# M230 Operation Manual

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#### NOTE

The information in this manual is subject to change without notice.

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### Preface

This manual contains information that will help you operate the computer. It is divided into 8 chapters and 2 appendices.

- Chapter 1, **Getting Started**, takes you through the process of setting up the computer and identifying its external components.
- Chapter 2, **Operating Your Computer**, tells you how to use the computer's components and features.
- Chapter 3, Managing Power, provides information on power.
- Chapter 4, **Expanding Your Computer**, provides information on installing and using peripheral devices.
- Chapter 5, **Using BIOS Setup**, describes the SCU program that configures the computer's BIOS settings.
- Chapter 6, **Installing Software Drivers**, describes how to install the drivers and utilities supplied with the computer.
- Chapter 7, **Caring for the Computer**, gives you tips in care and maintenance.
- Chapter 8, **Troubleshooting**, gives solutions to common problems you may encounter when using the computer.
- Appendix A, **Specifications**, gives a brief specification of the computer.
- Appendix B, **Regulatory Information**, provides regulatory statements and safety notices on your computer.

### Notational Conventions

Throughout this manual, the following conventions are used to distinguish elements of text.

NOTE: identifies additional information that requires special attention.

CAUTION: identifies important information that, if not followed, may result in loss of data or damage to the computer.

Keyboard keys are shown in a bold typeset. For example:

Press Enter to complete.

When keys are joined by a plus sign (+), press the first key, and, while keeping the first key down, press the remaining keys, finally release all the keys. When necessary, keys are also shown in graphics.

A title, command, setup item, or button that you can see on the screen is shown in boldface. A value or an option that you can select for a setup item is shown in italic. For example:

Select **Power Schemes**, set it to *Portable/Laptop*, and then click the **OK** button.

# CHAPTER 1

## **Getting Started**

Congratulations on purchasing this computer.

This high performance notebook computer is especially designed for the practical applications of warehouses, automobiles, vehicles, public security, repairing, assisting the handicapped, and other demanding situations where conventional notebook computers just cannot measure up.

This chapter first tells you step by step how to get the computer up and running. You will find instructions for these procedures:

- Unpacking
- Connecting to AC power
- Opening the cover
- Turning on the computer
- Turning off the computer

Then, you will find a section briefly introducing the external components of the computer. And the last section navigates you to the information you may need after the computer is ready for use.

### Getting the Computer Running

This section guides you through the procedures for getting the computer ready for operation.

#### Unpacking

After unpacking the shipping carton, you should find these standard items:

- Notebook computer
- Accessories:
  - AC adapter (100~240 VAC, 50/60 Hz)
  - AC power cord (US/CE/UK/SA)
  - Car adapter (option)
  - Extra battery pack (option)
  - Touchscreen pen (option)
  - Driver CD
  - This Operation Manual
  - Vehicle docking (option)
  - Office docking (option)
  - Carrying bag (option)

Inspect all the items. If any item is damaged or missing, notify your dealer immediately.

Keep the shipping carton and packing materials in case you need to ship or store the computer in the future.

### Connecting to AC Power

The computer operates either on the external AC power or internal battery power. It is suggested that you use AC power when you start up the computer for the first time.

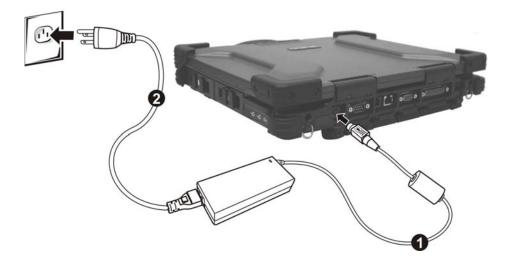
**CAUTION:** Use only the AC adapter included with your computer. Using other AC adapters may damage the computer.

#### NOTE:

**Power Supply Cord:** (optional) Detachable, minimum 1.5 m long. Listed, rated minimum 125 V, 7 A, having a 2/18 AWG, type SVT flexible cord. One end terminates with a parallel blade, molded-on, attachments plug with a 7 A, 125 V (NEMA 1-15P) configuration; other end terminates with a molded-on appliance coupler.

**Alternative:** (optional) Detachable, maximum 4.5 m (14.76 ft) long. Listed, rated minimum 250 V, 6 A, having a 3/18 AWG, type SVT flexible cord. One end terminates with a Tandem blade, grounding, listed molded-on, attachments plug with a 6 A, 250 V (NEMA 6-15P) configuration; other end terminates with a molded-on appliance coupler.

- 1. Make sure the computer is turned off.
- 2. Plug the DC cord of the AC adapter to the power connector on the rear side of the computer (**①**).
- 3. Plug the female end of the AC power cord to the AC adapter and the male end to an electrical outlet (2).



4. When the AC adapter is connected, the indicator on the AC adapter lights up, indicating that power is being supplied from the electrical outlet to the AC adapter and onto your computer. Now, you are ready to turn on the computer.

#### CAUTION:

- When you disconnect the AC adapter, disconnect from the electrical outlet first and then from the computer. A reverse procedure may damage the AC adapter or the computer.
- When unplugging the connector, always hold the plug head. Never pull on the cord.

**NOTE:** When the AC adapter is connected, it also charges the battery pack. For information on using battery power, see Chapter 3.

#### Opening the Cover

**CAUTION**: Be gentle when opening and closing the cover. Opening it vigorously or slamming it shut could damage the computer.

- 1. Open the top cover by pushing on the top portion of the cover latch, and then pulling on the bottom portion of the cover latch.
- 2. Lift up the cover. You can tilt the cover forward or backward for optimal viewing clarity.



#### Powering the Computer

#### Turning On

- 1. Make sure the computer is connected to AC power.
- 2. Press the power button.



3. Each time the computer is turned on, it performs a Power-On Self Test (POST), and the operating system such as Windows should start.

#### Turning Off

To turn off the computer power, use the "Shut Down" command of your operating system.

**NOTE:** There are other ways you can stop the computer so that you will be back to where you left off when you next turn on the computer. (See "Stopping the Computer" in Chapter 2 for information.)

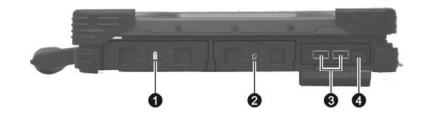
**CAUTION:** If you have to turn the computer on again immediately after turning it off, wait for at least five seconds. Turning the computer off and on rapidly can damage it.

### Taking a Look at the Computer

This section identifies the external components of the computer and briefly describes the function of each component.

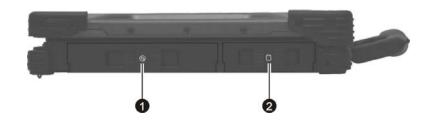
**NOTE**: Depending on the model you purchased, the appearance of your computer may not exactly be the same as those shown in this manual.

### **Right-Side Components**



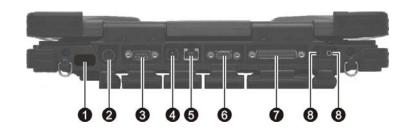
Ref	Component	Description	See Also
0	Primary Battery Pack	Supplies power to your computer when external power is not connected.	P. 3-5
0	PC Card Slot	Accepts a PC card for additional functions.	P. 4-10
€	USB Ports	Each of the two ports connects a USB device, such as a USB floppy drive, USB disk, printer, digital camera, joystick, and more.	P. 4-3
4	PS/2 Port	Connects a PS/2 keyboard and/or mouse.	P. 4-4

### Left-Side Components



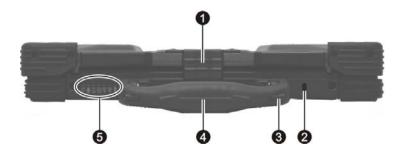
Ref	Component	Description	See Also
0	CD/Combo/ DVD Dual Drive	Accepts a compact disc (CD) for installing or loading software, accessing data, and playing music/video.	P. 2-17
	Secondary Battery Pack	You can purchase a secondary battery pack that supplies power to your computer when external power is not connected.	P. 3-6
0	Hard Disk Drive Slot	Inside is the hard disk drive of your computer.	P. 2-14

### Rear Components



Ref	Component	Description	See Also
0	IR Port	Connects an IrDA-compliant device for wireless data transfer.	P. 4-7
0	Power Connector	Connects the AC adapter.	P. 1-3
€	Serial Port	Connects a serial device, such as an external modem.	P. 4-6
4	RJ-11 Connector	Connects the telephone line.	P. 2-29
6	RJ-45 Connector	Connects the LAN cable.	P. 2-25
6	VGA Port	Connects an external monitor.	P. 4-2
0	Parallel Port	Connects a parallel device, such as a printer.	P. 4-5
8	Audio Output Connector	Connects a set of headphones, external speakers with amplifier, an audio recording device for audio output.	P. 2-24
Ø	Microphone Connector	Connects an external microphone.	P. 2-24

### Front Components



Ref	Component	Description	See Also
0	Top Cover Latch	Locks the top cover.	P. 1-4
0	Kensington Lock	Locks the computer to a stationary object for security.	P. 7-2
€	Touchscreen Pen (option)	Provides a convenient way to use the touchscreen. Can be stretched for better grip and handling.	P. 2-12
4	Handle	Allows you to carry your computer for an easy grip.	

Ref	Comp	onent	Description	See Also
0	Device Indicato	rs	Show the current status of the computer's devices.	
		Å	AC power indicator.	P. 3-2
		>	Glows green when the computer is using AC power.	
			Glows red when the computer, using AC power, is in Standby mode.	
	-	\$÷	Battery Charge Indicator	P. 3-3
			Glows green when the battery is fully charged and connected to AC power.	
			Glows amber when the battery is being charged.	
		ſ	Battery Power Indicator	P. 3-7
			Glows green when the computer is using battery power.	
			Blinks amber when the battery is almost completely discharged.	
	-	0	CD/Combo/DVD Dual drive in-use indicator	P. 2-17
	-	WLAN	Wireless LAN (Local Area Network) indicator	P. 2-27
	-	WWAN	Wireless modem indicator	P. 2-30
	-	р Ю	Wired LAN indicator	P. 2-25

### Bottom-Side Components



Ref	Component	Description	See Also
0	Stereo Speaker Set	Sends out sound and voice from the computer.	P. 2-20
0	Memory Slot	Contains the memory slot for expanding the memory size of your computer.	P. 4-12
€	Docking Connector (POGO)	For connecting to a Port Replicator / car mount (both are available as an option).	
4	Release Knob	Allows you to remove the CD/Combo/DVD Dual drive as well as eject the secondary battery pack (option).	P. 2-14 P. 3-6

Ref	Component	Description	See Also
6	???	???	
6	SIM Card Slot	Contains the SIM card slot for using the GPS function.	P. 2-26

### Top-open Components



Ref	Component	Description	See Also
0	<b>Power Button</b>	Turns the computer power ON and OFF.	P. 1-5

Getting Started

Ref	Component	Description	See Also
0	Keyboard	Serves as the data input device of the computer.	P. 2-4
₿	Touchpad	Serves as the pointing device of the computer.	P. 2-9
4	Device Indicators	Show the current status of the computer's devices.	
		Power On Indicator	P. 1-5
		Glows green when the computer is on.	
		Glows red when the computer is in Standby mode.	-
	Q	Hard Disk Drive Indicator	P. 2-14
		Blinks green when the hard disk drive is active.	
		Blinks red when the hard disk heater is on.	
		Scroll Lock indicator	P. 2-4
	N	Num Lock indicator	P. 2-4
	Â	Caps Lock indicator	P. 2-4
6	LCD Screen	Displays the output of the computer. Can also have the optional touchscreen function.	P. 2-21 P. 2-12

l

### Where to Go from Here

As your computer is ready for operation, you may want to do any of the following now:

For this purpose	Do this
To know more about the computer	Go on to the next chapter.
To install the operating system if your dealer has not already done so	See the operating system manual.
To know more about the operating system	Read the operating system manual.
To install the drivers if your dealer has not already done so	See Chapter 6.
To charge the battery pack for the first time	See "Charging the Battery Pack" in Chapter 3.

|\_\_\_ \_\_| . \_\_\_\_|



## **Operating Your Computer**

This chapter provides information about the use of the computer.

If you are new to computers, reading this chapter will help you learn the operating basics. If you are already a computer user but are new to notebook computers, you may choose to read only the parts containing information unique to your computer.

Described in this chapter are the operating basics of these components:

- Keyboard
- Touchpad
- Touchscreen
- Hard disk drive
- Optical drive

And these features:

- Starting and stopping the computer
- Video features
- Audio features
- Communication features

### Starting and Stopping the Computer

There are a number of ways to start and stop the computer.

#### Starting the Computer

You always start the computer using the power button.

A computer starts up with an operating system (OS) existing on the storage device such as the hard disk; or from a CD disc if you have the respective modules installed. The computer will automatically load the OS after you turn it on. This process is called booting.

**NOTE:** An operating system is the platform for all your software application programs to run on. The most widely used operating system today is Microsoft Windows.

### Stopping the Computer

When you finish a working session, you can stop the computer by turning off the power or leaving the computer in Standby or Hibernation mode:

To stop in this mode…	Do this	To start up or resume again
Off	Follow the shutdown procedure of your operating system. This can prevent loss of unsaved data or damage to your software programs.	Press the power button.
	If the system is locked up because of hardware or software problems, press the power button at least 4 seconds to turn off the computer.	
Standby	<ul> <li>Depending on your settings in Windows, you can place the computer in Standby mode by:</li> <li>Closing the display cover</li> <li>Pressing Fn+F10</li> <li>Pressing the power button</li> </ul>	Press any key.

To stop in this mode	Do this	To start up or resume again
Hibernation	<ul> <li>Depending on your settings in Windows, you can place the computer in Hibernation mode by:</li> <li>Closing the display cover</li> <li>Pressing Fn+F10</li> <li>Pressing the power button</li> </ul>	Press the power button.

If you choose to stop in Standby or Hibernation mode, you can return to where you left off the next time you start up the computer. (See "Power Management" in Chapter 3 for more information.)

### Using the Keyboard

**NOTE:** Your computer features backlight for your keyboard to help you see the keyboard keys during poor lighting conditions. Press **Fn+F1** to turn it on/off (see Hot Keys later in this chapter).

Your keyboard has all the standard functions of a full-sized computer keyboard plus a Fn key added for specific functions.

The standard functions of the keyboard can be further divided into four major categories:

- Typewriter keys
- Cursor-control keys
- Numeric keys
- Function keys

#### Typewriter Keys

Typewriter keys are similar to the keys on a typewriter. Several keys are added such as the Ctrl, Alt, Esc, and lock keys for special purposes. When the lock keys (Caps Lock, Num Lk, and Scroll Lk) are pressed, their corresponding indicators light up.

The Control/Alternate key is normally used in combination with other keys for program-specific functions. The Escape key is usually used for stopping a process. Examples are exiting a program and canceling a command. The function depends on the program you are using.

### Cursor-Control Keys



**NOTE:** The word "cursor" refers to the indicator on the screen that lets you know exactly where on your screen anything you type will appear. It can take the form of a vertical or horizontal line, a block, or one of many other shapes.

### Numeric Keypad

A 15-key numeric keypad is embedded in the typewriter keys as shown next:



Numeric keys facilitate entering of numbers and calculations. When Num Lock is on, the numeric keys are activated; meaning you can use these keys to enter numerals.

#### NOTE:

- When the numeric keypad is activated and you need to type the English letter in the keypad area, you can turn Num Lock off or you can press Fn and then the letter without turning Num Lock off.
- Some software may not be able to use the numeric keypad on the computer. If so, use the numeric keypad on an external keyboard instead.

#### Euro Symbol

You can press the Euro dollar sign  $\in$  on the keyboard.

- To press the Euro sign on the keyboard, hold down either of the Alt keys and type 0128 on the numeric keypad of your keyboard.
- To press the Euro sign on an UK keyboard, hold down the Alt Gr key and press 4 (which has an Euro sign on it).

#### Windows Keys

The keyboard has two keys that perform Windows-specific functions: Windows Logo key and Application key.

The **F** Windows Logo key opens the Start menu and performs software-specific functions when used in combination with other keys. The Application key usually has the same effect as a right mouse click. (See your Windows manual for more information.)

### **Function Keys**

On the top row of the keys are the function keys: F1 to F12. Function keys are multi-purpose keys that perform functions defined by individual programs.

### Fn Key

The Fn key, at the lower left corner of the keyboard, is used with another key to perform the alternative function of a key. The letter "Fn" and the alternative functions are identified by the color of blue on the keytop. To perform a desired function, first press and hold Fn, then press the other key.

#### Hot Keys

Hot keys refer to a combination of keys that can be pressed any time to activate special functions of the computer. Most hot keys operate in a cyclic way. Each time a hot key combination is pressed, it shifts the corresponding function to the other or next choice.

You can easily identify the hot keys with the icons imprinted on the keytop. The hot keys are described next.

Key	Description
Fn F1	Switches the optional keyboard backlight function on/off with 10 levels of brightness in-between.
Fn <b>F3</b>	Decreases the sound volume.
Fn	Increases the sound volume.
Fn <b>F5</b>	Decreases the LCD brightness.
Fn F6	Increases the LCD brightness.
Fn F7	Switches the LCD backlight on and off
Fn <b>F8</b>	Switches the LCD on and off.

Key	Description
Fn	Switches the display output to one of the following when an external device is connected.
	Upon booting the system with CRT:
	$ \begin{array}{c c} & LCD \\ \hline \\ & LCD & CRT \\ \hline \\ & LCD & CRT \\ \hline \end{array} $
	<ul> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Fn+F9 will not work when playing a DVD/MPEG movie.</li> <li>Using the VGA utility's "Graphics Properties" to switch the display output is not allowed.</li> <li>Display switching when in full screen (maximize view) DOS mode is not allowed.</li> <li>If the display mode is set to 256 colors or lower, or in DOS mode, there will be only two modes for selecting: CRT only and LCD &amp; CRT.</li> <li>This function only applies to Plug &amp; Play CRT monitors.</li> </ul>
F10 Fn	Serves as the sleep button that you can define with Windows' <b>Power Management</b> . (See the "Power Management" in Chapter 3.)
Fn WLAN	Switches the wireless LAN radio on and off.
Fn GPS	Switches the optional GPS function on and off.

### Using the Touchpad

**CAUTION:** Do not use a sharp object such as a pen on the touchpad. Doing so may damage the touchpad surface.

**NOTE:** For optimal performance of the touchpad, keep your fingers and the pads clean and dry. When tapping on the pad, tap lightly. Do not use excessive force.

The touchpad is a pointing device that allows you to communicate with the computer by controlling the location of the pointer on the screen and making selection with the buttons.



The touchpad consists of a rectangular pad and two buttons. To use the touchpad, place your forefinger or thumb on the pad. The rectangular pad acts like a miniature duplicate of your display. As you slide your fingertip across the pad, the pointer (also called cursor) on the screen moves accordingly. When your finger reaches the edge of the pad, simply relocate yourself by lifting the finger and placing it on the other side of the pad.

Here are some common terms that you should know when using the touchpad:

Term	Action
Point	Move your finger on the pad until the cursor points to the selection on the screen.
Click	Press and release the left button.
	-or-
	Tap gently anywhere on the pad.
Double-	Press and release the left button twice in quick succession.
click	-or-
	Tap twice on the pad rapidly.
Drag and drop	Press and hold the left button, then move your finger until you reach your destination (drag). Finally, release the button (drop) when you finish dragging your selection to the destination. The object will drop into the new location.
	-01-
	Gently tap twice on the pad and on the second tap, keep your finger in contact with the pad. Then, move your finger across the pad to drag the selected object to your destination. When you life your finger from the pad, the selected object will drop into place
Scroll	To scroll is to move up and down or left and right in the working area on the screen.
	To move vertically, place your finger on the right edge of the pad and slide your finger up and down along the edge. To move horizontally, place your finger on the bottom edge of the pad and slide your finger left and right.
	This function works only after you install the touchpad driver supplied with the computer and it may not work for all applications.

**TABLE NOTE:** If you swap the left and right buttons, "tapping" on the touchpad as an alternative method of pressing the left button will no longer be valid.

## Configuring the Touchpad

You may want to configure the touchpad to suit your needs. For example, if you are a left-handed user, you can swap the two buttons so that you can use the right button as the left button and vise versa. You can also change the size of the on-screen pointer, the speed of the pointer, and so on.

To configure the touchpad, you can use the standard Microsoft or IBM PS/2 driver if you are using Windows.

Operating Your Computer

# Using the Touchscreen (Optional)

**NOTE:** Make sure the "Serial Port COM3 (Touchscreen)" item is set properly in the SCU program. (See "Advanced Menu" in chapter 5 for information.)

**CAUTION:** Do not use a sharp object such as a ballpoint pen or pencil on the touchscreen. Doing so may damage the touchscreen surface. Use the included touchscreen pen (option) located on the handle.

The touchscreen is a touch-sensitive device that allows you to communicate with the computer by controlling the location of the pointer on the screen and making selection with the buttons.



The touchscreen needs a special device driver support that allows you to easily use the computer without a mouse or touchpad. (For information on installing the driver, see Chapter 6.)

Here are some common terms that you should know when using the touchscreen:

Term	Action
Click/Point	Tap gently on the touchscreen.
Double-click	Tap twice on the touchscreen rapidly.
Drag and drop	Press lightly on the touchscreen and move your finger until you reach your destination (drag). Finally, release your finger (drop) when you finish dragging your selection to the destination. The object will drop into the new location.
Scroll	To scroll is to move up and down or left and right in the working area on the screen.
	To move vertically, place your finger on the right edge of the touchscreen and slide your finger up and down along the edge. To move horizontally, place your finger on the bottom edge of the touchscreen and slide your finger left and right.
	This function works only after you install the touchscreen driver supplied with the computer and it may not work for all applications.

# Using the Hard Disk Drive

Your computer comes with a removable hard disk drive as drive C. A hard disk drive is a storage device with non-removable, rotating, magnetic storage platters inside it. It is where your operating system and application software programs are stored.

Your hard disk drive is a 2.5-inch IDE (Integrated Drive Electronics) hard disk drive. This type of drive embodies the latest in fast, reliable mass storage by integrating all the control circuitry necessary for operation directly onto the drive itself. This allows the drive manufacturer to carefully optimize drive performance.

The system comes with a built-in heater that automatically turns on for low temperature operation. The HDD indicator ( $\bigcirc$ ) blinks red when heater is on.

NOTE:

- To use the HDD heater feature, the MTCCTRL driver supplied with your computer must be installed (see chapter 6 for details).
- Make sure the "HDD Heater" item is set properly in the SCU program. (See "Advanced Menu" in chapter 5 for information.)

#### CAUTION:

- Make regular backups of your data files from your hard disk drive to USB disks or other storage media.
- Never try to remove or install the hard disk drive while the computer is powered on. Doing so can result in loss of data, and can damage the computer and the hard disk drive's sensitive circuitry.
- Never turn off or reset the computer while the hard disk drive in-use indicator is on.

## Replacing the Hard Disk Drive

To replace the hard disk drive:

- 4. Make sure that system power is off.
- 5. Remove the battery pack (see chapter 3 for details).
- 6. Locate the hard disk drive slot on the left side of the system.

7. Open the hard disk drive slot cover by pressing on both sides of the release latch using your thumb and index fingers.



8. Pull on the ribbon film to remove the hard disk drive compartment.



9. Remove the three front and two rear screws securing the hard disk drive to the compartment and remove the compartment cover.



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- 10. Place the new hard disk drive into the compartment and tighten the three front and two rear screws.
- 11. Slide the HDD compartment into the slot until it reaches the end.
- 12. Close the hard disk drive slot cover to secure the HDD compartment.

# Using the Optical Drive

Depending on the model, your computer comes with a CD, Combo drive, or DVD dual recorder located on the left side of the computer. This drive is usually configured as drive D.

The drive uses removable 5.25-inch silver discs, which look like standard music discs. It is an ideal medium to use for distributing multimedia because of the huge amount of data that a disc can store.

Depending on the model, your drive is one of the following:

- CD drive can read CDs, audio CDs, CD-R, and CD-RW discs.
- **Combo drive** can work both as a CD drive (reading DVD discs in addition to CDs, audio CDs and CD-R/-RW discs), and also as a CD recorder (writing to CD-R/-RW discs).
- **DVD Dual drive** besides the Combo drive function, can write to DVD+R/+RW/-R/-RW discs.

**NOTE:** If the CD/Combo/DVD Dual drive would be operating for more than half an hour (such as showing a DVD title), use the AC power source instead of the battery. If not, the battery may run out of power before the operation is complete.

CAUTION:

- When inserting a disc, do not use force.
- Make sure the disc is correctly inserted into the tray, and then close the tray.
- Do not leave the CD tray open. Also, avoid touching the lens in the tray with your hand. If the lens becomes dirty, the disc may malfunction.
- Do not wipe the lens using materials with rough surface (such as paper towel). Instead, use a cotton swab to gently wipe the lens.

FDA regulations require the following statement for all laser-based devices: "Caution, Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure."

**NOTE:** The CD/Combo/DVD Dual drive is classified as a Class 1 laser product. This label is located on the drive.



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**NOTE:** For Combo/DVD Dual drive only. This product incorporates copyright protection technology that is protected by method claims of certain U.S. patents and other intellectual property rights owned by Macrovision Corporation and other rights owners. Use of this copyright protection technology must be authorized by Macrovision Corporation, and is intended for home and other limited viewing uses only unless otherwise authorized by Macrovision Corporation. Reverse engineering or disassembly is prohibited.

## Installing the Optical Drive

To install the optical drive:

- 1. Make sure that the computer is off.
- 2. Locate the optical drive bay on the left side of the computer.
- 3. Open the optical drive bay cover by pressing on both sides of the release latch using your thumb and index fingers.



If no module is inside the drive bay

4. Insert the optical drive into the drive bay.



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5. Close the optical drive bay cover to secure the drive in place.

If another module is inside the drive bay

- 4. Check to see if any other module is installed in the optical drive bay. If no other module is inside, proceed directly to step 10.
- 5. Close the optical drive bay cover.
- 6. Gently place the computer upside down.
- 7. Open the optical drive bay cover again by pressing on both sides of the release latch using your thumb and index fingers.
- 8. Lift up the handle of the optical drive release knob and turn it counter-clockwise.



9. Pull out the existing module.



10. Insert the optical drive into the drive bay (**0**) and return the release knob (**2**).

11. Close the optical drive bay cover to secure the drive in place.

## Inserting and Removing a Disc

Follow this procedure to insert or remove a disc.

- 1. Turn on the computer.
- 2. Locate the optical drive bay on the left side of the computer.
- 3. Open the optical drive bay cover by pressing on both sides of the release latch using your thumb and index fingers.



4. Press the eject button and the drive tray will slide out partially. Gently pull on it until it is fully extended.

5. To insert a disc, place down the disc in the tray with its label facing up. Slightly press the center of the disc until it clicks into place.



To remove a disc, hold the disc by its outer edge and lift it up from the tray.

6. Gently push the tray back into the drive.

**NOTE:** In the unlikely event that you are unable to release the drive tray by pressing the eject button, you can manually release the disc. (See "Optical Drive Problems" in Chapter 8.)

# Using the Video Features

The video subsystem of your computer features:

- 14.1-inch TFT (Thin-Film Transistor) color LCD display with 1024×768 XGA (Extended Video Graphics Array) resolution, or 15-inch TFT color LCD display with 1400×1050 SXGA+ (Super Extended Video Graphics Array) resolution.
- 64 MB shared with system memory.
- LCD backlight to help you see the display during poor lighting conditions. Press Fn+F7 to turn it on/off (see Hot Keys in this chapter).
- Simultaneous display on LCD and external monitor, which is useful when you have a presentation as you can control the screen from your computer and face the audience at the same time.
- Dual view capability, which allows you to expand your desktop on the screen to another display device so that you have more desktop space to work on.
- Power Management.
- Touchscreen function (option).
- High contrast LCD display (option for 14.1-inch panel).

#### NOTE:

- To take advantage of the enhanced video capabilities and before using the dual view capability, the device driver supplied with your computer must be installed (see chapter 6 for details).
- The computer enters Standby or Hibernation mode when the LCD is closed. If you
  want to use the computer with the LCD closed, set *None* to the "When I close the lid
  of my portable computer" option in the **Power Management** Properties. Thus the
  computer does not enter Standby or Hibernation mode when the LCD is closed.

## Configuring the Display Modes

**NOTE:** When using CRT only, the resolution would depend on the supported resolution by the CRT.

Your computer has been set to a default resolution and number of colors before shipment. You can view and change display settings through your operating system. See your operating system documentation or online help for specific information.

For displaying in higher resolutions, you can connect an external CRT monitor that supports higher resolutions. (See "Connecting an External Monitor" in Chapter 4 for more information.)

Display Mode		LCD Only	CRT Only	Simultaneous Display
Resolution	Colors			
1024×768	16-bit	$\checkmark$		
	32-bit	$\checkmark$		
1400×1050	16-bit			
	32-bit	$\checkmark$		
1600×1200	16-bit			
	32-bit	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	

The following table lists the display modes supported by your computer.

#### TABLE NOTE:

• 16-bit = High Color or 65,536 (64 K) colors; 32-bit = True Color 16,770,000 (16 M) colors.

• When using CRT only, the resolution would depend on the supported resolution by the CRT.

# Using the Audio Features

#### NOTE:

- To take advantage of the enhanced audio capabilities, the device driver supplied •
- with your computer must be installed (see chapter 6 for details). If you experience interference while recording, try lowering the microphone • recording volume.

The audio subsystem of your computer features:

- External audio connectors  $(\mathbf{0})$  on the rear, and •
- A set of speakers  $(\mathbf{Q})$  on the bottom side

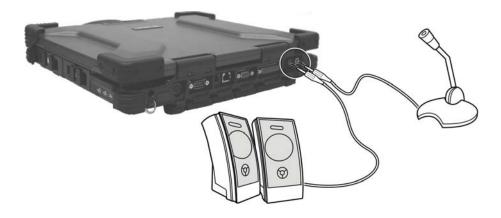


Ways of playing and recording sound vary with the operating system used. See your operating system documentation or online help for specific information.

## **Connecting Audio Devices**

For higher audio quality, you can send or receive sound through external audio devices.

**NOTE:** After connecting an external audio device, make sure that you specify the use of the correct audio device in Windows.



- Audio Output Connector ((((→))→) can be connected to the line-in connector of powered speakers with built-in amplifiers, headphones, or earphone set.
- Microphone Connector ( ) can be connected to an external microphone for recording voice or sound.

**NOTE**: When using external speakers/headphones or microphone, you cannot use the internal one.

# Using the Communication Features

## Using the LAN

**NOTE:** To take advantage of the LAN (Local Area Network) feature, the device driver supplied with your computer must be installed (see chapter 6 for details).

The internal 10/100/1000Base-T Ethernet module allows you to connect your computer to a network. It supports data transfer rate up to 1000 Mbps.

To connect the network cable to the LAN module, connect one end of the LAN cable to the RJ-45 connector on the computer and the other end to the network hub. The LAN indicator  $\begin{pmatrix} \square \\ \square \end{pmatrix}$  glows to indicate that the computer is ready for LAN connection.



## Using the Wireless LAN (WLAN)

An internal Mini PCI wireless LAN module have been pre-installed by your computer manufacturer at the factory. This allows you to access corporate networks or the Internet in a wireless environment.

The WLAN features include:

- Peer-to-Peer (Ad-Hoc) and Access Point (Infrastructure) modes support
- WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) 64/128-bit data encryption

Technology	802.11a	802.11b	802.11g
Stated Maximum Throughput (Mbps)	54	11	54
Data Rates (Mbps)	54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9, 6	11, 5.5, 2, 1	54, 36, 18, 9
Band (GHz)	5.15 ~ 5.35	2.412 ~ 2.462	2.4
Modulation Technology	OFDM (Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing)	DSSS (Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum)	OFDM (Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing)

• IEEE 802.11a/b/g standard compliance

NOTE: 802.11g mode is backward compatible with 802.11b mode.

To take advantage of the WLAN feature, make sure that the PROSet driver is installed correctly (see Chapter 6 for details). If your WLAN module was provided by your dealer instead of the computer manufacturer, contact your dealer for the correct driver to use.

#### Configuring the WLAN

After driver installation, you can use the WLAN utility to configure and monitor your WLAN connection. If you are using Windows XP, you can also use its built-in WLAN utility. Follow this procedure to launch the WLAN utility in Windows XP:

- 1. Select Control Panel from the Start menu.
- 2. Click Network and Internet Connections.

- 3. Click Network Connections, then double-click the Wireless Network Connection icon .
- 4. Click Properties in the Wireless Network Connection Status dialog box.
- 5. You can configure your WLAN settings in the Wireless Network Connection Properties dialog box.

#### Turning Off/On the WLAN Radio

**NOTE:** The FAA (Federal Aviation Agency) has deemed it unsafe to operate wireless devices in aircraft as this may interfere with flight safety. Remember to turn off wireless LAN when using your computer in the airplane.

Your computer has a built-in Fn+F11 WLAN hot key to switch the WLAN on/off (see "Hot Keys" in Chapter 2). The WLAN indicator ( $\bigvee_{\Psi}$ ) glows to indicate that the computer is ready for WLAN connection.

If you need to temporarily turn off the radio, press Fn+F11. To resume network connection, press Fn+F11 again.

It takes approximately 30 seconds for your computer to make a successful WLAN connection and approximately 10 seconds to disconnect.

#### Connecting to a Wireless Network

To connect to a wireless network:

- 1. Make sure that the WLAN radio is on.
- 2. Click Start and then All Programs.
- 3. Click Intel PROSet Wireless and then Intel PROSet Wireless.

4. If any wireless network is detected, the following window appears on screen.

and the second se	OSet/Wireless	
ile Iools Ady	anced Profiles Help	
3	Wireless networks found. Sele click Connect.	ect one and
- Wirelegs No	Million Contractory	0
	Richard This network has security enabled	8
Connec	t Propgriez	Refresh
	tofiles of previously connected wireless networks, clic atton.	k Profiles

- 5. Click to select a wireless network to connect to, and then click Connect.
- 6. Depending on the settings, you may be asked to enter a wireless security password (encryption key).

For more information on the Intel PROSet Wireless utility, click Help? in the Intel(R) PROSet/Wireless window.

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## Using the Modem

**NOTE:** To take advantage of the modem feature, the device driver supplied with your computer must be installed (see chapter 6 for details).

The internal 56 K fax/data modem allows you to use the telephone line to communicate with others by fax, email, or connect to an online service or bulletin board.

To connect the telephone line to the modem, connect one end of the modem cable to the RJ-11 connector on the computer and the other end to the phone line.



#### NOTE:

- When using communication software, you may have to disable power management.
- Set the COM port of the modem to COM3.
- Set parameters such as modem speed (baud rate) and line type (pulse dialing or tone dialing).
- Do not enter Standby mode when using communication software.

### **Connecting Using GPRS**

Your computer can receive General Packet Radio Services (GPRS), a high-speed data-only service that transmits data over a mobile telephone network. In addition, GPRS provides permanent on-line connection.

To use GPRS, you must have a subscription to the function with a service provider that supports GPRS.

To connect to a GPRS network, you must configure a connection for that service on your computer.

## Using the GPS (Optional)

**NOTE**: To take advantage of the GPS feature, the USB-to-COM driver supplied with your computer must be installed (see chapter 6 for details).

Navigation and positioning are crucial to so many activities. To try to figure out where you are and where you are going, you need GPS technology. The Global Positioning System (GPS) is a worldwide radio-navigation system.

#### Turning On/Off the GPS

Your computer has a built-in Fn+F12 GPS hot key to switch the GPS on/off (see "Hot Keys" in this chapter).

## Using Bluetooth (Optional)

**NOTE:** To take advantage of the Bluetooth feature, the Bluetooth driver supplied with your computer must be installed (see chapter 6 for details).

Depending on your model, your computer may incorporate the Bluetooth capability for short-range (about 10 meters) wireless communications between devices without requiring a cable connection.

With Bluetooth, data can be transmitted through walls, pockets and briefcases as long as two devices are within range. By default, your computer's Bluetooth feature is active (always ON) upon booting your computer and is in the general discoverable and pairable mode. The status of the Bluetooth connection is indicated by the Bluetooth icon located in the system tray in the lower-right part of the screen.

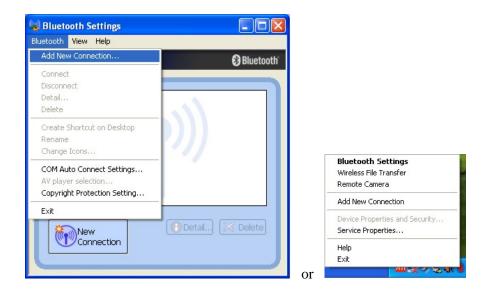
Status	lcon
On	(blue with white logo)
Connected	(blue with green logo)

You can use the Bluetooth Utility to configure Bluetooth connection settings and transfer files.

#### Connecting to Another Bluetooth Device

- 1. Make sure that the target Bluetooth device is turned on, discoverable and within close range. (See the documentation that came with the Bluetooth device.)
- 2. Double-click the **8** icon, then click on New Connection or click on Bluetooth, then Add New Connection . . .

Or right-click the 🖇 icon, and then click on Add New Connection.



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3. The Add New Connection Wizard window appears. Select Express Mode (Recommended), then click on Next.



4. Select the device to connect to and click on Next.



5. Depending on the type of Bluetooth device that you want to connect to, you will need to enter the pertinent information.

## Sending a File

1. Right-click the sicon, and then click Wireless File Transfer. The following screen appears.

Se Wireless File Transfer		Bluetooth
	be used to transfer various files s if they have been ticked.	
File/Folder:		
Rhododendron.bmp		Add Delete
Transfer-enabled devic	e:	
Name Jasper Lin Nokia 7610	Connection method Bluetooth Bluetooth Bluetooth	Search
Cancel		Send

- 2. In the Wireless File Transfer window, click Add to browse for the file to send. The file(s) will show on the File/Folder window.
- 3. Click the target device from the **Transfer-enabled device** window, and then click **Send** to start the transfer procedure.

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😺 Bluetooth Setti		
	Help About	🕄 Bluetooth
Name	Device Name	BDADDR
٢		8
New Connect	tion	al 🔀 Delete

For detailed information on using the Bluetooth Utility, see the Bluetooth Utility Help on your computer by clicking on Help, then  $Help \dots$ 

## HELP FOR ModuleSW PROGRAM

Version: ModuleSW 1.0.1.9

The ModuleSW program can to set BlueTooth/WirelessLan/3G modules power ON or OFF and keep the state to system startup.

There are 5 subitem can be selection. The menu and subitem as follow:



The user can select and click BlueTooth or WirelessLan(WLAN) or 3G subitem to switch module power state.

For example:

If user select and click "3G ON" subitem .ModuleSW will switch 3G module power ON state to OFF and When system startup(or restart), ModuleSW will keep 3G module to power OFF state.



If user select and click "3G OFF" subitem . ModuleSW will switch 3G module power OFF state to ON and When system startup(or restart) ,ModuleSW will keep 3G module to power ON state.



If user move cursor to ModuleSW tray-icon than show BuleTooth/WirelessLan/3G module power state.





# **Managing Power**

Your computer operates either on external AC power or internal battery power.

This chapter tells you how you can effectively manage power. To maintain optimal battery performance, it is important that you use the battery in the proper way.

The topics in this chapter include:

- What is an AC adapter
- How to charge the battery pack
- When and how to initialize the battery pack
- How to check the battery level
- How to replace the battery pack
- What happens when the battery is low and what actions to take
- What is Power Management
- How to save power

# AC Adapter

#### CAUTION:

- The AC adapter is designed for use with your computer only. Connecting the AC adapter to another device can damage the adapter.
- The AC power cord supplied with your computer is for use in the country where you
  purchased your computer. If you plan to go overseas with the computer, consult
  your dealer for the appropriate power cord.
- When you disconnect the AC adapter, disconnect from the electrical outlet first and then from the computer. A reverse procedure may damage the AC adapter or computer.
- When unplugging the connector, always hold the plug head. Never pull on the cord.

The AC adapter serves as a converter from AC (Alternating Current) to DC (Direct Current) power because your computer runs on DC power, but an electrical outlet usually provides AC power. It also charges the battery pack when connected to AC power.

The AC adapter operates on any voltage in the range of 100 ~ 240 V AC.

# **Battery Pack**

The battery pack is the internal power source for the computer. It is rechargeable using the AC adapter.

The operating time of a fully charged battery pack depends on how you are using the computer. When your applications often access peripherals, you will experience a shorter operating time.

**NOTE:** Care and maintenance information for the battery is provided in the "Battery Pack Guidelines" section in Chapter 7.

## Charging the Battery Pack

NOTE:

- Charging will not start if the battery pack's temperature is or above 60 °C (140 °F).
- The charging process will stop and the Battery Charge Indicator flashes amber and green alternatively when the battery's temperature gets above 60 °C (140 °F). If this happens, the battery pack may be damaged. Please contact your dealer.
- During charging, do not disconnect the AC adapter before the battery has been fully charged; otherwise you will get a prematurely charged battery.

To charge the battery pack, connect the AC adapter to the computer and an electrical outlet. The Battery Charge Indicator ( $\begin{bmatrix} \bullet \\ I \end{bmatrix}$ ) on the computer glows amber to indicate that charging is in progress. You are advised to keep the computer power off while the battery is being charged. When the battery is fully charged, the Battery Charge Indicator glows green.

The charging times are as follows:

	Ch	arging Time
Battery Type	Computer is Off	Computer is On and in Idle State as well as when Computer is Off and battery pack's temperature gets above 45 °C (113 °F)
7200 mAh / 11.1 V	2.5 hours (150 minutes)	5.8 hours (350 minutes)

**CAUTION:** After the computer has been fully recharged, do not immediately disconnect and reconnect the AC adapter to charge it again. Doing so may damage the battery.

**NOTE:** The battery level may automatically lessen due to the self-discharge process (0.21 % per day), even when the battery pack is fully charged (100 %). This happens no matter if the battery pack is installed in the computer.

## Initializing the Battery Pack

You need to initialize a new battery pack before using it for the first time or when the actual operating time of a battery pack is much less than expected.

Initializing is the process of fully charging, discharging, and then charging. It can take several hours.

- 1. Make sure the computer power is turned off. Connect the AC adapter to fully charge the battery pack.
- 2. After the battery pack is fully charged, turn on the computer.
- Disconnect the AC adapter and leave the computer on until the battery is fully discharged. The computer will shut down automatically, depending on your settings in Windows.
- 4. Connect the AC adapter to fully charge the battery pack.

## Checking the Battery Level

When two batteries exist on the system, the battery's discharge sequence is from the optional secondary battery (located on the optical drive bay) to the primary battery (located on the right side). When the battery charge on the optional secondary battery falls below 9.1 V, then power usage will switch to the primary battery. When the battery charge on the primary battery falls below 9.1 V, then system will shutdown.

**NOTE:** Any battery level indication is an estimated result. The actual operating time can be different from the estimated time, depending on how you are using the computer.

You can check the approximate battery level using the battery meter function of the operating system. To read the battery level in Windows, click the  $\bigcirc$  icon on the taskbar. (Click the  $\bigcirc$  icon if the computer is using AC power.)

## Replacing the Primary Battery Pack

#### CAUTION:

- There is danger of explosion if the battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace the battery only with the computer manufacturer's optional battery packs. Discard used batteries according to the dealer's instructions. Do not attempt to disassemble the battery pack. •
- •

To replace the primary battery pack, follow these steps:

- 1. Make sure the computer is not turned on or connected to AC power.
- 2. Locate the battery slot on the right side of the system.
- 3. Open the slot cover by pressing on both sides of the release latch using your thumb and index fingers.



4. Pull on the ribbon strip to remove the battery pack and replace it with a new one.



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- 5. Slide the new battery pack all the way into the slot. Make sure to observe the correct orientation (the ribbon strip must face outward for future battery back removal).
- 6. Close the slot cover to secure the battery pack.

## Installing the Secondary Battery Pack

If you often rely on battery power for a long period of time while traveling, you may consider the purchase of an additional battery pack from your dealer and keep it with you in a fully charged state as a backup.

To install the secondary battery pack, follow these steps:

- 1. Make sure the computer is not turned on or connected to AC power.
- 2. Locate the optical drive slot on the left side of the system.
- 3. Gently place the computer upside down.
- 4. Open the slot cover by pressing on both sides of the release latch using your thumb and index fingers.
- 5. Lift up the handle of the optical drive release knob and turn it counter-clockwise.



6. The optical drive will slide out partially. Gently pull on it to remove it.



- 7. Slide the secondary battery pack all the way into the slot. Make sure to observe the correct orientation (the ribbon strip must face outward for future battery pack removal).
- 8. Close the slot cover to secure the secondary battery

**NOTE:** The system supports the secondary battery hot-swap function, providing you the ability to replace the battery even during system on. Hot swap means that you can remove the secondary battery pack and replace it with another one without significant interruption to the system (without turning off the system).

## Battery Low Signals and Actions

Battery Low occurs when the battery has approximately 10 % (Windows default setting) of its charge remaining. The computer gives warning messages and the Battery Power Indicator (

NOTE: You can set up your threshold and signals of Battery Low under Windows.

Immediately save your data upon Battery Low. The remaining operating time depends on how you are using the computer. If you are using the audio subsystem, hard or optical drives, PC card, the battery might run out of charge very quickly.

Always respond to Battery Low by placing your computer on Standby or Hibernation mode, turning off the computer, or connecting the AC adapter.

If you do not take any action, the computer will automatically hibernate and turn off.

#### CAUTION:

- If you are using a flash PC card, do not access the card during battery low periods. This is because the access may take longer than the time it takes the battery to run out of charge, thus making your access to the card unsuccessful.
- out of charge, thus making your access to the card unsuccessful.
  If you fail to save your data when the battery completely runs out of charge, then you lose your data.

Managing Power

# Power Management

Your computer supports ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) for power management. The power management feature allows you to reduce the power consumption for energy saving.

With an ACPI-compliant operating system such as Windows 2000 and Windows XP, power supply to different computer components is controlled on an as-needed basis. This allows maximum power conservation and performance at the same time.

What	When
Power to the hard disk is turned off	When the hard disk has been idle for a set period.
Power to the display is turned off	When the display has been idle for a set period.
The computer enters Standby mode. The hard disk and display are turned	When the entire system has been idle for a set period.
off and the entire system consumes less power.	When you press Fn+F10. *
	When you close the cover. *
	When you press the power button. *
The computer enters Hibernation	When you press the power button. *
mode. (See the next subsection for more information.)	When you press Fn+F10. *
	When you close the cover. *

In general, Windows' power management works in this way:

\* depends on your settings in Windows.

For detailed information on power management, see Windows' Help.

#### Hibernation

Hibernation is a very useful feature. People frequently open many applications when they use computers. It takes some time to get all these applications open and running, and normally they all have to be closed before the system can be turned off.

When you use the hibernation feature, you do not have to close the applications. The computer stores the state of your computer to a file on the hard disk and then shut down. The next time you turn on your computer, you return to exactly where you left off.

# Power-Saving Tips

In addition to your computer's automatic power management, you can do your part to maximize the battery's operating time by following these suggestions.

- Do not disable Power Management.
- Decrease the LCD brightness to the lowest comfortable level.
- Disable the parallel and serial ports if no devices are connected to these ports. (See "Advanced Menu" in Chapter 5.)
- If you work with an application that features wireless connectivity (LAN/modem/GPS/Bluetooth), exit the application when you finish using it.
- If you have a PC card installed, remove it when not in use. Some PC cards drain power even while they are inactive.
- Turn off the computer when you are not using it.

|\_\_\_ \_\_| . \_\_\_\_|



# **Expanding Your Computer**

You can expand the capabilities of your computer by connecting other peripheral devices. When using a device, be sure to read the instructions accompanying the device together with the relevant section in this chapter.

This chapter gives guidelines on installing and using these devices:

- External monitor
- USB device
- Parallel device
- Serial device
- IR device
- IEEE 1394B device
- PC card

## Connecting an External Monitor

If you want the benefits of a larger display screen with higher resolution, you can connect an external CRT monitor to your computer.

Follow this procedure to connect an external monitor:

- 1. Make sure that the computer is not turned on.
- Plug the monitor's D-type signal connector to the computer's VGA port.



- 3. Plug one end of the monitor's power cord into the power socket on the monitor and the other end to an electrical outlet.
- 4. To use the monitor, turn on the monitor before turning on the computer.
- The monitor should respond by default. If not, you can switch the display to the monitor or to both (simultaneous display) by pressing Fn+F9. In Windows, you can also change the display through the settings in Display Properties.
- 6. You can change display settings through your operating system. See your operating system documentation or online help for specific information.

**CAUTION:** Do not disconnect the external monitor while the computer is in Standby mode or Hibernation mode. If no external monitor is connected when the computer resumes, the LCD remains blank and the output is not displayed.

NOTE: Make sure that the device driver is installed correctly (see chapter 6 for details).

## Connecting a USB Device

Your computer has two USB ports that supports transfer rates up to 12 MB/s for USB 1.1 devices and 480 MB/s for USB 2.0 devices, such as digital camera, scanner, printer, modem, and mouse.

USB is specified to be an industry standard extension to the PC architecture. It supports "Plug-and-Play" technology so you can install and remove USB devices without turning off the computer. With its multiple connection capability, up to 127 devices can be connected in a daisy-chain configuration. In addition, you can use a USB hub that converts a single USB connector into multiple ports where USB devices can be connected.

To connect a USB device, simply plug the device cable to one of the USB ports.



## Connecting a Parallel Device

Your computer has a parallel port for connecting a parallel device such as printer. The port supports ECP (Extended Capabilities Port) and EPP (Enhanced Parallel Port) modes that turn the standard parallel port into a high-speed bi-directional peripheral port.

Follow this procedure to connect a parallel device:

- 1. Make sure that the "Parallel Port" item is set properly in the BIOS Setup program. (See "Advanced Menu" in Chapter 5 for information.)
- 2. Make sure the computer is not turned on.
- 3. Plug the parallel device's cable to the computer's parallel port.



- 4. If the parallel device has independent power, plug its power cord into an electrical outlet.
- 5. If the parallel device has its own power switch, turn on the device before turning on the computer.

## Connecting a Serial Device

Your computer has a serial port for connecting a serial device such as an external modem.

Follow this procedure to connect a serial device:

- 1. Make sure the "Serial Port COM1" item is set properly in the SCU program. (See "Advanced Menu" in Chapter 5 for information.)
- 2. Make sure the computer is not turned on.
- 3. Plug the device cable to the serial port on the rear of the computer.
- 4. Turn on the computer.



**NOTE:** Portable modems that derive power through the serial port cannot be used with the computer. Instead, use a modem that is powered by its own internal battery or external AC power.

Expanding Your Computer

## Connecting an IR Device

Your computer has an IR (infrared) port for connecting an infrared-equipped device wirelessly such as another computer, printer, or PDA (Personal Digital Assistant).

Follow this procedure to connect an IR device:

- 1. Make sure that the "Serial Port COM2 (FIR)" item is set properly in the SCU program. (See "Advanced Menu" in Chapter 5 for information.)
- 2. When using the IR port of your computer to receive data: Place the transmitting device where its IR port faces the IR port of your computer within the effective range – within ±20-degrees vertical angle and within ±20-degrees horizontal angle at no greater than 0.8~1.0 meter distance.

When using the IR port of your computer to transmit data: Place the receiving device where the IR port of your computer faces its IR port within the effective range – within  $\pm 15$ -degrees vertical angle and within  $\pm 15$ -degrees horizontal angle at no greater than  $0.8 \sim 1.0$  meter distance.



To take advantage of the IR communications, you need a third party software.

- NOTE: During infrared communication, take note of the following:
  Do not move the computer and IR device.
  Do not enter Standby mode.
  Do not use a cell phone or another IR device near the computer.
  Avoid strong light such as sunlight or fluorescent light.
  Disable the screen saver.

Expanding Your Computer

## Connecting an IEEE 1394B Device

#### NOTE:

- Your IEEE 1394B port will only function under Windows XP SP2. It is also Windows Vista ready.
- Make sure that the 1394B driver is installed correctly (see chapter 6 for details).
- To connect an IEEE 1394A (also known as FireWire 400) device to the computer's IEEE 1394B (also known as FireWire 800) port, you need an optional FireWire 800/FireWire 400 bilingual cable.

Your computer has an IEEE 1394B port for connecting IEEE 1394B devices.

IEEE 1394B is the next-generation serial bus standard, featuring high-speed data transfer that doubles the throughput of the original IEEE 1394A interface (from 400 Mbit/sec to 800 Mbit/sec) and dramatically increases the maximum distance of connections (up to 15 feet away, while a FireWire 800 optical repeater will connect devices up to 1000 meters (3300 feet) away). It allows connection of up to 63 devices. The applications include mass storage device, digital video (DV) camcorder, or a digital audio device.

To connect an IEEE 1394B device, prepare an IEEE 1394B cable. Plug the appropriate end of the cable to the computer's IEEE 1394B connector and the other end to the device's corresponding connector.



## Using PC Cards

Your computer has a PC card slot.

PC cards are credit card-sized peripheral products based on the standards developed by PCMCIA (Personal Computer Memory Card International Association). PCMCIA is a non-profit association for promoting the interchangeability among mobile computers where ruggedness, low power, and small size are critical.

### PC Card Type

Your computer's PC card slot can accommodate two type II card or one type II card and one smart card (option). Typical type II cards are flash memory, SRAM, modem, LAN, and SCSI cards.

#### CardBus Support

Your computer's PC card slot supports CardBus specifications. CardBus is the 32-bit version of PC card technology. It allows speeds of up to 133 Mbps at 33 MHz. Typical applications are SCSI host bus and high-speed network cards.

## Inserting and Removing a PC Card

#### NOTE:

- Some PC cards require additional system resources. Before using such PC card, you may have to free other system resources for the PC card.
- Although some PC cards can be inserted and removed without turning off the computer, you cannot remove or install PC cards during Standby mode.

#### To insert a PC card:

1. Locate the PC card slot on the right side of the computer.

2. Open the PC card slot cover by pressing on both sides of the release latch using your thumb and index fingers.



3. Slide the PC card, with its label facing up, into the slot until the eject button pops out.



4. When a new card is seated, the computer will detect it and try to install the appropriate driver. Follow the on-screen instructions to complete the process.

To remove a PC card:

- 1. Double-click on the Safely Remove Hardware icon found on the Windows XP taskbar and the Safely Remove Hardware window appears on screen.
- 2. Select (highlight) the PC card from the list to disable the card.
- 3. Push the eject button and the card will slide out slightly.
- 4. Pull the card out of the slot.

## System Memory Upgrade

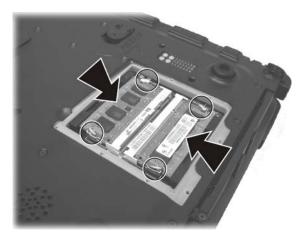
You can upgrade your computer by changing system memory to a maximum of 2 GB on the two 200-pin 400/533 MHz DDR2 SO-DIMM slots.

To install the SO-DIMM:

- 1. Carefully place the notebook computer upside down.
- 2. Remove the nine screws to detach the SO-DIMM compartment cover.



3. To install the SO-DIMM, match the SO-DIMM's notched part with the socket's projected part and firmly insert the SO-DIMM into the socket at a 20-degree angle. Then push down until the retaining clips lock the SO-DIMM into position.



4. Replace the SO-DIMM compartment cover and secure with nine screws.



# Setup Configuration Utility (SCU)

SCU is a program for configuring the BIOS (Basic Input/Output System) settings of the computer.

BIOS is a layer of software, called firmware, that translates instructions from other layers of software into instructions that the computer hardware can understand. The BIOS settings are needed by your computer to identify the types of installed devices and establish special features.

This chapter tells you how to use the SCU program.

## When and How to Use the SCU Program

#### When to Use

You need to run the SCU program when:

- You see an error message on the screen requesting you to run Setup.
- You want to restore the factory default settings.
- You want to modify some specific settings according to the hardware.
- You want to modify some specific settings to optimize system performance.

#### Starting SCU

#### NOTE:

- The Setup screens shown in this chapter are for your reference only. The actual items or settings on your computer may differ.
- The Setup program may have been updated after the publication of this manual.
- The settings you select in your operating system might override similar settings in Setup.

To run SCU, press F2 when the prompt appears in the lower left corner of the screen during system startup. The prompt shows up on the screen for only a few seconds. You must press F2 quickly. The SCU menu appears as shown next.

Setup Configuration Utility (SCU)

Main Advanced Boot	Exit	
System Time:	[16:34:08]	Item Specific Help
System Date: IDE Channel 0 Master IDE Channel 1 Master	[07/07/2006] [TOSHIBA MK4032GSX-(S1)] [USDA 770 DVD/CDRW-(SM)]	<tab>, <shift-tab>, or <enter> selects field.</enter></shift-tab></tab>
System Memory: Extended Memory:	640 KB 1038336 KB	
System BIOS Version: KBC/EC BIOS Version:	R1.01T7 R1.01f	
1 Help ↓↑ Select Item sc Exit ↔ Select Menu	+/- Change Values Enter Select ► Sub-Menu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit

The SCU menu can be divided into four areas:

- On the top is the menu bar containing the titles of the available menus. Each menu title brings a specific menu.
- The center column of the menu displays the current configuration information of the system, devices, and memory items.
- The right column of the menu provides more detailed information when a menu item is highlighted.
- On the bottom keyboard keys are displayed for navigating the screen.

## Moving Around and Making Selections

In most cases, you must go through two levels to complete the setting for an item: menu title and submenu.

Use the keyboard to move around and make selections. A brief description of keyboard usage is listed next:

Key	Function	
$\leftarrow,\rightarrow$	Selects a menu title.	
$\uparrow$ , $\downarrow$	Selects an item or option.	
+, -	Changes the value.	
Enter	<ol> <li>Brings up the sub-menu when available.</li> <li>Opens or closes the option window when an item is selected.</li> </ol>	
Esc	<ol> <li>Displays the Exit menu.</li> <li>Closes the option window if one is open.</li> </ol>	
F1	Displays help information.	
F9	Changes the values to the setup defaults.	
F10	Saves and exit the SCU program.	

Setup Configuration Utility (SCU)

## Main Menu

The Main menu contains the system date and time as well as the IDE interface setting of the system.

[07/07/2006]	
	<tab>, <shift-tab>, or</shift-tab></tab>
[TOSHIBA MK4032GSX-(S1)] [USDA 770 DVD/CDRW-(SM)]	<enter> selects field.</enter>
640 KB	
1038336 KB	
R1.01T7	
R1.01f	
+/- Change Values	F9 Setup Defaults
	(USDA 770 DVD/CDRW-(SM)) 640 KB 1038336 KB R1.01T7 R1.01f

System Time sets the system time.

**System Date** sets the system date.

**IDE Channel 0/1 Master** sets the type of storage device installed. The options are *User*, *Auto*, *CD-ROM*, *ATAPI Removable*, *None*, *IDE Removable*, and *Other ATAPI*.

## Advanced Menu

The Advanced menu contains the I/O (input/output) configuration settings of the system.

Serial Port COM1:	[Enabled]	Item Specific Help
Serial Port COM2 (FIR): Serial Port COM3 (Touchscreen): Serial Port COM4 (XBay): Parallel Port:	[Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled]	The COM1 Port. Enabled = COM1 will be enabled.
HDD Heater: Falling Time to Park HDD: Free Drop Status: CPU Thermal Control Sub-Menu	[Enabled] [50] [No]	Disabled = COM1 will be unconditionally disabled.
Summary Screen: Boot-time Diagnostic Screen:	[Disabled] [Enabled]	

**Serial Port COM1** enables or disables the serial (COM1) port. The options are *Enabled* and *Disabled*.

**Serial Port COM2 (FIR)** enables or disables the infrared (COM2) port. The options are *Enabled* and *Disabled*.

**Serial Port COM3 (Touchscreen)** enables or disables the touchscreen (COM3) function. The options are *Enabled* and *Disabled*.

**Serial Port COM4 (XBay)** enables or disables the XBay (COM4) port. The options are *Enabled* and *Disabled*.

**Parallel Port** enables or disables the parallel port. The options are *Enabled* and *Disabled*.

**HDD Heater** sets if the system automatically turns on the built-in hard disk drive heater for low temperature operation. The options are *Enabled* and *Disabled*.

#### NOTE:

- To use the HDD heater feature, the MTCCTRL driver supplied with your computer must be installed (see chapter 6 for details).
- Disable this item to conserve energy when using battery power.

**Falling Time to Park HDD** sets the time (millisecond) for EC to inform SMI to park the HDD during an accidental drop. The options are 0 (disabled) to 127.

**Free Drop Status** specifies if the computer had been free-dropped. The options are *Yes* and *No*.

**CPU Thermal Control Sub-Menu** sets the items that control various CPU thermal parameters.

**Summary Screen** sets if the system configuration would be displayed onscreen during system boot-up. The options are *Enabled* and *Disabled*.

**Boot-time Diagnostic Screen** sets if the system diagnostic screen would be displayed during system boot-up. The options are *Enabled* and *Disabled*.

**SATA – Device 31, Function 2** sets the primary/secondary compatible/enhanced SATA/PATA (serial ATA / parallel ATA) controller in Legacy/Native mode. The options are *Compatible* and *Enhanced*.

Setup Configuration Utility (SCU)

## Boot Menu

The Boot menu sets the sequence of the devices to be searched for the operating system.

Main Advanced <mark>Boot</mark> Exit	1911
Boot priority order: 1. USB FDC: 2. USB Key: 3. IDE CD: UJDA770 DVD/CDRW-(SM) 4. USB HDD: TOSHIBA MK4032GSX-(S1) 5. PCI BEV: MBA V8.2.6 Slot 0200 6. USB HDD: 7. 8. Excluded from boot order: : USB CDROM: : USB CDROM: : USB LS120: : PCI SCSI: : Other USB:	Item Specific Help Keys used to view or configure devices: Up and Down arrows select a device. <+> and <-> moves the device up or down. <f> and &lt;-&gt; specifies the device fixed or removable. <x> exclude or include the device to boot. <shift +="" 1=""> enables or disables a device. &lt;1 - 4&gt; loads default boot</shift></x></f>
: PCI: : Legacy Network Card: : Unknown: F1 Help ↓ ↑ Select Item +/- Change Values Esc Exit ← Select Menu Enter Select ▶ Sub-Menu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit

The bootable devices will be automatically detected during POST and shown here, allowing you to set the sequence that the BIOS uses to look for a boot device from which to load the operating system.

A brief description of keyboard usage is listed next:

Key	Function		
$\uparrow$ , $\downarrow$	Selects (highlight) a boot device.		
+, -	Changes the boot sequence.		
1 to 4	Loads the default boot sequence.		
f or r	Specifies if the device is fixed (f) or removable (r).		
Х	Moves the highlighted boot device from the "Boot priority order" list to the "Excluded from boot order" list, and vice versa.		
Shift + 1	Deactivates/activates the highlighted boot device on the "Boot priority order" list. When a device has been deactivated, an "!" (exclamation) symbol appears beside the item and system will bypass it when detecting boot device during POST.		

Setup Configuration Utility (SCU)

## Exit Menu

The Exit menu displays ways of exiting the SCU program. After finishing with your settings, you must save and exit so that the changes can take effect.

Exit Saving ( Exit Discardi Load Setup I Discard Cha Save Chang	ng Changes Defaults nges		Item Specific Help Exit System Setup and save your changes to CMOS.
F1 Help Esc Exit	↓↑ Select Item → Select Menu	+/- Change Values	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit

**Exit Saving Changes** saves the changes you have made and exits BIOS Setup Utility.

**Exit Discarding Changes** exits BIOS Setup Utility without saving the changes you have made.

Load Setup Defaults loads the factory default values for all the items.

Discard Changes restores the previous values for all the items.

Save Changes saves the changes you have made.

|\_\_\_ \_\_| . \_\_\_\_|

# CHAPTER **6**

# Installing Software Drivers

To take full advantage of the unique features of your computer, some operating systems require custom software, known as drivers, to be installed.

If you purchased the computer with Windows pre-installed, your dealer may have already installed the drivers. If not, you need to install the drivers using the driver disc supplied with your computer.

This chapter describes how to install the drivers.

## How to Use the Driver CD

#### NOTE:

- The drivers may have been updated after this manual was published. For driver upgrade, please contact your dealer.
- You can always find **README** or document files on the driver disc. These files contain the latest information from the software supplier. Please read the files together with this chapter.
- This driver disc supports Windows 2000 and Windows XP as well as Red-hat Linux only. You are recommended to install Windows 2000 Service Pack 4 when using Windows 2000 and Windows XP Service Pack 2 when using Windows XP.
- The available items may differ according to your computer model and operating system.
- Please do not remove the driver disc when installing the driver.

An autorun program is provided on the driver disc to help you easily install the drivers. As you insert the driver disc, the autorun program automatically starts. If you need to start the program manually, run the **Autorun.exe** program from the driver disc.

The main screen appears as shown next:



To install the necessary driver, just click on the particular option and follow the onscreen instructions to continue and complete installation.

Drivers on the First Page

Device Driver	Ensures the full function of the following drivers. Install this main driver before installing the other drivers. Upon clicking this button, the chipset, VGA audio, modem, and LAN drivers would be installed one after the other.	
M54 Utility	Installs the optional ATi M54-CSP VGA controller utility.	
<b>NOTE:</b> You need to install the M54 utility if your system comes with the ATi M54-CSF VGA controller and if you are using Windows XP Service Pack 2 only.		
PROSet	Installs the WLAN driver that allows your system to connect wirelessly to the Internet.	

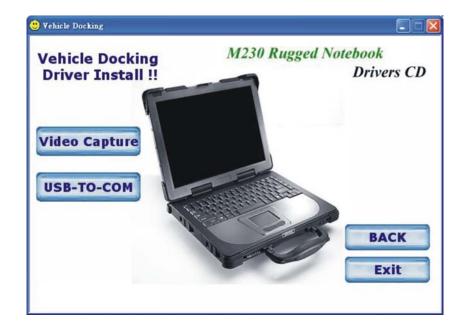
Installing Software Drivers

ТРМ	Allows you to use the TPM (Trusted Platform Module) support for security.	
Bluetooth	Allows your computer to connect to Bluetooth-compliant devices.	
TouchScreen	Allows you to use your fingers (or optional touchscreen pen) as a pointing device on the LCD screen (refer to the next section for further instructions).	
User Guide	Allows you to view the Operation Manual on screen.	
<b>NOTE:</b> You need Adobe Acrobat Reader to open the manual file supplied on this driver disc. Install the Adobe Acrobat Reader program if you do not have it on your computer by clicking on <b>Adobe Reader</b> .		
Browse CD	Browses the contents of the driver disc.	
Exit	Exits the driver installation.	

### Drivers on the Second Page

Upon clicking on Next Page, the following screen appears.





*Vehicle Dock* Upon clicking on this, the following screen appears.

Video Capture	Allows you to connect a video capture device through the AV input port (option).		
USB-to-COM	Allows you to use the optional wireless modem and GPS features to transmit information wirelessly.		
Dual Core	Installs the dual core hotfix for Windows XP only.		
1394B	1394B Please install the 1394 hot fix and note that 1394B will be fully supported by Window Vista.		
	This hotfix for Windows XP only.		
MTCCTRL	Allows you to use the built-in heater feature that automatically turns on for low temperature hard disk drive operation.		
OSD	Installs the OSD (on screen display) utility that provides a graphic display to indicate the current status of certain operations.		

**NOTE:** The OSD utility is an option for you. You can decide whether you would like to have this utility installed. (See the next section for details.)

BT Calibration Installs the battery pack automatic calibration utility.

**NOTE:** For Windows 2000 only. Install the DirectX 8.1 driver to take full advantage of multimedia applications. Run the file **DX81NTeng.exe** located on the /**Utility/DirectX**/ directory on your driver disc.

#### **Touchscreen Driver**

To install the touch screen driver, perform the following:

- 1. Insert the driver disc into the optical drive.
- 2. Click on **TouchScreen** and follow the onscreen instructions to continue.
- 3. When finished installing, select Yes to reboot your system. The driver should now be loaded.
- 4. After the system has finished rebooting, click on the PenMount Monitor icon provide located on the taskbar to bring up the PenMount Control Panel.

🍇 PenMount Control Panel 📃 🗖 🔀				
Calibrate Multiple Monitors Option Tools About				
	Advanced Mode 3 -			
Standard <u>C</u> alibration	Plot calibration data			
	ОК			

- 5. Click on Standard Calibration.
- 6. Click on the four sides (points) and the plus-sign "+" on the screen to calibrate your touchscreen for use on the computer.

## Using the OSD

**NOTE:** The OSD utility is an option for you. You can decide whether you would like to have this utility installed.

With the OSD utility installed, the utility will be activated and an icon will appear on the system tray every time Windows starts up.

A graphic display will appear on the screen to indicate the current status of certain operations (as listed next).

Hot Ke	Icon ey/Button Ope	eration	OSD Description
Fn+F3	Fn+F4	Mute	Icon appears on the screen whenever you adjust Windows or any of its application program's volume control (e.g., Windows Media Player, etc.) to indicate the volume level. The OSD disappears after a few seconds.
<b>*</b>			Icon appears on the screen to indicate the brightness level. The OSD disappears after a few seconds.
Fn+F5	Fn+F6		
			Icon appears on the screen to indicate that LCD backlight (F7) or display (F8) is on or off. The OSD disappears after a few seconds.
Fn+F7/F8	Fn+F7/F8		
On	Off		
			Icon appears on the screen to indicate the current display output. The OSD disappears after a few seconds.
Fn+F9	Fn+F9	Fn+F9	
LCD	CRT	Both	

Installing Software Drivers

Icon Hot Key/Button Operation		OSD Description
۲.	×	Icon appears on the screen to indicate that wireless LAN is on or off. The OSD disappears after a few seconds.
Fn+F11	Fn+F11	
On	Off	
		Icon appears on the screen to indicate that AC power cord has been connected or unplugged. The OSD disappears after a few seconds.
AC In	AC out	
	×	Icon appears on the screen to indicate that speaker is on or off. The OSD disappears after a few seconds.
Speaker On Speaker Off		

### Exiting and Reactivating the OSD Utility

To exit the OSD utility, right-click on the OSD utility icon on Windows system tray and click on "Exit."

To reactivate the OSD utility:

Double-click on the file OSD.EXE located on c:/Program Files/OSD/ or

Restart the system.



# **Caring for the Computer**

Taking good care of your computer will ensure a trouble-free operation and reduce the risk of damage to your computer.

This chapter gives you guidelines covering these areas of maintenance:

- How to protect the computer
- What to note when using and storing the computer
- How to clean the computer
- What to note when using the battery pack
- What to note when traveling with the computer

## Protecting the Computer

To safeguard the integrity of your computer data as well as the computer itself, you can protect the computer in several ways as described in this section.

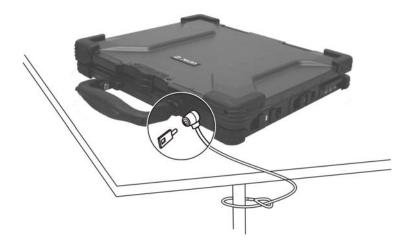
### Using the Password

The power-on password protects your computer against unauthorized use. If the password is set, the prompt requesting for the password appears on the screen whenever the computer is turned on.

## Using the Cable Lock

You can use a Kensington-type cable lock to protect your computer against theft. The cable lock is available in most computer stores.

To use the lock, loop the lock cable around a stationary object such as a table. Insert the lock to the Kensington lock hole and turn the key to secure the lock. Store the key in a safe place.



Caring for the Computer

## Using an Anti-Virus Strategy

New viruses are always being developed nowadays and they are attacking computers even more easily with emails so commonly used worldwide.

You can also install a virus-detecting program to monitor potential viruses that could damage your files.

## Taking Care of the Computer

## Location Guidelines

- Use the computer where the temperature is between 0 °C (32 °F) and 55 °C (131 °F).
- Avoid placing the computer in a location subject to high humidity, extreme temperatures, mechanical vibration, direct sunlight, or heavy dust.
- Do not cover or block any ventilation openings on the computer. For example, do not place the computer on a bed, sofa, rug, or other similar surface. Otherwise, overheating may occur that results in damage to the computer.
- Keep the computer at least 13 cm (5 inches) away from electrical appliances that can generate a strong magnetic field such as a TV, refrigerator, motor, or a large audio speaker.
- Do not move the computer abruptly from a cold to a warm place. A temperature difference of more than 10 °C (18 °F) will cause condensation inside the unit, which may damage the storage media.
- Do not place the computer on an unsteady surface.

### General Guidelines

- Do not place heavy objects on top of the computer as this may damage the display.
- The screen surface is easily scratched. Do not use paper towels to clean the display. Avoid touching it with a ballpoint pen or pencil.
- To maximize the life of the backlight in the display, allow the backlight to automatically turn off as a result of power management. Avoid using a screen saver or other software that prevents the power management from working.

## **Cleaning Guidelines**

- Never clean the computer with its power on.
- Use a soft cloth moistened with water or a non-alkaline detergent to wipe the exterior of the computer.
- Gently wipe the display with a soft, lint-free cloth. Do not use alcohol or detergent on the display.
- Dust on the IR port can interfere with data transfer. Wipe the port with a soft, dry cloth.
- Dust or grease on the touchscreen can affect its sensitivity. Clean the touchscreen by using adhesive tape to remove the dust and grease on its surface.

## **Battery Pack Guidelines**

- Recharge the battery pack when it is nearly discharged. When recharging, make sure the battery pack is fully charged. Doing so may avoid harm to the battery pack.
- Operate the computer with the battery pack installed even when using external power. This ensures that the battery is fully charged.
- If you will not be using the computer for a long period of time (more than two weeks), remove the battery pack from the computer.
- If you remove the battery pack, make sure the battery terminals do not contact any conductors such as metal objects or water. Otherwise, the battery may become unusable as a result of a short circuit.
- If you need to store the battery pack, store it in a cool, dry place. Never allow the temperature to exceed 70 °C (158 °F).
- Do not leave the battery pack in storage for more than 3 months without recharging it.

## When Traveling

- Before traveling with your computer, make a backup of your hard disk data into USB disks or other storage devices. As an added precaution, bring along an extra copy of your important data.
- Make sure the battery pack is fully charged.
- Make sure the computer is turned off.
- Do not leave objects that will press onto the display.
- Disconnect the AC adapter from the computer and take it with you. Use the AC adapter as the power source and as a battery-charger.
- Hand-carry the computer. Do not check it in as luggage.
- Allow extra time for airport security. Many airports inspect electronic devices carefully.
- If you need to leave the computer in the car, put it in the trunk of the car to avoid exposing the computer to excessive heat.
- When going through airport security, it is recommended that you send the computer and USB disk through the X-ray machine (the device you set your bags on). Avoid the magnetic detector (the device you walk through) or the magnetic wand (the hand-held device used by security personnel).
- If you plan to travel abroad with your computer, consult your dealer for the appropriate AC power cord for use in your country of destination.



# Troubleshooting

Hardware, software, or a combination of both can cause computer problems. When you encounter any problem, it might be a typical problem that can easily be solved.

This chapter tells you what actions to take when solving common computer problems. It is divided into three sections:

- Preliminary checklist
- Solving common problems
- Resetting the computer

## Preliminary Checklist

Here are helpful hints to follow before you take further actions when you encounter any problem:

- Try to isolate which part of the computer is causing the problem.
- Make sure that you turn on all peripheral devices before turning on the computer.
- If an external device has a problem, make sure that the cable connections are correct and secure.
- Make sure that the configuration information is properly set in the SCU program.
- Make sure that all the device drivers are correctly installed.
- Make notes of your observations. Are there any messages on the screen? Do any indicators light? Do you hear any beeps? Detailed descriptions are useful to the service personnel when you need to consult one for assistance.

If any problem persists after you follow the instructions in this chapter, contact an authorized dealer for help.

## Solving Common Problems

For easy reference, the problems are divided into these categories.

Problem Type	Go to
Battery Problems	P. 8-4
Bluetooth Problems	P. 8-4
Optical Drive Problems	P. 8-4
Display Problems	P. 8-5
Hardware Device Problems	P. 8-7
Hard Disk Drive Problems	P. 8-7
Infrared Problems	P. 8-8
Keyboard, Mouse and Touchpad Problems	P. 8-8
LAN Problems	P. 8-9
WLAN Problems	P. 8-9
Modem Problems	P. 8-9
PC Card Problems	P. 8-11
Power Management Problems	P. 8-11
Printer Problems	P. 8-12
Software Problems	P. 8-13
Sound Problems	P. 8-13
Startup Problems	P. 8-14
Other Problems	P. 8-15

## **Battery Problems**

## The battery does not charge (Battery Charge indicator does not light amber).

- Make sure that the AC adapter is properly connected.
- Make sure that the battery is not too hot. Allow time for the battery pack to return to room temperature.
- Make sure that the battery pack is installed correctly.
- Make sure that the battery terminals are clean.

#### The operating time of a fully charged battery becomes shorter.

• If you often partially recharge and discharge, the battery might not be charged to its full potential. Initialize the battery to solve the problem. (See "Initializing the Battery Pack" in Chapter 3 for instructions.)

#### The battery operating time indicated by the battery meter does not match the actual operating time.

• The actual operating time can be different from the estimated time, depending on how you are using the computer. If the actual operating time is much less than the estimated time, initialize the battery. (See "Initializing the Battery Pack" in Chapter 3 for instructions.)

### **Bluetooth Problems**

#### I cannot connect to another Bluetooth-enabled device.

- Make sure that the Bluetooth driver is installed correctly.
- Make sure that both devices have activated Bluetooth.
- Make sure that the distance between the two devices are not over 10 meters or that there are no walls or other obstructions between the devices.
- Make sure that the other device is not in "Hidden" mode.
- Make sure that both devices are compatible.

#### I cannot end a Bluetooth connection.

• If another device is connected to your computer, you can either end the connection using the other device or by deactivating Bluetooth.

## **Optical Drive Problems**

#### The optical drive cannot read a disc.

- Make sure that the disc is correctly seated in the tray, with the label facing up.
- Make sure that the disc is not dirty. Clean the disc with a disc cleaning kit, available in most computer stores.
- Make sure that the optical drive driver is installed correctly.
- Make sure that the computer supports the disc or the files contained.

#### You cannot eject a disc.

- The disc is not properly seated in the drive. Manually release the disc following the method described next:
  - 1. Turn off the system.
  - 2. Insert a small rod, such as a straightened paperclip, into the drive's manual eject hole and push firmly to release the tray.
  - 3. Pull the tray out until fully extended, and then remove the disc.



## **Display Problems**

#### Nothing appears on the screen.

- If the power-on indicator is not on, check the electrical outlet, the plugs and power cords.
- If the power button does not respond to a light touch, press the button firmly.
- If you are using battery power, make sure that it has a charge remaining and that it is installed correctly.
- During operation, the screen may automatically turn off as a result of power management. Press any key to see if the screen comes back.
- The brightness level might be too low. Increase brightness by pressing Fn+F6.
- The display output might be set to an external device. To switch the display back to the LCD, press Fn+F9, or change the display through the settings in Display Properties.
- Reset the computer by pressing Ctrl+Alt+Del keys.
- Try turning the computer off, wait for a few seconds, then turn it back on.

#### The characters on the screen are dim.

• Adjust the brightness and/or contrast.

#### Bad dots appear on the display at all times.

• A small number of missing, discolored, or bright dots on the screen are an intrinsic characteristic of TFT LCD technology. It is not regarded as a LCD defect. The Inspection Standard generally agreed in the LCD industry allows a maximum of 8 bad dots on a unit.

#### Resolution cannot be adjusted to desired setting.

• Make sure that the device driver is installed correctly.

#### The external monitor displays nothing.

• Make sure that the monitor is turned on.

- Make sure that the monitor's signal cable is properly connected.
- Switch the display to the monitor by pressing Fn+F9, or change the display through the settings in Display Properties.

#### Simultaneous display/multi-display does not work.

- Make sure that you turn on the external monitor before turning on the computer.
- Press Fn+F9 to toggle through the display options or change the settings in Display Properties in Windows.

## Hardware Device Problems

#### The computer does not recognize a newly installed device.

- The device may not be correctly configured in the SCU program. Run the SCU program to identify the new type.
- Make sure if any device driver needs to be installed. (Refer to the documentation that came with the device.)
- Make sure if the device needs any jumper or switch settings. (Refer to the documentation that came with the device.)
- Check the cables or power cords for correct connections.
- For an external device that has its own power switch, make sure that the power is turned on.

## Hard Disk Drive Problems

#### The hard disk drive error message appears on the screen.

- Insert a bootable diskette or CD disc and check the integrity of your hard drive.
- The hard disk drive has defects. Ask your dealer for help.

#### The hard disk drive operations seem slow.

• The data files stored on the hard disk drive may be fragmented. Use a tool such as Window's **Disk Defragmenter** to defragment the files.

#### The hard disk drive in-use indicator glows without blinking.

• The data files stored on the hard disk drive may be fragmented. Use a tool such as Window's **Disk Defragmenter** to defragment the files.

### **Infrared Problems**

#### The IR port does not work.

- Make sure that the IR ports of the two device face each other within a ±15-degrees angle and 1 meter (3 feet) distance and there are no obstructions in between.
- Make sure that the device connected is using an equivalent speed.
- Make sure that the IR port is set correctly in the SCU program.
- If you are printing to an infrared printer, make sure that the appropriate driver is installed.
- If you are using any file transfer functions, make sure that both the computer and the IR device have the appropriate software running.
- Make sure that there is no device radiating infrared rays, such as remote-controlled devices or wireless headphones, near the computer or device.
- Make sure that no direct sunlight or fluorescent lamps are near the computer or device.
- Make sure that the IR ports are clean.

### Keyboard, Mouse and Touchpad Problems

#### The keyboard does not respond.

• Try connecting an external keyboard. If it works, contact an authorized dealer, as the internal keyboard cable might be loose.

#### The numeric keypad is disabled.

• Make sure that Num Lk is switched on. (Check if the Num Lock Indicator  $\widehat{N}$  glows or not.)

#### The external keyboard does not work.

• Make sure that the keyboard cable is properly connected.

#### The USB mouse does not work.

• Make sure that the mouse cable is properly connected.

## The touchpad does not work, or the pointer is difficult to control with the touchpad.

• Make sure that the touchpad is clean.

### LAN Problems

#### I cannot access the network.

- Make sure that the device driver is correctly installed.
- Make sure that the LAN cable is properly connected to the RJ-45 connector and the network hub.
- Make sure that the network configuration is appropriate.
- Make sure that the user name or password is correct.

### WLAN Problems

#### I cannot use the WLAN feature.

- Make sure that the necessary driver(s) is correctly installed.
- Make sure that the WLAN feature is turned on.

#### Transmission quality is poor.

- Your computer may be in an out-of-range situation. Move your computer closer to the Access Point or another WLAN device it is associated with.
- Check if there is high interference around the environment and solve the problem as described next.

#### Radio interference exists.

- Move your computer away from the device causing the radio interference such as microwave oven and large metal objects.
- Plug your computer into an outlet on a different branch circuit from that used by the affecting device.
- Consult your dealer or an experienced radio technician for help.

#### I cannot connect to another WLAN device.

- Make sure that the WLAN feature is turned on.
- Make sure that the SSID setting is the same for every WLAN device in the network.
- Your computer is not recognizing changes. Restart the computer.
- Make sure that the IP address or subnet mask setting is correct.

#### I cannot communicate with the computer in the network when Infrastructure mode is configured.

- Make sure that the Access Point your computer is associated with is powered on and all the LEDs are working properly.
- If the operating radio channel is in poor quality, change the Access Point and all the wireless station(s) within the BSSID to another radio channel.
- Your computer may be in an out-of-range situation. Move your computer closer to the Access Point it is associated with.
- Make sure that your computer is configured with the same security option (encryption) to the Access Point.
- Use the Web Manager/Telnet of the Access Point to check whether it is connected to the network.
- Reconfigure and reset the Access Point.

#### I cannot access the network.

- Make sure that the necessary driver(s) is correctly installed.
- Make sure that the network configuration is appropriate.

- Make sure that the user name or password is correct.
- You have moved out of range of the network.
- Turn off power management.

### Modem Problems

#### The modem does not work.

- Make sure that the device driver is correctly installed.
- Make sure that the COM port in the communication software is correctly set.
- Turn off power management.

## PC Card Problems

#### The PC card does not work.

- Make sure that the PC card is correctly seated.
- If the card requires an IRQ (Interrupt ReQuest), make sure that there is one available.

#### The PC card stops communicating properly.

• The application may have been reset when the computer is turned off or in Standby mode. Exit and restart the application.

## **Power Management Problems**

## The computer does not enter Standby or Hibernation mode automatically.

- If you have a connection to another computer, the computer does not enter Standby or Hibernation mode if the connection is actively in use.
- Make sure that the Standby or Hibernation time-out is enabled.

## The computer does not enter Standby or Hibernation mode immediately.

• If the computer is performing an operation, it normally waits for the operation to finish.

#### The computer does not resume from Standby or Hibernation mode.

- The computer automatically enters Standby or Hibernation mode when the battery pack is empty. Do any one of the following:
  - Connect the AC adapter to the computer.
  - Replace the empty battery pack with a fully charged one.

## The computer does not enter Hibernation mode with the Fn+F10 hot keys.

• Make sure that the Hibernation function is specified for the sleep button.

### **Printer Problems**

#### The printer does not work.

- Make sure that the printer is turned on (if it comes with an independent power source) and is online (ready to use).
- Make sure that the printer's signal cable is properly connected.
- Make sure that the printer driver is correctly installed.
- Make sure that you have assigned the printer port correctly in your operating system or application program.
- Make sure that the printer port is enabled in the SCU program.

#### The printer prints garbled information.

- Make sure that the printer driver is correctly installed.
- Make sure that the printer cable is properly connected.

### Software Problems

#### An application program does not work correctly.

- Make sure that the software is correctly installed.
- If an error message appears on the screen, consult the software program's documentation for further information.
- If you are sure the operation has stop, reset the computer. (See "Resetting the Computer" later in this chapter.)

## Sound Problems

#### No sound is produced.

- Make sure that the volume control is not set too low.
- Make sure that the device driver is correctly installed.
- Make sure that the computer is not in Standby mode.
- If using an external speaker, make sure that the speaker is properly connected.

#### Distorted sound is produced.

• Make sure that the volume control is not set too high or too low. In most cases, a high setting can cause the audio electronics to distort the sound.

#### The sound system does not record.

• Adjust the playback or recording sound levels.

#### The external microphone or audio device does not work.

- Make sure that the microphone is connected to the proper connector on the computer.
- Make sure that your computer is equipped with the driver needed.
- Click the speaker symbol on the taskbar and check the Windows volume control.
- Check the volume control of your computer.

## Startup Problems

## When you turn on the computer, it does not respond and the Power Indicator does not light green.

- If you are using an external AC power, make sure that the AC adapter is correctly and securely connected. If so, make sure that the electrical outlet works properly.
- If you are using the battery power, make sure that the battery is not discharged.

#### When you turn on the computer, it stops after POST.

• Restart your computer.

## The message "Operating system not found" appears on the screen after you turn on the computer.

- If this message appears when you are booting from the hard disk, insert a bootable disc in the optical drive and check the condition of the hard disk.
- Make sure that the hard disk is recognized correctly in the SCU program.

#### The message "Invalid system disk" or "Disk error" appears on the screen after you turn on the computer.

- If you are deliberately trying to boot from a CD disc, replace the disc with a bootable one and press any key to continue booting.
- If you are booting from the hard disk, make sure that there is no CD disc in the optical drive. If there is, remove it and restart the system.
- If this message appears when you are booting from the hard disk, insert a bootable disc in the optical drive and check the condition of the hard disk.
- Make sure that the hard disk is set correctly in the SCU program.

## Other Problems

#### The date/time is incorrect.

- Correct the date and time via the operating system or SCU program.
- After you have performed everything as described above and still have the incorrect date and time every time you turn on the computer, the RTC (Real-Time Clock) battery is at the end of its life. Call an authorized dealer to replace the RTC battery.

## Resetting the Computer

You may have to reset (reboot) your computer on some occasions when an error occurs and the program you are using hangs up.

If the system operation seems to hang up, first wait. It is possible that the system is processing data. Periodically check the hard disk drive in-use indicator, if it flashes irregularly, the program may be accessing data and preventing you from using the keyboard. If you are sure the operation has stopped and you cannot use the "restart" function of the operating system, reset the computer.

Reset the computer by any one of these methods:

- Press Ctrl+Alt+Del.
- If the above action does not work, turn off the system. Wait for at least five seconds and turn it on again.

CAUTION: Resetting will cause any unsaved data to be lost.

Troubleshooting



# **Specifications**

Parts		Specifications	
СРИ		Intel Yonah low voltage dual core processor µ-FCBGA package 1.66 GHz Intel Yonah low voltage dual core processor µ-FCBGA package 1.5 GHz 667 MHz Front Side Bus (FSB), 15 W thermal ceiling	
Core logic		Intel 945GM chipset (Calistoga) + ICH7-M (PCI express × 6 channels)	
Cache memory		L2 2 MB on-die	
ROM BIOS		8 MB Flash EEPROM (includes system and VGA BIOS), Plug-&-Play, ACPI 2.0 capability, boot from IDE/SATA devices and USB optical/floppy drive, Suspend-to-DRAM/HDD, PC2001 compliance	
RAM	System	Two 200-pin DDR2 SO-DIMM sockets,400/533 MHz maximum 2 GB (standard 256 MB)	
	Video	64 MB (shared system memory)	
Display	Panel	14.1-inch TFT XGA LCD, resolution up to 1024×768, 15-inch TFT SXGA+ LCD, resolution up to 1400×1050 Touchscreen (option), high-contrast display (option for 14.1-inch LCD)	
	Video controller	Integrated in Intel 945GM chipset, Intel GMA950, or ATi M54-CSP VGA controller with 128 MB memory (option) dual view function, LCD/CRT simultaneous display capability	
	Video port	VGA port	
Keyboard		Waterproof membrane cover Waterproof rubber keyboard (option) Rubber keyboard with backlight feature (option)	
Pointing device		Touchpad with two buttons, waterproof and resistance-type (option)	

**NOTE:** Specifications are subject to change without any prior notices.

Parts		Specifications	
Storage device Hard disk drive bay		SATA, easily removable for maintenance, optional built-in heater for low temperature support ( $-20$ <sup>0</sup> C $\sim$ 55 <sup>0</sup> C), optional low temperature 20 GB without heater Built-in protection to support free drop from 0 to 3 feet in operating mode: $1\sim3$ feet drop protected by G-sensor $0\sim1$ foot drop protected by special resistant-designed construction	
	Optical drive bay	Easily swappable bay for slim-type CD/Combo/DVD dual drive, or second battery	
Audio	Audio controller	Azalia 32-bit 192 kHz AC97 codec Rev.2.3 support, two built-in 2-watts stereo speakers	
	Audio port	Two audio ports for Mic-in / Line-out	
PC card		Type II $\times$ 2 or Type II $\times$ 1 and built-in smart card reader $\times$ 1, CardBus support	
I/O ports	On right side	X-Bay, two USB ports (supports system boot-up from optical drive), one IEEE 1394B port or PS/2 port (option)	
	On rear side	IR port, serial port, RJ-11 port, RJ-45 port, parallel port	
	On underside	Docking port (POGO) supports hot docking	
Communication	LAN	10/100/1000Base-T Ethernet with TPM security function	
	Wireless modem	SIERRA, Model: MC8775V	
	Modem	56 kbps MDC	
	GPS	GPS module with built-in antenna – option	
Power	AC adapter	Input: 100~240 V AC, 50~60 Hz AC auto-sensing/switching Output: 90 W Universal or above	
	Battery	Li-ion battery 7200 mAh / 11.1 V	
Dimension (W×D×H)		12.9×10.7×1.8 inch (328×272.1×46 mm) for 14.1-inch model 13.3×11.3×1.8 inch (338×286×46 mm) for 15-inch model	
Weight		Less than 9.3 lb (4.2 kg) for 14.1-inch model Less than 9.7 lb (4.4 kg) for 15-inch model	

Specifications

Par	ts	Specifications		
Environment	Temperature	Operating: Storage:	0 °C (32 °F) to 55 °C (131 °F) – standard -20 °C (-4 °F) to 60 °C (140 °F) – option -40 °C (-40 °F) to 70 °C (158 °F)	
	Humidity	Operating:	5 % to 95 % RH, non-condensing	
	Altitude	Operating: Storage: Change rate:	15,000 ft 40,000 ft 2,000 ft/min	
	Shock	Operating: Storage:	15 g, 11 ms half sine wave 50 g, 11 ms half sine wave	
	Vibration	U	10~57.5 Hz 0.075 mm, 57.5~500 Hz / 1 g pration exposure) 10~57.5 Hz 0.15 mm, 57.5~500 Hz 0.15 / 2 g integrity exposure]	
	Drop	Survives 3 ft drop on steel plate, 4 ft drop on plywood 26 times (LCD panel closed and powered-off)		
	ESD (electrostatic discharge	Air discharge: Contact discharge:	0~8 KV (included) no error 8~15 KV allow soft error : 0~6 KV (included) no error 6~8 KV allow soft error	

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# **Regulatory Information**

This appendix provides regulatory statements and safety notices on your computer.

**NOTE:** Marking labels located on the exterior of your computer indicate the regulations that your model complies with. Please check the marking labels and refer to the corresponding statements in this appendix. Some notices apply to specific models only.

## On the Use of the System

### **Class B Regulations**

#### USA

Federal Communications Commission Radio Frequency Interference Statement

#### NOTE:

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

#### Please note:

The use of a non-shielded interface cable with this equipment is prohibited.

#### Canada

Canadian Department of Communications Radio Interference Regulations Class B Compliance Notice

This Class B digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canada Interference-Causing equipment regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de Classe B respecte toutes les exigences du Règlement Canadien sur le matériel brouileur.

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

Le présent appareil numérique n'émet pas de bruits radioélectriques dépassant les limites applicables aux appareils numériques de la classe B prescrites dans le Règlement sur le brouillage radioélectrique édicté par le ministère des Communications du Canada.

### Safety Notices

#### About the Battery

#### Caution Texts Concerning Lithium Batteries

#### DANISH

ADVARSEL! Lithiumbatteri – Eksplosionsfare ved fejlagtig håndtering. Udskiftning må kun ske med batteri af samme fabrikat og type. Levér det brugte batteri tilbage til leverandøren.

#### NORWEGIAN

ADVARSEL: Eksplosjonsfare ved feilaktig skifte av batteri. Benytt samme batteritype eller en tilsvarende type anbefalt av apparatfabrikanten. Brukte batterier kasseres i henhold til fabrikantens instruksjoner.

#### SWEDISH

VARNING: Explosionsfara vid felaktigt batteribyte. Använd samma batterityp eller en ekvivalent typ som rekommenderas av apparattillverkaren. Kassera använt batteri enligt fabrikantens instruktion.

#### FINNISH

VAROITUS: Paristo voi räjähtää, jos se on virheellisesti asennettu. Vaihda paristo ainoastaan valmistajan suosittelemaan tyyppiin. Hävitä käytetty paristo valmistajan ohjeiden mukaisesti.

#### ENGLISH

CAUTION: Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the equipment manufacturer. Discard used batteries according to manufacturer's instructions.

#### DEUTSCH

VORSICHT: Explosionsgefahr bei unsachgemäßem Austausch der Batterie. Ersatz nur durch denselben oder einen vom Hersteller empfohlenen gleich-wertigen Typ. Entsorgung gebrauchter Batterien nach Angaben des Herstellers.

#### FRENCH

ATTENTION: Il y a danger d'explosion s'il y a remplacement incorrect de la batterie. Remplacer uniquement avec une batterie du même type ou d'un type équivalent recommandé par le constructeur. Mettre au rebut les batteries usagées conformément aux instructions du fabricant.

#### Attention (for USA Users)

The product that you have purchased contains a rechargeable battery. The battery is recyclable. At the end of its useful life, under various state and local laws, it may be illegal to dispose of this battery into the municipal waste stream. Check with your local solid waste officials for details in your area for recycling options or proper disposal.

#### About the AC Adapter

- Use only the AC adapter supplied with your computer. Use of another type of AC adapter will result in malfunction and/or danger.
- Do not use the adapter in a high moisture environment. Never touch the adapter when your hands or feet are wet.
- Allow adequate ventilation around the adapter when using it to operate the device or charge the battery. Do not cover the AC adapter with paper or other objects that will reduce cooling. Do not use the AC adapter while it is inside a carrying case.
- Connect the adapter to a proper power source. The voltage requirements are found on the product case and/or packaging.
- Do not use the adapter if the cord becomes damaged.
- Do not attempt to service the unit. There are no serviceable parts inside. Replace the unit if it is damaged or exposed to excess moisture.

### About the Modem

#### Caution

- Never install telephone wiring during a lightning storm.
- Never install telephone jacks in wet locations unless the jack is specifically designed for wet locations.
- Never touch non-insulated telephone wires or terminals unless the telephone line has been disconnected at the network interface.
- Use caution when installing or modifying telephone lines.
- Avoid using the telephone function (other than a cordless type) during an electrical storm. There may be a remote risk of electric shock from lightning.
- Do not use the telephone function to report a gas leak in the vicinity of the leak.
- Do not use this product near water, for example near a bathtub, wash bowl, kitchen sink or laundry tub, in a wet basement or near a swimming pool.

#### Caution (for USA Users)

To reduce the risk of fire, use only No.26 AWG or larger telecommunication line cord.

## On the Use of RF Device

NOTE: The information in this section applies to models with the wireless module.

### USA and Canada Safety Requirements and Notices

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** To comply with FCC RF exposure compliance requirements, the antenna must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

#### Radio Frequency Interference Requirements and SAR

The FCC with its action in ET Docket 93-62 has adopted a safety standard for human exposure to Radio Frequency (RF) electromagnetic energy emitted by FCC certified equipment. The A790 laptop with wireless module meets the Human Exposure limits found in OET Bulletin 65, 2001, and ANSI/IEEE C95.1, 1992. Proper operation of this radio according to the instructions found in this manual will result in exposure substantially below the FCC's recommended limits. The following safety precautions should be observed:

- Do not disassemble to gain access or touch the radio transmitter or it's antenna for any purpose.
- Do not operate the radio or attempt to transmit data unless the antenna is connected; if not, the radio may be damaged.

#### Use in specific environments:

- The use of wireless devices in hazardous locations is limited by the constraints posed by the safety directors of such environments.
- The use of wireless devices on airplanes is governed by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA).
- The use of wireless devices in hospitals is restricted to the limits set forth by each hospital.

#### Antenna use:

To comply with FCC RF exposure compliance requirements, the antenna must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

#### **Explosive Device Proximity Warning**

**WARNING:** Do not operate a portable transmitter (such as a wireless network device) near unshielded blasting caps or in an explosive environment unless the device has been modified to be qualified for such use.

#### Use on Aircraft Caution

**CAUTION:** Regulations of the FCC and FAA prohibit airborne operation of radio-frequency wireless devices because their signals could interfere with critical aircraft instruments.

**Information to User:** To assure continued compliance, any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

#### **IMPORTANT NOTE:**

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment.

End users must follow the specific operation instruction for satisfying RF exposure compliance.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

#### SAR VALUE:

The maximum reported Body SAR value is: GSM850: 0.00259 W/Kg PCS1900: 0.023 W/Kg WCDMA BAND V: 0.00215 W/Kg WCDMA BAND II: 0.015 W/Kg

#### **EMC Requirements**

This device uses, generates and radiates radio frequency energy. The radio frequency energy produced by this device is well below the maximum exposure allowed by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

This device complies with the limits for a Class B digital device pursuant to Part 15 subpart C of the FCC Rules and Regulations. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause harmful interference.(2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

The FCC limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual and operated in a commercial environment. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular commercial installation, or if operated in a residential area.

If harmful interference with radio or television reception occurs when the device is turned on, the user must correct the situation at the user's own expense. The user is encouraged to try one or more of the following corrective measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

**CAUTION:** The Part 15 radio device operates on a non-interference basis with other devices operating at this frequency. Any changes or modification to said product not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate this device.

### Canada Radio Frequency Interference Requirements

To prevent radio interference to the licensed service, this device is intended to be operated indoors and away from windows to provide maximum shielding. Equipment (or its transmit antenna) that is installed outdoors is subject to licensing.

Pour empêcher que cet appareil cause du brouillage au service faisant l'objet d'une licence, il doit être utilisé à l'intérieur et devrait être placé loin des fenêtres afin de fournir un écran de blindage maximal. Si le matériel (ou son antenne d'émission) est installé à l'extérieur, il doit faire l'objet d'une licence.

## European Union CE Marking and Compliance Notices

#### Statements of Compliance

#### English

This product follows the provisions of the European Directive 1999/5/EC.

#### Danish

Dette produkt er i overensstemmelse med det europæiske direktiv 1999/5/EC.

#### Dutch

Dit product is in navolging van de bepalingen van Europees Directief 1999/5/EC.

#### Finnish

Tämä tuote noudattaa EU-direktiivin 1999/5/EC määräyksiä.

#### French

Ce produit est conforme aux exigences de la Directive Européenne 1999/5/EC.

#### German

Dieses Produkt entspricht den Bestimmungen der Europäischen Richtlinie 1999/5/EC.

#### Greek

Το προϊόν αυτό πληροί τις προβλέψεις της Ευρωπαϊκής Οδηγίας 1999/5/EC.

#### Icelandic

Þessi vara stenst reglugerð Evrópska Efnahags Bandalagsins númer 1999/5/EC.

#### Italian

Questo prodotto è conforme alla Direttiva Europea 1999/5/EC.

#### Norwegian

Dette produktet er i henhold til bestemmelsene i det europeiske direktivet 1999/5/EC.

#### Portuguese

Este produto cumpre com as normas da Diretiva Européia 1999/5/EC.

#### Spanish

Este producto cumple con las normas del Directivo Europeo 1999/5/EC.

#### Swedish

Denna produkt har tillverkats i enlighet med EG-direktiv 1999/5/EC.