

RF EXPOSURE REPORT

 REPORT NO.:
 SA970130H02C

 MODEL NO.:
 RU-859, RU-859-XXX ("X"canbe 0 ~ 9, A ~ Z)

 FCC ID:
 MAD-RU-859

- ACCORDING: FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure IEEE C95.1
 - APPLICANT: Microelectronics Technology Inc.
 - ADDRESS: 1, Innovation Road II, Hsinchu Science-based Industrial Park, Hsinchu, Taiwan, R.O.C.
- **ISSUED BY:** Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch
- LAB LOCATION: No. 81-1, Lu Liao Keng, 9th Ling,Wu Lung Tsuen, Chiung Lin Hsiang, Hsin Chu Hsien 307, Taiwan



RF Exposure Measurement

1. Introduction

In this document, we try to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body for our product. The limit for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) specified in FCC 1.1310 is followed. The Gain of the antenna used in this product is measured in a Fully Anechoic Chamber (FAC) calibrated for antenna measurement in our lab, and also the maximum total power input to the antenna is measured. Through the Friis transmission formula and the maximum gain of the antenna, we can calculate the distance, away from the product, where the limit of MPE is reached.

Although the Friis transmission formula is a far field assumption, the calculated result of that is an over-prediction for near field power density. We will take that as the worst case to specify the safety range.

2.RF Exposure Limit

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

Frequency	Electric Field	Magnetic Field	Power Density	Average Time			
Range	Strength (V/m)	Strength (A/m)	(mW/cm ²)	(minutes)			
(MHz)							
(A)Limits For Occupational / Control Exposures							
300-1500			F/300	6			
1500-100,000			5	6			
(B)Limits For General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure							
300-1500			F/1500	30			
1500-100,000		•••	1.0	30			

LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

F = Frequency in MHz



3. Friis Formula

Friis transmission formula : $Pd = (Pout^{*}G) / (4^{*}pi^{*}r^{2})$

where $Pd = power density in mW/cm^2$ Pout = output power to antenna in mW G = gain of antenna in linear scale Pi = 3.1416R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

Pd is the limit of MPE, 0.601 mW/cm2. If we know the maximum Gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the MPE value at distance 25cm.

Ref. : David K. Cheng, *Field and Wave Electromagnetics*, Second Edition, Page 640, Eq. (11-133).

4. EUT Operating condition

The software provided by Manufacturer enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

5. Classification

This device is Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure. This device is classified as **Mobile Device**.



6. Test Results

6.1 Antenna Gain

The maximum Gain is 5.28dBi or 3.372873 (numeric)

Model No.	Antenna Type	Connector Type	Gain (dBi)	Cable loss (dB)	Net G	ain (dBi)
PFID0900-ANT	Patch Antenna	SMA Female	6	0.75	4.)	5.25
Model No.	Antenna Type	Connector Type	Gain (dBi)	Cable loss (dB)	Net Gain (dBi)	Cable Length (mm)
4604-0014	Patch Antenna	SMA-male	5.5	0.22	5.28	127
4604-0015	Patch Antenna	SMA-male	5.5	1.1	4.4	1016

6.2 Output Power Into Antenna & RF Exposure value at distance 25cm:

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
0	902.75	905.733	0.389	0.601
24	914.75	847.227	0.364	0.601
49	927.25	829.851	0.356	0.601