FCC TEST REPORT

For

Hena Digital Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Netbook

Test Model No.: CW14Q7B

Additional Model NO.: CW14Q7, Trendy14

Prepared for	:	Hena Digital Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
Address	:	3F, South Tower, Jiuzhou Electric Building, Southern No, 12Rd, High-tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China
Prepared by	:	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.
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Web	:	www.LCS-cert.com
Mail	:	webmaster@LCS-cert.com
Date of receipt of test sample	:	June 20, 2017
Number of tested samples	:	1
Serial number	:	Prototype
Date of Test	:	June 20, 2017~July 12, 2017
Date of Report	:	July 12, 2017

FCC TEST REPORT
FCC CFR 47 PART 15 C(15.247)

Report Reference No. ..... :	**LCS170620160AE**
Date of Issue ..... :	July 12, 2017
Testing Laboratory Name..... :	**Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.**
Address ..... :	1/F., Xingyuan Industrial Park, Tongda Road, Bao'an Avenue, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Testing Location/ Procedure ..... :	Full application of Harmonised standards ■ Partial application of Harmonised standards □ Other standard testing method □
Applicant's Name ..... :	**Hena Digital Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.**
Address ..... :	3F, South Tower, Jiuzhou Electric Building, Southern No, 12Rd, High-tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China
Test Specification	
Standard ..... :	FCC CFR 47 PART 15 C(15.247)
Test Report Form No. ..... :	LCSEMC-1.0
TRF Originator ..... :	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.
Master TRF ..... :	Dated 2011-03

EUT Description. ..... :	**Netbook**
Trade Mark ..... :	HENA, PIXPRO
Model/ Type reference ..... :	CW14Q7B
Ratings ..... :	DC 3.80V by battery(10000mAh) Adapter parameters: Input: AC100-240V, 50/60Hz, Output: DC 5V/2A
Result ..... :	**Positive**

Compiled by:	**Supervised by:**	**Approved by:**
Dick Su	Galvin Weng	Gavin Liang
Dick Su/ File administrators	Galvin Weng/ Technique principal	Gavin Liang/ Manager

FCC -- TEST REPORT

Test Report No. : LCS170620160AE	July 12, 2017 Date of issue

EUT.....	: Netbook
Type / Model.....	: CW14Q7B
Applicant.....	**: Hena Digital Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.**
Address.....	: 3F, South Tower, Jiuzhou Electric Building, Southern No, 12Rd, High-tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China
Telephone.....	: /
Fax.....	: /
Manufacturer.....	**: Hena Digital Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.**
Address.....	: 3F, South Tower, Jiuzhou Electric Building, Southern No, 12Rd, High-tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China
Telephone.....	: /
Fax.....	: /
Factory.....	**: Hena Digital Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.**
Address.....	: 3F, South Tower, Jiuzhou Electric Building, Southern No, 12Rd, High-tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China
Telephone.....	: /
Fax.....	: /

Test Result	**Positive**

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

Revision History

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
00	July 12, 2017	Initial Issue	Gavin Liang

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. Description of Device (EUT)

EUT	:	Netbook
Model Number	:	CW14Q7B, CW14Q7, Trendy14
Model Declaration	:	PCB board, structure and internal of these model(s) are the same, So no additional models were tested.
Test Model	:	CW14Q7B
Hardware version	:	CW14Q7B
Software version	:	H8316-216B
Power Supply	:	DC 3.80V by battery(10000mAh) Adapter parameters: Input: AC100-240V, 50/60Hz, Output: DC 5V/2A
Bluetooth Technology		
Operation frequency	:	2402MHz-2480MHz
Modulation Type	:	GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK(DSS) GFSK for Bluetooth 4.0(DTS)
Bluetooth Version	:	V4.0
Channel Number	:	79 Channels for Bluetooth 3.0(DSS) 40 Channels for Bluetooth 4.0(DTS)
Channel Spacing	:	1 MHz Bluetooth 3.0(DSS); 2 MHz Bluetooth 4.0(DTS);
Antenna Type	:	Internal Antenna
Antenna Gain	:	2.0dBi (Max.)
WLAN Technology		
WLAN	:	Supports IEEE 802.11b/802.11g/802.11n
WLAN FCC Operation Frequency	:	IEEE 802.11b:2412-2462MHz IEEE 802.11g:2412-2462MHz IEEE 802.11n HT20:2412-2462MHz IEEE 802.11n HT40:2422-2452MHz
WLAN Channel Number	:	11 Channels for WIFI 20MHz Bandwidth(802.11b/g/n HT20); 7 Channels for WIFI 40MHz Bandwidth(IEEE 802.11n HT40)
WLAN Modulation Technology	:	IEEE 802.11b: DSSS(CCK,DQPSK,DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g: OFDM(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM,QPSK,BPSK)
Antenna Type	:	Internal Antenna
Antenna Gain	:	2.0dBi (Max.)
Extreme temp. Tolerance	:	-10°C to +55°C

1.2. Host System Configuration List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Certificate
Hena Digital Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	AC/DC Adapter	--	--	DoC

1.3. External I/O Cable

I/O Port Description	Quantity	Cable
Charge Interface	1	N/A
AUX Port	1	N/A
TF Card Slot	1	N/A
USB Port	2	N/A
HDMI Port	1	N/A

1.4. Description of Test Facility

CNAS Registration Number. is L4595.
FCC Registration Number. is 899208.
Industry Canada Registration Number. is 9642A-1.
ESMD Registration Number. is ARCB0108.
UL Registration Number. is 100571-492.
TUV SUD Registration Number. is SCN1081.
TUV RH Registration Number. is UA 50296516-001

The 3m-Semi anechoic test site fulfils CISPR 16-1-4 according to ANSI C63.4:2014 and CISPR 16-1-4:2010 SVSWR requirement for radiated emission above 1GHz.

1.5. Statement of the Measurement Uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. To CISPR 16 – 4 "Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements" and is documented in the LCS quality system acc. To DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

1.6. Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item		Frequency Range	Uncertainty	Note
Radiation Uncertainty	:	9KHz~30MHz	±3.10dB	(1)
		30MHz~200MHz	±2.96dB	(1)
		200MHz~1000MHz	±3.10dB	(1)
		1GHz~26.5GHz	±3.80dB	(1)
		26.5GHz~40GHz	±3.90dB	(1)
Conduction Uncertainty	:	150kHz~30MHz	±1.63dB	(1)
Power disturbance	:	30MHz~300MHz	±1.60dB	(1)

(1). This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

1.7. Description of Test Modes

The EUT has been tested under operating condition.

This test was performed with EUT in X, Y, Z position and the worst case was found when EUT in X position.
Worst-case mode and channel used for 150 KHz-30 MHz power line conducted emissions was the mode and channel with the highest output power, which was determined to be IEEE 802.11b mode (High Channel).
Worst-case mode and channel used for 9 KHz-1000 MHz radiated emissions was the mode and channel with the highest output power, that was determined to be IEEE 802.11b mode(High Channel).
Pre-test AC conducted emission at both power adapter and charge from PC mode, recorded worst case.
Pre-test AC conducted emission at both voltage AC 120V/60Hz and AC 240V/60Hz, recorded worst case.
Worst-Case data rates were utilized from preliminary testing of the Chipset, worst-case data rates used during the testing are as follows:

IEEE 802.11b Mode: 1 Mbps, DSSS.
IEEE 802.11g Mode: 6 Mbps, OFDM.
IEEE 802.11n Mode HT20: MCS0, OFDM.
IEEE 802.11n Mode HT40: MCS0, OFDM.

Channel List & Frequency

IEEE 802.11b/g/n HT20

Frequency Band	Channel No.	Frequency(MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency(MHz)
2412~2462MHz	1	2412	7	2442
	2	2417	8	2447
	3	2422	9	2452
	4	2427	10	2457
	5	2432	11	2462
	6	2437	--	--

IEEE 802.11n HT40

Frequency Band	Channel No.	Frequency(MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency(MHz)
2422~2452MHz	1	--	7	2442
	2	--	8	2447
	3	2422	9	2452
	4	2427	10	--
	5	2432	11	--
	6	2437	--	--

2. TEST METHODOLOGY

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters. All radiated and conducted emissions measurement was performed at Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

2.1. EUT Configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

2.2. EUT Exercise

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to FCC's request, Test Procedure KDB558074 D01 DTS Meas. Guidance v03r05 and KDB 6622911 are required to be used for this kind of FCC 15.247 digital modulation device.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

2.3. General Test Procedures

2.3.1 Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

2.3.2 Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 6.3 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1. Justification

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmits condition. The duty cycle is 100% and the average correction factor is 0.

3.2. EUT Exercise Software

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmits condition and change test channels by software (Win10_MP_Kit_RTL11n_8723BS_SDIO_v0.03) provided by application.

3.3. Special Accessories

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Certificate
Lenovo	PC	B470	--	DOC
Lenovo	AC/DC ADAPTER	ADP-90DDB	--	DOC

3.4. Block Diagram/Schematics

Please refer to the related document

3.5. Equipment Modifications

Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. has not done any modification on the EUT.

3.6. Test Setup

Please refer to the test setup photo.

4. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Applied Standard: FCC Part 15 Subpart C		
FCC Rules	**Description of Test**	**Result**
§15.247(b)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant
§15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant
§15.247(a)(2)	6dB Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.247(a)	Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.209, §15.247(d)	Radiated and Conducted Spurious Emissions	Compliant
§15.205	Emissions at Restricted Band	Compliant
§15.207(a)	Conducted Emissions	Compliant
§15.203	Antenna Requirements	Compliant
§15.247(i)§2.1093	RF Exposure	Compliant

5. TEST RESULT

5.1. On Time and Duty Cycle

5.1.1. Standard Applicable

None; for reporting purpose only.

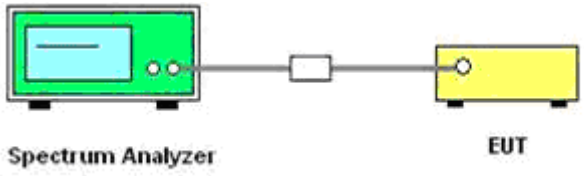
5.1.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyzer.

5.1.3. Test Procedures

1. Set the center frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the transmitting frequency;
2. Set the span=0MHz, RBW=8MHz, VBW=50MHz, Sweep time=5ms;
3. Detector = peak;
4. Trace mode = Single hold.

5.1.4. Test Setup Layout



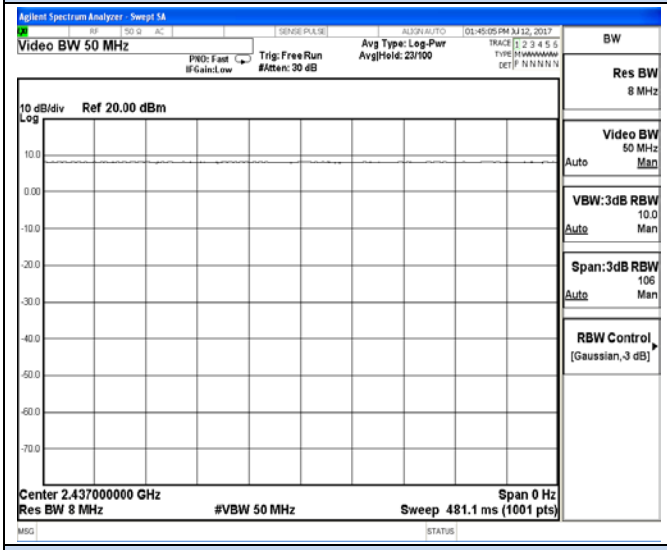
5.1.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

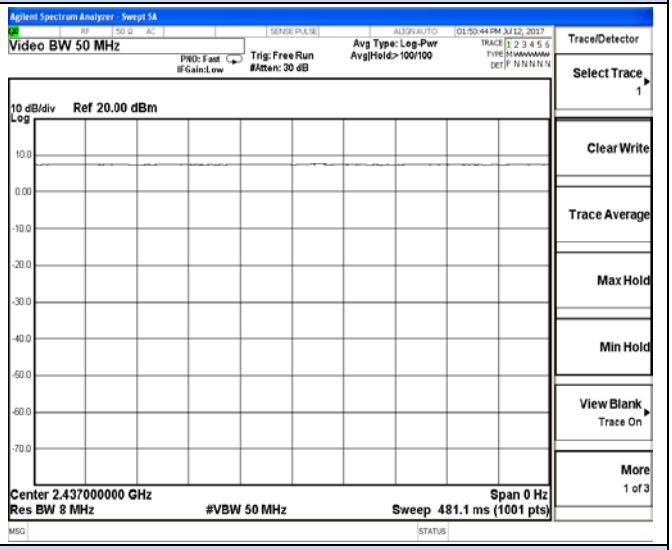
5.1.6. Test result

Mode	On Time B (ms)	Period (ms)	Duty Cycle x (Linear)	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)	1/B Minimum VBW (KHz)
IEEE 802.11b	5	5	1	100	0	0.010
IEEE 802.11g	5	5	1	100	0	0.010
IEEE 802.11n HT20	5	5	1	100	0	0.010
IEEE 802.11n HT40	5	5	1	100	0	0.010

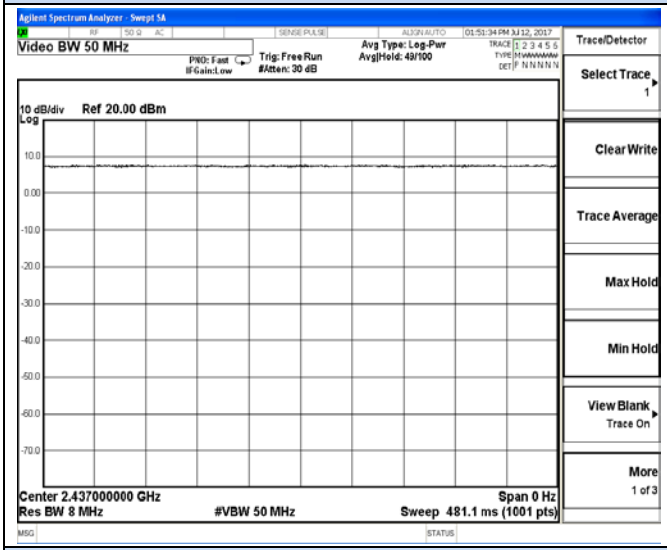
On Time and Duty Cycle



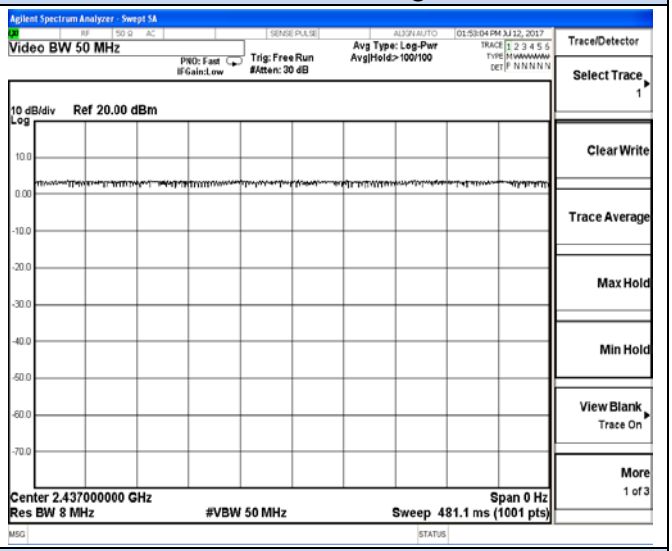
IEEE 802.11b



IEEE 802.11g



IEEE 802.11n HT20



IEEE 802.11n HT40

5.2. Maximum Conducted Output Power Measurement

5.2.1. Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(b): For systems using digital modulation in the 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz band, the limit for maximum peak conducted output power is 30dBm. The limited has to be reduced by the amount in dB that the gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi. In case of point-to-point operation, the limit has to be reduced by 1dB for every 3dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

Systems operating in the 5725-5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

5.2.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the power meter.

5.2.3. Test Procedures

According to KDB558074 D01 DTS Measurement Guidance Section 9.1 Maximum peak conducted output power, 9.1.2 the maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

According to KDB558074 D01 DTS Measurement Guidance Section 9.2 Maximum average conducted output power, 9.2.3.1 Method AVGPM (Measurement using an RF average power meter)

(a) As an alternative to spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver measurements, measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.

1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty factor.

2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.

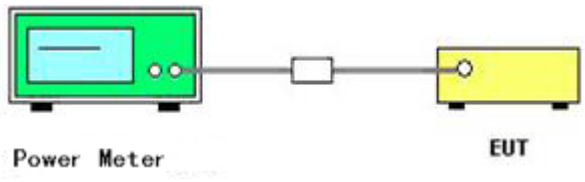
3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.

(b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal as described in Section 6.0.

(c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.

(d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding 10log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle to the measurement result.

5.2.4. Test Setup Layout



5.2.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.2.6. Test Result of Maximum Conducted Output Power

Temperature	25℃	Humidity	60%
Test Engineer	CHAZ	Configurations	IEEE 802.11b/g/n

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Peak Output Power (dBm)	Measured Average Output Power (dBm)	Limits (dBm)	Verdict
IEEE 802.11b	1	2412	10.55	8.29	30	PASS
	6	2437	10.69	8.33		
	11	2462	10.82	8.38		
IEEE 802.11g	1	2412	10.34	7.49	30	PASS
	6	2437	10.07	7.22		
	11	2462	10.16	7.25		
IEEE 802.11n HT20	1	2412	10.94	7.44	30	PASS
	6	2437	11.14	7.46		
	11	2462	11.33	7.61		
IEEE 802.11n HT40	3	2422	12.42	7.37	30	PASS
	6	2437	12.98	7.80		
	9	2452	12.67	7.50		

Remark:

1. *Measured output power at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.*
2. *Test results including cable loss;*
3. *Worst case data at 1Mbps at IEEE 802.11b; 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11g; 6.5Mbps at IEEE 802.11n HT20; 13.5Mbps at IEEE 802.11n HT40;*
4. *Average power is for report only;*

5.3. Power Spectral Density Measurement

5.3.1. Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(e): For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

5.3.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of Spectrum Analyzer.

5.3.3. Test Procedures

1. Use this procedure when the maximum peak conducted output power in the fundamental emission is used to demonstrate compliance.

2. The power was monitored at the coupler port with a Spectrum Analyzer. The power level was set to the maximum level.

3. Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

4. Set the VBW ≥ 3*RBW

5. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.

6. Detector = peak.

7. Sweep time = auto couple.

8. Trace mode = max hold.

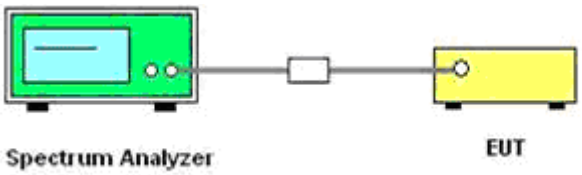
9. Allow trace to fully stabilize.

10. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level.

11. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

12. The resulting peak PSD level must be 8 dBm.

5.3.4. Test Setup Layout



5.3.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.3.6. Test Result of Power Spectral Density

Temperature	25℃	Humidity	60%
Test Engineer	CHAZ	Configurations	IEEE 802.11b/g/n

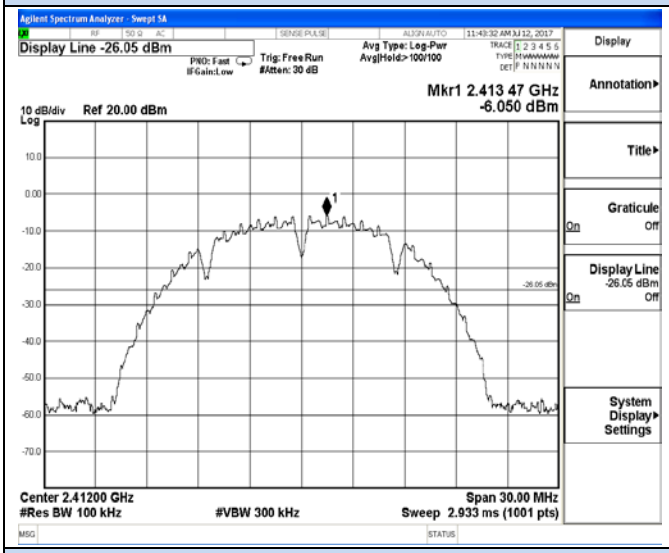
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Peak Power Spectral Density (dBm/100KHz)	Limits (dBm/3KHz)	Verdict
IEEE 802.11b	1	2412	-6.050	8	PASS
	6	2437	-5.325		
	11	2462	-6.172		
IEEE 802.11g	1	2412	-9.663	8	PASS
	6	2437	-11.234		
	11	2462	-11.840		
IEEE 802.11n HT20	1	2412	-13.495	8	PASS
	6	2437	-12.071		
	11	2462	-13.300		
IEEE 802.11n HT40	3	2422	-16.675	8	PASS
	6	2437	-17.546		
	9	2452	-17.856		

Remark:

1. *Measured power spectrum density at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.*
2. *Test results including cable loss;*
3. *Worst case data at 1Mbps at IEEE 802.11b; 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11g; 6.5Mbps at IEEE 802.11n HT20; 13.5Mbps at IEEE 802.11n HT40;*
4. *Please refer to following plots;*

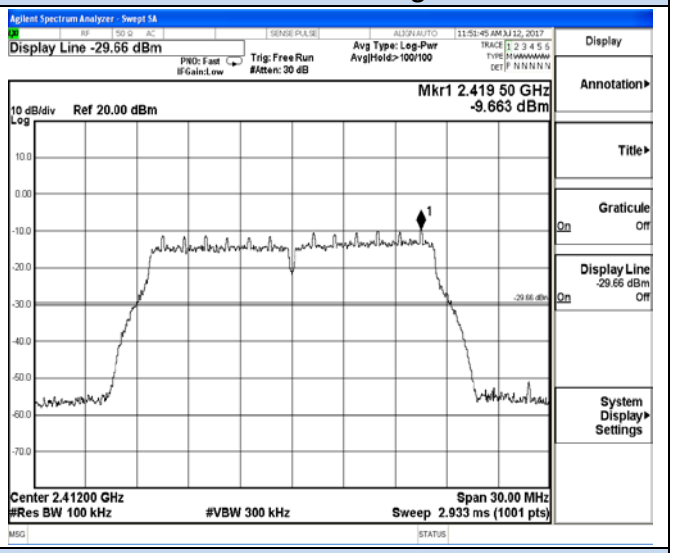
Peak Power Spectrum Density

IEEE 802.11b

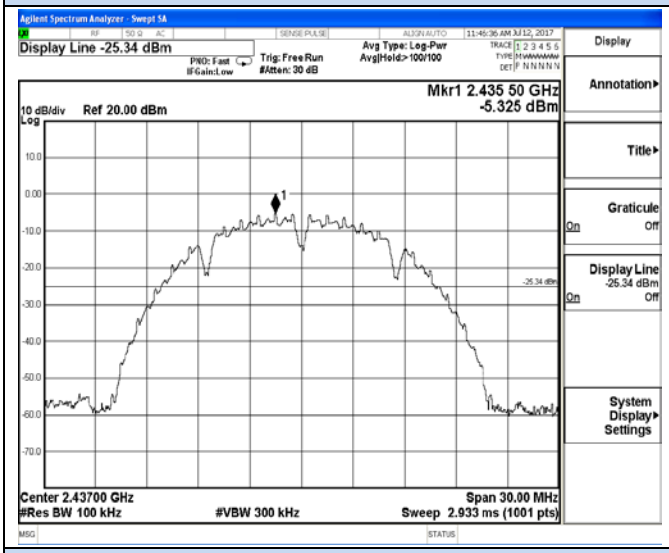


Channel 1 / 2412 MHz

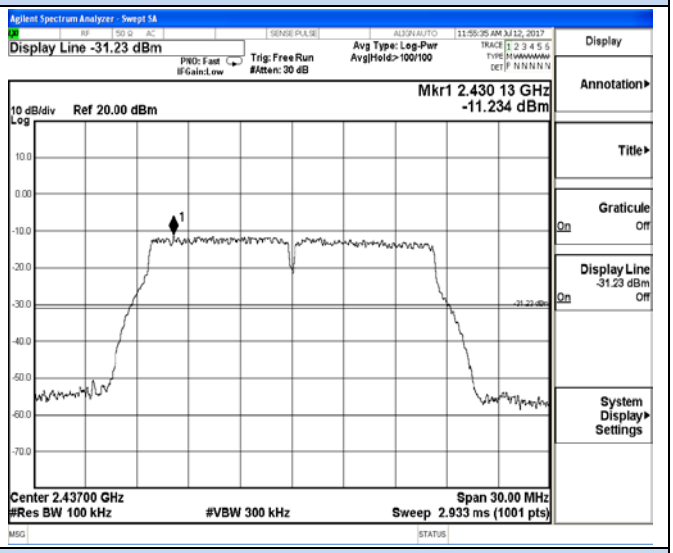
IEEE 802.11g



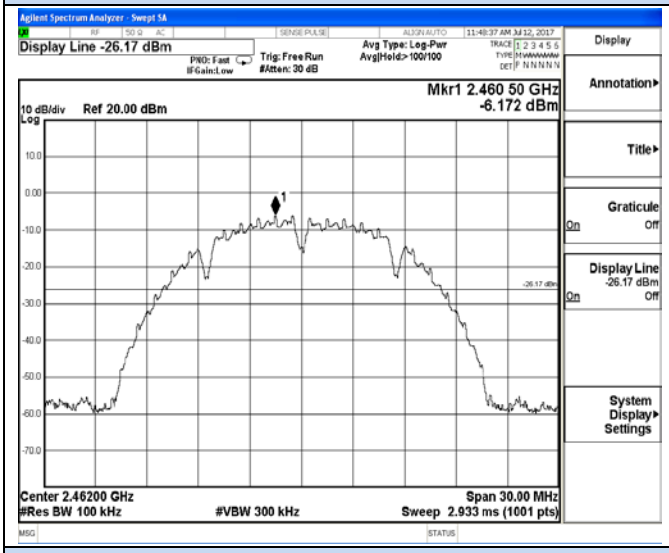
Channel 1 / 2412 MHz



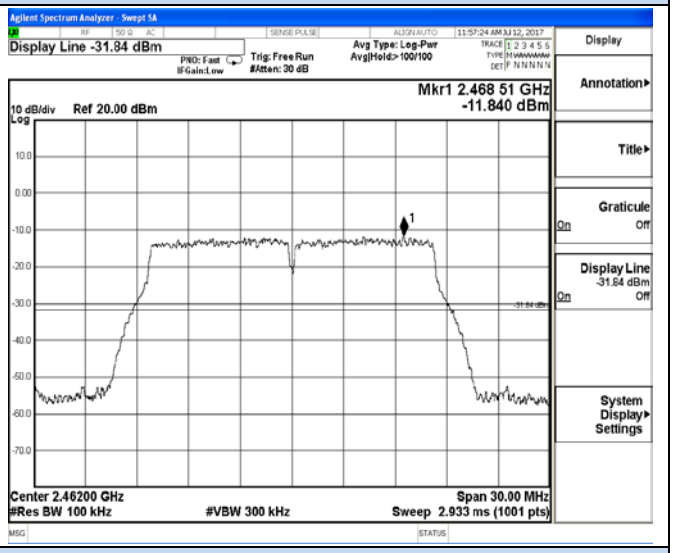
Channel 6 / 2437 MHz



Channel 6 / 2437 MHz



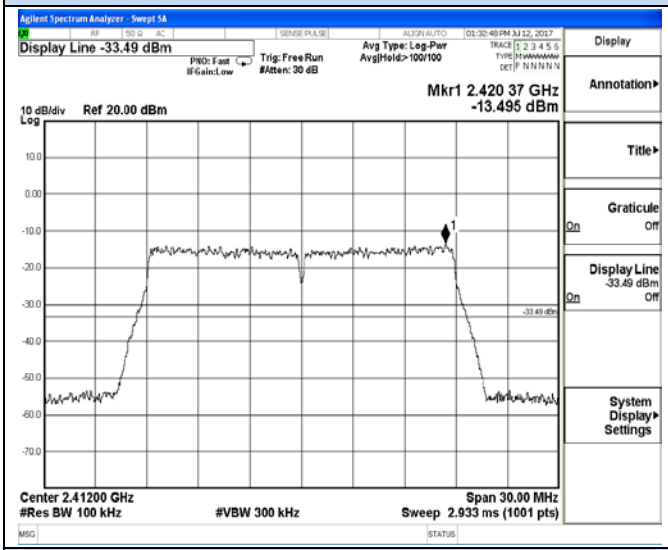
Channel 11 / 2462 MHz



Channel 11 / 2462 MHz

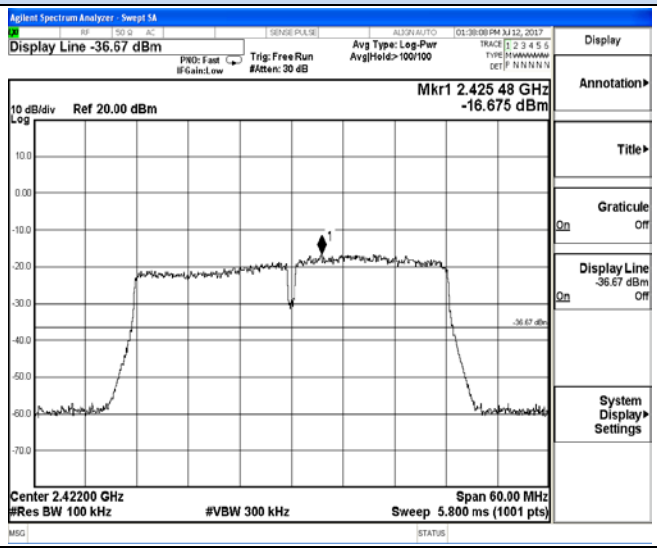
Peak Power Spectrum Density

IEEE 802.11n HT20

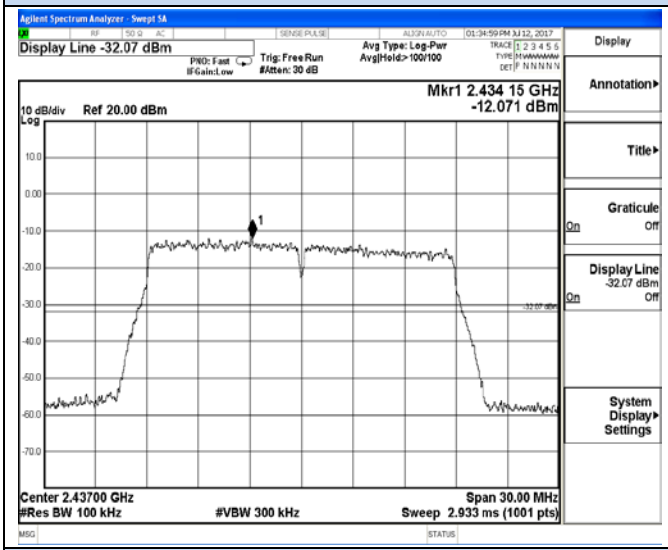


Channel 1 / 2412 MHz

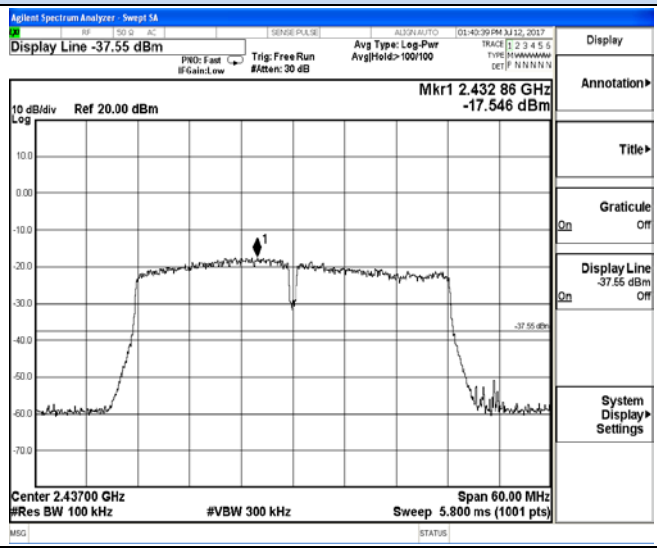
IEEE 802.11n HT40



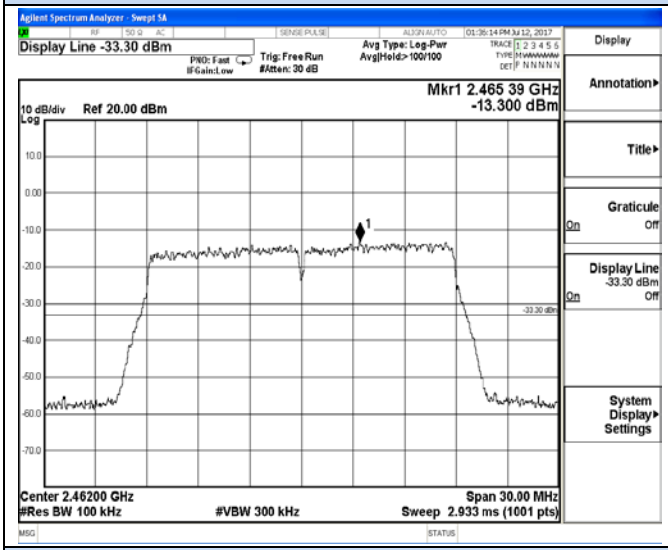
Channel 3 / 2422 MHz



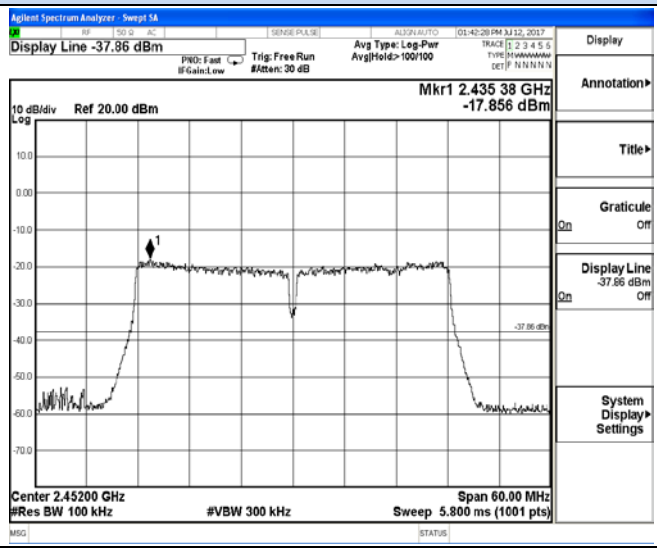
Channel 6 / 2437 MHz



Channel 6 / 2437 MHz



Channel 11 / 2462 MHz



Channel 9 / 2452 MHz

5.4. 6 dB Spectrum Bandwidth Measurement

5.4.1. Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(a) (2): For digital modulation systems, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

5.4.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

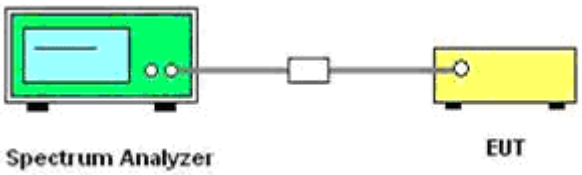
Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the Spectrum Analyzer.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Span Frequency	> RBW
Detector	Peak
Trace	Max Hold
Sweep Time	100ms

5.4.3. Test Procedures

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode.
2. The resolution bandwidth and the video bandwidth were set according to KDB558074.
3. Measured the spectrum width with power higher than 6dB below carrier.

5.4.4. Test Setup Layout



5.4.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.4.6. Test Result of 6dB Spectrum Bandwidth

Temperature	25℃	Humidity	60%
Test Engineer	CHAZ	Configurations	IEEE 802.11b/g/n

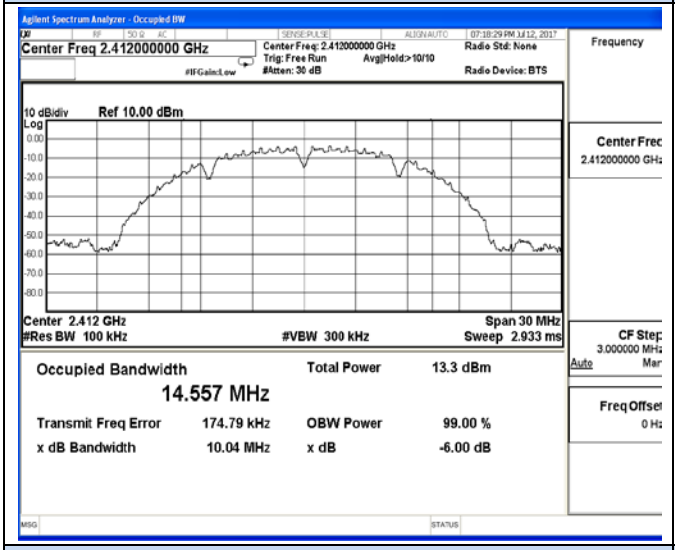
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limits (MHz)	Verdict
IEEE 802.11b	1	2412	10.040	0.500	PASS
	6	2437	9.585		
	11	2462	9.958		
IEEE 802.11g	1	2412	16.600	0.500	PASS
	6	2437	16.600		
	11	2462	16.610		
IEEE 802.11n HT20	1	2412	17.820	0.500	PASS
	6	2437	17.800		
	11	2462	16.610		
IEEE 802.11n HT40	3	2422	36.200	0.500	PASS
	6	2437	36.440		
	9	2452	36.570		

Remark:

1. *Measured 6dB Bandwidth at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.*
2. *Test results including cable loss;*
3. *Worst case data at 1Mbps at IEEE 802.11b; 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11g; 6.5Mbps at IEEE 802.11n HT20; 13.5Mbps at IEEE 802.11n HT40;*
4. *Please refer to following plots;*

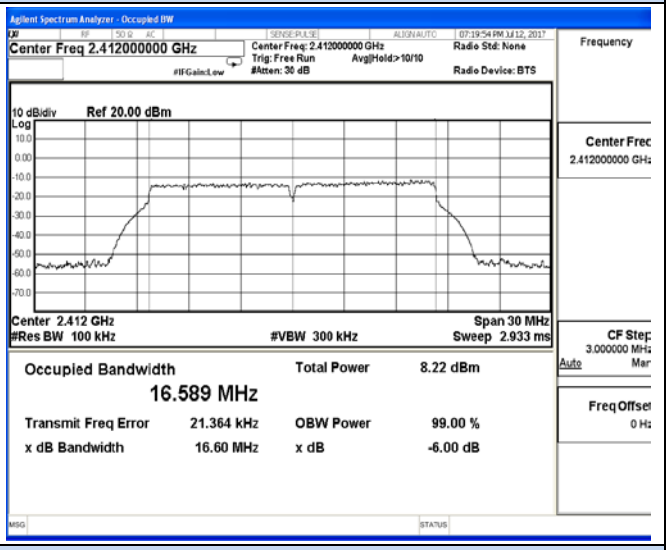
6 dB Bandwidth

IEEE 802.11b

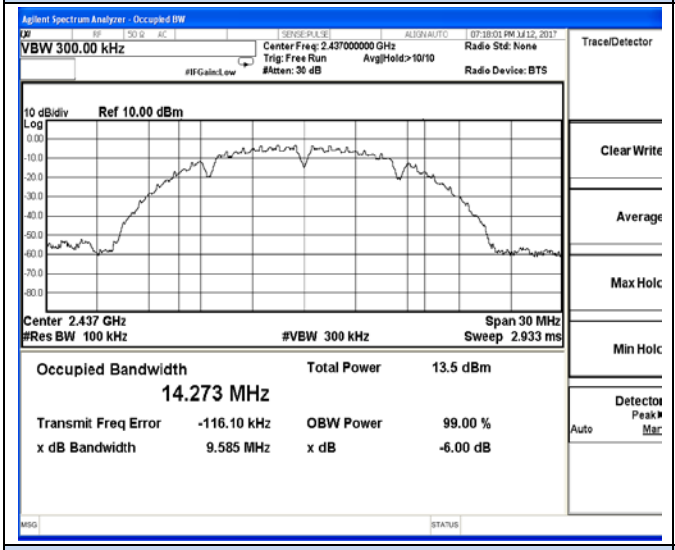


Channel 1 / 2412 MHz

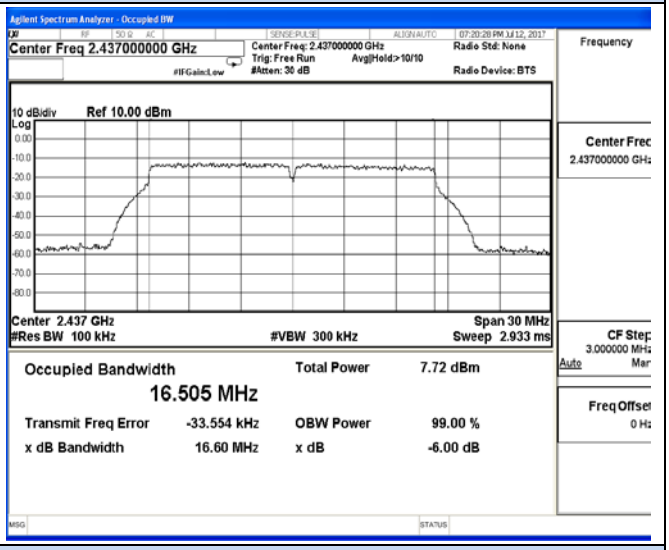
IEEE 802.11g



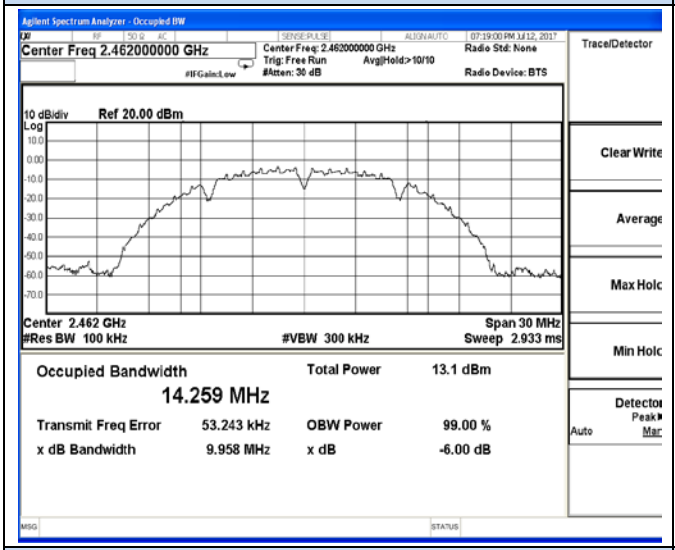
Channel 1 / 2412 MHz



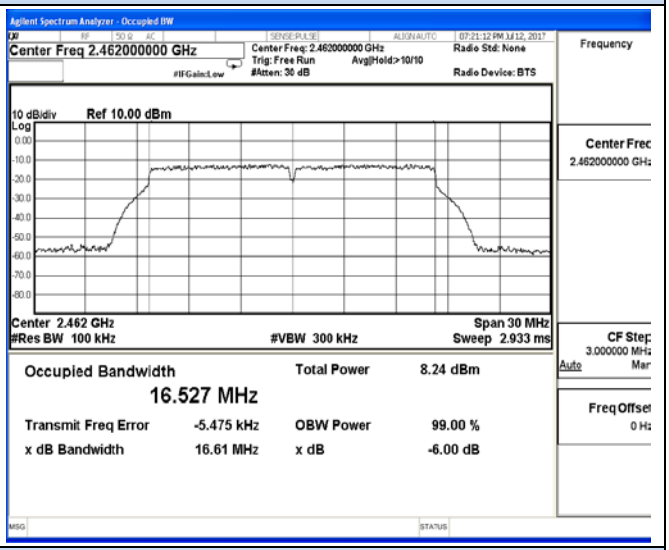
Channel 6 / 2437 MHz



Channel 6 / 2437 MHz



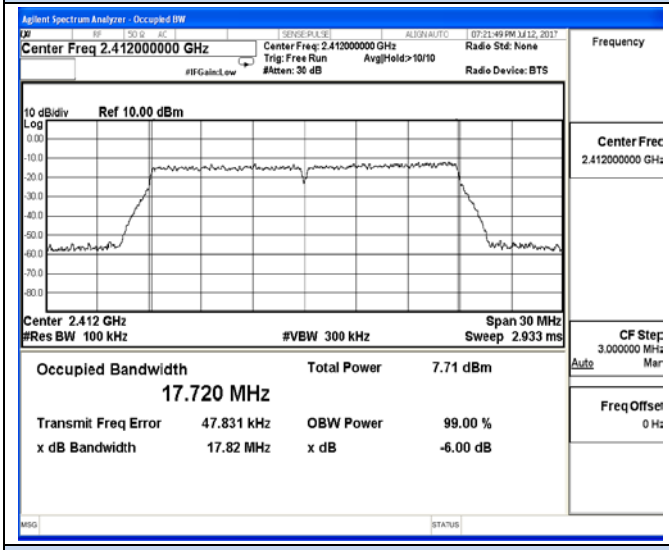
Channel 11 / 2462 MHz



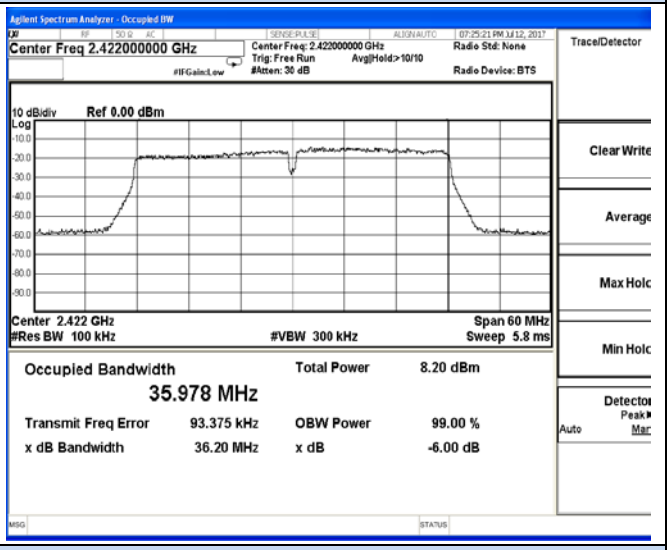
Channel 11 / 2462 MHz

6 dB Bandwidth

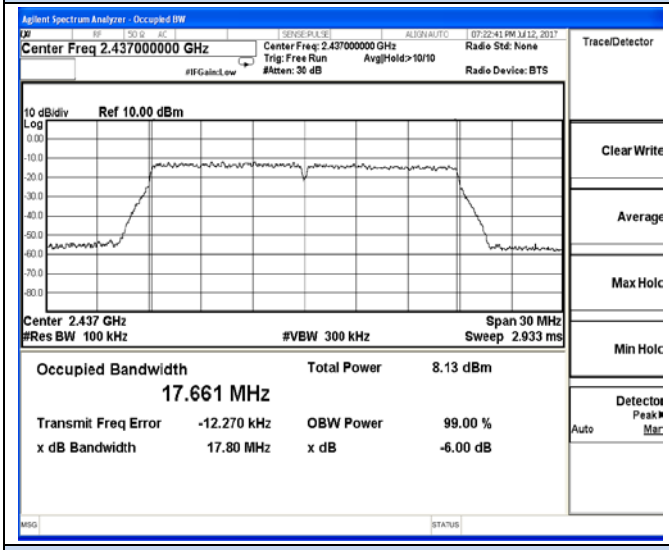
IEEE 802.11n HT20



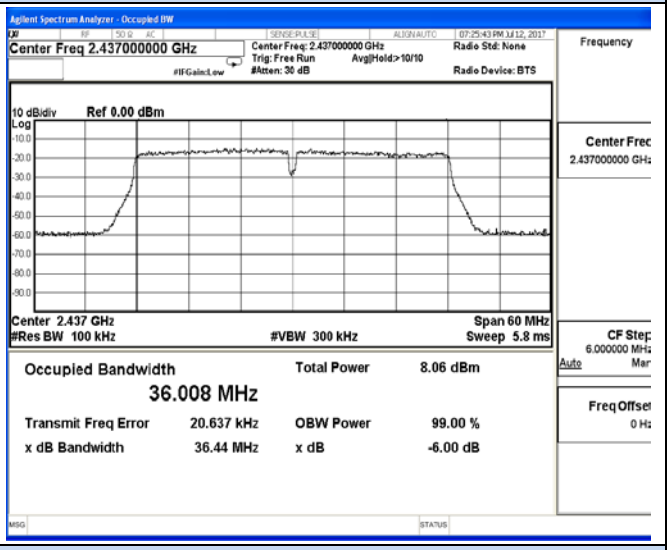
IEEE 802.11n HT40



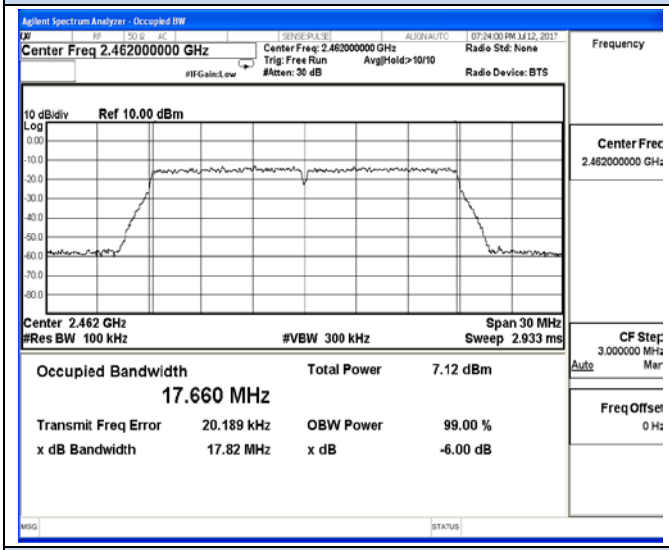
Channel 1 / 2412 MHz



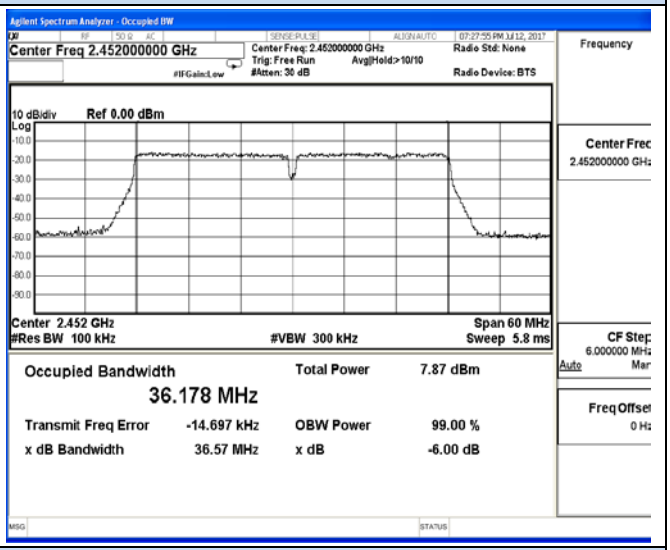
Channel 3 / 2422 MHz



Channel 6 / 2437 MHz



Channel 6 / 2437 MHz



Channel 11 / 2462 MHz

Channel 9 / 2452 MHz

5.5. Radiated Emissions Measurement

5.5.1. Standard Applicable

15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
\1\ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293.	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(\2\)
13.36-13.41			

\1\ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.
\2\ Above 38.6

According to §15.247 (d): 20dBc in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the operating frequency band. In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009~0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	30	30
30~88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216~960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

5.5.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer and receiver.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start Frequency	1000 MHz
Stop Frequency	10^{th} carrier harmonic
RB / VB (Emission in restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average
RB / VB (Emission in non-restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average

Receiver Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start ~ Stop Frequency	9kHz~150kHz / RB/VB 200Hz/1KHz for QP/AVG
Start ~ Stop Frequency	150kHz~30MHz / RB/VB 9kHz/30KHz for QP/AVG
Start ~ Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz / RB/VB 120kHz/1MHz for QP

5.5.3. Test Procedures

1) Sequence of testing 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup:

--- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.

--- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 0.8 m height is used.

--- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground.

--- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions.

--- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.

--- The measurement distance is 3 meter.

--- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

--- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.

--- The antenna height is 1.5 meter.

--- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions

Final measurement:

--- Identified emissions during the premeasurement the software maximizes by rotating the turntable position (0° to 360°) and by rotating the elevation axes (0° to 360°).

--- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with QPK detector.

--- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

2) Sequence of testing 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup:

--- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.

--- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.

--- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.

--- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions

--- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.

--- The measurement distance is 3 meter.

--- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

--- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.

--- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.

--- The antenna height changes from 1 to 3 meter.

--- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement:

--- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.

--- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position (± 45°) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter.

--- The final measurement will be done with QP detector with an EMI receiver.

--- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.

3) Sequence of testing 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup:

--- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.

--- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.

--- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.

--- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions

--- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.

--- The measurement distance is 3 meter.

--- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

--- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.

--- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.

--- The antenna height scan range is 1 meter to 2.5 meter.

--- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement:

--- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.

--- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position (± 45°) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter. This procedure is repeated for both antenna polarizations.

--- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and Average detector.

--- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.

4) Sequence of testing above 18 GHz

Setup:

--- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.

--- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.

--- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.

--- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions

--- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.

--- The measurement distance is 1 meter.

--- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

--- The antenna is moved spherical over the EUT in different polarizations of the antenna.

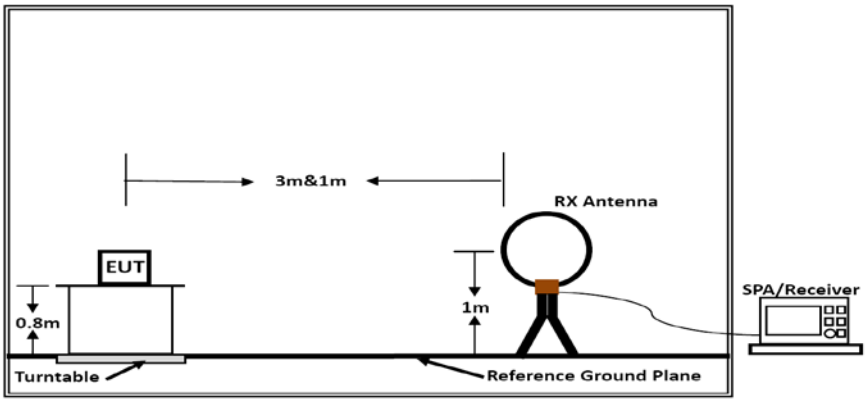
Final measurement:

--- The final measurement will be performed at the position and antenna orientation for all detected emissions that were found during the premeasurements with Peak and Average detector.

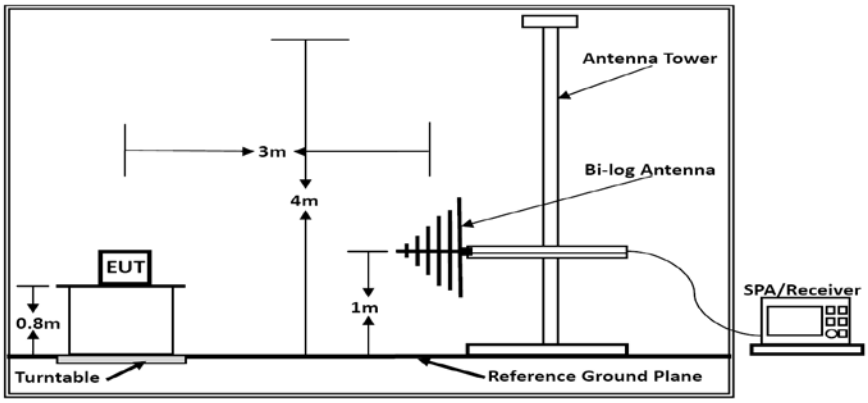
--- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

5.5.4. Test Setup Layout

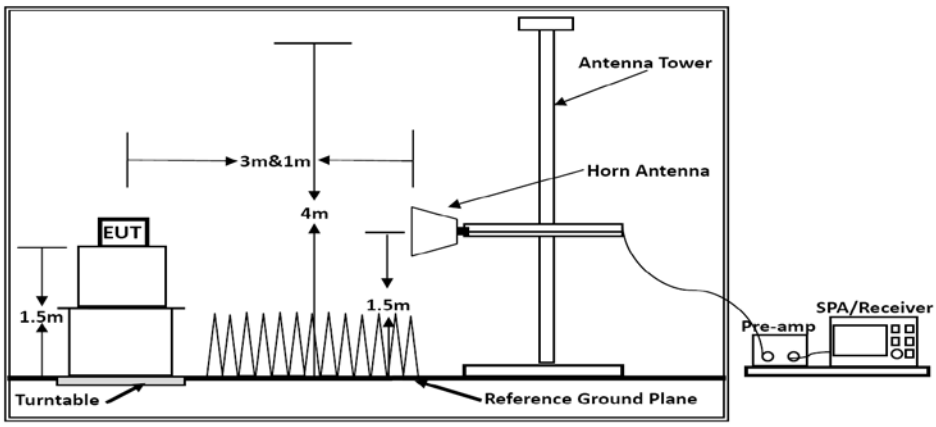
For radiated emissions below 30MHz



Below 30MHz



Below 1GHz



Above 1GHz

Above 18 GHz shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade form 3m to 1m.

Distance extrapolation factor = 20 log (specific distanc [3m] / test distance [1m]) (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor [6 dB].

5.5.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.5.6. Results of Radiated Emissions (9 KHz~30MHz)

Temperature	25℃	Humidity	60%
Test Engineer	CHAZ	Configurations	IEEE 802.11b/g/n

Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Over Limit (dBuV)	Remark
-	-	-	-	See Note

Note:

The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20 dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

Distance extrapolation factor = 40 log (specific distance / test distance) (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor.

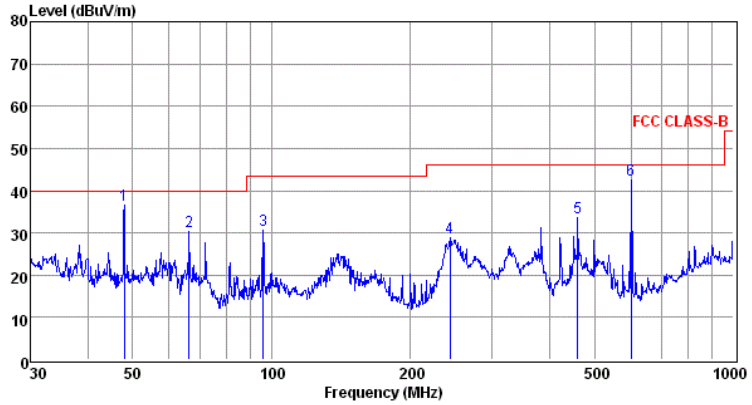
5.5.7. Results of Radiated Emissions (30MHz~1GHz)

Temperature	25℃	Humidity	60%
Test Engineer	CHAZ	Configurations	IEEE 802.11b (High CH)

****Note: Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report (IEEE 802.11b).*

Test result for 802.11b (High Channel)

Vertical:

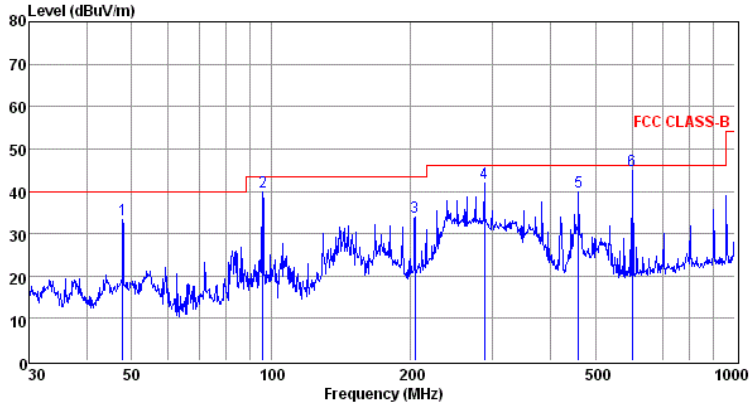


Env./Ins: 24℃/56%
pol: VERTICAL

	Freq	Reading	CabLos	Antfac	Measured	Limit	Over	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	47.99	22.94	0.35	13.37	36.66	40.00	-3.34	QP
2	66.27	19.52	0.52	10.19	30.23	40.00	-9.77	QP
3	95.76	17.25	0.58	12.89	30.72	43.50	-12.78	QP
4	243.38	15.97	0.90	12.08	28.95	46.00	-17.05	QP
5	460.73	16.73	1.36	15.61	33.70	46.00	-12.30	QP
6	601.43	22.62	1.43	18.46	42.51	46.00	-3.49	QP

Note: 1. All readings are Quasi-peak values.
2. Measured= Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
3. The emission that ate 20db blow the offficial limit are not reported

Horizontal:



Env./Ins: 24℃/56%
pol: HORIZONTAL

	Freq	Reading	CabLos	Antfac	Measured	Limit	Over	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	47.83	19.68	0.35	13.38	33.41	40.00	-6.59	QP
2	95.76	26.41	0.58	12.89	39.88	43.50	-3.62	QP
3	204.24	22.11	0.99	10.70	33.80	43.50	-9.70	QP
4	287.99	27.96	1.05	12.83	41.84	46.00	-4.16	QP
5	460.73	22.80	1.36	15.61	39.77	46.00	-6.23	QP
6	601.43	25.12	1.43	18.46	45.01	46.00	-0.99	QP

Note: 1. All readings are Quasi-peak values.
2. Measured= Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
3. The emission that ate 20db blow the offficial limit are not reported

Note:

Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report (IEEE 802.11b (High Channel)).

Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).

Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level.

5.5.8. Results for Radiated Emissions (Above 1GHz)

IEEE 802.11b

Channel 1 / 2412 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuv	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuv/m	Limit dBuv/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4824.00	58.31	33.06	35.04	3.94	60.27	74.00	-13.73	Peak	Horizontal
4824.00	39.98	33.06	35.04	3.94	41.94	54.00	-12.06	Average	Horizontal
4824.00	61.54	33.06	35.04	3.94	63.50	74.00	-10.50	Peak	Vertical
4824.00	43.06	33.06	35.04	3.94	45.02	54.00	-8.98	Average	Vertical

Channel 6 / 2437 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuv	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuv/m	Limit dBuv/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4874.00	63.12	33.16	35.15	3.96	65.09	74.00	-8.91	Peak	Horizontal
4874.00	41.40	33.16	35.15	3.96	43.37	54.00	-10.63	Average	Horizontal
4874.00	58.54	33.16	35.15	3.96	60.51	74.00	-13.49	Peak	Vertical
4874.00	41.28	33.16	35.15	3.96	43.25	54.00	-10.75	Average	Vertical

Channel 11 / 2462 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuv	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuv/m	Limit dBuv/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4924.00	61.59	33.26	35.14	3.98	63.69	74.00	-10.31	Peak	Horizontal
4924.00	41.75	33.26	35.14	3.98	43.85	54.00	-10.15	Average	Horizontal
4924.00	61.87	33.26	35.14	3.98	63.97	74.00	-10.03	Peak	Vertical
4924.00	42.06	33.26	35.14	3.98	44.16	54.00	-9.84	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11g

Channel 1 / 2412 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuv	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuv/m	Limit dBuv/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4824.00	59.21	33.06	35.04	3.94	61.17	74.00	-12.83	Peak	Horizontal
4824.00	42.19	33.06	35.04	3.94	44.15	54.00	-9.85	Average	Horizontal
4824.00	58.02	33.06	35.04	3.94	59.98	74.00	-14.02	Peak	Vertical
4824.00	39.86	33.06	35.04	3.94	41.82	54.00	-12.18	Average	Vertical

Channel 6 / 2437 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuv	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuv/m	Limit dBuv/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4874.00	63.09	33.16	35.15	3.96	65.06	74.00	-8.94	Peak	Horizontal
4874.00	41.43	33.16	35.15	3.96	43.40	54.00	-10.60	Average	Horizontal
4874.00	58.62	33.16	35.15	3.96	60.59	74.00	-13.41	Peak	Vertical
4874.00	42.65	33.16	35.15	3.96	44.62	54.00	-9.38	Average	Vertical

Channel 11 / 2462 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuv	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuv/m	Limit dBuv/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4924.00	62.69	33.26	35.14	3.98	64.79	74.00	-9.21	Peak	Horizontal
4924.00	41.27	33.26	35.14	3.98	43.37	54.00	-10.63	Average	Horizontal
4924.00	59.45	33.26	35.14	3.98	61.55	74.00	-12.45	Peak	Vertical
4924.00	42.05	33.26	35.14	3.98	44.15	54.00	-9.85	Average	Vertical

IEEE802.11 n HT20

Channel 1 / 2412 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuv	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuv/m	Limit dBuv/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4824.00	60.99	33.06	35.04	3.94	62.95	74.00	-11.05	Peak	Horizontal
4824.00	45.31	33.06	35.04	3.94	47.27	54.00	-6.73	Average	Horizontal
4824.00	62.76	33.06	35.04	3.94	64.72	74.00	-9.28	Peak	Vertical
4824.00	50.55	33.06	35.04	3.94	52.51	54.00	-1.49	Average	Vertical

Channel 6 / 2437 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuv	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuv/m	Limit dBuv/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4874.00	63.95	33.16	35.15	3.96	65.92	74.00	-8.08	Peak	Horizontal
4874.00	46.88	33.16	35.15	3.96	48.85	54.00	-5.15	Average	Horizontal
4874.00	64.49	33.16	35.15	3.96	66.46	74.00	-7.54	Peak	Vertical
4874.00	41.54	33.16	35.15	3.96	43.51	54.00	-10.49	Average	Vertical

Channel 11 / 2462 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuv	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuv/m	Limit dBuv/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4924.00	65.62	33.26	35.14	3.98	67.72	74.00	-6.28	Peak	Horizontal
4924.00	48.67	33.26	35.14	3.98	50.77	54.00	-3.23	Average	Horizontal
4924.00	64.45	33.26	35.14	3.98	66.55	74.00	-7.45	Peak	Vertical
4924.00	43.85	33.26	35.14	3.98	45.95	54.00	-8.05	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n HT40

Channel 3 / 2422 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuv	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuv/m	Limit dBuv/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4844.00	61.07	33.06	35.04	3.94	63.03	74.00	-10.97	Peak	Horizontal
4844.00	44.74	33.06	35.04	3.94	46.70	54.00	-7.30	Average	Horizontal
4844.00	59.49	33.06	35.04	3.94	61.45	74.00	-12.55	Peak	Vertical
4844.00	43.41	33.06	35.04	3.94	45.37	54.00	-8.63	Average	Vertical

Channel 6 / 2437 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuv	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuv/m	Limit dBuv/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4874.00	62.91	33.16	35.15	3.96	64.88	74.00	-9.12	Peak	Horizontal
4874.00	46.05	33.16	35.15	3.96	48.02	54.00	-5.98	Average	Horizontal
4874.00	60.62	33.16	35.15	3.96	62.59	74.00	-11.41	Peak	Vertical
4874.00	42.58	33.16	35.15	3.96	44.55	54.00	-9.45	Average	Vertical

Channel 9 / 2452 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuv	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuv/m	Limit dBuv/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4904.00	61.97	33.26	35.14	3.98	64.07	74.00	-9.93	Peak	Horizontal
4904.00	47.54	33.26	35.14	3.98	49.64	54.00	-4.36	Average	Horizontal
4904.00	60.89	33.26	35.14	3.98	62.99	74.00	-11.01	Peak	Vertical
4904.00	44.20	33.26	35.14	3.98	46.30	54.00	-7.70	Average	Vertical

Notes:

1. *Measuring frequencies from 9 KHz~10th harmonic or 26.5GHz (which is less), No emission found between lowest internal used/generated frequency to 30MHz.*
2. *Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 9 KHz~10th harmonic or 26.5GHz (which is less) were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.*
3. *Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.*
4. *Worst case data at 1Mbps at IEEE 802.11b; 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11g; 6.5Mbps at IEEE 802.11n HT20; 13.5Mbps at IEEE 802.11n HT40;*

5.6. Conducted Spurious Emissions and Band Edges Test

5.6.1. Standard Applicable

According to §15.247 (d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

5.6.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyzer.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Detector	Peak
Attenuation	Auto
RB / VB (Emission in restricted band)	100KHz/300KHz
RB / VB (Emission in non-restricted band)	100KHz/300KHz

5.6.3. Test Procedures

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz

The spectrum from 9 KHz to 26.5GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

5.6.4. Test Setup Layout

This test setup layout is the same as that shown in section 5.4.4.

5.6.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.6.6. Test Results of Conducted Spurious Emissions

Temperature	25℃	Humidity	60%
Test Engineer	Chaz	Configurations	IEEE 802.11b/g/n

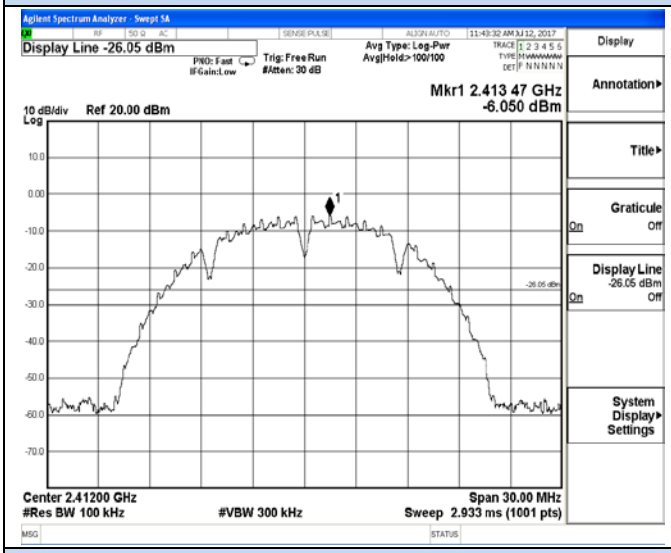
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Spurious RF Conducted Emission (dBc)	Limits (dBc)	Verdict
IEEE 802.11b	1	2412	<-20	-20	PASS
	6	2437	<-20		
	11	2462	<-20		
IEEE 802.11g	1	2412	<-20	-20	PASS
	6	2437	<-20		
	11	2462	<-20		
IEEE 802.11n HT20	1	2412	<-20	-20	PASS
	6	2437	<-20		
	11	2462	<-20		
IEEE 802.11n HT40	3	2422	<-20	-20	PASS
	6	2437	<-20		
	9	2452	<-20		

Remark:

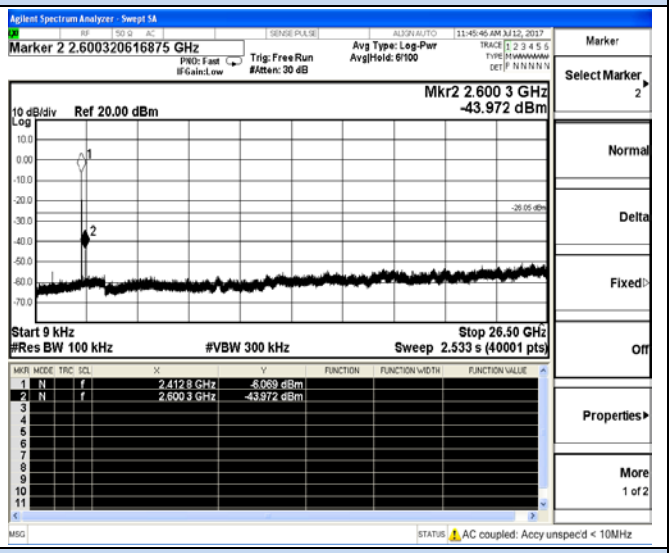
1. *Measured conducted spurious emission at antenna port at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.*
2. *Test results including cable loss;*
3. *Worst case data at 1Mbps at IEEE 802.11b; 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11g; 6.5Mbps at IEEE 802.11n HT20; 13.5Mbps at IEEE 802.11n HT40;*
4. *"---"means that the fundamental frequency not for 15.209 limits requirement.*
5. *Please refer to following plots;*

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions

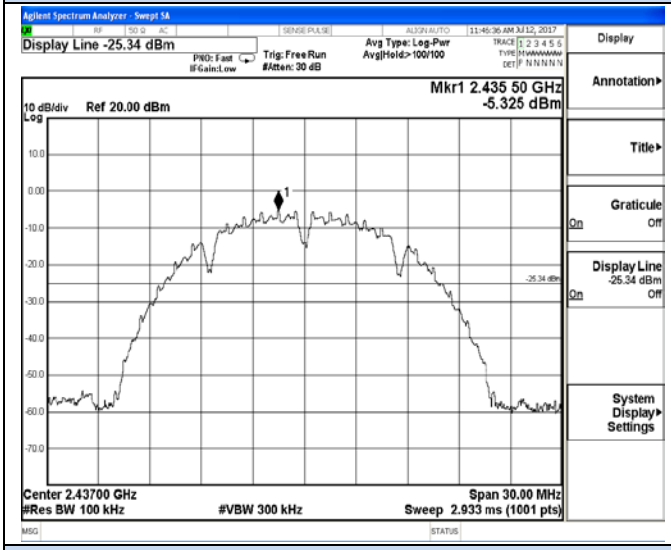
IEEE 802.11b



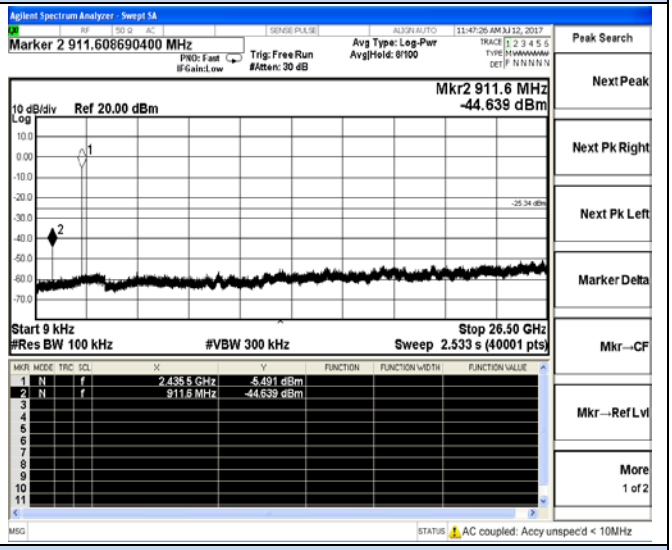
2397 MHz – 2427 MHz



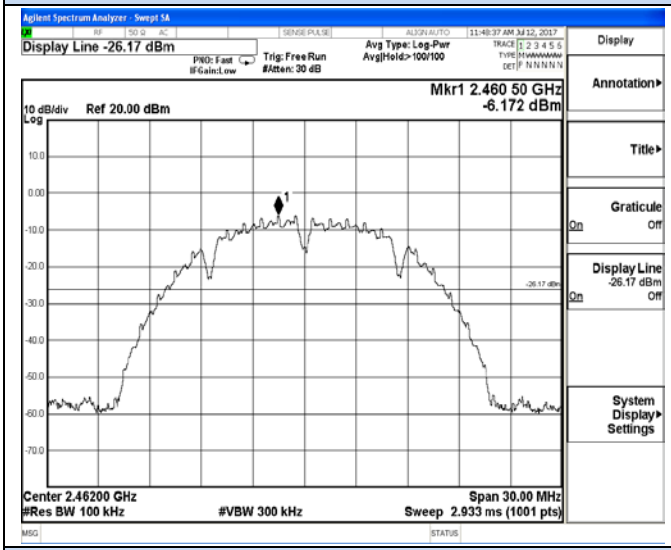
9 KHz – 26.5 GHz



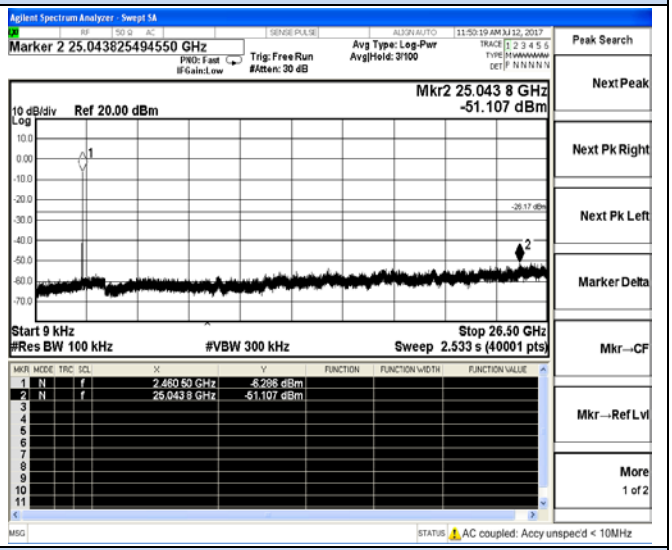
2422 MHz – 2452 MHz



9 KHz – 26.5 GHz



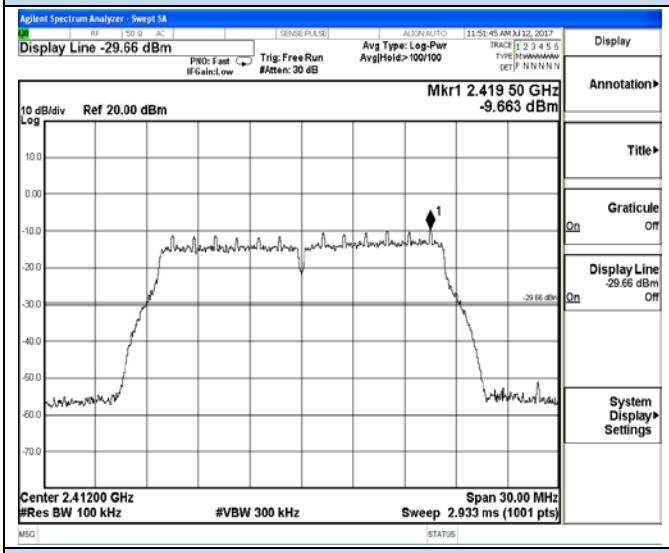
2447 MHz – 2477 MHz



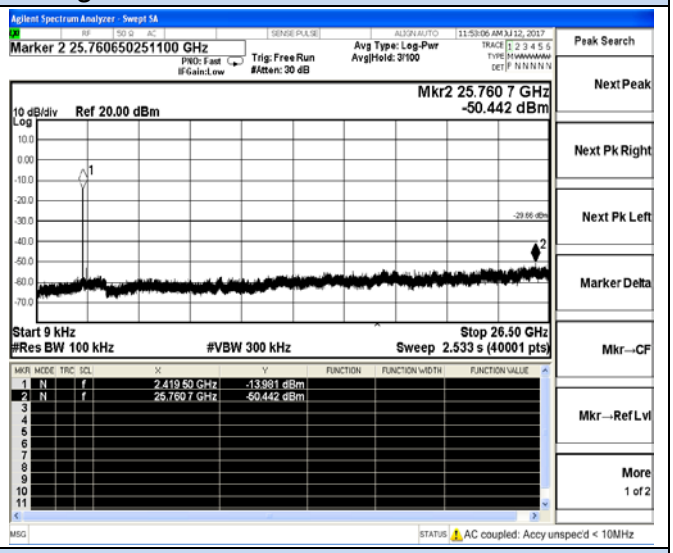
9 KHz – 26.5 GHz

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions

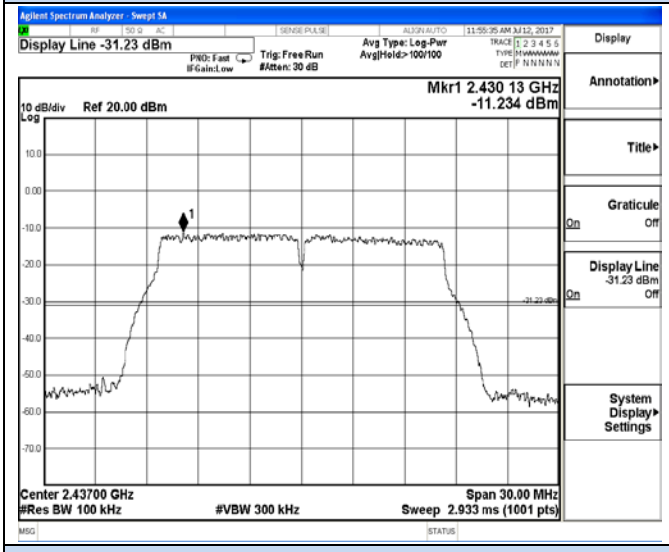
IEEE 802.11g



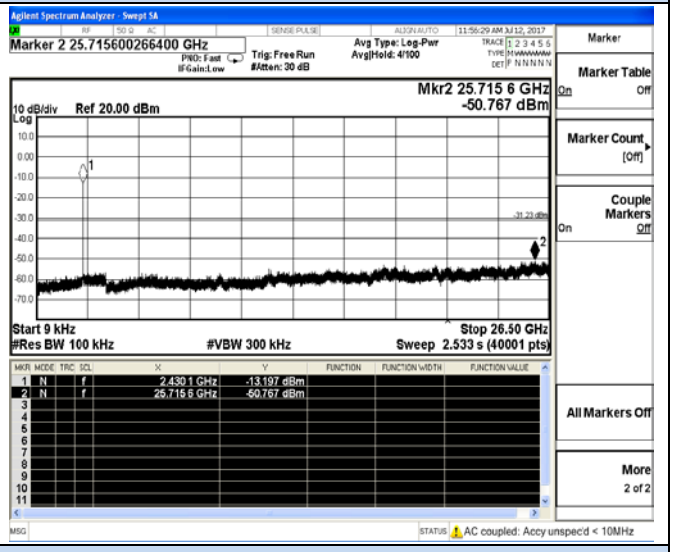
2397 MHz – 2427 MHz



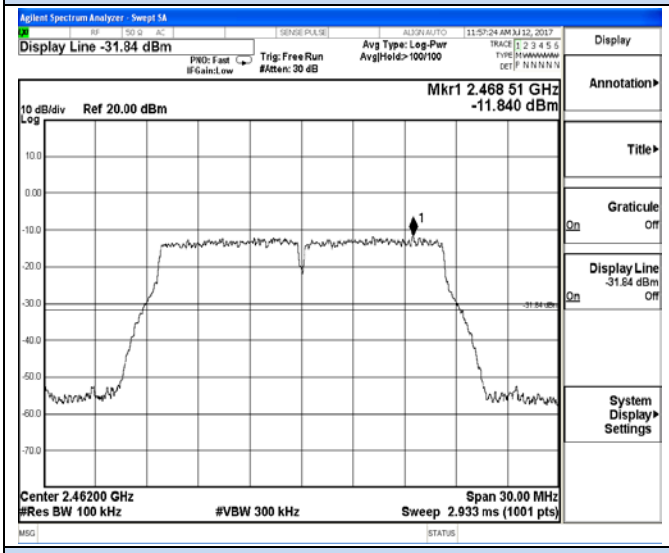
9 KHz – 26.5 GHz



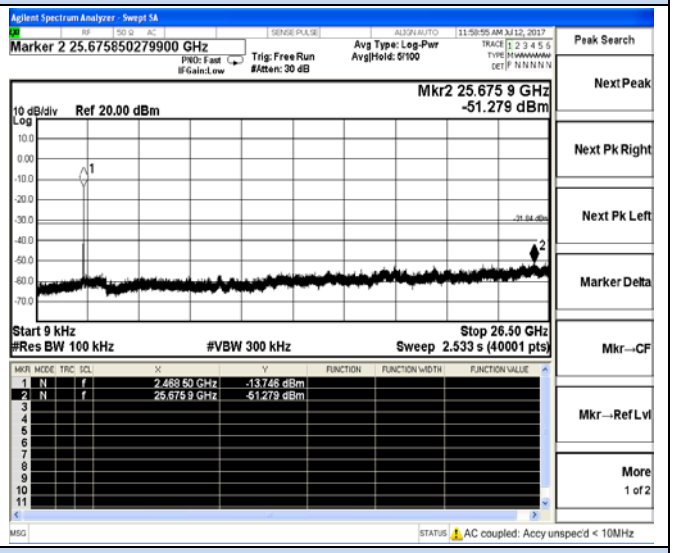
2422 MHz – 2452 MHz



9 KHz – 26.5 GHz



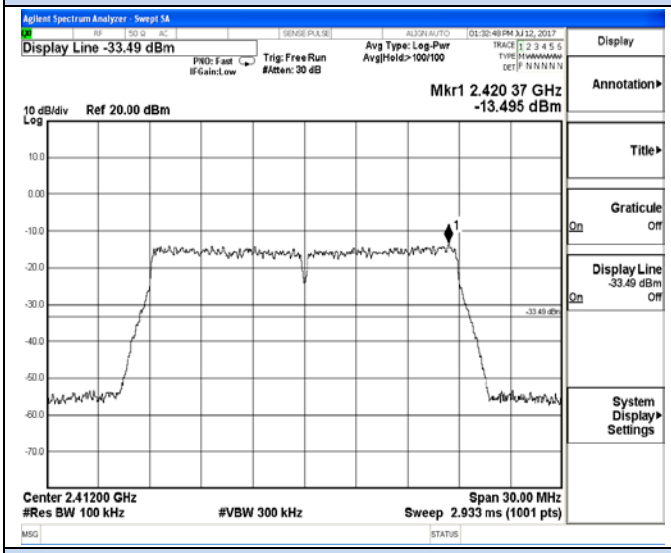
2447 MHz – 2477 MHz



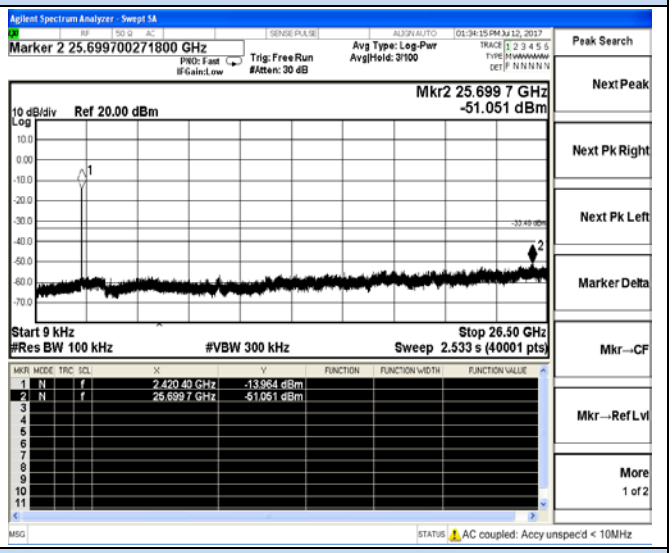
9 KHz – 26.5 GHz

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions

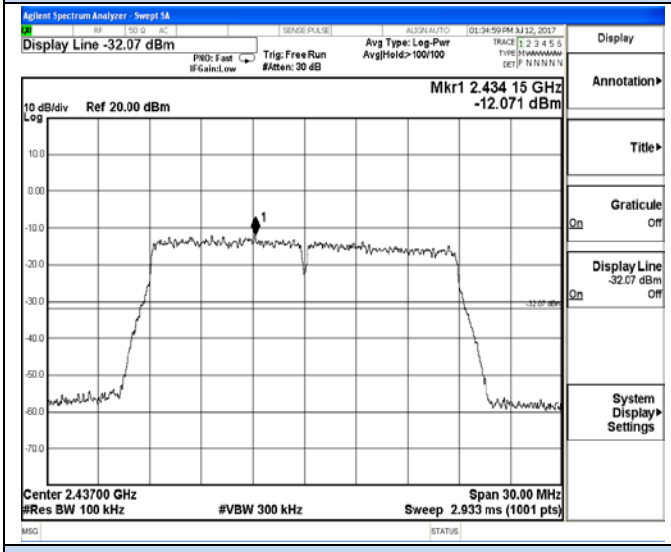
IEEE 802.11n HT20



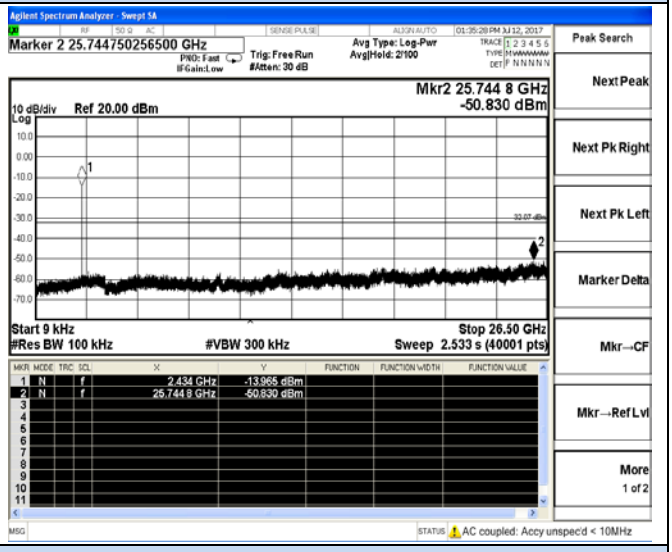
2397 MHz – 2427 MHz



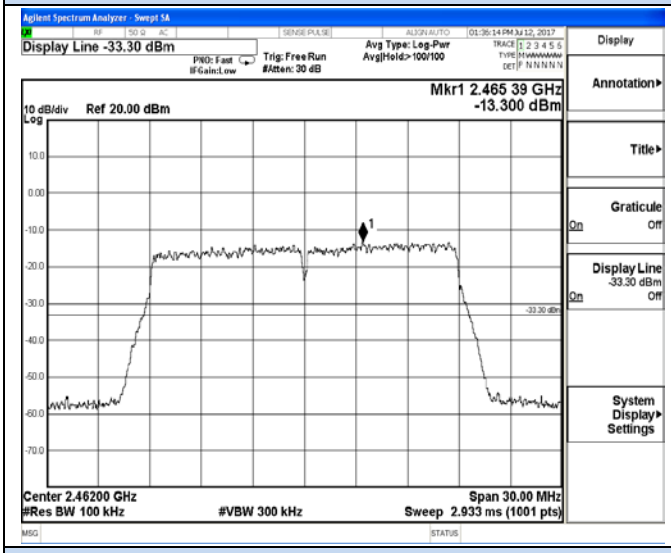
9 KHz – 26.5 GHz



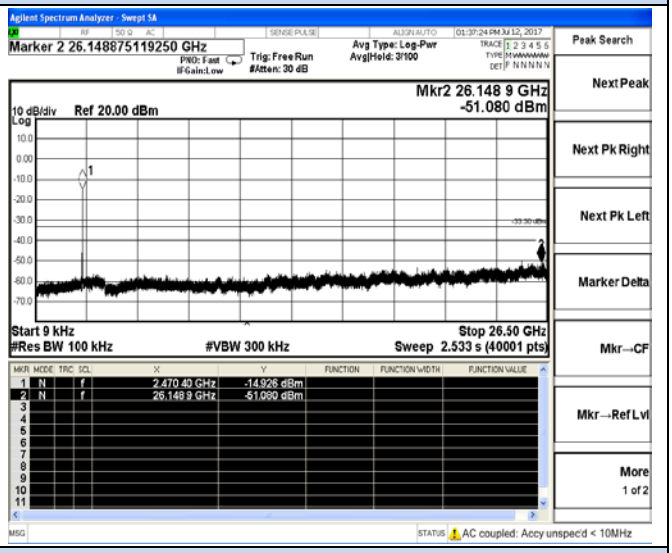
2422 MHz – 2452 MHz



9 KHz – 26.5 GHz



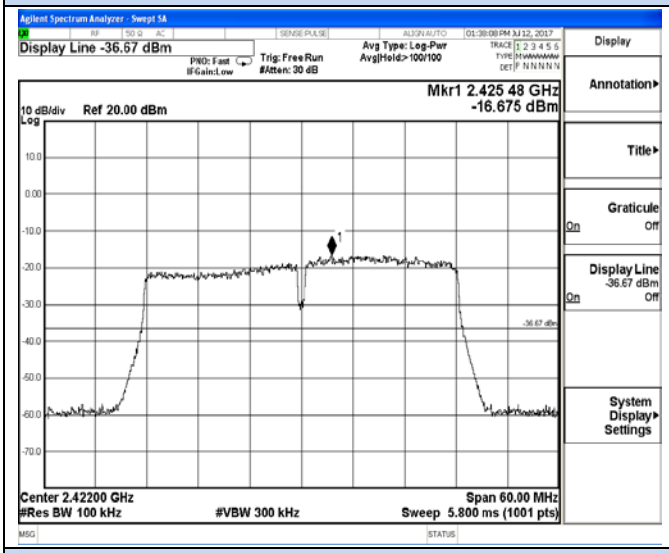
2447 MHz – 2477 MHz



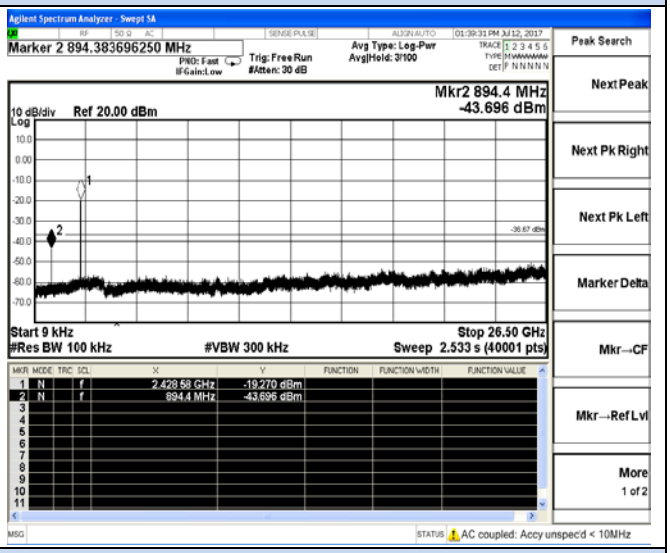
9 KHz – 26.5 GHz

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions

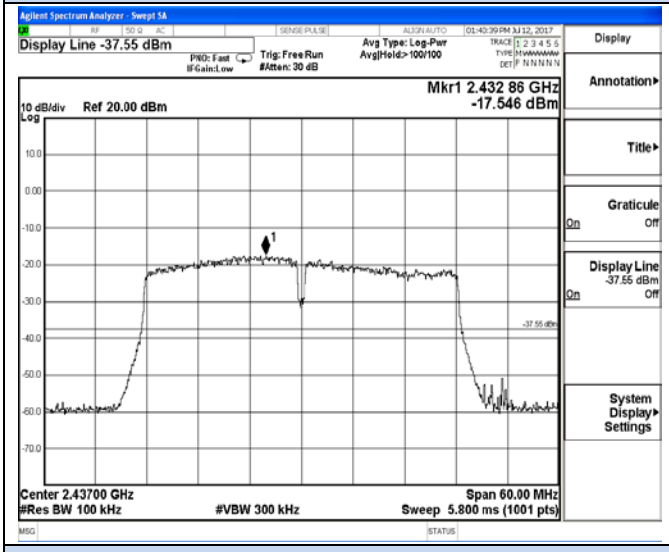
IEEE 802.11n HT40



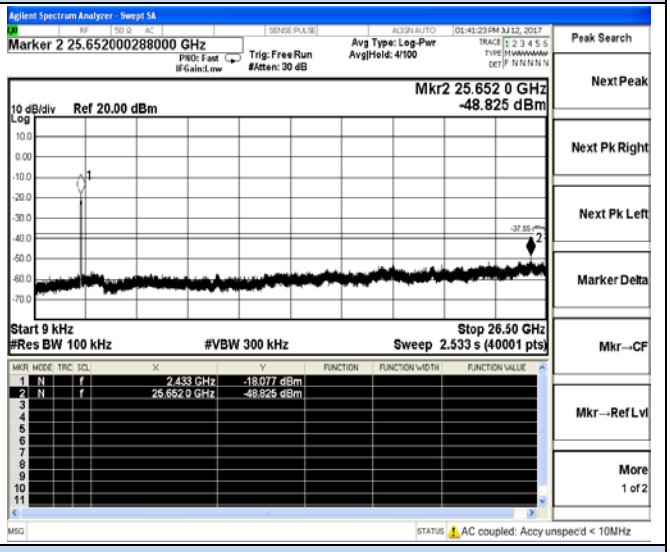
2392 MHz – 2452 MHz



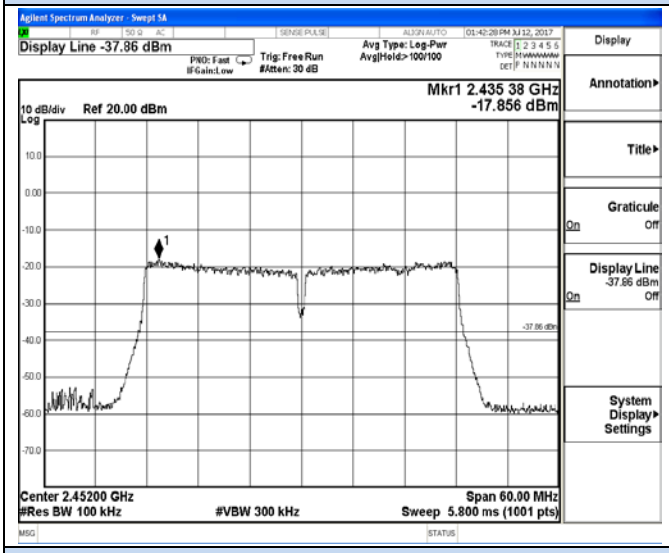
9 KHz – 26.5 GHz



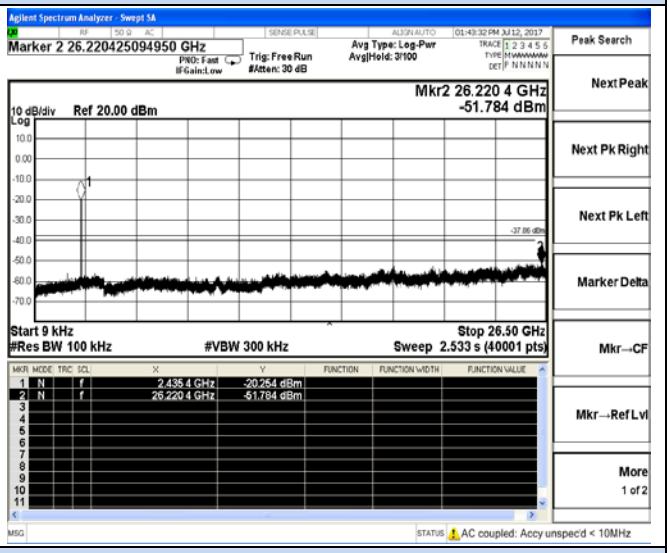
2407 MHz – 2467 MHz



9 KHz – 26.5 GHz



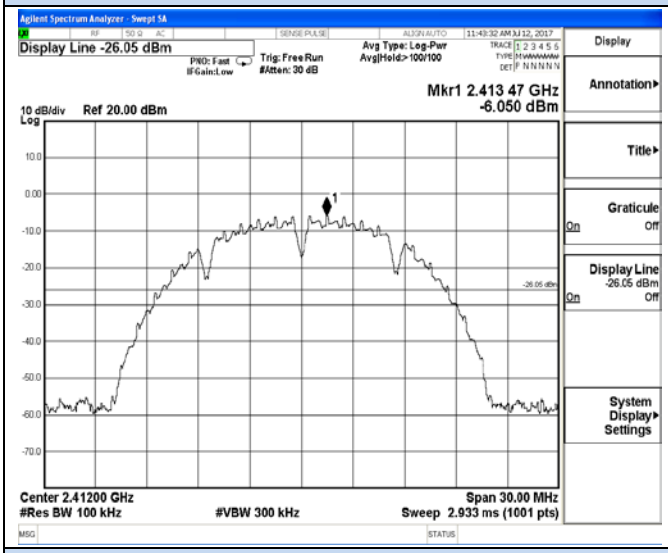
2422 MHz – 2482 MHz



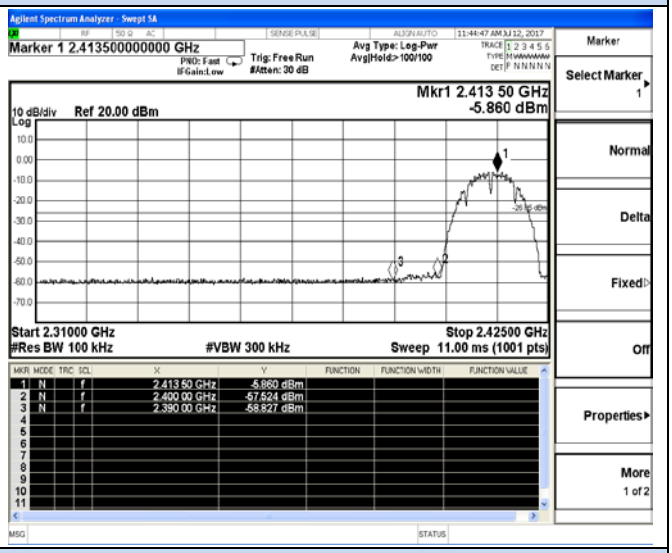
9 KHz – 26.5 GHz

Band-edge measurements for conducted emissions

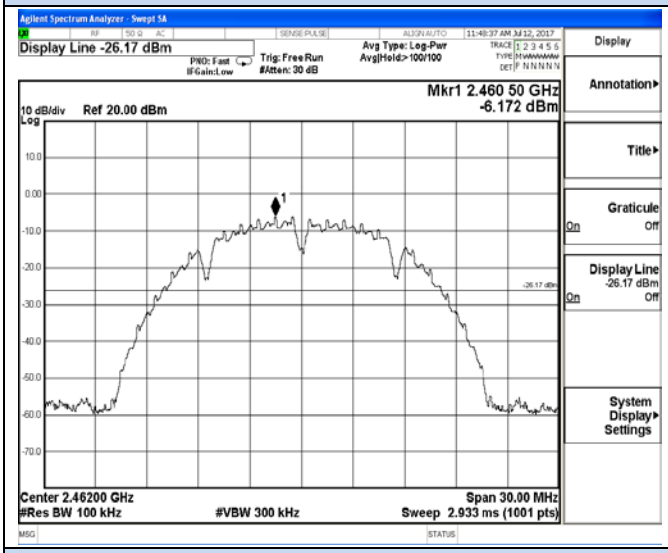
IEEE 802.11b



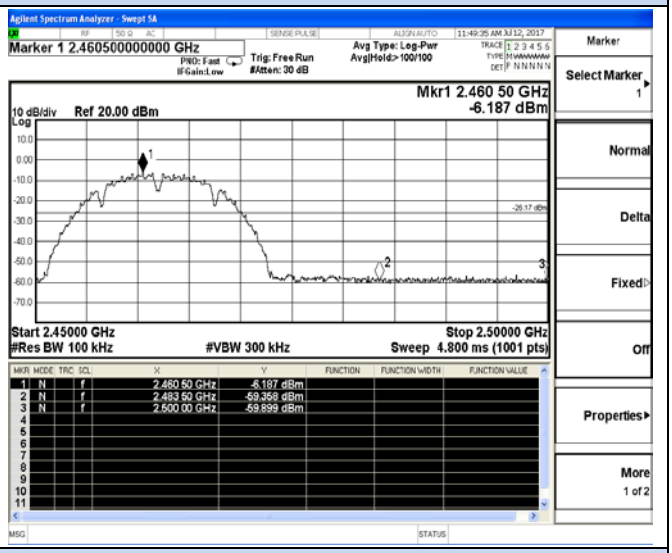
2397 MHz – 2427 MHz



Channel 1 / 2412 MHz

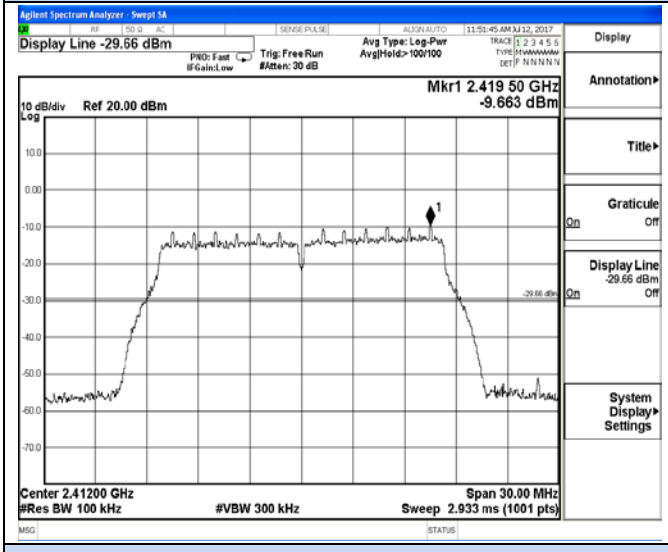


2447 MHz – 2477 MHz

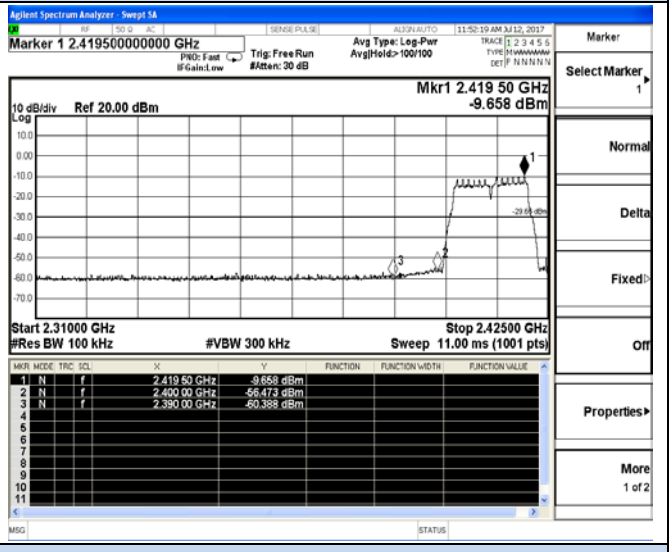


Channel 11 / 2462 MHz

IEEE 802.11g



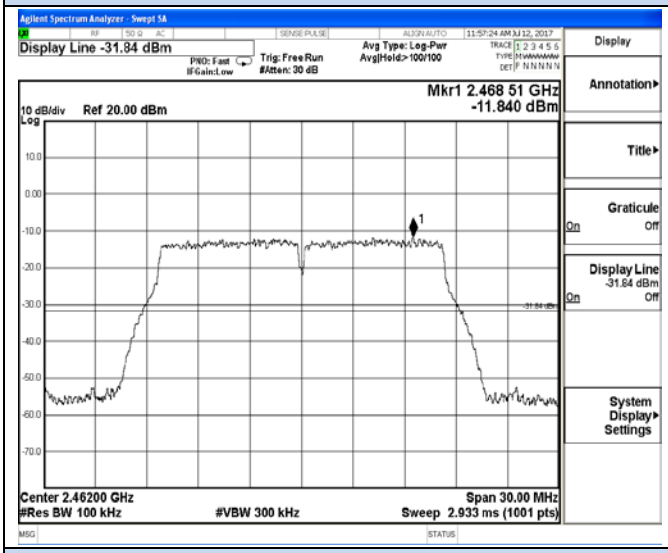
2397 MHz – 2427 MHz



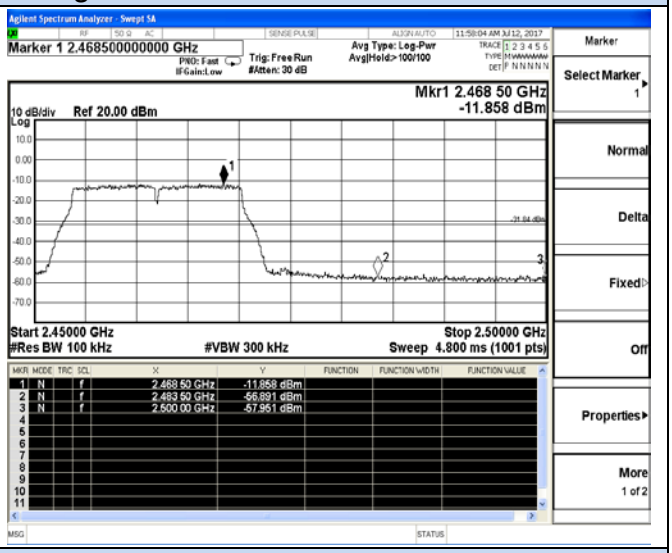
Channel 1 / 2412 MHz

Band-edge measurements for conducted emissions

IEEE 802.11g

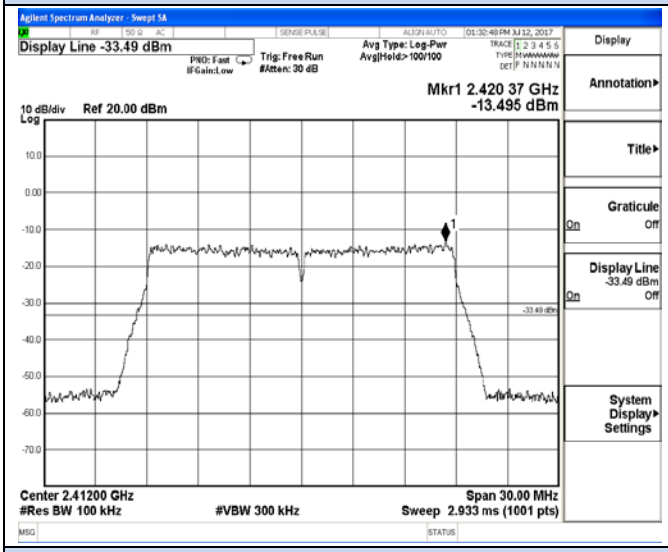


2447 MHz – 2477 MHz

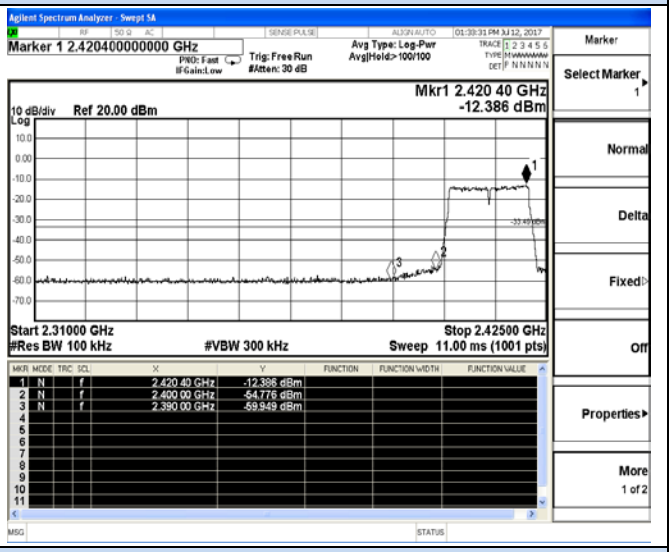


Channel 11 / 2462 MHz

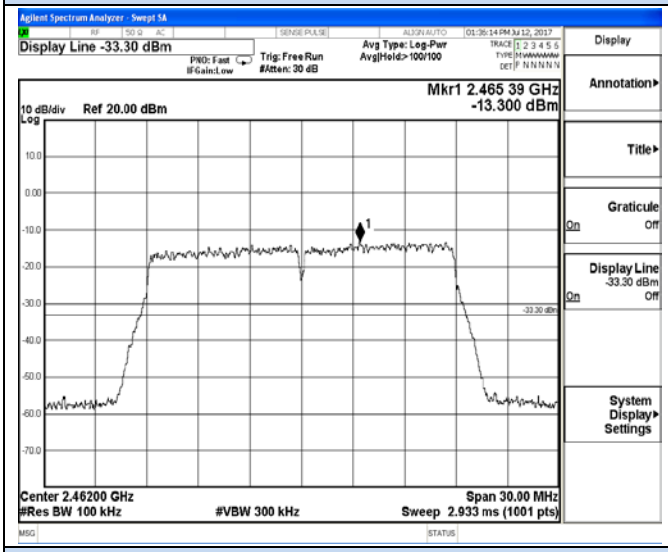
IEEE 802.11n HT20



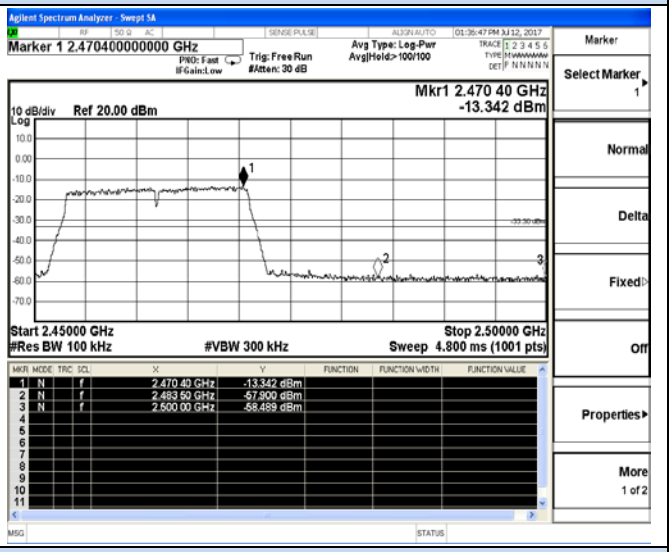
2397 MHz – 2427 MHz



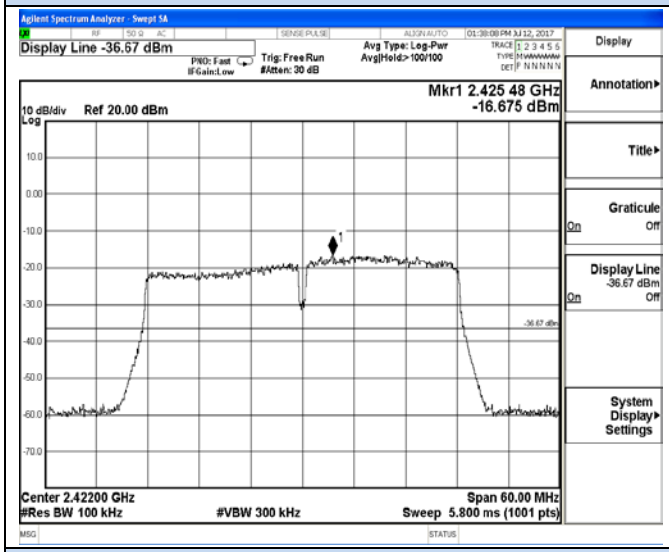
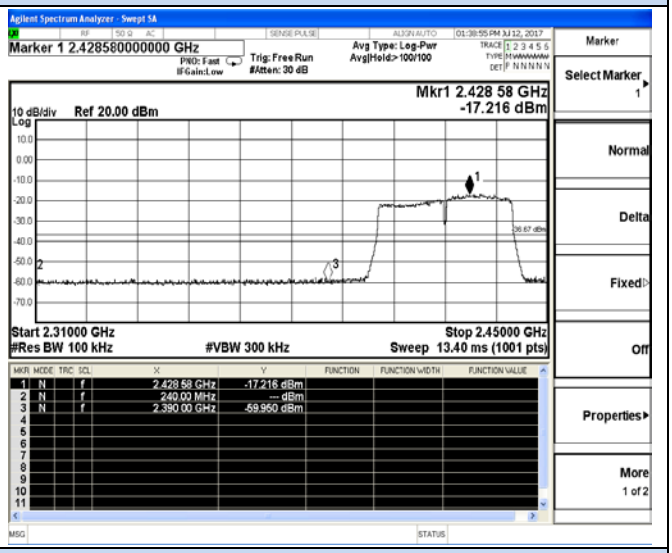
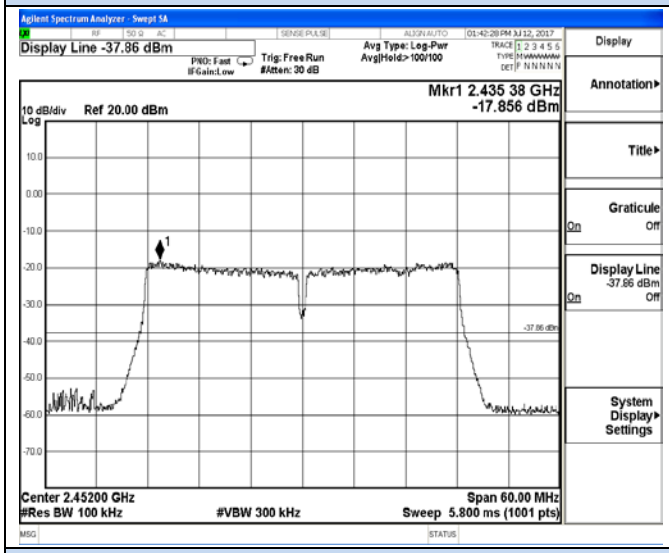
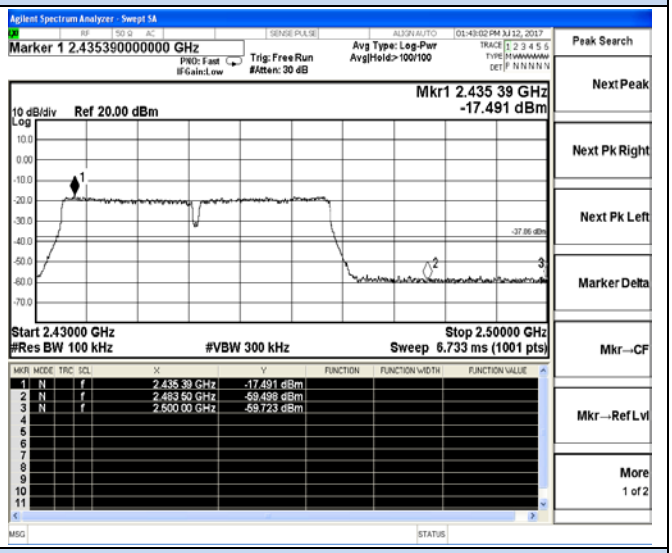
Channel 1 / 2412 MHz



2447 MHz – 2477 MHz



Channel 11 / 2462 MHz

Band-edge measurements for conducted emissions	
IEEE 802.11n HT40	
	
2392 MHz – 2452 MHz	Channel 3 / 2422 MHz
	
2422 MHz – 2482 MHz	Channel 9 / 2452 MHz

5.7. AC Power line conducted emissions

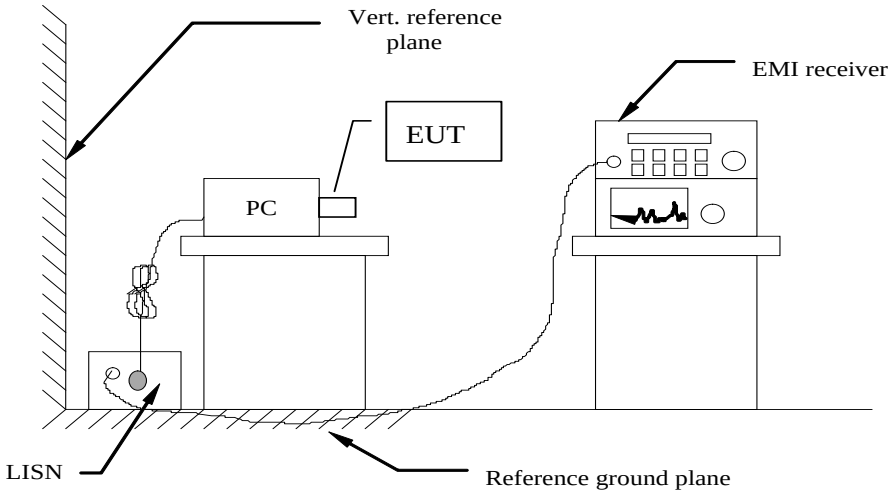
5.7.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed 250 microvolts (The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz). The limits at specific frequency range are listed as follows:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dBμV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

5.7.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup

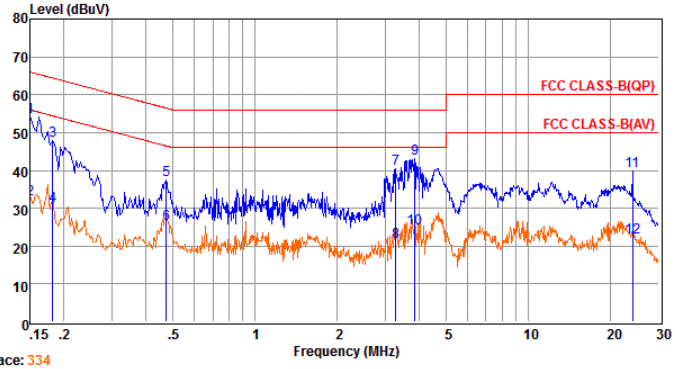


5.7.3 Test Results

PASS

The test data please refer to following page.

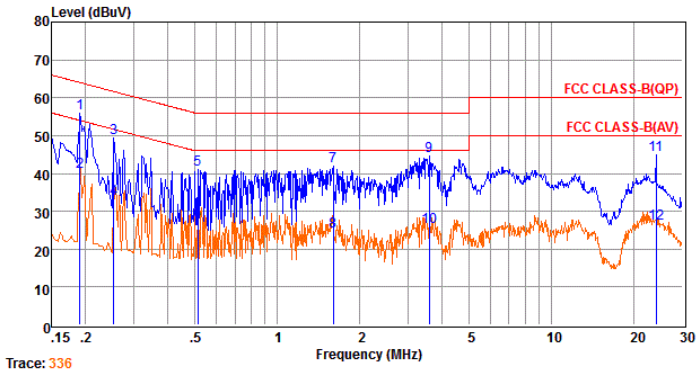
AC Conducted Emission of power adapter @ AC 120V/60Hz @ IEEE 802.11b (worst case)



Trace: 334
Env. Ins: 24*/56%
Pol: NEUTRAL

	Freq	Reading	LISNFac	CabLos	Aux2Fac	Measured	Limit	Over	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dB	dB	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB
1	0.15	34.46	9.70	0.02	10.00	54.18	66.00	-11.82	QP
2	0.15	12.67	9.70	0.02	10.00	32.39	55.99	-23.60	Average
3	0.18	28.36	9.63	0.02	10.00	48.01	64.42	-16.41	QP
4	0.18	11.10	9.63	0.02	10.00	30.75	54.41	-23.66	Average
5	0.47	17.84	9.62	0.04	10.00	37.50	56.45	-18.95	QP
6	0.47	6.08	9.62	0.04	10.00	25.74	46.45	-20.71	Average
7	3.28	20.61	9.65	0.06	10.00	40.32	56.00	-15.68	QP
8	3.28	1.35	9.65	0.06	10.00	21.06	46.00	-24.94	Average
9	3.84	23.48	9.65	0.06	10.00	43.19	56.00	-12.81	QP
10	3.84	4.96	9.65	0.06	10.00	24.67	46.00	-21.33	Average
11	24.01	19.89	9.82	0.13	10.00	39.84	60.00	-20.16	QP
12	24.02	2.45	9.82	0.13	10.00	22.40	50.00	-27.60	Average

Remarks: 1. Measured = Reading +Cable Loss +Aux2 Fac.
2. The emission levels that are 20dB below the official limit are not reported.



Trace: 336
Env. Ins: 24*/56%
Pol: LINE

	Freq	Reading	LISNFac	CabLos	Aux2Fac	Measured	Limit	Over	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dB	dB	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB
1	0.19	36.41	9.62	0.02	10.00	56.05	64.02	-7.97	QP
2	0.19	20.90	9.62	0.02	10.00	40.54	54.02	-13.48	Average
3	0.25	29.61	9.63	0.03	10.00	49.27	61.64	-12.37	QP
4	0.25	13.77	9.63	0.03	10.00	33.43	51.64	-18.21	Average
5	0.51	21.51	9.62	0.04	10.00	41.17	56.00	-14.83	QP
6	0.51	7.69	9.62	0.04	10.00	27.35	46.00	-18.65	Average
7	1.60	22.29	9.64	0.05	10.00	41.98	56.00	-14.02	QP
8	1.60	5.04	9.64	0.05	10.00	24.73	46.00	-21.27	Average
9	3.58	25.01	9.65	0.06	10.00	44.72	56.00	-11.28	QP
10	3.59	6.16	9.65	0.06	10.00	25.87	46.00	-20.13	Average
11	24.01	25.15	9.71	0.13	10.00	44.99	60.00	-15.01	QP
12	24.02	7.04	9.71	0.13	10.00	26.88	50.00	-23.12	Average

Remarks: 1. Measured = Reading +Cable Loss +Aux2 Fac.
2. The emission levels that are 20dB below the official limit are not reported.

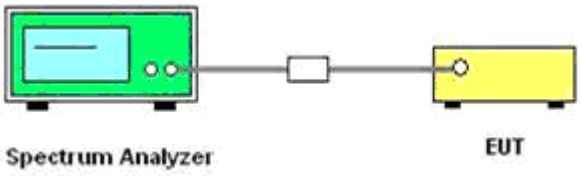
****Note: Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report (IEEE 802.11b).*

5.8. Band-edge measurements for radiated emissions

5.8.1 Standard Applicable

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

5.8.2. Test Setup Layout



5.8.3. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of Spectrum Analyzer.

5.8.4. Test Procedures

According to KDB 558074 D01 V03 for Antenna-port conducted measurement. Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to an EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge, for Radiated emissions restricted band RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz for peak detector and RBW=1MHz, VBW=1/B for Peak detector.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.
6. Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified by the appropriate regulatory agency (see 12.2.2, 12.2.3, and 12.2.4 for guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
7. Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see 12.2.5 for guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
8. Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).
9. For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
10. Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

$E = EIRP – 20\log D + 104.8$

Where:
E = electric field strength in dBμV/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm
D = specified measurement distance in meters.

11. Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.
12. Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable regulatory limit.
13. Perform radiated spurious emission test duress until all measured frequencies were complete.

5.8.5 Test Results

IEEE 802.11b							
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	Covert Radiated E Level At 3m (dBuV/m)	Detector	Limit (dBuV/m)	Verdict
2310.000	-50.117	2.000	0.000	47.111	Peak	74.00	PASS
2310.000	-61.988	2.000	0.000	35.240	AV	54.00	PASS
2390.000	-48.764	2.000	0.000	48.464	Peak	74.00	PASS
2390.000	-61.486	2.000	0.000	35.742	AV	54.00	PASS
2483.500	-49.231	2.000	0.000	47.997	Peak	74.00	PASS
2483.500	-61.235	2.000	0.000	35.993	AV	54.00	PASS
2500.000	-49.255	2.000	0.000	47.973	Peak	74.00	PASS
2500.000	-61.220	2.000	0.000	36.008	AV	54.00	PASS

IEEE 802.11g							
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	Covert Radiated E Level At 3m (dBuV/m)	Detector	Limit (dBuV/m)	Verdict
2310.000	-50.685	2.000	0.000	46.543	Peak	74.00	PASS
2310.000	-61.998	2.000	0.000	35.230	AV	54.00	PASS
2390.000	-48.877	2.000	0.000	48.351	Peak	74.00	PASS
2390.000	-61.008	2.000	0.000	36.220	AV	54.00	PASS
2483.500	-49.467	2.000	0.000	47.761	Peak	74.00	PASS
2483.500	-60.662	2.000	0.000	36.566	AV	54.00	PASS
2500.000	-49.691	2.000	0.000	47.537	Peak	74.00	PASS
2500.000	-60.741	2.000	0.000	36.487	AV	54.00	PASS

IEEE 802.11n HT20							
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	Covert Radiated E Level At 3m (dBuV/m)	Detector	Limit (dBuV/m)	Verdict
2310.000	-50.348	2.000	0.000	46.880	Peak	74.00	PASS
2310.000	-61.951	2.000	0.000	35.277	AV	54.00	PASS
2390.000	-48.191	2.000	0.000	49.037	Peak	74.00	PASS
2390.000	-60.848	2.000	0.000	36.380	AV	54.00	PASS
2483.500	-50.327	2.000	0.000	46.901	Peak	74.00	PASS
2483.500	-60.760	2.000	0.000	36.468	AV	54.00	PASS
2500.000	-49.608	2.000	0.000	47.620	Peak	74.00	PASS
2500.000	-60.750	2.000	0.000	36.478	AV	54.00	PASS

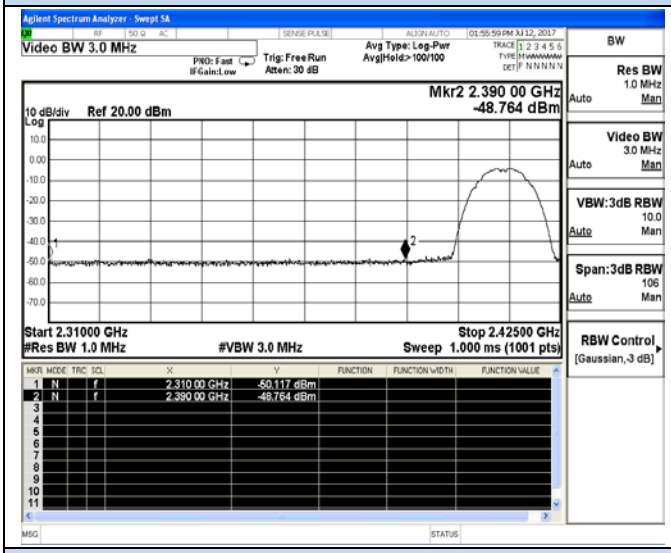
IEEE 802.11n HT40							
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	Covert Radiated E Level At 3m (dBuV/m)	Detector	Limit (dBuV/m)	Verdict
2310.000	-51.235	2.000	0.000	45.993	Peak	74.00	PASS
2310.000	-61.975	2.000	0.000	35.253	AV	54.00	PASS
2390.000	-49.166	2.000	0.000	48.062	Peak	74.00	PASS
2390.000	-61.413	2.000	0.000	35.815	AV	54.00	PASS
2483.500	-49.631	2.000	0.000	47.597	Peak	74.00	PASS
2483.500	-61.044	2.000	0.000	36.184	AV	54.00	PASS
2500.000	-49.899	2.000	0.000	47.329	Peak	74.00	PASS
2500.000	-61.036	2.000	0.000	36.192	AV	54.00	PASS

Remark:

1. *Measured Band-edge measurement for radiated emission at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.*
2. *Test results including cable loss;*
3. *Worst case data at 1Mbps at IEEE 802.11b; 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11g; 6.5Mbps at IEEE 802.11n HT20; 13.5Mbps at IEEE 802.11n HT40;*
4. *"---"means that the fundamental frequency not for 15.209 limits requirement.*
5. *No need measure Average values if Peak values meets Average limits;*
6. *Please refer to following plots;*

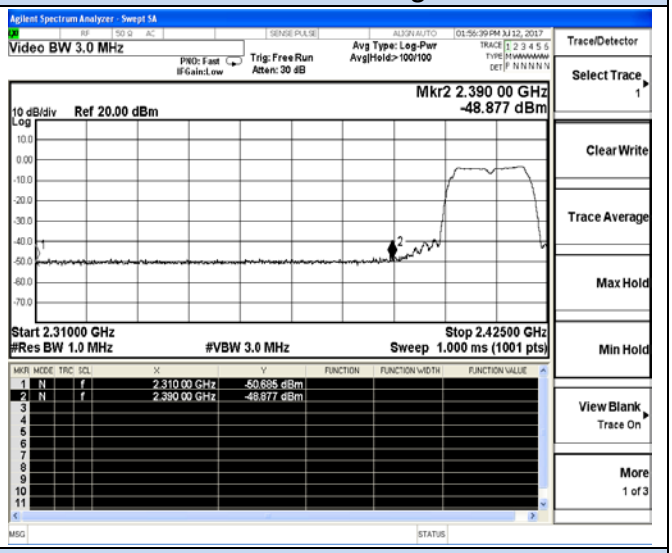
Band-edge measurements for radiated emissions

IEEE 802.11b

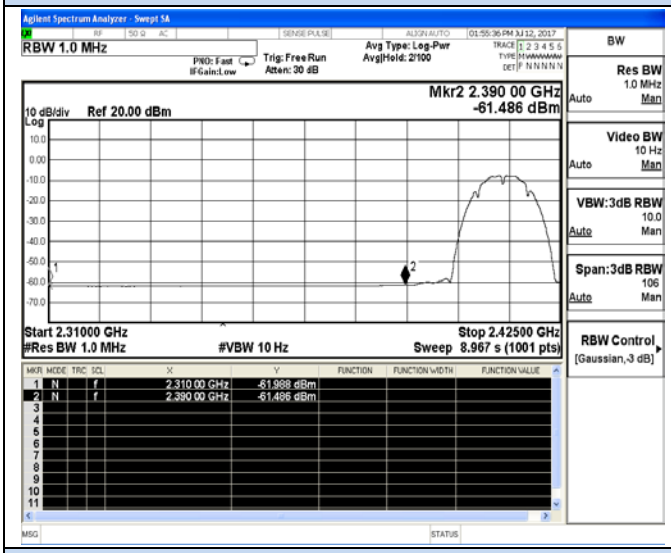


Channel 1 / 2412 MHz – Peak

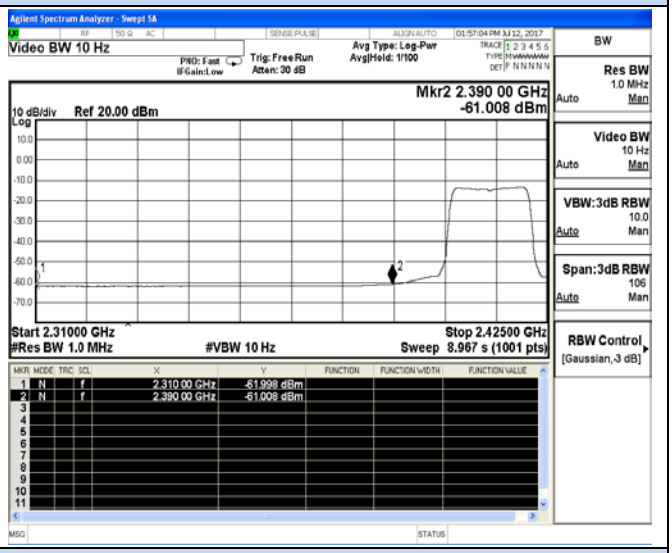
IEEE 802.11g



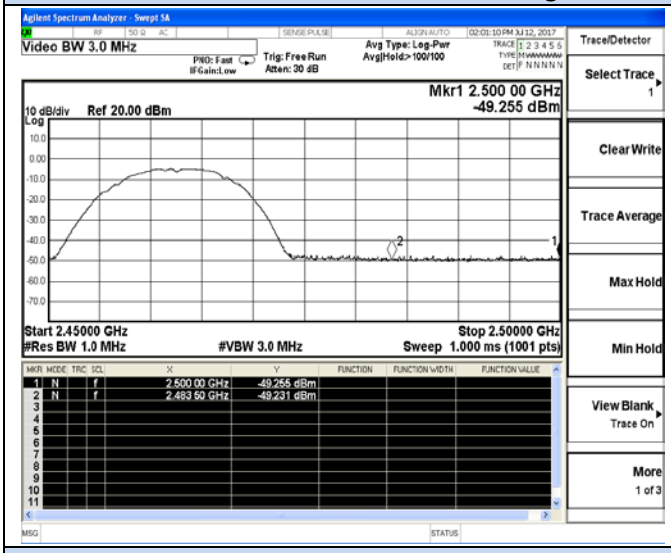
Channel 1 / 2412 MHz – Peak



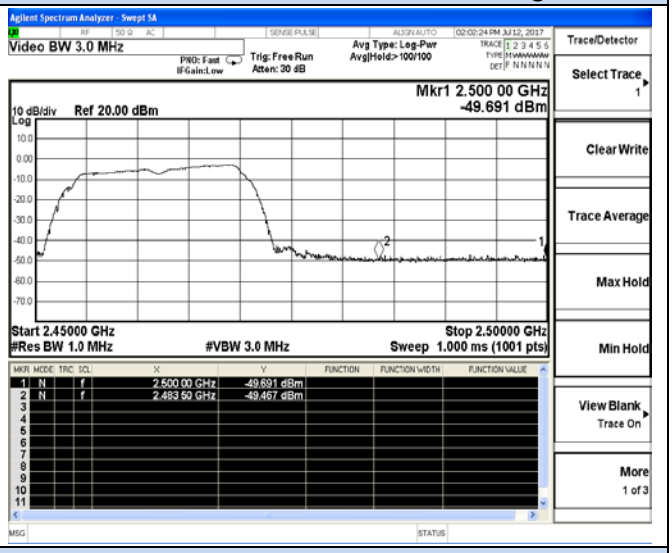
Channel 1 / 2412 MHz – Average



Channel 1 / 2412 MHz – Average



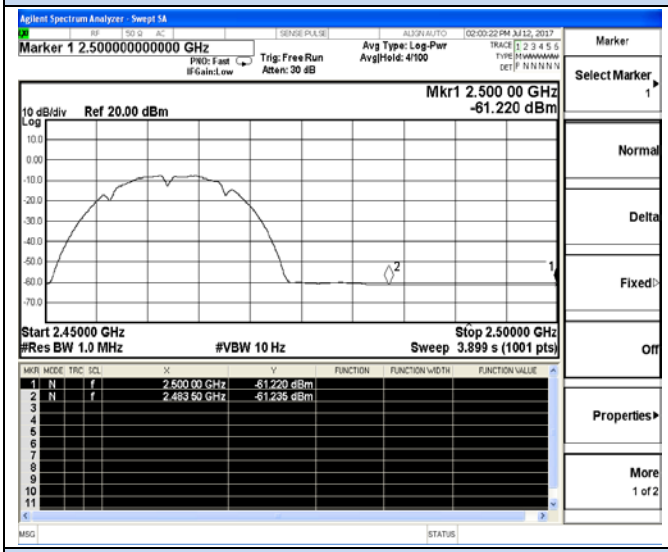
Channel 11 / 2412 MHz – Peak



Channel 11 / 2412 MHz – Peak

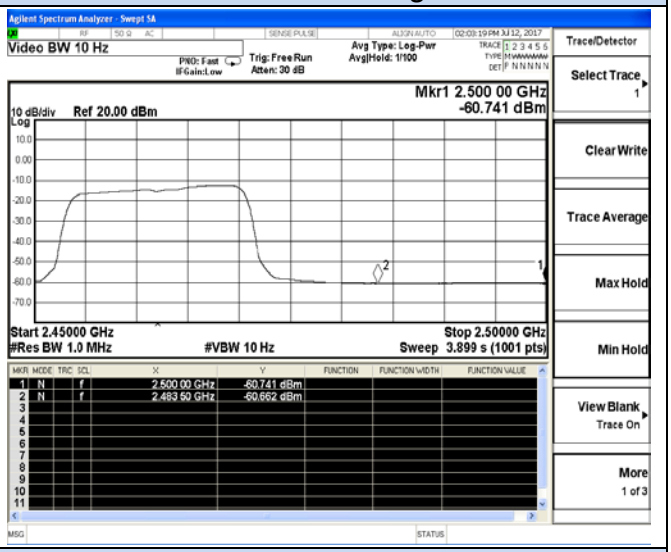
Band-edge measurements for radiated emissions

IEEE 802.11b



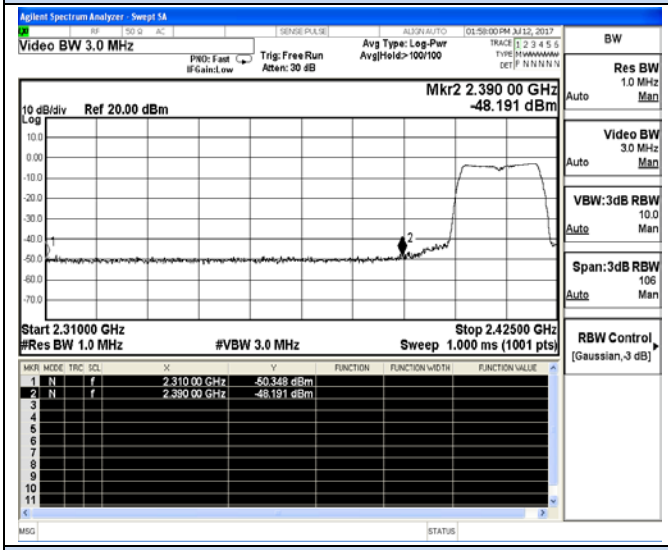
Channel 11 / 2462 MHz – Average

IEEE 802.11g



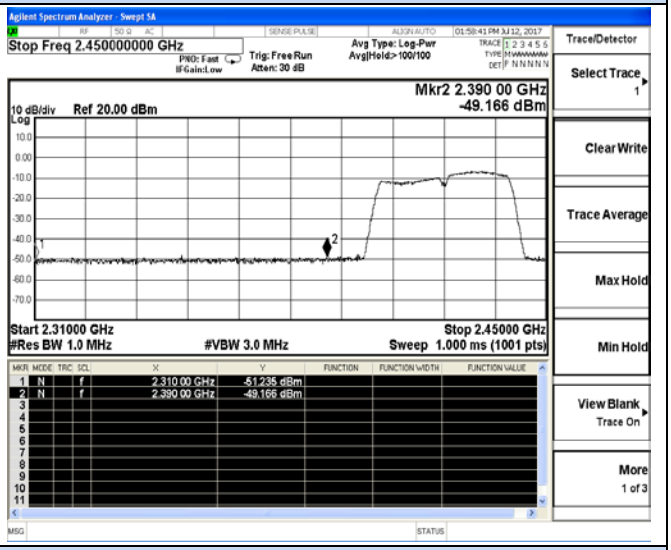
Channel 11 / 2462 MHz – Average

IEEE 802.11n HT20

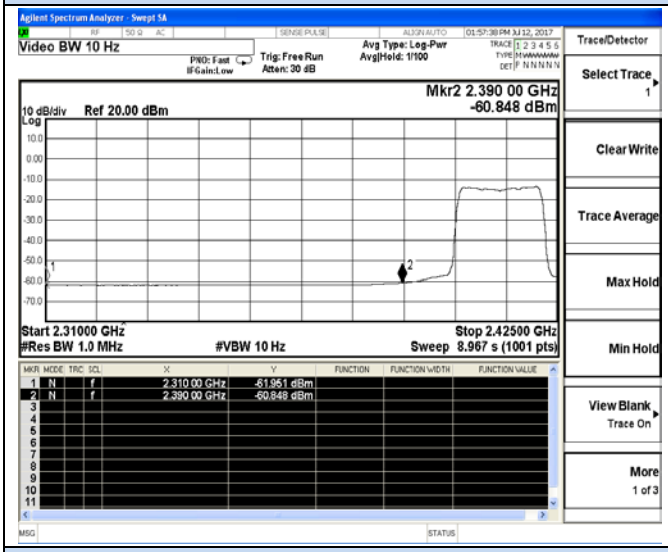


Channel 1 / 2412 MHz – Peak

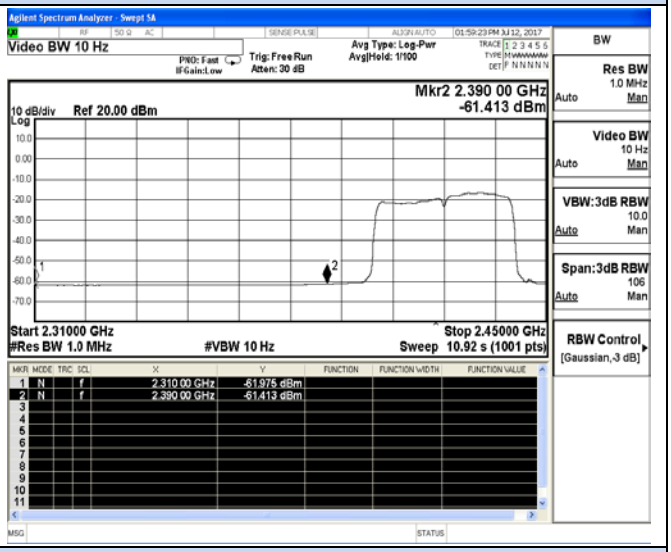
IEEE 802.11n HT40



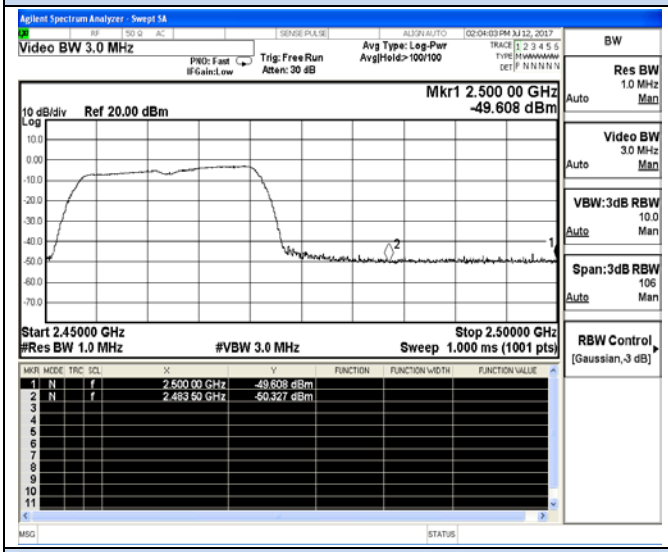
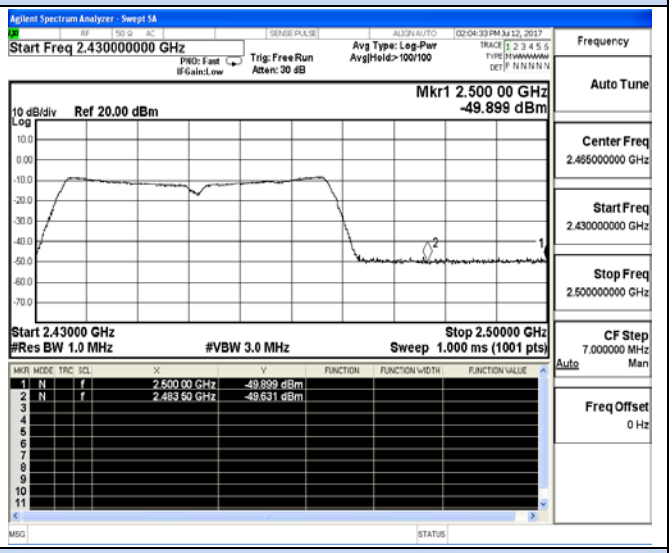
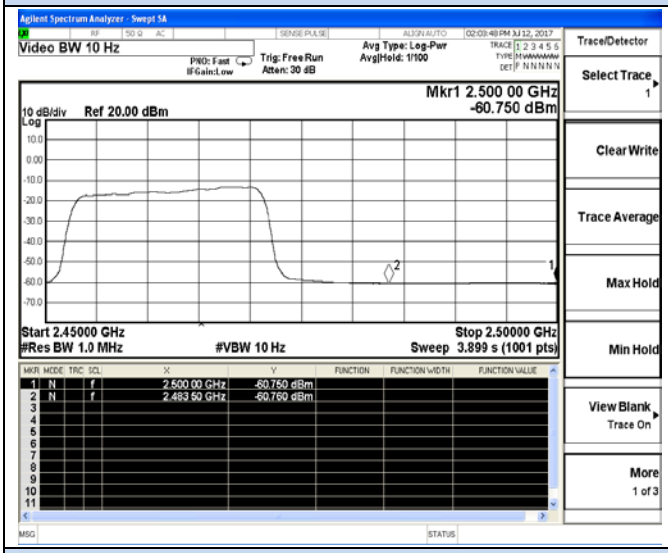
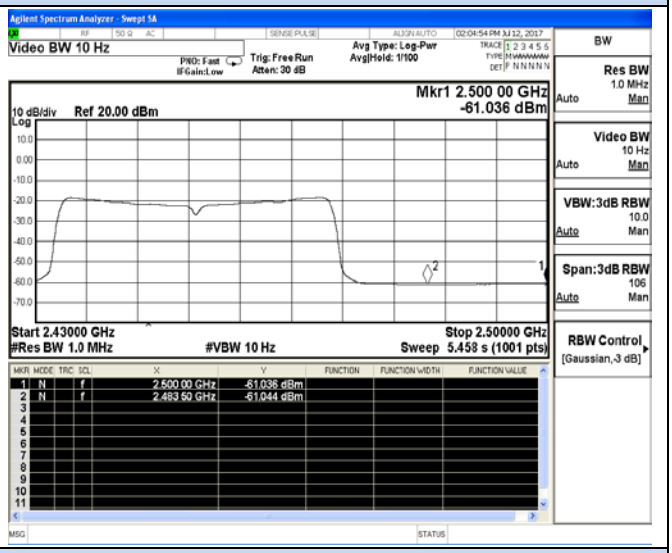
Channel 3 / 2422 MHz – Peak



Channel 1 / 2412 MHz – Average



Channel 3 / 2422 MHz – Average

Band-edge measurements for radiated emissions	
IEEE 802.11n HT20	IEEE 802.11n HT40
	
Channel 11 / 2462 MHz – Peak	Channel 9 / 2452 MHz – Peak
	
Channel 11 / 2462 MHz – Average	Channel 9 / 2452 MHz – Average

5.9. Antenna Requirements

5.9.1. Standard Applicable

According to antenna requirement of §15.203.

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be re-placed by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of Sections 15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, or 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with Section 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this Part are not exceeded.

And according to §15.247(4)(1), system operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz bands that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

5.9.2 Antenna Connected Construction

5.9.2.1. Standard Applicable

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

5.9.2.2. Antenna Connector Construction

The directional gains of antenna used for transmitting is 2.0dBi, and the antenna is an integral antenna connect to PCB board and no consideration of replacement. Please see EUT photo for details.

The WLAN and Bluetooth share same antenna.

5.9.2.3. Results: Compliance.

Measurement

The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module.

Conducted power refers ANSI C63.10:2013 Output power test procedure for DTS devices.

Radiated power refers to ANSI C63.10:2013 Radiated emissions tests.

Measurement parameters

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep Time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1MHz
Video bandwidth:	3MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max hold

Note: The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module. For normal WLAN devices, the IEEE 802.11b mode is used.

Limits

FCC	ISED
Antenna Gain	
6 dBi	

Note: The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module. For WLAN devices, the DSSS mode is used;

T_{nom}	V_{nom}	Lowest Channel 2412 MHz	Middle Channel 2437 MHz	Highest Channel 2462 MHz
Conducted power [dBm] Measured with DSSS modulation		8.29	8.33	8.38
Radiated power [dBm] Measured with DSSS modulation		10.10	10.23	10.21
Gain [dBi] Calculated		1.81	1.90	1.83
Measurement uncertainty			± 1.6 dB (cond.) / ± 3.8 dB (rad.)	

6. LIST OF MEASURING EQUIPMENTS

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Cal Date	Due Date
EMC Receiver	R&S	ESCS 30	100174	9kHz – 2.75GHz	Jun 18, 2017	Jun 17, 2018
Signal analyzer	Agilent	E4448A(External mixers to 40GHz)	US44300469	9kHz~40GHz	Jul 16, 2016	Jul 15, 2017
LISN	MESS Tec	NNB-2/16Z	99079	9KHz-30MHz	Jun 18, 2017	Jun 17, 2018
LISN	EMCO	3819/2NM	9703-1839	9KHz-30MHz	Jun 18, 2017	Jun 17, 2018
RF Cable-CON	UTIFLEX	3102-26886-4	CB049	9KHz-30MHz	Jun 18, 2017	Jun 17, 2018
ISN	SCHAFFNER	ISN ST08	21653	9KHz-30MHz	Jun 18, 2017	Jun 17, 2018
3m Semi Anechoic Chamber	SIDT FRANKONIA	SAC-3M	03CH03-HY	30M-18GHz	Jun 18, 2017	Jun 17, 2018
Amplifier	SCHAFFNER	COA9231A	18667	9kHz-2GHzz	Apr 18, 2017	Apr 17, 2018
Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A02120	1GHz-26.5GHz	Apr 18, 2017	Apr 17, 2018
Amplifier	MITEQ	AMF-6F-260400	9121372	26.5GHz-40GHz	Apr 18, 2017	Apr 17, 2018
Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	860004/001	9k-30MHz	Apr 18, 2017	Apr 17, 2018
By-log Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	9163-470	30MHz-1GHz	Apr 18, 2017	Apr 17, 2018
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	6741	1GHz-18GHz	Apr 18, 2017	Apr 17, 2018
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	BBHA9170154	15GHz-40GHz	Apr 18, 2017	Apr 17, 2018
RF Cable-R03m	Jye Bao	RG142	CB021	30MHz-1GHz	Jun 18, 2017	Jun 17, 2018
RF Cable-HIGH	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 106	03CH03-HY	1GHz-40GHz	Jun 18, 2017	Jun 17, 2018
Power Meter	R&S	NRVS	100444	DC-40GHz	Jun 18, 2017	Jun 17, 2018
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z81	100458	DC-30GHz	Jun 18, 2017	Jun 17, 2018
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z32	10057	30MHz-6GHz	Jun 18, 2017	Jun 17, 2018
AC Power Source	HPC	HPA-500E	HPA-9100024	AC 0~300V	Jun 18, 2017	Jun 17, 2018
DC power Source	GW	GPC-6030D	C671845	DC 1V-60V	Jun 18, 2017	Jun 17, 2018
Temp. and Humidity Chamber	Giant Force	GTH-225-20-S	MAB0103-00	N/A	Jun 18, 2017	Jun 17, 2018
RF CABLE-1m	JYE Bao	RG142	CB034-1m	20MHz-7GHz	Jun 18, 2017	Jun 17, 2018
RF CABLE-2m	JYE Bao	RG142	CB035-2m	20MHz-1GHz	Jun 18, 2017	Jun 17, 2018
Signal Generator	R&S	SMR40	10016	10MHz~40GHz	Jul 16, 2016	Jul 15, 2017
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU200	112012	N/A	Oct 27, 2016	Oct 26, 2017
Wideband Radia Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	1201.0002K50	N/A	Nov 19, 2016	Nov 18, 2017
PSG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N8257D	MY46520521	250KHz~20GHz	Nov 19, 2016	Nov 18, 2017
MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY50510140	10Hz~26.5GHz	Oct 27, 2016	Oct 26, 2017
RF Control Unit	Tonscend	JS0806-1	/	/	Nov 19, 2016	Nov 18, 2017
LTE Test Software	Tonscend	JS1120-1	/	Version: 2.5.7.0	N/A	N/A
Test Software	Ascentest	AT890-SW	20141230	Version: 20160630	N/A	N/A
Splitter/Combiner(Qty: 2)	Mini-Circuits	ZAPD-50W 4.2-6.0 GHz	NN256400424	/	Oct 27, 2016	Oct 26, 2017
Splitter/Combine(Qty: 2)	MCLI	PS3-7	4463/4464	/	Oct 27, 2016	Oct 26, 2017
ATT (Qty: 1)	Mini-Circuits	VAT-30+	30912	/	Oct 27, 2016	Oct 26, 2017
EMC Test Software	Audix	E3	/	/	/	/

7. TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT

Please refer to separated files for Test Setup Photos of the EUT.

8. EXTERIOR PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EUT

Please refer to separated files for External Photos of the EUT.

9. INTERIOR PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EUT

Please refer to separated files for Internal Photos of the EUT.

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