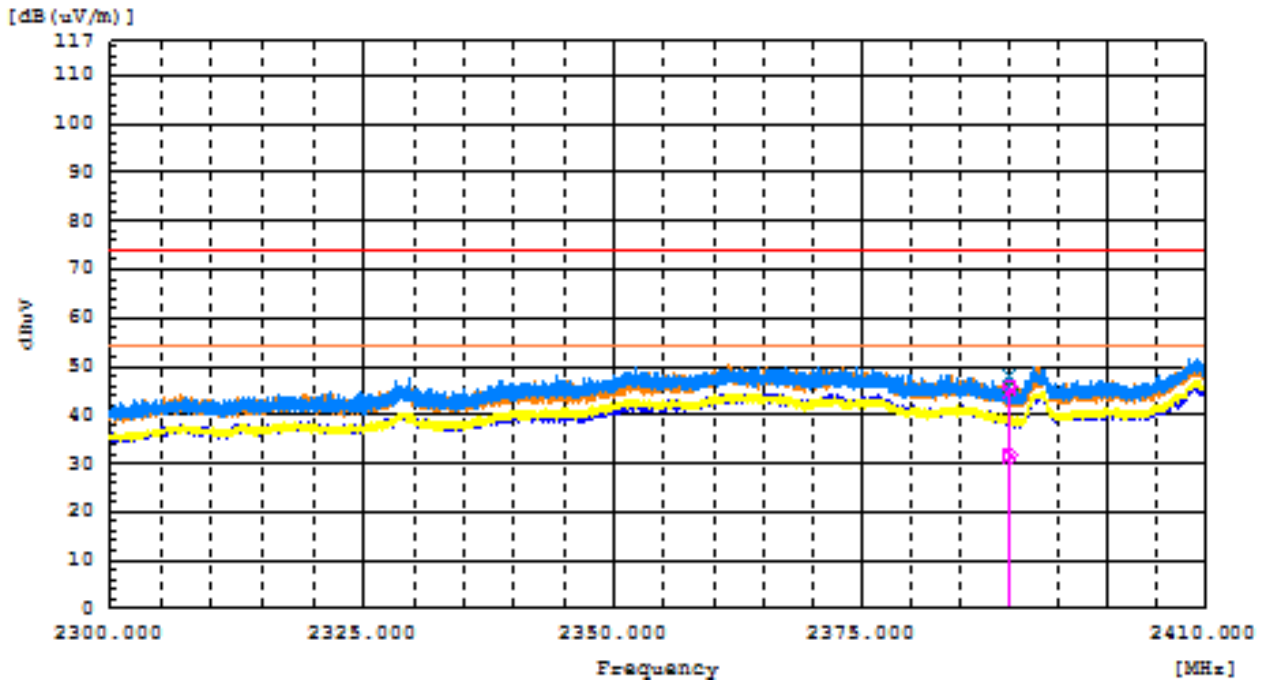
Radiated Restricted Band Edges plot – ANT1 (Ch.15)



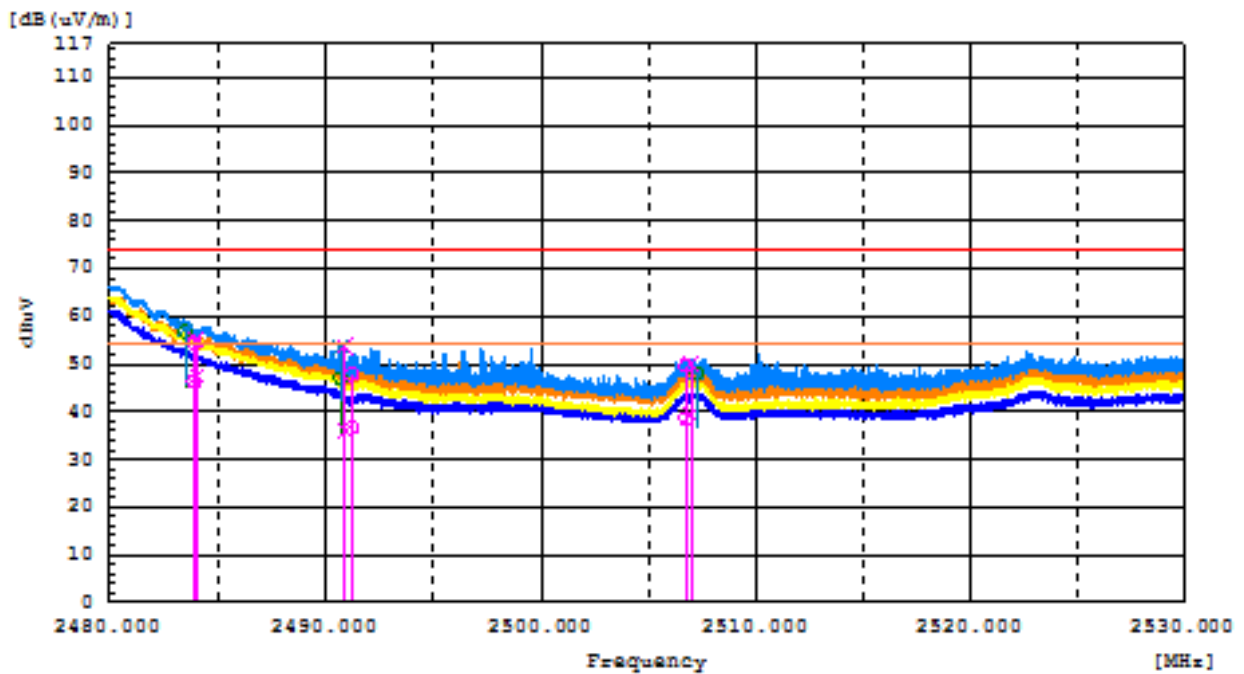
Radiated Restricted Band Edges plot – ANT1 (Ch.25)



Radiated Restricted Band Edges plot – ANT2 (Ch.15)



Radiated Restricted Band Edges plot – ANT2 (Ch.35)





## 9.8 RECEIVER SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

### Frequency Range : Below 1 GHz

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dBuV/m	dBm/m	dBm	(H/V)	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

**Note:**

1. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz were made with an instrument using Quasi peak detector mode.

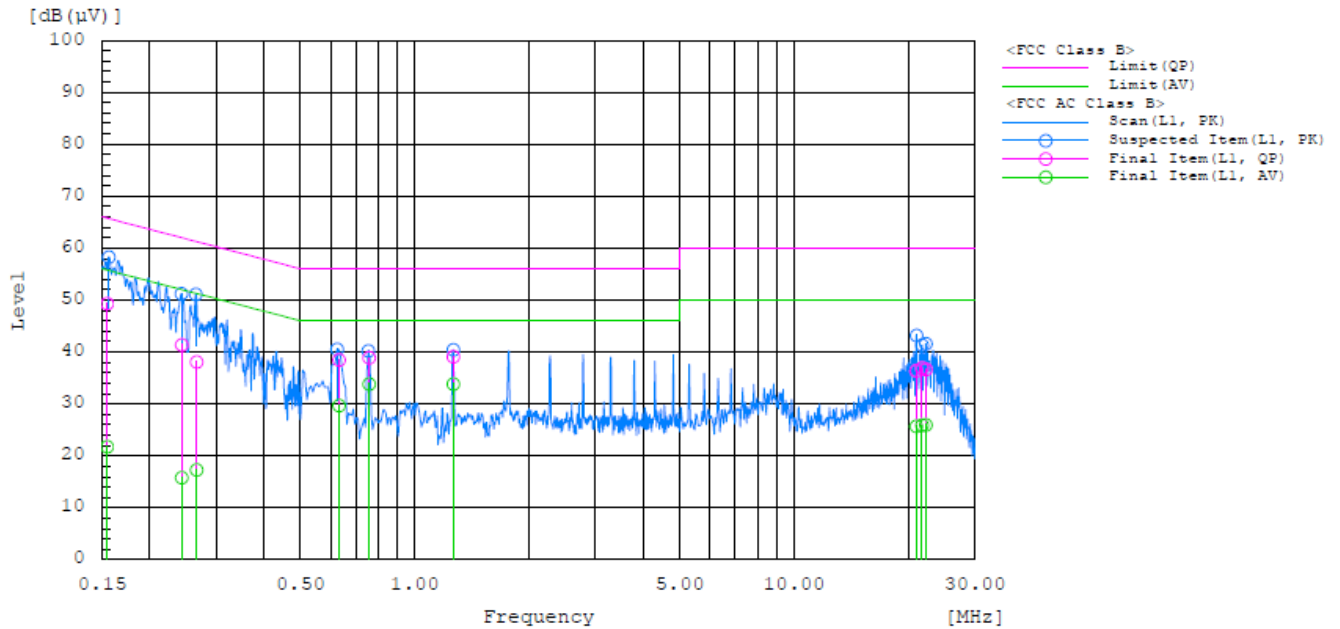
### Frequency Range : Above 1 GHz

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dBuV/m	dBm/m	dBm	(H/V)	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

## 9.9 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Normal Mode – AC Mains Power Port

[ L1 ]

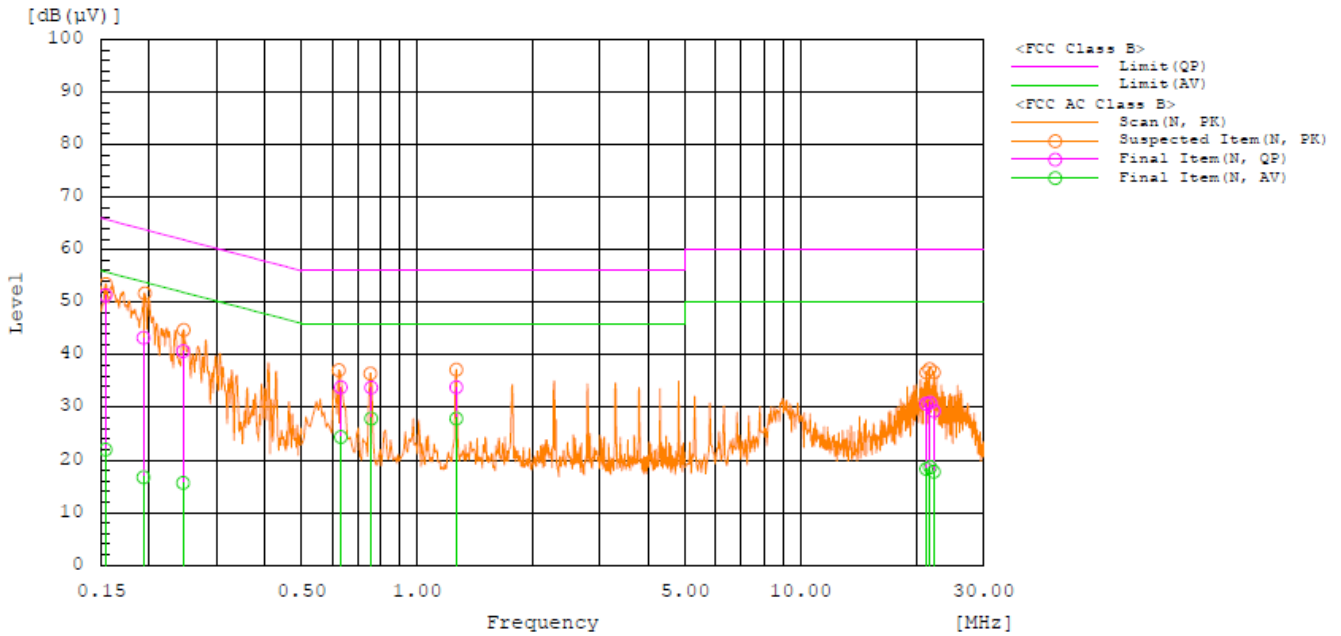


[ Final Results ]

Frequency MHz	Line	Reading dB(µV)		Corr. dB	Level dB(µV)		Limit dB(µV)		Margin dB	
		QP	CAV		QP	CAV	QP	CAV	QP	CAV
0.155	L1	39.7	12.2	9.6	49.3	21.8	65.8	55.8	16.5	34
0.243	L1	31.8	6.2	9.6	41.4	15.8	62	52	20.6	36.2
0.266	L1	28.5	7.7	9.6	38.1	17.3	61.2	51.2	23.1	33.9
0.631	L1	28.9	20.1	9.6	38.5	29.7	56	46	17.5	16.3
0.758	L1	29.3	24.2	9.6	38.9	33.8	56	46	17.1	12.2
1.263	L1	29.4	24.2	9.7	39.1	33.9	56	46	16.9	12.1
20.971	L1	26.3	15.6	10.1	36.4	25.7	60	50	23.6	24.3
21.733	L1	26.8	15.8	10.1	36.9	25.9	60	50	23.1	24.1
22.239	L1	26.6	15.9	10.1	36.7	26	60	50	23.3	24

**Normal Mode – AC Mains Power Port**

[ N ]



[ Final Results ]

Frequency MHz	Line	Reading dB(μV)		Corr. dB	Level dB(μV)		Limit dB(μV)		Margin dB	
		QP	CAV		QP	CAV	QP	CAV	QP	CAV
0.154	N	41.8	12.4	9.6	51.4	22	65.8	55.8	14.4	33.8
0.193	N	33.7	7.2	9.6	43.3	16.8	63.9	53.9	20.6	37.1
0.245	N	31.1	6.1	9.6	40.7	15.7	61.9	51.9	21.2	36.2
0.631	N	24.3	14.8	9.6	33.9	24.4	56	46	22.1	21.6
0.758	N	24.2	18.3	9.6	33.8	27.9	56	46	22.2	18.1
1.263	N	24.2	18.2	9.7	33.9	27.9	56	46	22.1	18.1
21.229	N	20.6	8.3	10.1	30.7	18.4	60	50	29.3	31.6
21.734	N	20.8	8.6	10.1	30.9	18.7	60	50	29.1	31.3
22.218	N	19.3	7.8	10.1	29.4	17.9	60	50	30.6	32.1

## 10. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

No.	Instrument	Model No.	Due to Calibration	Manufacture	Serial No.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Signal Analyzer (20 Hz ~ 40.0 GHz)	ESU40	2019-12-20	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	100529
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Signal Analyzer (3 Hz ~ 40 GHz)	N9020A	2019-11-09	AGILENT	MY52091291
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	BI-LOG Antenna (30 MHz ~ 1 GHz)	JB6	2019-06-27	Schwarzbeck	A060916
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Attenuator (20 dB, DC ~ 26.5 GHz)	8493C	2019-12-20	HP	09072
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	DC power supply	6655A	2020-01-23	HP	KR94907553
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	POWER AMP (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	CBLU1183540B-01	2020-01-18	CERNEX	27974
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	POWER AMP (0.3GHz ~ 1GHz)	PAM-103A	2020-01-18	Com-Power Corporation	18020005
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Horn Antenna (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	DRH-118	2020-05-24	Sunol	A070516
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Loop Antenna (0.009 ~ 30 MHz)	HLA 6121	2020-08-27	Teseq	43964
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Horn Antenna (18 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	DRH-1840	2020-02-20	Sunol	17120
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	POWER AMP (18 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	CBL184050-45-01	2020-02-20	CERNEX, Inc.	43964

**Note:**

1. Equipment listed above that calibrated during the testing period was set for test after the calibration.
2. Equipment listed above that has a calibration due date during the testing period, the testing is completed before equipment expiration date.

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## 11. ANNEX A\_ TEST SETUP PHOTO

Please refer to test setup photo file no. as follows;

No.	Description
1	EMCE-R-1905-F003-P