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Model No.: STS-S-3

Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation

According to KDB 447498 D01v06 section 4.3.1, For frequencies below 100 MHz and test separation distances ≤ 50 mm, the Numeric threshold is determined as:

Step a)
[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] · [√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR

Step b)
{[Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50mm in step a)] + [(test separation distance – 50mm) · (f(MHz)/150)]} mW

Step c) 1)
For test separation distances > 50mm and < 200mm, the power threshold at the corresponding test separation distance at 100MHz in step b) is multiplied by [1 + log(100/f(MHz))]

Step c) 2)
For test separation distances ≤ 50mm, the power threshold determined by the equation in c) 1) for 50mm and 100MHz is multiplied by ½.

>> The fundamental frequency of the EUT is 112kHz, the test separation distance is < 50mm.
    (Manufacturer specified the separation distance is: 20mm)

Step a)
>> Numeric threshold, mW / 50mm * √0.1GHz ≤ 3.0
    Numeric threshold ≤ 474.3mW

Step b)
>> Numeric threshold ≤ 474.3mW + (50mm-50mm * 100MHz/150) = 474.3mW
    Numeric threshold ≤ 474.3mW

Step c) 1) & c) 2)
>> Numeric threshold ≤ 474.3mW * [1 + log 100/100MHz] * ½
    Numeric threshold ≤ 273.15mW

>> The power of EUT measured is: -39.78dBm = 0.0001051mW
    Which is smaller than the Numeric threshold.
    Therefore, the device is exempt from stand-alone SAR test requirements.