CETECOM ICT Services GmbH

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Accredited testing laboratory

DAR registration number: DAT-P-176/94-D1

Test report no. : 4-2380-13-04/07-B

Type identification: MC2007S1

Test specification : IEEE P1528/D1.2 FCC-ID : M9HMC07S1

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1 General Information

1.1 Notes

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in 1.5. The CETECOM ICT Services GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalisations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item. The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written approval of the CETECOM ICT Services GmbH.

1.1.1 Statement of Compliance

The SAR values found for the MC2007S1 **Mobile phone** are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1 g tissue according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI/IEEE C 95.1:1999, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment, according to the Health Canada's Safety Code 6 and the Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure.

For body worn operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal and that positions the handset a minimum of 15 mm from the body. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The measurement together with the test system set-up is described in chapter 2.3 of this test report. A detailed description of the equipment under test can be found in chapter 1.5.

Test engineer:

2007-05-08 Oleksandr Hnatovskiy

Date Name Signature

Technical responsibility for area of testing:

2007-05-08 Fabien Coulet

Date Name Signature

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1.2 Testing laboratory

CETECOM ICT Services GmbH Untertuerkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbruecken

Germany

Telephone: + 49 681 598 - 0 Fax: + 49 681 598 - 8475

e-mail: <u>info@ict.cetecom.de</u>
Internet: <u>http://www.cetecom-ict.de</u>

State of accreditation: The Test laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN

ISO/IEC 17025. DAR registration number: DAT-P-176/94-D1

Test location, if different from CETECOM ICT Services GmbH

Name: --Street: --Town: --Country: --Phone: --Fax: ---

1.3 Details of applicant

Name: SAGEM Communication

FR 0448018158

Street: 2 rue du Petit Albi Town: 95800 Cergy Pontoise

Country: France

Contact: Mr. Jean Marquet Telephone: +33-1-5811 91 72

1.4 Application details

Date of receipt of application: 2007-03-21
Date of receipt of test item: 2007-04-27
Start/Date of test: 2007-04-29
End of test: 2007-05-03

Person(s) present during the test: ---

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1.5 Test item

Description of the test item:

Type identification:

MC2007S1

MCC-ID:

M9HMC07S1

Serial number: N/A

Manufacturer:

Name: SAGEM Communication

Street: 2 rue du Petit Albi Town: 95800 Cergy Pontoise

Country: France

Country:	France				
additional information on the DUT:					
device type:	portable device				
IMEI No:	35443701000261-2 (conducte	ed)			
	35443701000161-4 (radiated)				
exposure category:	uncontrolled environment / ge	eneral population			
test device production information	identical prototype				
device operating configurations:					
operating mode(s)	GSM, DCS, PCS, UMTS/WC				
modulation	GMSK, 8-PSK, QPSK(dl), 2*	BPSK/HPSK(ul)			
GPRS mobile station class:	В				
GPRS multislot class:	10	voice mode :			
EGPRS multislot class	E2	voice mode :			
maximum no. of timeslots in uplink:	2				
operating frequency range(s)	transmitter frequency range	receiver frequency range			
PCS 1900 (tested):	1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz	1930.2 MHz ~ 1989.8 MHz			
PCS 850 (tested):	824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz 869.2 MHz ~ 893.8				
DCS 1800	1710 MHz ~ 1785 MHz	1805 MHz ~ 1880 MHz			
GSM 900	880 MHz ~ 915 MHz	925 MHz ~ 960 MHz			
UMTS	1922.4 MHz ~ 1977.6 MHz 2112.4 MHz ~ 2167.6 MHz				
Power class:	1, tested with power level 0 (1900 MHz band)				
	4, tested with power level 5 (850 MHz band)				
measured peak output power	850 MHz band: 32.7 dBm (GSM); 32.3 dBm (Edge)				
(conducted):	1900 MHz band: 29.9 dBm (GSM); 29.5 dBm (Edge)				
test channels (low – mid – high):	128 – 190 – 251 (850 MHz band)				
	661 (1900 MHz band)				
hardware version:	V0x				
software version:	E E1,C				
antenna type:	Integrated antenna				
accessories /	- stereo headset EMB-SGC712AYBB (189660148)				
body-worn configurations:	- remote control (189345890) + headset (189346219)				
battery options :	Li-ion F734A1446 SN: 189646549; 3.9V; 920mAh				

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1.6 Test specification(s)

Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01)

IEEE P1528/D1.2 (April 21, 2003)

RSS-102: Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands (Issue 2 of November 2005)

Canada's Safety Code 6: Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz (99-EHD-237)

IEEE Std C95.3 – 1991, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields – RF and Microwave.

IEEE Std C95.1 – 1999, IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, $3 \, \text{kHz} - 300 \, \text{GHz}$.

1.6.1 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

Table 1: RF exposure limits

The limit applied in this test report is shown in **bold** letters

Notes:

- * The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time
- ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- *** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

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2 Technical test

2.1 Summary of test results

No deviations from the technical specification(s) were ascertained in the course of the tests performed.	
The deviations as specified in 2.5 were ascertained in the course of the tests performed.	

2.2 Test environment

General Environment conditions in the test area are as follows:

Ambient temperature: $20^{\circ}\text{C} - 24^{\circ}\text{C}$ Tissue simulating liquid: $20^{\circ}\text{C} - 24^{\circ}\text{C}$ Humidity: 40% - 50%

Exact temperature values for each test are shown in the table(s) under 2.5. and/or on the measurement plots.

2.3 Measurement and test set-up

The measurement system is described in chapter 2.4.

The test setup for the system validation can be found in chapter 2.4.14.

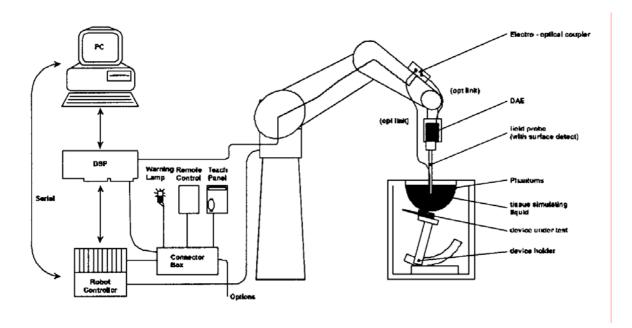
A description of positioning and test signal control can be found in chapter 2.5 together with the test results.

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2.4 Measurement system

2.4.1 System Description



The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- The <u>Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC)</u> performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY4 measurement server.
- The DASY4 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2000
- DASY4 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

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2.4.2 Test environment

The DASY4 measurement system is placed at the head end of a room with dimensions:

 $5 \times 2.5 \times 3 \text{ m}^3$, the SAM phantom is placed in a distance of 75 cm from the side walls and 1.1m from the rear wall. Above the test system a 1.5 x 1.5 m² array of pyramid absorbers is installed to reduce reflections from the ceiling.

Picture 1 of the photo documentation shows a complete view of the test environment.

The system allows the measurement of SAR values larger than 0.005 mW/g.

2.4.3 Probe description

Isotropic E-Field Probe ET3DV6 for Dosimetric Measurements

Technical data according to manufacturer information				
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core			
	Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system			
	Built-in shielding against static charges			
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic			
	solvents, e.g., glycolether)			
Calibration	In air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz			
	In head tissue simulating liquid (HSL) at 900 (800-			
	1000) MHz and 1.8 GHz (1700-1910 MHz)			
	(accuracy \pm 9.5%; k=2) Calibration for other liquids			
	and frequencies upon request			
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB			
	(30 MHz to 3 GHz)			
Directivity	\pm 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)			
	\pm 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)			
Dynamic range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB			
Optical Surface Detection	\pm 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over			
	diffuse reflecting surfaces (ET3DV6 only)			
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm			
	Tip length: 16 mm			
	Body diameter: 12 mm			
	Tip diameter: 6.8 mm			
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm			
Application	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz			
	Compliance tests of mobile phones			
	Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms (ET3DV6)			

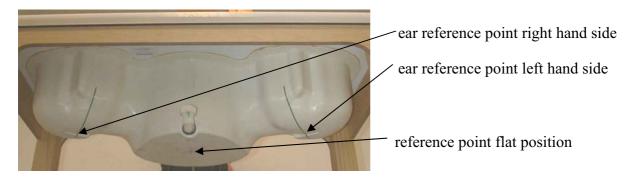
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2.4.4 Phantom description

The used SAM Phantom meets the requirements specified in Edition 01-01 of Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65 for Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) measurements.

The phantom consists of a fibreglass shell integrated in a wooden table. It allows left-hand and right-hand head as well as body-worn measurements with a maximum liquid depth of 18 cm in head position and 22 cm in planar position (body measurements). The thickness of the Phantom shell is 2 mm +/- 0.1 mm.



2.4.5 Device holder description

The DASY4 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65°. The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. This device holder is used for standard mobile phones or PDA's only. If necessary an additional support of polystyrene material is used.



Larger DUT's (e.g. notebooks) cannot be tested using this device holder. Instead a support of bigger polystyrene cubes and thin polystyrene plates is used to position the DUT in all relevant positions to find and measure spots with maximum SAR values.

Therefore those devices are normally only tested at the flat part of the SAM.

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2.4.6 Scanning procedure

The DASY4 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY4 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above \pm 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within \pm 30°.)
- The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strenth is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The standard scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement. Standard grid spacing for head measurements is 15 mm in x- and y- dimension. If a finer resolution is needed, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in annex 2.
- A "7x7x7 zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. This is a fine 7x7 grid where the robot additionally moves the probe in 7 steps along the z-axis away from the bottom of the Phantom. Grid spacing for the cube measurement is 5 mm in x and y-direction and 5 mm in z-direction. DASY4 is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in annex 2. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see chapter 1.6.) are shown in table form in chapter 2.5.
- A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 2mm steps. This measurement shows the continuity of the liquid and can depending in the field strength also show the liquid depth. A z-axis scan of the measurement with maximum SAR value is shown in annex 2.

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2.4.7 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of 7 x 7 x 7 points. The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting 'Graph Evaluated'.
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.
- All neighboring volumes are evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY4 uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compansate boundary effects on E-field probes.

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2.4.8 Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY4 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

Device parameters:

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Prob	e parameters:	- Sensitivity	$Norm_i$, a_{i0} , a_{i1} , a_{i2}	
------	---------------	---------------	---	--

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{- Conversion factor} & \text{Conv}F_i \\ \text{- Diode compression point} & \text{Dcpi} \\ \text{- Frequency} & \text{f} \\ \text{- Crest factor} & \text{cf} \end{array}$

Media parameters: - Conductivity σ

- Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY4 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

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If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot cf/dcp_i$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

> cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$

H-field probes: $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2)/f$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (1 = x, y) $[mV/(V/m)^2]$ for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\rho \cdot 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770$$
 or $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$

with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm^2

 \vec{E}_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

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2.4.9 Test equipment utilized

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment

Devices used during the test described in chapter 2.5. are marked \boxtimes

Manufacturer	Device	Туре	Serial number	Date of last calibration)*
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	1558	August 30, 2006
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	1559	January 17, 2007
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	900 MHz System Validation Dipole	D900V2	102	August 18, 2006
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	1800 MHz System Validation Dipole	D1800V2	287	August 22, 2006
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	1900 MHz System Validation Dipole	D1900V2	5d009	August 16, 2006
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	2450 MHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	710	August 21, 2006
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Data acquisition electronics	DAE3V1	413	January 18, 2007
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Software	DASY 4 V4.5		N/A
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Phantom	SAM		N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	832221/0055	January 12, 2006
Hewlett Packard)*	Network Analyser 300 kHz to 6 GHz	8753C	2937U00269	March 13, 2007
Hewlett Packard)*	Network Analyser 300 kHz to 6 GHz	85047A	2936A00872	March 13, 2007
Hewlett Packard	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070C	US99360146	N/A
Hewlett Packard	Peak Power Analyzer	8990A	3128A00169	August 23, 2005
Hewlett Packard	Peak Power Sensor	84813A	3125A00111	August 25, 2005
Hewlett Packard	Signal Generator	8665A	2833A00112	February 9, 2007
Amplifier Reasearch	Amplifier	25S1G4 (25 Watt)	20452	N/A
Agilent	Power Meter	438A	2804U01006	February 2, 2007
Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	8482A	2703A03025	February 2, 2007

^{)* :} Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

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2.4.10 Tissue simulating liquids: dielectric properties

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

(liquids used for tests described in chapter 2.5. are marked with \boxtimes):

Ingredients			Frequen	ey (MHz)		
(% of weight)						
frequency band	<u> </u>	⊠ 835	900	<u> </u>	∑ 1900	2450
Tissue Type	Head	Head	Head	Head	Head	Head
Water	38.56	41.45	40.92	52.64	54.9	62.7
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.45	1.48	0.36	0.18	0.5
Sugar	56.32	56.0	56.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	47.0	44.92	0.0

Table 2: Head tissue dielectric properties

Ingredients			Frequen	ey (MHz)		
(% of weight)						
frequency band	<u> </u>	⊠ 835	900	<u> </u>	∑ 1900	2450
Tissue Type	Body	Body	Body	Body	Body	Body
Water	51.16	52.4	56.0	69.91	69.91	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	1.49	1.40	0.76	0.13	0.13	0.04
Sugar	46.78	45.0	41.76	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.52	1.0	1.21	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.05	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	29.96	29.96	26.7

Table 3: Body tissue dielectric properties

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose Water: De-ionized, $16M\Omega$ + resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

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2.4.11 Tissue simulating liquids: parameters

Used Target Target		Measured		Measured	
Frequency	Head	Tissue	Head	Tissue	Date
[MHz]	Permittivity	Conductivity	Permittivity	Conductivity	
		[S/m]		[S/m]	
835	41.5	0.90	41.9	0.87	2007-04-30
900	42.0	0.99	41.1	0.94	2007-04-30
1900	40.0	1.40	38.6	1.37	2007-05-03

Table 4: Parameter of the head tissue simulating liquid

Used Target Target		Meas	sured	Measured	
Frequency	Body	Body Tissue		Tissue	Date
[MHz]	Permittivity	Conductivity	Permittivity	Conductivity	
		[S/m]		[S/m]	
835	55.2	0.97	54.9	0.96	2007-04-30
900	55.0	1.05	54.3	1.03	2007-04-30
1900	53.3	1.52	52.5	1.51	2007-05-02

Table 5: Parameter of the body tissue simulating liquid

Note: The dielectric properties have been measured using the contact probe method at 22°C.

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2.4.12 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for SAR test

The overall combined measurement uncertainty of the measurement system is \pm 10,3% (K=1). The expanded uncertainty (k=2) is assessed to be \pm 20.6%

This measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by IEEE P1528 and determined by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Error Sources	Uncertainty Value	Probability Distribution	Divi- sor	c _i	c _i 10g	Standard Uncertainty 1g	Standard Uncertainty 10g	v _i ² or v _{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	± 4.8%	Normal	1	1	1	± 4.8%	± 4.8%	∞
Axial isotropy	± 4.7%	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9%	± 1.9%	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	± 9.6%	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9%	± 3.9%	∞
Spatial resolution	± 0.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.0%	± 0.0%	∞
Boundary effects	± 1.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6%	± 0.6%	∞
Probe linearity	± 4.7%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7%	± 2.7%	∞
System detection limits	± 1.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6%	± 0.6%	∞
Readout electronics	± 1.0%	Normal	1	1	1	± 1.0%	± 1.0%	∞
Response time	± 0.8%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5%	± 0.5%	∞
Integration time	± 2.6%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5%	± 1.5%	∞
RF ambient conditions	± 3.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7%	± 1.7%	∞
Probe positioner	± 0.4%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2%	± 0.2%	∞
Probe positioning	± 2.9%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7%	± 1.7%	∞
Max. SAR evaluation	± 1.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6%	± 0.6%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device positioning	± 2.9%	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9%	± 2.9%	145
Device holder uncertainty	± 3.6%	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6%	± 3.6%	5
Power drift	± 5.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9%	± 2.9%	∞
Phantom and Set-up								
Phantom uncertainty	± 4.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3%	± 2.3%	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0%	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8%	± 1.2%	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 2.5%	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6%	± 1.1%	∞
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0%	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7%	± 1.4%	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 2.5%	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5%	± 1.2%	∞
Combined Uncertainty						± 10.3%	± 10.0%	330
Expanded Std. Uncertainty						± 20.6%	± 20.1%	

Table 6: Measurement uncertainties

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2.4.13 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for system validation

The overall combined measurement uncertainty of the measurement system is \pm 8.4% (K=1).

The expanded uncertainty (k=2) is assessed to be \pm 16.8%

This measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by IEEE P1528 and determined by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Error Sources	Uncertainty Value	Probability Distribution	Divi- sor	c _i	c _i 10g	Standard Uncertainty	Standard Uncertainty	v _i ² or v _{eff}
				15	105	1g	10g	
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	± 4.8%	Normal	1	1	1	± 4.8%	± 4.8%	∞
Axial isotropy	± 4.7%	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9%	± 1.9%	80
Hemispherical isotropy	± 0.0%	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 0.0%	± 3.9%	∞
Boundary effects	± 1.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6%	± 0.6%	∞
Probe linearity	± 4.7%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7%	± 2.7%	∞
System detection limits	± 1.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6%	± 0.6%	∞
Readout electronics	± 1.0%	Normal	1	1	1	± 1.0%	± 1.0%	∞
Response time	± 0.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.0%	± 0.0%	8
Integration time	± 0.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.0%	± 0.0%	8
RF ambient conditions	± 3.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7%	± 1.7%	8
Probe positioner	± 0.4%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2%	± 0.2%	8
Probe positioning	± 2.9%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7%	± 1.7%	8
Max. SAR evaluation	± 1.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6%	± 0.6%	8
Test Sample Related								
Dipole axis to liquid distance	± 2.0%	Normal	1	1	1	± 1.2%	± 1.2%	∞
Power drift	± 4.7%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7%	± 2.7%	∞
Phantom and Set-up								
Phantom uncertainty	± 4.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3%	± 2.3%	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0%	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8%	± 1.2%	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 2.5%	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6%	± 1.1%	∞
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0%	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7%	± 1.4%	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 2.5%	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5%	± 1.2%	∞
Combined Uncertainty						± 8.4%	± 8.1%	
Expanded Std. Uncertainty						± 16.8%	± 16.2%	

Table 7: Measurement uncertainties

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2.4.14 System validation

The system validation is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The system validation is performed with tissue equivalent material according to IEEE P1528 (described above). The following table shows validation results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests of the test item described in chapter 1.5. (graphic plot(s) see annex 1).

Validation Kit	Frequency	Target Peak SAR	Target SAR _{1g} (1000 mW)	Measured Peak SAR	Measured SAR _{1g}	Measured date
		(1000 mW)	(+/- 10%)			
		(+/- 10%)				
D900V2	900 MHz	164 337	111 \$\$7/	165 337	110 11/	2007.04.20
S/N: 102	head	16.4 mW/g	11.1 mW/g	16.7 mW/g	11.0 mw/g	2007-04-30
D900V2	900 MHz	16.5 mW/g	10.9 mW/g	16.2 mW/g	11.1 mW/a	2007-04-30
S/N: 102	body	10.3 m vv/g	10.9 m vv/g	10.2 m vv/g	11.1 m vv/g	2007-04-30
D1900V2	1900 MHz	(4 0 W/-	29 4 m W/a	66 5 mW/s	20.7 mW/a	2007 05 02
S/N: 5d009	head	64.8 mW/g	38.4 mW/g	00.5 mw/g	38.7 mW/g	2007-05-03
D1900V2	1900 MHz	68.4 mW/g	38.9 mW/g	62.2 mW/g	38.4 mW/g	2007-05-02
S/N: 5d009	body	00.4 m w/g	30.3 m w/g	US.S III W/g	30.4 III W/g	2007-05-02

Table 8: Results system validation

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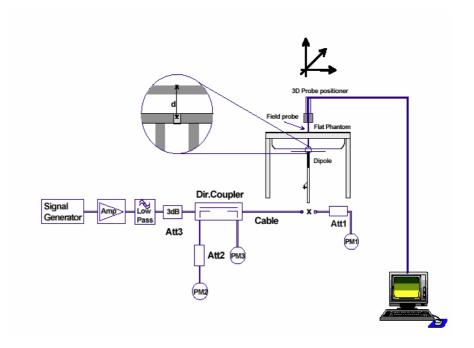


2.4.15 Validation procedure

The validation is performed by using a validation dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a Plexiglas's spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 1000 mW. To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the validation to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the validation to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

Validation results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system.





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2.5 Test results (Head and Body SAR)

The table contains the measured SAR values averaged over a mass of 1 g						
Channel / frequency	Position	Left hand position	Right hand position	Limit	Liquid temperature	
190 / 836.6 MHz	cheek	0.195 W/kg	0.280 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	22.1/22.3 °C	
190 / 836.6 MHz	cheek + BT		0.306 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	22.1 °C	
190 / 836.6 MHz	tilted 15°	0.091 W/kg	0.101 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	22.2/22.2 °C	
128 / 824.2 MHz	cheek	not necessary	not necessary	1.6 W/kg	°C	
251 / 848.8 MHz	cheek	not necessary	not necessary	1.6 W/kg	°C	

Table 9: Test results (Head SAR 850 MHz)

Note: The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

The table contains the measured SAR values averaged over a mass of 1 g								
Channel / frequency	Position	Body worn	Limit	Liquid temperature				
	With stereo headset EMB-SGC712AYBB (189660148)							
190 / 836.6 MHz	front	0.329 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	22.2°C				
190 / 836.6 MHz	rear	0.851 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	22.3°C				
128 / 824.2 MHz	rear	0.624 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	22.0°C				
251 / 848.8 MHz	rear	0.645 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	22.0°C				
	With remote control (189345890) + headset (189346219)							
190 / 836.6 MHz	front	0.495 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	22.3°C				
190 / 836.6 MHz	rear	0.885 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	22.0°C				
128 / 824.2 MHz	rear	0.960 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.9°C				
251 / 848.8 MHz	rear	0.646 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	22.0°C				
128 / 824.2 MHz	rear + BT	0.970 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.8°C				
128 / 824.2 MHz	rear + BT (EGPRS)	0.381 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.6°C				

Table 10: Test results (Body SAR 850 MHz)

Note: The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

Tests in body position were performed with 15 mm air gap between DUT and SAM to simulate the use of a non-metallic belt-clip or holster.

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The table contains the measured SAR values averaged over a mass of 1 g						
Channel / frequency	Position	Left hand position	Right hand position	Limit	Liquid temperature	
661 / 1880.0 MHz	cheek	0.172 W/kg	0.270 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.9/21.7 °C	
661 / 1880.0 MHz	cheek + BT		0.278 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.5 °C	
661 / 1880.0 MHz	tilted 15°	0.120 W/kg	0.087 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.8/21.8 °C	
512 / 1850.2 MHz	cheek	not necessary	not necessary	1.6 W/kg	°C	
810 / 1909.8 MHz	cheek	not necessary	not necessary	1.6 W/kg	°C	

Table 11: Test results (Head SAR 1900 MHz)

Note: The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

The table contains the measured SAR values averaged over a mass of 1 g								
Channel / frequency	Position	Body worn	Limit	Liquid temperature				
V	With stereo headset EMB-SGC712AYBB (189660148)							
661 / 1880.0 MHz	front	0.114 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	22.5°C				
661 / 1880.0 MHz	rear	0.287 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	22.0°C				
661 / 1880.0 MHz	rear + BT	0.292 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.8°C				
661 / 1880.0 MHz	rear + BT (EGPRS)	0.146 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.6°C				
W	With remote control (189345890) + headset (189346219)							
661 / 1880.0 MHz	front	0.116 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	22.1°C				
661 / 1880.0 MHz	rear	0.273 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	22.0°C				
512 / 1850.2 MHz	rear	not necessary	1.6 W/kg	°C				
810 / 1909.8 MHz	rear	not necessary	1.6 W/kg	°C				

Table 12: Test results (Body SAR 1900 MHz)

Note: The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

Tests in body position were performed with 15 mm air gap between DUT and SAM to simulate the use of a non-metallic belt-clip or holster.

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2.5.1 General description of test procedures

The DUT is tested using a CMU 200 communications tester as controller unit to set test channels and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted peak power.

Test positions as described in the tables above are in accordance with the specified test standard.

Tests in body position are performed with the maximum number of timeslots in uplink.

Tests in head position are performed in voice mode with 1 timeslot unless GPRS/EGPRS function allows parallel voice and data traffic on 2 or more timeslots (see chapter 1.5 for details).

Conducted output power was measured using an integrated RF connector and attached RF cable.

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2.6 Test results (conducted power measurement)

For the measurements a Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester CMU 200 was used. The output power was measured using an integrated RF connector and attached RF cable. The conducted output power was measured before and after each SAR measurement. The resulting power values were within a 0.2 dB tolerance of the values shown below.

PCS 850						
Channel	GSM	Edge				
128	32.7 dBm	32.2 dBm				
190	32.7 dBm	32.3 dBm				
251	32.4 dBm	32.1 dBm				
PCS 1900						
Channel	GSM	Edge				
661	29.9 dBm	29.5 dBm				

Table 13: Test results conducted peak power measurement

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Annex 1 System performance verification

Date/Time: 2007-04-30 17:06:40Date/Time: 2007-04-30 17:12:48

SystemPerformanceCheck-D850-900 head 2007-04-30

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: 102

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; $\sigma = 0.94$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.08, 6.08, 6.08); Calibrated: 2006-08-30

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

d=15mm, Pin=1000mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.8 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=1000mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

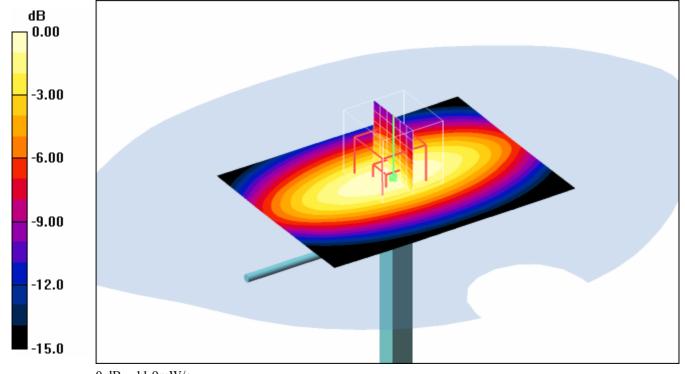
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 111.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 11 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 7.07 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 mW/g



 $0\ dB=11.9mW/g$

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 23.9°C; liquid temperature: 22.3°C

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Date/Time: 2007-04-30 09:07:03Date/Time: 2007-04-30 09:13:06

SystemPerformanceCheck-D850-900 body 2007-04-30

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: 102

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.03 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(5.94, 5.94, 5.94); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

d=15mm, Pin=1000mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.0 mW/g

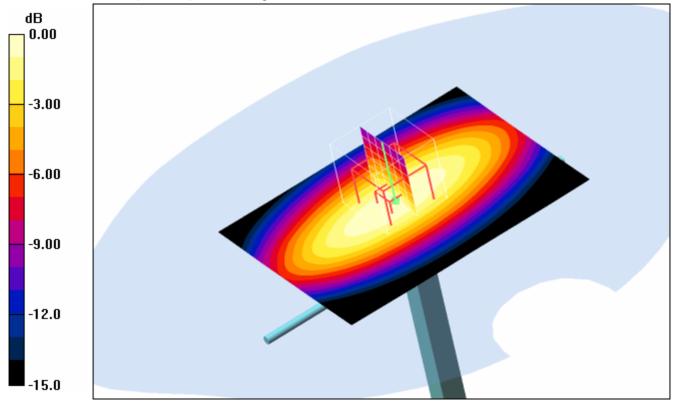
d=15mm, Pin=1000mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 107.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.047 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 11.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 7.23 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.0 mW/g



0 dB = 12.0 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 23.0°C; liquid temperature: 22.3°C

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Date/Time: 2007-05-03 09:10:27Date/Time: 2007-05-03 09:14:29

SystemPerformanceCheck-D1900 head 2007-05-03

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d009

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

d=10mm, Pin=1000mW/Area Scan (51x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 46.2 mW/g

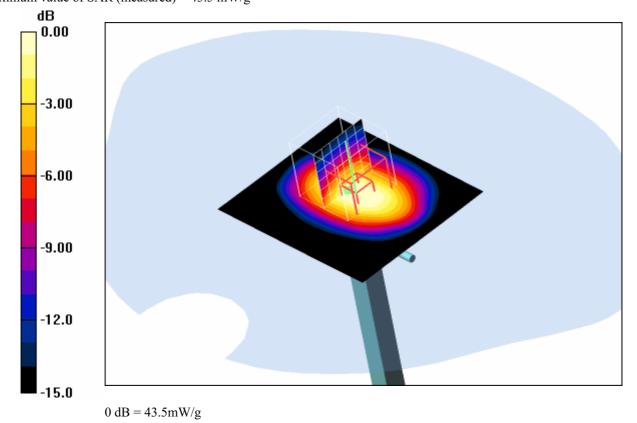
d=10mm, Pin=1000mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 175.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 66.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 38.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 20.6 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 43.5 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 23.0°C; liquid temperature: 21.9°C

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Date/Time: 2007-05-02 09:36:08Date/Time: 2007-05-02 09:40:12

SystemPerformanceCheck-D1900 body 2007-05-02

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d009

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.44, 4.44, 4.44); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

d=10mm, Pin=1000mW/Area Scan (51x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 48.0 mW/g

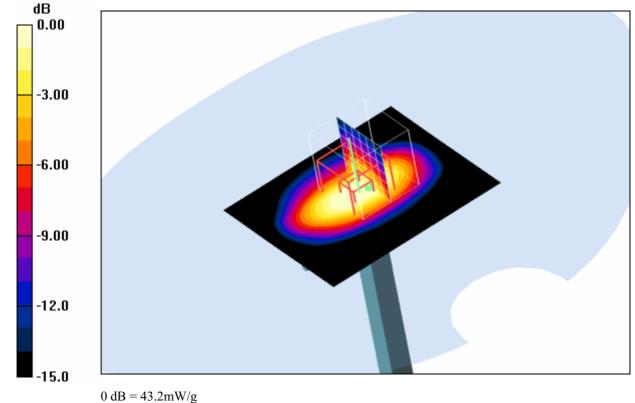
d=10mm, Pin=1000mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 175.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.043 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 63.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 38.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 20.6 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 43.2 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions):

ambient temperature: 23.1°C; liquid temperature: 22.6°C

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Annex 2 Measurement results (printout from DASY TM)

Remark: results of conducted power measurements: see chapter 2.5/2.6 (if applicable)

Annex 2.1 GSM 850 MHz head

Date/Time: 2007-04-30 18:46:53Date/Time: 2007-04-30 18:55:42

P1528 OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - Middle/Area Scan (61x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.199 mW/g

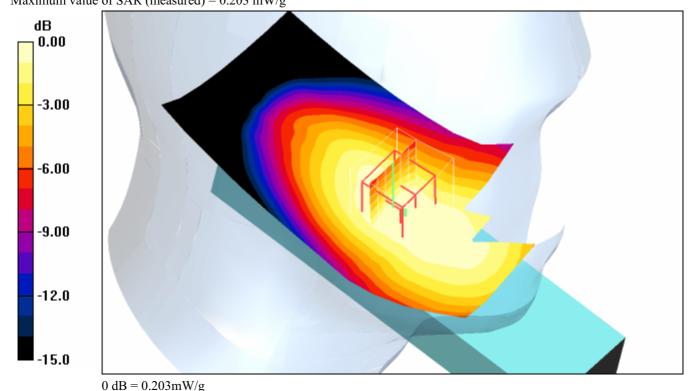
Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.136 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.244 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.195 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.148 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.203 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 23.8°C; liquid temperature: 22.1°C

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Date/Time: 2007-04-30 18:23:12Date/Time: 2007-04-30 18:32:11

P1528 OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 2006-08-30

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (61x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.094 mW/g

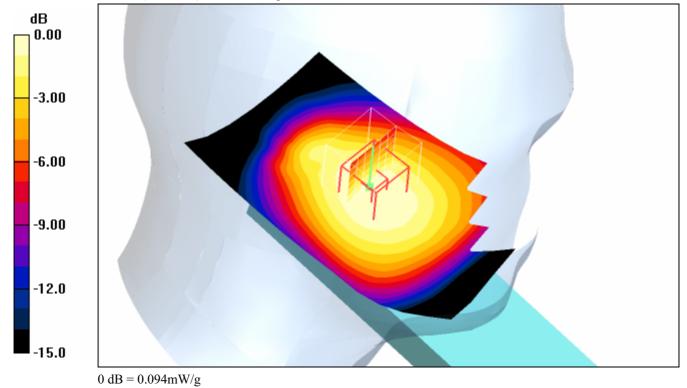
Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.061 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.114 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.091 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.069 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.094 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 23.7°C; liquid temperature: 22.2°C

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Date/Time: 2007-04-30 17:35:47Date/Time: 2007-04-30 17:43:41

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - Middle/Area Scan (61x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.301 mW/g

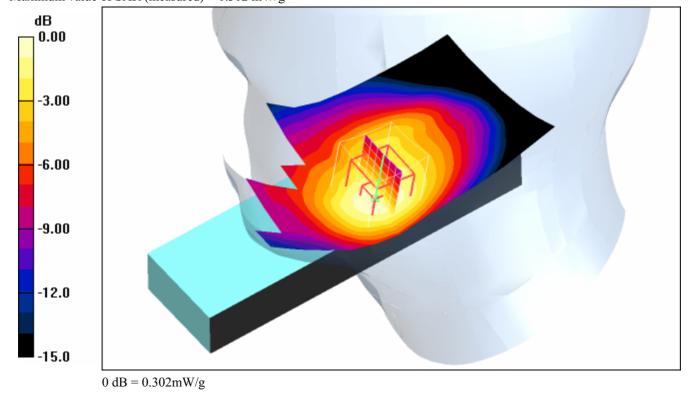
Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.58 V/m; Power Drift = 0.145 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.431 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.280 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.187 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.302 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 23.9° C; liquid temperature: 22.3° C

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Date/Time: 2007-04-30 17:59:14Date/Time: 2007-04-30 18:07:33

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (61x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.106 mW/g

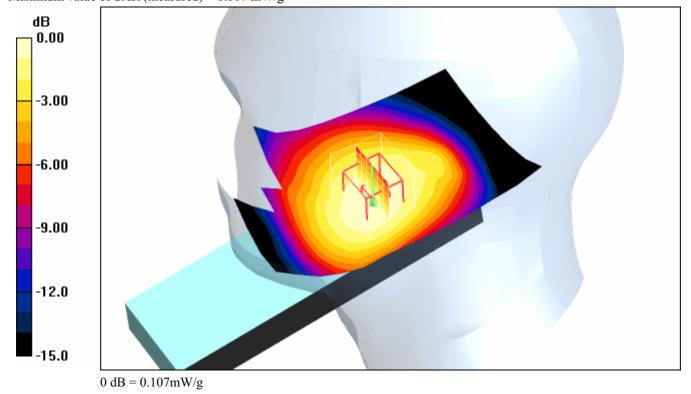
Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.59 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.124 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.101 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.077 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.107 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 23.8° C; liquid temperature: 22.2° C

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Date/Time: 2007-04-30 19:17:32Date/Time: 2007-04-30 19:25:30

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - Middle +BT/Area Scan (61x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.324 mW/g

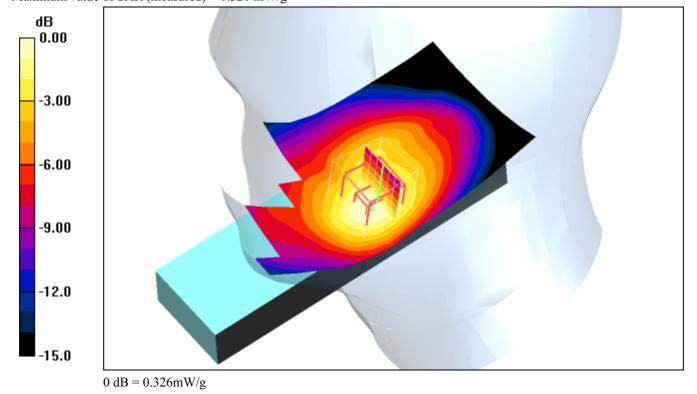
Touch position - Middle +BT/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.109 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.499 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.306 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.196 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.326 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 23.7°C; liquid temperature: 22.1°C

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Annex 2.2 GSM 850 MHz body

Date/Time: 2007-04-30 10:05:34Date/Time: 2007-04-30 10:12:46

P1528 OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 10

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Stereo headset EMB-SGC712AYBB (189660148)

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 2006-08-30

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Front position - Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.353 mW/g

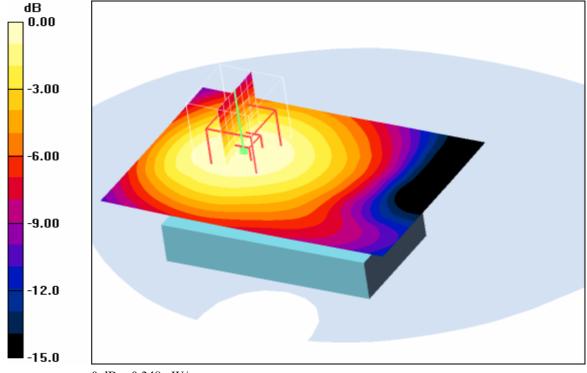
Front position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.15 V/m; Power Drift = 0.010 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.443 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.329 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.234 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.348 mW/g



0 dB = 0.348 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions): 15 mm

ambient temperature: 23.0°C; liquid temperature: 22.2°C

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Date/Time: 2007-04-30 10:37:22Date/Time: 2007-04-30 10:57:40

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 10

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Stereo headset EMB-SGC712AYBB (189660148)

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 2006-08-30

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Rear position - Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.892 mW/g

Rear position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

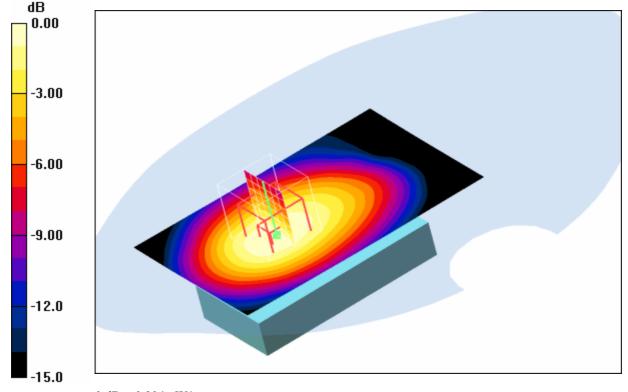
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.070 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.851 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.601 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.904 mW/g



 $0\ dB=0.904mW/g$

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions): 15 mm

ambient temperature: 23.1°C; liquid temperature: 22.3°C

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P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 10

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Stereo headset EMB-SGC712AYBB (189660148)

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 2006-08-30

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Worst-case - Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

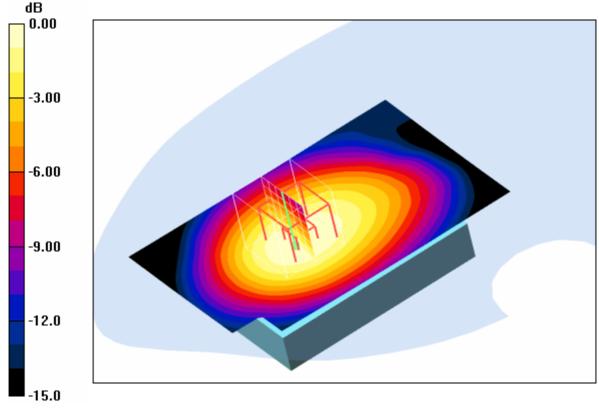
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.666 mW/g

Worst-case - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.078 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.839 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.624 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.438 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.660 mW/g



0 dB = 0.660 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions): 15 mm ambient temperature: 23.5°C; liquid temperature: 22.0°C

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P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 10

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Stereo headset EMB-SGC712AYBB (189660148)

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 2006-08-30

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Worst-case - High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.669 mW/g

Worst-case - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

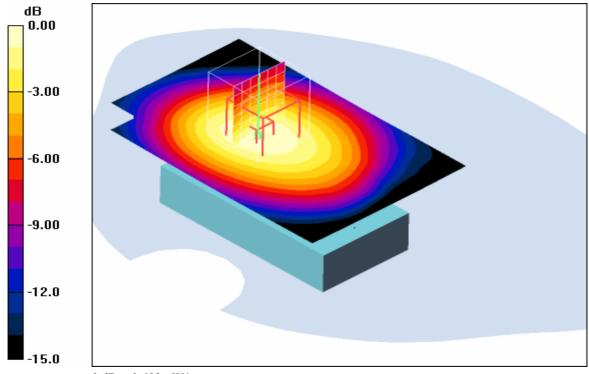
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.092 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.854 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.645 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.454 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.689 mW/g



0~dB=0.689mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : 15 mm ambient temperature: 23.6° C; liquid temperature: 22.0° C

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Date/Time: 2007-04-30 09:41:56Date/Time: 2007-04-30 09:48:20

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 10

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Remote control (189345890) + headset (189346219)

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 2006-08-30

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Front position - Middle/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.526 mW/g

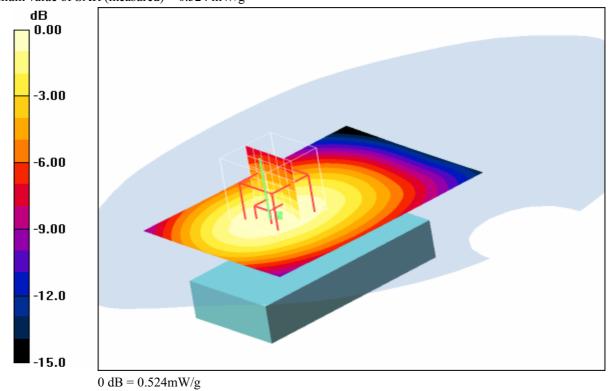
Front position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.017 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.653 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.495 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.361 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.524 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : 15 mm ambient temperature: 23.0° C; liquid temperature: 22.3° C

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P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 10

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Remote control (189345890) + headset (189346219)

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 2006-08-30

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Rear position - Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.955 mW/g

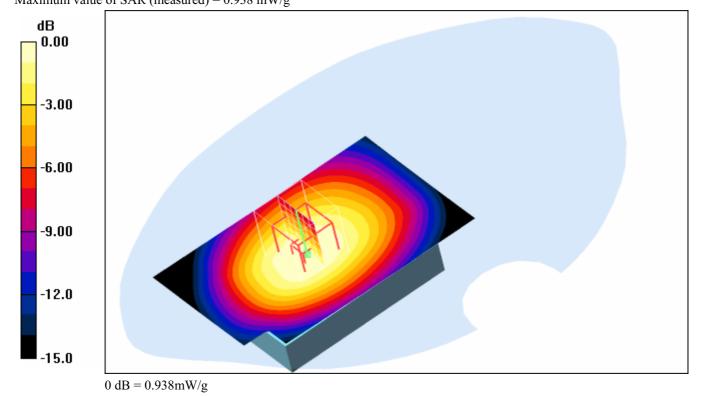
Rear position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.053 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.885 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.634 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.938 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : 15 mm ambient temperature: 23.2° C; liquid temperature: 22.0° C

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Date/Time: 2007-04-30 11:38:07Date/Time: 2007-04-30 11:45:09

P1528 OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 10

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Remote control (189345890) + headset (189346219)

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 2006-08-30

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Worst-case - Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

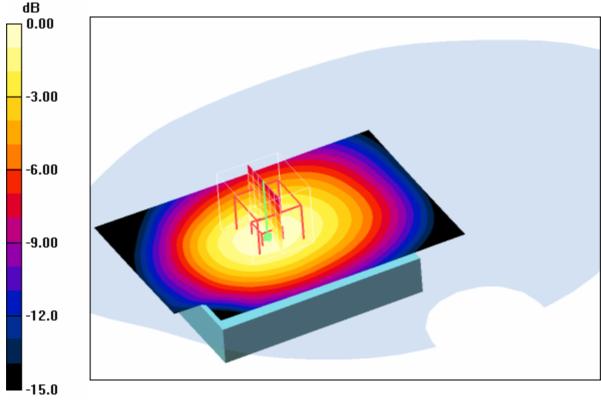
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.961 mW/g

Worst-case - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.045 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.960 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.684 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 mW/g



0 dB = 1.02 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : 15 mm ambient temperature: 23.3°C; liquid temperature: 21.9°C

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Date/Time: 2007-04-30 12:12:58Date/Time: 2007-04-30 12:19:57

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 10

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Remote control (189345890) + headset (189346219)

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Worst-case - High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.690 mW/g

Worst-case - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

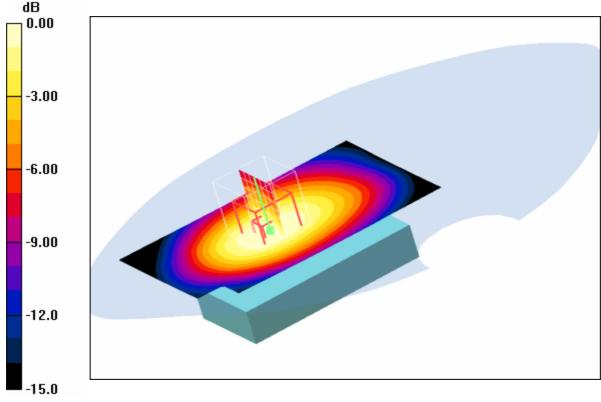
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.014 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.853 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.646 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.460 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.688 mW/g



0 dB = 0.688 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions): 15 mm

ambient temperature: 23.4°C; liquid temperature: 22.0°C

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Date/Time: 2007-04-30 15:04:26Date/Time: 2007-04-30 15:11:40

P1528 OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 10

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Remote control (189345890) + headset (189346219)

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 2006-08-30

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Worst-case - Low + BT/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 mW/g

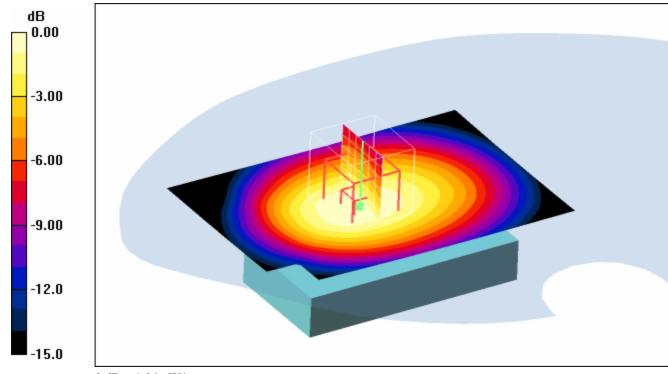
Worst-case - Low + BT/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 34.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.026 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.970 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.690 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 mW/g



0 dB = 1.04 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions): 15 mm

ambient temperature: 23.6°C; liquid temperature: 21.8°C

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Date/Time: 2007-04-30 16:16:50Date/Time: 2007-04-30 16:23:47

P1528 OET65-Body-GSM850 EGPRS

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Remote control (189345890) + headset (189346219)

Communication System: PCS 850 EGPRS; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 2006-08-30

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Worst-case – Low + BT/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

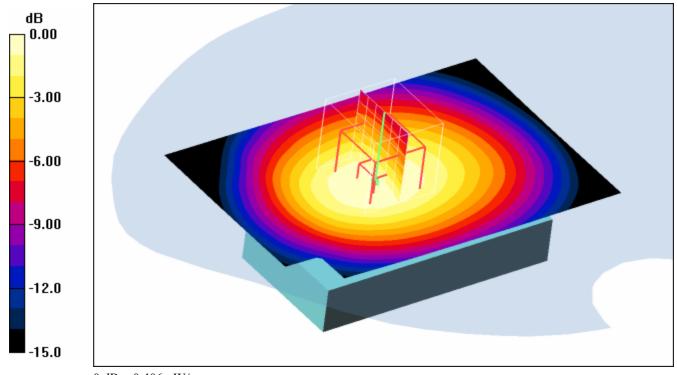
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.411 mW/g

Worst-case – Low + BT /Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.17 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.497 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.381 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.271 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.406 mW/g



0 dB = 0.406 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions): 15 mm ambient temperature: 23.7°C; liquid temperature: 21.6°C

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GSM 1900 MHz head Annex 2.3

Date/Time: 2007-05-03 09:59:41Date/Time: 2007-05-03 10:06:48

P1528 OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.194 mW/g

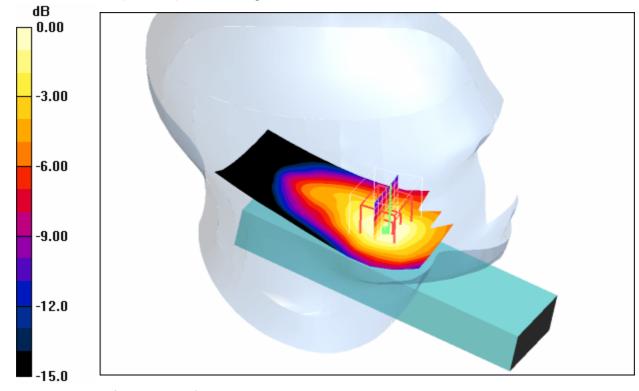
Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.16 V/m; Power Drift = 0.081 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.237 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.172 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.112 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.183 mW/g



0 dB = 0.183 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions):

ambient temperature: 23.0°C; liquid temperature: 21.9°C

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Date/Time: 2007-05-03 10:21:43Date/Time: 2007-05-03 10:28:43

P1528_OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 2006-08-30

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.139 mW/g

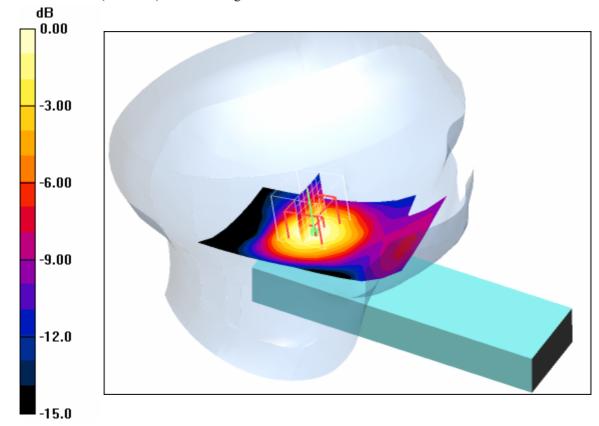
Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.19 V/m; Power Drift = 0.032 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.178 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.120 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.073 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.130 mW/g



0 dB = 0.130 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 22.5°C; liquid temperature: 21.8°C

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Date/Time: 2007-05-03 11:04:43Date/Time: 2007-05-03 11:10:56

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.281 mW/g

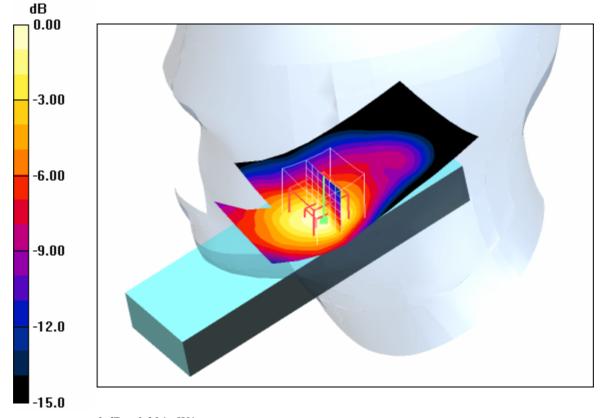
Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.10 V/m; Power Drift = -0.053 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.396 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.270 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.160 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.304 mW/g



0 dB = 0.304 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 22.5°C; liquid temperature: 21.7°C

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Date/Time: 2007-05-03 10:44:49Date/Time: 2007-05-03 10:51:11

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.104 mW/g

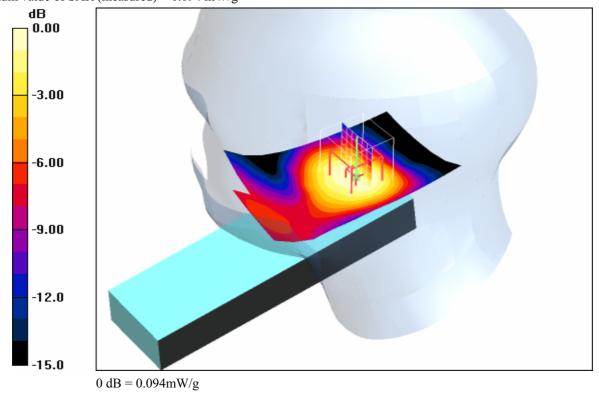
Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.25 V/m; Power Drift = 0.055 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.121 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.087 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.056 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.094 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 22.3°C; liquid temperature: 21.8°C

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Date/Time: 2007-05-03 12:34:32Date/Time: 2007-05-03 12:40:51

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - Middle + BT/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.309 mW/g

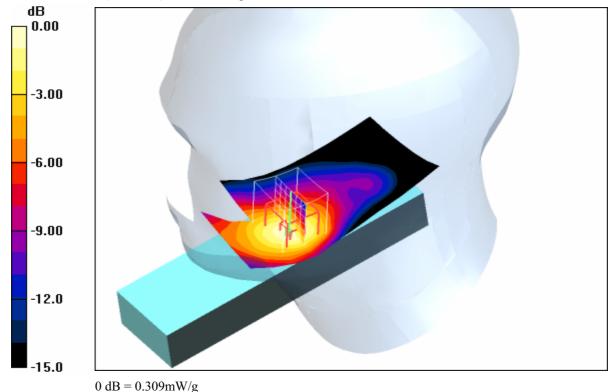
Touch position - Middle + BT/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.011 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.405 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.278 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.167 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.309 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 22.7°C; liquid temperature: 21.5°C

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Annex 2.4 GSM 1900 MHz body

Date/Time: 2007-05-02 10:22:10Date/Time: 2007-05-02 10:29:07Date/Time: 2007-05-02 10:40:36

P1528 OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS class 10

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Stereo headset EMB-SGC712AYBB (189660148)

Communication System: PCS 1900 GPRS class 10; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(4.44, 4.44, 4.44); Calibrated: 2006-08-30

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Front position - Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.125 mW/g

Front position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.160 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.114 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.076 mW/g

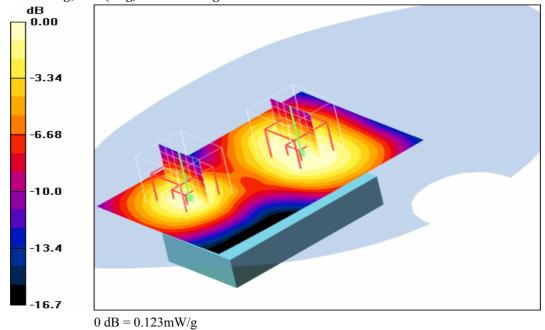
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.123 mW/g

Front position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.175 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.112 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.067 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : 15 mm

ambient temperature: 22.7°C; liquid temperature: 22.5°C

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Date/Time: 2007-05-02 12:00:36Date/Time: 2007-05-02 12:08:12

P1528 OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS class 10

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Stereo headset EMB-SGC712AYBB (189660148)

Communication System: PCS 1900 GPRS class 10; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.44, 4.44, 4.44); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Rear position - Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.338 mW/g

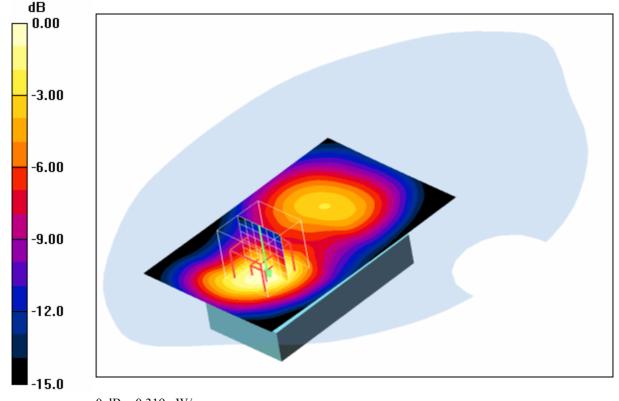
Rear position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.469 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.287 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.163 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.319 mW/g



0 dB = 0.319 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : 15 mm ambient temperature: 22.7° C; liquid temperature: 22.0° C

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Date/Time: 2007-05-02 12:28:06Date/Time: 2007-05-02 12:35:14

P1528 OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS class 10

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Stereo headset EMB-SGC712AYBB (189660148)

Communication System: PCS 1900 GPRS class 10; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.44, 4.44, 4.44); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Rear position - Middle + BT/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.345 mW/g

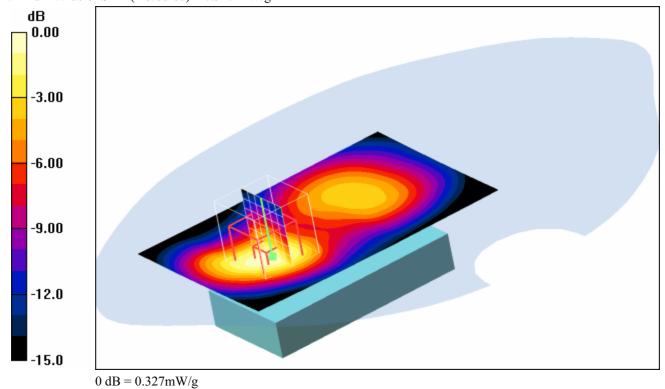
Rear position - Middle + BT/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.029 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.467 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.292 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.166 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.327 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions): 15 mm

ambient temperature: 22.8°C; liquid temperature: 21.8°C

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Date/Time: 2007-05-02 12:53:43Date/Time: 2007-05-02 13:31:14

P1528 OET65-Body-GSM1900 EGPRS

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Stereo headset EMB-SGC712AYBB (189660148)

Communication System: PCS 1900 EGPRS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.44, 4.44, 4.44); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Rear position - Middle + BT/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.174 mW/g

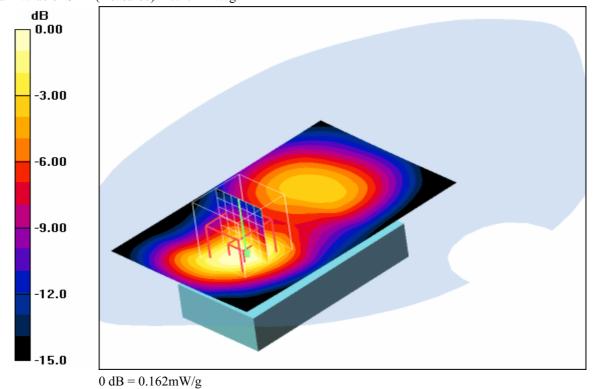
Rear position - Middle + BT/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.010 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.233 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.146 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.083 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.162 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : 15 mm ambient temperature: 22.9° C; liquid temperature: 21.6° C

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Date/Time: 2007-05-02 10:58:36Date/Time: 2007-05-02 11:05:31Date/Time: 2007-05-02 11:17:01

P1528 OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS class 10

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Remote control (189345890) + headset (189346219)

Communication System: PCS 1900 GPRS class 10; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.44, 4.44, 4.44); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Front position - Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.125 mW/g

Front position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.160 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.116 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.078 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.124 mW/g

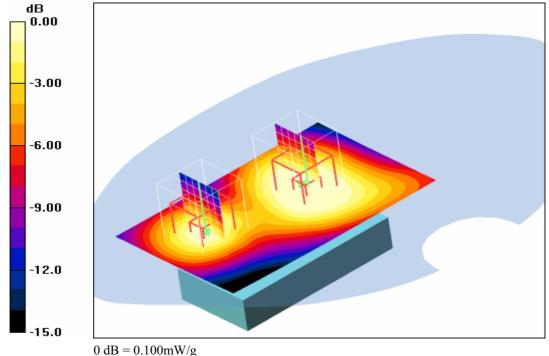
Front position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.140 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.091 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.100 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions): 15 mm

ambient temperature: 22.6°C; liquid temperature: 22.1°C

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Date/Time: 2007-05-02 11:36:55Date/Time: 2007-05-02 11:43:59

P1528 OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS class 10

DUT: Sagem; Type: MC2007S1; Serial: 354437011000161-4

Remote control (189345890) + headset (189346219)

Communication System: PCS 1900 GPRS class 10; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.44, 4.44, 4.44); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Rear position - Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.320 mW/g

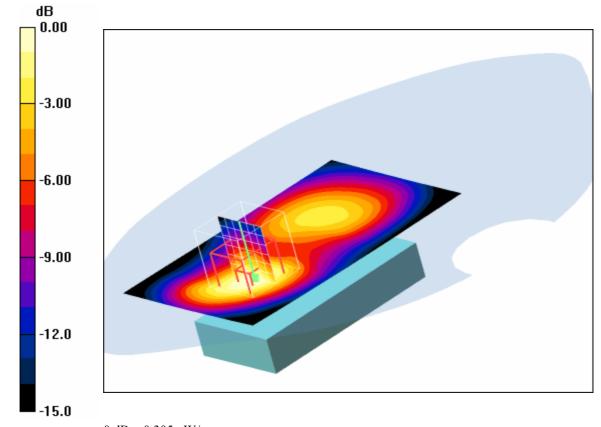
Rear position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.48 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.440 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.273 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.305 mW/g



 $0\ dB=0.305mW/g$

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions): 15 mm ambient temperature: 22.7°C; liquid temperature: 22.0°C

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