



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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S Swiss Calibration Service

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE3-577\_Nov08

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 577
Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-06.v12
Calibration date: November 12, 2008
Condition of the calibrated item: In Tolerance
This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)
Primary Standards table with columns: ID #, Cal Date (Certificate No.), Scheduled Calibration
Secondary Standards table with columns: ID #, Check Date (in house), Scheduled Check
Calibrated by: Name (Andrea Guntli), Function (Technician), Signature
Approved by: Name (Fin Bomholt), Function (R&D Director), Signature
Issued: November 12, 2008
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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

### Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics  
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement:* Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.



**DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 $\mu$ V , full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1.....+3mV

DASy measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | X                        | Y                        | Z                        |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| High Range          | 404.437 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2) | 403.882 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2) | 404.321 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2) |
| Low Range           | 3.93985 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2) | 3.94699 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2) | 3.94542 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2) |

**Connector Angle**

|   |                                   |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Connector Angle to be used in DASy system | 268 $^{\circ}$ $\pm$ 1 $^{\circ}$ |
|---|-----------------------------------|



**Appendix**

**1. DC Voltage Linearity**

| High Range        | Input ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 200000                  | 200000.5                  | 0.00      |
| Channel X + Input | 20000                   | 20006.28                  | 0.03      |
| Channel X - Input | 20000                   | -19997.96                 | -0.01     |
| Channel Y + Input | 200000                  | 199999.8                  | 0.00      |
| Channel Y + Input | 20000                   | 20003.35                  | 0.02      |
| Channel Y - Input | 20000                   | -20003.31                 | 0.02      |
| Channel Z + Input | 200000                  | 200000.3                  | 0.00      |
| Channel Z + Input | 20000                   | 20006.28                  | 0.03      |
| Channel Z - Input | 20000                   | -19999.42                 | 0.00      |

| Low Range         | Input ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 2000                    | 2000                      | 0.00      |
| Channel X + Input | 200                     | 200.64                    | 0.32      |
| Channel X - Input | 200                     | -199.61                   | -0.19     |
| Channel Y + Input | 2000                    | 2000                      | 0.00      |
| Channel Y + Input | 200                     | 199.39                    | -0.31     |
| Channel Y - Input | 200                     | -201.03                   | 0.52      |
| Channel Z + Input | 2000                    | 2000                      | 0.00      |
| Channel Z + Input | 200                     | 199.42                    | -0.29     |
| Channel Z - Input | 200                     | -200.73                   | 0.36      |

**2. Common mode sensitivity**

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Common mode Input Voltage (mV) | High Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) |
|-----------|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Channel X | 200                            | 13.38  | 13.83                                       |
|           | - 200                          | -13.53                                       | -13.82                                      |
| Channel Y | 200                            | -5.55  | -6.09                                       |
|           | - 200                          | 5.06   | 5.66  |
| Channel Z | 200                            | -1.00  | -0.72                                       |
|           | - 200                          | -0.80  | -0.52                                       |

**3. Channel separation**

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Channel Y ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Channel Z ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Channel X | 200                | -                           | 1.66                        | 0.50                        |
| Channel Y | 200                | 1.90                        | -                           | 3.95                        |
| Channel Z | 200                | -0.95                       | 0.48                        | -                           |



**4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted**

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 15967            | 16080           |
| Channel Y | 15851            | 16385           |
| Channel Z | 16197            | 16100           |

**5. Input Offset Measurement**

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

|           | Average (μV) | min. Offset (μV) | max. Offset (μV) | Std. Deviation (μV) |
|-----------|--------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Channel X | 1.13         | -1.22            | 2.29             | 0.58                |
| Channel Y | -1.51        | -2.99            | 0.83             | 0.52                |
| Channel Z | 0.02         | -0.89            | 0.92             | 0.38                |

**6. Input Offset Current**

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

**7. Input Resistance**

|           | Zeroing (MOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| Channel X | 0.2000         | 198.6            |
| Channel Y | 0.2001         | 199.4            |
| Channel Z | 0.2000         | 198.8            |

**8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage** (verified during pre test)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) |
|----------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +7.9              |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.6              |

**9. Power Consumption** (verified during pre test)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.0              | +6            | +14               |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01             | -8            | -9                |



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Auden

Certificate No: DAE4-679\_May08

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BA - SN: 679
Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-06.v12
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
Calibration date: May 21, 2008
Condition of the calibrated item: In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Table with 4 columns: Primary Standards, ID #, Cal Date (Certificate No.), Scheduled Calibration. Includes Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702 and Keithley Multimeter Type 2001.

Table with 4 columns: Secondary Standards, ID #, Check Date (in house), Scheduled Check. Includes Calibrator Box V1.1.

Calibrated by: Dominique Steffen, Technician
Approved by: Fin Bomholt, R&D Director

Issued: May 21, 2008

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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DAE data acquisition electronics  
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  - *Input Offset Measurement:* Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.



**DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal  
High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 $\mu$ V , full range = -100...+300 mV  
Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1.....+3mV  
DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | X                        | Y                        | Z                        |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| High Range          | 404.509 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2) | 404.928 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2) | 405.207 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2) |
| Low Range           | 3.98477 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2) | 3.94731 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2) | 3.98878 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2) |

**Connector Angle**

|  |                                   |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Connector Angle to be used in DASYS system | 316 $^{\circ}$ $\pm$ 1 $^{\circ}$ |
|--|-----------------------------------|





**Appendix**

**1. DC Voltage Linearity**

| High Range        | Input ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 200000                  | 199999.5                  | 0.00      |
| Channel X + Input | 20000                   | 20003.57                  | 0.02      |
| Channel X - Input | 20000                   | -19999.29                 | 0.00      |
| Channel Y + Input | 200000                  | 199999.4                  | 0.00      |
| Channel Y + Input | 20000                   | 20003.45                  | 0.02      |
| Channel Y - Input | 20000                   | -20004.32                 | 0.02      |
| Channel Z + Input | 200000                  | 199999.8                  | 0.00      |
| Channel Z + Input | 20000                   | 20002.50                  | 0.01      |
| Channel Z - Input | 20000                   | -20004.27                 | 0.02      |

| Low Range         | Input ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 2000                    | 2000                      | 0.00      |
| Channel X + Input | 200                     | 200.27                    | 0.13      |
| Channel X - Input | 200                     | -199.47                   | -0.27     |
| Channel Y + Input | 2000                    | 1999.9                    | 0.00      |
| Channel Y + Input | 200                     | 199.26                    | -0.37     |
| Channel Y - Input | 200                     | -199.82                   | -0.09     |
| Channel Z + Input | 2000                    | 2000                      | 0.00      |
| Channel Z + Input | 200                     | 199.19                    | -0.41     |
| Channel Z - Input | 200                     | -200.77                   | 0.39      |

**2. Common mode sensitivity**

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Common mode Input Voltage (mV) | High Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) |
|-----------|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Channel X | 200                            | 4.20   | 4.06  |
|           | -200                           | -2.14  | -1.85                                       |
| Channel Y | 200                            | 6.39   | 6.01  |
|           | -200                           | -6.03  | -5.79                                       |
| Channel Z | 200                            | -4.80  | -5.16                                       |
|           | -200                           | 4.08   | 4.80  |

**3. Channel separation**

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Channel Y ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Channel Z ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Channel X | 200                | -                           | 1.42                        | 0.07                        |
| Channel Y | 200                | 1.22                        | -                           | 3.06                        |
| Channel Z | 200                | -1.13                       | 1.08                        | -                           |



**4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted**

DASy measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 16182            | 17365           |
| Channel Y | 15398            | 16603           |
| Channel Z | 16047            | 16211           |

**5. Input Offset Measurement**

DASy measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10M $\Omega$

|           | Average ( $\mu$ V) | min. Offset ( $\mu$ V) | max. Offset ( $\mu$ V) | Std. Deviation ( $\mu$ V) |
|-----------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Channel X | 1.05               | -1.09                  | 2.60                   | 0.50                      |
| Channel Y | -0.43              | -2.28                  | 1.41                   | 0.66                      |
| Channel Z | -0.33              | -2.83                  | 1.40                   | 0.56                      |

**6. Input Offset Current**

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

**7. Input Resistance**

|           | Zeroing (MOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| Channel X | 0.2000         | 198.9            |
| Channel Y | 0.2000         | 197.7            |
| Channel Z | 0.1999         | 196.5            |

**8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage** (verified during pre test)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) |
|----------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +7.9              |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.6              |

**9. Power Consumption** (verified during pre test)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.0              | +6            | +14               |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01             | -8            | -9                |



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: ET3-1787\_Aug08

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object ET3DV6 - SN:1787
Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL-23.v3 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date: August 26, 2008
Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Table with 4 columns: Primary Standards, ID #, Cal Date (Certificate No.), Scheduled Calibration. Includes items like Power meter E4419B, Power sensor E4412A, Reference 3 dB Attenuator, etc.

Calibrated by: Katja Pokovic, Technical Manager
Approved by: Niels Kuster, Quality Manager

Issued: August 26, 2008

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

- TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point
Polarization phi phi rotation around probe axis
Polarization theta theta rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., theta = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization theta = 0 (f <= 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f <= 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from +/- 50 MHz to +/- 100 MHz.
Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.



ET3DV6 SN:1787

August 26, 2008

# Probe ET3DV6

## SN:1787

|                  |                 |
|------------------|-----------------|
| Manufactured:    | May 28, 2003    |
| Last calibrated: | August 28, 2007 |
| Recalibrated:    | August 26, 2008 |

Calibrated for DASYS Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASYS2 system!)



ET3DV6 SN:1787

August 26, 2008

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1787

Sensitivity in Free Space<sup>A</sup>

Diode Compression<sup>B</sup>

|       |              |                       |       |       |
|-------|--------------|-----------------------|-------|-------|
| NormX | 1.63 ± 10.1% | μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> | DCP X | 90 mV |
| NormY | 1.67 ± 10.1% | μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> | DCP Y | 93 mV |
| NormZ | 2.18 ± 10.1% | μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> | DCP Z | 92 mV |

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

|   |                              |        |        |
|---|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance |                              | 3.7 mm | 4.7 mm |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | Without Correction Algorithm | 11.3   | 7.5    |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | With Correction Algorithm    | 0.8    | 0.5    |

TSL 1750 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

|   |                              |        |        |
|---|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance |                              | 3.7 mm | 4.7 mm |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | Without Correction Algorithm | 10.1   | 6.5    |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | With Correction Algorithm    | 0.8    | 0.6    |

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center 2.7 mm

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

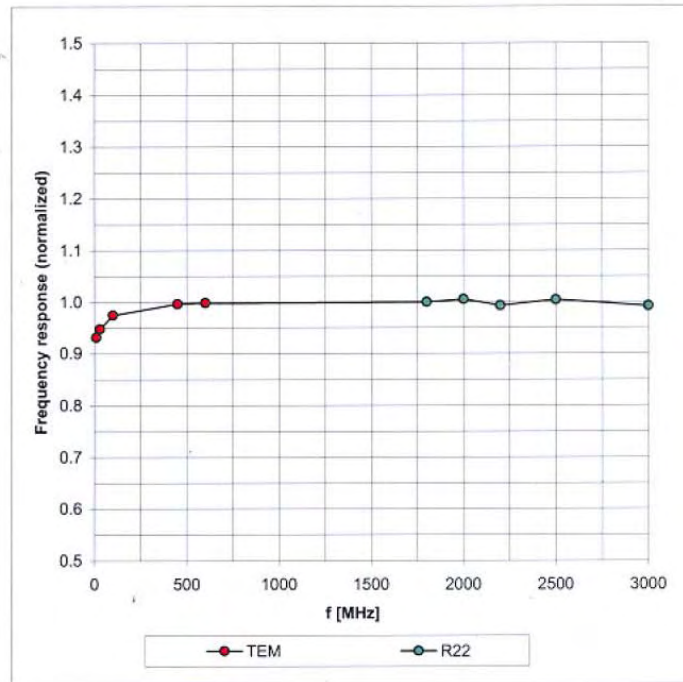


ET3DV6 SN:1787

August 26, 2008

### Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



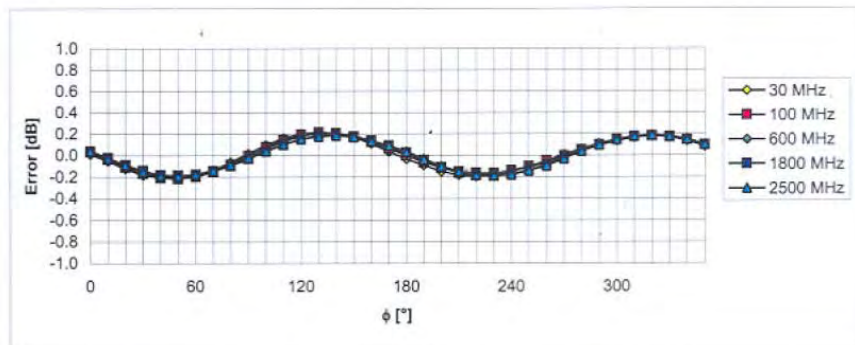
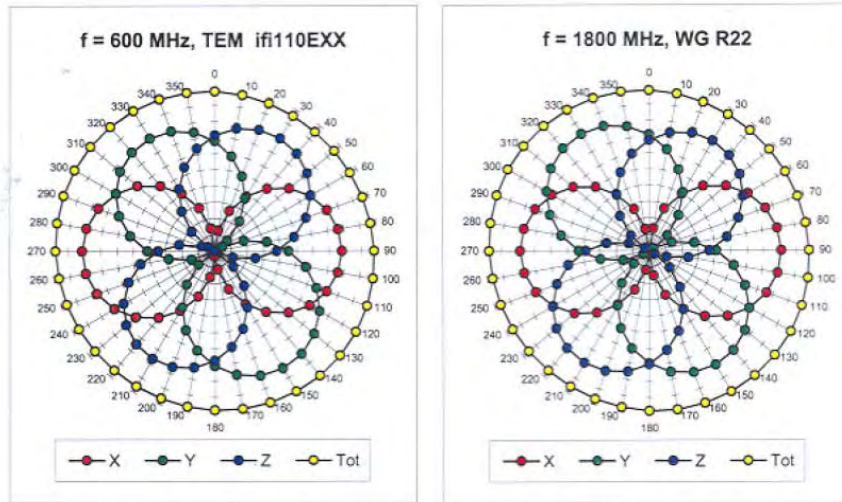
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)



ET3DV6 SN:1787

August 26, 2008

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

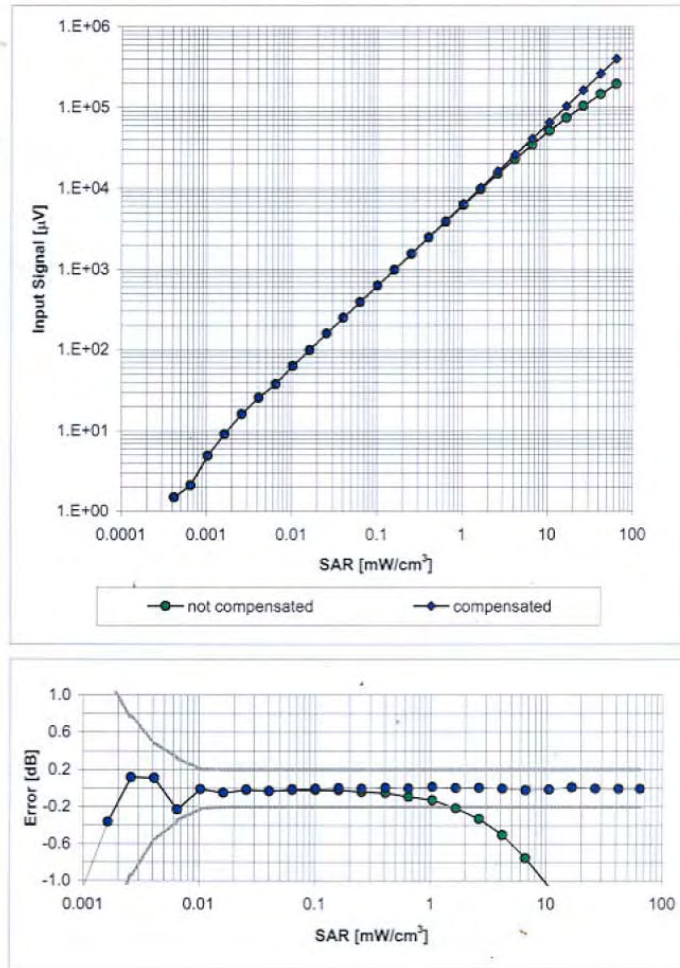




ET3DV6 SN:1787

August 26, 2008

### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



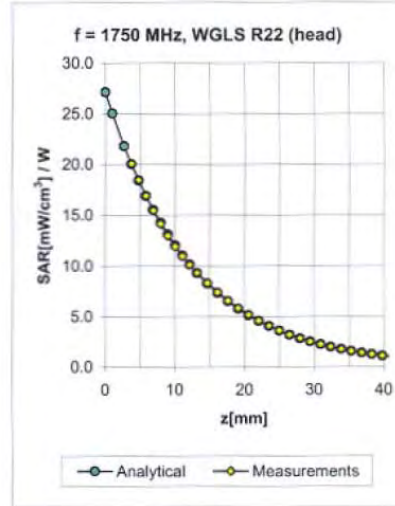
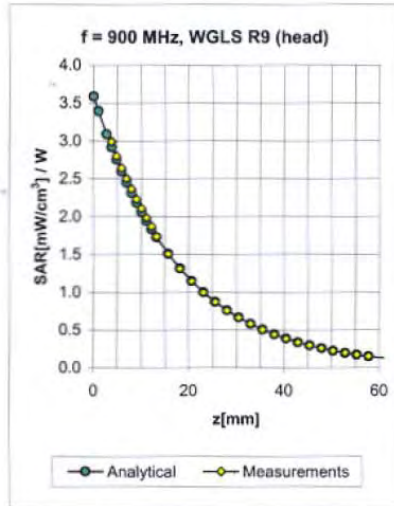
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



ET3DV6 SN:1787

August 26, 2008

### Conversion Factor Assessment



| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] <sup>c</sup> | TSL  | Permittivity | Conductivity | Alpha | Depth | ConvF Uncertainty  |
|---------|-----------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|-------|-------|--------------------|
| 900     | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 41.5 ± 5%    | 0.97 ± 5%    | 0.30  | 2.80  | 6.06 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1750    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 40.1 ± 5%    | 1.37 ± 5%    | 0.53  | 2.11  | 5.36 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1950    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 40.0 ± 5%    | 1.40 ± 5%    | 0.59  | 1.96  | 5.01 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 2450    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 39.2 ± 5%    | 1.80 ± 5%    | 0.77  | 1.57  | 4.49 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 900     | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 55.0 ± 5%    | 1.05 ± 5%    | 0.31  | 2.98  | 5.91 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1750    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 53.4 ± 5%    | 1.49 ± 5%    | 0.60  | 2.20  | 4.73 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1950    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 53.3 ± 5%    | 1.52 ± 5%    | 0.68  | 1.95  | 4.49 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 2450    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 52.7 ± 5%    | 1.95 ± 5%    | 0.90  | 1.51  | 3.79 ± 11.0% (k=2) |

<sup>c</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

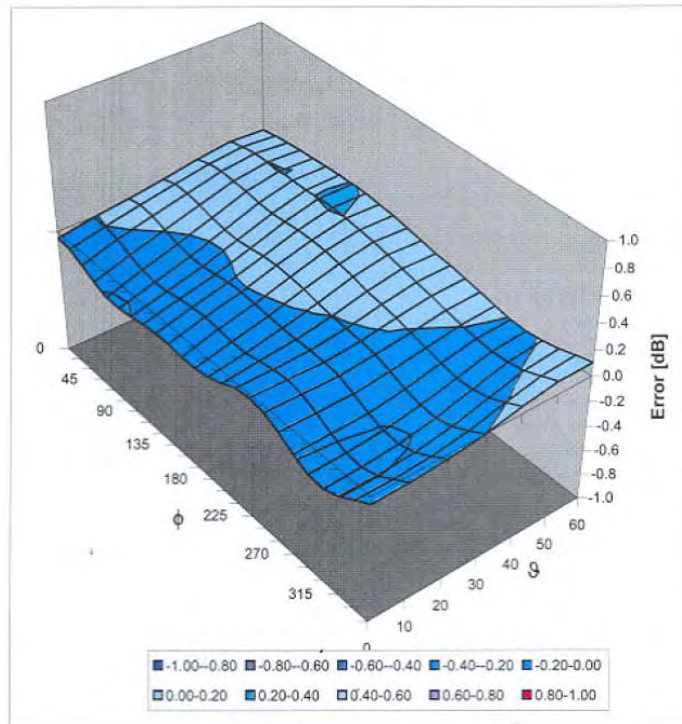


ET3DV6 SN:1787

August 26, 2008

### Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error ( $\phi$ ,  $\theta$ ),  $f = 900$  MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst, C Service suisse d'etalonnage, S Servizio svizzero di taratura, S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS), The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3514\_Jan08

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: EX3DV3 - SN:3514
Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL.14.v3
Calibration date: January 31, 2008
Condition of the calibrated item: In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Table with 4 columns: Primary Standards, ID #, Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.), Scheduled Calibration. Lists various power meters, sensors, attenuators, and probes with their respective IDs and calibration dates.

Table with 4 columns: Secondary Standards, ID #, Check Date (in house), Scheduled Check. Lists RF generator and Network Analyzer with their IDs and check dates.

Calibrated by: Katja Pokovic, Technical Manager
Approved by: Niels Kuster, Quality Manager

Issued: January 31, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

**Glossary:**

|                          |  |
|--------------------------|--|
| TSL                      | tissue simulating liquid   |
| NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>    | sensitivity in free space  |
| ConF                     | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>   |
| DCP                      | diode compression point  |
| Polarization $\phi$      | $\phi$ rotation around probe axis  |
| Polarization $\vartheta$ | $\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>:** Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not effect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub> = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>:** DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:** Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy):** in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset:** The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.



EX3DV3 SN:3514

January 31, 2008

# Probe EX3DV3

## SN:3514

|                  |                   |
|------------------|-------------------|
| Manufactured:    | December 15, 2002 |
| Last calibrated: | February 21, 2007 |
| Recalibrated:    | January 31, 2008  |

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)



EX3DV3 SN:3514

January 31, 2008

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 SN:3514

Sensitivity in Free Space<sup>A</sup>

Diode Compression<sup>B</sup>

|       |               |                       |       |       |
|-------|---------------|-----------------------|-------|-------|
| NormX | 0.650 ± 10.1% | μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> | DCP X | 95 mV |
| NormY | 0.690 ± 10.1% | μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> | DCP Y | 93 mV |
| NormZ | 0.580 ± 10.1% | μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> | DCP Z | 96 mV |

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL 2300 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

|   |                              |        |        |
|---|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance |                              | 2.0 mm | 3.0 mm |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | Without Correction Algorithm | 5.9    | 3.3    |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | With Correction Algorithm    | 0.5    | 0.8    |

TSL 2600 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 11 % per mm

|   |                              |        |        |
|---|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance |                              | 2.0 mm | 3.0 mm |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | Without Correction Algorithm | 6.3    | 3.4    |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | With Correction Algorithm    | 0.1    | 0.3    |

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center 1.0 mm

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8)

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

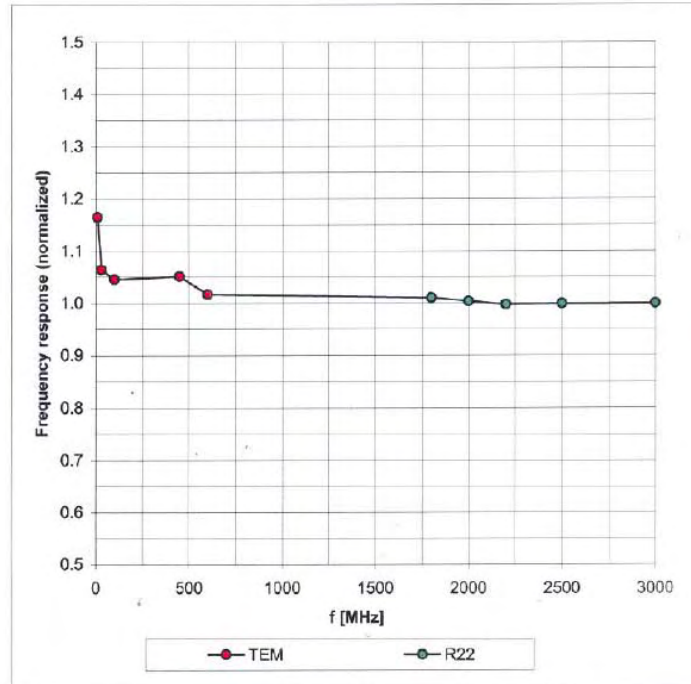


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### Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

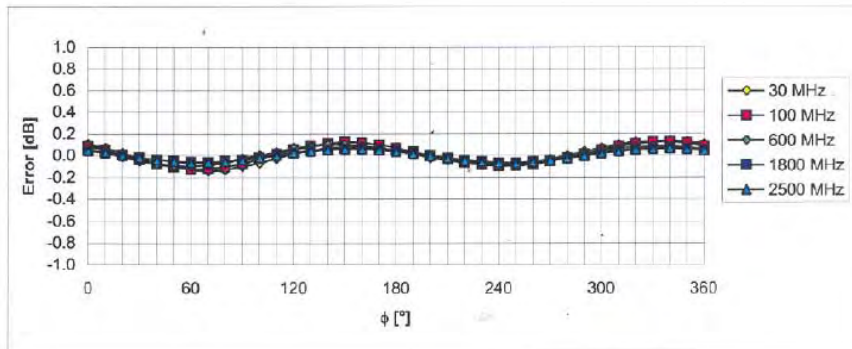
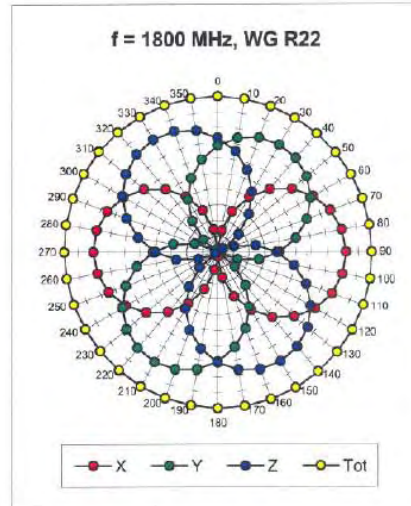
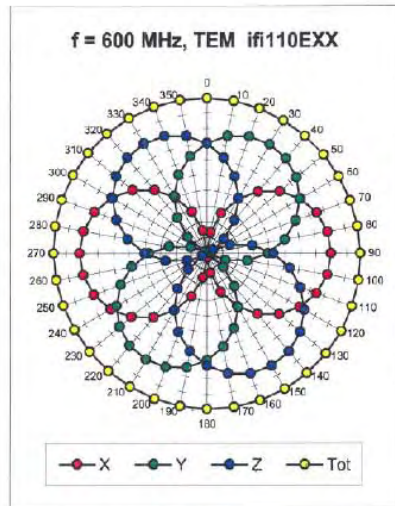




EX3DV3 SN:3514

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### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



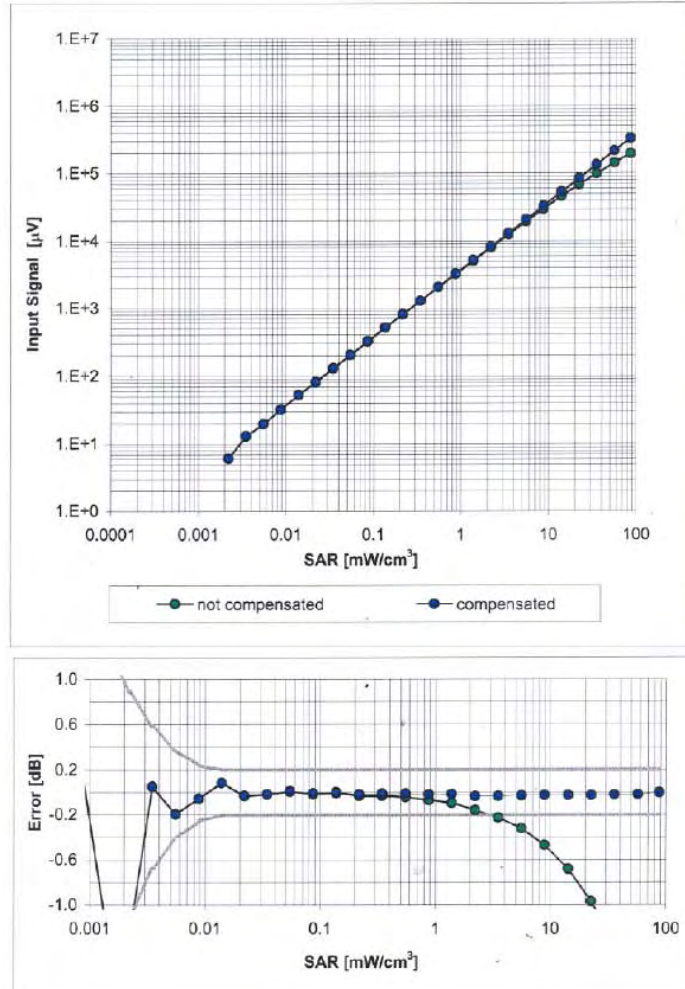
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )



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January 31, 2008

### Dynamic Range $f(SAR_{head})$ (Waveguide R22, $f = 1800$ MHz)

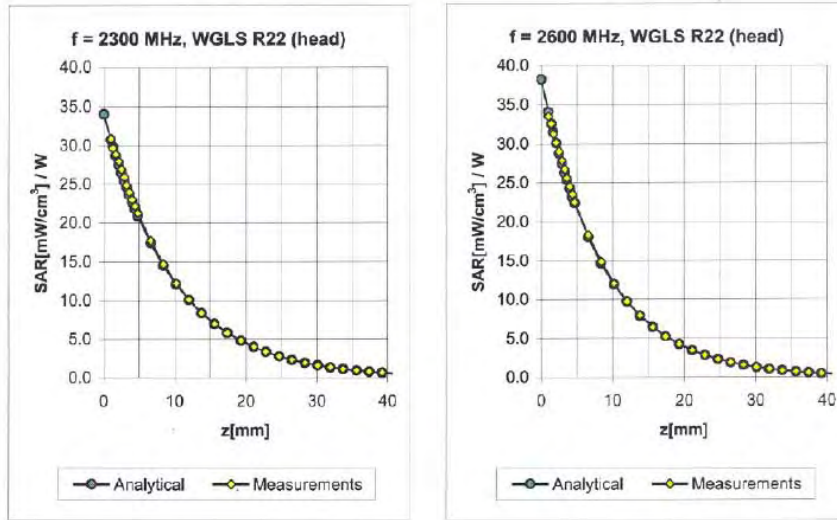


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

EX3DV3 SN:3514

January 31, 2008

### Conversion Factor Assessment



| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] <sup>c</sup> | TSL  | Permittivity | Conductivity | Alpha | Depth | ConvF Uncertainty  |
|---------|-----------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|-------|-------|--------------------|
| 2300    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 39.4 ± 5%    | 1.71 ± 5%    | 0.76  | 0.52  | 7.73 ± 11.8% (k=2) |
| 2600    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 39.0 ± 5%    | 1.96 ± 5%    | 0.62  | 0.60  | 7.31 ± 11.8% (k=2) |
| 3500    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 37.9 ± 5%    | 2.91 ± 5%    | 0.36  | 1.03  | 7.09 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 2300    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 52.8 ± 5%    | 1.85 ± 5%    | 0.63  | 0.64  | 7.59 ± 11.8% (k=2) |
| 2600    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 52.5 ± 5%    | 2.16 ± 5%    | 0.52  | 0.76  | 6.91 ± 11.8% (k=2) |
| 3500    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 51.3 ± 5%    | 3.31 ± 5%    | 0.40  | 1.33  | 6.32 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5200    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 49.0 ± 5%    | 5.30 ± 5%    | 0.35  | 1.70  | 4.34 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5300    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 48.9 ± 5%    | 5.42 ± 5%    | 0.38  | 1.70  | 4.06 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5500    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 48.6 ± 5%    | 5.65 ± 5%    | 0.43  | 1.70  | 3.98 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5600    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 48.5 ± 5%    | 5.77 ± 5%    | 0.35  | 1.70  | 4.19 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5800    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 48.2 ± 5%    | 6.00 ± 5%    | 0.30  | 1.70  | 4.20 ± 13.1% (k=2) |

<sup>c</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

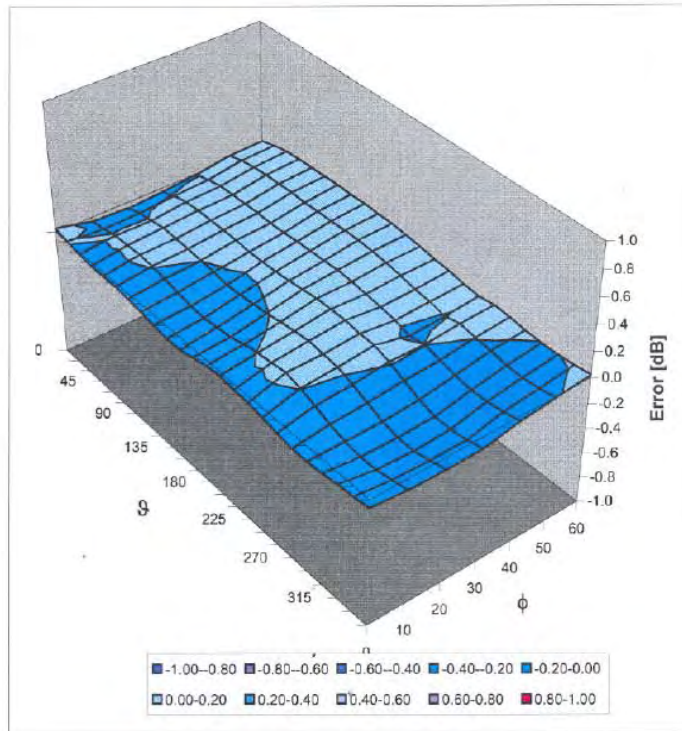


EX3DV3 SN:3514

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### Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error ( $\phi$ ,  $\theta$ ),  $f = 900$  MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )