



### SAR Exclusion Justification for FCC ID M74TX9560

Test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm

Guidance document reference: 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r01, page 11, paragraph 4.3.1(1).

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

**$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] ^ *$**

**$[\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR, where}$**

- $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation<sup>25</sup>
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq$  50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is  $<$  5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

#### SAR test exclusion analysis:

Assumptions: Since the exact separation distance may vary from sensor to sensor, the minimum separation distance of 5 mm is assumed per the guidance document.

Max. power of channel: 20 mW

Min. separation distance: 5 mm

Max. frequency: 0.46775 GHz

$[(\text{Pwr/Dist}) * \text{Freq.}] = 1.871$

The result of the above SAR threshold calculation demonstrates that the result is less than the 1-g numeric threshold of 3 and the 10-g numeric threshold of 7.5.

**Conclusion: The above analysis shows that the digital transmission system transceiver with FCC ID M74TX9560 qualifies for exemption from SAR testing.**

Signed:   
Tom Tidwell, Technical Manager  
Nemko USA, Inc.

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