



**FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C**

**TEST REPORT**

**For**

**WLAN Serial Device Server**

**Model: EKI-1352; EKI-1351**

**Trade Name: Advantech**

*Issued to*

**Advantech Co. Ltd.**

**No.1, Alley 20, Lane 26, Rueiguang Road, Neihu District,  
Taipei 114, Taiwan, R.O.C.**

*Issued by*

**Compliance Certification Services Inc.**

**No. 81-1, Lane 210, Pa-De 2nd Rd., Luchu Hsiang,  
Taoyuan Shien, (338) Taiwan, R.O.C.**

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# TABLE OF CONTENTS

- 1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION ..... 3**
- 2. EUT DESCRIPTION ..... 4**
- 3. TEST METHODOLOGY ..... 5**
  - 3.1 EUT CONFIGURATION ..... 5
  - 3.2 EUT EXERCISE ..... 5
  - 3.3 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES ..... 5
  - 3.4 FCC PART 15.205 RESTRICTED BANDS OF OPERATIONS ..... 6
  - 3.5 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES ..... 6
- 4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION ..... 7**
  - 4.1 MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION ..... 7
  - 4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED ..... 7
- 5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS ..... 8**
  - 5.1 FACILITIES ..... 8
  - 5.2 EQUIPMENT ..... 8
  - 5.3 TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS ..... 9
- 6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST ..... 10**
  - 6.1 SETUP CONFIGURATION OF EUT ..... 10
  - 6.2 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT ..... 10
- 7. FCC PART 15.247 REQUIREMENTS ..... 11**
  - 7.1 6DB BANDWIDTH ..... 11
  - 7.2 PEAK POWER ..... 15
  - 7.3 BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT ..... 19
  - 7.4 PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY ..... 28
  - 7.5 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS ..... 32
- 7.15 POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS ..... 47**
- APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE ..... 48**
- APPENDIX II PHOTOGRAPHS OF TEST SETUP ..... 50**



### 1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

**Applicant:** Advantech Co. Ltd.  
No.1, Alley 20, Lane 26, Rueiguang Road, Neihu District,  
Taipei 114, Taiwan, R.O.C.

**Equipment Under Test:** WLAN Serial Device Server

**Trade Name:** Advantech

**Model Number:** EKI-1352; EKI-1351

**Date of Test:** August 24 ~ October 15, 2007

APPLICABLE STANDARDS	
STANDARD	TEST RESULT
FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C	No non-compliance noted

**We hereby certify that:**

The above equipment was tested by Compliance Certification Services Inc. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4: 2003 and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with conducted and radiated emission limits of FCC Rules Part 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247.

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample EUT identified in this report.

*Approved by:*

*Reviewed by:*

S.C. Wang  
Executive Vice President  
Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Miller Lee  
Deputy Manager of Linkou Laboratory  
Compliance Certification Services Inc.



## 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

<b>Product</b>	WLAN Serial Device Server	
<b>Trade Name</b>	Advantech	
<b>Model Number</b>	EKI-1352; EKI-1351	
<b>Model Name Discrepancy</b>	The difference between of two model numbers is quantity of RS-232 port, see as blow:	
	<b>Model Number</b>	<b>RS-232 Port</b>
	EKI-1352	2
	EKI-1351	1
<b>Power Supply</b>	I/P: 12-48VDC	
<b>Frequency Range</b>	2412 ~ 2462 MHz	
<b>Transmit Power</b>	IEEE 802.11b: 16.51 dBm IEEE 802.11g: 15.65 dBm	
<b>Modulation Technique</b>	IEEE 802.11b: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) + OFDM (QPSK, BPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM)	
<b>Number of Channels</b>	11 Channels	
<b>Antenna Specification</b>	Dipole Antenna / Gain: 1.8dBi	

**Remark:**

1. The sample selected for test was engineering sample that approximated to production product and was provided by manufacturer.
2. This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: M82-EKI-1352 filing to comply with Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.



### **3. TEST METHODOLOGY**

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4. Radiated testing was performed at an antenna to EUT distance 3 meters.

#### **3.1 EUT CONFIGURATION**

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

#### **3.2 EUT EXERCISE**

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

#### **3.3 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES**

##### **Conducted Emissions**

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4. Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

##### **Radiated Emissions**

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4.



### 3.4 FCC PART 15.205 RESTRICTED BANDS OF OPERATIONS

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 -	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.52525	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	156.7 - 156.9	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	162.0125 - 167.17	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	167.72 - 173.2	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	240 - 285	3600 - 4400	(2)
13.36 - 13.41	322 - 335.4		

<sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

<sup>2</sup> Above 38.6

(b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

### 3.5 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

EKI-1351 & EKI-1352 have been pre-scanned during the test, and the model EKI-1351 was selected as the worst case for final test.

The EUT (model: EKI-1351) had been tested under operating condition. Software used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting mode was programmed. After verification, all tests carried out were with the worst-case test modes as shown below except radiated spurious emission worst case was in normal link mode with cradle. Channel Low (2412MHz), Channel Mid (2437MHz) and Channel High (2462MHz) with rate b=1Mbps g=6Mbps data rate were chosen for the final testing.



### 4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

#### 4.1 MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

#### 4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

##### Equipment Used for Emissions Measurement

Conducted Emissions Test Site				
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP30	100112	10/10/2008

*Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.*

Open Area Test Site # 3				
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilnet	E4411B	MY41440314	N.C.R
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP30	100112	10/10/2008
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESVS30	828488/004	03/12/2008
Pre-Amplifier	Anritsu	MH648A	M18767	09/09/2008
Pre-Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A01738	04/11/2008
Bilog Antenna	SCHWAZBECK	VULB9163	144	03/30/2008
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	00022250	05/03/2008
Loop Antenna	EMCO	6502	2356	06/02/2008
Turn Table	Chance Most	CM-T003-1	T807-6	N.C.R
Antenna Tower	Chance Most	CM-A003-1	A807-6	N.C.R
Controller	CCS	CC-C-1F	N/A	N.C.R
RF Switch	ANRITSU	MP59B	M53867	N.C.R
Site NSA	CCS	N/A	N/A	05/18/2008
Test S/W	LabVIEW 6.1 (CCS OATS EMI SW V2.6)			

*Remark: The measurement uncertainty is less than +/-1.7806dB (30MHz ~ 1GHz), +/-3.0958dB (Above 1GHz) which is evaluated as per the NAMAS NIS 81 and CISPR/A/291/CDV.*



## 5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

### 5.1 FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

No.199, Chunghsen Road, Hsintien City, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: 886-2-2217-0894 / Fax: 886-2-2217-1029

No.11, Wugong 6th Rd., Wugu Industrial Park, Taipei Hsien 248, Taiwan

Tel: 886-2-2299-9720 / Fax: 886-2-2298-4045

No. 81-1, Lane 210, Pa-De 2nd Rd., Luchu Hsiang, Taoyuan Shien, (338) Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: 886-3-324-0332 / Fax: 886-3-324-5235

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.

### 5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, biconical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.







Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers.

Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."



### 5.3 TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Country	Agency	Scope of Accreditation	Logo
USA	A2LA	EN 55011, EN 55014-1/2, CISPR 11, CISPR 14-1/2, EN 55022, EN 55015, CISPR 22, CISPR 15, AS/NZS 3548, VCCI V3 (2001), CFR 47, FCC Part 15/18, CNS 13783-1, CNS 13439, CNS 13438, CNS 13803, CNS 14115, EN 55024, IEC 801-2, IEC 801-3, IEC 801-4, IEC/EN 61000-3-2, IEC/EN 61000-3-3, IEC/EN 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11, EN 50081-1/EN 61000-6-3, EN 50081-2/EN 61000-6-4, EN 50081-2/EN 61000-6-1: 2001	 ACCREDITED No. 0824-01
USA	FCC	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites to perform FCC Part 15/18 measurements	 93105, 90471
Japan	VCCI	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites and conducted test sites to perform radiated/conducted measurements	<b>VCCI</b> R-2541/2316/725/1868 C-402/747/912
Norway	NEMKO	EN 50081-1/2, EN 50082-1/2, IEC 61000-6-1/2, EN 50091-2, EN 50130-4, EN 55011, EN 55013, EN 55014-1/2, EN 55015, EN 55022, EN 55024, EN 61000-3-2/3, EN 61326-1, IEC 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11, EN 60601-1-2, EN 300 328-2, EN 300 422-2, EN 301 419-1, EN 301 489-01/03/07/08/09/17, EN 301 419-2/3, EN 300 454-2, EN 301 357-2	 ELA 124a ELA 124b ELA 124c
Taiwan	TAF	EN 300 328-1, EN 300 328-2, EN 300 220-1, EN 300 220-2, EN 300 220-3, 47 CFR FCC Part 15 Subpart C, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, CNS 13439, CNS 13783-1, CNS 14115, CNS 13438, AS/NZS CISPR 22, CNS 13022-1, IEC 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11, CNS 13022-2/3	 Testing Laboratory 0363
Taiwan	BSMI	CNS 13438, CNS 13783-1, CNS 13439, CNS 14115	 SL2-IS-E-0014 / IN-E-0014 /A1-E-0014 /R1-E-0014 /R2-E-0014 /L1-E-0014
Canada	Industry Canada	RSS212, Issue 1	 IC 2324C-3 IC 2324C-5

**Note:** No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by A2LA, TAF or other government agency.



## 6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

### 6.1 SETUP CONFIGURATION OF EUT

See test photographs attached in Appendix 1 for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

### 6.2 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

No.	Device Type	Brand	Model	Series No.	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	DC Power Source	GW	GPD-3030D	0011606	FCC DoC	Unshielded, 1.2m	Unshielded, 1.8m

*Remark: Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.*



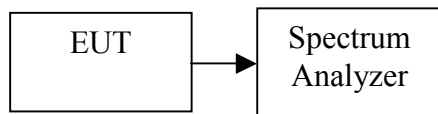
## 7. FCC PART 15.247 REQUIREMENTS

### 7.16dB BANDWIDTH

#### LIMIT

According to §15.247(a)(2), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 - 2483.5 MHz, and 5725 - 5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

#### Test Configuration



#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in the transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
3. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW = 100kHz, VBW = RBW, Span = 50MHz, Sweep = auto.
4. Mark the peak frequency and -6dB (upper and lower) frequency.
5. Repeat until all the rest channels are investigated.

#### Test Data

##### IEEE 802.11b

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Test Result
Low	2412	10.04	>500	PASS
Mid	2437	10.08		PASS
High	2462	10.08		PASS

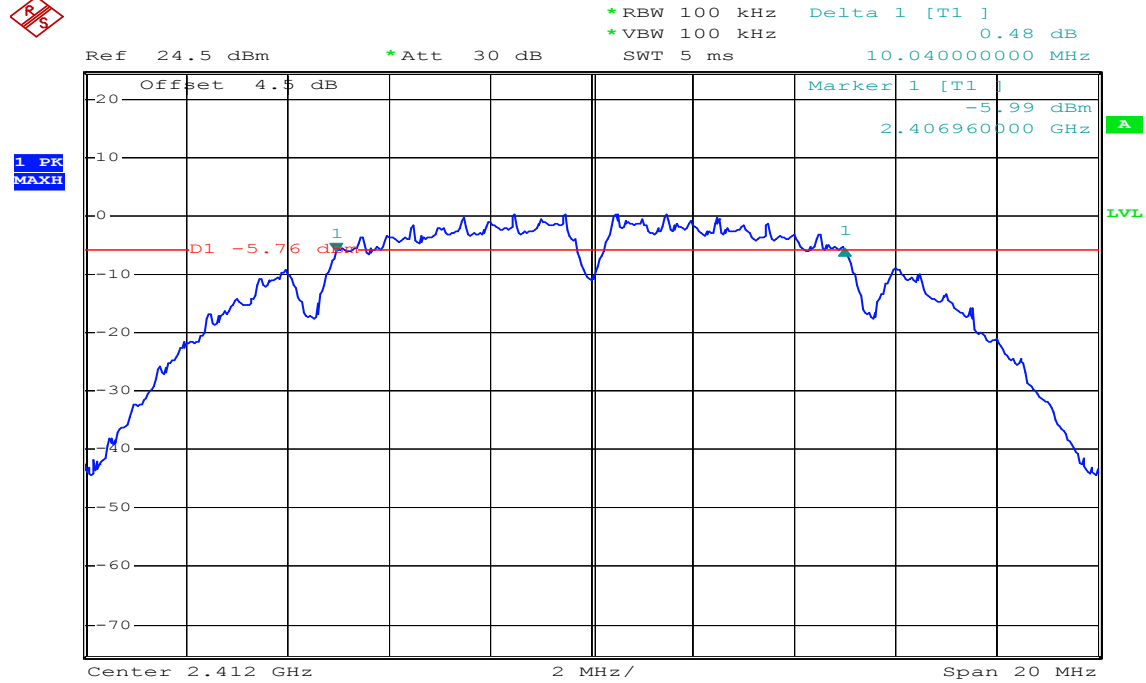
##### IEEE 802.11g

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Test Result
Low	2412	16.56	>500	PASS
Mid	2437	16.56		PASS
High	2462	16.56		PASS



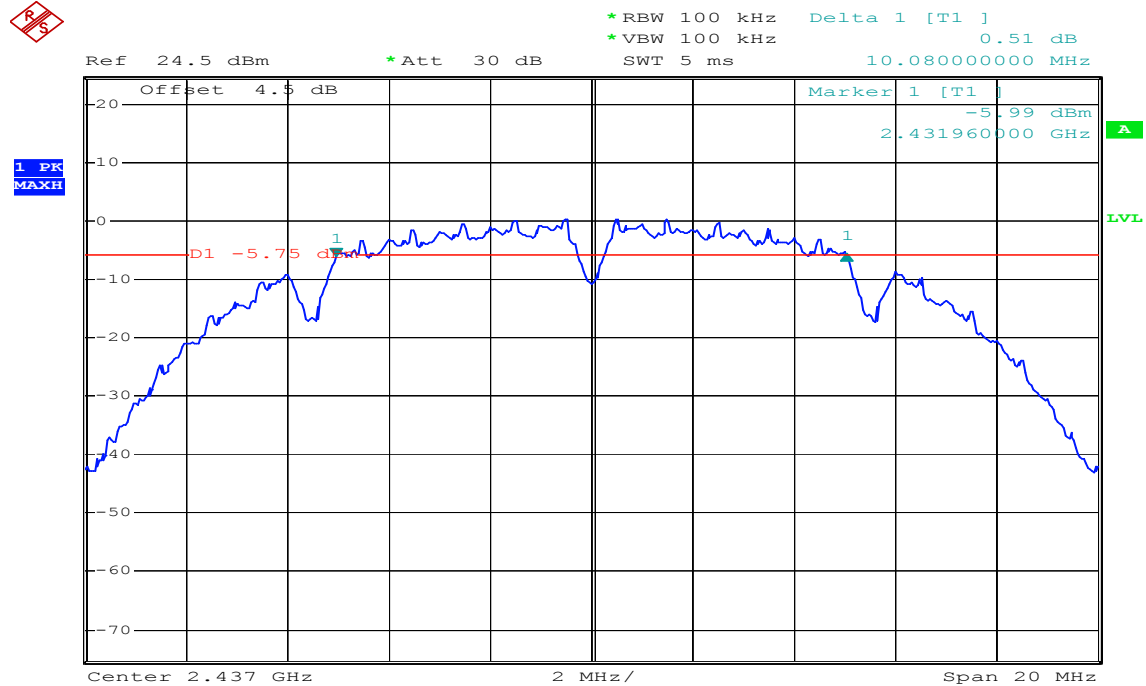
### Test Plot

### IEEE 802.11b 6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)



Date: 11.OCT.2007 16:52:25

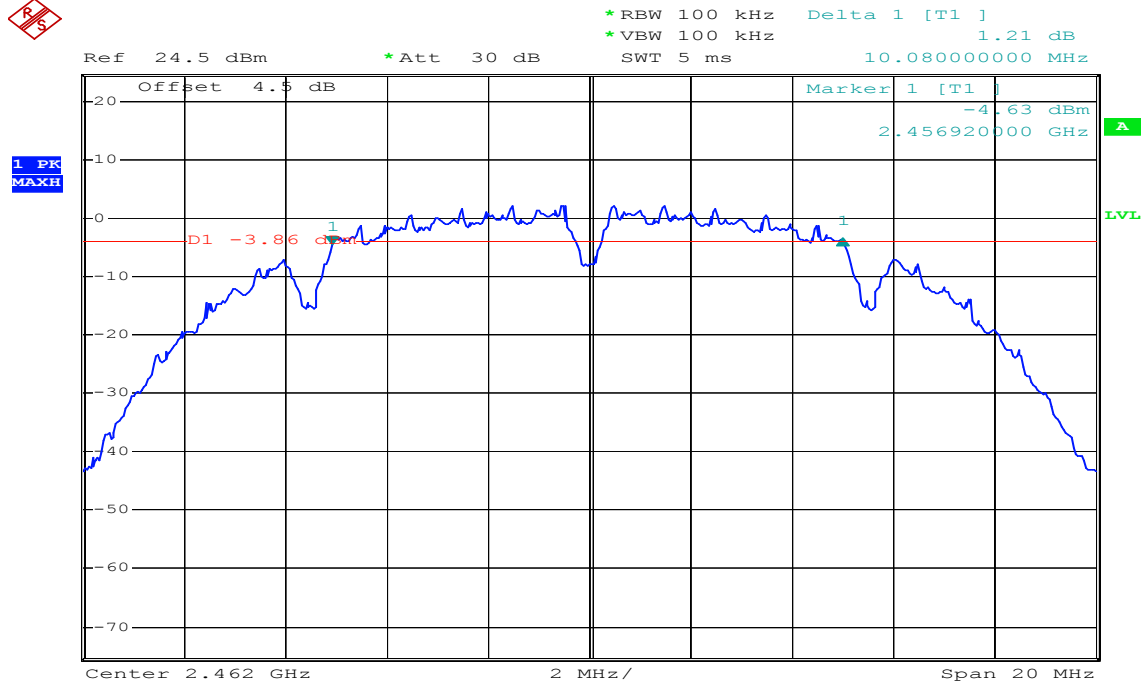
### 6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)



Date: 11.OCT.2007 16:45:39



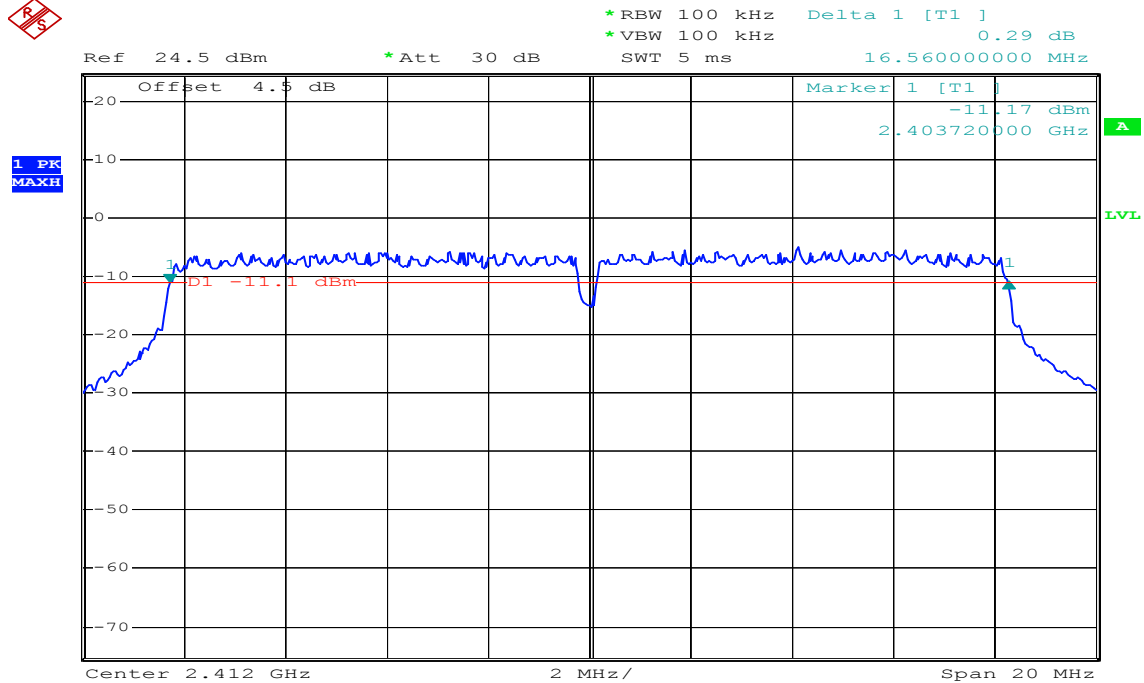
### 6dB Bandwidth (CH High)



Date: 11.OCT.2007 16:55:49

### IEEE 802.11g

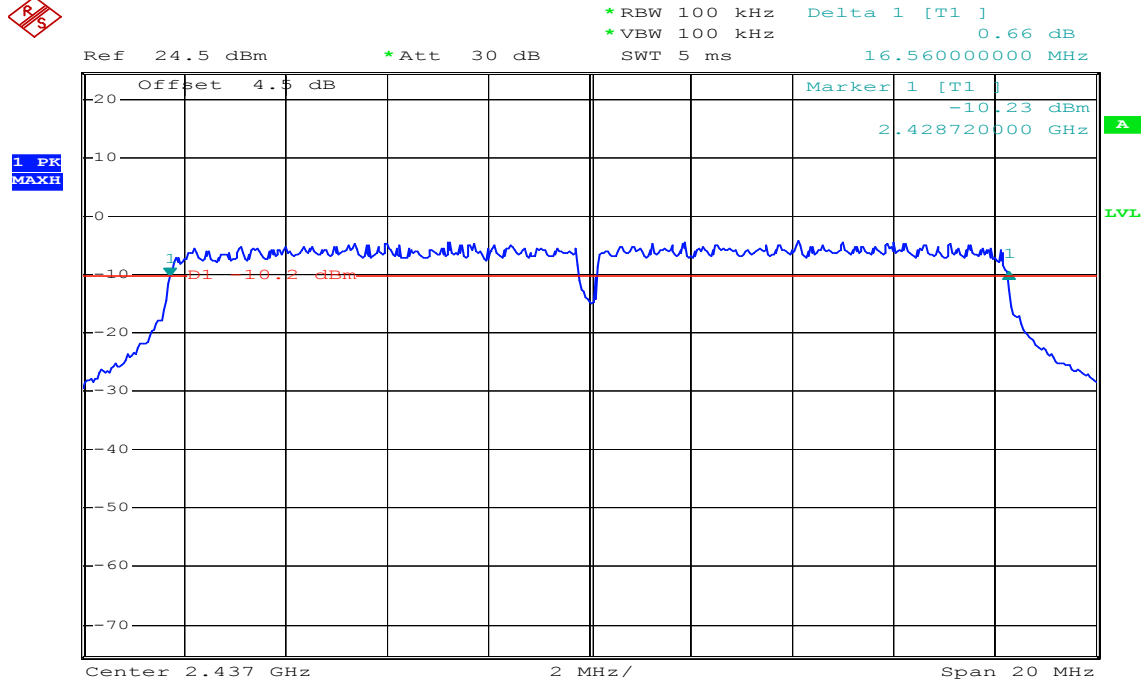
### 6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)



Date: 11.OCT.2007 17:10:10

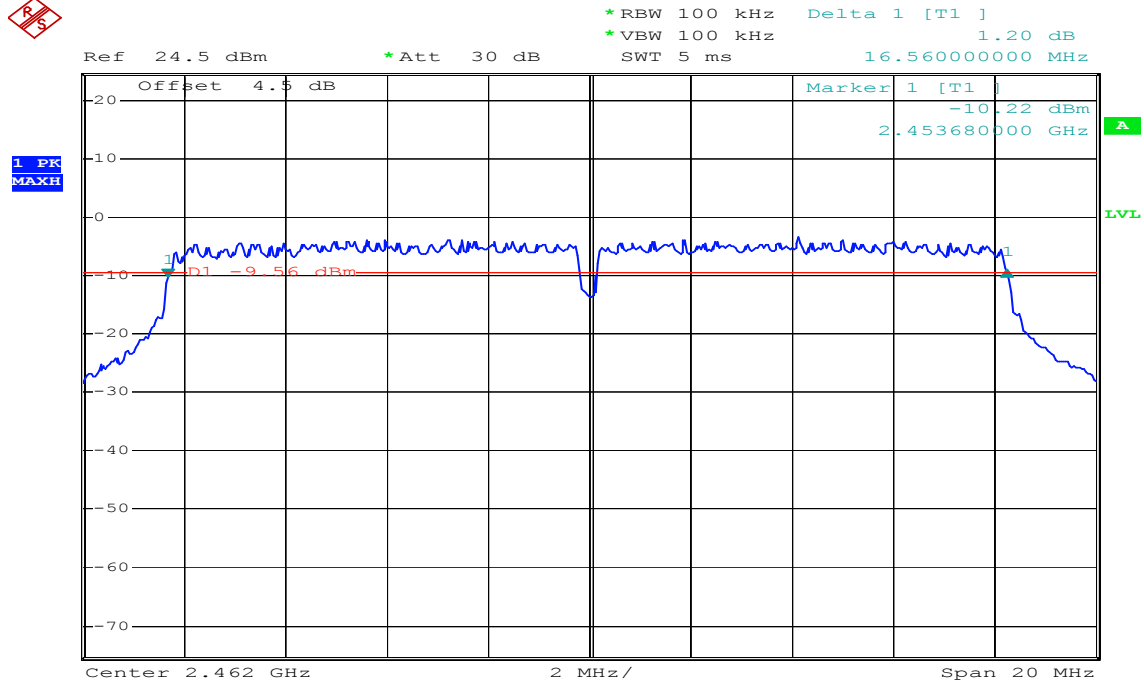


### 6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)



Date: 11.OCT.2007 17:05:54

### 6dB Bandwidth (CH High)



Date: 11.OCT.2007 17:01:26

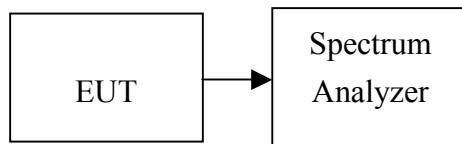
## 7.2 PEAK POWER

### LIMIT

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

1. According to §15.247(b)(3), for systems using digital modulation in the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz: 1 Watt.
2. According to §15.247(b)(4), the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### Test Configuration



### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum analyzer. The Spectrum analyzer is set to the peak power detection.

### Test Data

#### IEEE 802.11b

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Test Result
Low	2412	15.76	0.03767	1	PASS
Mid	2437	16.65	0.04624		PASS
High	2462	17.27	0.05333		PASS

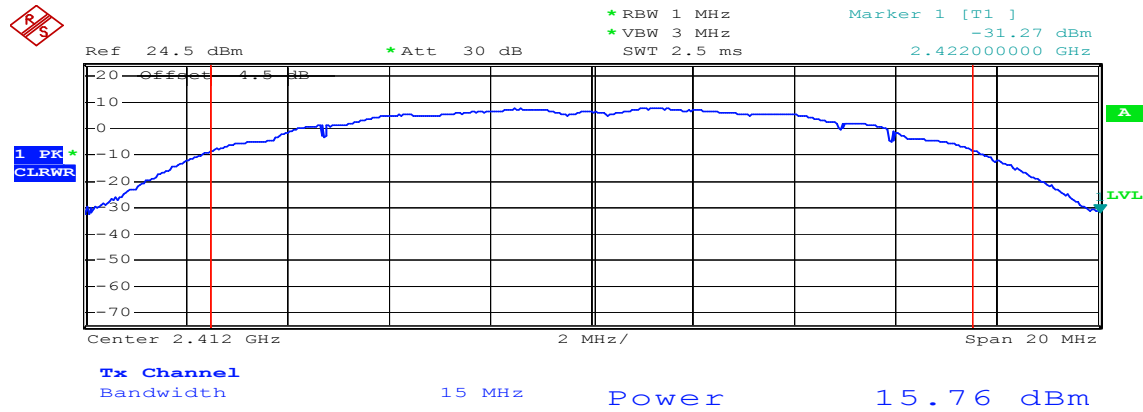
#### IEEE 802.11g

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Test Result
Low	2412	13.15	0.03065	1	PASS
Mid	2437	14.43	0.02773		PASS
High	2462	15.71	0.03724		PASS



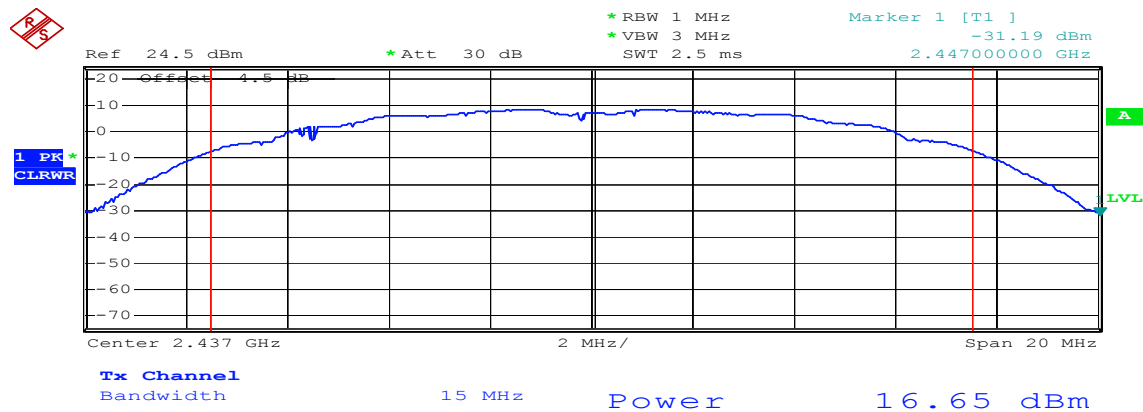
### Test Plot

#### Peak Power (IEEE 802.11b / CH Low)



Date: 11.OCT.2007 20:18:00

#### Peak Power (IEEE 802.11b / CH Mid)

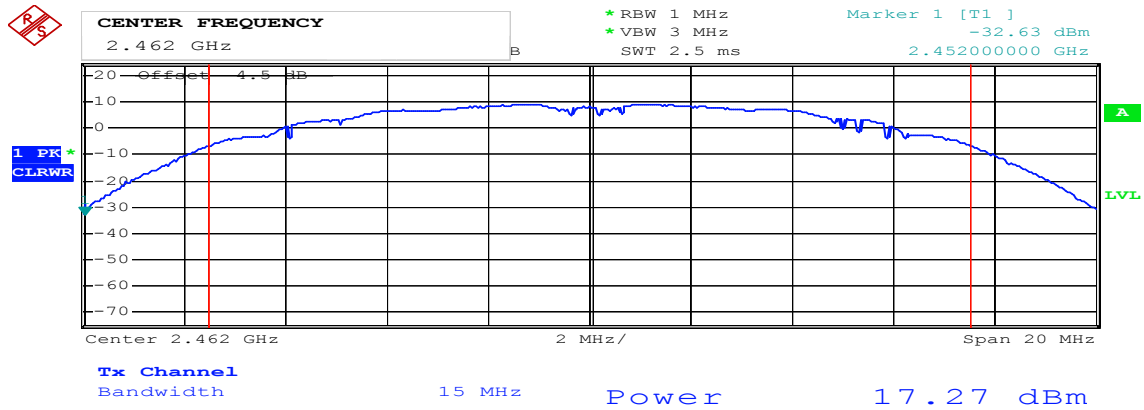


Date: 11.OCT.2007 20:27:18



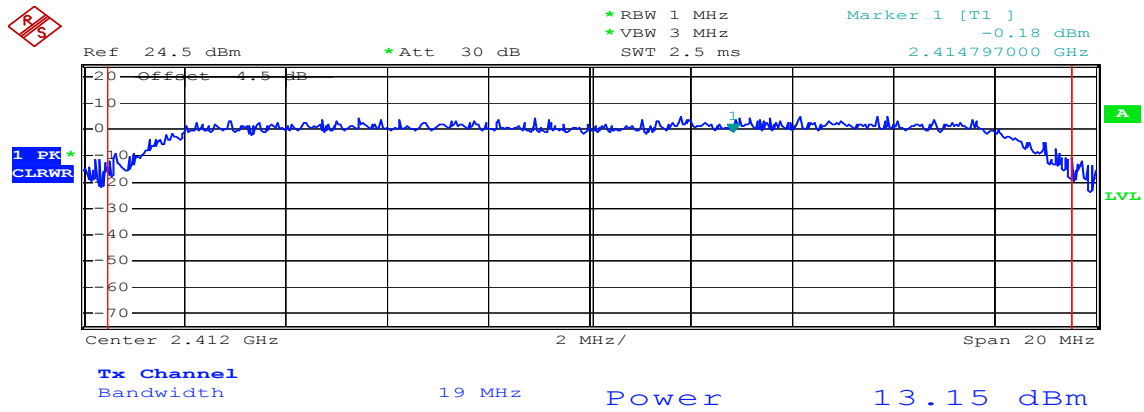


### Peak Power (IEEE 802.11b / CH High)



Date: 11.OCT.2007 20:22:21

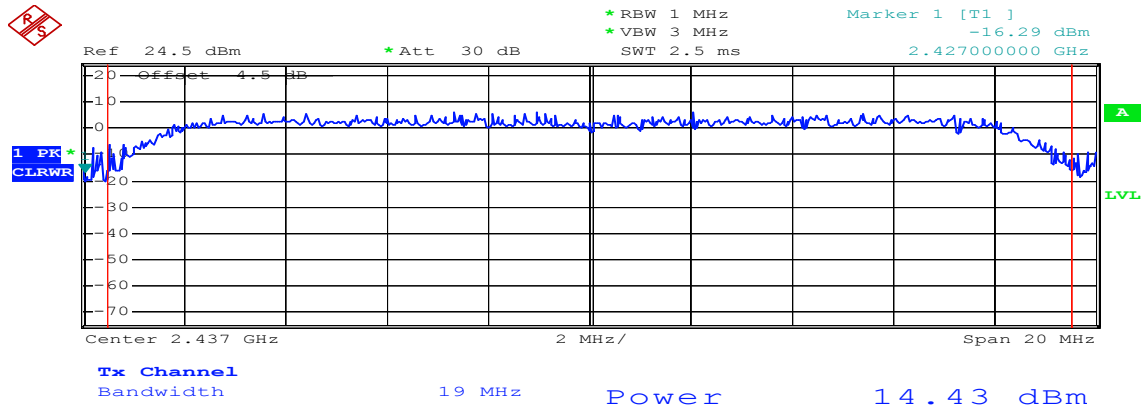
### Peak Power (IEEE 802.11g / CH Low)



Date: 11.OCT.2007 19:32:23

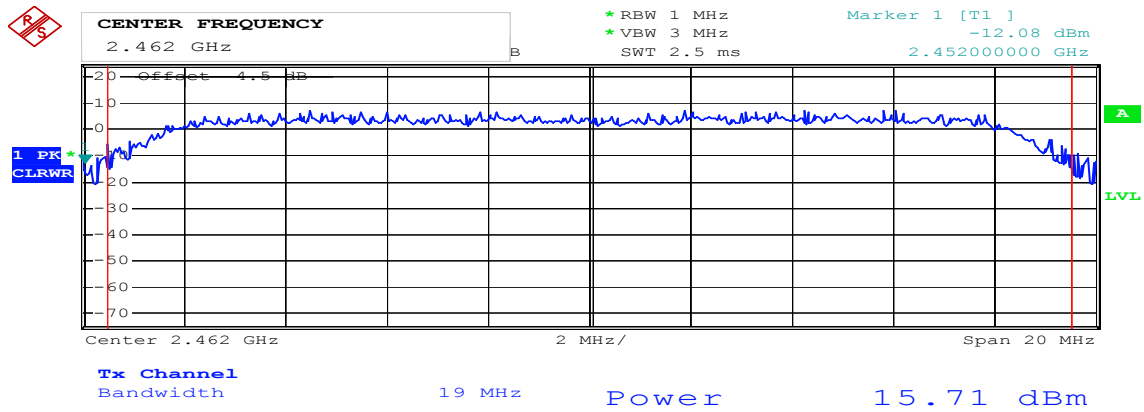


### Peak Power (IEEE 802.11g / CH Mid)



Date: 11.OCT.2007 19:35:53

### Peak Power (IEEE 802.11g / CH High)



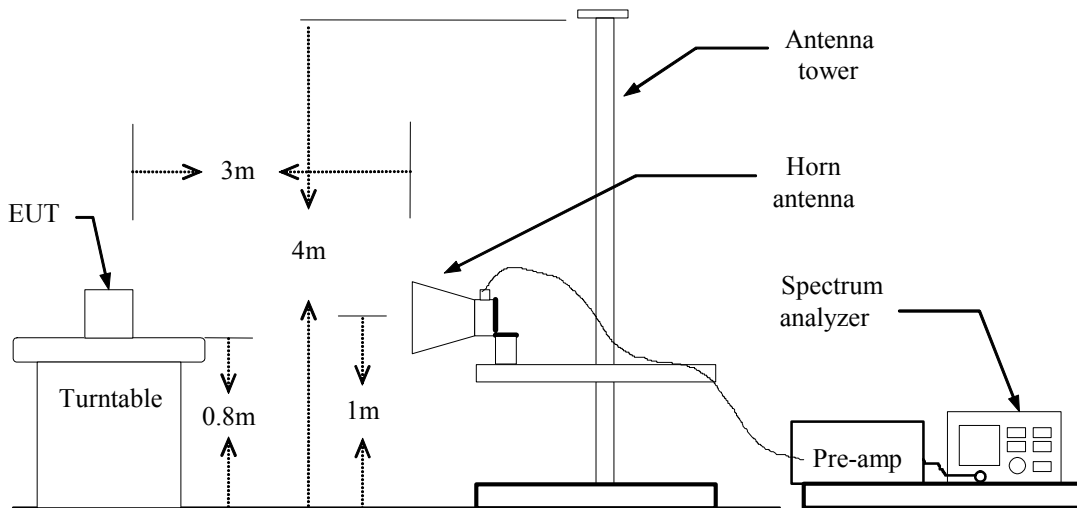
Date: 11.OCT.2007 19:37:30

## 7.3 BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

### LIMIT

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

### Test Configuration



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above the ground plane.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission.
4. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting in order to capture the lower and upper band-edges of the emission:
  - (a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO
  - (b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO
5. Repeat the procedures until all the PEAK and AVERAGE versus POLARIZATION are measured.

### TEST RESULTS

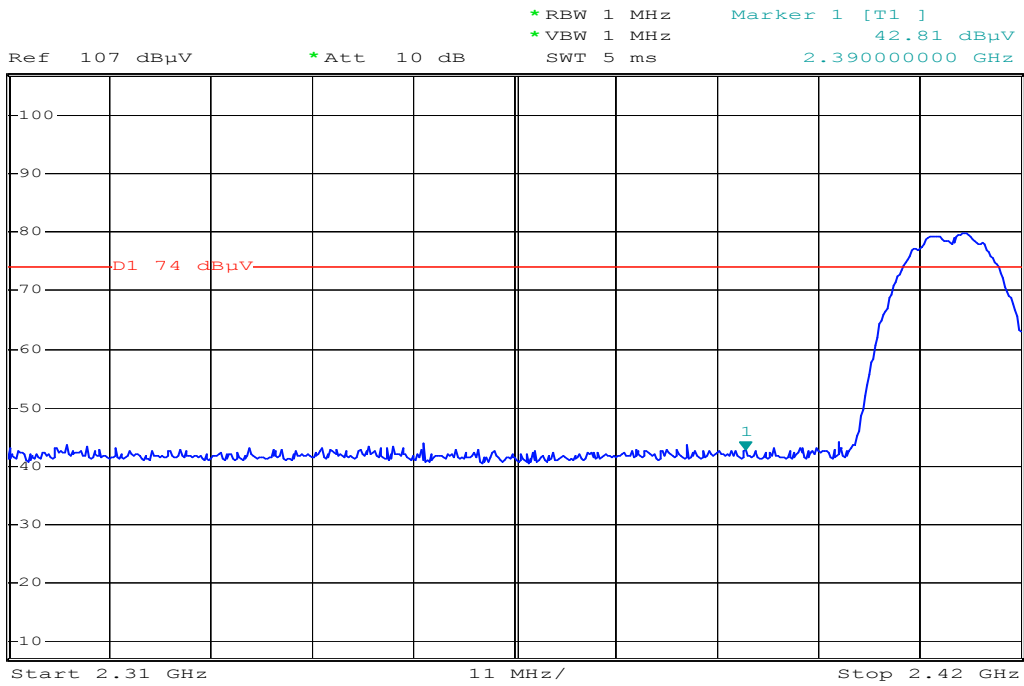
Refer to attach spectrum analyzer data chart.



### Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b / CH Low)

Detector mode: Peak

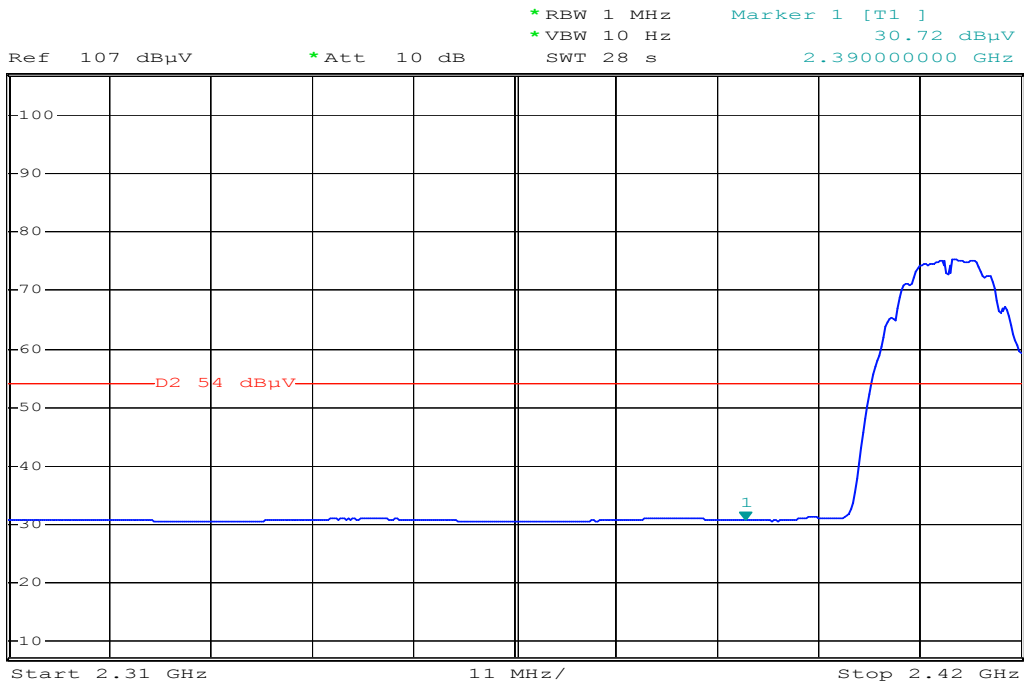
Polarity: Vertical



Date: 15.OCT.2007 22:14:47

Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Vertical



Date: 15.OCT.2007 22:15:39

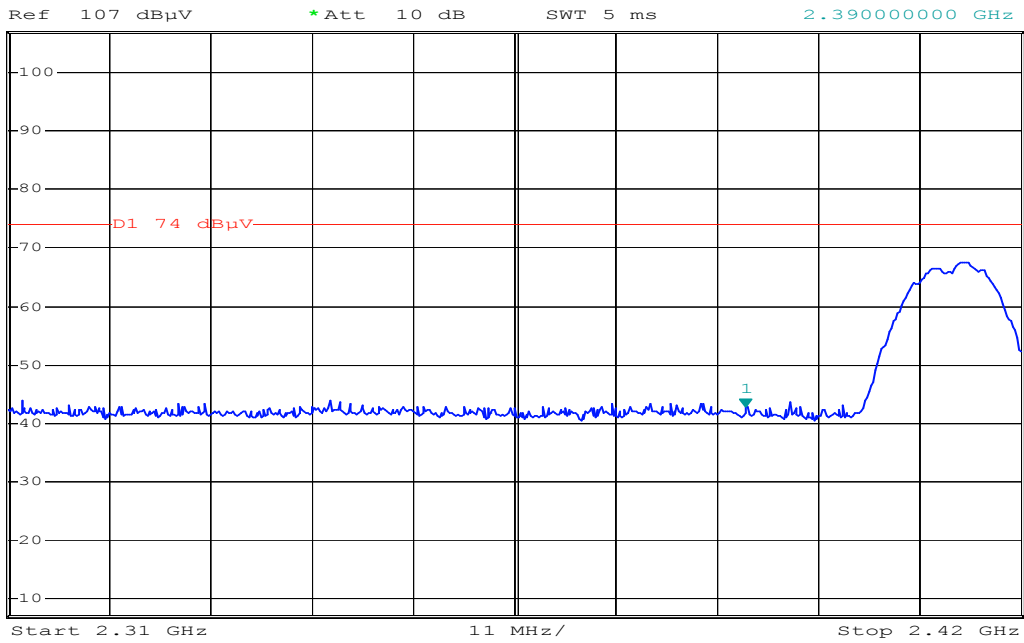


Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Horizontal



\* RBW 1 MHz      Marker 1 [T1 ]  
\* VBW 1 MHz      42.85 dBμV  
SWT 5 ms      2.390000000 GHz



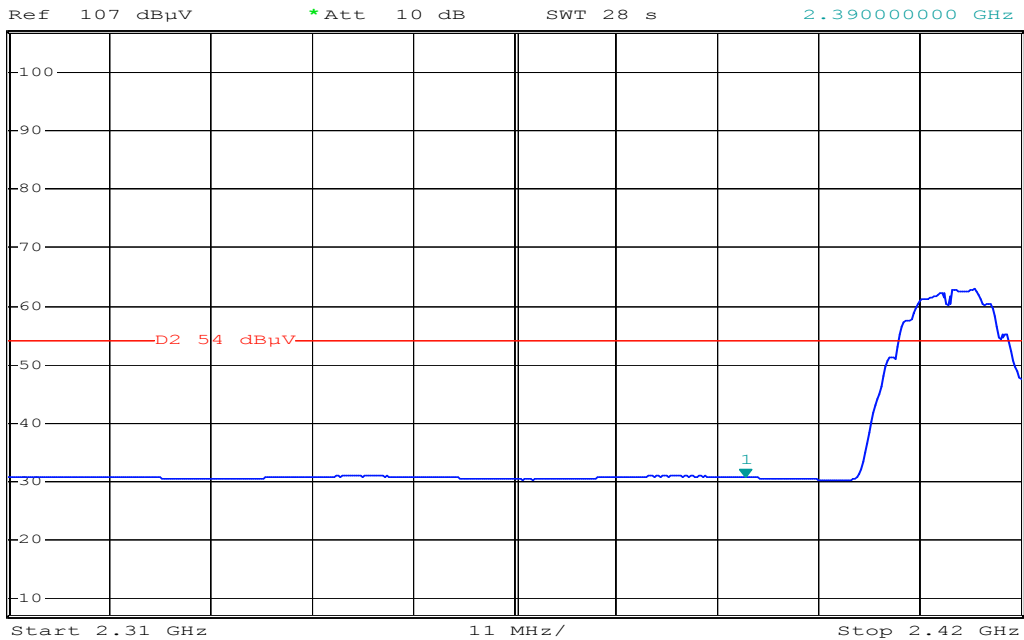
Date: 15.OCT.2007 22:18:24

Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal



\* RBW 1 MHz      Marker 1 [T1 ]  
\* VBW 10 Hz      30.70 dBμV  
SWT 28 s      2.390000000 GHz



Date: 15.OCT.2007 22:19:13



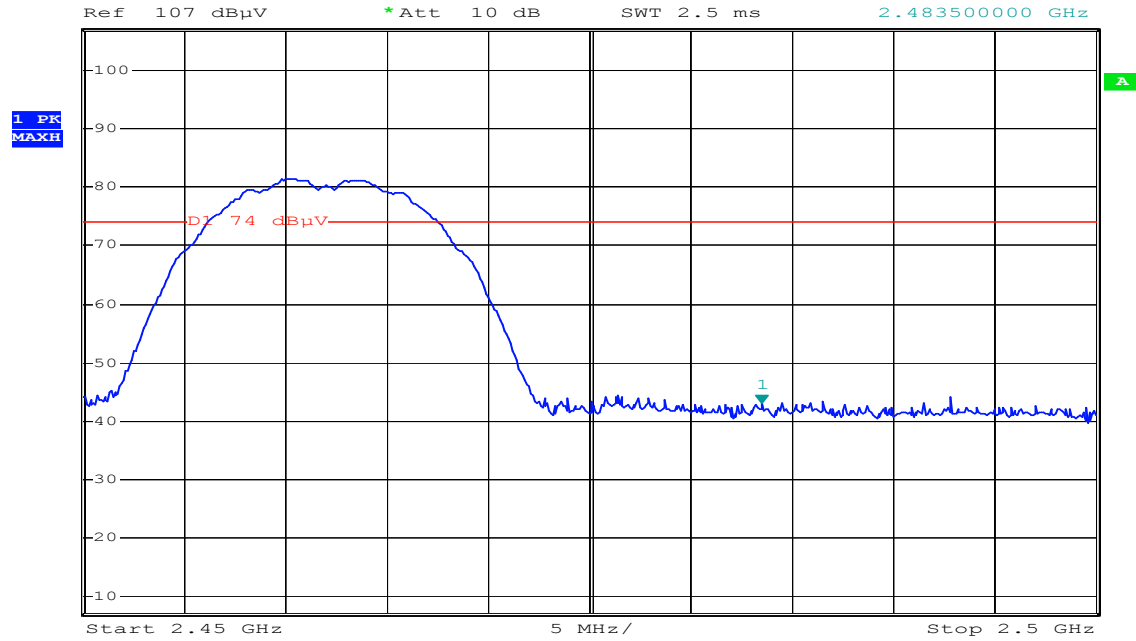
### Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b / CH High)

Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Vertical



\*RBW 1 MHz      Marker 1 [T1 ]  
\*VBW 1 MHz      43.04 dBμV  
SWT 2.5 ms      2.483500000 GHz



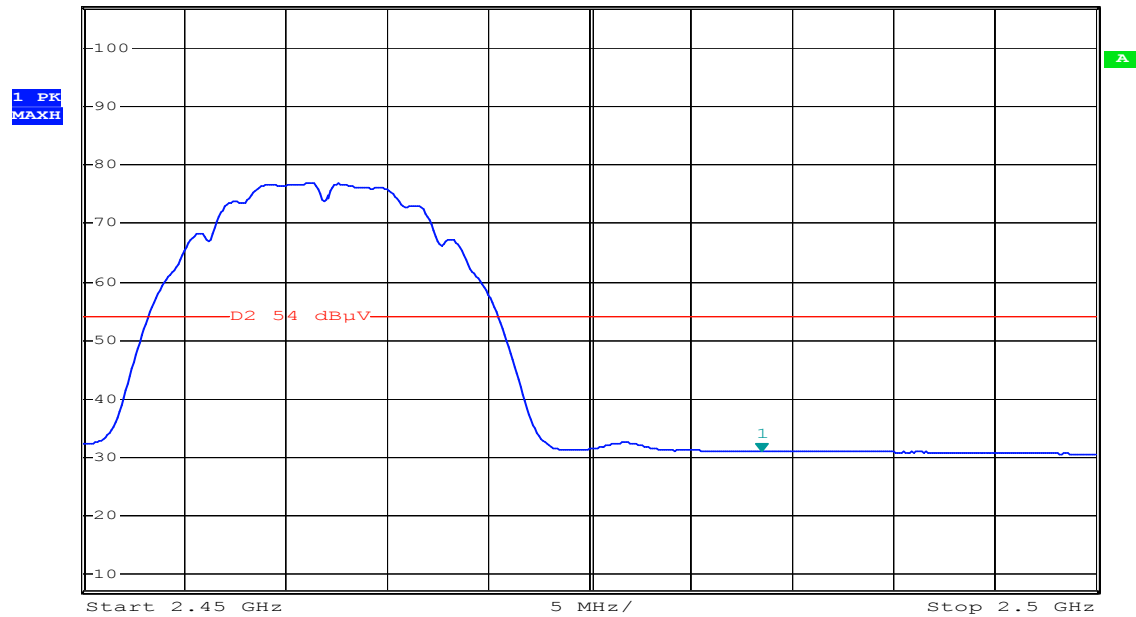
Date: 15.OCT.2007 22:26:35

Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Vertical



\*RBW 1 MHz      Marker 1 [T1 ]  
\*VBW 10 Hz      30.95 dBμV  
SWT 12.5 s      2.483500000 GHz

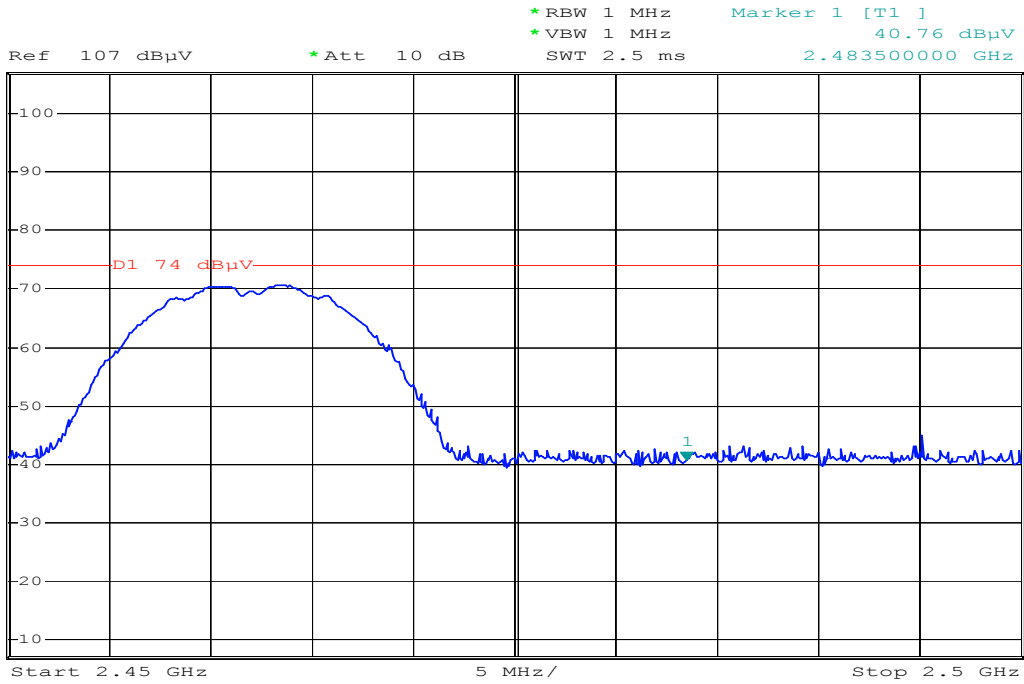


Date: 15.OCT.2007 22:27:05



Detector mode: Peak

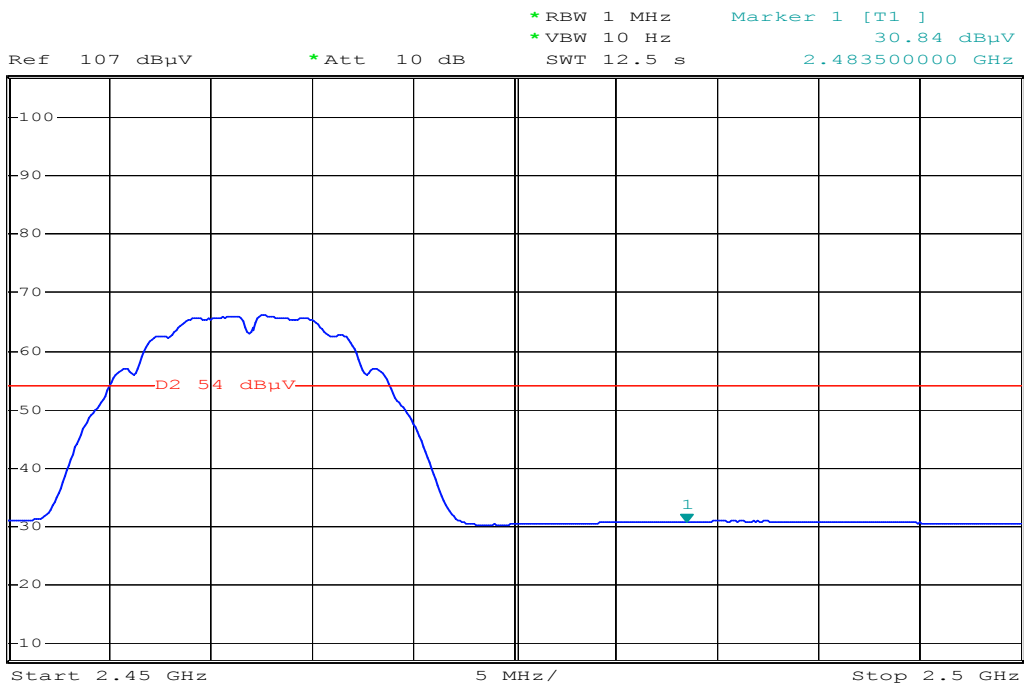
Polarity: Horizontal



Date: 15.OCT.2007 22:24:05

Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal



Date: 15.OCT.2007 22:24:42



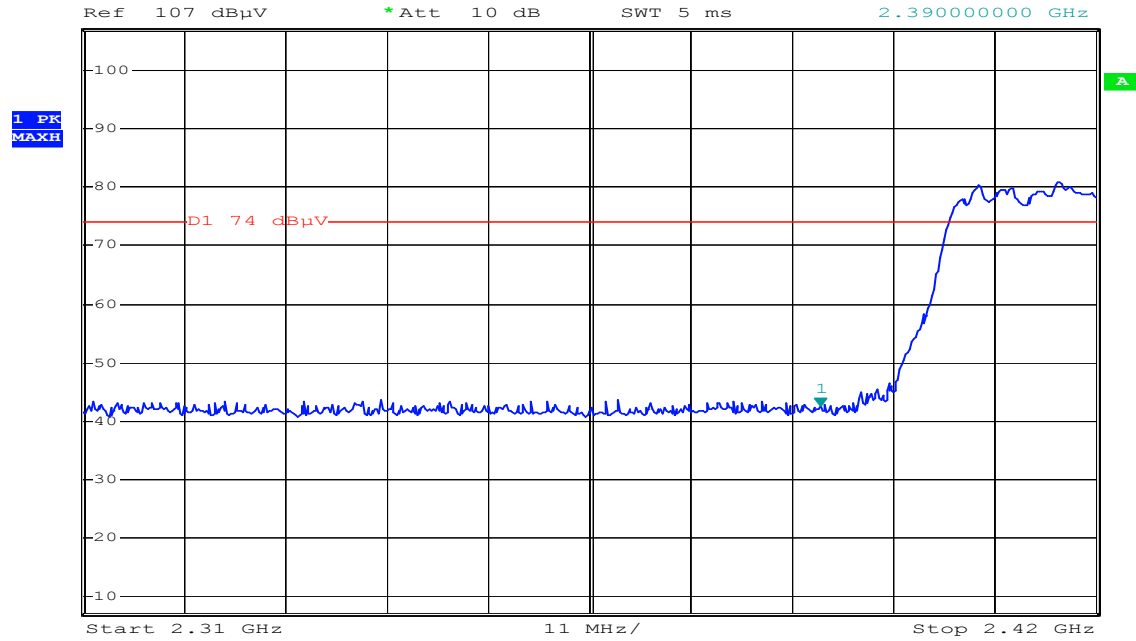
### Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g / CH Low)

Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Vertical



\* RBW 1 MHz      Marker 1 [T1 ]  
\* VBW 1 MHz      42.66 dBμV  
SWT 5 ms      2.390000000 GHz



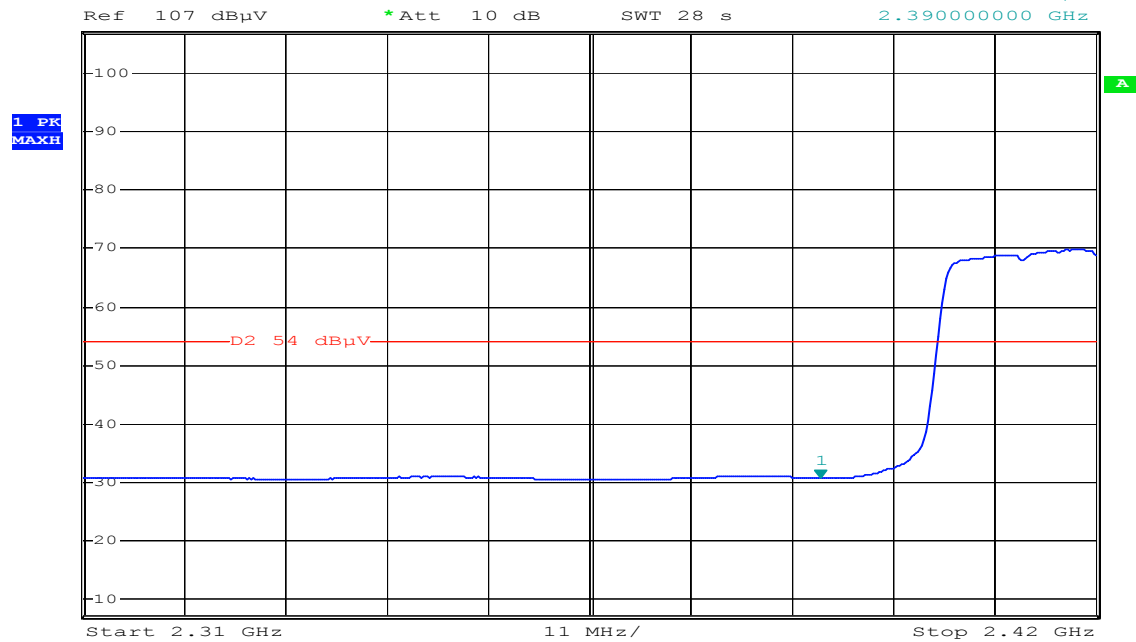
Date: 15.OCT.2007 22:09:32

Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Vertical



\* RBW 1 MHz      Marker 1 [T1 ]  
\* VBW 10 Hz      30.81 dBμV  
SWT 28 s      2.390000000 GHz



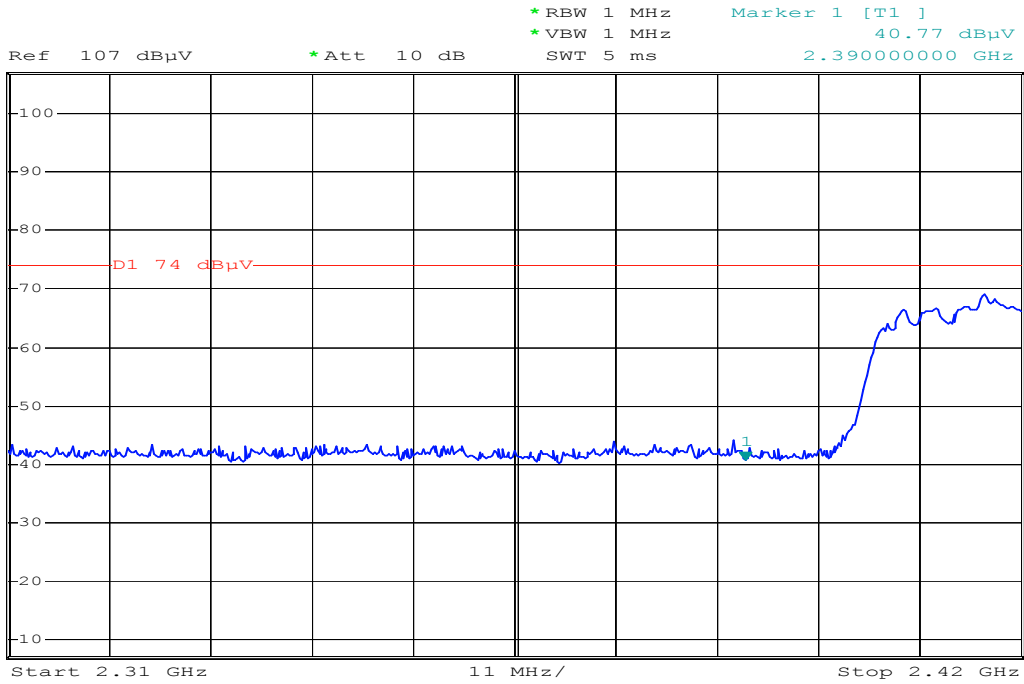
Date: 15.OCT.2007 22:10:19





Detector mode: Peak

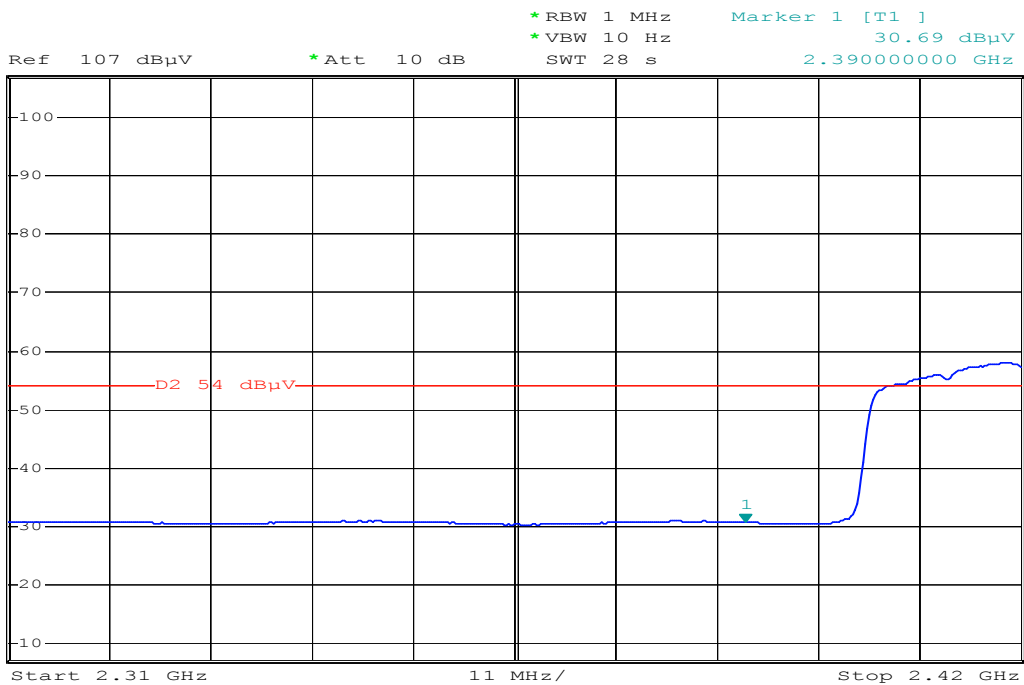
Polarity: Horizontal



Date: 15.OCT.2007 22:05:21

Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal



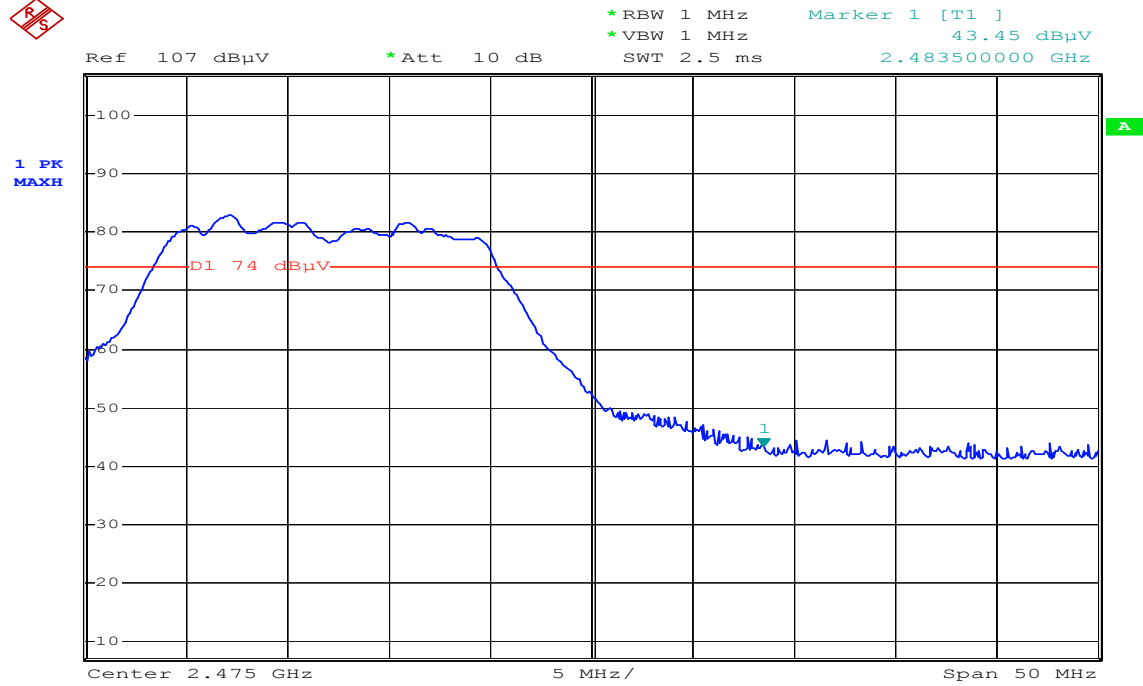
Date: 15.OCT.2007 22:06:11



### Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g / CH High)

Detector mode: Peak

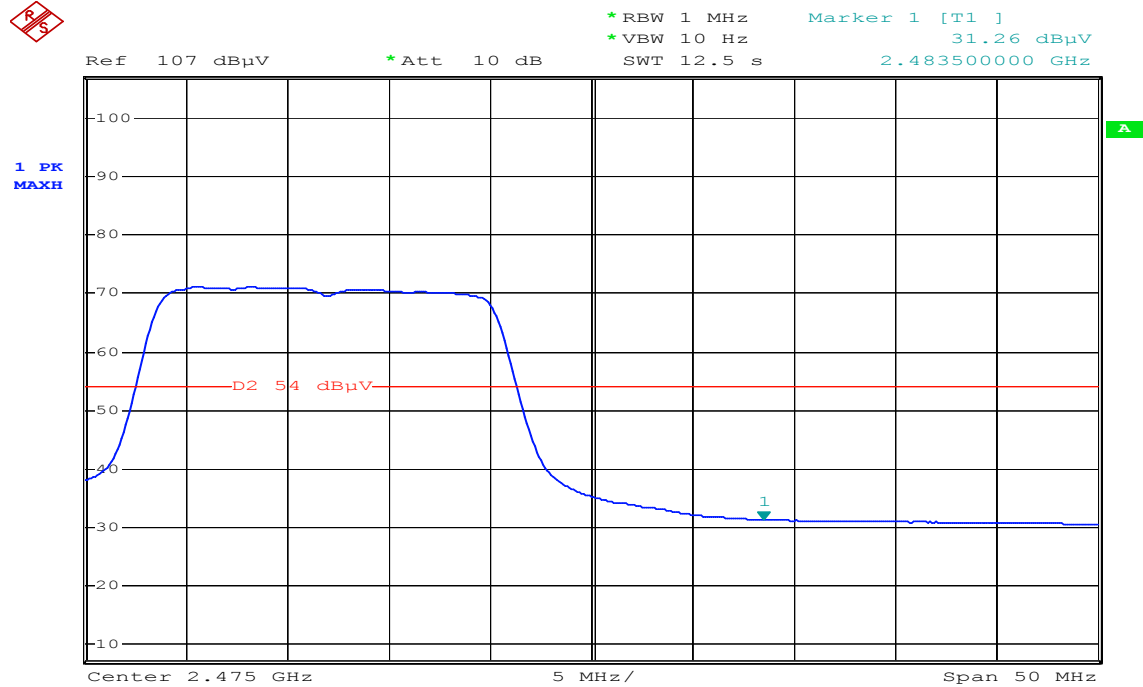
Polarity: Vertical



Date: 15.OCT.2007 21:56:50

Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Vertical

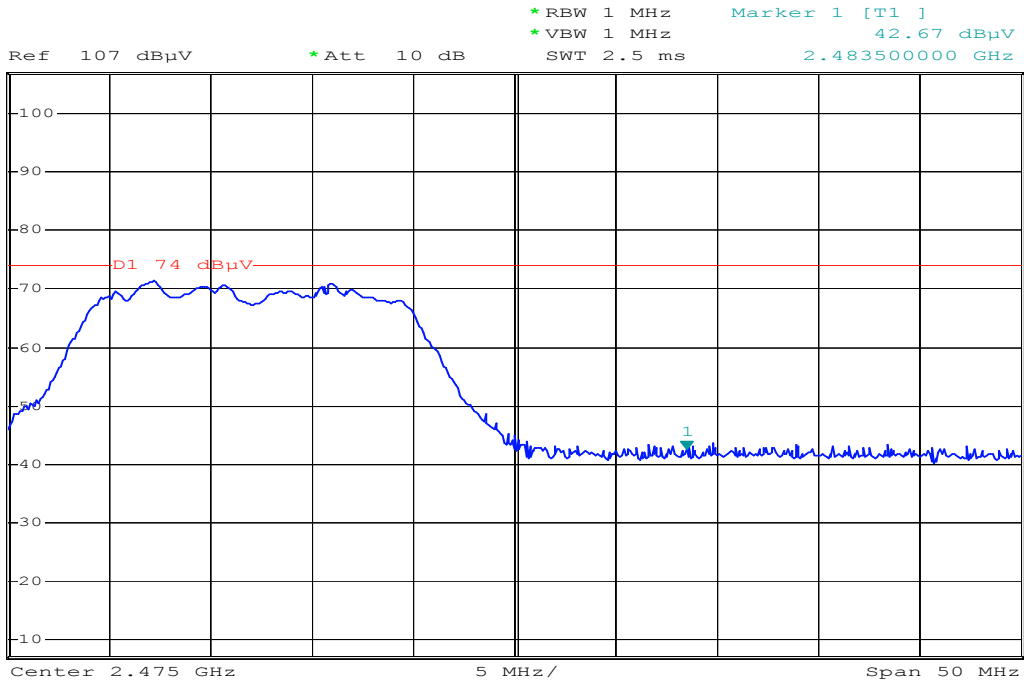


Date: 15.OCT.2007 21:57:55



Detector mode: Peak

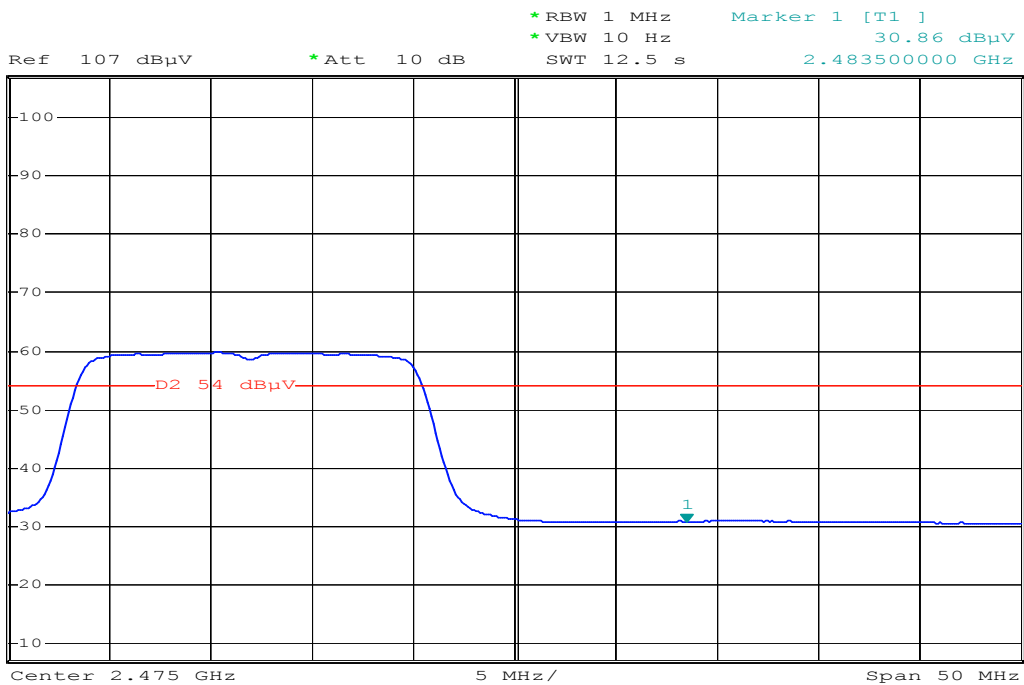
Polarity: Horizontal



Date: 15.OCT.2007 22:00:09

Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal



Date: 15.OCT.2007 22:00:45

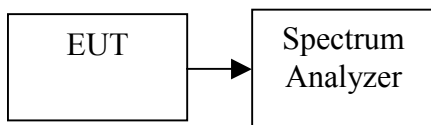


## 7.4 PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

### LIMIT

1. According to §15.247(e), for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.
2. According to §15.247(f), the digital modulation operation of the hybrid system, with the frequency hopping turned off, shall comply with the power density requirements of paragraph (d) of this section.

### Test Configuration



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.  
Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW = 3kHz, VBW = 10kHz, Span = 300kHz, Sweep=100s
3. Record the max. reading.
4. Repeat the above procedure until the measurements for all frequencies are completed.

### Test Data

#### IEEE 802.11b

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Test Result
Low	2412	-18.40	8.00	PASS
Mid	2437	-17.39		PASS
High	2462	-16.64		PASS

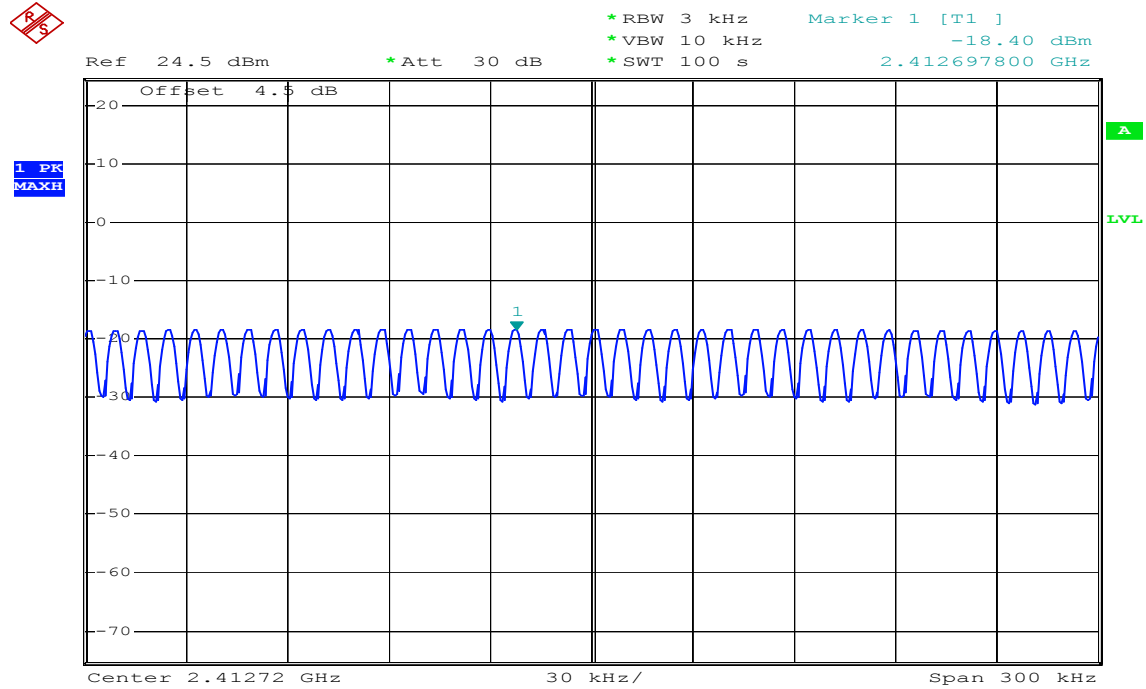
#### IEEE 802.11g

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Test Result
Low	2412	-20.72	8.00	PASS
Mid	2437	-19.53		PASS
High	2462	-18.72		PASS



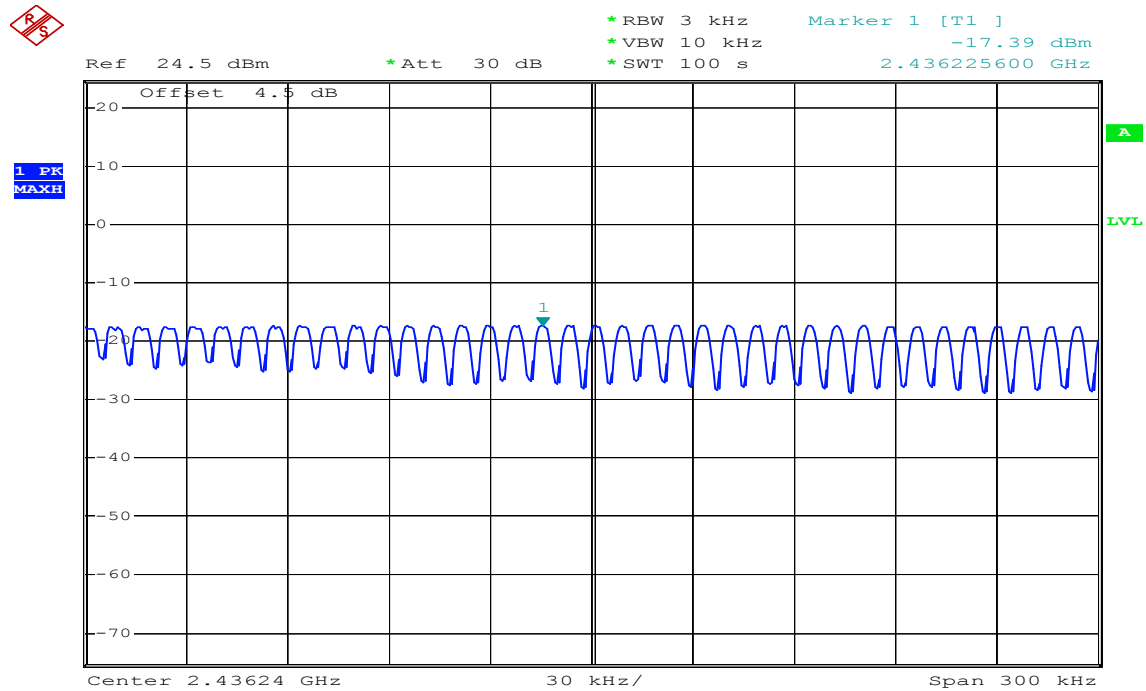
### Test Plot

#### PPSD (IEEE 802.11b / CH Low)



Date: 11.OCT.2007 18:54:24

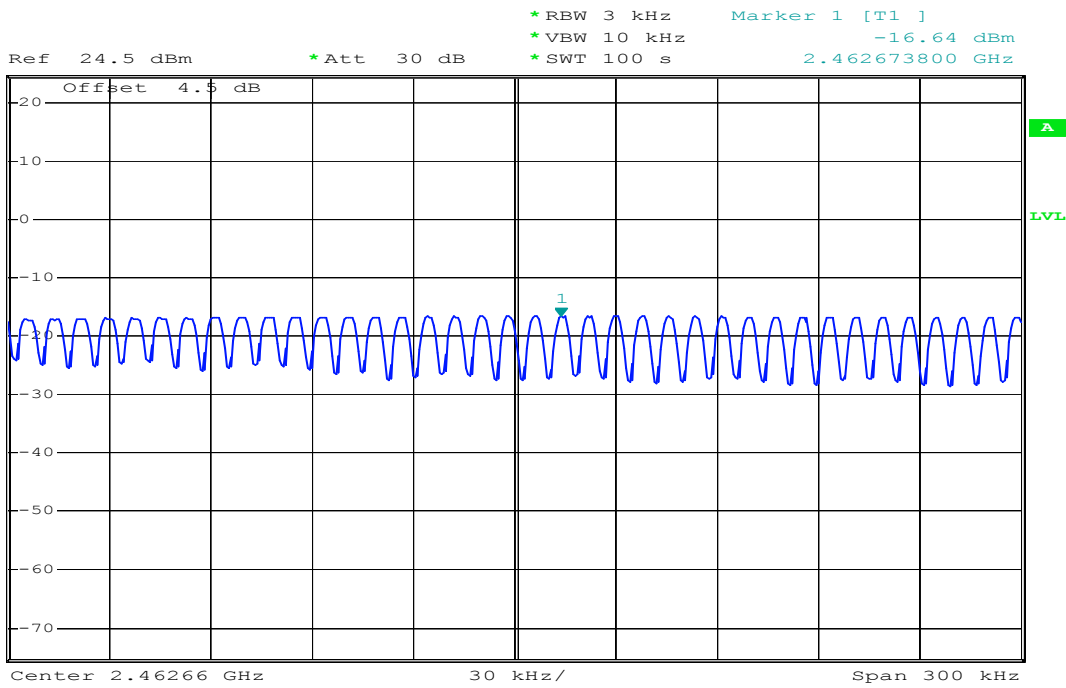
#### PPSD (IEEE 802.11b / CH Mid)



Date: 11.OCT.2007 19:00:53

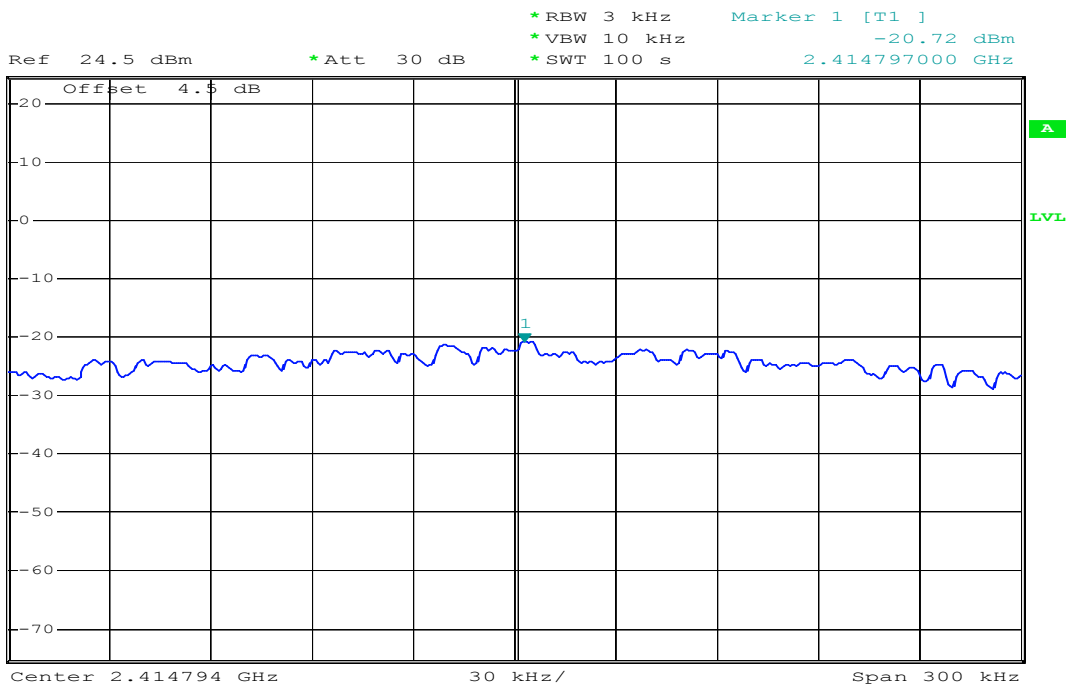


### PPSD (IEEE 802.11b / CH High)



Date: 11.OCT.2007 19:07:30

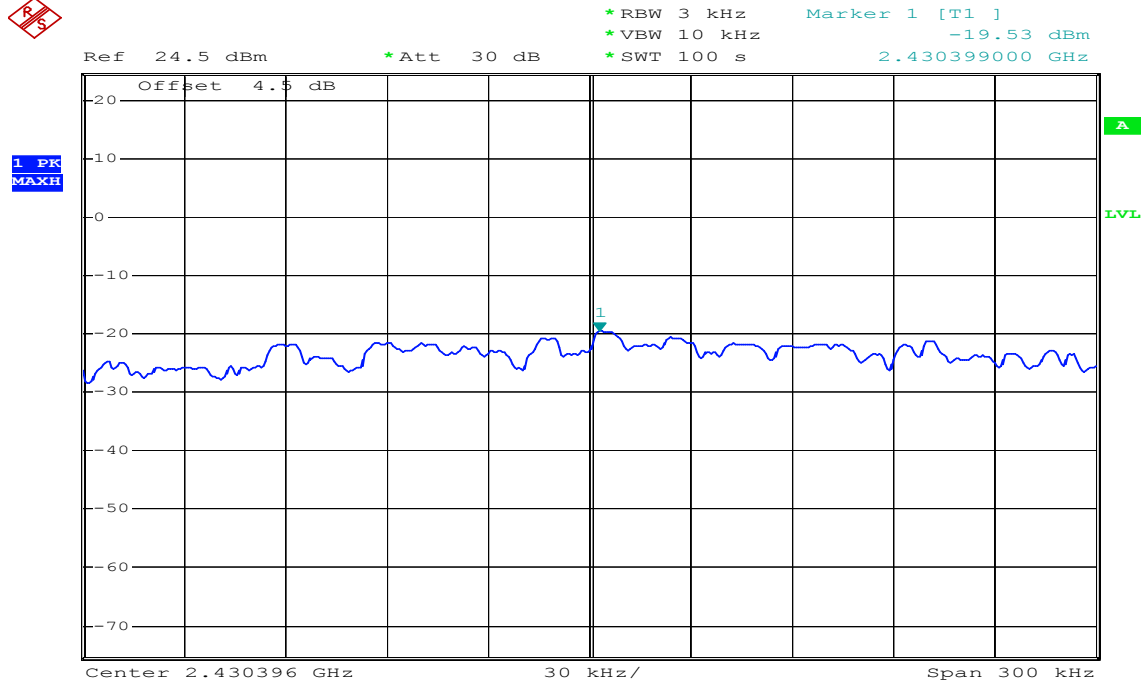
### PPSD (IEEE 802.11g / CH Low)



Date: 11.OCT.2007 19:27:34

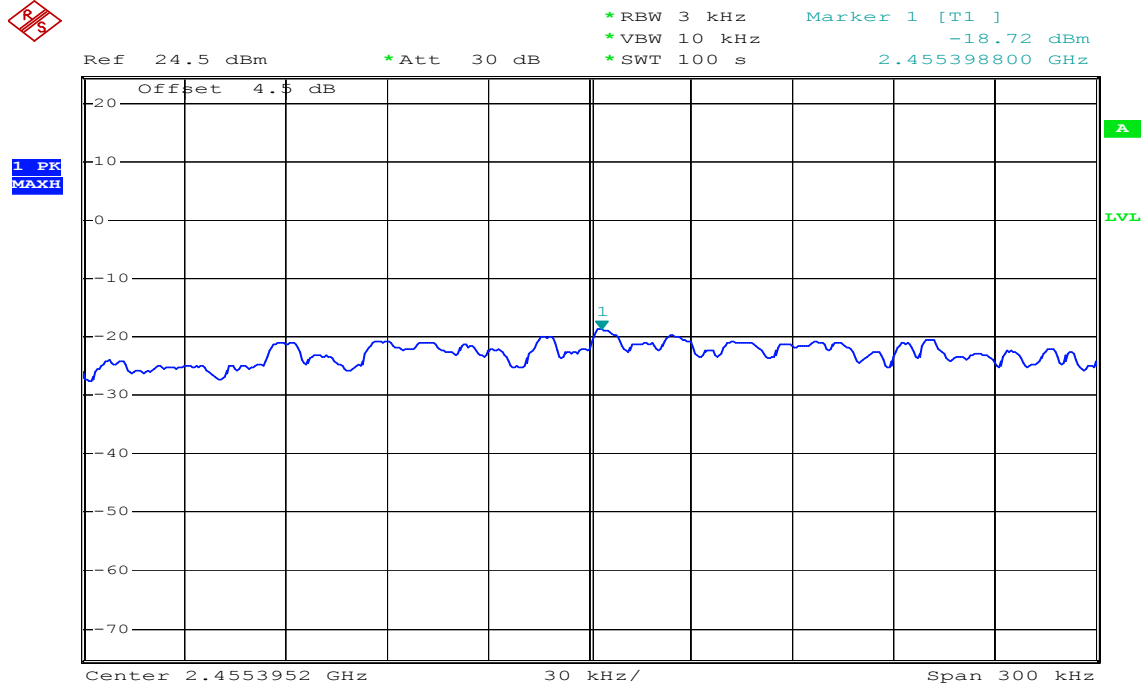


### PPSD (IEEE 802.11g / CH Mid)



Date: 11.OCT.2007 19:21:40

### PPSD (IEEE 802.11g / CH High)



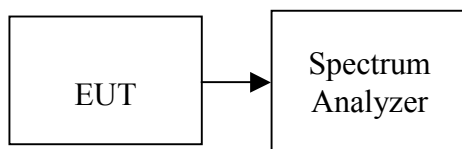
Date: 11.OCT.2007 19:14:28

## 7.5 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

### 7.6.1 Conducted Measurement

#### LIMIT

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).



#### Test Configuration

#### TEST PROCEDURE

Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output were made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 100 kHz.

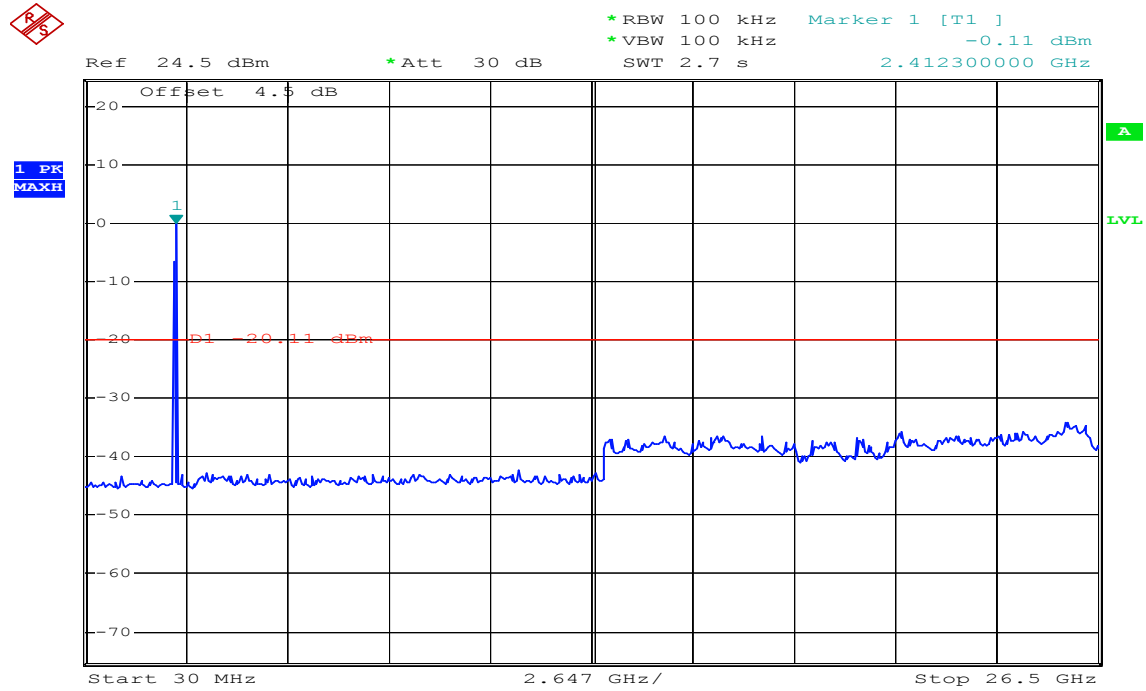
Measurements are made over the 30MHz to 26GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.





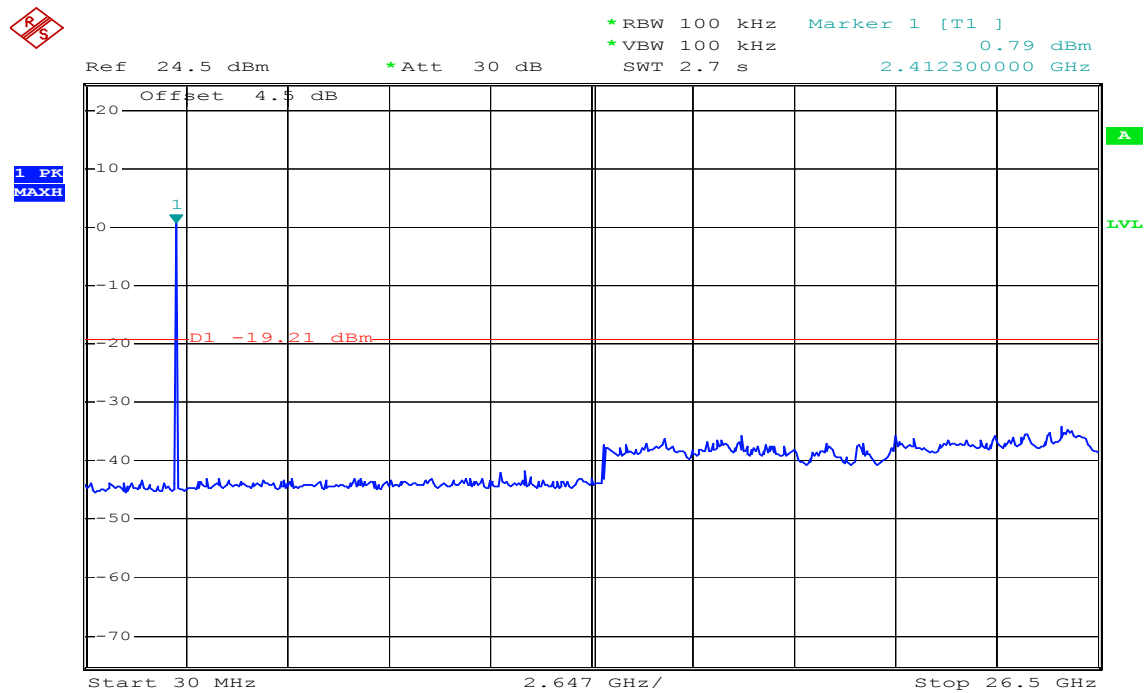
### Test Plot

### IEEE 802.11b / CH Low



Date: 11.OCT.2007 18:45:55

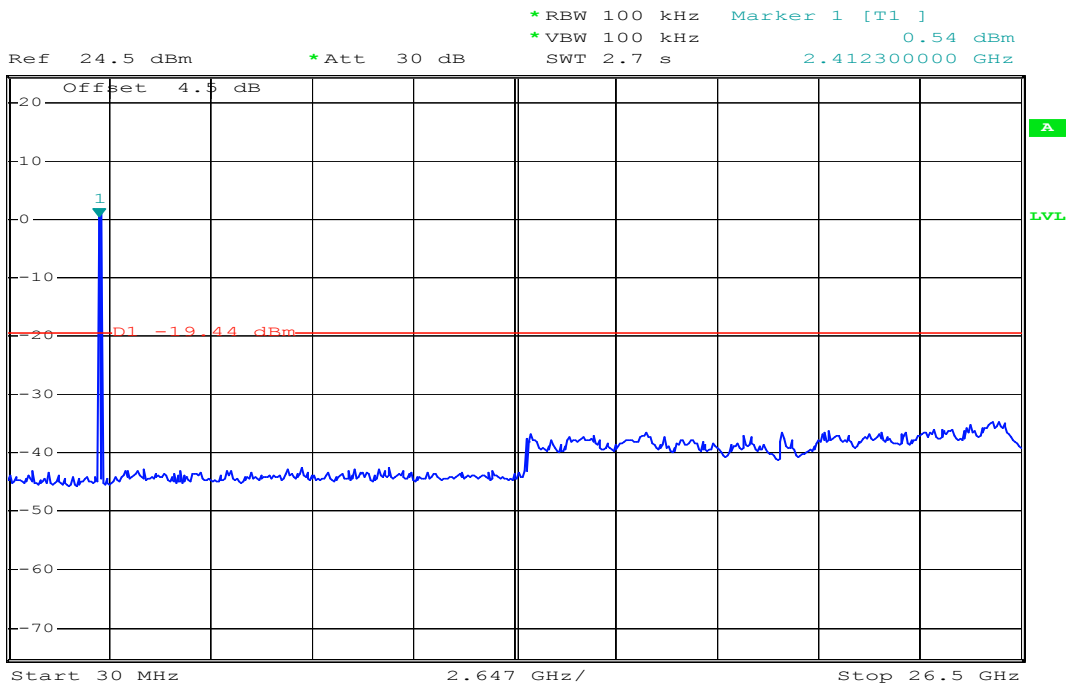
### IEEE 802.11b / CH Mid



Date: 11.OCT.2007 18:39:53

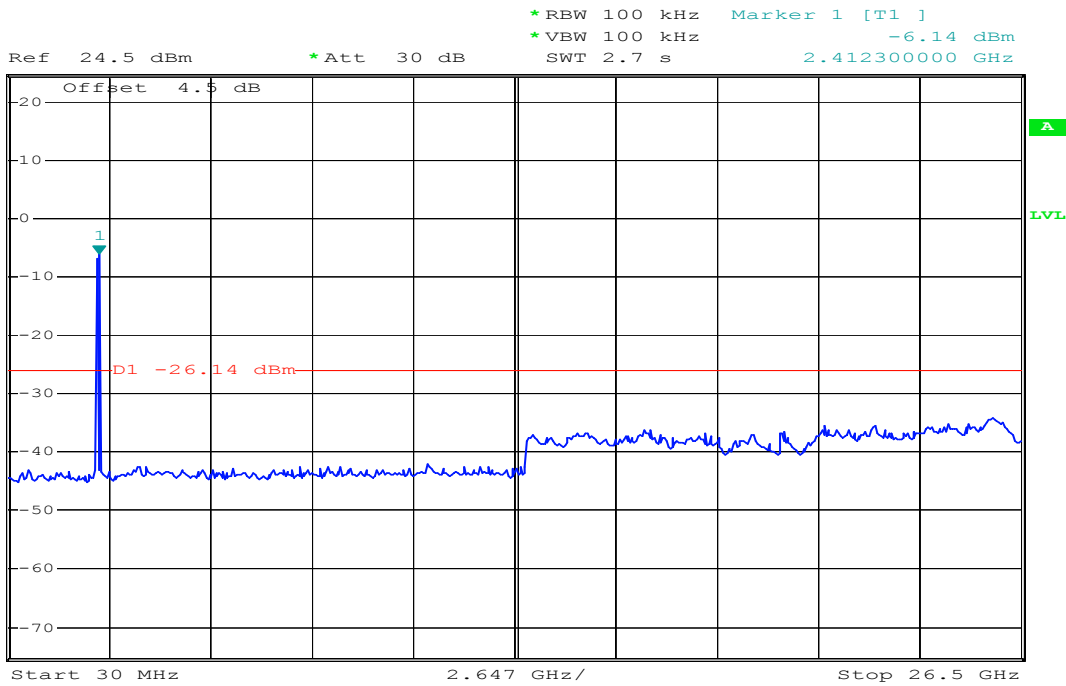


### IEEE 802.11b / CH High



Date: 11.OCT.2007 18:42:49

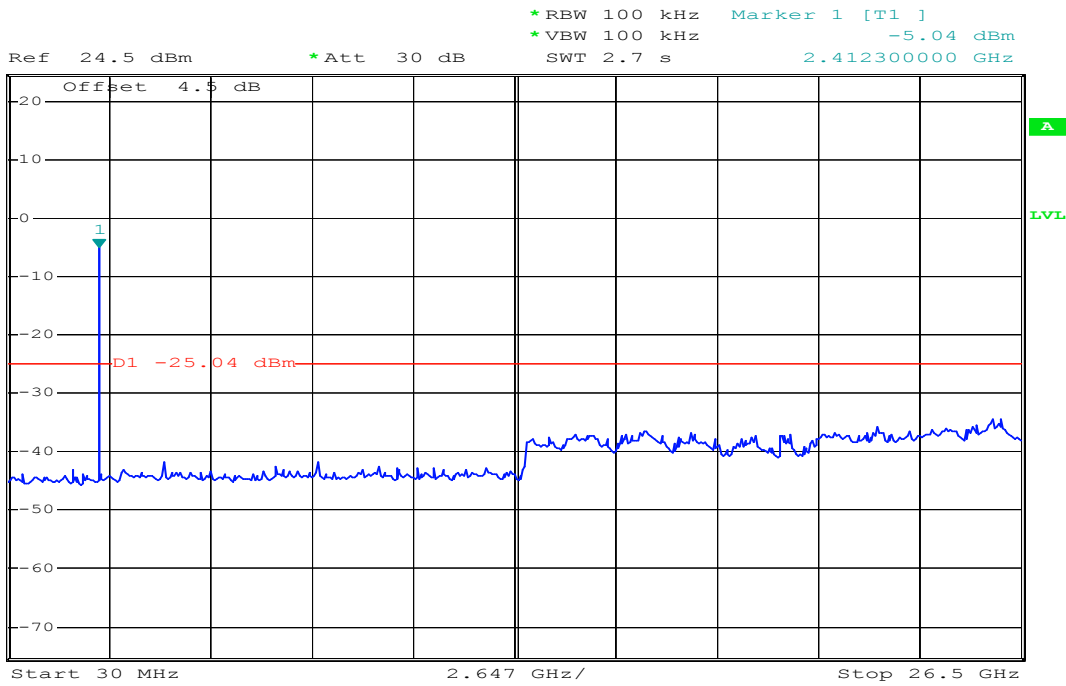
### IEEE 802.11g / CH Low



Date: 11.OCT.2007 18:23:10

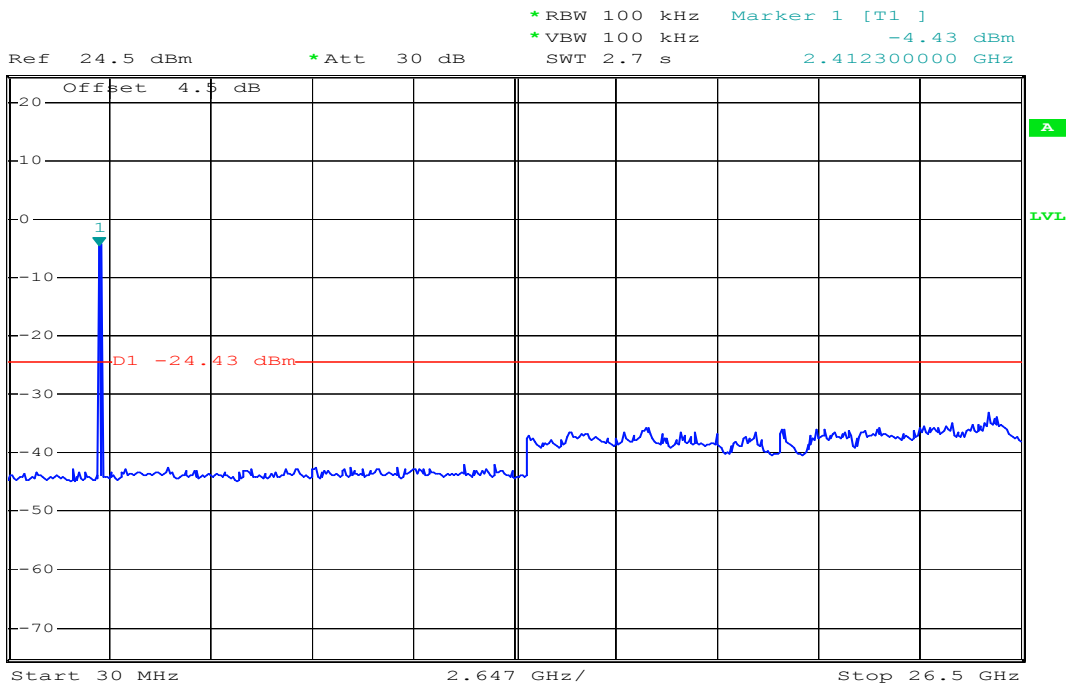


### IEEE 802.11g / CH Mid



Date: 11.OCT.2007 18:26:01

### IEEE 802.11g / CH High



Date: 11.OCT.2007 18:32:22





### 7.6.2 Radiated Emissions

#### LIMIT

1. According to §15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength ( $\mu\text{V/m}$ )	Measurement Distance (m)
30-88	100*	3
88-216	150*	3
216-960	200*	3
Above 960	500	3

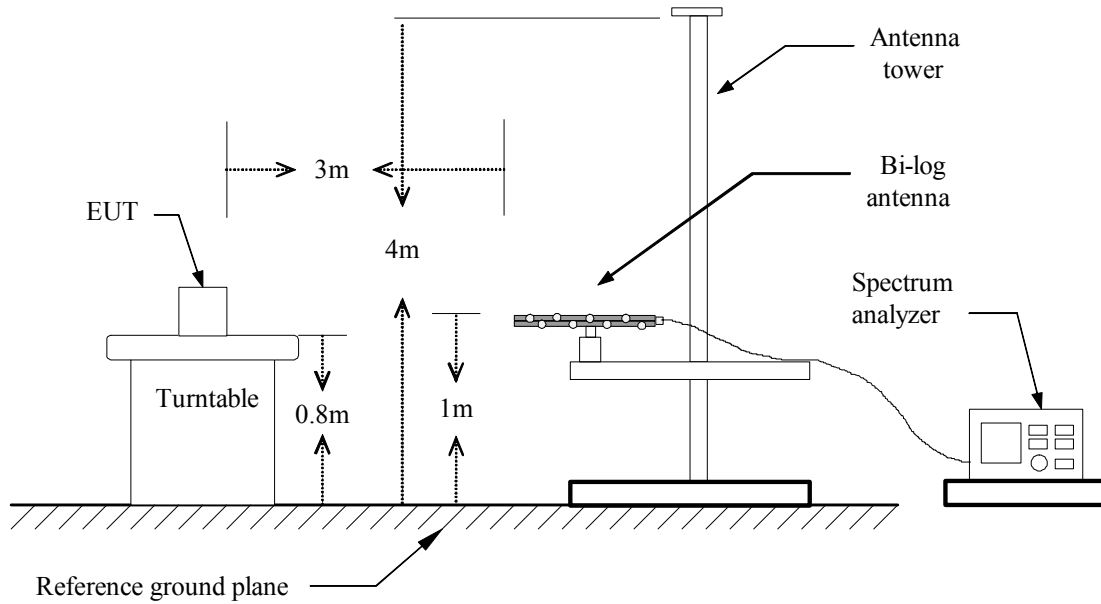
*Remark: Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.*

2. In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

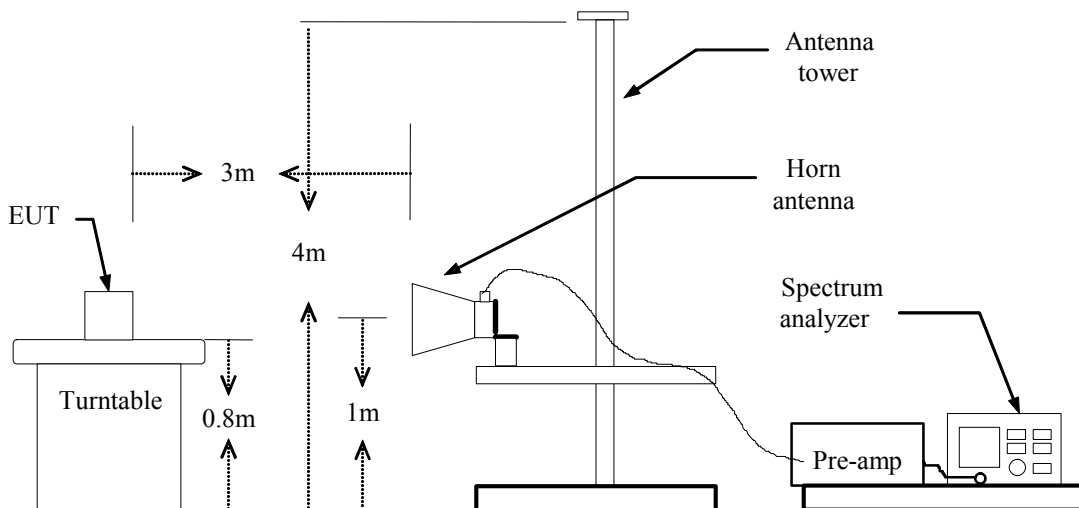
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength ( $\mu\text{V/m}$ at 3-meter)	Field Strength (dB $\mu\text{V/m}$ at 3-meter)
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

### Test Configuration

#### Below 1 GHz



#### Above 1 GHz





## **TEST PROCEDURE**

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
6. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting as:

Below 1GHz:

RBW=100kHz / VBW=300kHz / Sweep=AUTO

Above 1GHz:

(a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO

(b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO

7. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.



### TEST RESULTS

#### Below 1 GHz

Operation Mode: Normal Link

Test Date: 2007/8/24

Temperature: 26°C

Tested by: Arno Hsieh

Humidity: 55 % RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Detector Mode (PK/QP)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Actual FS (dBuV/m)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	Safe Margin (dB)
71.00	V	Peak	5.96	9.94	15.90	40.00	-24.10
183.00	V	Peak	4.45	11.63	16.08	43.50	-27.42
370.00	V	Peak	0.88	17.17	18.05	46.00	-27.95
629.00	V	Peak	1.67	21.93	23.59	46.00	-22.41
716.00	V	Peak	1.68	22.41	24.09	46.00	-21.91
981.00	V	Peak	1.66	25.64	27.31	54.00	-26.69
86.00	H	Peak	8.66	11.86	20.51	40.00	-19.49
202.00	H	Peak	4.75	12.54	17.29	43.50	-26.21
365.00	H	Peak	2.00	17.07	19.08	46.00	-26.92
413.00	H	Peak	0.47	17.92	18.40	46.00	-27.60
644.00	H	Peak	-0.63	22.07	21.44	46.00	-24.56
847.00	H	Peak	3.38	24.25	27.63	46.00	-18.37

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
4. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 30MHz to 1GHz was 100kHz.



**Above 1 GHz****Operation Mode:** IEEE 802.11b / TX / CH Low**Test Date:** 2007/10/15**Temperature:** 26°C**Tested by:** Arno Hsieh**Humidity:** 54 % RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant.Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1072.00	V	47.34	---	-10.37	36.97	---	74.00	54.00	-17.03	Peak
1176.00	V	45.39	---	-9.89	35.51	---	74.00	54.00	-18.49	Peak
2804.00	V	42.92	---	-3.00	39.91	---	74.00	54.00	-14.09	Peak
4820.00	V	44.14	---	1.87	46.01	---	74.00	54.00	-7.99	Peak
N/A										
1024.00	H	50.33	---	-10.59	39.74	---	74.00	54.00	-14.26	Peak
1072.00	H	47.60	---	-10.37	37.23	---	74.00	54.00	-16.77	Peak
1120.00	H	46.57	---	-10.15	36.42	---	74.00	54.00	-17.58	Peak
1920.00	H	44.41	---	-5.99	38.42	---	74.00	54.00	-15.58	Peak
4820.00	H	44.96	---	1.87	46.84	---	74.00	54.00	-7.16	Peak
N/A										

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser; with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



Operation Mode: IEEE 802.11b / TX / CH Mid

Test Date: 2007/10/15

Temperature: 26°C

Tested by: Arno Hsieh

Humidity: 54 % RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant.Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1072.00	V	45.94	---	-10.37	35.58	---	74.00	54.00	-18.42	Peak
1104.00	V	45.00	---	-10.22	34.78	---	74.00	54.00	-19.22	Peak
1180.00	V	45.01	---	-9.87	35.14	---	74.00	54.00	-18.86	Peak
2280.00	V	43.34	---	-4.90	38.45	---	74.00	54.00	-15.55	Peak
N/A										
1024.00	H	50.73	---	-10.59	40.14	---	74.00	54.00	-13.86	Peak
1040.00	H	48.00	---	-10.52	37.49	---	74.00	54.00	-16.51	Peak
1072.00	H	49.08	---	-10.37	38.71	---	74.00	54.00	-15.29	Peak
1120.00	H	49.93	---	-10.15	39.79	---	74.00	54.00	-14.21	Peak
4870.00	H	44.31	---	2.02	46.33	---	74.00	54.00	-7.67	Peak
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

**Operation Mode:** IEEE 802.11b / TX / CH High**Test Date:** 2007/10/15**Temperature:** 26°C**Tested by:** Arno Hsieh**Humidity:** 54 % RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant.Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1024.00	V	46.91	---	-10.59	36.32	---	74.00	54.00	-17.68	Peak
1072.00	V	48.31	---	-10.37	37.94	---	74.00	54.00	-16.06	Peak
1104.00	V	46.94	---	-10.22	36.72	---	74.00	54.00	-17.28	Peak
1208.00	V	44.29	---	-9.74	34.55	---	74.00	54.00	-19.45	Peak
1240.00	V	44.79	---	-9.59	35.20	---	74.00	54.00	-18.80	Peak
N/A										Peak
1024.00	H	51.17	---	-10.59	40.58	---	74.00	54.00	-13.42	Peak
1072.00	H	52.15	---	-10.37	41.79	---	74.00	54.00	-12.21	Peak
1104.00	H	50.51	---	-10.22	40.29	---	74.00	54.00	-13.71	Peak
1120.00	H	50.03	---	-10.15	39.88	---	74.00	54.00	-14.12	Peak
4920.00	H	43.16	---	2.16	45.33	---	74.00	54.00	-8.67	Peak
N/A										

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser; with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



Operation Mode: IEEE 802.11g / TX / CH Low

Test Date: 2007/10/15

Temperature: 26°C

Tested by: Arno Hsieh

Humidity: 54 % RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant.Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1024.00	V	46.79	---	-10.59	36.20	---	74.00	54.00	-17.80	Peak
1072.00	V	46.86	---	-10.37	36.49	---	74.00	54.00	-17.51	Peak
1120.00	V	46.95	---	-10.15	36.81	---	74.00	54.00	-17.19	Peak
1920.00	V	43.81	---	-5.99	37.82	---	74.00	54.00	-16.18	Peak
N/A										
1024.00	H	49.95	---	-10.59	39.36	---	74.00	54.00	-14.64	Peak
1072.00	H	51.95	---	-10.37	41.59	---	74.00	54.00	-12.41	Peak
1104.00	H	51.68	---	-10.22	41.46	---	74.00	54.00	-12.54	Peak
1120.00	H	50.73	---	-10.15	40.59	---	74.00	54.00	-13.41	Peak
1552.00	H	44.29	---	-8.09	36.20	---	74.00	54.00	-17.80	Peak
1920.00	H	43.86	---	-5.99	37.87	---	74.00	54.00	-16.13	Peak

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser; with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

**Operation Mode:** IEEE 802.11g / TX / CH Mid**Test Date:** 2007/10/15**Temperature:** 26°C**Tested by:** Arno Hsieh**Humidity:** 54 % RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant.Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1024.00	V	46.52	---	-10.59	35.93	---	74.00	54.00	-18.07	Peak
1072.00	V	47.99	---	-10.37	37.62	---	74.00	54.00	-16.38	Peak
1104.00	V	46.67	---	-10.22	36.45	---	74.00	54.00	-17.55	Peak
1120.00	V	46.21	---	-10.15	36.06	---	74.00	54.00	-17.94	Peak
1748.00	V	44.00	---	-6.97	37.03	---	74.00	54.00	-16.97	Peak
N/A										
1024.00	H	50.71	---	-10.59	40.12	---	74.00	54.00	-13.88	Peak
1072.00	H	52.27	---	-10.37	41.90	---	74.00	54.00	-12.10	Peak
1104.00	H	50.04	---	-10.22	39.82	---	74.00	54.00	-14.18	Peak
1120.00	H	50.04	---	-10.15	39.89	---	74.00	54.00	-14.11	Peak
1440.00	H	45.34	---	-8.67	36.67	---	74.00	54.00	-17.33	Peak
N/A										

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser; with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



Operation Mode: IEEE 802.11g / TX / CH High

Test Date: 2007/10/15

Temperature: 26°C

Tested by: Arno Hsieh

Humidity: 54 % RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant.Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1024.00	V	46.96	---	-10.59	36.37	---	74.00	54.00	-17.63	Peak
1072.00	V	48.80	---	-10.37	38.43	---	74.00	54.00	-15.57	Peak
1104.00	V	47.59	---	-10.22	37.37	---	74.00	54.00	-16.63	Peak
1140.00	V	44.65	---	-10.05	34.60	---	74.00	54.00	-19.40	Peak
N/A										
1024.00	H	49.53	---	-10.59	38.94	---	74.00	54.00	-15.06	Peak
1072.00	H	53.20	---	-10.37	42.83	---	74.00	54.00	-11.17	Peak
1104.00	H	49.97	---	-10.22	39.75	---	74.00	54.00	-14.25	Peak
1120.00	H	49.97	---	-10.15	39.82	---	74.00	54.00	-14.18	Peak
1440.00	H	45.08	---	-8.67	36.41	---	74.00	54.00	-17.59	Peak
N/A										

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



## 7.15 POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

### LIMIT

According to §15.207(a), except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

\* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

### Test Configuration

See test photographs attached in Appendix 1 for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was placed on a table, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
2. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
3. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.

### TEST RESULTS

*Not applicable, the EUT doesn't connect to AC Main Source direct.*



# APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

## LIMIT

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

## EUT Specification

<b>EUT</b>	WLAN Serial Device Server
<b>Frequency band (Operating)</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5.825GHz <input type="checkbox"/> Others
<b>Device category</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Portable (<20cm separation) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mobile (>20cm separation) <input type="checkbox"/> Others
<b>Exposure classification</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm2) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm2)
<b>Antenna diversity</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Single antenna <input type="checkbox"/> Multiple antennas <input type="checkbox"/> Tx diversity <input type="checkbox"/> Rx diversity <input type="checkbox"/> Tx/Rx diversity
<b>Max. output power</b>	IEEE 802.11b: 16.51 dBm (44.77mW) IEEE 802.11g: 15.65 dBm (36.48mW)
<b>Antenna gain (Max)</b>	1.8 dBi (Numeric gain: 1.51)
<b>Evaluation applied</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MPE Evaluation <input type="checkbox"/> SAR Evaluation <input type="checkbox"/> N/A

### Remark:

1. The maximum output power is 16.51dBm (44.77mW) at 2437MHz (with 1.51 numeric antenna gain.)
2. DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance.
3. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The minimum separation generally be used is at least 20 cm, even if the calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be lesser.





**MPE evaluation**

**Calculation**

Given  $E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$  &  $S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$

Where  $E =$  Field strength in Volts / meter  
 $P =$  Power in Watts  
 $G =$  Numeric antenna gain  
 $d =$  Distance in meters  
 $S =$  Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P (mW) = P (W) / 1000 \text{ and}$$

$$d (cm) = d(m) / 100$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2} \quad \text{Equation 1}$$

Where  $d =$  Distance in cm  
 $P =$  Power in mW  
 $G =$  Numeric antenna gain  
 $S =$  Power density in mW / cm<sup>2</sup>

**Maximum Permissible Exposure**

EUT output power = 44.77mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 1.51

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

Yields

$$S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$$

Where  $P =$  Power in mW  
 $G =$  Numeric antenna gain  
 $S =$  Power density in mW / cm<sup>2</sup>

→ Power density = -0.00.1345 mW / cm<sup>2</sup>

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)