







FCC ID: M82-AIM8IAC

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## FCC TEST REPORT

For

Computer

Model: AIM8IAC

Issued to

#### Advantech Co.Ltd.

No.1, Alley 20, Lane 26, Rueiguang Road, Neihu District, Taipei 114, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Issued by

**Compliance Certification Services Inc.** No.11, Wugong 6th Rd., Wugu Dist., New Taipei City 24891, Taiwan. (R.O.C.) http://www.ccsrf.com service@ccsrf.com

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# **Revision History**

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00	2018/07/13	Initial Issue	ALL	Stella Chang



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#### **Certificate of Compliance (SAR Evaluation)** 1

**Applicant** Advantech Co.Ltd.

No.1, Alley 20, Lane 26, Rueiguang Road, Neihu District, Taipei 114,

Taiwan, R.O.C.

**Equipment Under Test:** Computer **Trade Name: ADVANTECH** 

**Model Number:** AIM8IAC

Date of Test: July 2, 2018

**Device Category:** PORTABLE DEVICES

GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE **Exposure Category:** 

	Applicable Standards							
FCC	<ul> <li>IEEE 1528 2013</li> <li>KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04</li> <li>KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02</li> <li>KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06</li> <li>KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02</li> <li>KDB 248227 D01 SAR Meas for 802.11 v02r02</li> </ul>							
	Limit							
1.6 W/kg								
Test Result								
	Pass							

The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Approved by:

Tested by:

Scott Hsu

Section Manager

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Stella Chang **SAR Engineer** 

Compliance Certification Services Inc.



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# 2 Description of Equipment Under Test

Product	Computer							
Trade Name	ADVANTECH							
Model Number	AIM8IAC	AIM8IAC						
WLAN RF Module	AMPAK Model: AP6255							
	Bluetooth:GFSK for	1Mbps;π/4-DO	PSK for 2Mbps;	8DPSK for 3Mbps				
	802.11a: Orthogona	al Frequency Di	vision Multiplex	ing (OFDM)				
Modulation Technique	802.11b: Direct Seq	uence Spread S	Spectrum(DSSS)					
Wodulation rechinque	802.11g: Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM)							
	802.11n: Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM)							
	802.11ac: Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM)							
	Brand name	YAGEO						
WLAN Antenna	Parts Number	Main: 6036B0192301						
Specification	Parts Number	(ANTAOZV11661WLAN1)						
	Type PIFA							
Rechargeable Li-polymer Battery–alternate	Band:ADVANTECH Model:AIM-BAT-8 Rating:3.8V/4900m	Ah						

1. The sample selected for test was prototype that representative to production product and was provided by manufacturer



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## 2.1 Summary of Highest SAR Values

Results for highest reported SAR values for each frequency band and mode.

Technology/Band	Test configuration	Mode	Highest Reported 1g-SAR (W/kg)
Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Edge1	802.11b	0.217
Wi-Fi 5.3 GHz(U-NII 2A)	Rear	802.11a	0.735
Wi-Fi 5.5 GHz(U-NII 2C)	Edge1	802.11a	1.162
Wi-Fi 5.8 GHz(U-NII 3)	Edge1	802.11a	0.862



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#### **Requirements for Compliance Testing Defined** 3

## **Requirements for Compliance Testing Defined by the FCC**

The US Federal Communications Commission has released the report and order "Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of RF Radiation", ET Docket No. 93-62 in August 1996 [1]. The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 W/kg for an uncontrolled environment and 8.0 mW/g for an occupational/controlled environment as recommended by the FCC 47 CFR §2.1093 and IEEE Std 1528-2013.



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#### 4 **Dosimetric Assessment System**

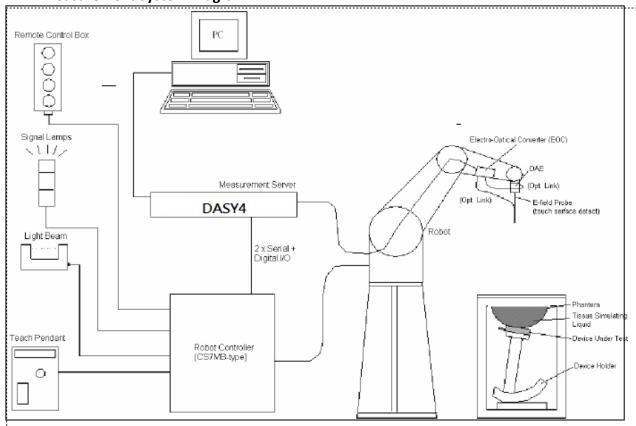
These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY4/DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9 m) which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than  $\pm 0.02 \text{ mm}$ . Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4-SN: 7466 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure with accuracy of better than ±10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure and found to be better than ±0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Twin Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEEE 1528 2013.



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#### 4.1 **Measurement System Diagram**



#### The DASY4/5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (St"aubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7 or Windows XP.
- DASY4 software version: 4.7, Build 80.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing validating the proper functioning of the system.



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## 4.2 System Components **DASY4/DASY5 Measurement Server**



The DASY4/DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 166MHz low-power Pentium, 32MB chip disk and 64MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with either the DAE3 electronic box as well as the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY4/DASY5 I/O-board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation.



The PC-operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with two expansion slots which are reserved for future applications. Please note that the expansion slots do not have a standardized pinout and therefore only the expansion cards provided by SPEAG can be inserted. Expansion cards from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server. Calibration: No calibration required.

#### **Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)**



The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gainswitching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The input impedance of the DAE4 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.





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#### **EX3DV4** Isotropic E-Field Probe for Dosimetric Measurements





Construction: Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g.,

Calibration: Basic Broad Band Calibration in air: 10-3000 MHz.

> Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1800 CF-Calibration for other liquids and frequencies upon

Frequency: 10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity: ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.5 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)

**Dynamic Range:** 10  $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity:  $\pm$  0.2 dB

(noise: typically  $< 1 \mu W/g$ )

Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) **Dimensions:** 

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure Application:

scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6

GHz with precision of better 30%.

#### SAM Phantom (V4.0)



Construction:

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 2013, CENELEC 50361 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually

teaching three points with the robot.

**Shell Thickness:** 2 ±0.2 mm Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

**Dimensions:** Height: 810mm; Length: 1000mm; Width: 500mm

#### SAM Phantom (ELI4)



Construction:

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and bodymounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209 Part II and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is supported by software version DASY4/DASY5 and higher and is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles

**Shell Thickness:** 2.0 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

**Dimensions:** Major ellipse axis: 600 mm

Minor axis: 400 mm 500mm





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#### **Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom**



#### In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0 or Twin Construction:

SAM, the Mounting Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom

locations (left head, right head, and flat phantom).

## System Validation Kits for SAM Phantom (V4.0)



**Construction:** Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun Enables measurement

of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions

Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor.

2450, 5300, 5600, 5800 MHz Frequency:

**Dimensions:** 

**Return loss:** > 20 dB at specified validation position Power capability: > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)

> D2450V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm D5GHzV2: dipole length: 20.6 mm; overall height: 300 mm

## **System Validation Kits for ELI4 phantom**



Construction: Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun Enables measurement of

> feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes

distance holder and tripod adaptor.

Frequency: 2450, 5300, 5600, 5800 MHz

> 20 dB at specified validation position **Return loss:** Power capability: > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)

**Dimensions:** D2450V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm

D5GHzV2: dipole length: 20.6 mm; overall height: 300 mm



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#### **Evaluation Procedures** 5

#### **Data Evaluation**

The DASY4/DASY5 post processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Norm<sub>i</sub>,  $a_{i0}$ ,  $a_{i1}$ ,  $a_{i2}$ 

- Conversion factor ConvF<sub>i</sub> - Diode compression point  $dcp_i$ f - Frequency

Device parameters: - Crest factor

cf - Conductivity σ

- Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DCtransmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Media parameters:

with = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

= Input signal of channel i  $U_i$ (i = x, y, z)

cf = Crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) = Diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H-field probes:

$$H_i = \sqrt{Vi} \cdot \frac{a_{i10} + a_{i11}f + a_{i12}f^2}{f}$$

with = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

> $Norm_i$  = Sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$  for E0field Probes

*ConvF* = Sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = Carrier frequency (GHz)

Εi = Electric field strength of channel i in V/m = Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m Hi





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The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

SAR with = local specific absorption rate in W/kg

> = total field strength in V/m  $E_{tot}$

= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

= equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{377}$$
 or  $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$ 

with  $P_{pwe}$  = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

> = total electric field strength in V/m  $H_{tot}$  = total magnetic field strength in A/m



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#### 6 **SAR Measurement Procedures**

#### **Normal SAR Test Procedure**

#### **Power Reference Measurement**

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

#### **Area Scan**

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4/DASY5 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, the grid resolution has to less than 15 mm by 15 mm at frequency ≤2GHz; the grid resolution has to less than 12mm by 12 mm at frequency between 2GHz to 4GHz; grid resolution has to less than 10 mm by 10 mm at frequency between 4GHz to 6GHz.

According to KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

According to KDB 803004 DOT SAK measurement 100 Minz	10 0 0112 001104	1
	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe abgle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δxzoom, Δyzoom	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientati above, the measurement reso corresponding x or y dimension least one measurement point	on, is smaller than the olution must be ≤ the on of the test device with at



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#### **Zoom Scan**

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures points in accordance with the frequency can be divided into three parts. (1)The zoom scan volume was set to 5x5x7 points at frequency  $\leq 2GHz$ . (2) The zoom scan volume was set to 7x7x7 points at frequency between 2GHz to 4GHz (3) The zoom scan volume was set to 7x7x12 points at frequency between 4GHz to 6GHz. The measures points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more then one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly.

According to KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

			≤ 3 GHz > 3 GHz			
Maximum zoom scan spatia	resolution:	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm			
	Unifor	rm grid: Δzzoom(n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δzzoom(1):between 1st two points losest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
	grid	Δzzoom(n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$			
Maximum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm			

#### **Power Drift Measurement**

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have DASY4/DASY5 software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

#### **Z-Scan**

The Z Scan job measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. A user can anchor the grid to the current probe location. As with any other grids, the local Z-axis of the anchor location establishes the Z-axis of the grid.



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#### **Measurement Uncertainty** 7

According to KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz section 2.8.2, SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in SAR reports only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is ≥ 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.



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#### 8 **Device Under Test**

## 8.1 Wireless Technologies

Wireless technologies	Tx Frequency Bands	Operating mode	Duty Cycle used for testing
Mi F:	2.4GHz Band	802.11b 802.11g 802.11n(HT20)	100%
Wi-Fi	5GHz Band	802.11a 802.11n(HT20) 802.11n(HT40) 802.11ac(VHT80)	100%
Bluetooth	2.4GHz	2.1 4.0 LE	N/A



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## 8.2 Maximum Tune-up Power

8.2 Maximum Tune-up Power									
Tolerance (dB): ± 1	5	RF Output F	ower (dBm)						
Band (GHz)	Mode	Target	Max. tune-up power						
	802.11b	14.5	16.0						
2.4	802.11g	14.0	15.5						
	802.11n HT20	14.0	15.5						
Tolerance (dB): ± 1		RF Output F	ower (dBm)						
Band (GHz)	Mode	Target	Max. tune-up power						
	802.11a	15.0	16.0						
5.2	802.11n HT20	14.0	15.0						
(UNII-1)	802.11n HT40	12.0	13.0						
	802.11ac VHT80	10.0	11.0						
	802.11a	15.0	16.0						
5.3	802.11n HT20	14.0	15.0						
(UNII-2A)	802.11n HT40	12.0	13.0						
	802.11n HT40     12.0     13.0       802.11ac VHT80     10.0     11.0       802.11a     15.0     16.0       802.11n HT20     14.0     15.0       802.11n HT40     12.0     13.0       802.11ac VHT80     10.0     11.0       802.11a     12.0     13.0	11.0							
	802.11a	12.0	13.0						
5.5	802.11n HT20	11.0	12.0						
(UNII-2C)	802.11n HT40	11.0	12.0						
	802.11ac VHT80	10.0	11.0						
	802.11a	14.0	15.0						
5.8	802.11n HT20	13.0	14.0						
(UNII-3)	802.11n HT40	13.0	14.0						
	802.11ac VHT80	13.0	14.0						
	Mode	Max. tune-up power							
BI	uetooth	5.	6						



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#### 8.3 Simultaneous Transmission

2.4GHz(Chain 0) 5GHz(Chain 0) 5GHz(Chain 0) + Bluetooth(Chain0) Bluetooth(Chain0)	RF Exposure Condition	Transmit Configurations
	Wi-Fi + BT	5GHz(Chain 0) 5GHz(Chain 0) + Bluetooth(Chain0)

WLAN and Bluetooth technology can transmit at same time.



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#### 9 **Summary of SAR Test Exclusion Configurations**

#### **Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Calculations**

Since the device is a notebook whose antenna is already determined to not meet the minimum antenna to user separation distance for modular SAR, therefore testing is required by default.



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#### 9.1.1 SAR Exclusion Calculations for Wi-Fi Antenna < 50mm from the User

According to KDB 447498 v06 in section 4.3.1, if the calculated **threshold value is > 3** then SAR testing is required.

Antenna	Band	Frequency	Output	: Power		Separation Distances(mm) Calculated					ed Threshold Value			
Antenna	Dallu	(MHz)	dBm	mW	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4
Wi-Fi Main	2.4GHz	2437	16.0	40	2.0	7.0	93.0	129.0	121.0	31.22	8.92	>50mm	>50mm	>50mm
Wi-Fi Main	5.2GHz	5210	16.0	40	2.0	7.0	93.0	129.0	121.0	45.65	13.04	>50mm	>50mm	>50mm
Wi-Fi Main	5.3GHz	5290	16.0	40	2.0	7.0	93.0	129.0	121.0	46.00	13.14	>50mm	>50mm	>50mm
Wi-Fi Main	5.5GHz	5530	13.0	20	2.0	7.0	93.0	129.0	121.0	23.52	6.72	>50mm	>50mm	>50mm
Wi-Fi Main	5.8GHz	5775	15.0	32	2.0	7.0	93.0	129.0	121.0	38.45	10.99	>50mm	>50mm	>50mm
Bluetooth	Bluetooth	2440	5.6	4	2.0	7.0	93.0	129.0	121.0	1.25	0.89	>50mm	>50mm	>50mm

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#### 9.1.2 SAR Exclusion Calculations for Wi-Fi Antenna > 50mm from the User

According to KDB 447498 v06, if the calculated Power threshold is less than the output power then SAR testing is required.

Antenna	Band	Frequency	Output	Output Power Separation				ion Distances(mm)			Calculated Threshold Value			
Antenna	Dallu	(MHz)	dBm	mW	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4
Wi-Fi Main	2.4GHz	2437	16.0	40	2.0	7.0	93.0	129.0	121.0	<50mm	<50mm	526.09	886.09	806.09
Wi-Fi Main	5.2GHz	5210	16.0	40	2.0	7.0	93.0	129.0	121.0	<50mm	<50mm	495.72	855.72	775.72
Wi-Fi Main	5.3GHz	5290	16.0	40	2.0	7.0	93.0	129.0	121.0	<50mm	<50mm	495.22	855.22	775.22
Wi-Fi Main	5.5GHz	5530	13.0	20	2.0	7.0	93.0	129.0	121.0	<50mm	<50mm	493.79	853.79	773.79
Wi-Fi Main	5.8GHz	5775	15.0	32	2.0	7.0	93.0	129.0	121.0	<50mm	<50mm	492.42	852.42	772.42
Bluetooth	Bluetooth	2440	5.6	4	2.0	7.0	93.0	129.0	121.0	<50mm	<50mm	526.03	886.03	806.03



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## 9.1.3 SAR Required Test Configuration

#### For Wi-Fi and Bluetooth

Test Configurations	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4
Wi-Fi 2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Wi-Fi 5.2GHz	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Wi-Fi 5.3GHz	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Wi-Fi 5.5GHz	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Wi-Fi 5.8GHz	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Bluetooth	No	No	No	No	No

Yes = SAR is required. 1.

No = SAR is not required.



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# 10 Exposure Limit

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Partial-Body Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles Whole-Body

0.4 8.0 2.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body Partial-Body Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles

0.08

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1

gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of

a cube.

#### Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

#### **Occupational/Controlled Environments:**

are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

#### NOTE

GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE **PARTIAL BODY LIMIT** 1.6 W/kg



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# 11 Tissue Dielectric Properties

#### 11.1 Test Liquid Confirmation

#### **Simulating Liquids Parameter Check**

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values

The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within  $\pm$  5% of the values given in the table below 5% may not be easily achieved at certain frequencies.

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in IEEE 1528 2013 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE 1528 2013 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE 1528 2013

Target Frequency	He	ad	Вс	ody
(MHz)	Er	σ(S/m)	E <sub>r</sub>	σ(S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5000	36.2	4.45	49.3	5.07
5100	36.1	4.55	49.1	5.18
5200	36.0	4.66	49.0	5.30
5300	35.9	4.76	48.9	5.42
5400	35.8	4.86	48.7	5.53
5500	35.6	4.96	48.6	5.65
5600	35.5	5.07	48.5	5.77
5700	35.4	5.17	48.3	5.88
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00



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## 11.2 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Liquid Tissue Phantoms

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients					Frequen	cy (MHz)				
(% by weight)	4!	50	83	35	9:	L5	19	00	24	50
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

alt: 99% Pure Sodium Chloride Sugar: 98% Pure Sucrose Water: De-ionized,  $16\ M\Omega^+$  resistivity HEC: Hydroxy thyl Cellulose DGBE: 99% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra-pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1, 1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

#### Simulating Liquids for 5 GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	78
Mineral oil	11
Emulsifiers	9
Additives and Salt	2



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## 11.3 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check Results

Date	Band	Freq(MHz)		M e asu re d		Stan	dard		7	Limit(%)
Date	Ballu	rieq(Winz)	e' (εr)	e''	σ	e' (εr)	σ	e' (εr)	σ	±5
		2412	51.75	14.58	1.95	52.75	1.91	-1.90%	2.08%	±5
		2437	51.69	14.68	1.99	52.72	1.94	-1.96%	2.58%	±5
2018/7/2	Body 2450	2442	51.68	14.69	1.99	52.71	1.94	-1.96%	2.63%	±5
		2462	51.62	14.76	2.02	52.68	1.97	-2.01%	2.66%	±5
		2472	51.60	14.80	2.03	52.67	1.98	-2.03%	2.56%	±5
		5180	48.40	17.89	5.15	49.02	5.28	-1.27%	-2.41%	±5
		5200	48.32	17.95	5.18	49.00	5.30	-1.40%	-2.19%	±5
		5220	48.29	17.98	5.21	48.98	5.32	-1.41%	-2.07%	±5
		5240	48.30	17.97	5.23	48.96	5.35	-1.35%	-2.18%	±5
		5260	48.31	17.97	5.25	48.94	5.37	-1.29%	-2.26%	±5
		5280	48.25	17.99	5.28	48.92	5.40	-1.36%	-2.22%	±5
		5300	48.16	18.02	5.31	48.90	5.42	-1.51%	-2.08%	±5
		5320	48.09	18.09	5.35	48.86	5.44	-1.58%	-1.77%	±5
		5500	47.89	18.24	5.57	48.60	5.65	-1.45%	-1.34%	±5
		5520	47.80	18.29	5.61	48.58	5.67	-1.61%	-1.17%	±5
		5540	47.72	18.34	5.64	48.56	5.70	-1.74%	-0.93%	±5
2018/7/2	Body 5000	5560	47.70	18.34	5.66	48.54	5.72	-1.73%	-1.00%	±5
2010/1/2	Body 3000	5580	47.73	18.34	5.68	48.52	5.75	-1.64%	-1.07%	±5
		5600	47.73	18.35	5.71	48.50	5.77	-1.58%	-1.05%	±5
		5620	47.69	18.38	5.74	48.46	5.79	-1.60%	-0.90%	±5
		5640	47.59	18.44	5.78	48.42	5.81	-1.71%	-0.63%	±5
		5660	47.54	18.45	5.80	48.38	5.84	-1.75%	-0.59%	±5
		5680	47.51	18.44	5.82	48.34	5.86	-1.72%	-0.68%	±5
		5700	47.51	18.45	5.84	48.30	5.88	-1.63%	-0.66%	±5
		5745	47.42	18.56	5.92	48.26	5.93	-1.73%	-0.19%	±5
		5765	47.39	18.59	5.95	48.24	5.96	-1.76%	-0.08%	±5
		5785	47.35	18.56	5.96	48.22	5.98	-1.79%	-0.29%	±5
		5805	47.33	18.55	5.98	48.19	6.01	-1.78%	-0.41%	±5
		5825	47.30	18.57	6.01	48.15	6.03	-1.76%	-0.37%	±5



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# 12 System Performance Check

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. The system performance check results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

#### **System Performance Check Measurement Conditions**

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with Body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY4/DASY5 system with an E-field probe EX3DV4 SN: 7466 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15 mm (below 1 GHz) and 10 mm (above 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration (dx=dy= 5 mm, dz= 5 mm).
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3.0 mm.
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 100 mW±3%.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

#### **Reference SAR Values for System Performance Check**

The reference SAR values can be obtained from the calibration certificate of system validation dipoles

System	Serial No.	C al . D at e	Freq. (MHz)	Target	SAR Values	(W/kg)
D i po le	Serial No.	Car. Date	Freq. (WHZ)	1g/10g	Head	Body
D2450V2	735	2017/12/15	2450	1 g	51.4	50.6
D2430V2	5002 /35 201		2430	10g	23.9	23.9
D 5 G H z V 2	1004	2017/11/17	5200	1 g	76.7	75.4
DOGITZVZ	1004	2017/11/17	3200	10g	22.1	21.0
D 5 G H z V 2	1004	2017/11/17	5300	1 g	80.3	79.7
D JOHZV Z	1004	2017/11/17	3300	10g	23.2	22.3
D 5 G H z V 2	1004	2017/11/17	5600	1 g	82.2	81.9
DOGHZVZ	1004	2017/11/17	3000	10g	23.6	22.7
D 5 G H z V 2	1004	2017/11/17	5800	1 g	77.1	77.9
D 30112 V 2	1004	2017/11/17	3000	10g	22.0	21.4



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## 12.1 System Performance Check Results

Date	9	System Dipol	e	Param eters	Target[W/kg]	M easured [W/kg]	Daviation[%]	Lim ited[%]
Date	Туре	Serial No.	Liquid	r araili eters	raiget[W/kg]	Weasureu [W/kg]	Devia tion[70]	Lilli iteu [70]
2018/7/2	D 24 50 V 2	735	Body	1g SAR:	50.6	50.2	-0.79	± 5
2010///2	D 24 30 V 2	755	Бойу	10g SAR:	23.9	23.8	-0.42	± 5
2018/7/2	D 5 GH zV 2	1004	Body	1g SAR:	75.4	74.5	-1.19	± 5
2018/7/2	(5.2 G Hz)	1004	Бойу	10g SAR:	21.0	20.7	-1.43	± 5
2018/7/2	D 5 GH zV 2	1004	Body	1g SAR:	79.7	81.1	1.76	± 5
2018/7/2	(5.3 G Hz)	1004	Бойу	10g SAR:	22.3	23.1	3.59	± 5
2018/7/2	D 5 GH zV 2	1004	Body	1g SAR:	81.9	82.0	0.12	± 5
2018/7/2	(5.6 G Hz)	1004	воиу	10g SAR:	22.7	23.1	1.76	± 5
2018/7/2	D 5 GH zV 2	1004	Body	1g SAR:	77.9	78.2	0.39	± 5
2010///2	(5.8 G Hz)	1004	Бойу	10g SAR:	21.4	21.7	1.40	± 5



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# 13 RF Output Power Measurement

According to KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02 section 4, the default power measurement procedures are:

- 1) Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.
- 2) Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- a) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
- b) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.
- 3) For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple midband channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.



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## 13.1 Wi-Fi (2.4GHz Band)

Band (GHz)	Mode	Data rate (Mbps)	Ch#	Freq. (MHz)	Avg. Pwr (dBm)	Maximum Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	SAR Test (Yes/No)	Note
			1	2412	15.9	16.0		
	802.11b	1	6	2437	15.6	15.6 16.0 Yes	Yes	
			11	2462	15.9	16.0		
			1	2412		15.5		
2.4	802.11g	6	6	2437	Not Required 15.5		No	
			11	2462		15.5		
	902 11n		1	2412		15.5		
802.11n HT20		MCS0	6	2437	Not Required	15.5	No	
	11120		11	2462		15.5		

#### Note(s):

Output Power and SAR is not required for 802.11 g/n HT20 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg.



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## 13.2 Wi-Fi (5GHz Band)

Band (GHz)	Mode	Data rate (Mbps)	Ch#	Freq. (MHz)	Avg. Pwr (dBm)	Maximum Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	SAR Test (Yes/No)	Note
	802.11a	6	36-48	5180-5240		16.0	No	1
5.2	802.11n (HT20)	MCS0	36-48	5180-5240	Not Required	15.0	No	1
(U-NII 1)	802.11n (HT40)	HT40) MCS0 38-46 5190-5230		Not Required	13.0	No	1	
	802.11ac VHT80	VHT0	42	5210		11.0	No	1
		6	52	5260	15.6	16.0	Yes	
	002.44-	6	56	5280	15.5	16.0	Yes	
	802.11a	6	60	5300	15.5	16.0	Yes	
5.3 (U-NII 2A)		6	64	5320	15.5	16.0	Yes	
	802.11n (HT20)	MCS0	52-64	5260-5320		15.0	No	
	802.11n (HT40)	MCS0	54-62	5270-5310	Not Required	13.0	No	
	802.11ac VHT80	VHT0	58	5290		11.0	No	

#### Note(s):

- 1. When the specified maximum output power is the same for both UNII band I and UNII band 2A, begin SAR measurement in UNII band 2A; and if the highest reported SAR for UNII band 2A is  $1.1 \le 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ , SAR is not required for UNII band I.
  - 1.2 > 1.2 W/kg, both bands should be tested independently for SAR.
- 2. Output Power and SAR measurement is not required for 802.11n HT20/n HT40/802.11ac channels when the specified maximum tune-up powers are less or same with 802.11a .





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ПСРС	// L NO	1 100322	10 01					176
Band (GHz)	Mode	Data rate (Mbps)	Ch#	Freq. (MHz)	Avg. Pwr (dBm)	Maximum Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	SAR Test (Yes/No)	Note
		6	100	5500	12.8	13.0	Yes	
		6	104	5520	12.7	13.0	Yes	
		6	108	5540	12.7	13.0	Yes	
		6	112	5560	12.6	13.0	Yes	
		6	116	5580	13.0	13.0	Yes	
	802.11a	6	120	5600	12.6	13.0	Yes	
5.5		6	124	5620	12.5	13.0	Yes	
(U-NII-2C)	C)	6 128 5640		5640	12.7	13.0	Yes	
		6	132	5660	12.6	13.0	Yes	
		6	136	5680	12.6 13.0 Yes 12.5 13.0 Yes 12.7 13.0 Yes			
		6	140	5700	12.8	13.0	Yes	
	802.11n (HT20)	MCS0	100-140	5500-5700		12.0	No	1
	802.11n (HT40)	MCS0	102-134	5510-5670	Not Required	12.0	No	1
	802.11ac VHT80	VHT0	106-138	5530-5690		11.0	No	1
		6	149	5745	15.0	15.0	Yes	
		6	153	5765	14.2	15.0	Yes	
	802.11a	6	157	5785	14.9	15.0	Yes	
5.8		6	161	5805	14.2	15.0	Yes	
(U-NII-3)		6	165	5825	14.3	15.0	Yes	
	802.11n (HT20)	MCS0	149-165	5745-5825		14.0	No	1
	802.11n (HT40)	MCS0	151-159	5755-5795	Not Required	14.0	No	1
	802.11ac VHT0 155 5775		14.0	No	1			

### Note(s):

Output Power and SAR measurement is not required for 802.11n HT20/n HT40/802.11ac channels when the specified maximum tune-up powers are less or same with 802.11a .



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#### 13.3 Bluetooth

Per exclusion calculations in Section 9, SAR testing for Bluetooth is not required.



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### 14 SAR Measurements Results

According to KDB248227D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02, the SAR test reduction procedures are:

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the initial test position(s) by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The initial test position(s) is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the reported SAR for the initial test position is:

- $\geq$  < 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures.
- > > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions are tested.
  - For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
  - When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.

considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position

- For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required test channels are considered.
  - The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.
- When the specified maximum output power is the same for both UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR measurements in UNII 2A with the channel with the highest measured output power. If the reported SAR for UNII 2A is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for UNII 1; otherwise treat the remaining bands separately and test them independently for SAR.
- > When the specified maximum output power is different between UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR with the band that has the higher specified maximum output. If the highest reported SAR for the band with the highest specified power is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, testing for the band with the lower specified output power is not required; otherwise test the remaining bands independently for SAR. To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is



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#### Wi-Fi (2.4GHz Band):

Band		Dist.	Dist. Test	Test	Freq.		Power		Zoom Scan	Reported		Plot
(GHz)	M ode		Position	Ch#	(MHz)	Chain	Tune up lim it	Meas.	1g SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	Note	
2.4GHz	802.11b	0	Rear	1	2412	0	16.0	15.9	0.193	0.197		
2.4 GH Z	802.110	0	Edge1	1	2412	0	16.0	15.9	0.212	0.217		1



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Wi-Fi (5 GHz Band):

Band (GHz)	Mode	Dist. (mm)	Test Position	Ch#	Freq. (MHz)	Chain	Power (dBm)		Zoom Scan	Reported		Plot
							Tune up limit	Meas.	1g SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	Note	No.
5.3		0	Rear	52	5260	0	16.0	15.6	0.670	0.735		2
(U-NII-2A)		0	Edge1	52	5260	0	16.0	15.6	0.621	0.681		
5.5 (U-NII-2C)	802.11a	0	Rear	116	5580	0	13.0	13.0	0.670	0.670		
		0	Edge1	116	5580	0	13.0	13.0	1.150	1.150		
		0	Edge1	100	5500	0	13.0	12.8	1.110	1.162	1	3
		0	Edge1	140	5700	0	13.0	12.8	0.658	0.689	1	
		0	Edge1	116	5580	0	13.0	13.0	1.130	1.130	2	
5.8 (U-NII-3)		0	Rear	149	5745	0	15.0	15.0	0.787	0.787		
		0	Edge1	149	5745	0	15.0	15.0	0.862	0.862		4
		0	Edge1	157	5785	0	15.0	14.9	0.835	0.854		

#### Note(s):

- 1. Highest reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg. Added second highest power channel for this test position
- 2. Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR values are < 1.45 W/kg with ≤20% variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. (Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04)
  - 2.1 Original SAR = 1.15 W/kg, therefore second times repeat SAR is required.
  - 2.2 Repeat SAR = 1.13 W/kg < 1.45W/kg
  - 2.3 SAR variation= 1.76% < 20%

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# 15 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06, introduces a new formula for calculating the SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR) between pairs of simultaneously transmitting antennas:

$$SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / R_i$$

Where:

SAR<sub>1</sub> is the highest Reported or estimated SAR for the first of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in a specific test operating mode and exposure condition

SAR<sub>2</sub> is the highest Reported or estimated SAR for the second of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in the same test operating mode and exposure condition as the first

 $R_i$  is the separation distance between the pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas. When the SAR is measured, for both antennas in the pair, it is determined by the actual x, y and z coordinates in the 1-g SAR for each SAR peak location, based on the extrapolated and interpolated result in the zoom scan measurement, using the formula of  $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$ 

A new threshold of 0.04 is also introduced in the KDB. Thus, in order for a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas with the sum of 1-g SAR > 1.6 W/kg to qualify for exemption from Simultaneous Transmission SAR measurements, it has to satisfy the condition of:

 $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / R_i \le 0.04$ 



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#### 15.1 Estimated SAR for Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

#### **Considerations for SAR estimation**

- 1. When standalone SAR test exclusion applies, standalone SAR must also be estimated to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.
- Dedicated Host Approach criteria for SAR test exclusion is likewise applied to SAR estimation, with certain distinctions between test exclusion and SAR estimation:
  - When the separation distance from the antenna to an adjacent edge is  $\leq 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied for SAR estimation; this is the same between test exclusion and SAR estimation calculations.
  - When the separation distance from the antenna to an adjacent edge is > 5 mm but  $\le 50$  mm, the actual antenna-to-edge separation distance is applied for SAR estimation.
  - When the minimum test separation distance is > 50 mm, the estimated SAR value is 0.4 W/kg

#### 15.1.1 Estimated SAR for Bluetooth

According to section 9, the Bluetooth must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

- (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]·[ $Vf_{(GH2)}/x$ ] W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
- 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Antenna	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Output	Power	Separation Distances(mm)				Estimated 1-g SAR (W/Kg)					
			dBm	mW	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4
Bluetooth	2.4GHz	2440	5.6	4	2.0	7.0	93.0	129.0	121.0	0.417	0.119	0.400	0.400	0.400



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### 15.2 Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

#### 15.2.1 Sum of the SAR for Wi-Fi + BT

Per KDB 447498 D01 section 4.3.2, the simultaneous transmitting antennas in each operating mode and exposure condition combination must be considered one pair at a time to determine the SAR to peak location separation ratio to qualify for test exclusion.

#### Wi-Fi 5GHz + BT

	Simulataneous Tra			
Test	1	2	1+2 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	
Position	WLAN 5GHz Main	Bluetooth		
Rear	0.670	0.417	1.087	
Edge1	1.150	0.119	1.269	

As the Sum of the SAR is less than 1.6W/Kg, so SPLSR is not required.



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# 16 Equipment List & Calibration Status

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration Cycle(year)	Calibration Due
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46107234	1	2018/10/17
Electronic Probe kit	Hewlett Packard	85070D	N/A	N/A	N/A
Power Meter	Agilent	4416 GB41291611		1	2018/08/28
Power Sensor	Agilent	8481H	MY41091956	1	2018/08/28
Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	SPEAG	DAE4	558	1	2018/07/23
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7466	1	2018/07/03
2450 MHz System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	735	1	2018/12/14
5GHz System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1004	1	2018/11/16
Robot	Staubli	RX90L	F02/5T69A1/A/01	N/A	N/A
Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZVE-8G	665500309	N/A	N/A
Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZHL-1724HLN	D072602#2	N/A	N/A
Thermometer	Comet	53120	12932714	1	2019/03/01
Signal Grenerator	Aglient	E8267C	US43240162	1	2018/08/10
Directional Couplers	Aglient	87301D	MY44350252	1	2018/07/24



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#### 17 Facilities

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at
No. 81-1, Lane 210, Bade Rd. 2, Luchu Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.
igspace No.11, Wugong 6th Rd., Wugu Dist., New Taipei City 24891, Taiwan. (R.O.C.)
No. 199, Chunghsen Road, Hsintien City, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

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## 19 Attachments

Exhibit	Content			
1	ystem Performance Check Plots			
2	AR Test Data Plots			
3	AR Equipment calibration report			
4	T180522D10-SF PHOTOs			

**END OF REPORT**