





EMI -- TEST REPORT

Test Report No. : T31960-00-11AA February 27, 2008

Date of issue

Type / Model Name : SCALANCE W784 / LAP Family

Product Description : Wireless-LAN-Accesspoint

Applicant : Siemens AG

Address : Östliche Rheinbrückenstr. 50

D-76187 Karlsruhe

Manufacturer : Siemens AG

Address : Östliche Rheinbrückenstr. 50

D-76187 Karlsruhe

Licence holder : Siemens AG

Address : Östliche Rheinbrückenstr. 50

D-76187 Karlsruhe

Test Result according to the	Positivo
standards listed in clause 1 test standards:	Positive



The test report merely corresponds to the test sample. It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test results without the written permission of the test laboratory.



Contents

1	TEST STANDARDS	3
•	OUMMA BY	
2	SUMMARY	4
3	EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST	7
3.1	PHOTO DOCUMENTATION OF THE EUT – DETAILED PHOTOS SEE ATTACHMENT A AND B	7
3.2	POWER SUPPLY SYSTEM UTILISED	7
3.3	TEST SETUP	7
3.4	SHORT DESCRIPTION OF THE EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT)	8
4	TEST ENVIRONMENT	9
4.1	Address of the test laboratory	9
4.2	ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS	9
4.3	STATEMENT OF THE MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	9
4.4	MEASUREMENT PROTOCOL FOR FCC, VCCI AND AUSTEL	10
5	TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS	11
5.1	CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	11
5.2	26 dB Emission Bandwidth	15
5.3	MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER	19
5.4	Undiserable emissions	21
5.5	PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY	32
5.6	PEAK EXCURSION	35
5.7	MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)	39
5.8	ANTENNA APPLICATION	42
5.9	RECEIVER SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	43
6	USED TEST FOUIPMENT AND ACCESSORIES	47



1 TEST STANDARDS

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart C - Intentional Radiators (May, 2007)

Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.35(c) Correction for Pulse Operation (Duty Cycle)

Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.203 Antenna requirement

Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.204 External radio frequency power amplifiers and antenna modifications

Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.207(a) AC Line conducted emissions

Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.209(a) Radiated emissions, general requirements

Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.407 Operation within the bands 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, 5.47-

5.725 GHz and 5.725-5.825 GHz

FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart B - Unintentional Radiators (May, 2007)

Part 15, Subpart B, Section 15.107(a) AC Line conducted emissions

Part 15, Subpart B, Section 15.109(a) Radiated emissions, general requirements

FCC Rules and Regulations Part 1 Subpart I - Procedures Implementing the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969

Part 1, Subpart I, Section 1.1310 Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits.

OET Bulletin 65, 65A, 65B, 65C Edition 97-01, August 1997 – Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields.



2 SUMMARY

GENERAL REMARKS:

The EuT consists of 1 WLAN miniPCI module.

It exist 1 variant with following application:

Variant	Certification-Name	WLAN Modules	Ethernet	Antennas
V01	LAP-W1-RJ-E1	1	RJ45	2 x R-SMA

Available Features:

The WLAN miniPCI modules are compatible with 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11h technology. They are able to operate in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz frequency band.

- 802.11a Mode 5.15 GHz – 5.25 GHz and 5.725 GHz – 5.850 GHz

- 802.11b/g Mode 2400 MHz – 2483.5 MHz

- 802.11h Mode 5.15 GHz – 5.35 GHz and 5.47 GHz – 5.725 GHz

The modules use DSSS or OFDM modulation and are cabable to provide following data rates:

- 802.11b Mode 11, 5.5, 2, 1 Mbps, auto-fallback

- 802.11g Mode 54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9, 6 Mbps, auto-fallback

- 802.11g turbo Mode 108, 96, 72, 54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12 Mbps, auto-fallback

- 802.11a/h 54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9, 6 Mbps, auto-fallback

- 802.11a/h turbo Mode 108, 96, 72, 54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12 Mbps, auto-fallback

There are different external antennas provided, which are listed in following table:

Number	Characteristics	Certification name	Plug	Frequency (GHz)	Gain (dBi)
1	Omni	ANT795-6MN	N	2.4 / 5	6/8
2	Omni	ANT792-6MN	N	2.4	6
3	Omni	ANT793-6MN	N	5	6
4	Patch	ANT795-6DN	N	2.4 / 5	9/9
5	Directed	ANT792-8DN	N	2.4	14
6	Directed	ANT793-8DN	N	5	18
7	Helix	ANT792-4DN	N	2.4-2.485	4
8	λ 5/8	ANT793-4MN	N	5.15-5.875	6
9	R-Coax	IWLAN Rcoax PE 1/2" 2.4 GHz	N	2.4-2.485	0
10	R-Coax	IWLAN Rcoax PE 1/2" 5 GHz	N	5.15-5.875	0
11	Omni	ANT795-4MS	R-SMA	2.4 / 5	4/5



Note: The US version will be firmware limited to operate only in the 5150-5250 MHz band.

The tests have been carried out in the frequency band: 5.15-5.25 GHz.

Pre-scan has been performed to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports. The maximum output power depends on used data rate.

As worst case the following data rates are used:

• 802.11a: 6 Mbits

The EuT has been adjusted to transmit data during the tests with a duty cycle (X) of about X=1.

4 channels are provided to this EuT in 802.11a mode:

Channel	Frequency
36	5180
40	5200
44	5220
48	5240

Following channels were selected for the final test as listed below:

Technology	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation	Modulation Type	Data Rate [MBps]
802.11a	36 to 48	36 and 48	OFDM	BPSK	6



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testing	partners

FINAL ASSESSMENT:					
The equipment under test fulfills the	The equipment under test fulfills the EMI requirements cited in clause 1 test standards.				
Date of receipt of test sample	: acc. to storage records				
Testing commenced on	: November 12, 2007				
Testing concluded on	: _February 26, 2008				
Checked by:	Tested by:				
Klaus Gegenfurtner DiplIng.(FH) Manager: Radio Group	Anton Altmann DiplIng.(FH)				



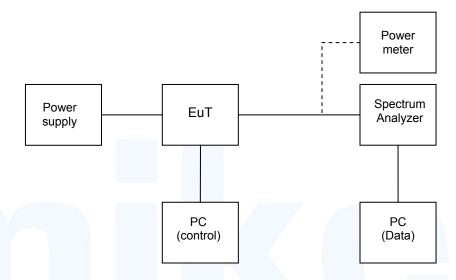
3 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

3.1 Photo documentation of the EuT - Detailed photos see Attachment A and B

3.2 Power supply system utilised

Power supply voltage : 24 V DC

3.3 Test setup







3.4 Short description of the Equipment under Test (EuT)

The EuT is an Industrial Outdoor Access Point (iOAP) with integrated WLAN-Mini PCI modul operating in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands.				
Number of tested samples: Serial number:	1 Prototype			
EuT operation mode:				
The equipment under test was	operated during the measurement under the following conditions:			
- Continuous transmit mode of 1 module				
- Continuous receive mode of 1	module			
EuT configuration: (The CDF filled by the applicant can be viewed at the test laboratory.)				
The following peripheral devi	ices and interface cables were connected during the measurements:			

- DC Power supply 24 to 48VDC	Model : 6000A
-	Model :
	Model :
	Model :
- <u> </u>	Model :
-	Model:



4 TEST ENVIRONMENT

4.1 Address of the test laboratory

mikes-testingpartners gmbh Ohmstrasse 2-4 94342 Strasskirchen Germany

4.2 Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environment	ental conditions we	ere within the listed i	ranges:
Temperature:	15-35 ° C	_	

Humidity: 30-60 %

Atmospheric pressure: 86-106 kPa

4.3 Statement of the measurement uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. to CISPR 16-4-2 /11.2003 "Uncertainties, statistics and limit modelling – Uncertainty in EMC measurements" and is documented in the quality system acc. to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

File No. **T31960-00-11AA**, page **9** of **48**



4.4 Measurement Protocol for FCC, VCCI and AUSTEL

4.4.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

4.4.1.1 Test Methodology

Conducted and radiated disturbance testing is performed according to the procedures in International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR) Publication 22, European Standard EN 55022 as shown under section 1 of this report.

In compliance with 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart A Section 15.38 testing for FCC compliance may be done following the ANSI C63.4-2003 procedures and using the CISPR 22 Limits.

4.4.1.2 Measurement Error

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there is some measurement variability due to the tolerances of the test equipment that can contribute to a nominal product measurement uncertainty. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report according to NIS 81/5.1994 "The treatment of uncertainty in EMC measurements" and is documented in the mikes-testingpartners gmbh quality system according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component differences and manufacturing process variability of production units similar to that tested may result in additional product uncertainty. If necessary, refer to the test lab for the actual measurement uncertainty for specific tests. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

4.4.1.3 Justification

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is configured in a typical user arrangement in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. A cable is connected to each available port and either terminated with a peripheral using the appropriate impedance characteristic or left unterminated. Where appropriate, cables are manually manipulated with respect to each other thus obtaining maximum disturbances from the unit.

4.4.2 DETAILS OF TEST PROCEDURES

4.4.2.1 General Standard Information

The test methods used comply with CISPR Publication 22, EN 55022 - "Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement" and with ANSI C63.4-2003 - "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz."



5 TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

5.1 Conducted emissions

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part A 4.

5.1.1 Description of the test location

Test location: Shielded Room S2

5.1.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up





5.1.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15 Subpart 15.207 (a): Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table.

The measurements are performed using a receiver, which has CISPR characteristic bandwidth and quasi-peak detection and a Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN) with $50\Omega/50~\mu H$ (CISPR 16) characteristics. Table top equipment is placed on a non-conducting table 80 centimeters above the floor and is positioned 40 centimeters from the vertical ground plane (wall) of the screen room. If the minimum limit margin appears to be less than 20 dB with a peak mode measurement, the emissions are remeasured using a tuned receiver with quasi-peak and average detection and recorded on the data sheets.

Frequency of Emission	Conducted Limit (dBµV)		
(MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average	
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *	
0.5-5	56	46	
5-30	60	50	

^{*} Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

5.1.4 Description of Measurement

The final level, expressed in $dB_{\mu}V$, is arrived at by taking the reading directly from the EMI receiver. This level is compared directly to the FCC Limit or to the CISPR limit.

To convert between dB μ V and μ V, the following conversions apply: dB μ V = 20(log μ V)

 μ V = Inverse log(dB μ V/20)

The requirements are **FULFILLED**.

Remarks: As worst case the EuT was equipped with 1 WLAN module.

For detailed results please refer to the following plots.

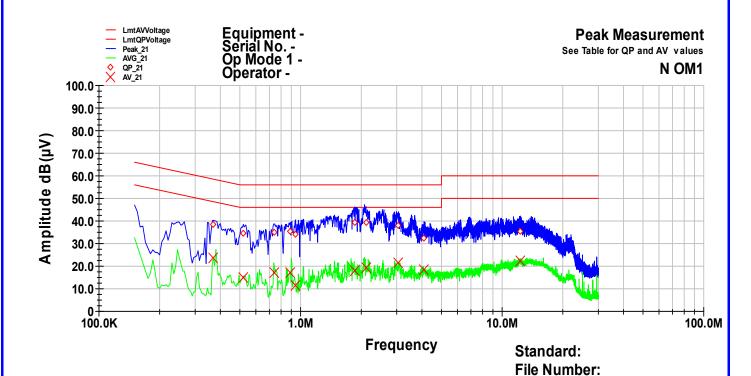
File No. **T31960-00-11AA**, page **12** of **48**

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Conducted emissions at negative power line

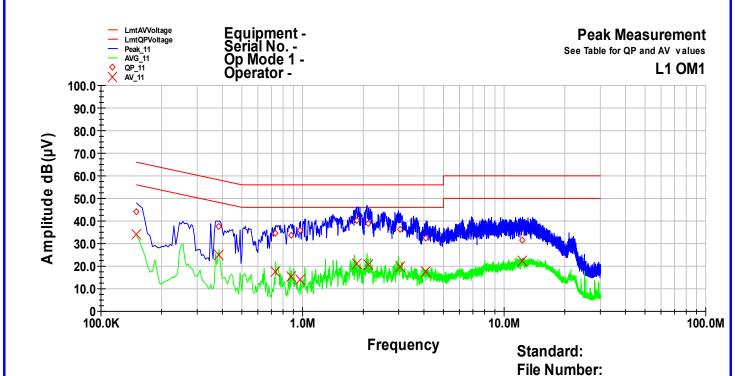


Frequency	QP Level	QP Margin	QP Limit	AV Level	AV Margin	AV Limit
MHz	dB(μV)	dB	dB	dB(μV)	dB	dB
	.2	22.2	2	22.2	22.	
0.37	38.5	-20.0	58.5	23.7	-24.8	48.5
0.52	34.7	-21.3	56.0	14.9	-31.1	46.0
0.74	34.9	-21.1	56.0	17.3	-28.7	46.0
0.89	35.2	-20.8	56.0	17.0	-29.0	46.0
0.945	34.0	-22.0	56.0	11.6	-34.4	46.0
1.855	39.2	-16.8	56.0	18.2	-27.8	46.0
2.11	39.2	-16.8	56.0	19.4	-26.6	46.0
3.06	38.1	-17.9	56.0	21.6	-24.4	46.0
4.1	32.5	-23.5	56.0	18.6	-27.4	46.0
12.295	35.6	-24.4	60.0	22.1	-27.9	50.0





Conducted emissions at positive power line



Frequency	QP Level	QP Margin	QP Limit	AV Level	AV Margin	AV Limit
MHz	dB(μV)	dB	dB	dB(μV)	dB	dB
	.2	22.2	2	22.2	22.	
0.15	44.0	-22.0	66.0	34.1	-21.9	56.0
0.385	37.8	-20.4	58.2	25.1	-23.1	48.2
0.735	34.4	-21.6	56.0	17.4	-28.6	46.0
0.875	33.9	-22.1	56.0	15.5	-30.5	46.0
0.975	35.9	-20.1	56.0	14.1	-31.9	46.0
1.85	40.2	-15.8	56.0	20.9	-25.1	46.0
2.12	38.8	-17.2	56.0	20.6	-25.4	46.0
3.045	36.5	-19.5	56.0	19.8	-26.2	46.0
4.105	32.5	-23.5	56.0	17.7	-28.3	46.0
12.33	31.6	-28.4	60.0	22.4	-27.6	50.0



5.2 26 dB Emission Bandwidth

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part MB.

5.2.1 Description of the test location

Test location: AREA4

5.2.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up





5.2.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15 Subpart 15.401 (i): The emission bandwidth shall be determined by measuring the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, that are 26 dB down relative to the maximum of the modulated carrier.

5.2.4 Description of Measurement

The bandwidth was measured at an amplitude level reduced from the reference level by a specified ratio of -26 dB. The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter fundamental frequency. The measurement has been carried out using a spectrum analyzer with the following settings:

RBW=300 kHz

VBW=1 MHz

PEAK Detector

The table below shows the settings according to ANSI C63.4-2003.

Fundamental frequency	Minimum resolution bandwidth
9 kHz to 30 MHz	1kHz
30 to 1000 MHz	10 kHz
1000 MHz to 40 GHz	100 kHz

5.2.5 Test result

Channel number	Fundamental Frequency [MHz]	26 dB BANDWIDTH [MHz]
36	5180	30.3
48	5240	30.5

Remarks:	For detailed test result please refer to following test protocols.

File No. **T31960-00-11AA**, page **16** of **48**

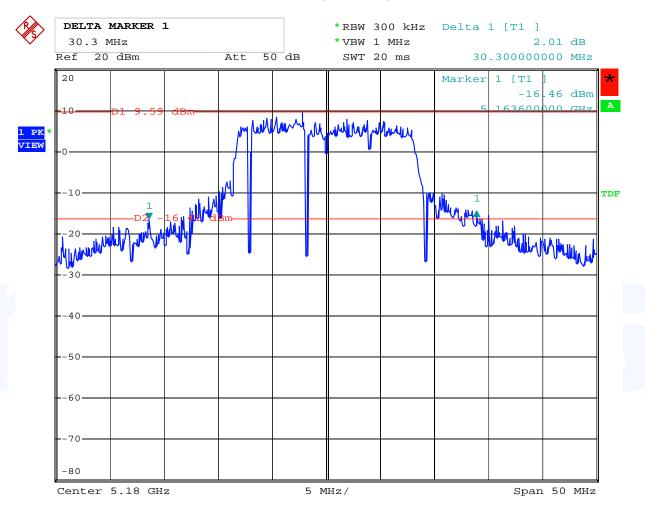
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5.2.6 Test protocol

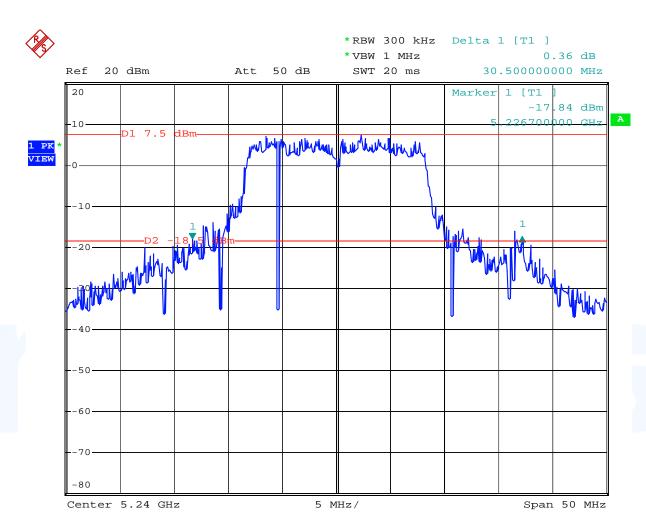
26dB Bandwidth Measurement plots

Channel 36 (5180 MHz)





Channel 48 (5240 MHz)





5.3 Maximum Conducted Output Power

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part CPC 3.

5.3.1 Description of the test location

Test location: AREA4

5.3.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up





5.3.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15 Subpart 15.401 (n): The total transmits power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The everage must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. The applicable power limits are defined in Part 15.407 (a).

If transmitting antennas of directional gain are greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

5.3.4 Description of Measurement

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The center frequency of the spectrum analyzer is set to the fundamental frequency using 1 MHz RBW and 300 kHz VBW. The span of the spectrum analyzer should be larger than the Emission Band Width (EBW). To get the total power of the occupied band width the function "Channel Power Measurement" of the analyzer has been used. The channel band width has been set to EBW. With Peak detector and Power Mode Max Hold the result is the summed maximum output power of the EBW.

5.3.5 Test result

Ch	Frequency	Power settings	Measured Power	Correction	Antenna gain	EIRP Power	EIRP Power Limit	Delta
	[MHz]	[∆dB]	[dBm]	[dB]	[dBi]	[dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]
		0	4.7	12.0	3.5	20.2	23.0	-2.8
36	5180	-3	4.7	12.0	6.0	22.7	23.0	-0.3
		-6	1.5	12.0	9.0	22.5	23.0	-0.5
		0	4.2	12.0	3.5	19.7	23.0	-3.3
48	5240	-3	4.2	12.0	6.0	22.2	23.0	-0.8
		-6	1.1	12.0	9.0	22.1	23.0	-0.9

Remarks: Where Correction means fixed attenuation of 10 dB and cable loss of 2.0 dB.

The calculated EIRP power includes the gain of the applicable antennas. The necessary reduction of the output power depends on the used type of antenna. The amount of the reduced output power is implemented in the firmware of the EuT and will be automaticly adjusted on the selected antenna.

Peak Power Limit according to FCC Subpart 15.407(a)

Frequency	Conducted	EIRP Limit	
[ĠHz]	[dBm]	[mW]	[dBm]
5.15-5.25	17	50	23

The	requirements	are l	FUI	FII I	FD
1110	i cuuli ci ilci ilo	alci			. L D

Remarks:	: Inis test has been performed conducted at antenna jack on WLAN module.					

File No. **T31960-00-11AA**, page **20** of **48**



5.4 Undiserable emissions

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part SER 2 and SER 3.

5.4.1 Description of the test location

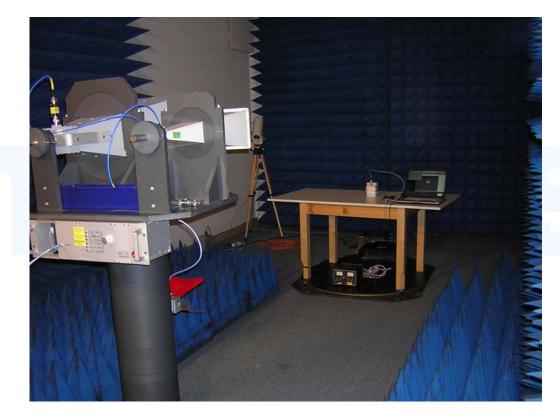
Test location: OATS1

Anechoic Chamber A2

Test distance: 3 metres

5.4.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up

Anechoic chamber





Open area test site





5.4.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15 Subpart 15.407 (b):

(1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz.

In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limit specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

5.4.4 Description of Measurement

Radiated spurious emissions from the EuT are measured in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 1000 MHz using a tuned receiver and appropriate broadband linearly polarized antennas. The measurements are made with 120 kHz/6 dB bandwidth and quasi-peak detection. The EuT is placed on a 1.0 X 1.5 meter non-conducting table 80 centimetres above the ground plane. The set up of the Equipment under test will be in accordance to ANSI C63.4-2003.

The antenna was positioned 3 meters horizontally from the EuT. To locate maximum emissions from the test sample the antenna is varied in height from 1 to 4 meters, measurement scans are made with both horizontal and vertical antenna polarization`s and the EuT are rotated 360 degrees.

The final level, expressed in $dB\mu V/m$, is arrived by taking the reading from the EMI receiver (Level $dB\mu V$) and adding the correction factors and cable loss factor (Factor dB) to it. This is done automatically in the EMI receiver, where the correction factors are stored.

The radiated emissions from the EuT are measured in the frequency range of 1 GHz to maximum frequency as specified in section 15.33, using a Spectrum Analyzer and appropriate linearly polarized antennas. The EuT is placed on a 1.0 X 1.5 meter non-conducting table 80 centimetres above the ground plane. The set up of the EuT will be in accordance to ANSI C63.4-2003. The antenna was positioned 3 m horizontally from the EuT.

Measurement are made in both the horizontal and vertical planes of polarization in a fully anechoic room using a spectrum analyzer with the detector function set to peak, RBW 1 MHz and VBW set to 3 MHz for any spurious emission or modulation product that falls in **Restricted bands** as defined in Section 15.205. All tests are performed at a test-distance of 3 meters. During the tests the EUT measurement scans are made with both horizontal and vertical antenna polarization's and the EuT are rotated 360 degrees.

According to Part 15.407 (b) (5): The emission measurements have been performed using a minimum RBW of 1 MHz. At some measurements it was necessary to use a RBW of 100 kHz near the band edge. The results than have been calculated to show the total power over 1 MHz.

Average values were measured with spectrum analyzer by taking the following Settings

RBW: 1 MHz VBW: 10 Hz Sweep: Auto



5.4.5 Test result

Worst case condition:

All radiated measurements are performed with Antenna ANT795-6DN with power setting of -6.

5.4.5.1 Radiated emissions and Harmonics in restricted bands

Frequency band: 5.15 GHz to 5.25 GHz

Channel 36 (5180 MHz)

Frequency	Detector	Analyzer hor	reading vert	Correction	Res hor	sult Vert	Limit	Delta
[MHz]		[dBµV/m]	[dBµV/m]	[dB]	[dBµV/m]	[dBµV/m]	[dBµV/m]	[dB]
4800	Pk	<40	55.4	-0.3		55.1	74	-18.9
4000	AV		47.8	-0.3		47.5	54	-6.5
5121	Pk	<40	56.8	0.5		57.3	74	-16.7
5121	AV		49.3	0.5		49.8	54	-4.2
E1E0	Pk	<40	66.5	0.5		67.0	74	-7.0
5150	AV		47.6	0.5		48.1	54	-5.9
15510	Pk	<40	<40	5.9		<40	74	
15540	AV			5.9			54	

Channel 48 (5240 MHz)

ĺ	Frequency		Analyzer	reading	ding Correction		Result		Delta	
	rrequericy	Detector	hor	vert	Correction	hor	vert	Limit	Della	
	[MHz]		[dBµV/m]	[dBµV/m]	[dB]	[dBµV/m]	[dBµV/m]	[dBµV/m]	[dB]	
I	15720	Pk	<40	<40	8.2			74		
	13720	AV			8.2			54		



5.4.5.2 Radiated emissions outside of frequency bands

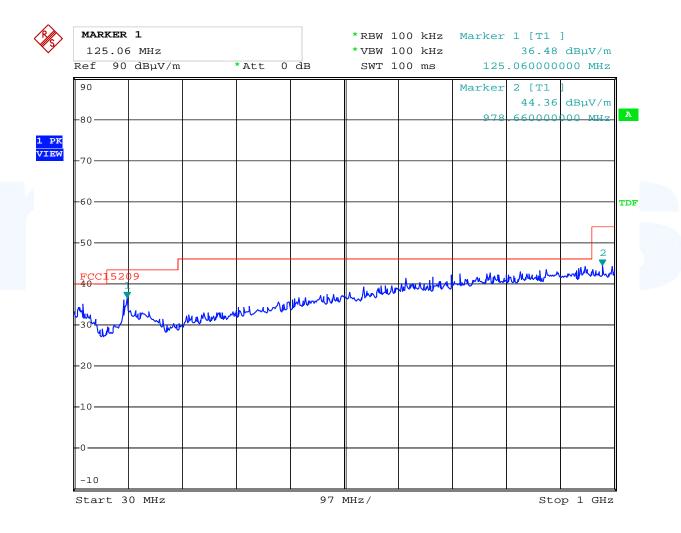
Technology 802.11a

Frequency band from 5.15 GHz to 5.25 GHz

Carrier frequency at channel 36 (5180 MHz)

Three plots have been taken to show the restricted band emission levels and the out-of-band radiated spurious emission levels at and near the lower authorized bandedge.

Radiated spurious emissions from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz

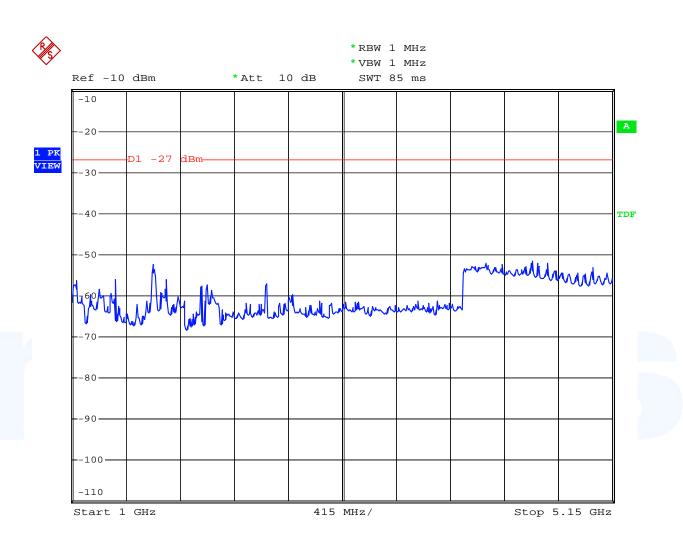


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Notes: All peak emissions were below the limits of part 15.209.



Radiated spurious emissions from 1 GHz to 5.15 GHz

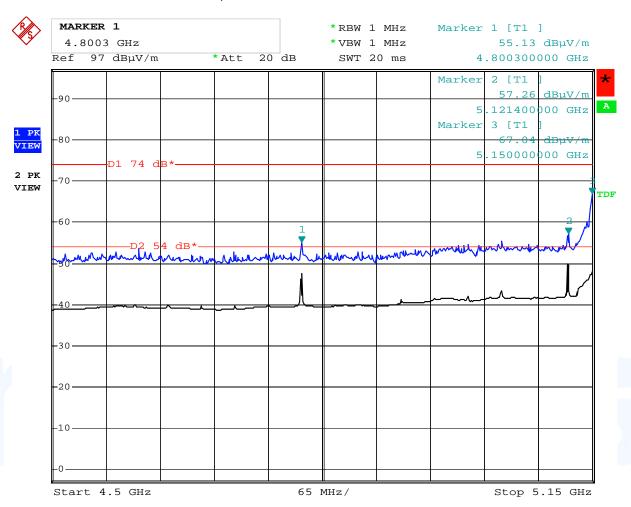


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Date: 14.FEB.2008 09:17:32



Peak and AV plot in restricted band from 4500 to 5150 MHz



Comment:

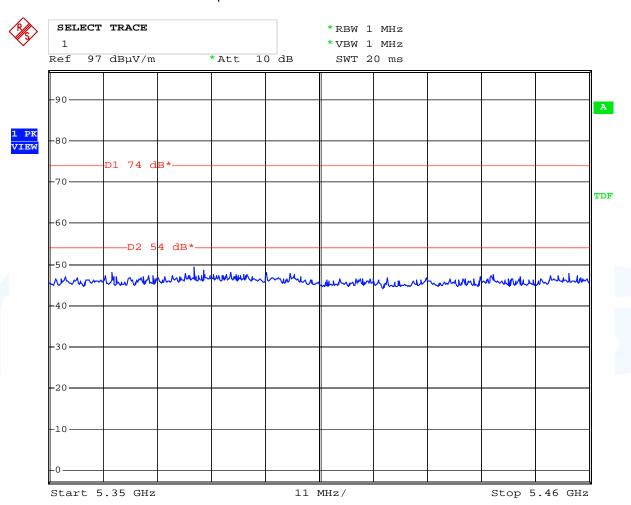
Date: 14.FEB.2008 09:42:51



Carrier frequency at channel 48 (5240 MHz)

Three plots have been taken to show the restricted band emission levels and the out-of-band radiated spurious emission levels at and near the upper authorized bandedge.

Peak and AV plot in restricted band from 5350 to 5460 MHz

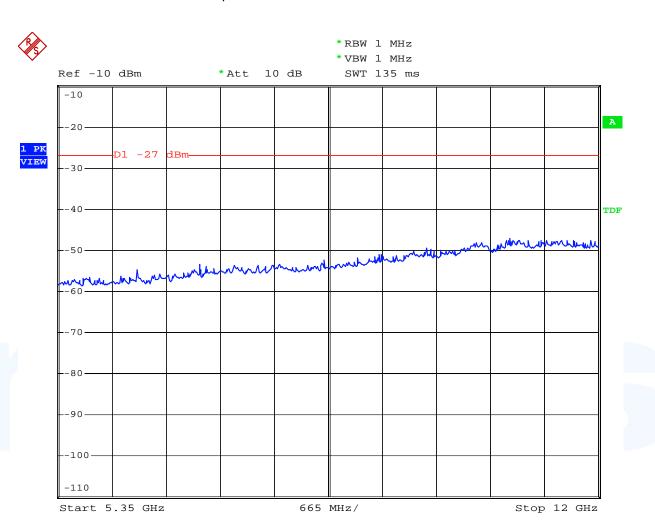


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Date: 14.FEB.2008 09:53:18



Radiated spurious emissions from 5.35 GHz to 12 GHz

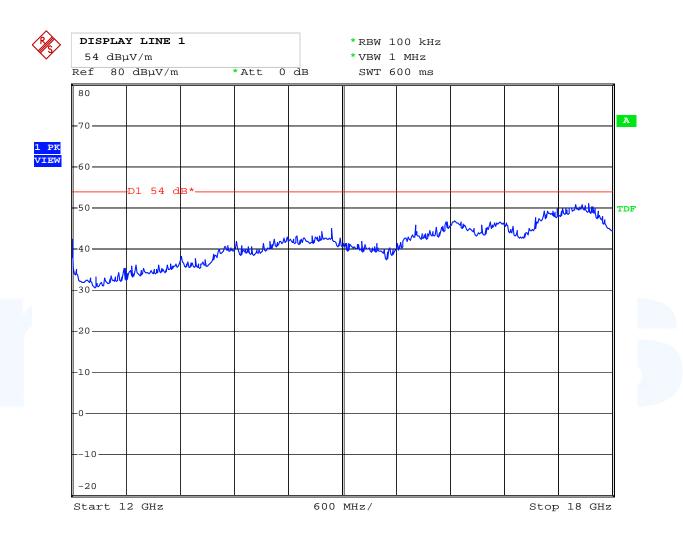


Comment:

Date: 14.FEB.2008 08:59:16



Radiated spurious emissions from 12 GHz to 18 GHz



Date: 22.JAN.2008 21:40:10

Notes: All peak emissions were below the limits of part 15.209.



Radiated limits according to FCC Part 15 Subpart 15.209(a) for spurious emissions which fall in restricted bands:

Frequency [MHz]	Field strength of spurious emissions		Measurement distance [meters]
	[µV/m]	dB [μV/m]	
0,009-0,490	2400/F(kHz)		300
0,490-1,705	24000/F(kHz)		30
1,705-30	30	29,5	30
30-88	100	40	3
88-216	150	43.5	3
216-960	200	46	3
Above 960	500	54	3

Restricted bands of operation:

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209

[MHz]	[MHz]	[GHz]
25.5 – 25.67	960 – 1240	4.5 – 5.15
37.5 – 38.25	1300 – 1427	5.35 – 5.46
73 – 74.6	1435 – 1626.5	7.25 – 7.75
74.8 – 75.2	1645.5 – 1646.5	8.025 – 8.5
108 – 121.94	1660 – 1710	9.0 – 9.2
123 – 138	1718.8 – 1722.2	9.3 – 9.5
149.9 – 150.05	2200 – 2300	10.6 – 12.7
156.52475 – 156.52525	2310 – 2390	13.25 – 13.4
156.7 – 156.9	2483.5 – 2500	14.47 – 14.5
162.0125 – 167.17	2655 – 2900	15.35 – 16.2
167.72 – 173.2	3260 – 3267	17.7 – 21.4
240 – 285	3332 – 3339	22.01 – 23.12
322 – 335.4	3345.8 – 3358	23.6 – 24.0
399.9 – 410	3600 – 4400	31.2 – 31.8
608 – 614		36.43 – 36.5

The requirements are **FULFILLED**.

Remarks:	The measurement was performed up to the 10" harmonic.				



5.5 Peak Power Spectral Density

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part CPC 3.

5.5.1 Description of the test location

Test location: Area 4

5.5.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up





5.5.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15 Subpart 15.407 (a):For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 4 dBm in any 1-MHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

5.5.4 Description of Measurement

The EuT was connected to the spectrum analyzer with a suitable attenuator. The peak power spectral density was measured using the analyzer function of measuring the band power/Hz and the same settings like the power measuring. The result is calculated by addition of 60 dB (10 log 1 MHz/Hz) to the readings.

Settings on the spectrum analyzer:
RBW: 1 MHz
VBW: 300 kHz
Sweep: auto
Detecter function: AV

5.5.5 Test result

Channel		Fundamental Frequency	Reading	Correction to 1 MHz	PPSD Result	Limit
		[MHz]	[dBm/Hz]	[dB]	[dBm]	[dBm]
	36	5180	-56.8	60	3.2	4
	48	5240	-56.3	60	3.7	4

The requirements are **FULFILLED**.

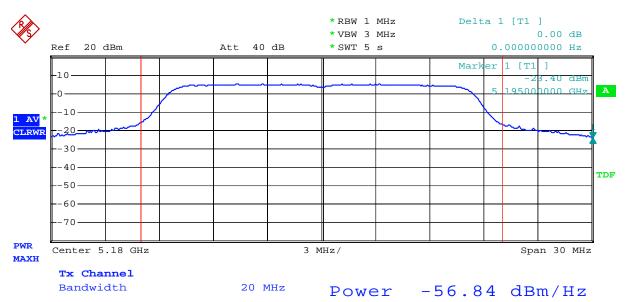
Remarks: For detailed test results please refer to following test protocols.

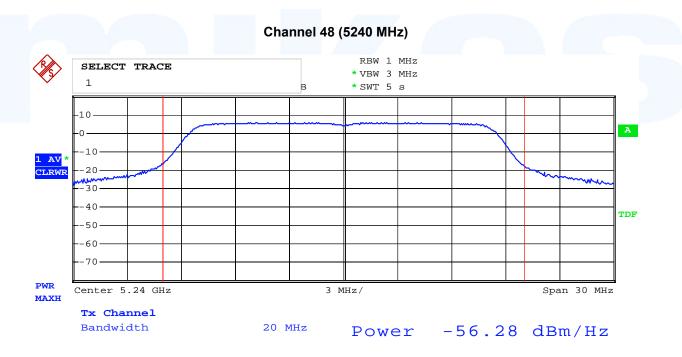
File No. **T31960-00-11AA**, page **33** of **48**



Peak Power spectral density plots

Channel 36 (5180 MHz)







5.6 Peak Excursion

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part MB.

5.6.1 Description of the test location

Test location: AREA4

5.6.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up





5.6.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15 Subpart 15.407 (a) (6): The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the maximum conducted output power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

5.6.4 Description of Measurement

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer. Using Peak detector and MAX HOLD-function for Trace 1 with 1 MHz RBW and 3 MHz VBW and Trace 2 with 1 MHz RBW and 300 kHz VBW both traces were recorded. The largest difference between Trace 1 and Trace 2 in any 1 MHz band was noted as maximum Peak Excursion value.

5.6.5 Test result

Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Peak Power Excursion [dBm]	Peak to Average Excursion Limit [dBm]	Delta [dB]
36	5180	7.1	13	-5.9
48	5240	8.9	13	-4.1

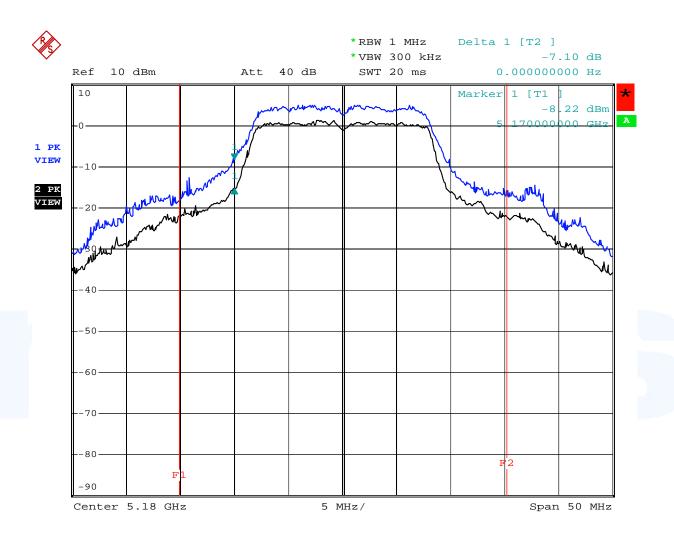
The requirements are **FULFILLED**.

Remarks: For detailed test results please refer to following test protocols.



Peak Excursion Plots

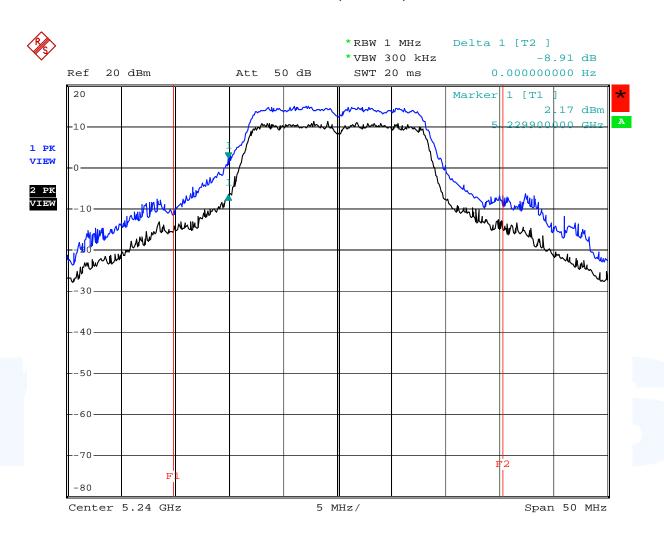
Channel 36 (5180 MHz)



Comment: EBW=30.3 MHz (F2-F1)
Date: 12.DEC.2007 11:47:52



Channel 48 (5240 MHz)



Comment: EBW=30.5 MHz (F2-F1)
Date: 25.FEB.2008 11:05:23



5.7 Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part CPC 3.

5.7.1 Description of the test location

Test location: AREA4

5.7.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up





5.7.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15 Subpart 15.407 (f): U-NII devices are subject to the radio frequency radiation exposure requirements specified in §§ 1.1307 (b), 2.1091 and 2.1093 of this chapter, as appropriate.

The test methods used comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz".

This test report shows the compliance with the limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) specified in FCC 1.1310 and the criteria to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in FCC 1.1307(b).

5.7.4 Description of Measurement

The maximum total power input to the antenna has been measured conducted as described in clause 5.3 of this document. Through the Friis transmission formula, which is a far field assumption and the known maximum gain of the antenna, the maximum MPE at a defined distance away from the product, can be calculated.

Friis transmission formula:
$$P_d = \frac{P_{out} * G}{4 * \Pi * r^2}$$

where

P_d =power density in mW/cm²
P_{out} = output power to antenna in mW
G = gain of antenna (linear scale)
r = distance between antenna and observation point [cm]

5.7.5 Compliance regarding co-location and co-transmission

There is no co-location issue with 2 and 3 transmitters operating simultaneously. The reason for this is, that one module with the test software transmits with the highest possible duty cycle. If more than one module is active, the duty cycle for each module will be reduced. It is not possible (controlled by host computer) that the modules transmit at the same time slot.



5.7.6 Test result

Worst case: Antenna ANT795-6DN with an antenna gain of 9 dBi

Power setting: -6

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Max Power Output to Antenna		Antenna gain	Power Density (mW/cm²)	Limit of Power Density
		(dBm)	(mW)	(dBi)		(mW/cm ²)
36	5180	13.5	22.39	9	0.035	1.0
48	5240	13.1	20.42	9	0.032	1.0

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Frequency	Electric Field	Magnetic Field	Power Density	Averaging Time			
Range	Strength	Strength	[mW/cm ²]	[minutes]			
[MHz]	[V/m]	[A/m]					
	(A) Limits for C	occupational / Controlle	ed Exposure				
0.3 - 3.0	614	1.63	100	6			
3.0 - 30	1842/f	4.89/f	900/f ²	6			
30 - 300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6			
300-1500			f/300	6			
1500-100000			5.0	6			
	(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure						
0.3 - 3.0	614	1.63	100	30			
3.0 - 30	824/f	2.19/f	180/ f ²	30			
30 - 300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30			
300-1500			f/1500	30			
1500-100000			1.0	30			

f =	Frec	quency	in	MI	Ηz

rne requiremen	its are Fulfilled.			
Remarks:				



5.8 Antenna application

5.8.1 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15 Subpart 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

All supplied antennas meet the requirements of part 15.203 and 15.204.

The antennas can be connected only by a cable equiped with a reverse SMA plug supplied by the manufacturer.

5.8.2 Antenna requirements

FCC part 15C section 15.407 (a) requirements:

The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (a) of 15.407 is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraph (a)(1), (a)(2) and (a)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

The necessary reduction of the output power depends on the used type of antenna. The amount of the reduced output power is implemented in the firmware of the EuT and will be automaticly adjusted on the selected antenna.

File No. **T31960-00-11AA**, page **42** of **48**

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5.9 Receiver Spurious Emissions

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part SER 2 and SER 3.

5.9.1 Description of the test location

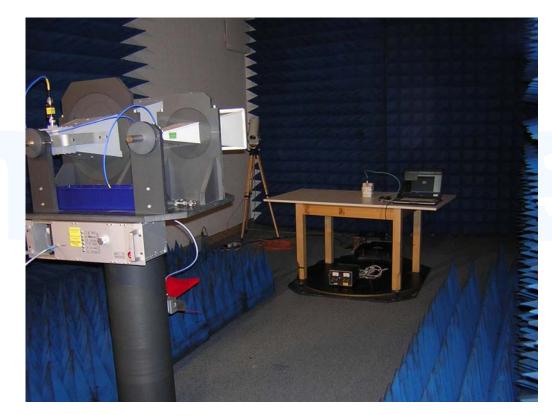
Test location: OATS1

Anechoic Chamber A2

Test distance: 3 metres

5.9.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up

Anechoic chamber





Open area test site





5.9.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15 Subpart 15.109: Field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at 3 m.

5.9.4 Description of Measurement

Radiated spurious emissions from the EuT are measured in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 1000 MHz using a tuned receiver and appropriate broadband linearly polarized antennas. The measurements are made with 120 kHz/6 dB bandwidth and quasi-peak detection. The EuT is placed on a 1.0 X 1.5 meter non-conducting table 80 centimetres above the ground plane. The set up of the Equipment under test will be in accordance to ANSI C63.4-2003.

The antenna was positioned 3 meters horizontally from the EuT. To locate maximum emissions from the test sample the antenna is varied in height from 1 to 4 meters, measurement scans are made with both horizontal and vertical antenna polarization's and the EuT are rotated 360 degrees.

The final level, expressed in $dB\mu V/m$, is arrived by taking the reading from the EMI receiver (Level $dB\mu V$) and adding the correction factors and cable loss factor (Factor dB) to it. This is done automatically in the EMI receiver, where the correction factors are stored.

The radiated emissions from the EuT are measured in the frequency range of 1 GHz to maximum frequency as specified in section 15.33, using a Spectrum Analyzer and appropriate linearly polarized antennas. The EuT is placed on a 1.0 X 1.5 meter non-conducting table 80 centimetres above the ground plane. The set up of the EuT will be in accordance to ANSI C63.4-2003. The antenna was positioned 3 m horizontally from the EuT.

Measurement are made in both the horizontal and vertical planes of polarization in a fully anechoic room using a spectrum analyzer with the detector function set to peak, RBW 1 MHz and VBW set to 3 MHz for any spurious emission or modulation product that falls in Restricted bands as defined in Section 15.205. All tests are performed at a test-distance of 3 meters. During the tests the EUT measurement scans are made with both horizontal and vertical antenna polarization's and the EuT are rotated 360 degrees.

Average values were measured with spectrum analyzer by taking the following Settings

RBW: 1 MHz VBW: 10 Hz Sweep: Auto



5.9.5 Test result

Frequency		Analyzer reading		Correction	Result		Limit	Delta
requericy	Detector	hor	vert	Correction	hor	vert	Liiiit	Della
[MHz]		[dBµV/m]	[dBµV/m]	[dB]	[dBµV/m]	[dBµV/m]	[dBµV/m]	[dB]
30-1000	Pk	<40	<40					
	AV							
1000-	Pk	<40	<40				74	
18000	AV						54	

Limit according to FCC Subpart 15.109(a)

Frequency of emission [MHz]	Field strength Limits [µV/m]	Field strength Limits [dBµV/m]
0,009-0,490	2400/F(kHz)	
0,490-1,705	24000/F(kHz)	
1,705-30	30	
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	44
216-960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

The requirements are **FULFILLED**.

Remarks:	The measurement was performed up to the 5 th harmonic.					



6 USED TEST EQUIPMENT AND ACCESSORIES

All test instruments used, in addition to the test accessories, are calibrated and verified regularly.

Test ID	Model / Type	Kind of Equipment	Manufacturer	Equipment No.
A 4	ESHS 30 R 3162 NNLK 8129 ESH 2 - Z 5 N-4000-BNC N-1500-N ESH 3 - Z 2 PE1540	EMI Test Receiver Spectrum Analyzer LISN LISN RF Cable RF Cable Pulse Limiter Power Supply	Rohde & Schwarz München Advantest Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektron Rohde & Schwarz München mikes-testingpartners gmbh mikes-testingpartners gmbh Rohde & Schwarz München Phillips Fluke GmbH	02-02/03-05-002 02-02/11-05-003 02-02/20-05-001 02-02/20-05-004 02-02/50-05-138 02-02/50-05-140 02-02/50-05-155 02-02/50-07-031
CPC 3	FSP 30	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz München	02-02/11-05-001
	THS730A	Handheld Scope	Tektronix GmbH	02-02/13-05-001
	PE1540	Power Supply	Phillips Fluke GmbH	02-02/50-07-031
MB	FSP 30	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz München	02-02/11-05-001
	THS730A	Handheld Scope	Tektronix GmbH	02-02/13-05-001
	PE1540	Power Supply	Phillips Fluke GmbH	02-02/50-07-031
SEC 1-3	FSP 30	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz München	02-02/11-05-001
	THS730A	Handheld Scope	Tektronix GmbH	02-02/13-05-001
	PE1540	Power Supply	Phillips Fluke GmbH	02-02/50-07-031
SER 2	ESVS 30	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz München	02-02/03-05-006
	VULB 9168	Trilog-Broadband Anten	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektron	02-02/24-05-005
	S10162-B	RF Cable 33m	Huber + Suhner	02-02/50-05-031
	KK-EF393-21N-16	RF Cable 20m	Huber + Suhner	02-02/50-05-033
	NW-2000-NB	RF Cable	Huber + Suhner	02-02/50-05-113
	PE1540	Power Supply	Phillips Fluke GmbH	02-02/50-07-031
SER 3	FSP 30 AFS4-01000400-10-10P-4 AMF-4F-04001200-15-10P AFS5-12001800-18-10P-6 3117 Sucoflex N-1600-SMA Sucoflex N-2000-SMA PE1540	Spectrum Analyzer RF Amplifier 1-4 GHz RF Amplifier 4-12 GHz RF Amplifier 12-18 GHz Horn Antenna 1-18 GHz RF Cable RF Cable Power Supply	Rohde & Schwarz München PARZICH GMBH PARZICH GMBH PARZICH GMBH EMCO Elektronik GmbH novotronik Signalverarbeit novotronik Signalverarbeit Phillips Fluke GmbH	02-02/11-05-001 02-02/17-05-003 02-02/17-05-004 02-02/17-06-002 02-02/24-05-009 02-02/50-05-073 02-02/50-05-075 02-02/50-07-031



			FC	C ID: LYHLAP-V1
Equipment No.	Next Calib.	Last Calib.	Next Verif.	Last Verif.
A 4 02-02/03-05-002 02-02/11-05-003 02-02/20-05-001 02-02/20-05-004 02-02/50-05-138 02-02/50-05-140 02-02/50-05-155	04/20/2008 09/17/2009 05/13/2008 03/11/2008	04/20/2007 09/17/2007 11/13/2007 04/11/2005	09/17/2008 05/13/2008	09/17/2007 11/13/2007
02-02/50-07-031 CPC 3 02-02/11-05-001 02-02/13-05-001 02-02/50-07-031	12/06/2008 09/03/2008	12/06/2006 09/03/2007		
MB 02-02/11-05-001 02-02/13-05-001 02-02/50-07-031	12/06/2008 09/03/2008	12/06/2006 09/03/2007		
SEC 1-3 02-02/11-05-001 02-02/13-05-001 02-02/50-07-031	12/06/2008 09/03/2008	12/06/2006 09/03/2007		
SER 2 02-02/03-05-006 02-02/24-05-005 02-02/50-05-031 02-02/50-05-033 02-02/50-05-113 02-02/50-07-031	07/24/2008 04/15/2008	07/24/2007 04/15/2005	09/21/2008	09/21/2007
SER 3 02-02/11-05-001 02-02/17-05-003 02-02/17-05-004	12/06/2008	12/06/2006		
02-02/17-06-002 02-02/24-05-009 02-02/50-05-073 02-02/50-05-075 02-02/50-07-031	01/16/2009	01/16/2008		