

# APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

# <u>LIMIT</u>

According to \$15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See \$1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

# EUT Specification

EUT	Computer
Model	TREK-743; TREK-743XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
Frequency band (Operating)	<ul> <li>802.11b/g/n HT20: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz</li> <li>802.11n HT40: 2.422GHz ~ 2.452GHz</li> <li>GMSK/8PSK 850MHz: 824.2MHz ~ 848.8MHz</li> <li>GMSK/8PSK 1900MHz: 1850.2MHz ~ 1909.8MHz</li> <li>WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA 850MHz: 824.2MHz ~ 846.6MHz</li> <li>WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA1900MHz: 1852.4MHz ~ 1907.6MHz</li> <li>Others</li> </ul>
Device category	<ul> <li>Portable (&lt;20cm separation)</li> <li>Mobile (&gt;20cm separation)</li> <li>Others</li> </ul>
Exposure classification	<ul> <li>Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)</li> <li>General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)</li> </ul>
Antenna Specification	2.4GHz: Dipole Antenna / Gain: 2.0 dBi, (Numeric gain: 1.58) 850MHz: Dipole Antenna / Gain: -7.66 dBi, (Numeric gain: 0.17) 1900MHz: Dipole Antenna / Gain: -0.69 dBi, (Numeric gain: 0.85)
Max. output power	2.4GHz: IEEE 802.11b : 19.74 dBm (94.189mW) IEEE 802.11g : 11.92 dBm (15.560mW) IEEE 802.11n HT20 : 12.68 dBm (18.535mW) IEEE 802.11n HT40 : 11.95 dBm (15.668mW) GMSK: 850MHz : 31.83 dBm (1524.053mW) 1900MHz : 28.71 dBm (743.019mW) 8PSK: 850MHz : 27.11 dBm (514.044mW) 1900MHz : 25.87 dBm (386.367mW)



Max. output power	WCDMA R99: 850MHz : 23.09 dBm (203.704mW) 1900MHz : 23.31 dBm (214.289mW) HSDPA: 850MHz : 22.74 dBm (187.932mW) 1900MHz : 22.88 dBm (194.089mW) HSUPA: 850MHz : 22.63 dBm (183.231mW) 1900MHz : 22.86 dBm (193.197mW)				
Evaluation applied	<ul> <li>MPE Evaluation*</li> <li>SAR Evaluation</li> <li>N/A</li> </ul>				
Remark: The maximum output power is <u>31.83dBm (1524.053mW) at 824. 2MHz (with 0.17 numeric</u>					
antenna gain.)					



# TEST RESULTS

# No non-compliance noted.

CalculationGiven
$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$$
&  $S = \frac{E^2}{377}$ Where $E = Field$  strength in Volts / meter $P = Power$  in Watts $G = Numeric$  antenna gain $d = Distance$  in meters $S = Power$  density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

P(mW) = P(W) / 1000 andd(cm) = d(m) / 100

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{377 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$ 



## Maximum Permissible Exposure

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

 $S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$ 

Where P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$ 

#### IEEE 802.b mode:

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm2)
1	2412	94.189	1.58	20	0.0296	1

#### IEEE 802.g mode:

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm2)
6	2437	15.560	1.58	20	0.0049	1

### IEEE 802.n HT20 mode:

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm2)
11	2462	18.535	1.58	20	0.0058	1

### IEEE 802.n HT40 mode:

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm2)
9	2452	15.668	1.58	20	0.0049	1

#### GMSK mode:

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in $mW/cm^2$	Limit (mW/cm2)
128	824.2	1524.05	0.17	20	0.0516	0.6
		_			-	
Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm2)
512	1850.20	743.019	0.85	20	0.1257	1

#### 8PSK mode:

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm2)
128	824.2	514.044	0.17	20	0.0174	0.6
Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm2)
512	1850.20	386.367	0.85	20	0.0654	1



#### WCDMA R99 mode:

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm2)
4132	826.4	203.704	0.17	20	0.0069	0.6
		_				
Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm2)
9262	1852.40	214.289	0.85	20	0.0362	1

### **HSDPA** mode:

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm2)
4182	836.4	187.932	0.17	20	0.0064	0.6
Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm2)
9262	1852.40	194.089	0.85	20	0.0328	1

### **HSUPA** mode:

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in $mW/cm^2$	Limit (mW/cm2)
4182	836.4	183.231	0.17	20	0.0062	0.6
Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm2)
9262	1852.40	193.197	0.85	20	0.0327	1



# **Simultaneously MPE**

Simultaneously MPE = MPE1/Limit1 + MPE2/Limit2

Simultaneously MPE =  $(0.0296 mW / cm^2 / 1) + (0.1257 mW / cm^2 / 1) = 0.1553$