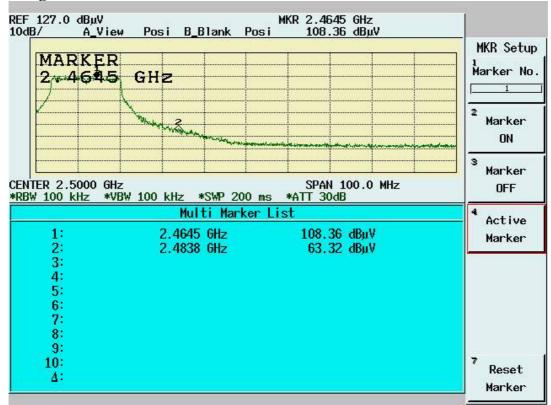




Band Edge Conducted Measurement

Band Edge Conducted Measurement

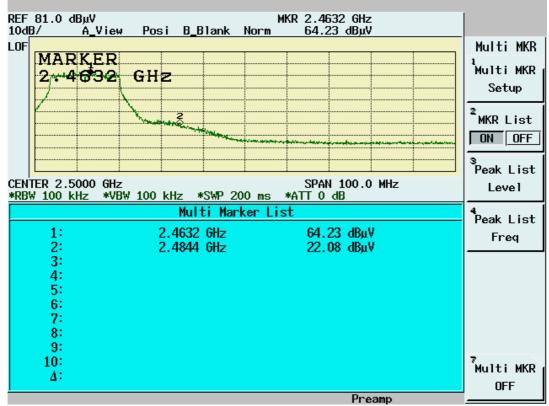






Band Edge Radiated Measurement

Band Edge Radiated Measurement





4.6 Restricted Bands Measurement

4.6.1 Test Procedure (Radiated)

- Antenna and Turntable test procedure same as Radiated Emission Measurement. Equipment mode: Spectrum analyzer Detector function: Peak mode SPAN: 100MHz RBW: 100MHz VBW: 3MHz Center frequency: 2.4GHz, 2.48GHz.
- Center frequency: 2.4GHz, 2.48GHz.
 Using Peak Search to read the peak power of Carrier frequencies after Maximum Hold function is completed.
- 3. Find the next peak frequency outside the operation frequency band
- 4. For peak frequency emission level measurement in Restricted Band Change RBW: 1MHz VBW: 10Hz Span: 100MHz.
- 5. Get the spectrum reading after Maximum Hold function is completed.

4.6.2 Test Setup (Radiated)

Same as Radiated Emission Measurement



4.6.3 802.11b Test Data

Table Band Edge Measurement (Radiated)

Temp. (° C):								
Test Engr:	Jerry				Humidity	(%):	55	
Description	Frequency (MHz)	Spectrum Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Equip. Setup VBW	Pass or Fail	
Channel_1 (peak mode)	2412	71.73	35.48	107.21		3MHz		
Channel_1 (average mode)	2411.2	55.4	35.48	90.88		10Hz		
Channel_11 (peak mode)	2463.3	76.35	35.5	111.85		3MHz		
Channel_11 (average mode)	2461.3	60.3	35.5	95.8		10Hz		
Channel_1 Restricted band (peak mode)	2390	14.47	35.47	49.94	74	3MHz	Pass	
Restricted band (average mode)	2390	2.91	35.47	38.38	54	10Hz	Pass	
Channel_11 Restricted band (peak mode)	2485.8	24.59	35.51	60.1	74	3MHz	Pass	
Restricted band (average mode)	2486.4	12.71	35.51	48.22	54	10Hz	Pass	

Note:

> The spectrum plot of emission level measurement in restricted band is attached.

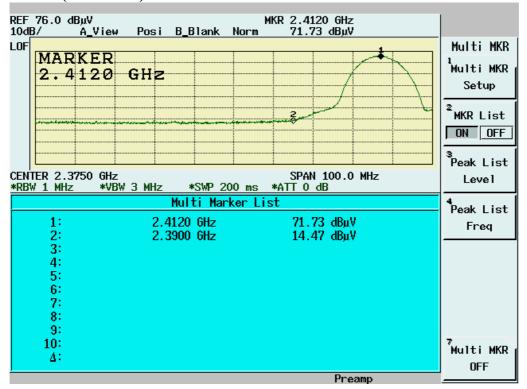
Emission Level=Spectrum Reading+Correction Factor

> Correction Factor=Antenna Factor+cable loss-amplifier gain

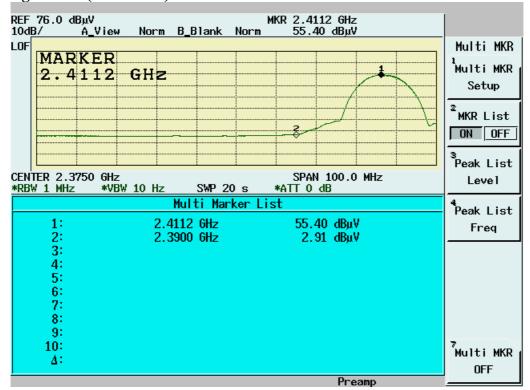
> Both Horizontal and Vertical polarization have been tested and the worst data is listed above.



Band Edge measurement for radiated emission in Restricted Band (Radiated) Peak Mode (Channel 1)

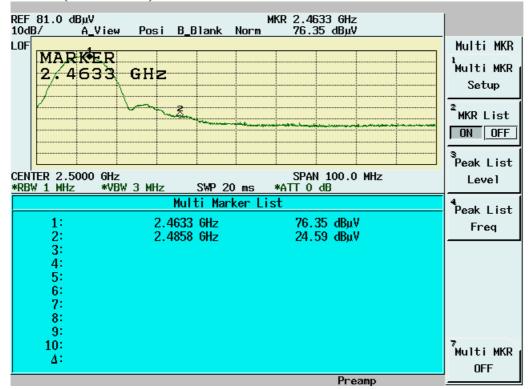


Band Edge measurement for radiated emission in Restricted Band (Radiated) Average Mode (Channel 1)

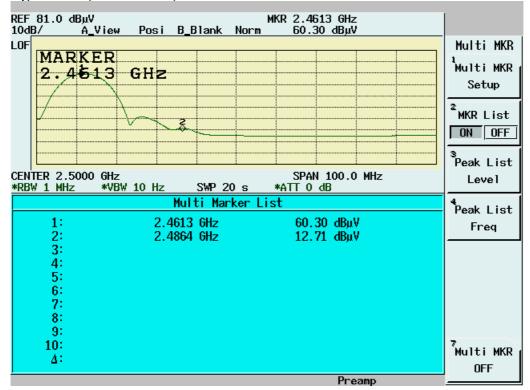




Band Edge measurement for radiated emission in Restricted Band (Radiated) Peak Mode (Channel 11)



Band Edge measurement for radiated emission in Restricted Band (Radiated) Average Mode (Channel 11)





4.6.4 802.11g Test Data

Table Band Edge Measurement (Radiated)

	Temp. (° C):								
Test Engr:	Jerry				Humidity	(%):	55		
Description	Frequency (MHz)	Spectrum Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Equip. Setup VBW	Pass or Fail		
Channel_1 (peak mode)	2406	74.75	35.48	110.23		3MHz			
Channel_1 (average mode)	2404.9	50.11	35.48	85.59		10Hz			
Channel_11 (peak mode)	2456.3	73.15	35.5	108.65		3MHz			
Channel_11 (average mode)	2456.3	54.62	35.5	90.12		10Hz			
Channel_1 Restricted band (peak mode)	2390	36.64	35.47	72.11	74	3MHz	Pass		
Restricted band (average mode)	2390	11.58	35.47	47.05	54	10Hz	Pass		
Channel_11 Restricted band (peak mode)	2483.6	36.25	35.51	71.76	74	3MHz	Pass		
Restricted band (average mode)	2483.6	16.02	35.51	51.53	54	10Hz	Pass		

Note:

> The Spectrum plot of emission level measurement in restricted band is attached.

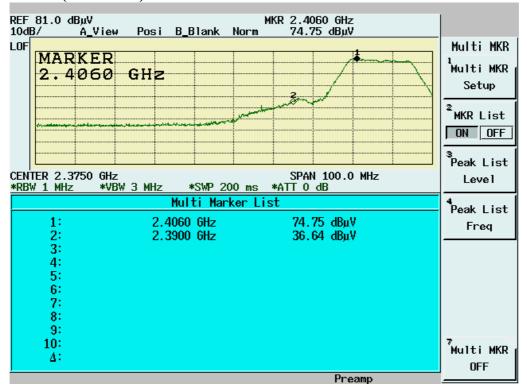
Emission Level=Spectrum Reading+Correction Factor

> Correction Factor=Antenna Factor+cable loss-amplifier gain

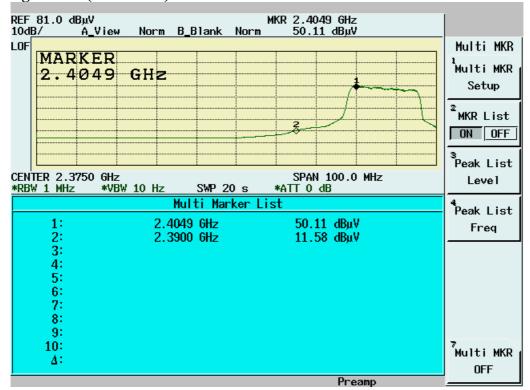
> Both Horizontal and Vertical polarization have been tested and the worst data is listed above.



Band Edge measurement for radiated emission in Restricted Band (Radiated) Peak Mode (Channel 1)



Band Edge measurement for radiated emission in Restricted Band (Radiated) Average Mode (Channel 1)

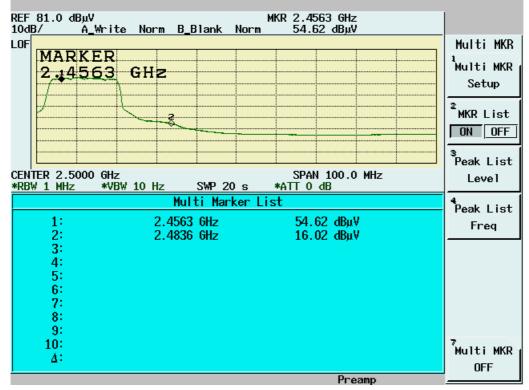




Band Edge	measurement for radiated emission in Restricted Band (Radiated)
Peak Mode	(Channel 11)



Band Edge measurement for radiated emission in Restricted Band (Radiated) Average Mode (Channel 11)





4.7 RF Exposure Measurement [Section 15.247(b)(4) & 1.1307(b)] See SAR report



4.8 DSSS Peak Power Spectral Density [Section 15.247(d)]

4.8.1 Test Procedure

- The Transmitter output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer. Equipment mode: Spectrum analyzer Detector function: Peak mode SPAN:1.5MHz RBW: 3KHz VBW: 30KHz Center frequency: fundamental frequency tested. Sweep time= 500 sec.
- 2. Using Peak Search to read the peak power after Maximum Hold function is completed.

4.8.2 Test Setup



4.8.3 802.11b Test Data

802.11b Maximum Peak Output Power Density

			25			
Test Engr:	Jerry			Humidity (%):		55
	Frequency	Spectrum	Cable Loss	Power	Limit	
Chennel	(MHz)	Reading	(dB)	Density	(dBm/3KHz)	Pass/Fail
		(dBm/3KHz)		(dBm/3KHz)		
1	2412	-13.45	1.1	-12.35	8	Pass
6	2437	-13.07	1.1	-11.97	8	Pass
11	2462	-13.06	1.1	-11.96	8	Pass

Note: Two RF output(MAIN & AUX) have been test, the worse data shown above.





802.11b Channel 1

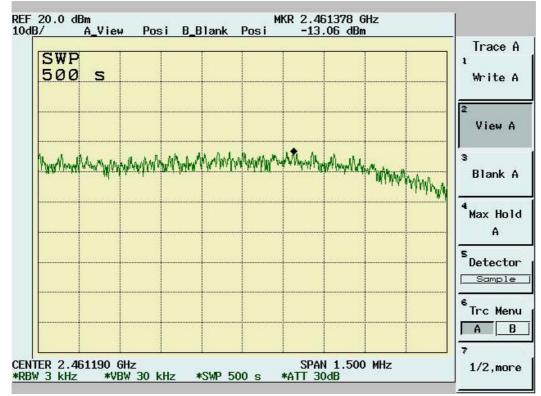


802.11b Channel 6





802.11b Channel 11





4.8.4 802.11g Test Data	
802.11g Maximum Peak Output Power Density	
Temp. (° C):	25

				Temp. (C) :		25
Test Engr:	Jerry		Humidity (%):		55	
	Frequency	Spectrum	Cable Loss	Power	Limit	
Chennel	(MHz)	Reading	(dB)	Density	(dBm/3KHz)	Pass/Fail
		(dBm/3KHz)		(dBm/3KHz)		
1	2412	-9.38	1.1	-8.28	8	Pass
6	2437	-9.2	1.1	-8.1	8	Pass
11	2462	-9.41	1.1	-8.31	8	Pass

Note: Two RF output(MAIN & AUX) have been test, the worse data shown above.



802.11g Channel 1

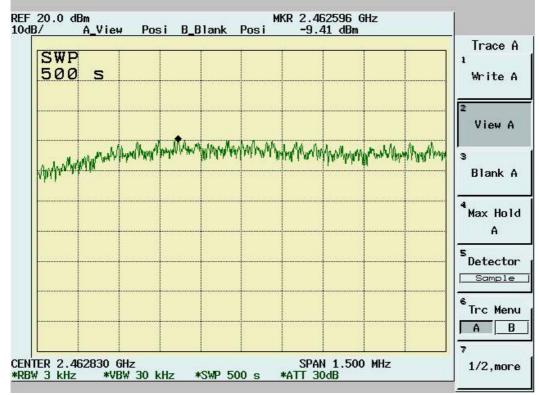


802.11g Channel 6





802.11g Channel 11





5. TEST RESULTS (802.11a 5725MHz-5850MHz)

5.1 Powerline Conducted Emissions [Section 15.207]

5.1.1 EUT Configuration

The EUT was set up on the non-conductive table that is 1.0 by 1.5 meter, 80cm above ground. The wall of the shielded room was located 40cm to the rear of the EUT.

Power to the EUT was provided through the LISN. The impedance vs. frequency characteristic of the LISN is complied with the limit used.

Both lines (neutral and hot) were connected to the LISN in series at testing. A coaxial-type connector which provides one 50 ohms terminating impedance was provided for connecting the test instrument. The excess length of the power cord was folded back and forth at the center of the lead so as to form a bundle not exceeding 40cm in length.

Any changes made to the configuration, or modifications made to the EUT, during testing are noted in the following test record.

If the EUT is a Personal Computer or a peripheral of personal computer, and the personal computer has an auxiliary AC outlet which can be used for providing power to an external monitor, then all measurements will be made with the monitor power from first the computer-mounted AC outlet and then a floor-mounted AC outlet.

5.1.2 Test Procedure

The system was set up as described above, with the EMI diagnostic software running. The main power line conducted EMI tests were run on the hot and neutral conductors of the power cord and the results were recorded. The effect of varying the position of the interface cables has been investigated to find the configuration that produces maximum emission.

At the frequencies where the peak values of the emissions were higher than 6dß below the applicable limits, the emissions were also measured with the quasi-peak detectors. At the frequencies where the quasi-peak values of the emissions were higher than 6dß below the applicable average limits, the emissions were also measured with the average detectors.

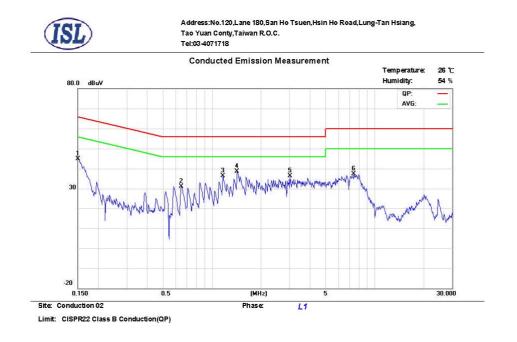
The highest emissions were analyzed in details by operating the spectrum analyzer in fixed tuned mode to determine the nature of the emissions and to provide information which could be useful in reducing their amplitude.

5.1.3 EMI Receiver/Spectrum Analyzer Configuration (for the frequencies tested)

Frequency Range Detector Function Bandwidth (RBW) 150 KHz--30MHz Quasi-Peak/Average 9KHz



5.1.4 Test Data:



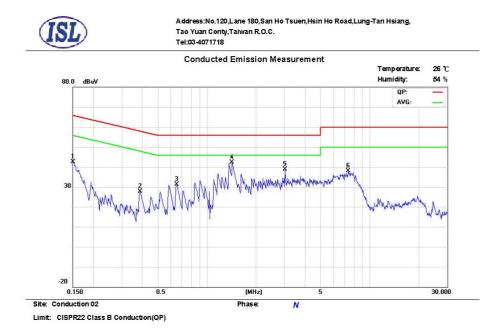
Power Line Conducted Emissions (Hot) 5745,5785,5825MHz

Frequency MHz	LISN Loss dB	Cable Loss dB	QP Correct dBuV	QP Limit dBuV	QP Margin dB	AVG Correct. dBuV	AVG Limit dBuV	AVG Margin dB	Note
0.1500	0.1	0.02	43.20	66.0	-22.8	40.00	56.0	-16.0	
0.6474	0.2	0.07	34.30	56.0	-21.7	31.90	46.0	-14.1	
1.1657	0.2	0.07	38.00	56.0	-18.0	34.70	46.0	-11.3	
* 1.4257	0.2	0.08	42.00	56.0	-14.0	37.20	46.0	-8.80	
3.0253	0.3	0.12	26.20	56.0	-29.8	22.20	46.0	-23.8	
7.4465	0.46	0.18	37.80	60.0	-22.2	36.30	50.0	-13.7	

*:Maximum data x:Over limit



Power Line Conducted Emissions (Neutral) 5745,5785,5825MHz



Frequency MHz	LISN Loss dB	Cable Loss dB	QP Correct dBuV	QP Limit dBuV	QP Margin dB	AVG Correct. dBuV	AVG Limit dBuV	AVG Margin dB	Note
0.1500	0.1	0.02	42.60	66.0	-23.4	39.60	56.0	-16.4	
0.3893	0.19	0.09	28.70	58.0	-29.3	26.90	48.0	-21.1	
0.6543	0.2	0.07	24.00	56.0	-32.0	19.90	46.0	-26.1	
* 1.4257	0.2	0.08	44.10	56.0	-11.9	40.40	46.0	-5.60	
3.0253	0.2	0.12	26.10	56.0	-29.9	22.40	46.0	-23.6	
7.3680	0.31	0.18	35.40	60.0	-24.6	30.60	50.0	-19.4	

*:Maximum data x:Over limit

* NOTE: During the test, the EMI receiver was set to Max. Hold then switch the EUT Channel between 5745,5785,5825MHz to get the maximum reading of all these channels. Margin = Amplitude + Insertion Loss- Limit A margin of -8dB means that the emission is 8dB below the limit



5.2 Bandwidth for DSSS [Section 15.247 (a)(2)]

5.2.1 Test Procedure

The Transmitter output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer. The 6 dB bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured. The setting of spectrum analyzer is as follows

Equipment mode	Spectrum analyzer
Detector function	Peak mode
RBW	100KHz
VBW	100KHz

5.2.2 Test Setup



5.2.3 Test Data:

6dB Bandwidth

		Temp. (° C):	25
Test Engr:	Jerry Chiou	Humidity (%):	50
Frequency	6dB Bandwidth	Limit	Pass/Fail
(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)	r ass/1°an
5745	16.62	0.5	Pass
5785	16.62	0.5	Pass
5825	16.62	0.5	Pass



5745 MHz:



5785 MHz:





5825 MHz:





5.3 DSSS Maximum Peak Output Power [Section 15.247 (b)(1)]

5.3.1 Test Procedure

The Transmitter output of EUT was connected to the peak power analyzer.

5.3.2 Test Setup



5.3.3 Test Data

Maximum Peak Output Power

				-	Temp. (° C)	:				
Test Engr: Jerry Humidity (%):										
Frequency (MHz)	Analyzer Reading (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Power Output (mW)	Power Output (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Pass/Fail				
5745	12.75	1.3	25.41	14.05	30	Pass				
5785	13.06	1.3	27.29	14.36	30	Pass				
5825	13.15	1.3	27.86	14.45	30	Pass				

	802.11a											
Freq.		Bit rate (mbps)										
(MHz)	6	6 9 12 18 24 36 54										
5745	14.05	14.05	13.96	13.94	13.97	13.54	13.1					
5785	14.36	14.35	14.17	13.97	13.83	13.27	13					
5825	14.45	14.02	13.79	12.98	13.52	12.47	12.05					

Note: Two RF output(MAIN & AUX) have been test, the worse data shown above.

25



5.4 Radiated Emission Measurement [Section [15.247(c)(4)]

5.4.1 EUT Configuration

The equipment under test was set up on the 10 meter chamber with measurement distance of 3 meters. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table 80cm above ground.

Any changes made to the configuration, or modifications made to the EUT, during testing are noted in the following test record.

5.4.2 Test Procedure

The system was set up as described above, with the EMI diagnostic software running. We found the maximum readings by varying the height of antenna and then rotating the turntable. Both polarization of antenna, horizontal and vertical, are measured.

30M to 1GHz: The highest emissions between 30 MHz to 1000 MHz were also analyzed in details by operating the spectrum analyzer and/or EMI receiver in quasi-peak mode to determine the precise amplitude of the emissions. While doing so, the interconnecting cables and major parts of the system were moved around, the antenna height was varied between one and four meters, its polarization was varied between vertical and horizontal, and the turntable was slowly rotated, to maximize the emission.

1GHz – 25GHz: The highest emissions were also analyzed in details by operating the spectrum analyzer and/or EMI receiver in peak mode to determine the precise amplitude of the emission. While doing so, the interconnecting cables and major parts of the system were moved around, the antenna height was varied between one and four meters, its polarization was varied between vertical and horizontal, and the turntable was slowly rotated, to maximize the emission. During test the EMI receiver and spectrum was setup according to EMI Receiver/Spectrum Analyzer Configuration.

For the test of 2nd to 10th harmonics frequencies, the equipment setup was also refer to EMI Receiver/Spectrum Analyzer Configuration. The frequencies were tested using Peak mode first, if the test data is higher than the emissions limit, an additional measurement using Average mode will be performed and the average reading will be compared to the limit and record in test report.

5.4.3 EMI Receiver/Spectrum Analyzer Configuration (for the frequencies tested)

Frequency Range Tested:	30MHz~1000MHz
Detector Function:	Quasi-Peak Mode
Resolution Bandwidth (RBW):	120KHz
Video Bandwidth (VBW)	1MHz
Frequency Range Tested:	1GHz – 25 GHz
Detector Function:	Peak Mode
Resolution Bandwidth (RBW):	1MHz
Video Bandwidth (VBW)	3MHz
Frequency Range Tested:	1GHz – 25 GHz
Detector Function:	Average Mode
Resolution Bandwidth (RBW):	1MHz
Video Bandwidth (VBW)	10 Hz



5.4.4 Test Data (30MHz – 1GHz):

30M – 1GHz Open Field Radiated Emissions (Horizontal) 5745,5785,5825MHz Operator: Jerry Chiou

Temperature (C): 25 Humidity (%): 63

Frequency	Rx Amp.	Ant	CableLoss	PreAmp	Corrct.	Limit	Margin	Ant. Pos.	Table
	_	Fact		Gain	Emi.		_		Pos.
59.1	19.28	6.72	1.33	0.00	27.33	40.00	-12.67	96.00	245.00
68.8	22.93	6.16	1.51	0.00	30.60	40.00	-9.40	96.00	219.00
88.2	23.45	8.54	1.67	0.00	33.66	43.50	-9.84	96.00	219.00
95.96	18.16	9.91	1.79	0.00	29.87	43.50	-13.63	96.00	35.00
99.84	14.61	10.57	1.92	0.00	27.11	43.50	-16.39	96.00	35.00
102.75	14.55	11.10	1.93	0.00	27.57	43.50	-15.93	96.00	61.00
105.66	14.84	11.62	1.93	0.00	28.38	43.50	-15.12	96.00	35.00
111.48	18.73	12.43	1.90	0.00	33.06	43.50	-10.44	96.00	61.00
158.04	21.85	10.12	2.36	0.00	34.33	43.50	-9.17	96.00	219.00
177.44	16.34	9.35	2.49	0.00	28.17	43.50	-15.33	96.00	193.00
197.81	21.01	9.16	2.60	0.00	32.76	43.50	-10.74	96.00	245.00
202.66	22.27	9.17	2.63	0.00	34.07	43.50	-9.43	96.00	245.00



30M – 1GHz Open Field Radiated Emissions (Vertical) 5745,5785,5825MHz

Operator: Jerry Chiou

Temperature (C): 25 Humidity (%): 63

Frequenc	Rx	Ant	CableLoss	PreAmpGai	Corrct.	Limit	Margi	Ant.	Table
у	Amp.	Fact		n	Emi.		n	Pos.	Pos.
MHz	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(cm)	(deg)
70.74	22.55	6.16	1.55	0.00	30.25	40.00	-9.75	96.00	245.00
89.17	23.28	8.73	1.66	0.00	33.68	43.50	-9.82	96.00	219.00
95.96	18.13	9.91	1.79	0.00	29.84	43.50	-13.66	96.00	35.00
105.66	15.46	11.62	1.93	0.00	29.01	43.50	-14.49	96.00	35.00
108.57	14.66	12.14	1.94	0.00	28.74	43.50	-14.76	96.00	61.00
111.48	15.78	12.43	1.90	0.00	30.12	43.50	-13.38	96.00	61.00
155.13	17.70	10.15	2.31	0.00	30.16	43.50	-13.34	96.00	219.00
159.98	17.04	10.10	2.39	0.00	29.53	43.50	-13.97	96.00	219.00
162.89	17.05	9.93	2.39	0.00	29.37	43.50	-14.13	96.00	219.00
197.81	16.45	9.16	2.60	0.00	28.20	43.50	-15.30	96.00	245.00
202.66	16.30	9.17	2.63	0.00	28.10	43.50	-15.40	96.00	245.00
334.58	13.27	14.03	3.30	0.00	30.60	46.00	-15.40	96.00	140.00

NOTE:

During the Pre-test, the EUT has been tested for 5745,5785,5825MHz transmit from Main and Aux antenna respectively to get all the critical emission frequencies. In the final test all the critical emission frequencies has been tested and the test data are listed above.

Margin = Corrected Amplitude – Limit Corrected Amplitude = Radiated Amplitude + Antenna Correction Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-Amplifier Gain A margin of -8dB means that the emission is 8dB below the limit

All frequencies from 30MHz to 1GHz have been tested



5.4.5 Test Data (1GHz - 40 GHz).

1GHz~40 GHz (Horizontal), 5745 MHz

Operator: Jerry Chiou

RBW: 1MHz Humidity (%): 57 Temperature (C): 22

Frequency	Rx_R.	Ant_F.	Cab_L.	PreAmpl	Emission	Limit	Margin	A.Tower	T.Table
MHz	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	cm	deg
4927.27	39.23pk	35.32	2.15	27.34	49.36pk	54.00av	-4.64	100	7

1GHz~40 GHz (Vertical), 5745 MHz

Operator: Jerry Chiou

RBW: 1MHz Humidity (%): 57 Temperature (C): 22

Frequency	Rx_R.	Ant_F.	Cab_L.	PreAmpl	Emission	Limit	Margin	A.Tower	T.Table
MHz	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	cm	deg
5272.53	38.64pk	35.82	2.67	27.40	49.72pk	54.00av	-4.28	100	78

Note:

- According to the standards used, Where limits are specified by agencies for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detection, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.
- ➤ "*": Fundamental Frequency
- > "**": Not in the restricted band, Limit level=Fundamental Emission-20dB
- " pk": peak mode
- "av": average mode
- > "---": No meter reading data due to the emission level is smaller than spectrum noise level.
- ➤ The Spectrum noise level+Correction Factor < Limit 6 dB
- Margin=Corrected Amplitude Limit
- Corrected Amplitude=Radiated Amplitude+Antenna Correction Factor+Cable Loss-Pre-Amplifier Gain
- A margin of -8dB means that the emission is 8dB below the limit.

All frequencies from 1GHz to 25 GHz have been tested.



1GHz~40 GHz (Horizontal), 5785 MHz

Operator: Jerry Chiou

RBW: 1MHz Humidity (%): 57 Temperature (C): 22

Frequency	Rx_R.	Ant_F.	Cab_L.	PreAmpl	Emission	Limit	Margin	A.Tower	T.Table
MHz	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	cm	deg
5157.44	41.02pk	35.73	2.55	27.33	51.96pk	54.00av	-2.04	100	45

1GHz~40 GHz (Vertical), 5785 MHz

Operator: Jerry Chiou

RBW: 1MHz Humidity (%): 57 Temperature (C): 22

Frequency	Rx_R.	Ant_F.	Cab_L.	PreAmpl	Emission	Limit	Margin	A.Tower	T.Table
MHz	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	cm	deg
5150.25	38.80pk	35.72	2.52	27.33	49.71pk	54.00av	-4.29	100	43

Note:

- According to the standards used, Where limits are specified by agencies for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detection, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.
- ➤ "*": Fundamental Frequency
- > "**": Not in the restricted band, Limit level=Fundamental Emission-20dB
- ➢ "pk": peak mode
- "av": average mode
- > "---": No meter reading data due to the emission level is smaller than spectrum noise level.
- > The Spectrum noise level+Correction Factor < Limit 6 dB
- Margin=Corrected Amplitude Limit
- > Corrected Amplitude=Radiated Amplitude+Antenna Correction Factor+Cable Loss-Pre-Amplifier Gain
- A margin of -8dB means that the emission is 8dB below the limit.

All frequencies from 1GHz to 25 GHz have been tested.



1GHz~40 GHz (Horizontal), 5825 MHz

Operator: Jerry Chiou

RBW: 1MHz Humidity (%): 57 Temperature (C): 22

Frequency	Rx_R.	Ant_F.	Cab_L.	PreAmpl	Emission	Limit	Margin	A.Tower	T.Table
MHz	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	cm	deg
5200.6	41.04pk	35.76	2.66	27.36	52.10pk	54.00av	-1.90	100	58

1GHz~40 GHz (Vertical), 5825 MHz

Operator: Jerry Chiou

RBW: 1MHz Humidity (%): 57 Temperature (C): 22

Frequency	Rx_R.	Ant_F.	Cab_L.	PreAmpl	Emission	Limit	Margin	A.Tower	T.Table
MHz	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	cm	deg
5207.79	41.87pk	35.77	2.66	27.36	52.92pk	54.00av	-1.08	100	60

Note:

- > According to the standards used, Where limits are specified by agencies for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detection, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.
- "*": Fundamental Frequency
- > "**": Not in the restricted band, Limit level=Fundamental Emission-20dB
- "pk": peak mode
 "av": average mode
- > "---": No meter reading data due to the emission level is smaller than spectrum noise level.
- ➤ The Spectrum noise level+Correction Factor < Limit 6 dB
- ➢ Margin=Corrected Amplitude − Limit
- > Corrected Amplitude=Radiated Amplitude+Antenna Correction Factor+Cable Loss-Pre-Amplifier Gain
- > A margin of $-\hat{8}dB$ means that the emission is 8dB below the limit.

All frequencies from 1GHz to 25 GHz have been tested.



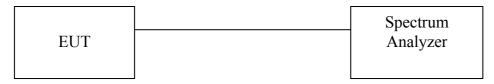


5.5 Band Edge Measurement

5.5.1 Test Procedure (Conducted)

- The transmitter output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer. Equipment mode: Spectrum analyzer Detector function: Peak mode SPAN: 100MHz RBW: 100KHz VBW: 100KHz Center frequency: 5.725GHz, 5.850GHz.
- Center frequency: 5.725GHz, 5.850GHz.
 Using Peak Search to read the peak power of Carrier frequencies after Maximum Hold function is completed
- 3. Find the next peak frequency outside the operation frequency band

5.5.2 Test Setup (Conducted)



5.5.3 Test Data:

Table: Band Edge measurement (Conducted)

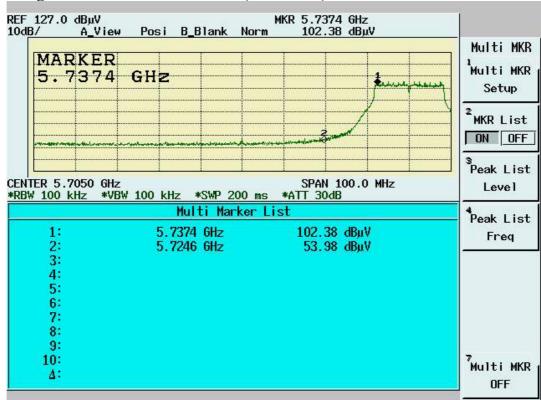
		Temp. (deg. C):	25
Test Engr:	Jerry Chiou	Humidity (%):	50

Conducted Mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Spectrum Reading (dBuV)	Carrier - Outsideband Limit: >30dB (dB)	Pass/Fail
5745 MHz	5737.4	102.38		
Outside band	5724.6	53.98	48.4	Pass
5825 MHz	5826.2	104.02		
Outside band	5850.3	53.27	50.75	Pass
Radiated Mode				
Channel	Frequency	Spectrum Reading	Carrier - Outsideband Limit: >30dB	Pass/Fail
	(MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Outsideband	Pass/Fail
Channel 5745 MHz		Reading	Outsideband Limit: >30dB	Pass/Fail
	(MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Outsideband Limit: >30dB	
5745 MHz	(MHz) 5737.3	Reading (dBuV) 48.85	Outsideband Limit: >30dB (dB) 	

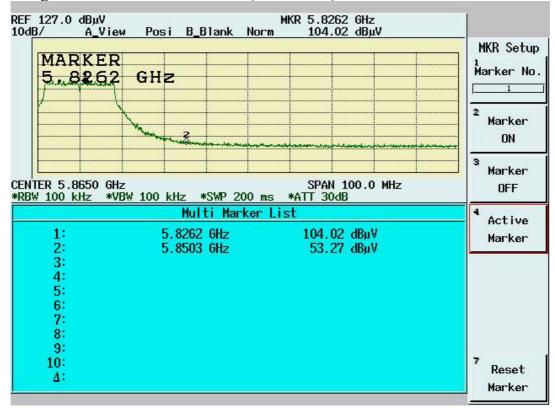
Note: Two RF output(MAIN & AUX) have been test, the worse data shown above.





Band Edge Conducted measurement (5745 MHz)

Band Edge Conducted Measurement (5825 MHZ)

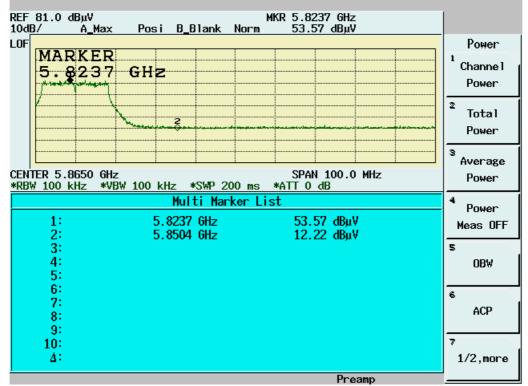




REF 81.0 dBµV 10dB/ A_	Max Posi B_Bla	MKR 5.7373 GHz nnk Norm 48.85 dBµV	
LOF MARK 5.73			Multi MKR ¹ Multi MKR Setup ² MKR List ON OFF
	*VBW 100 kHz *SW Multi	SPAN 100.0 MHz /P 200 ms *ATT 0 dB Marker List	Peak List Level
1: 2: 3: 4: 5: 6: 7: 8:	5.7373 G 5.7250 G		Freq
8: 9: 10: ∆:			7 Multi MKR OFF

Band Edge Radiated measurement (5745 MHz)







5.6 RF Exposure Measurement [Section 15.247(b)(4) & 1.1307(b)]

See SAR report



- -

5.7 DSSS Peak Power Spectral Density [Section 15.247(d)]

5.7.1 Test Procedure

- The Transmitter output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer. Equipment mode: Spectrum analyzer Detector function: Peak mode SPAN:1.5MHz RBW: 3KHz VBW: 30KHz Center frequency: fundamental frequency tested. Sweep time= 500 sec.
- 2. Using Peak Search to read the peak power after Maximum Hold function is completed.

5.7.2 Test Setup



5.7.3 Test Data

Maximum Peak Output Power Density

			Temp. (C):		25	
Test Engr:	Jerry Chiou		Humidity (%):	50		
Frequency	Spectrum	Cable Loss	Peak Power	Limit		
(MHz)	Reading	(dB)	Output	(dBm/3KHz)	Pass/Fail	
	(dBm/3KHz)		(dBm/3KHz)			
5745	-17.15	1.3	-15.85	8	Pass	
5785	-16.73	1.3	-15.43	8	Pass	
5825	-16.61	1.3	-15.31	8	Pass	

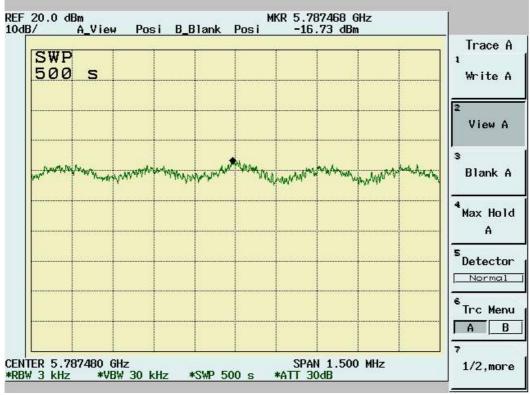
Note: Two RF output(MAIN & AUX) have been test, the worse data shown above.



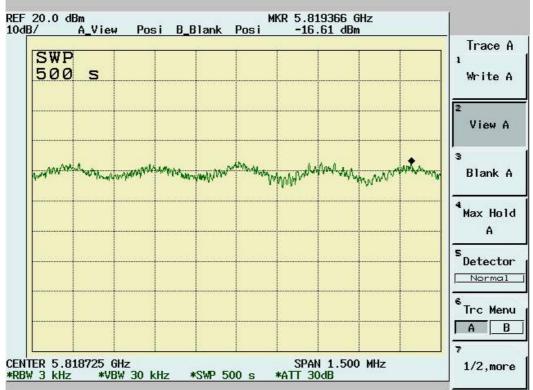
5745 MHz











5825 MHz



6. Appendix

6.1 Appendix A: Measurement Procedure for Power line Conducted Emissions

The measurements are performed in a $3.5m \times 3.4m \times 2.5m$ shielded room, which referred as Conduction 01 test site, or a $3m \times 3m \times 2.3m$ test site, which referred as Conduction 02 test site. The EUT was placed on non-conduction 1.0m x 1.5m table, which is 0.8 meters above an earth-grounded.

Power to the EUT was provided through the LISN which has the Impedance (50ohm/50uH) vs. Frequency Characteristic in accordance with the required standard. Power to the LISNs were filtered to eliminate ambient signal interference and these filters were bonded to the ground plane. Peripheral equipment required to provide a functional system (support equipment) for EUT testing was powered from the second LISN through a ganged, metal power outlet box which is bonded to the ground plane at the LISN.

If the EUT is supplied with a flexible power cord, the power cord length in excess of the distance separating the EUT from the LISN shall be folded back and forth at the center of the lead so as to form a bundle not exceeding 40cm in length. If the EUT is provided with a permanently coiled power cord, bundling of the cord is not required. If the EUT is supplied without a power cord, the EUT shall be connected to the LISN by a power cord of the type specified by the manufacturer which shall not be longer than 1 meter. The excess power cord shall be bundled as described above. If a non-flexible power cord is provided with the EUT, it shall be cut to the length necessary to attach the EUT to the LISN and shall not be bundled.

The interconnecting cables were arranged and moved to get the maximum emission. Both the line of power cord, hot and neutral, were measured.

The highest emissions were analyzed in details by operating the spectrum analyzer in fixed tuned mode to determine the nature of the emissions and to provide information which could be useful in reducing their amplitude.



6.2 Appendix B: Test Procedure for Radiated Emissions

Preliminary Measurements in the Anechoic Chamber

The radiated emissions are initially measured in the anechoic chamber at a measurement distance of 3 meters. Desktop EUT are placed on a wooden stand 0.8 meter in height. The measurement antenna is 3 meters from the EUT. The test setup in anechoic chamber is the same as open site. The turntable rotated 360°C. The antenna height is varied from 1-2.5m. The primary objective of the radiated measurements in the anechoic chamber is to identify the frequency spectrum in the absence of the electromagnetic environment existing on the open test site. The frequencies can then be pre-selected on the open test site to obtain the corresponding amplitude. The initial scan is made with the spectrum analyzer in automatic sweep mode. The spectrum peaks are then measured manually to determine the exact frequencies.

Measurements on the Open Site or 10m EMC Chamber

The radiated emissions test will then be repeated on the open site or 10m EMC chamber to measure the amplitudes accurately and without the multiple reflections existing in the shielded room. The EUT and support equipment are set up on the turntable of one of the 3 or 10 meter open field sites. Desktop EUT are set up on a wooden stand 0.8 meter above the ground.

For the initial measurements, the receiving antenna is varied from 1-4 meter height and is changed in the vertical plane from vertical to horizontal polarization at each frequency. Both reading are recorded with the quasi-peak detector with 120KHz bandwidth. For frequency between 30 MHz and 1000MHz, the reading is recorded with peak detector or quasi-peak detector. For frequency above 1 GHz, the reading is recorded with peak detector or average detector with 1 MHz bandwidth.

At the highest amplitudes observed, the EUT is rotated in the horizontal plane while changing the antenna polarization in the vertical plane to maximize the reading. The interconnecting cables were arranged and moved to get the maximum emission. Once the maximum reading is obtained, the antenna elevation and polarization will be varied between specified limits to maximize the readings.



6.3 Appendix C: Test Equipment

6.3.1 Test Equipment List

Location	Equipment Name	Brand	Model	S/N	Last Cal. Date	Next Cal. Date
Conduction	Coaxial Cable 1F-C2	Harbourindustr ies	RG400	1F-C2	02/13/2007	02/13/2008
Conduction	Digital Hygro-Thermometer Conduct	MicroLife	HT-2126G	ISL-Conductio n02	12/26/2007	12/26/2008
Conduction	EMI Receiver 07	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	FCKL 1528	1528-201	08/31/2007	08/30/2008
Conduction	LISN 01	R&S	ESH2-Z5	890485/013	01/03/2008	01/03/2009
Conduction	LISN 06	R&S	ESH3-Z5	828874/009	12/14/2007	12/14/2008
Radiation	BILOG Antenna 08	Schaffner	CBL6112B	2756	06/13/2007	06/12/2008
Radiation	Coaxial Cable Chmb 02-10M	Belden	RG-8/U	Chmb 02-10M	02/13/2007	02/12/2008
Radiation	Digital Hygro-Thermometer Chmb 02	MicroLife	HT-2126G	Chmb 02	12/26/2007	12/26/2008
Radiation	EMI Receiver 02	HP	85460A	3448A00183	12/29/2007	12/28/2008
Radiation	Spectrum Analyzer 13	Advantest	R3132	121200411	03/16/2007	03/15/2008
Radiation	Horn Antenna 02	Com-Power	AH-118	10088	01/14/2008	01/14/2009
Radiation	Horn Antenna 04	Com-Power	AH-826	081-001	03/13/2007	03/13/2008
Radiation	Horn Antenna 05	Com-Power	AH-640	100A	11/16/2007	11/15/2008
Radiation	Microwave Cable RF SK-01	HUBER+SUH NERAG.	Sucoflex 102	22139 /2	06/01/2007	06/01/2008
Radiation	Preamplifier 09	MITEQ	AFS44-00102 650-40-10P-44	858687	04/02/2007	04/02/2008
Radiation	Preamplifier 10	MITEQ	JS-26004000-2 7-5A	818471	12/28/2007	12/28/2008
Radiation	High Pass Filter 01	HEWLETT-P ACKARD	84300-80038	001	N/A	N/A
Radiation	High Pass Filter 02	HEWLETT-P ACKARD	84300-80039	005	N/A	N/A
Radiation	Spectrum Analyzer 14	Advantest	R3182	140600028	12/06/2007	12/06/2008

Note: Calibration is traceable to NIST or national or international standards.

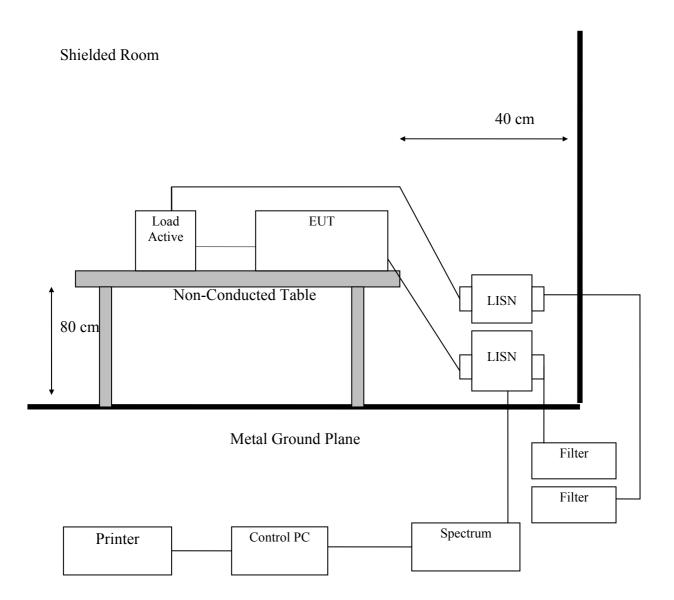
6.3.2 Software for Controlling Spectrum/Receiver and Calculating Test Data

Radiation/Conduction	Filename	Version	Issued Date	
Conduction	Tile.exe	1.12E	7/7/2000	
Radiation	Tile.exe	1.12C	6/16/2000	



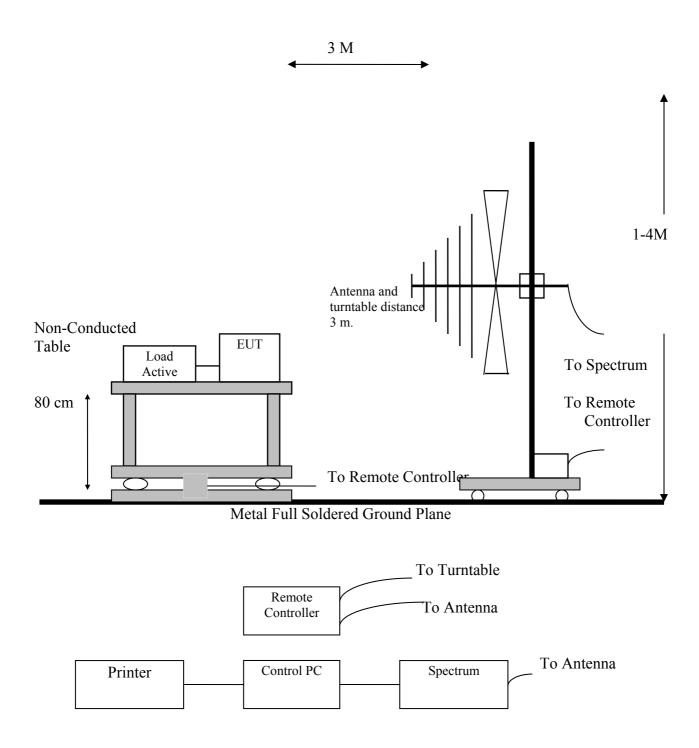
6.4 Appendix D: Layout of EUT and Support Equipment

6.4.1 General Conducted Test Configuration





6.4.2 General Radiation Test Configuration



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6.5 Appendix E: Accuracy of Measurement

The measurement uncertainty refers to CISPR 16-4-2:2003. The coverage factor k = 2 yields approximately a 95 % level of confidence.

<Conduction 02>: ±1.77dB

<Chamber 02 (10M)> 30MHz~1GHz: ±2.56dB

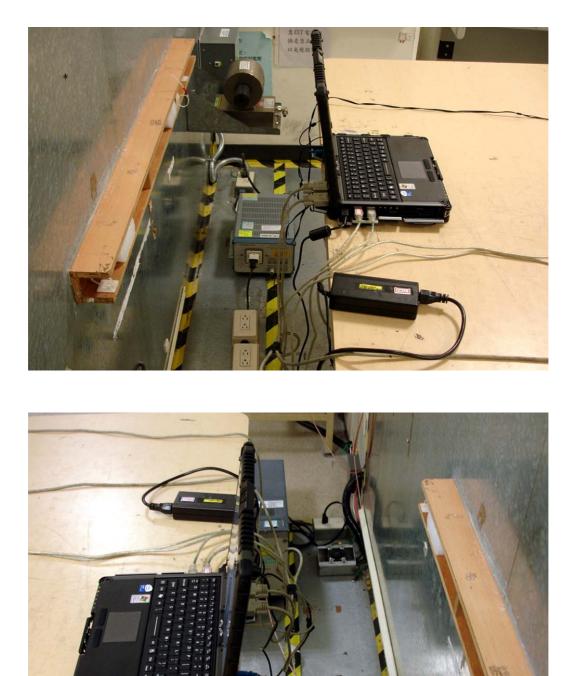


6.6 Appendix F: Photographs of EUT Configuration Test Set Up

The Front View of Highest Conducted Set-up For EUT







The Back View of Highest Conducted Set-up For EUT





The Front View of Highest Radiated Set-up For EUT

The Back View of Highest Radiated Set-up For EUT





6.7 Appendix G: Antenna Specification

Please refer to the attached file.

