dBi Corporation FCC Certification Test Report Point Six VMEZIO Wireless Sensor Report Number 07dBi011



Testing Certificate #1985.01

### ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

### **Historical record:**

Because dBi Corporation is a testing entity, and not a manufacturer, this original test report of the VMEZIO wireless sensor is being transmitted to the manufacturer, Point Six. dBi will keep a copy for its historical records and to satisfy A2LA-audit requirements. We strongly recommend archiving the unit that we tested, to facilitate answering future inquiries regarding this product.

#### **Retention of records:**

The FCC requires the records for a Class A or Class B product to be retained by the responsible party for at least two years after the manufacture of said product has been permanently discontinued. These records should include the original certification or verification test report, quality audit data, and the test procedures used.

The European Union requires the Declaration of Conformity (DoC) and all supporting data for a product bearing the CE Marking to be retained, and available for inspection by enforcement authorities, for 10 years after placing the product on the market.

Australia and New Zealand require the Declaration of Conformity, test reports, a description of the product, documentation that clearly identifies the product, and paperwork showing the product's brand name, model number, etc. to be kept for at least five years after the product ceases to be supplied to Australia or New Zealand.

### **Measurement uncertainties:**

The Lexmark Electromagnetic Compatibility Laboratory (EMC Lab) has a documented calculation of the measurement uncertainties associated with tests performed at the Lexmark site.

### **Ongoing compliance:**

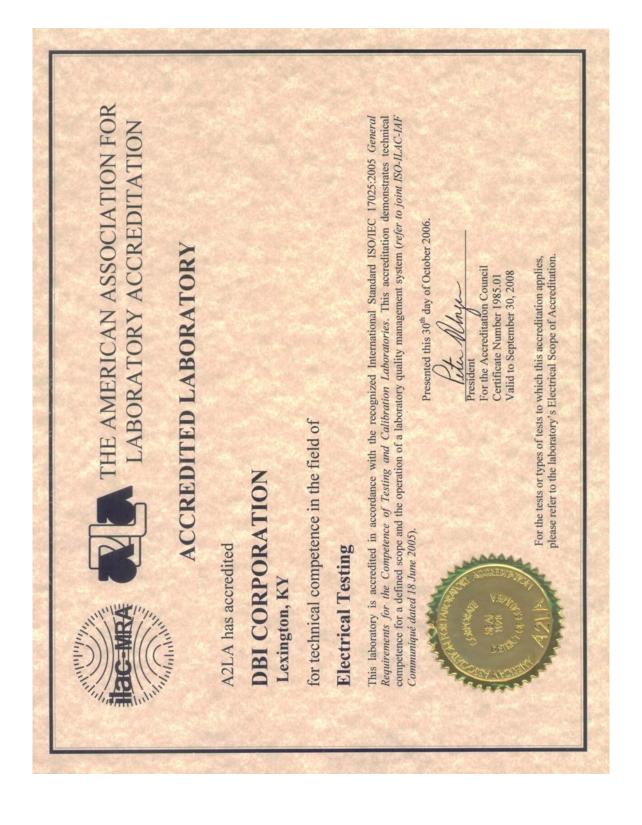
This report applies only to the sample tested. The manufacturer is responsibility for ensuring that the production models of this wireless sensor comply with the FCC and CE Marking requirements, and continue to comply throughout their manufacturing life. The manufacturer should check any changes to the product that could change its interference profile.

### **A2LA** approval:

dBi Corporation has been accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) for Radiated Emissions and Conducted Emissions, Electromagnetic Interference, and Electrostatic Discharge testing. Copies of our Accreditation Certificate and Scope of Accreditation follow.

The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) recognized the Lexmark site as meeting the requirements of section 2.948 of the FCC Rules in a letter dated December 10, 2001. This information is on file with the FCC under Registration No. 949691.

**Please note:** This report may be copied as needed, as long as it is copied in its entirety.





# **American Association for Laboratory Accreditation**

#### SCOPE OF ACCREDITATION TO ISO/IEC 17025:2005

dBi CORPORATION<sup>1</sup>
216 Hillsboro Avenue
Lexington, KY 40511-2105
John R. Barnes Phone: 859 253 1178

ELECTRICAL (EMC)

Valid To: September 30, 2008 Certificate Number: 1985.01

In recognition of the successful completion of the A2LA evaluation process, accreditation is granted to this laboratory to perform the following tests:

Test Technology Test Method(s)

Radiated Emissions CFR 47, FCC Method Part 15, Class A and B (using

ANSIC63.4:2003)

AS/NZS 3548:1995, AS/NZS CISPR 22:2004, 2002

CISPR 22:2003, 1997, 1993 EN 55022:1994, 1998 VCCI 2002, 2006

Conducted Emissions CFR 47, FCC Method Part 15, Class A and B (using

ANSI C63.4:2003)

AS/NZS 3548:1995; AS/NZS CISPR 22:2004, 2002;

CISPR 22:2003, 1997, 1993 EN 55022:1994, 1998 VCCI 2002, 2006

Harmonics IEC 61000-3-2:2000, EN 61000-3-2:2000

Flicker IEC 61000-3-3:1994, 2002; EN 61000-3-3:1995

**Immunity** 

Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2:1995

EN 61000-4-2:1995

Radiated Immunity IEC 61000-4-3:1995, 2002

EN 61000-4-3:1996

Electrical Fast Transient/Burst IEC 61000-4-4:1995

EN 61000-4-4:1995

(A2LA Cert. No. 1985.01) 10/30/06

5301 Buckeystown Pike, Suite 350 • Frederick, MD 21704-8373 • Phone: 301-644 3248 • Fax: 301-662 2974

**E** 

Test Technology Test Method(s)
Surge Immunity IEC 61000-4-5:1995

EN 61000-4-5:1995

Conducted Immunity IEC 61000-4-6:1996

EN 61000-4-6:1996

Magnetic Field Immunity IEC 61000-4-8:1993, 2001

EN 61000-4-8:1993

Voltage Dips/Interruption

Immunity

IEC 61000-4-11:1994, 2001

EN 61000-4-11:1994

ITE Product Family CISPR 24:1997

EN 55024:1998

Generic Devices for Residential, EN 61000-6-1:2001; EN 61000-6-3:2001; AS/NZS 4251.1-1999

Commercial, and Light Industrial Use

Generic Devices for Industrial Use EN 61000-6-2:1999, 2001

Electrical Equipment for

Measurement, Control, and

IEC 61326:1997, 2002 EN 61326:1997

Laboratory Use

On materials and products related to the following:

Information Technology Equipment - Computers, Printers, Peripheral Devices;

Generic Devices for residential, commercial, and light industrial use;

Generic Devices for industrial use;

Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use

NOTE: Testing is performed using the equipment and facilities at Lexmark International EMC Laboratory (A2LA Accreditation Certificate 0872.01)

(A2LA Cert. No. 1985.01) 10/30/06

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### **ADMINISTRATIVE DATA**

**Manufacturer:** Point Six, Inc.

2333 Alumni Park Plaza, Suite 305

Lexington, KY 40517

**Appliance/Product:** vibration/motion sensor

**Model/Type Number:** VMEZIO

FCC ID: M5ZVMEZIO

**Rating:** 3.6Vdc (Lithium battery)

**Suppression Components:** see attached sheet

Measurement Equipment used: see attached sheet.

Measurements According to, and Sample Unit Complies with: FCC 47 CFR Part 15-2006 Report Prepared By: John R. Barnes KS4GL, PE, NCE, NCT, ESDC Eng, ESDC Tech, PSE,

**SM IEEE** 

## **Testing Performed by:**

dBi Corporation 216 Hillsboro Avenue Lexington, KY 40511-2105, USA

Testing Performed on: July 29 & 31, 2007 at:

Lexmark International, Inc.

Development Lab.

Lexington, KY 40550, USA

Reviewed and Approved by: John R. Barnes KS4GL, PE, NCE, NCT, ESDC Eng, ESDC Tech,

PSE, SM IEEE

**SIGNED** 

**\_DATE**\_\_August 9, 2007\_\_\_

John R. Barnes, PRESIDENT dBi Corp.

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# INFORMATION RELATING TO PRODUCT RF INTERFERENCE

**Appliance/Product:** vibration/motion sensor

Model/Type Number: VMEZIO

FCC ID: M5ZVMEZIO

**Rating:** 3.6Vdc (Lithium battery)

Suppression Components: none

Clock Frequencies: 8MHz and 418MHz

Cables: none.

**Electronic Printed Circuit Boards:** 

Vibration EZIO P/N P2801

**Size of Product:** 64mm x 51mm x 25mm high

Weight of Product: 70g

## Radiated Emissions 30-4,180 MHz

### **Radiated Emission Standards:**

FCC 47 CFR Part 15-2006, using ANSI C63.4-2003; section 15.231(e) limits for 418MHz.

**Appliance/Product:** vibration/motion sensor

**Model/Type Number:** VMEZIO

FCC ID: M5ZVMEZIO

**Rating:** 3.6Vdc (Lithium battery) **Serial Number:** 70767018

**Host and Other Peripherals:** None

Name of Test: Radiated Interference Test Procedure: ANSI C63.4-2003

Test Location: 5m semianechoic chamber

**Test Distance:** 3m

**Test Instrumentation:** See attached sheets

**Notes:** Transmitting at 1 second intervals to speed up testing.

Based on our experiences testing previous FCC Part 15.231(e) products, we put a calibrated 20dB attenuator right after the bi-con antenna to prevent signal compression in the preamp/receiver chain,. for measurements from 30-1000MHz. We added its loss (20.194dB at 418MHz, 20.15dB at 836MHz) to the field strengths measured by the receiver in this band. We used a different antenna and preamp for measurements above 1GHz. The FCC Part 15.231(e) limits above 1GHz are lower than the FCC Class A limits above 1GHz, thus any linearity concerns had been addressed during equipment calibration.

Due to software limitations, we had to measure PK+, QP, and AVE for 418MHz and its harmonics in manual mode, as follows:

- 1. With the equipment-under-test (EUT) upright, measure 418MHz and 836MHz in QP mode with the bi-con antenna vertical and horizontal (Lexmark's EMC software records the azimuth and antenna elevation for the highest QP emissions).
- 2. Repeat step 1 with the EUT on its back.
- 3. Repeat step 1 with the EUT on its side.
- 4. Study the plots to determine which orientation of the EUT had the highest emissions in QP mode.
- 5. Return the EUT to this position. With the bi-con antenna vertical, go back to the azimuth and antenna elevation that maximized the QP emissions at a given frequency.
- 6. Using a 1 second sampling time, measure PK+ and QP, taking the maximum values seen on the receiver over 10-20 seconds. If we still suspected signal compression, we increased the attenuation of the receiver's front-end by 10dB. If the measurement stayed the same, we used the previous reading. If the value increased, we continued increasing the attenuation in 10dB steps until the measurement stayed the same, then reduced the attenuation 10dB for the official measurement.

- 7. Using a 100 millisecond sampling time, measure AVE, taking taking the maximum value seen on the receiver over 10-20 seconds. (Since we could only catch the top 2 digits, we used 0.99dB as the fractional part to be conservative.)
- 8. In the calculations, add the attenuator's loss to the measured value to get the true field strength.
- 9. Repeat steps 5 to 8 with the bi-con antenna horizontal.
- 10. Put the EUT(s) on the table in the position(s) that mazimized 418MHz Radiated Emissions.
- 11. Measure 1254MHz, 1672MHz, ..., 4180MHz in PK+ mode with the horn antenna vertical and horizontal (the software records the azimuth of the PK+ and AVE peaks, elevation was 1m).
- 12. With the horn antenna vertical, go to the azimuth that maximized each PK+ peak.
- 13. Using a 1 second sampling time, measure PK+, taking the maximum values seen on the receiver over 10-20 seconds.
- 14. Using a 100 millisecond sampling time, measure AVE, taking taking the maximum value seen on the receiver over 10-20 seconds. (Since we could only catch the top 2 digits, we used 0.99dB as the fractional part to be conservative.)
- 15. Repeat steps 12 to 14 with the horn antenna horizontal.

For measurements from 30MHz-1,000 MHz the 6dB resolution bandwidth (RBW) was 120kHz. Above 1,000MHz the 6dB RBW was 1MHz. All measurements were made in EMI Receiver mode, and according to the receiver specifications, video bandwidth (VBW) doesn't apply, the bandwidth error is under 10%, and the shape factor (B(60dB)/B(6dB)) is under 10.

Under Section 15.231(e), the average limit for the fundamental is calculated by linear interpolation from 1500 uV/m at 260 MHz to 5000 uV/m at 470 MHz when measured at 3m. Average limit =  $((5000 \text{uV/m}-1500 \text{uV/m})^*(418 \text{MHz}-260 \text{MHz})/(470 \text{MHz}-260 \text{MHz}))+1500 \text{uV/m}=4133 \text{uV/m}=20^* \log(4133) \text{ dB(uV/m})=72.33 \text{dB(uV/m})$ . Section 15.35(b) sets the peak limit for the fundamental to 20 dB above the average limit, or 92.33 dB(uV/m) at 3m. For spurious emissions, Section 15.231(e) sets the average limit to 20 dB below the maximum permitted fundamental level, or 52.33 dB(uV/m) at 3m, with the peak limit 20 dB higher at 20.33 dB(uV/m.

The maximum transmit time for these sensors is 8ms. Averaged over a 100ms sample time, the AVE measurement should be about 20\*log(8ms/100ms) = -21.938dB from PK+ measurements. The measured difference may be less if the AVE signal level is under the noise floor of the receiver, artificially increasing its value. On a previous product we were told that for pulsed emissions we should calculate AVE emissions using a duty-cycle correction factor = 20\*log(worst case ON-TIME (ms) in any 100ms window / 100 ms) from the peak value, with the duty-cycle correction factor limited to the range 0dB to 20dB. In this test report we show both the *measured* AVE values and the *calculated* AVE values for this sensor.

**Test Results:** <u>Tables 1 through 4, and the Transmitted Bandwidth Data,</u> show that this unit meets the radiated interference requirements of FCC Part 15 Section 15.231(e).

**SIGNED** 

**\_DATE** August 9, 2007\_\_

John R. Barnes, PRESIDENT dBi Corp.

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# Radiated Emissions Data 30-4,180MHz

# TABLE 1 PEAK EMISSIONS

Receiver	Receiver		Cable		Radiated I	15.231(e)	
Meas.	Reading		Correction Antenna		Field Stren	Peak	
Freq.	Vert.	Horiz.	<b>Factor</b>	<b>Factor</b>	Vert.	Horiz.	Limit
MHz	dB(uV)*	$(dB(uV)^2)$	* dB	dB(/m)	dB(uV/m)	dB(uV/m)	dB(uV/m)
418.07	72.133	90.963	-25.210	16.721	63.644	82.474	92.33
836.15	51.358	52.078	-23.631	23.243	50.970	51.690	72.33
1254.22	61.564	58.064	-29.787	23.563	55.340	51.840	72.33
1672.30	65.659	46.489	-28.236	24.817	62.240	43.070	72.33
2090.37	49.152	54.952	-27.522	26.180	47.810	53.610	72.33
2508.44	39.800	32.700	-27.197	29.937	42.540	35.440	72.33
2926.52	30.394	34.474	-26.447	29.623	33.570	37.650	72.33
3344.59	29.626	28.456	-25.881	30.345	34.090	32.920	72.33
3762.66	40.542	33.462	-25.025	30.763	46.280	39.200	72.33
4180.74	30.335	26.885	-24.719	31.524	37.140	33.690	72.33

**Sample Calculation:** Receiver reading dB(uV) plus cable correction factor (dB) plus antenna factor dB(/m) equals Radiated Interference Field Strength dB(uV/m).

# TABLE 2 QUASIPEAK EMISSIONS

Receiver	Receiver		Cable		Radiated I	15.231(e)		
Meas.	Reading	Reading		<b>Correction Antenna</b>		Field Strength		
Freq.	Vert.	Horiz.	<b>Factor</b>	<b>Factor</b>	Vert.	Horiz.	Limit	
MHz	dB(uV)*	(dB(uV)	* dB	dB(/m)	dB(uV/m)	dB(uV/m)	dB(uV/m)	
418.07	67.549	89.073	-25.210	16.721	59.060	80.584		
836.15	45.518	45.588	-23.631	23.243	45.130	45.200		

**Sample Calculation:** Receiver reading dB(uV) plus cable correction factor (dB) plus antenna factor dB(/m) equals Radiated Interference Field Strength dB(uV/m).

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John R. Barnes, PRESIDENT dBi Corporation

# Radiated Emissions Data 30-4,180MHz (BA/WT-D-BB, cont.)

# TABLE 3 MEASURED AVERAGE EMISSIONS

Receiver	Receiver		Cable		Radiated I	15.231(e)	
Meas.	<b>Reading</b>		Correction Antenna		Field Stren	Average	
Freq.	Vert.	Horiz.	Factor	Factor	Vert.	Horiz.	Limit
MHz	dB(uV)*	$(dB(uV)^2)$	* <u>dB</u>	dB(/m)	dB(uV/m)	dB(uV/m)	dB(uV/m)
418.07	51.673	73.673	-25.210	16.721	43.184	65.184	72.33
836.15	39.528	39.528	-23.631	23.243	39.140	39.140	52.33
1254.22	43.215	41.215	-29.787	23.562	36.990	34.990	52.33
1672.30	38.409	26.409	-28.236	24.817	34.990	22.990	52.33
2090.37	32.333	37.333	-27.522	26.179	30.990	35.990	52.33
2508.44	25.252	20.252	-27.197	27.935	25.990	20.990	52.33
2926.52	16.705	19.705	-26.406	29.691	19.990	22.990	52.33
3344.59	15.527	14.527	-25.881	30.344	19.990	18.990	52.33
3762.66	23.253	17.253	-25.025	30.762	28.990	22.990	52.33
4180.74	15.185	13.185	-24.719	31.524	21.990	19.990	52.33

**Sample Calculation:** Receiver reading dB(uV) plus cable correction factor (dB) plus antenna factor dB(/m) equals Radiated Interference Field Strength dB(uV/m).

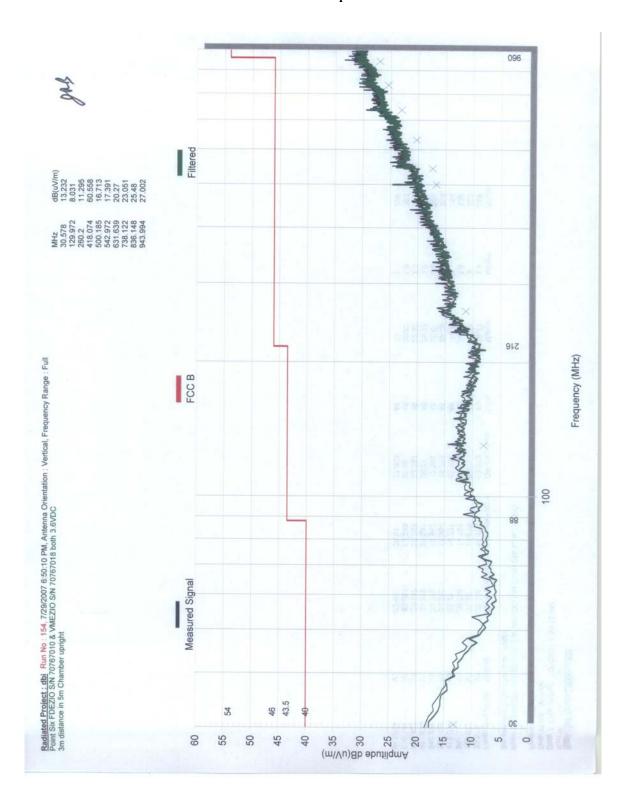
# TABLE 4 CALCULATED AVERAGE EMISSIONS

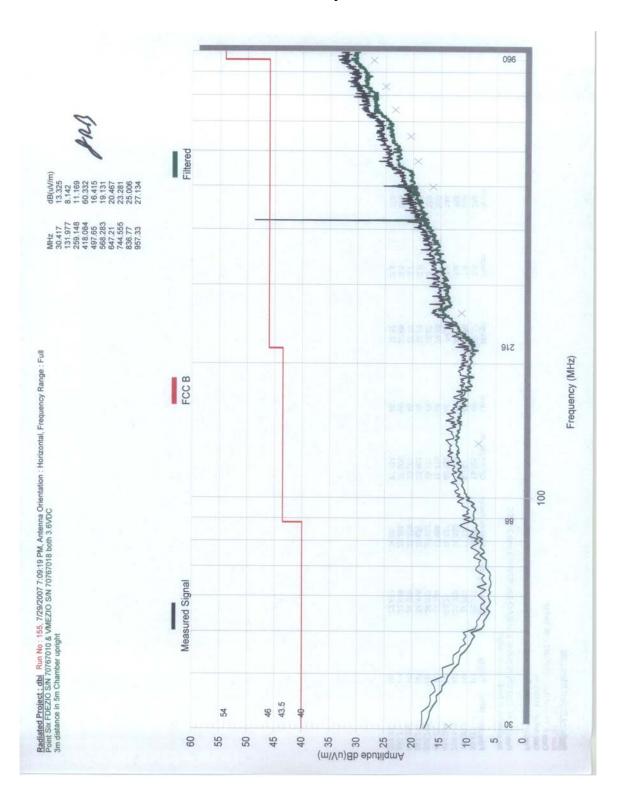
Receiver	Receiver Cable			Duty-cyc	15.231e			
Meas.	Reading		_Corr.	Antenna	Corr.	Field Str	ength	Average
Freq.	Vert.	Horiz.	<b>Factor</b>	<b>Factor</b>	<b>Factor</b>	Vert.	Horiz.	Limit
MHz	dB(uV)*	(dB(uV)*	<sup>k</sup> dB	dB(/m)	<u>dB**</u>	dB(uV/m	<u>) dB(uV/r</u>	n) dB(uV/m)
418.07	72.133	90.963	-25.210	16.721	-20.000	43.644	62.474	72.33
836.15	51.358	52.078	-23.631	23.243	-20.000	30.970	31.690	52.33
1254.22	61.564	58.064	-29.787	23.563	-20.000	35.340	31.840	52.33
1672.30	65.659	46.489	-28.236	24.817	-20.000	42.240	23.070	52.33
2090.37	49.152	54.952	-27.522	26.180	-20.000	27.810	33.610	52.33
2508.44	39.800	32.700	-27.197	29.937	-20.000	22.540	15.440	52.33
2926.52	30.394	34.474	-26.447	29.623	-20.000	13.570	17.650	52.33
3344.59	29.626	28.456	-25.881	30.345	-20.000	14.090	12.920	52.33
3762.66	40.542	33.462	-25.025	30.763	-20.000	26.280	19.200	52.33
4180.74	30.335	26.885	-24.719	31.524	-20.000	17.140	13.690	52.33

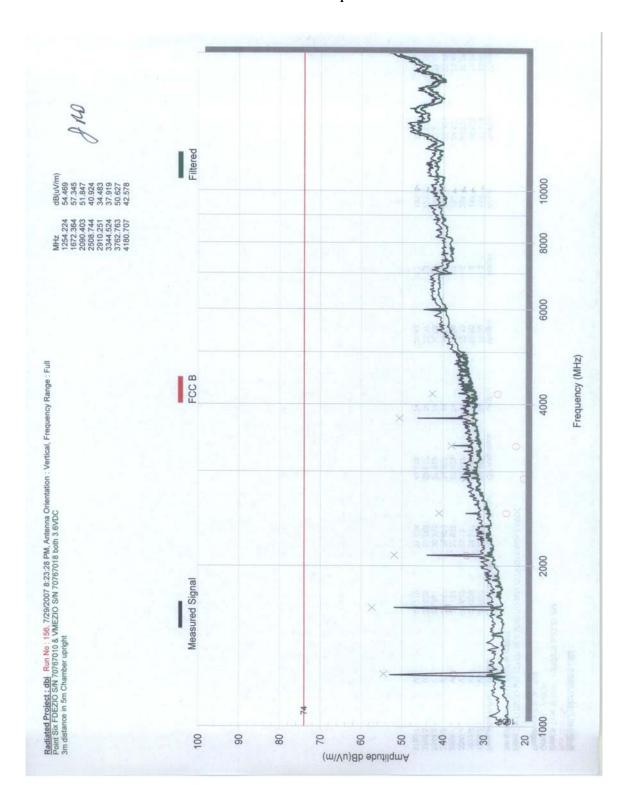
**Sample Calculation:** Receiver reading dB(uV) plus cable correction factor (dB) plus antenna factor dB(/m) plus duty-cycle correction factor equals Radiated Interference Field Strength dB(uV/m).

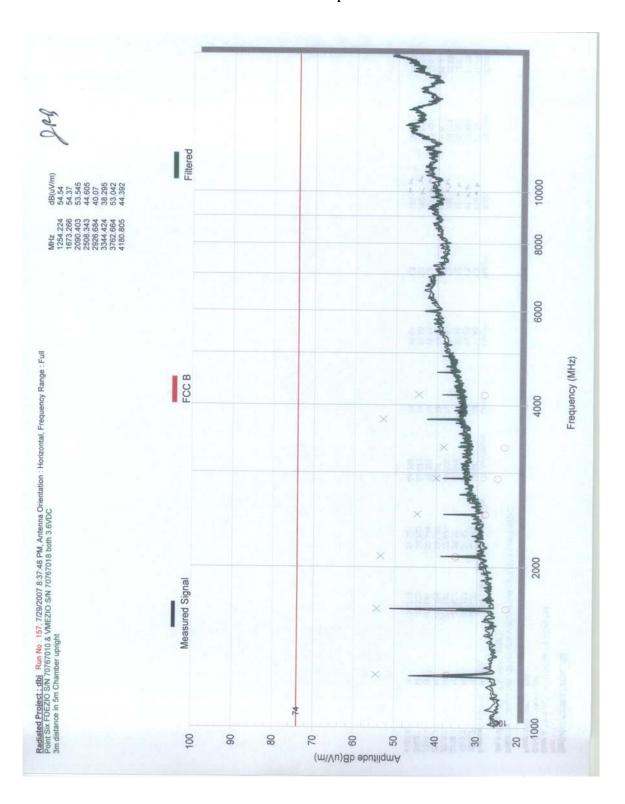
**Signed** \_\_\_\_\_\_ **Date** \_\_August 9, 2007\_\_\_

John R. Barnes, PRESIDENT dBi Corporation









# **Transmitted Bandwidth Data**

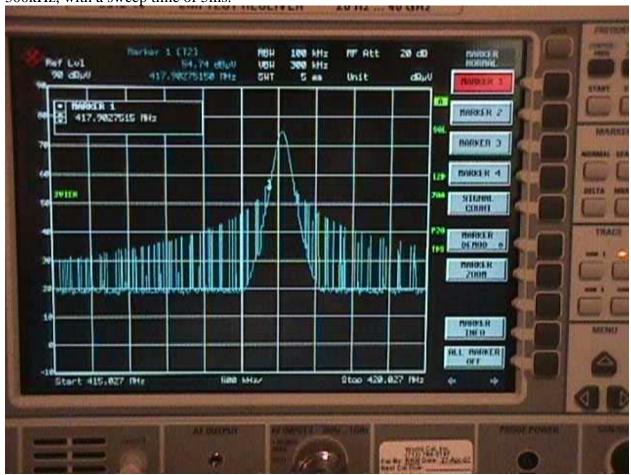
**Appliance/Product:** vibration/motion sensor

**Model/Type Number:** VMEZIO

FCC ID: M5ZVMEZIO

**Rating:** 3.6Vdc (Lithium battery) **Serial Number:** 70767018

**Test Results:** The 20dB transmitted bandwidth of the VMEZIO is 340kHz (417.903MHz to 418.243MHz), well within the 1045kHz (0.25% of 418MHz) maximum bandwidth permitted by FCC Part 15 Section 15.231(c). In the photo, each horizontal division is 500kHz, and each vertical division is 10dB. The RBW bandwidth was 100kHz, and the VBW bandwidth was 300kHz, with a sweep time of 5ms.



**PROCEDURE:** Test Performed Per ANSI 63.4 – 2003.

Jh R. Bann

Signed Date August 9, 2007

John R. Barnes, PRESIDENT dBi Corporation

### Conducted Emissions 150 kHz-30 MHz

### **Conducted Emission Standards:**

FCC 47 CFR Part 15-2005, using ANSI C63.4-2003

**Appliance/Product:** vibration/motion sensor

**Model/Type Number:** VMEZIO

FCC ID: M5ZVMEZIO

**Rating:** 3.6Vdc (Lithium battery) **Serial Number:** 70767018

Host and Other Peripherals: None

Name of Test: Powerline Conducted Interference

Test Procedure: ANSI C63.4-2003

**Test Location:** All welded 18 ft x 18 ft shielded enclosure, Lexmark test facility, located in

Lexington, Kentucky

**Test Instrumentation:** See attached sheets

Note: none

**Test Results:** This unit gets power from an internal battery, and has no connection to AC power lines. Therefore it meets the Class B conducted interference requirements of FCC Part 15 without testing.

**SIGNED** 

**\_\_DATE** \_\_August 9, 2007\_\_\_

John R. Barnes, PRESIDENT dBi Corp.

# TESTING AND MEASURING EQUIPMENT USED AT LEXMARK

Radiated Interference and Bandwidth Measurements 30-4,180MHz:

Rohde & Schwarz ESIB40, S/N 100148

EMI Test Receiver #0700 (Cal date: 4/27/07, Cal due date: 4/27/09)

Schaffner-Chase CBL6111C, S/N 2460

BI-Log Antenna 30 to 1000 MHz #0507 (Cal date: 10/2/06, Cal due date: 10/2/08)

ARA DRG-118/A, S/N 1091

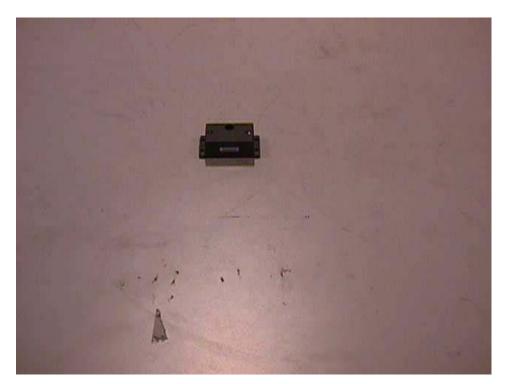
Horn Antenna, 1GHz to 18GHz #0389 (Cal date: 12/1997, Cal due date: not needed)

**Calibration:** The measuring equipment used at Lexmark is calibrated according to the instruction manual once a day. Once a week the accuracy of the test system is checked. This includes the test equipment, associated cables, and antennas. This is accomplished with a calibrated radiating source for the radiated measurements, and a synthesized signal generator for the conducted measurements.





FCC RADIATED-EMISSIONS TEST CONFIGURATION VMEZIO
5m SEMIANECHOIC CHAMBER
LEXMARK INTERNATIONAL, LEXINGTON KY.





FCC OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH TEST CONFIGURATION VMEZIO
5m SEMIANECHOIC CHAMBER
LEXMARK INTERNATIONAL, LEXINGTON KY.