Chapter 1: Introduction

This manual contains detail instructions, on how to setup and operate the VPN Internet Gateway.

The VPN Internet Gateway provides an easy and cost effective way to communicate securely over a public network, such as the Internet. You can configure the VPN Internet Gateway to automatically encrypt all data transmitted to a particular site or sites over the Internet. The VPN Internet Gateway can create a secure connection between two or more sites.

The VPN Internet Gateway is equipped with:

- A WAN Ethernet port (connects to any Cable/XDSL modem)
- 4 LAN Ethernet ports (connect to a PC client or a Hub/switch etc.)
- One asynchronous port (connects to a dial up modem or a ISDN TA)

Connect any Cable/XDSL modem to the VPN Internet Gateway, to establish a high speed Internet connection. Once an Internet connection is made, you can start establishing VPN connections. Those who require a private and secure connection will find this device an easy and cost effective solution to a lease line connection.

The asynchronous port can be connected to a dial-up modem or to an ISDN TA and provides you with a backup Internet connection should the Cable/xDSL connection fail. If there is no Cable/xDSL service in your area, the asynchronous port can also serve as your Internet access connection.

The VPN Internet Gateway provides a total solution for those SOHO (Small Office and Home Office), SMB (Small and Medium size Businesses) and ROBO (Remote Office and Branch Office) users, who require a VPN and other sophisticated functions at a cost effective price.

Features

- Supports Virtual Private Network (VPN) connections (IPSec)
- Supports up to 8 IPSec tunnel connections
- Supports VPN client software (Safenet and SSH)
- Supports DES/3DES Encryption, IP Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP), Authentication (MD5/SHA-1)
- Shared Internet connection via any Cable or xDSL modem
- Asynchronous port for backup or dial-up Internet connection
- Supports up to 253 users
- Provides solid firewall protection for LAN clients/computers
- Built-in high speed 4 port 10/100 switch to connect to computers or to additional switches/hubs
- Provides centralization of all network address settings (DHCP)
- Comprehensive device monitoring system: Device status, Device information, System Tools, Intruder Detection log and more...
- Easy-to-use, Web-based setup and configuration
- Dynamic DNS to have Web and other Servers behind a Dynamic IP address
- Acts as a Virtual server to enable remote access to Web, FTP, and other services on your network
- DMZ for full 2-way communication between your LAN and the Internet
- URL filtering function
- Supports the UPnP protocol
- E-Mail alert when a network security breach occurs

Package Contents

Please inspect your package. The following items should be included:

- 1). One VPN Internet Gateway (the Device)
- 2). One Power adapter
- 3). One User's Guide

If any of the above items are damaged or missing, please contact your dealer immediately.

Minimum System Requirements

- Microsoft Internet Explorer 4.0 (or later version) or Netscape Navigator 4.0 (or later version)
- One computer with an installed 10Mbps, 100Mbps or 10/100Mbps
 Ethernet card
- One external xDSL or Cable modem with an Ethernet port (RJ-45)
- One Modem or ISDN TA (if a dialup connection is needed)
- One RJ-45 Cable/XDSL Internet connection
- TCP/IP protocol installed in your computer
- UTP network Cable with a RJ-45 connector

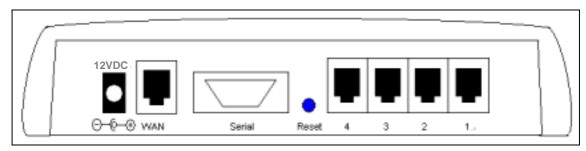
Pre-Installation Checklist

Before installing the Internet Gateway, you should:

- Have carefully read the entire manual.
- Be familiar with the terminology and concepts of browsers. (This guide works under the assumption that you are proficient with the browsers you are using).
- Have met all the hardware and software requirements.

The Gateway's Rear View

The diagram below shows the Internet Gateway's rear panel and is where all the hardware connections are made.



Rear View Ports	Description
Power (12VDC)	The power port is where you connect the DC power adapter
WAN	The WAN 10M Ethernet port is where you connect your ADSL/Cable modem.
Serial	The Serial port is where you connect the 56K modem / ISDN TA
Reset	If you want the device to have the factory default settings, press the reset button and hold it for 5 ~ 6 seconds. This will load the factory default settings into the device. Please be careful. Do not press the reset button unless you want to clear the current configurations.
Ports 1-4	There are four LAN ports on the rear panel (supports auto crossover). This is where you connect network devices, such as PCs, switches, hubs, print servers, LAN servers or other network devices.

The Gateway's Front Panel LED

On the router's front panel there are LED lights that inform you of the router's current status. Below is an explanation of each LED and its function.



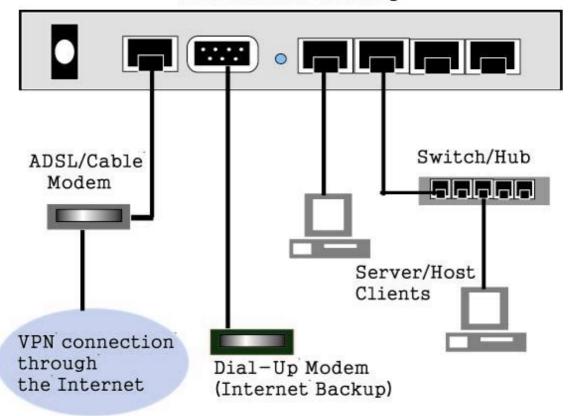
LED	LED Status	Description
LAN (1-4) Link/Act	Off	Green LED will NOT Light if there is no connection
	ON	Green LED will LIGHT when a connection has been established.
	Blink	Green LED will BLINK if packets are been transmitted or received
Serial	Off	Green LED will NOT Light if there is no connection
	ON	Green LED will LIGHT when a link has been established.
WAN	Off	Green LED will NOT Light when a link has not been established.
	ON	Green LED will LIGHT when a link has been established.

LED	LED Status	Description
STATUS	Blink	Yellow LED will BLINK when the device is booting up or upgrading a firmware.
POWER	Off	NO Power
	ON	Red LED will LIGHT if the Gateway is receiving power.

Hardware Installation Setup

The diagram below shows how the Internet Gateway is typically setup.

VPN Internet Gateway



When you setup the hardware installation please note the following.

- 1. Make sure that the power supply outlet voltage is compatible with the power adapters of your PCs, Cable/XDSL modem and the Internet Gateway.
- 2. For the Internet Gateway, only use the power adapter that comes with it.
- 3. Connect a network cable from your PC's Ethernet port to one of the LAN ports at the rear panel of the Internet Gateway. Do the same with all of the PCs or switches/hubs you wish to connect to the Internet Gateway.
- 4. Connect the network cable from your Cable/XDSL modem to the WAN Ethernet port at the rear panel of the Internet Gateway.

Chapter 2: Getting Started

To setup the Internet Gateway and get connected to the Internet; follow the following step-by-step procedure:

- Setup your hardware network installation (see Chapter 1 Hardware Installation setup)
- 2. Configure your network computers (LAN server/client/host) to "Obtain an IP address automatically." (See Appendix)

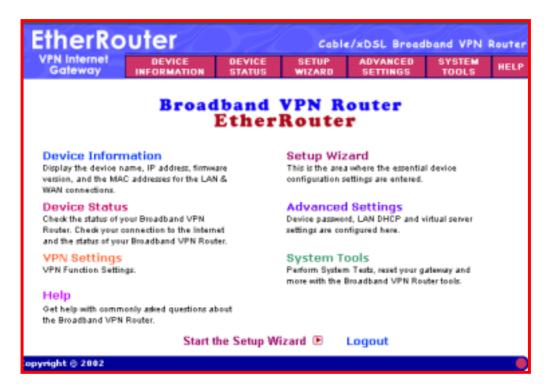
Note: By default the Internet Gateway's DHCP is enabled - so by setting your computer to "Obtain and IP address automatically" - you can connect to the Gateway automatically.

3. Launch your web browser and type the router's default IP address (http:// 192.168.2.1) into the browser's address box and press Enter.



Note: If you have setup your computer to use a static IP address: Please make sure your PC's IP address is in the same network as the router's. In windows 95/98 you can type **WINIPCFG** and in windows 2000/NT you can type **IPCONFIG** (see appendix) to find out if you are on the same network.

4. The main menu will appear. It displays all the functions that you can use and configure for the Internet Gateway.



The User Interface is designed to be extremely user-friendly and is divided into 6 main sections. The 6 sections are listed on the top Tool bar (see screen above) and appear at the top of every browser screen for easy access. For your reference the 6 sections are as follow:

Main Menu	Description
Device Information (chapter 3)	The Device information section displays the Internet Gateway's network and firmware information.
Device Status (chapter 4)	Device status displays the current connection status of the Internet Gateway.

Main Menu	Description
Setup Wizard (chapter 2)	This is the most important section out of the 6 sections. You must configure this section to begin using the Internet Gateway. The Setup wizard is where you input the information required to connect the Internet Gateway to your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
Advanced Settings (chapter 5)	The Advanced settings section is where you can configure all the major features and functions of the Internet Gateway. They include: DHCP Server Settings, Virtual Server Settings, Routing Settings, Filter Settings, Administration Settings, Dynamic DNS Settings, URL Filter Settings and E-Mail ALERT
System Tools (chapter 6)	The System Tools section detects the status of the Internet Gateway, such as Intruder Detection Log, Display Routing Table, System Diagnostics, Save Settings, Load Settings, Upgrade Firmware and Reset Device
Help (chapter 7)	A help section for the Internet Gateway

5. Click the **SETUP WIZARD.** A username and password will appear. Leave the password box empty and type **admin** (the default username) in the username box. Click **OK.**



The setup wizard's page will appear as shown below.



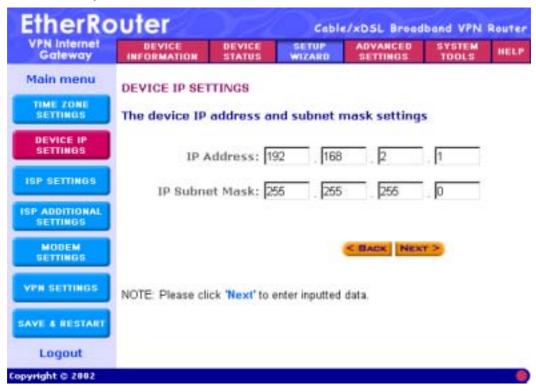
The Setup wizard will take you through 7 step-by-step (7 steps: buttons on the left) configuration procedures that you'll need to do in order to setup the Internet Gateway (e.g. connecting to the Internet / establishing a VPN connection).

You can click on one of the 7 buttons on the left to jump to that specific setting. Otherwise by clicking **Next**, you will proceed to the next step sequentially. (We recommend that you follow the 7 steps sequentially). The 7 steps are as follows:

- (Step A) Time Zone Settings
- (Step B) **Device IP Settings**
- (Step C) ISP Settings
- (Step D) ISP Additional Settings
- (Step E) Modem Settings
- (Step F) VPN Settings
- (Step G) Save & Restart
- 6. **(Step A) Time Zone Settings:** Please choose a local time zone. Once you have selected a time zone, click the **Next** button to continue to the next step.

7. (Step B) Device IP Settings

In this section, you have to give your Internet Gateway an IP address for the local area network (LAN) side. This is not the IP address given to you by your ISP, but rather the local internal LAN (Private) IP address of your network. The IP address "192.168.2.1" is the default value of your Gateway.



The screen shown above is described in the following table:

Parameters	Description		
Device IP Address Settings	Device IP Address Settings		
IP Address	Assign an internal LAN IP address for this Internet Gateway or leave it as the default value "192.168.2.1."		
IP Subnet Mask	Enter the subnet mask, you can usually leave it as the default entry "255.255.255.0"		

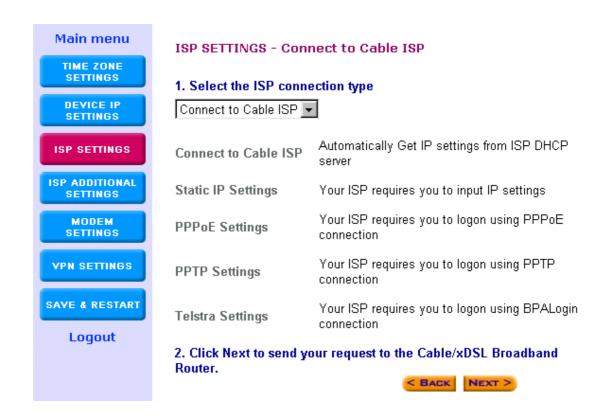
Once you have filled in the above information, click the **Next** button to continue to the next step.

8. (Step C) ISP Settings

Different ISPs require different methods of connecting to the Internet. The ISP Settings section is where you input all the information required by your ISP, so that you can connect to the Internet. There are 5 different types of ISP connections in the ISP Settings section. Select the connection required by your ISP from the **Select the ISP connection type** pull down menu and then proceed to that connection type step. The 5 ISP connection types are as follow:

ISP Connection Type	Description
Connect to Cable ISP (Step 8-1)	Your ISP will automatically give you an IP address
Static IP Settings (Step 8-2)	Your ISP has given you an IP address already
PPPoE Settings (Step 8-3)	Your ISP requires you to use a Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) connection.

ISP Connection Type	Description
PPTP Settings (Step 8-4)	Your ISP requires you to use a Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) connection.
Telstra Settings (Step 8-5)	The Telstra Settings is a service that applies to connections in Australia only.



Step 8-1) Connect to Cable ISP: Select Connect to Cable ISP if you have a cable connection. Please select "Connect to Cable ISP" and click "Next" to proceed to the next page. Proceed to step 9 (Step D) ISP Additional Settings of this manual

Step 8-2) Static IP Settings: Select Static IP Settings, if your ISP has

given you a static IP address. You will have to enter the following information:

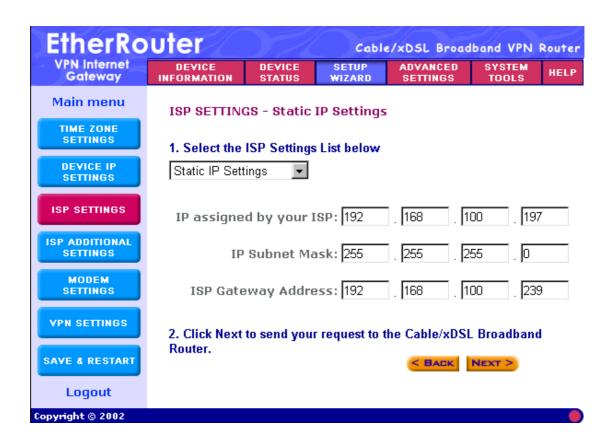
Parameter Description

IP assigned by your ISP Enter the IP address (provided by your ISP)

IP Subnet Mask Enter the IP subnet mask (provided by your ISP)

ISP Gateway Address Enter the ISP gateway address (provided by your ISP)

Note: Once you have filled in the above information, click "**Next**" to proceed to the next step. Proceed to step 9 (Step D) **ISP Additional Settings** of this manual



Step 8-3) **PPPoE Settings:** Select PPPoE Settings if your ISP requires the PPPoE protocol to establish an Internet connection. You will have to enter the following information:

Parameter	Description	
User name	Enter the user name of your ISP account.	
Password	Enter the password of your ISP account.	
Retype password	Enter the password of your ISP account again to re-confirm.	
Connection Type	Select ONE.	
	Always Connect - The VPN Gateway will always	
	connect with your ISP. If this is the case, the Idle	
	Time function is unavailable.	
	Trigger on Demand - Once the VPN Gateway	
	detects any packets want to get to Internet, the	
	VPN Gateway will connect with your ISP	
	automatically.	
	Manual - You can manually disconnect/connect	
	with your ISP for the WAN port (Cable/xDSL). If	
	this is the case, you have to go to the DEVICE	
	STATUS page and click Connect button to	
	establish the connection or click Disconnect	
	button to disconnect the connection.	
Dynamic/Fixed:	Select ONE.	
	Dynamic - If your ISP will automatically assign	
	you an IP address	
	Fixed - If your ISP has given you a fixed IP	
	address already, then enter that IP address in the	
	IP assigned by your ISP box. Also enter the	
	subnet mask (provided by ISP) in the IP Netmask	
	box	
Note: Once you have	filled in the above information, click " \textbf{Next} " to proceed	
to the next step. Proce	eed to step 9 (Step D) ISP Additional Settings of this	

Note: Once you have filled in the above information, click "**Next**" to proceed to the next step. Proceed to step 9 (Step D) **ISP Additional Settings** of this manual

Main menu	ISP SETTINGS - PPPoE Settings
TIME ZONE SETTINGS	1. Select the ISP Settings List below
DEVICE IP SETTINGS	PPPoE Settings •
ISP SETTINGS	User Name:
ISP ADDITIONAL SETTINGS	Password:
MODEM SETTINGS	Idle Time: no idle timeout Connection Type:
VPN SETTINGS	Always Connect C Trigger on Demand C Manually
SAVE & RESTART	O Dynamic (IP automatically assigned by your ISP) Fixed (Your ISP requires you to input IP address)
Logout	IP assignd by your ISP: 192 . 168 . 100 . 197 . 198 . 100 . 197 . 198 .
	Click Next to send your request to the Cable/xDSL Broadband Router. BACK NEXT >

Step 8-4) **PPTP Settings:** Select PPTP Settings, if your ISP requires the PPTP protocol to establish an Internet connection (e.g. Europe). You will have to enter the following information:

Parameter	Description
User name	Enter the user name of your ISP account.
Password:	Enter the password of your ISP account.
Idle Time	Optional: You do not have to configure this section. It depends on the user's needs. If the Internet connection has been idle for a certain period of time (the Idle Time selected), the Idle Time function will automatically disconnect the Internet connection.
PPTP Client IP	Enter the PPTP client IP address (Provided by ISP)

Parameter	Description
Connection ID	Input this ID information only if your ISP has given you one.
Connection Type	Select ONE.
	Always Connect - The VPN Gateway will always
	connect with your ISP. If this is the case, the Idle
	Time function is unavailable.
	Trigger on Demand – Once the VPN Gateway
	detects any packets want to get to Internet, the
	VPN Gateway will connect with your ISP
	automatically.
	Manual – You can manually disconnect/connect
	with your ISP for the WAN port (Cable/xDSL). If
	this is the case, you have to go to the DEVICE
	STATUS page and click Connect button to
	establish the connection or click Disconnect
	button to disconnect the connection.
Dynamic/Fixed	Select ONE .
,	Dynamic - If your ISP will automatically assign
	you an IP address
	Fixed - If your ISP has given you a fixed IP
	address already, then enter that IP address in the
	IP assigned by your ISP box. Also enter the
	subnet mask (provided by ISP) in the <i>IP Netmask</i>
	box

Note: Once you have filled in the above information, click "**Next**" to proceed to the next step. Proceed to step 9 (Step D) **ISP Additional Settings** of this manual

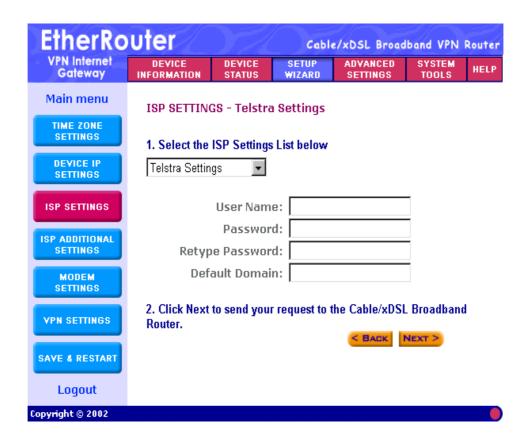
Main menu	ISP SETTINGS - PPTP Settings
TIME ZONE SETTINGS	1. Select the ISP Settings List below
DEVICE IP SETTINGS	PPTP Settings
ISP SETTINGS	User Name:
ISP ADDITIONAL	Password:
SETTINGS	Retype Password:
MODEM	Idle Time: no idle timeout 💌
SETTINGS	PPTP Client IP: 0 0 0
VPN SETTINGS	PPTP Server IP: 0 0 0 0
	Connetion ID/Name:
SAVE & RESTART	Connection Type:
Logout	
	C Dynamic (IP automatically assigned by your ISP)
	Fixed (Your ISP requires you to input IP address)
	IP assignd by your ISP: 192 . 168 . 100 . 197
	IP Netmask: 255 . 255 . 0
	2. Click Next to send your request to the Cable/xDSL Broadband Router.

Step 8-5) Telstra Settings: The **Telstra Settings** is a service that applies to connections in Australia only. You will have to enter the following:

Parameter	Description
User Name	Enter the User Name (Provided by the ISP)
Password Ente	er the Password (Provided by the ISP)
Retype password	Re-Enter the password of your ISP account again to re-confirm.
Default Domain	Input the default domain if your ISP has given you one
Note: Once you have f	illed in the above information, click "Next" to proceed

manual

to the next step. Proceed to step 9 (Step D) ISP Additional Settings of this



9 (Step D) ISP Additional Settings

In this section you can input special settings required by certain ISPs. You do not need to configure the entire section or any part of the section, only the settings needed by your particular ISP (if any). If your ISP does not require any additional settings, then please leave this section blank and proceed to the next step.

Parameter	Description			
Your ISPs require you to manually setup the DNS settings	If your ISP requires you to input a DNS setting then you must check this box to enable this function and then enter the DNS address (see DNS IP Address below)			
DNS IP Address	Enter the DNS IP address (provided by ISP)			

Parameter	Description
Some ISPs use Host Name and Domain Name to authenticate the user	If your ISP requires you to fill in a Host Name and Domain Name then you must check this box to enable this function and then enter the Host Name and Domain Name (see Host/Domain Name below)
Host Name	Enter the Host Name (provided by your ISP)
Domain Name	Enter the domain name (provided by your ISP)
Your ISPs require you to input the LAN card's Mac address	If your ISP requires a specific MAC address in order for you to connect to the Internet, then check the box to enable this function and then enter the Mac address (see MAC Address below)
	NOTE: Some ISPs may only recognize your PC's LAN card MAC address as a legal user. In this case, you will have to copy the LAN card MAC address of that PC and input it in the MAC address field. For WIN 95/98 you can run winipcfg to see the LAN card Mac address For WIN 2000/NT you can run ipconfig/all to see the LAN card Mac address
MAC Address	Enter the PC's LAN card MAC address that your ISP recognizes as the legal user
Note: Once you have filled proceed to the next step.	in the above information, click "Next" to

Main menu	ISP ADDITIONAL SETTINGS
TIME ZONE SETTINGS	☐ Your ISP requires you to manually setup DNS settings
DEVICE IP SETTINGS	DNS IP Address: 0 0 0
ISP SETTINGS	☐ Your ISP requires you to input Host Name or Domain Name
ISP ADDITIONAL SETTINGS	Host Name: VP204
MODEM SETTINGS	Domain Name:
YPN SETTINGS	☐ Your ISP requires you to input WAN Ethernet MAC
SAVE & RESTART	MAC Address: 00 45 15 16 58 05
Logout	< BACK NEXT >
	NOTE: Please click 'Next' to enter inputted data.

10. (Step E) Modem Settings

The modem settings screen is where you can setup the asynchronous port as either a backup connection for the Cable/xDSL connection or a dialup Internet access connection.

Note: This section is **Optional**. You may proceed to **Step F** if you do not wish to use the asynchronous port.

Parameter	Description		
Dialup Modem When	Click on this box to enable		
Cable/xDSL is not	the asynchronous port		
Connected			
ISP Phone Number	Enter the ISP phone number (Dial-Up)		
User Name	Enter the User Name for the dial-up		
Password	Enter the Password for the dial-up		

Parameter	Description	
Retype Password	Enter the Password again to re-confirm	
Idle Time	You can select an idle time threshold (minutes) for the WAN port. This means if no packets have been sent (no one using the Internet) throughout this specified period, then the router will automatically disconnect with your ISP.	
External IP	(Optional) If your ISP requires you to input an IP address then please input the IP address here. Otherwise leave it as the default setting (0.0.0.0).	
Modem String settings	(Optional) Some modems require specific communication strings. This section allows you to specify strings on the router, so that it can communicate with your modem (if required). If you would like to change the baudrate speed, you can do so in the Baudrate Settings field. (Please refer to your modem's or ISDN TA's manual for more information)	

Note: Once you have filled in the above information, click "**Next**" to proceed to the next step.

	MODEM SETTINGS
TIME ZONE SETTINGS	☐ Dialup Modem When Cable/xDSL is not connected
DEVICE IP SETTINGS	ISP Phone Number:
LOD OFTENOO	User Name:
ISP SETTINGS	Password:
ISP ADDITIONAL	Retype Password:
SETTINGS	Idle Time: 30 minutes
MODEM SETTINGS	
	If your ISP requires you to input IP Address, please input the IP Address. Otherwise leave it as default settings. (0.0.0.0)
VPN SETTINGS	External IP: 0 0 0 0
	external in a particular particul
SAVE & RESTART	MODEM STRING SETTINGS
Logout	Baudrate Settings: 115200bps(28.8K/33/6K/56K modem or ISDN TA)
	Pre-Initial String: AT
	Initial String: AT S0=1
	Dialup String: ATDT
	< BACK NEXT >

11. (Step F) VPN Settings

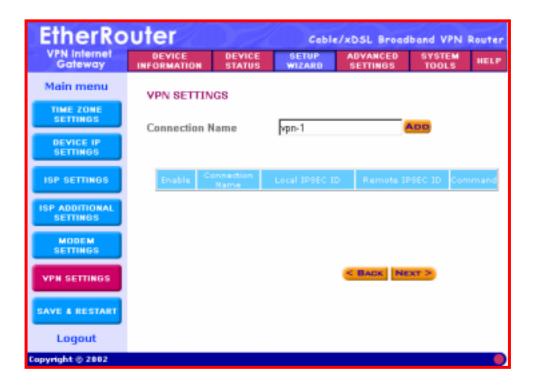
The VPN Settings section is where you can enable and configure the VPN function. Specifically, this device supports the widely used IPSec protocol standard for its VPN connection. VPN allows a secure connection between two parties over a public network, such as the Internet.

Note: This section is **Optional**. You may proceed to **Step G** if you do not wish to establish a VPN connection.

The VPN settings has 3 steps:

- 11-1) Add a VPN connection: Connection Name
- 11-2) Configure the VPN Connection
- 11-3) Secure Association

11-1) Add a VPN connection: Connection Name



Parameter	Description
Connection Name	To add a VPN connection: Enter a string
	(name) into the Connection Name box,
	and then click the "ADD" button.

Note: Once you have entered the connection name - click on the "**ADD**" button to start configuring this VPN connection. The screen below will appear and this is where the VPN configuration is entered.

11-2) Configure the VPN Connection

VPN SETTINGS

Connection Name	VPNConn1
C Enable UID (Unique Id	entifier String) 🙃 Disable UID
Local IPSEC Identifier	
Remote IPSEC Identifi	er
□ Enabled Keep Alive	☐ Enabled NetBIOS Broadcast
Remote IP Network	
Remote IP Netmask	0 0 0
Remote Gateway IP	0.0.0.0
Network Interface	WAN ETHERNET 🔽
Secure Association Perfect Forward Secure	 Main Mode C Aggressive C Manual C Enabled C Disabled
Encryption Protocol	3DES 🔻
PreShared Key	
Key Life	3600 Seconds
IKE Life Time	28800 Seconds SAVE
Parameter	Description
Connection Name	This is the Connection Name you entered in the previous screen (Connection Name)
Enable UID	Optional - This will enable the Unique Identifier string (UID). Disable UID will disable the UID. The VPN Gateways use the UID for authentication purposes. (see Local/Remote IPSEC Identifier below)
Local IPSEC Identifier	Optional - This field allows you to identify

multiple tunnels; you don't need to match the name used at the other end of the tunnel. You can enter a proper name in this field; the default value for the Local

IPSEC Identifier is, Local

Parameter

Description

Remote IPSEC Identifier

Optional - This field allows you to identify multiple tunnels; you don't need to match the name used at the other end of the tunnel. You can enter a proper name in this field; the default value for the Remote IPSEC Identifier is. **Remote**

Enabled Keep Alive

Optional - If this function is enabled, it will keep this VPN connection alive (connected)

Enabled NetBIOS Broadcast

Optional - This function allows NetBIOS broadcast to be transmitted in this VPN connection

Remote Site

Select One:

Single User – Select **Single User** if the remote VPN site is a VPN client, e.g. remote site has no Internet gateway.

The remote VPN client must have a VPN client software installed (e.g. Safenet or SSH etc.)

LAN – Select **LAN** if the remote VPN site has an Internet gateway.

Remote IP Network

This is the remote site's NETWORK IP address. (**Single User** – Input the actual IP address of the Remote VPN client. **LAN** – Input the network IP of the remote gateway's internal (private) network)

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Description

Remote IP Netmask

This is the remote site's subnet mask

Remote Gateway IP/FQDN

Input the remote site's **Gateway IP** address (for **Remote Site** – **LAN** only) or the Fully Qualified Domain Name (**FQDN**).

FQDN consists of a host and domain name, including top-level domain. For example, **WWW.VPN.COM** is a fully qualified domain name. **WWW** is the host, **VPN** is the second-level domain, and **COM** is the top-level domain. When you enter the FQDN of the remote site, the VPN gateway will automatically seek the IP address of that FQDN.

Note: In IKE Mode, if the Remote Gateway IP has a dynamic IP address, you must enter "0.0.0.0." in the Remote Gateway IP/FQDN field. In Manual Mode, you must fill in the Remote IP, Remote IP Network and Remote Gateway IP/FQDN field (Remote Gateway IP/FQDN field (Remote Gateway IP/FQDN field cannot be 0.0.0.0 for the manual mode). See Appendix - VPN example.

Network Interface

Select an interface type for the this VPN connection

11-3) Secure Association

Secure Association is a method of establishing a security policy between two points.

There are two methods of creating a **Secure Association** (SA),

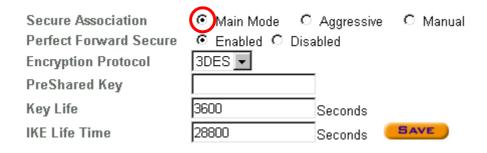
Method 1: IKE Mode (By default IKE is selected),

Method 2: Aggressive mode and

Method 3: Manual mode.

11-3) Method 1: IKE Mode:

IKE is an <u>automated</u> method of establishing a shared security policy and authenticated keys. A preshared key is used for mutual identification.



Parameter Description	Parameter	Description	
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Perfect Forward Secure

Click either the Enabled or Disabled radio button. This feature provides a better security; it ensures that the encryption keys generated are not relevant to each other.

Encryption Protocol

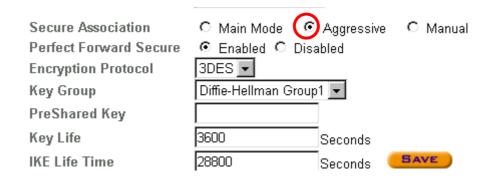
The VPN Gateway supports two types of encryption algorithms (**DES** and **3DES**). Select an appropriate encryption algorithm. The encryption algorithm must match the encryption algorithm in the remote device.

Parameter	Description
PreShared Key	Enter the PreShared Key name (you can enter a alphanumeric name). This value must match the preshared key value in the remote device.
Key Life	Security is enhanced if the key used to encrypt/decrypt your data is changed periodically. The key life is where you can specify how often you wish the VPN Gateway to renegotiate another key. The value is in seconds, for example, 3600 seconds = 1 hour.
IKE Life Time	The IKE Life Time field allows you to specify a period of time (seconds) that you want the VPN Gateway to renegotiate the IKE security association. For example, 28800 seconds = 8 hours.

Note: In **IKE Mode**, if the Remote Gateway IP is dynamic, you should enter "0.0.0.0" See Appendix - VPN example.

11-3) Method 2: Aggressive mode

Aggressive is an <u>automated</u> method of establishing a shared security policy and authenticated keys. A preshared key is used for mutual identification.



Parameter

Description

Perfect Forward Secure

Click either the Enabled or Disabled radio button. This feature provides a better security; it ensures that the encryption keys generated are not relevant to each other.

Encryption Protocol

The VPN Gateway supports two types of encryption algorithms (**DES** and **3DES**). Select an appropriate encryption algorithm. The encryption algorithm must match the encryption algorithm in the remote device.

Key Group

Diffie-Hellman key agreement describes a method whereby two parties, without any prior arrangements, can agree upon a secret key that is known only to them. The VPN Gateway supports two versions of Diffie-Hellman (Group 1 and Group 2).

Parameter	Description
	Diffie-Hellman Group 1 - IKE use the 768-bit Diffie-Hellman prime modulus group when performing the new Diffie-Hellman exchange. Diffie-Hellman Group 2 - IKE use the 1,024-bit Diffie-Hellman prime modulus group when performing the new Diffie-Hellman exchange.
PreShared Key	Enter the PreShared Key name (you can enter a alphanumeric name). This value must match the preshared key value in the remote device.
Key Life	Security is enhanced if the key used to encrypt/decrypt your data is changed periodically. The key life is where you can specify how often you wish the VPN Gateway to renegotiate another key. The value is in seconds, for example, 3600 seconds = 1 hour.
IKE Life Time	The IKE Life Time field allows you to specify a period of time (seconds) that you want the VPN Gateway to renegotiate the IKE security association. For example, 28800 seconds = 8 hours.

Note: In **Aggressive Mode**, if the Remote Gateway IP is dynamic, you should enter "0.0.0.0" See Appendix - VPN example.

11-3) Method 3: Manual mode

This is a manual way of establishing a shared security policy and authenticated keys. The Manual mode allows you to pre-define keys. The Manual Mode settings in the remote device must match the configuration set here. To enable the Manual mode function, check the Manual radio box and input the fields shown on the screen below.

	,			_
Secure Association	C Main Mode	C Aggre	ssive	Manual
Incoming SPI	10000			
Outgoing SPI	20000			
Encryption Protocol	DES 🔻			
Encryption Key	12345678			
Authentication Protocol	MD5 ▼			
Authentication Key	аааааа		SAV	/E

Parameter

Description

Incoming SPI

Enter the Incoming SPI that the remote VPN Gateway will use to identify this SA. The incoming SPI value must match the outgoing SPI at the remote site (other end of the VPN tunnel).

Outgoing SPI

Enter the Outgoing SPI that the local VPN Gateway will use to identify this SA. The outgoing SPI value must match the incoming SPI at the remote site (other end of the VPN tunnel).

Encryption Protocol

The VPN Gateway supports three types of encryption algorithms (Null, DES, and 3DES). Select an appropriate encryption algorithm. The encryption algorithm must match the encryption algorithm in the remote device.

Parameter	Description
Encryption Key	This string is used as the key to encrypt and decrypt the data transmitted. This value must match the encryption key value in the remote device.
Authentication Protocol	The VPN Gateway supports two authentication algorithms (MD5 & SHA-1). Select an appropriate authentication algorithm. The authentication algorithm selected here must be the same as the one in the remote device.
Authentication Key	This string is used as the key authentication. This value must match the authentication key value in the remote device.

Note: In Manual Mode, you must fill in the Remote IP, Remote IP Network and Remote Gateway IP/FQDN (Remote Gateway IP/FQDN field cannot be 0.0.0.0.). See Appendix - VPN example.

12. (Step G) Save & Restart

This is the final step of the Setup Wizard's 7 step-by-step procedure. This step saves the settings you have made in the previous pages to the Internet Gateway. Click **Save & Restart** to save the settings and to restart the device. After the device has restarted, the device will function according to the saved settings.



During the startup process the LED of the device will blink. Please **wait** until the LED lights have stopped blinking before proceeding.



Logout

Click **Logout** if you would like to leave (logout) the router's web based configuration page. Only one user can log onto the Gateway's web based configuration at a time. When you logout of the web-based configuration, only then can another computer log onto the device.

Click Yes - the screen will close.

Click No - the screen will not close.



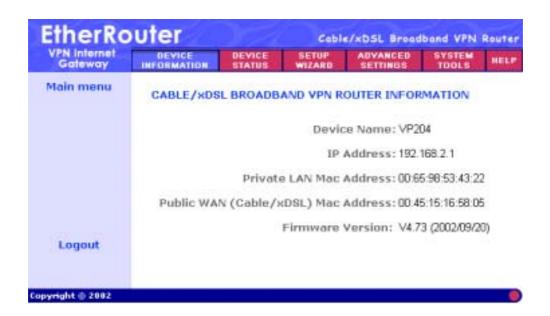
Congratulations!!! You have successfully configured the setup wizard. You may now use the Internet Gateway to access the Internet.

If you would like to configure or monitor the many features that this Gateway has to offer, then proceed to the appropriate chapters for more details. Below is a list of the other Main Menus and their corresponding chapters:

- Device Information (chapter 3)
- Device Status (chapter 4)
- Setup Wizard (chapter 2)
- Advanced Settings (chapter 5)
- System Tools (chapter 6)
- Help (chapter 7)

Chapter 3: Device Information

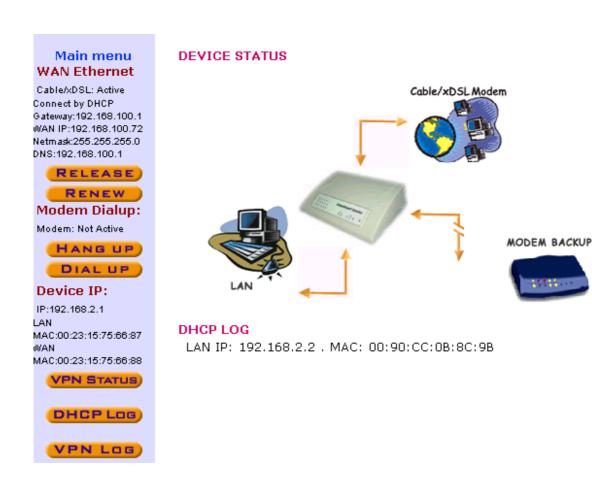
The **Device information** section displays the Internet Gateway's network and firmware information.



Parameters	Description
Device Name	Displays the name of the Internet Gateway
IP Address	Displays the IP address of the Internet Gateway
Private LAN MAC Address	Displays the MAC address of the Internet Gateway's LAN port
Public WAN (Cable/XDSL) Mac Address	Displays the MAC Address of the Internet Gateway's WAN Ethernet port
Firmware version	Displays the Internet Gateway's current Firmware Version and its release date

Chapter 4: Device Status

Device status displays the current connection status of the Internet Gateway.



Parameter	Description
WAN Ethernet	Shows the Device's WAN information:
	Cable/xDSL (shows whether the Internet
	connection is active or inactive), Connected by
	DHCP (shows the WAN connection type e.g.,
	DHCP, Static, PPPoE, PPTP or Telstra), ISP's
	Gateway IP address, device's WAN IP address,
	device's Netmask and the DNS IP address that
	the Internet Gateway is using.

Description

Release (Disconnect) and Renew (Connect)

You can manually disconnect/connect with your ISP for the WAN port (Cable/xDSL)

Click the **Release (Disconnect)** button - the Internet Gateway will disconnect with the ISP.

Click the **Renew (Connect)** button - the Internet Gateway will connect with the ISP.

Modem Dialup

The modem (asynchronous port) can be used as a backup Internet connection (dialup) for the Cable/xDSL connection or as an Internet access connection. If the current connection is via the backup modem, it will show "Modem: Active," otherwise it will show "Not Active".

Hang Up and Dial Up

You can manually disconnect/connect with your ISP for the asynchronous port (Dial Up/ISDN TA)

If the **Modem Dialup** shows **Modem: Active**, clicking on the **Hang Up** button will DISCONNECT the asynchronous port's Internet connection.

If the **Modem Dialup** shows **Not Active**, by clicking on the **Dial Up** button - the Internet Gateway will ESTABLISH an Internet connection for the Gateway's asynchronous port.

Device IP

Shows the Device's: LAN **IP** address, private **LAN MAC** address and public **WAN MAC** address.

Pa	rar	not	tor
Pa	ıaı	пе	ıeı

Description

VPN Status

This screen displays the current connection status of your VPN connection(s). The VPN connection status shows the following information:

Status - Active/Inactive

Connection Name - name of the VPN connection **Remote IP**, **Virtual Network -** remote site's Network (private network) IP

Interface, **Type** – encryption / authentication

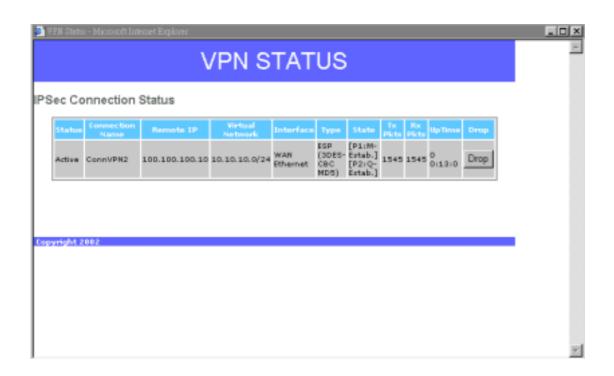
State - phase 1 / phase2

TX pkts - transmitted packets

Rx pkts - received packets

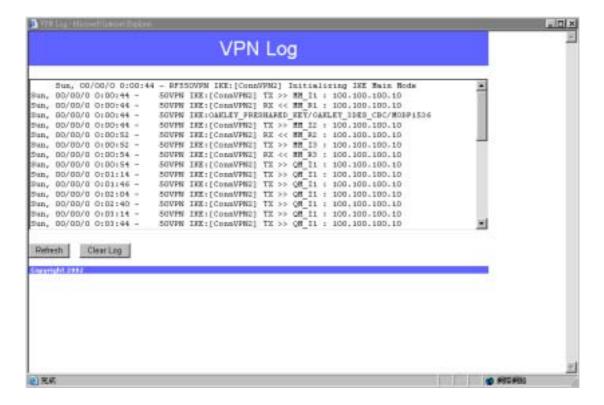
UpTime - how long the connection has been established

Drop - click the Drop button to disconnect the VPN connection



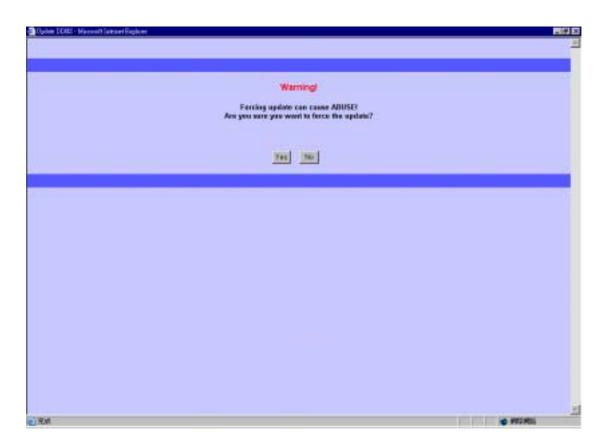
Parameter	Description
DHCP Log	Displays the DHCP clients logged to the Gateway's DHCP server.
	Click the DHCP Log button - the screen will display the DHCP client's information (DHCP client's: IP address, MAC address, IP address lease time).
VPN Log	This screen displays the VPN negotiation that occurred between the VPN Gateway and remote devices.
	Click on Refresh – to update the latest information

Click on **Clear Log** – to clear the VPN log



Parameter	Description
Update DDNS	Click the Update DDNS button to manually update the IP address of your domain name (dynamic IP address for Gateway's WAN port).
	Note: DO NOT click the Update DDNS button too often. Some ISP's may think this is an attack and

may disable your account.

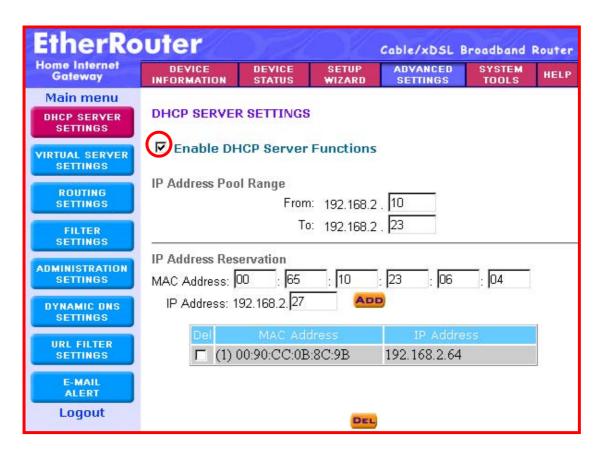


Chapter 5: Advanced Settings

The **Advanced settings** section is where you can configure all the major features and functions of the Internet Gateway. They include: DHCP Server Settings, Virtual Server Settings, Routing Settings, Filter Settings, Administration Settings, Dynamic DNS Settings, URL Filter Settings and E-Mail ALERT

On the Menu Tool, click Advanced Settings.
A username and password will appear.
Type "admin" in the user name box, and then type the password that you have given to the device (by default there is no password) and then Click OK. The Advanced Settings page will appear as shown below.

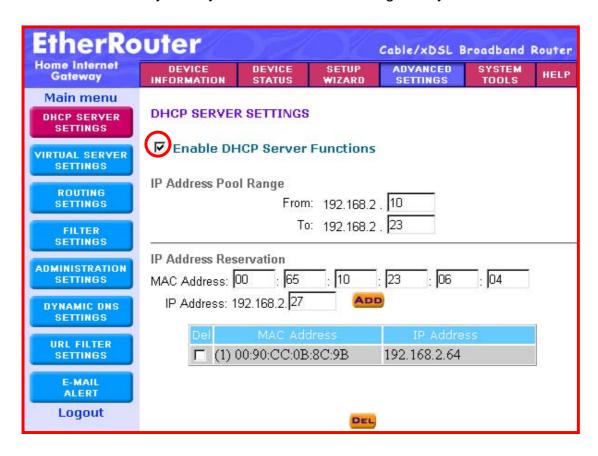




Main Menu	Description
DHCP Server Settings	Provides centralization of all your LAN's network IP addresses
Virtual Server Settings	Allows remote access to Web, FTP, and other services on your network. The DMZ function allows full 2-way communication between a server on your LAN and the Internet
Routing Settings	Create a routing table so that the Internet Gateway can route packets to different networks
Filter Settings	Create LAN or WAN filters to protect your network
Administration Settings	Allows you to configure the device's administrative settings such as password etc.
Dynamic DNS Settings	Allows you to have a Web or other server behind a Dynamic IP address
URL Filter Settings	Filter web page request based on the web page's wording
E-Mail ALERT	Allows you to be alerted of any security infringements
Logout	Logout or leave the Internet Gateway's Web-based configuration

DHCP Server Settings

You can enable or disable the DHCP server. By enabling the DHCP server the router will automatically give your LAN clients an IP address. If the DHCP is not enabled then you'll have to manually set your LAN client's IP addresses. Make sure the LAN Client is on the same subnet as this Internet Gateway if you want this Internet Gateway to be your LAN client's default gateway.



Parameter	Description		
Enable DHCP	By default the Internet Gateway's DHCP		
Server Functions	server is enabled. If you would like to disable the		
	DHCP server, unclick the Enable DHCP Server		
	Functions box (marked red - see screen above)		

Parameter	The IP address pool contains the range of IP addresses that will be used by the device's DHCP server to automatically assign IP addresses to your network clients. The Default IP address range is: From 192.168.2.2 to 192.168.2.100	
IP Address Pool Range		
IP Address Reservation	The IP address reservation setting allows you to save fixed private IP address for specific computer/network clients. MAC Address: Enter the MAC address of the	
	PC or server you wish to reserve an IP for.	
	IP Address: Enter the IP address that you want to reserve for the above MAC address.	
	Add an IP address Reservation setting	
	Click the Add button to add the configuration into the IP address reservation table.	
	the in address reservation table.	
	Delete an IP address Reservation setting	
	Check the IP address reservation table's Del box	
	and click the DEL button to delete a configuration.	

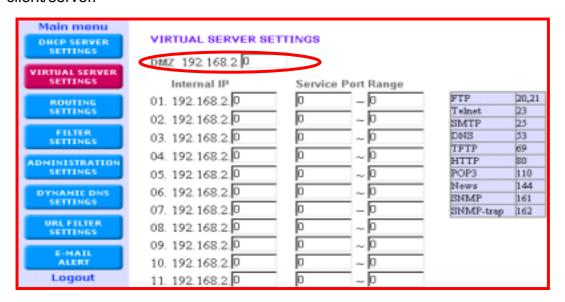
Virtual Server Settings

Use the Virtual Server function when you want different servers/clients in your LAN to handle different service/Internet application type (e.g. Email, FTP, Web server etc.) from the Internet. Computers use numbers called port numbers to recognize a particular service/Internet application type. The Virtual Server allows you to re-direct a particular service port number (from the Internet/WAN Port) to a particular LAN private/internal IP address.

The **Virtual server settings** allow clients on the Internet to access certain services on your LAN via the Internet. Use the Virtual Server function to access a Web, FTP or a Telnet server etc. on your LAN via the Internet.

The **DMZ** function re-directs all packets (regardless of services) going to your WAN IP address to a particular LAN client/server. If you would like to enable the DMZ function, enter an IP address in the DMZ IP field. The value '0' means that the DMZ function is disabled.

The difference between the virtual server and the DMZ function is that the virtual server re-directs a particular service/Internet application (e.g. FTP, websites) to a particular LAN client/server, whereas DMZ re-directs all packets (regardless of services) going to your WAN IP address to a particular LAN client/server.



Parameter	Description
DMZ	Enter the IP address that you want to designate as the DMZ server. The value '0' means that the DMZ function is disabled.

Virtual Server Settings

Internal IP

Enter the LAN server/host IP address that the service (Service Port Range) requests from the Internet will be sent to.

Note: You need to give your LAN server/host a fixed/static IP address for the Virtual Server to work properly.

Service Port Range

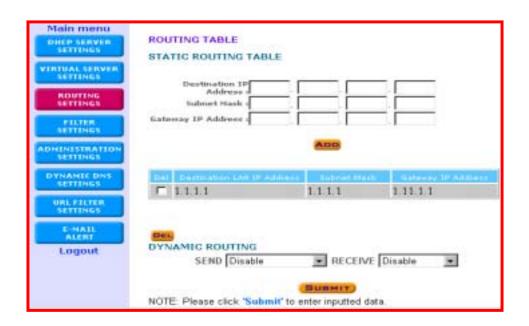
Enter the port numbers of the services (requests from the Internet) that will be sent to the Internal IP address (Specified above).

Note: If you only want one service port number e.g. 80 (HTTP) for the specified Internal IP address then enter 80 in both the service port range's boxes.

The Table on the right side of the screen lists the most popular applications and their port numbers.

Routing Settings

The **Static routing settings** allow the Internet Gateway to route IP packets to another network (subnet). The routing table stores the routing information so that the Internet Gateway knows where to redirect the IP packets.



Parameters	Description	
Destination IP Address	Enter the destination IP address of the remote network to which you want to assign a static route.	
Subnet Mask	Enter the subnet mask of your network IP address.	
Gateway IP Address	Enter the IP address of the interface (LAN/WAN port) linked to the remote network (Destination IP address).	
	Add a Static Routing setting Click the Add button to add the configuration into the Static Routing table.	

Pa	ram	nete	rs
ıa	u	1010	, 1 3

Description

Gateway IP Address

Delete a Static Routing setting

Check the *Static Routing table's* **Del** box and click the **DEL** button to delete a configuration.

Dynamic routing settings

Allows the Internet Gateway to route IP packets to another network automatically (dynamically). The RIP protocol is used to do the dynamic routing. RIP communicates routing information with other routers periodically.

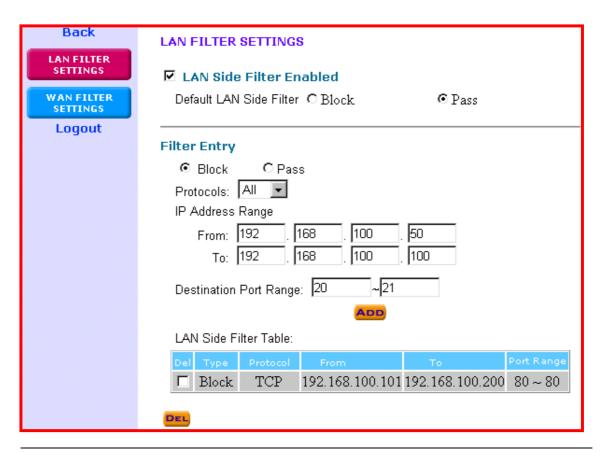
SEND Optional - choose the routing protocol (routing information) that you wish to transmit to other routers on your network.

RECEIVE Optional - choose the routing protocol (routing information) that you wish to receive from other routers on your network.

NOTE: Click the SUBMIT button to input/save the configuration into the Gateway

Filter Settings

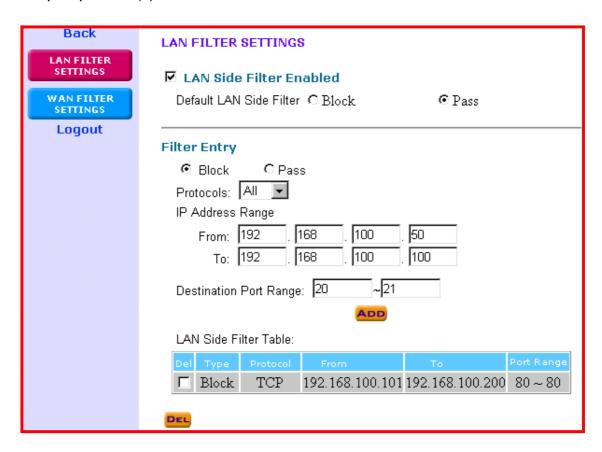
The Filter Settings is divided into LAN Filter Settings and WAN Filter Settings



Menu	Description
LAN Filter Settings	The LAN Filter Settings allow the administrator to define whether a local user is permitted to access the Internet.
WAN Filter Settings	The WAN Filter Settings allow the administrator to define whether a remote/outside user(s) is permitted to access the private local area network.

Filter Settings: LAN Filter Settings

The **LAN Filter Settings** allow the administrator to define whether a local user is permitted to access the Internet. To activate this feature, check **LAN Side Filter Enabled** and then define a filtering policy. To define a filtering policy: enter the IP address range, enter the network port number and select the transport protocol(s).



Parameter	Description
LAN Side Filter Enabled	You must select whether to enable (Yes) or disable (No) the filter function that you've configured in this screen
Default LAN Side Filter	Select to Block or Pass your regular LAN clients
Filter Entry	Select to Block or Pass LAN clients specified in this Filter Entry

Parameter	Description
Protocols	Select the Transport protocol type (TCP or UDP) for the Destination Port Range (below) that will be filtered
IP Address Range	Enter the LAN IP address range that you wish to apply this filter rule to. These are the LAN users' IP addresses that you wish to apply this filter rule to. If you only want to specify one IP address for this filter rule then enter the same IP address in both the From and the To box.
	Note: You need to give your LAN PC clients a fixed/static IP address for the filter rule to work properly.
Destination Port Range	Enter the Internet application/service (port number range) for the above IP address range that you wish to apply this filter rule to. If you only want to specify one service port then input the same service port in both the boxes.
	Add a Filter Entry setting Click the Add button to add the configuration into the LAN Side Filter Table.
	Delete a Filter Entry setting Check the LAN Side Filter Table's Del box and click the DEL button to delete a configuration.

For example, to prevent local users with IP addresses (ranging from **101** to **200**) from accessing websites (HTTP service - port **80**), the settings are as follow:

LAN Side Filter Enabled: **Enabled**

Default LAN Side Filter: Pass

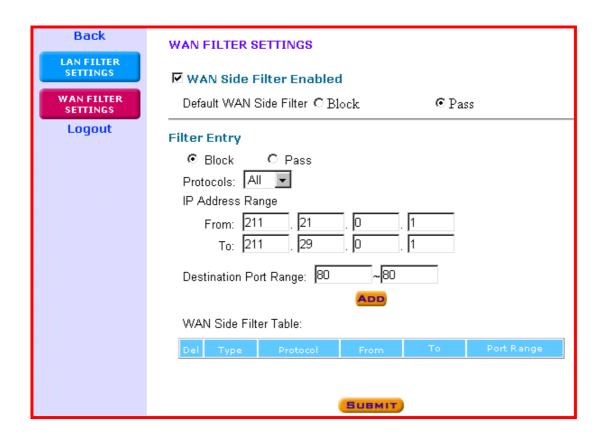
Filter: **Block**Protocol: **TCP**

IP Address Range: 101 ~ 200

Destination Port Range: 80 ~ 80 (HTTP)

Filter Settings: WAN Filter Settings

The **WAN Filter Settings** allow the administrator to define whether a remote/outside user(s) is permitted to access the private local area network. To activate this feature, check **WAN Side Filter Enabled** and then define a filtering policy. To define a filtering policy: enter the IP address range, enter the network port number and select the transport protocol(s).



Parameter	Description
WAN Side Filter Enabled	You must select whether to enable (Yes) or disable (No) the filter function that you've configured in this screen
Default WAN Side Filter	Select to Block or Pass your regular WAN users
Filter Entry	Select to Block or Pass WAN clients specified in this Filter Entry
Protocol	Select the Transport protocol type (TCP or UDP) for the Destination Port Range (below) that will be filtered
IP Address Range	Enter the (Public) IP address range that you wish to apply this filter rule to. These are the external users' IP addresses that you wish to apply this filter to. If you only want to specify one external IP address for this filter rule then enter the same IP address in both the From and the To box. Note: WAN clients must have a fixed/static Public IP address for the filter rule to work properly.
Destination Port Range	Enter the Internet application/service (port number range), for the above IP address range, that you wish to apply this filter rule to. If you only want to specify one service port then input the same service port in both the boxes. Add a Filter Entry setting Click the Add button to add the configuration into the WAN Side Filter Table. Delete a Filter Entry setting Check the WAN Side Filter Table's Del box and click the DEL button to delete a configuration.

For example, to prevent remote users with IP addresses (ranging from 211.21.0.1 to 211.29.0.1) from accessing your LAN's virtual Web server (port 80), the settings are as follow:

WAN Side Filter Enabled: Enabled

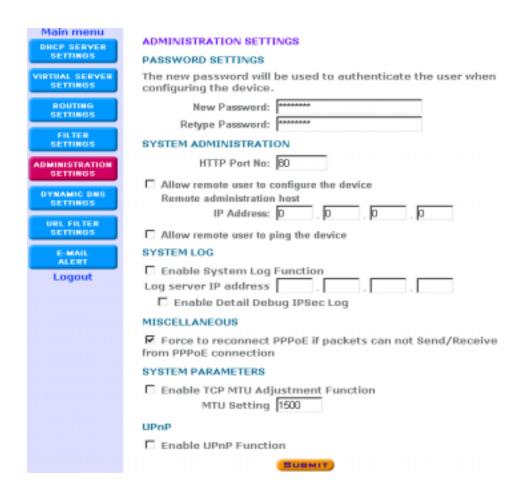
Default WAN Side Filter: Pass

Filter: **Block**Protocol: **ALL**

IP Address Range: 211.21.0.1 to 211.29.0.1 Destination Port Range: 80 ~ 80 (HTTP)

Administration Settings

The Administration Settings section allows you to configure the device's: Password settings, System Administration, System Log, System Parameters, UPnP and TCP session.



Description

PASSWORD SETTINGS

You can setup the Internet Gateway so that a password is required, in order to access its webbased configuration pages. This password will be required the next time you want to configure the Internet Gateway. To setup a password, type your password in the **New Password** field and type it again in the Retype Password field to reconfirm.

Note: It is important to remember your password. If for any reason you lose or forget your password, press the small reset button located on the back of the device for 5~6 seconds. The Reset action will reset the device to the factory default settings. In factory default, the user name is admin and there is **NO** password

SYSTEM ADMINISTRATION This allows remote user(s) to configure and manage the Internet Gateway from a remote site (through the Internet).

> The default value of the **HTTP port No** is **80**. You can select a different port number to do the remote web-based configuration

> The default IP address of the Remote administration host is: 0.0.0.0. (IP address 0.0.0.0 means that any remote PC can access and manage the Internet Gateway from a remote site). Either specify an IP address for the remote administrator or leave it as the default.

Parameter

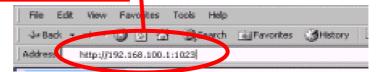
Description

SYSTEM ADMIN

You will have to enable the **Allow remote user to configure the device** to use the remote webbased configuration function. Once you have enabled this function, type the device's WAN IP address and the HTTP port No

(e.g. http://202.19.100.1:1023) into the browser of the specified remote administrator.

http://<WAN IP Address>: <Port No>



If the HTTP port number, is NOT the default PORT No. 80, then the LAN administrator must also enter the new port number, specified in HTTP port No, in order to access the device's web-based configuration, e.g. Device LAN IP address with HTTP port no 1023 (http://192.168.2.1:1023)

Allow remote user to ping the device: If you enable this function – the device will respond to any pings it gets from the Internet. If you disable this function, the device will not respond to any ping requests.

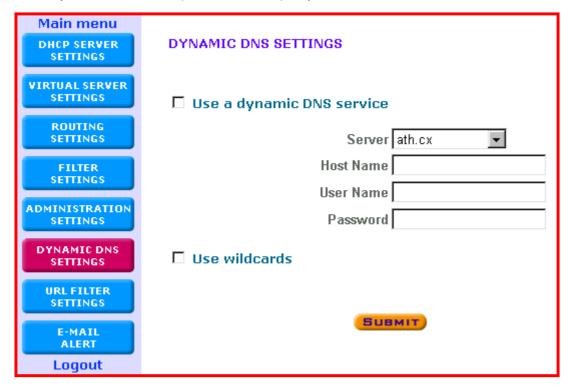
SYSTEM LOG

The System Log function allows the administrator to assign an IP address to a server on which a log server is running. When a particular event occurs, the router will send a notification to the log server. The log server can then present the log to the administrator. [Free log server can be downloaded from Internet, such as Kiwis SysLog Daemon]

Parameter	Description
Miscellaneous	Some ISPs require you to force a PPPoE
	re-connection, when the Internet connection
	cannot send or receive packets.
System Parameter	The System Parameter allows you to set the MTU value (Maximum Transmission Unit) for your Internet connection. If you would like to enable the MTU setting – check the box. The default MTU value is 1500 bytes.
	Some ISPs restrict the packet size for a PPPoE connection. Use the system parameter to change the MTU to cater to your ISP's connection requirement.
UPnP	The Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) function allows Windows XP to automatically configure the router to cater to various Internet applications (such as games and videoconferencing).
NOTE: Click the SUBMIT Gateway	button to input/save the configuration into the

Dynamic DNS Settings

The Dynamic DNS (DDNS) service allows Web or other servers, with a dynamic IP address, to be accessible from the Internet. This means that even if your Internet Gateway has a dynamic WAN IP address, Internet users can still access your web server (domain name) in your LAN.



If you would like to use the DDNS function, you will have to register with a DDNS service provider, and enter the following information provided by the DDNS service provider:

Parameter	Description

Use a dynamic DNS Click on this box to enable the DNS service function **Service**

Server Select the DDNS service provider that you have

registered with.

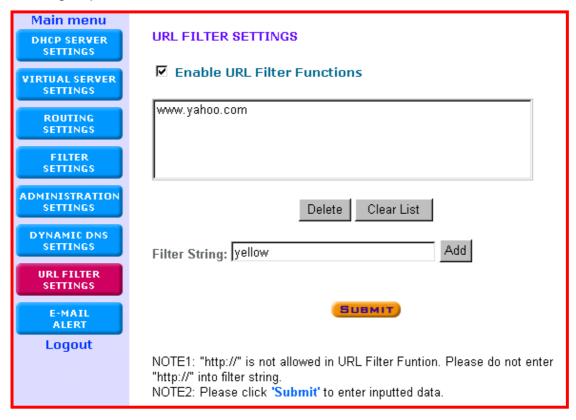
Host Name Enter the host name of your DDNS account

Parameter	Description
User Name	Enter the user name of your DDNS account.
Password	Enter the password of your DDNS account.
Use wildcards	If you use DYNDNS as your DDNS service provider, you can enable the Use wildcards feature.
	The wildcards feature - any URL request that contain your domain name (e.g. www.router.com), as part of its URL domain name (e.g. http://broad/router.com) request, will be given your dynamic IP address.

NOTE: Once you have filled in the above information, click the **SUBMIT** button to input/save the configuration into the Gateway

URL Filter Settings

The **URL Filter** settings prevent users from accessing certain websites on the Internet. The router can block sites based on specific words or letters. Sites will be blocked if any of these words or letters is part of the website's name (URL) or newsgroup name.



Parameter	Description
Enable URL Filter Functions	Click on this box to enable the URL filtering function
Filter String	The Internet Gateway will block any web page requests that have words or letters specified here. NOTE: DO NOT enter "http://" into the filter string

NOTE: Click the SUBMIT button to input/save the configuration into the Gateway

E-Mail ALERT

Your router can periodically email you a log of security-related events (such as denied incoming service requests and administrator logins).

The router can also email you an immediate alert when it detects a significant security incident, such as: a known attack directed at your IP address, a computer on the Internet scanning your IP address for any open ports and someone on your LAN trying to visit a blocked site.

Fill out the settings on the screen below if you would like to have alerts and logs sent to you by e-mail,



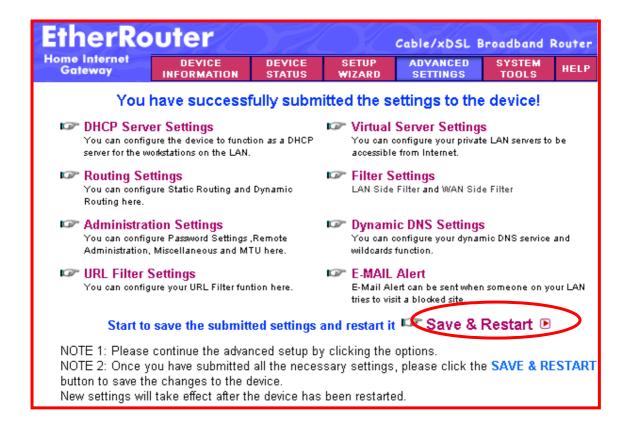
Parameter	Description
Turn E-mail	Observation because a smaller than E. Mail alant
Notification On	Check this box to enable the E-Mail alert function
Send Alert And Logs Via E-Mail Your Outgoing Mail Server	Enter Your E-Mail account's Outgoing Mail Server
Send To This E-Mail Address	Enter Your E-Mail account that you wish the alert to be sent to.
When someone attempts to visit Blocked Sites, router will send logs according to below schedule.	
None	The router will not send any alerts at all
Immediately	The router will send an alert immediately after an incident has occurred to the E-Mail specified above.
Hourly	The router will send an alert once every hour to the E-Mail specified above.
Daily	The router will send an alert once a day to the E-Mail specified above. You can specify the exact time from the pull down menu
When log is full	The router will send an alert to the E-Mail specified above only when the log is full.
NOTE: Click the SUBMIT button Gateway	to input/save the configuration into the

Save & Restart

Save & Restart lets you save the inputted settings to the Internet Gateway and then restarts (reboots) the device.

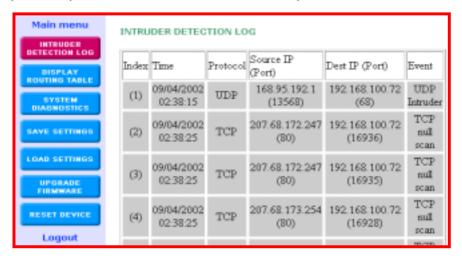
When you have finished making all the changes on the various pages (above) on chapter 5, please **click Save & Restart** to save the settings and to restart the device. If you would like to configure the setting(s) again, click on a function (see screen below), this will link you to that particular function's configuration screen.

After the device restarts (reboots), the device will function according to the saved settings.



Chapter 6: System Tools

The System Tools section displays and detects the status of the Internet Gateway. The System Tools 7 sections are briefly described below:



Main Menu	Description
Intruder Detection Log	Displays any possible Hacker attacks that may have occurred to the Internet Gateway
Display Routing Table	Displays the device's current static routing configuration
System Diagnostics	Displays the device's current configuration and Diagnostics information
Save Settings	Allows you to save the device's current configuration to a file
Load Settings	Allows you to load the factory default settings or files of previously saved configurations into the device.
Upgrade Firmware	Allows you to upgrade the latest firmware into the device.
Reset Device	Allows you to restart/reboot the device.

System Tools: Intruder Detection Log

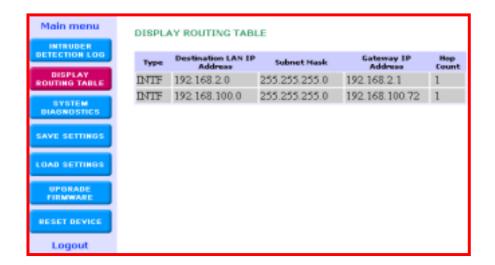
The Intruder Detection log displays the possible hacker attacks that may have occurred to the Internet Gateway. Up to 32 hacker attacks may be logged/listed. Below is an explanation of the Intruder Detection log display.



Parameter	Description
Index	Lists up to 32 Intruder detection logs
Time	The time in which the attack occurred
Protocol	The attack's protocol type (TCP/UDP)
Source IP (Port)	The source IP address and source Port number of the attack
Dest IP (Port)	The destination IP address and destination Port number of the attack
Event	The type of attack

System Tools: Display Routing Table

The routing table screen below displays the device's current static routing configuration that was configured in the Routing Settings (see chapter 5 - Routing Settings - for more details).



System Tools: System Diagnostics

The System diagnostics screen shows the device's configuration information. It also displays the device's current status.

Parameter	Description		
Configuration	Displays the device's current: firmware version , ISP settings (Internet connection details), Device Settings (Internet Gateway's LAN information)		
Diagnosis	Displays the Internet Gateway's current: connection status and LAN/WAN information.		



SYSTEM DIAGNOSTICS

Configuration

Firmware Version: A4.73

ISP Settings

IP assigned method: Assigned by ISP DHCP server

IP address: 0.0.0.0

Gateway IP address: 0.0.0.0 DNS Server IP address: 0.0.0.0

Host Name: EA1104A PPPoE Enable: No PPPoE Username:

Device Settings

Device IP address as: 192.168.2.1 Device Network Mask: 255.255.255.0

DHCP Server: Enabled Pool from: 192.168.2.10 Pool to: 192,168,2,23

Diagnosis

ISP Status

Cable / xDSL IP address:192.168.100.72 ISP Gateway IP address: 192.168.100.1

DNS IP address: 168.95.192.1

Link Status

Cable/xDSL Connected LAN Connected

Current WAN connection

Cable/xDSL Connected

LAN MAC Table

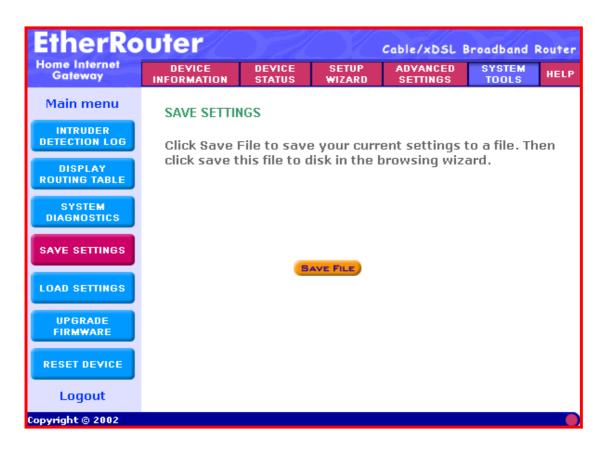
LAN IP: 192,168,2,2 . MAC: 00:90:CC:0B:8C:9B

WAN MAC Table

IP: 192.168.100.1 . MAC: 00:45:67:89:09:43

System Tools: Save Settings

The Save Settings screen allows you to save the device's configuration settings to a disk. Click **Save File** to save your current settings to a file. Then click save to save this configuration file to your disk. You can reload the saved configuration back into the Gateway in the **Load Settings** (System Tools) section.



System Tools: Load Settings

The Load Settings screen allows you to load the factory default settings to your

device and load settings previously saved configuration files to your device. The Load Settings section consists of 2 sections as described below: Load Default Settings and Load Settings From File



Menu	Description	
Load Default Settings	The load default settings screen allows you into load the factory default settings to your device.	
Load Settings From File	The load settings from file screen allow you to load a previously saved file into the device again.	

Upgrade Firmware: Load Default Settings

The factory default setting is the configuration when you first purchased the Gateway. Click the START button to start loading the factory default settings. Your previous configurations will be deleted.

Note: Load the factory default settings if you have forgotten the Internet Gateway's password. The factory default user name is **admin** and there is NO password.

Upgrade Firmware: Load Settings From File

The load settings from file screen allows you to load a previously saved file to the device again.



Parameter	Description
Load Settings File	To load a previously saved configuration file into the Gateway again, you first need to enter the configuration file name and its path in the box provided. You can also use the Browse button to find the file. Once you have located the file's location, click START to start loading the saved configuration into the Internet Gateway

System Tools: Upgrade Firmware

The upgrade firmware screen allows you to upgrade the latest firmware into your device.



Parameter	Description
Firmware Upgrade File	Enter the new firmware's file path into box provided and click START to start upgrading the new firmware into the Internet Gateway. You can also use the Browse button to find the new firmware file.

System Tools: Reset Device

Reset the Gateway if the Gateway stops responding correctly. Your settings

will not be changed. The Reset Device screen allows you to essentially restart/reboot the device. Click on the START button to restart/reboot the device.



Chapter 7: Help

On the Main Menu Tool bar - click the on the **Help** Menu if you wish seek further information about a certain function or if you would like to understand certain terminology used in the manual. This section provides a list of frequently asked questions and terminology.

Appendix

Configuring Your PC to "Obtain an IP automatically

If you **do not** want to set a static IP address for your PC, you will need to configure your PC to request an IP address from the Gateway.

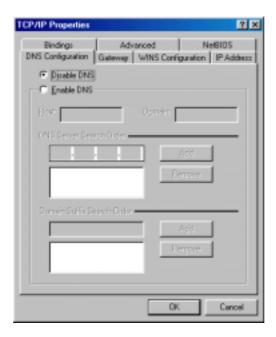
- On your PC, click the Start button, select Settings, then select Control Panel
- 2. Double-click the **Network** Icon
- In the configuration tab, select the TCP/IP protocol line that is associated with your network card/adapter. If there is no TCP/IP line listed, you will need to first install the TCP/IP protocol.



4. Click the **Properties** button, then choose the **IP ADDRESS** tab. Select **Obtain an IP address automatically**.



- Then select the DNS configuration tab to add a DNS IP address. If you do not wish to add a DNS IP address you can select the Disable DNS function. Press OK. You have completed the client settings.
- 6. After clicking **OK**, windows might ask you to restart the PC. Click **Yes**.



Viewing Your PC's Network Information

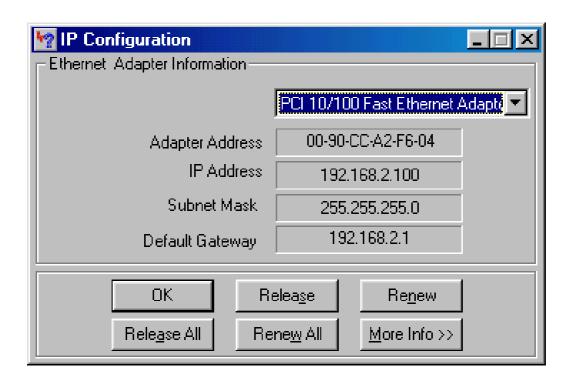
There are two tools which are great for finding out a computer's IP configuration,

MAC address and default gateway.

• WINIPCFG (for windows 95/98)

Inside the windows 95/98 **Start** button, select Run and type **winipcfg**. In the example below this computer has an IP address of 192.168.2.100 and the default gateway is 192.168.2.1. The default gateway should be the network (Router) device's IP address. The MAC address in windows 95/98 is called the Adapter Address.

Note: You can also type **winipcfg** in the DOS command.



• IPCONFIG (for Windows 2000/NT)

In the DOS command type **IPCONFIG** and press **Enter**. Your PC IP information will be displayed as shown below.

Virtual Private Network (VPN) Examples

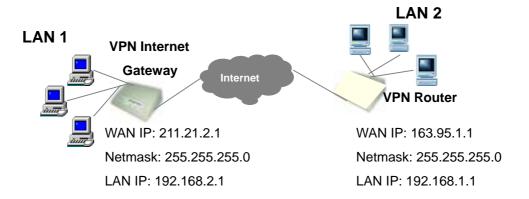
There are 2 types of VPN architectural typologies:

Typology 1: LAN - Network-to-Network

Typology 2: **Single User** - PC(s) to Network (mode 1 and 2)

Typology 1: LAN - Network-to-Network

This type of architecture creates a secure VPN tunnel between two networks, for instance, a VPN Internet Gateway (LAN 1) and a VPN Router (LAN 2) – see diagram below.



Configuration for VPN Internet Gateway (LAN 1)

Remote Site: LAN

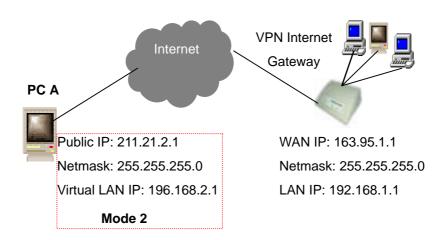
Remote IP Network: 192.168.1.0 Remote IP Netmask: 255.255.255.0 Remote Gateway IP/FQDN: 163.95.1.1

	VPN SETTINGS		
	Connection Name	VPN-First	
	C Enable UID (Unique Identi	ifier String) 🌀 Disable UID	
	Local IPSEC Identifier		
	Remote IPSEC Identifier		
	🗆 Enabled Keep Alive	□ Enabled NetBIOS Broadcast	
	Remote IP Network	192 . 168 . 1 . 0	
	Remote IP Netmask	255 255 0	
	Remote Gateway IP	163 .95 .1 .1	
Not	Network Interface	WAN ETHERNET 🔻	ic, enter

"0.0.0.0." in the Remote Gateway IP/FQDN field. In Manual Mode, you have to fill in the Remote IP, Remote IP Network and Remote Gateway IP/FQDN fields. (Remote Gateway IP/FQDN field cannot be 0.0.0.0.)

Typology 2: Single User - PC(s) to Network (mode 1 and 2)

The diagram below is used to describe mode 1 and 2.



Mode 1:

PC A must have an IPSec Client software installed (eg. Safenet or SSH etc.). If you do not know PC A's IP address, because it has a dynamic public IP, then the VPN Internet Gateway's VPN configuration is as follow:

Configuration for VPN Internet Gateway

Remote Site: Single User Remote IP Network: 0.0.0.0 Remote IP Netmask: 0.0.0.0

Remote Gateway IP/FQDN: 0.0.0.0

NOTE: If you don't know the IP address (Remote IP Network) for PC A, input "0.0.0.0" in the Remote IP Network field, but the request for the VPN connection has to be initiated by PC A. If you select **Manual Mode**, you have to fill in the **Remote Gateway IP/FQDN**. (**Remote Gateway IP/FQDN** field cannot be 0.0.0.0).

Mode 2:

In this example, PC A is given a fixed IP address by its ISP. <u>PC A must have an IPSec Client software installed (e.g. VPNCOM – acts as a virtual NIC)</u>. The VPN Internet Gateway's VPN configuration is as follow:

Remote Site: Single User

Remote IP Network: 192.168.2.0 Remote IP Netmask: 255.255.255.0 Remote Gateway IP/FQDN: 211.21.2.1

Note: In IKE Mode, if the Remote Gateway IP has a dynamic IP address, you must enter "0.0.0.0." in the Remote Gateway IP/FQDN field. In Manual Mode, you must fill in the Remote IP, Remote IP Network and Remote Gateway IP/FQDN field (Remote Gateway IP/FQDN field cannot be 0.0.0.0 for manual mode).

FCC CAUTION

- 1. The device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:
- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference.
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
- 2. FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement: The equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and your body.
- 3. This Transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.
- 4. Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user authority to operate the equipment.