

Rosemount™ 3051 Wireless Pressure Transmitters

Pressure, Level, and Flow Solutions with *WirelessHART*® Protocol



WirelessHART IEC

Contents

Section 1: Introduction

1.1 Using this manual	1
1.2 Models covered	1
1.3 Product recycling/disposal	1

Section 2: Configuration

2.1 Overview	3
2.2 Safety messages	3
2.3 Required bench top configuration	4
2.3.1 Connection diagrams	5
2.4 Basic setup	5
2.4.1 Set device tag	5
2.4.2 Join device to network	6
2.4.3 Configure update rate	6
2.4.4 Set process variable units	6
2.4.5 Remove power module	7
2.5 Configure for pressure	7
2.5.1 Re-mapping device variables	7
2.5.2 Set range points	8
2.5.3 Set transmitter percent of range (transfer function)	8
2.6 Configure for level and flow	9
2.6.1 Configuring scaled variable	9
2.6.2 Re-mapping device variables	11
2.6.3 Set range points	12
2.7 Review configuration data	13
2.7.1 Review pressure information	13
2.7.2 Review device information	13
2.7.3 Review radio information	14
2.7.4 Review operating parameters	14
2.8 Configuring the LCD display	15
2.9 Detailed transmitter setup	15
2.9.1 Configure process alerts	15
2.9.2 Damping	16
2.9.3 Write protect	16
2.10 Diagnostics and service	17
2.10.1 Master reset	17

2.10.2 Join status	17
2.10.3 Number of available neighbors	18
2.11 Advanced functions for HART Protocol	18
2.11.1 Saving, recalling, and cloning configuration data	18

Section 3: Installation

3.1 Overview	21
3.2 Safety messages	21
3.3 Installation considerations	22
3.3.1 Wireless considerations.	22
3.3.2 Mechanical considerations	23
3.3.3 Environmental considerations.....	23
3.3.4 Draft range considerations.....	24
3.4 Installation procedures	25
3.4.1 Mounting the transmitter	25
3.4.2 Impulse piping.....	31
3.5.3 Process connections	33
3.5.4 Inline process connection.....	34
3.5.5 Power module installation.....	35
3.5.6 Installing the LCD display	36
3.6 Rosemount 304, 305, and 306 Integral Manifolds	37
3.6.1 Rosemount 305 Integral Manifold installation procedure	37
3.6.2 Rosemount 306 Integral Manifold installation procedure	38
3.6.3 Rosemount 304 Conventional Manifold installation procedure.....	39
3.6.4 Manifold operation	39

Section 4: Commissioning

4.1 Overview	47
4.2 Safety messages	47
4.3 Viewing network status.....	48
4.4 Verifying operation	48
4.4.1 Using the Field Communicator	50
4.5 Configuring transmitter security	51

Section 5: Operation and Maintenance

5.1 Overview	53
5.2 Safety messages	53
5.3 Calibration overview	54

5.3.1	Determining necessary sensor trims.	55
5.3.2	Determining calibration frequency	56
5.3.3	Compensating for span line pressure effects (range 4 and 5)	57
5.4	Trim the pressure signal	58
5.4.1	Sensor trim overview	58
5.4.2	Sensor trim	59
5.4.3	Recall factory trim—sensor trim	60
5.4.4	Line pressure effect (range 2 and 3)	61
5.4.5	Compensating for line pressure (range 4 and 5).	61
5.5	LCD display screen messages	63
5.5.1	Startup screen sequence.....	63
5.5.2	Diagnostic button screen sequence	65
5.5.3	Network diagnostic status screens	66
5.5.4	Device Diagnostic screens	68

Section 6: Troubleshooting

6.1	Overview	73
6.2	Safety messages.....	73
6.3	Removing from service	76
6.4	Service support	77

Appendix A: Specifications and Reference Data

A.1	Performance specifications	79
A.1.1	Conformance to specification ($\pm 3\sigma$ [Sigma])	79
A.1.2	Digital output.....	79
A.1.3	Reference accuracy	79
A.1.4	Flow performance - flow reference accuracy.	80
A.1.5	Total performance.....	80
A.1.6	Long term stability	80
A.1.7	Line pressure effect per 1000 psi (6.9 MPa)	81
A.1.8	Ambient Temperature Effect per 50 °F (28 °C)	81
A.1.9	Mounting position effects.....	81
A.1.10		V
	ibration effect	81
A.1.11		E
	lectromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	81
A.2	Functional specifications.....	82
A.2.1	Service	82
A.2.2	Range and sensor limits	82

A.2.3 Zero and span adjustment requirements.....	83
A.3 Wireless self-organizing networks	83
A.3.1 Output	83
A.3.2 Wireless radio (internal antenna, WP option)	83
A.3.3 Local display	83
A.3.4 Digital zero trim.....	83
A.3.5 Update rate.....	83
A.3.6 Wireless sensor module for in-line transmitters	83
A.3.7 Power module	83
A.3.8 Overpressure limits.....	83
A.3.9 Static pressure limit	84
A.3.10 Burst pressure limits	84
A.3.11 Temperature limits	84
A.3.12 Humidity limits	84
A.3.13 Volumetric displacement	84
A.3.14 Damping	85
A.4 Physical specifications.....	85
A.4.1 Electrical connections	85
A.4.2 Process connections	85
A.4.3 Process-wetted parts	85
A.4.4 Rosemount 3051L process wetted parts	85
A.4.5 Non-wetted parts	85
A.4.6 Shipping weights for Rosemount 3051 Wireless	86
A.5 Dimensional drawings	88
A.5.1 Ordering information.....	90
A.5.2 Rosemount 3051C Coplanar Pressure Transmitter	90
A.5.3 Rosemount 3051T In-Line Pressure Transmitter	95
A.5.4 Rosemount 3051CF Flowmeters.....	98
A.5.5 Rosemount 3051L Level Transmitter	114
A.6 Options	119
A.6.1 Standard configuration	119
A.6.2 Custom configuration	119
A.6.3 Tagging (3 options available)	119
A.6.4 Optional Rosemount 304, 305, or 306 Integral Manifolds	119
A.6.5 Other seals.....	119
A.6.6 Output information.....	119
A.6.7 Display and interface options	119
A.6.8 Configuration buttons	119

A.6.9 Bolts for flanges and adapters.....	119
A.7 Spare parts	121

Appendix B: Product Certifications

B.1 European Directive Information	123
B.2 Telecommunication compliance	123
B.3 FCC and IC	123
B.4 Ordinary Location Certification	123
B.5 Installing in North America	123
B.6 USA	123
B.7 Canada.....	124
B.8 Europe	124
B.9 International.....	124
B.10 Brazil	124
B.11 China	124
B.12 Japan	124
B.13 EAC - Belarus, Kazakhstan, Russia	124
B.14 Korea	124

Appendix C: Network Design Best Practices

C.1 Effective range	125
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Appendix D: Field Communicator Menu Trees and Fast Keys

D.1 Field Communicator menu tree	127
D.2 Field Communicator Fast Keys	131

Rosemount™ 3051 Wireless Pressure, Flow, and Level Solutions

NOTICE

Read this manual before working with the product. For personal and system safety, and for optimum product performance, make sure you thoroughly understand the contents before installing, using, or maintaining this product.

For technical assistance, contacts are listed below:

Customer Central

Technical support, quoting, and order-related questions.

United States - 1-800-999-9307 (7:00 am to 7:00 pm CST)

Asia Pacific- 65 777 8211

Europe/MiddleEast/Africa - 49 (8153) 9390

North American Response Center

Equipment service needs.

1-800-654-7768 (24 hours—includes Canada)

Outside of these areas, contact your local Emerson™ representative.

⚠ WARNING

Failure to follow these installation guidelines could result in death or serious injury.

- Make sure only qualified personnel perform the installation.

Explosions could result in death or serious injury.

Installation of this transmitter in an explosive environment must be in accordance with the appropriate local, national, and international standards, codes, and practices. Review the approvals section of this manual for any restrictions associated with a safe installation.

- Before connecting a Field Communicator in an explosive atmosphere, make sure the instruments are installed in accordance with intrinsically safe or non-incendive field wiring practices.
- Verify the operating atmosphere of the transmitter is consistent with the appropriate hazardous locations certifications.

Process leaks could result in death or serious injury.

- Install and tighten process connectors before applying pressure.

Electrical shock could cause death or serious injury.

- Avoid contact with the leads and terminals. High voltage that may be present on leads can cause electrical shock.

⚠ WARNING

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following conditions: This device may not cause harmful interference. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- This device must be installed to ensure a minimum antenna separation distance of 20 cm (8-in.) from all persons.

Replacement equipment or spare parts not approved by Emerson for use as spare parts could reduce the pressure retaining capabilities of the transmitter and may render the instrument dangerous.

- Use only bolts supplied or sold by Emerson as spare parts.

Improper assembly of manifolds to traditional flange can damage sensor module.

- For safe assembly of manifold to traditional flange, bolts must break back plane of flange web (i.e., bolt hole) but must not contact sensor module housing.

The power module with the wireless unit contains a primary lithium-thionyl chloride battery. Each power module contains approximately 5.0 grams of lithium. Under normal conditions, the power module materials are self-contained and are not reactive as long as the batteries and the pack integrity are maintained. Care should be taken to prevent thermal, electrical or mechanical damage. Contacts should be protected to prevent premature discharge.

⚠ CAUTION

The products described in this document are NOT designed for nuclear-qualified applications. Using non-nuclear qualified products in applications that require nuclear-qualified hardware or products may cause inaccurate readings.

For information on Emerson nuclear-qualified products, contact your local Emerson Sales Representative.

NOTICE

The Rosemount 3051 Wireless and all other wireless devices should be installed only after the Smart Wireless Gateway has been installed and is functioning properly. Wireless devices should also be powered up in order of proximity from the Smart Wireless Gateway, beginning with the closest. This will result in a simpler and faster network installation.

Shipping considerations for wireless products (lithium batteries: green power module, model number 701PGNKF).

The unit was shipped to you without the power module installed. Remove the power module from the unit prior to shipping.

Each power module contains one “D” size primary lithium-thionyl chloride battery. Primary lithium batteries are regulated in transportation by the U.S. Department of Transportation, and are also covered by International Air Transport Association (IATA), International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO), and ARD (European Ground Transportation of Dangerous Goods). It is the responsibility of the shipper to ensure compliance with these or any other local requirements. Consult current regulations and requirements before shipping.

The power module with the wireless unit contains one “D” size primary lithium-thionyl chloride battery (green power module, model number 701PGNKF). Each battery contains approximately 5.0 grams of lithium. Under normal conditions, the battery materials are self-contained and are not reactive as long as the battery and the pack integrity are maintained. Care should be taken to prevent thermal, electrical or mechanical damage. Contacts should be protected to prevent premature discharge.

Battery hazards remain when cells are discharged.

Power modules should be stored in a clean and dry area. For maximum battery life, storage temperatures should not exceed 30 °C (86 °F).

The power module may be replaced in a hazardous area. The power module has surface resistivity greater than one gigaohm and must be properly installed in the wireless device enclosure. Care must be taken during transportation to and from the point of installation to prevent electrostatic charge build-up.

Using the Rosemount 3051 Wireless in a manner other than what is specified by the manufacturer may impair the protection provided by the equipment.

Section 1 Introduction

1.1 Using this manual

The sections in this manual provide information on installing, operating, and maintaining the Rosemount™ 3051 Wireless Pressure Transmitter with *WirelessHART*® protocol. The sections are organized as follows:

- [Section 2: Configuration](#) provides instruction on commissioning and operating Rosemount 3051 Wireless. Information on software functions, configuration parameters, and online variables is also included.
- [Section 3: Installation](#) contains mechanical and electrical installation instructions.
- [Section 4: Commissioning](#) contains techniques for properly commissioning the device.
- [Section 5: Operation and Maintenance](#) contains operation and maintenance techniques.
- [Section 6: Troubleshooting](#) provides troubleshooting techniques for the most common operating problems.
- [Appendix A: Specifications and Reference Data](#) supplies reference and specification data, as well as ordering information.
- [Appendix B: Product Certifications](#) contains approval information.
- [Appendix C: Network Design Best Practices](#) provides full menu trees and abbreviated Fast Key sequences for commissioning tasks.
- [Appendix D: Field Communicator Menu Trees and Fast Keys](#) provides information on how to optimize network reliability and performance.

1.2 Models covered

The following transmitters are covered by this manual:

- Rosemount 3051C Coplanar™ Pressure Transmitter
 - Measures differential and gage pressure up to 2000 psi (137.9 bar)
 - Measures absolute pressure up to 4000 psi (275.8 bar)
- Rosemount 3051T In-line Pressure Transmitter
 - Measures gage / absolute pressure up to 10000 psi (689.5 bar)
- Rosemount 3051L Level Transmitter
 - Measures level and specific gravity up to 300 psi (20.7 bar)
- Rosemount 3051CF Flowmeters
 - Measures flow in line sizes from 1/2-in. (15 mm) to 96-in. (2400 mm)

1.3 Product recycling/disposal

Recycling of equipment and packaging should be taken into consideration and disposed of in accordance with local and national legislation / regulations.

Section 2 Configuration

Overview	page 3
Safety messages	page 3
Required bench top configuration	page 4
Basic setup	page 5
Configure for pressure	page 7
Configure for level and flow	page 9
Review configuration data	page 13
Configuring the LCD display	page 15
Detailed transmitter setup	page 15
Diagnostics and service	page 17
Advanced functions for HART Protocol	page 18

2.1 Overview

This section contains information on commissioning and tasks that should be performed on the bench prior to installation.

Field Communicator and AMS Device Manager instructions are given to perform configuration functions. For convenience, Field Communicator Fast Key sequences are labeled “Fast Keys” for each software function below the appropriate headings.

Full Field Communicator menu trees and Fast Key sequences are available in [Appendix D: Field Communicator Menu Trees and Fast Keys](#).

2.2 Safety messages

Procedures and instructions in this section may require special precautions to ensure the safety of the personnel performing the operations. Information that raises potential safety issues is indicated by a warning symbol (⚠). Refer to the following safety messages before performing an operation preceded by this symbol.

⚠ WARNING

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- Make sure only qualified personnel perform the installation.

Explosions could result in death or serious injury.

Installation of this transmitter in an explosive environment must be in accordance with the appropriate local, national, and international standards, codes, and practices. Review the approvals section of the manual for any restrictions associated with a safe installation.

- Before connecting a Field Communicator in an explosive atmosphere, make sure the instruments are installed in accordance with intrinsically safe or non-incendive field wiring practices.
- Verify the operating atmosphere of the transmitter is consistent with the appropriate hazardous locations certifications.

⚠ WARNING

Process leaks could result in death or serious injury.

- Install and tighten process connectors before applying pressure.

Electrical shock could cause death or serious injury.

- Avoid contact with the leads and terminals. High voltage that may be present on leads can cause electrical shock.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following conditions: This device may not cause harmful interference. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- This device must be installed to ensure a minimum antenna separation distance of 20 cm (8-in.) from all persons.

Replacement equipment or spare parts not approved by Emerson™ for use as spare parts could reduce the pressure retaining capabilities of the transmitter and may render the instrument dangerous.

- Use only bolts supplied or sold by Emerson as spare parts.

Improper assembly of manifolds to traditional flange can damage sensor module.

- For safe assembly of manifold to traditional flange, bolts must break back plane of flange web (i.e., bolt hole) but must not contact sensor module housing.
- The power module with the wireless unit contains a primary lithium-thionyl chloride battery. Each power module contains approximately 5.0 grams of lithium. Under normal conditions, the power module materials are self-contained and are not reactive as long as the batteries and the pack integrity are maintained. Care should be taken to prevent thermal, electrical or mechanical damage. Contacts should be protected to prevent premature discharge.

2.3 Required bench top configuration

Bench top configuration requires a Field Communicator, AMS Device Manager, or any *WirelessHART*® Communicator. Connect the Field Communicator leads to the terminals labeled "COMM" on the Power Module. See [Figure 2-1 on page 5](#).

Bench top configuration consists of testing the transmitter and verifying transmitter configuration data. Rosemount 3051 Wireless Transmitters must be configured before installation. Configuring the transmitter on the bench before installation using a Field Communicator, AMS Device Manager, or any *WirelessHART* Communicator ensures that all network settings are working correctly.

When using a Field Communicator, any configuration changes made must be sent to the transmitter by using the **Send** key (F2). AMS Device Manager configuration changes are implemented when the **Apply** button is selected.

AMS Device Manager

AMS Device Manager is capable of connecting to devices either directly, using a HART® modem, or wirelessly via the Smart Wireless Gateway. When configuring the device, double click the device icon or right click and select **Configure**.

2.3.1 Connection diagrams

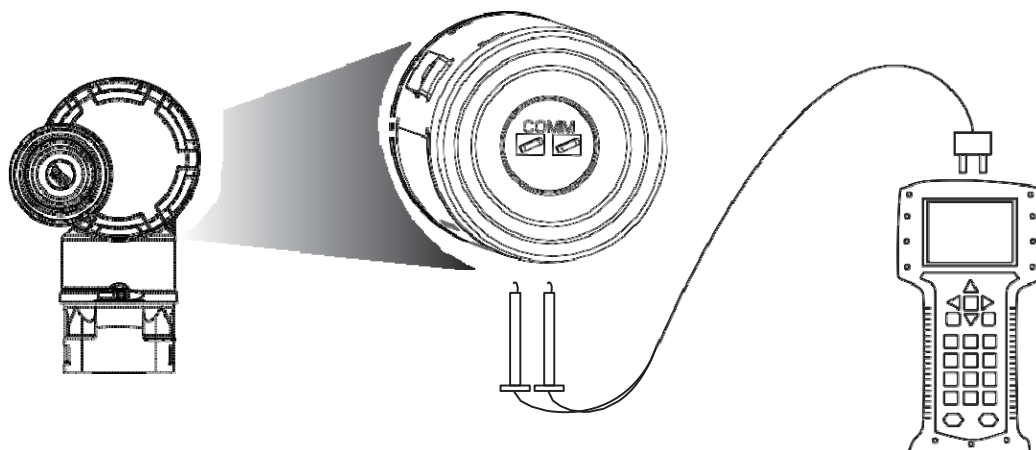
Bench hook-up

Connect the bench equipment as shown in [Figure 2-1 on page 5](#), and turn on the Field Communicator by pressing the **ON/OFF** key or log into AMS Device Manager. The Field Communicator or AMS Device Manager will search for a HART-compatible device and indicate when the connection is made. If the Field Communicator or AMS Device Manager fail to connect, it indicates that no device was found. If this occurs, refer to [Section 6: Troubleshooting](#).

Field hook-up

[Figure 2-1 on page 5](#) illustrates the wiring for a field hook-up with a Field Communicator or AMS Device Manager. The Field Communicator or AMS Device Manager may be connected at “COMM” on the transmitter power module.

Figure 2-1. Field Communicator Connection



For HART Communication, a Rosemount 3051 *WirelessHART* DD is required.

2.4 Basic setup

2.4.1 Set device tag

FastKeys	2, 1, 1, 1
-----------------	------------

The tag is used to identify the device. You can use an 8–32 character tag.

1. From the *Homes* screen, select **2: Configure**
2. Select **1: Guided Setup**
3. Select **1: Basic Setup**
4. Select **1: Tagging**

2.4.2 Join device to network

FastKeys	2, 1, 3
-----------------	---------

In order to communicate with the Smart Wireless Gateway, and ultimately the host system, the transmitter must be configured to communicate over the wireless network. This step is the wireless equivalent of connecting wires from a transmitter to the host system.

1. From the *Homescreen*, **select 2: Configure.**
2. Select **1: Guided Setup.**
3. Select **3: JoinDevice to Network.**

Using a Field Communicator or AMS Device Manager, enter the Network ID and Join Key so that they match the Network ID and Join Key of the Smart Wireless Gateway and other devices in the network. If the Network ID and Join Key are not identical to those set in the Gateway, the transmitter will not communicate with the network. The Network ID and Join Key may be obtained from the Smart Wireless Gateway on the *Setup>Network>Settings* page on the web server.

2.4.3 Configure update rate

FastKeys	2, 1, 4
-----------------	---------

The update rate is the frequency at which a new measurement is taken and transmitted over the wireless network. This by default is one minute. This may be changed at commissioning, or at any time via AMS Device Manager. The update rate is user selectable from one second to 60 minutes.

1. From the *Homescreen*, **select 2: Configure.**
2. Select **1: Guided Setup.**
3. Select **4: Configure Update Rate.**

2.4.4 Set process variable units

FastKeys	2, 2, 2, 4
-----------------	------------

The PV Unit command sets the process variable units to allow you to monitor your process using the appropriate units of measure.

To select a unit of measure for the PV:

1. From the *Homescreen*, **select 2: Configure.**
2. Select **2: Manual Setup.**
3. Select **2: Pressure.**
4. Select **1: Unit** to select from the following engineering units:

■ inH ₂ O at 4 °C	■ mmH ₂ O at 68 °F	■ mmHg	■ Mpa
■ inH ₂ O at 60 °F	■ cmH ₂ O at 4 °C	■ Psi	■ Bar
■ inH ₂ O at 68 °F	■ mH ₂ O at 4 °C	■ Atm	■ Mbar
■ ftH ₂ O at 4 °C	■ inHg at 0 °C	■ Torr	■ g/cm ²
■ ftH ₂ O at 60 °F	■ mmHg at 0 °C	■ Pascals	■ kg/cm ²
■ ftH ₂ O at 68 °F	■ cmHg at 0 °C	■ hectoPascals	■ kg/m ²
■ mmH ₂ O at 4 °C	■ mHg at 0 °C	■ Kilopascals	

2.4.5 Remove power module

After the sensor and network have been configured, remove the power module and replace the housing cover. The power module should be inserted only when the device is ready to be commissioned.

Use caution when handling the power module. The Power Module may be damaged if dropped from heights in excess of 6.10 m (20 ft).

2.5 Configure for pressure

2.5.1 Re-mapping device variables



The re-mapping function allows the transmitter primary, secondary, tertiary, and quaternary variables (PV, SV, TV, and QV) to be configured in one of two configurations. the user may select either the option of classic mapping or scaled variable mapping, see [Table 2-1](#) for what is mapped to each variable. All variables can be remapped with a Field Communicator or AMS Device Manager.

Table 2-1. Variable Mapping

Variable	Classic mapping	Scaled variable mapping
PV	Pressure	Scaled variable
SV	Sensor temperature	Pressure
TV	Electronics temperature	Sensor temperature
QV	Supply voltage	Supply voltage

Note

The variable assigned to the primary variable drives the output. this value can be selected as pressure or scaled variable.

Re-mapping using a Field Communicator

From the *HOMES* screen, enter the Fast Key sequence.

FastKeys	2, 1, 1, 4
----------	------------

Re-mapping using AMS Device Manager

Right click on the device and select **Configure**.

1. Select **Manual Setup** and click on the *HART* tab.
2. Assign primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary variables under *Variable Mapping*.
3. Select **Send**.
4. Carefully read the warning and select **Yes** if it is safe to apply the changes.

2.5.2 Set range points

From the *HOMES* screen, enter the Fast Key sequence.

FastKeys	2, 1, 1, 5
-----------------	------------

The range values command sets the lower and upper range values used for the percent of range measurement.

Note

Transmitters are shipped from Rosemount Inc. fully calibrated per request or by the factory default of full scale (span = upper range limit).

1. From the *Home* screen, select **2: Configure**
2. Select **1: Guided Setup**
3. Select **1: Basic Setup**
4. Select **5: Range Values**

2.5.3 Set transmitter percent of range (transfer function)

The Rosemount 3051 Wireless Transmitter has two transfer functions for pressure applications: Linear and Square Root. As shown in [Figure 2-2 on page 9](#), activating the square root options the transmitter analog output proportional to flow.

However, for DP Flow and DP Level applications it is recommended to use scaled variable. Refer to ["Diagnostics and service" on page 17](#) for setup instructions.

From 0 to 0.6 percent of the ranged pressure input, the slope of the curve is unity ($y = x$). This allows accurate calibration near zero. Greater slopes would cause large changes in output (for small changes at input). From 0.6 percent to 0.8 percent, curve slope equals 42 ($y = 42x$) to achieve continuous transition from linear to square root at the transition point.

Setting transmitter output with a Field Communicator

From the *HOMES* screen, enter the Fast Key sequence.

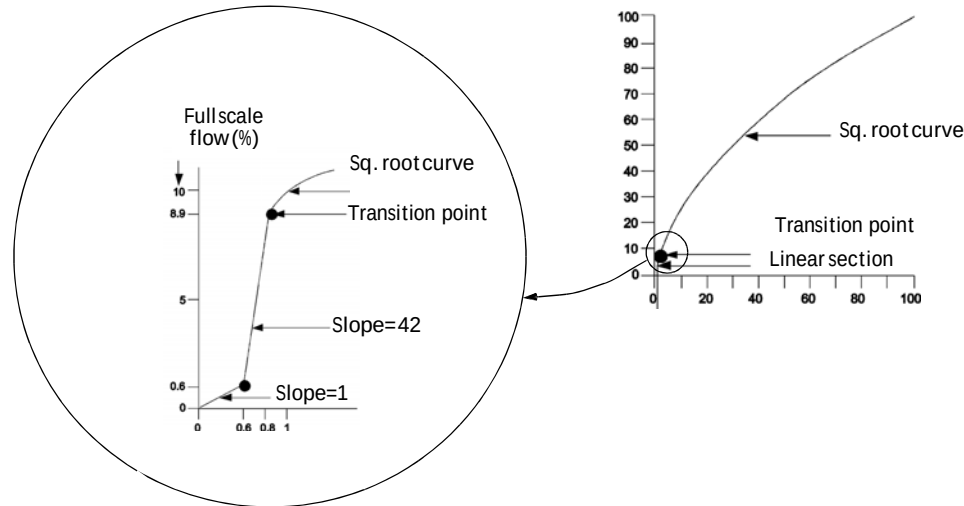
FastKeys	2, 2, 2, 6
-----------------	------------

Setting transmitter output with AMS Device Manager

Right click on the device and select Configure.

1. Select **Manual Setup** and select output type from *Transfer Function* and select **Send**.
2. Carefully read the warning and select **Yes** if it is safe to apply the changes.

Figure 2-2. Square Root Output Transition Point



2.6 Configure for level and flow

2.6.1 Configuring scaled variable

The scaled variable configuration allows the user to create a relationship/conversion between the pressure units and user-defined/custom units. There are two use cases for scaled variable. The first use case is to allow custom units to be displayed on the transmitter's LCD display. The second use case is to allow custom units to drive the transmitter's PV output.

If the user desires custom units to drive the PV output, Scaled Variable must be re-mapped as the primary variable. Refer to [“Re-mapping device variables” on page 11](#).

The Scaled Variable configuration defines the following items:

- Scaled variable units - custom units to be displayed.
- Scaled data options - defines the transfer function for the application.
 - Linear
 - Square root
- Pressure value position 1 - lower known value point with consideration of linear offset.
- Scaled variable value position 1 - custom unit equivalent to the lower known value point.
- Pressure value position 2 - upper known value point.
- Scaled variable value position 2 - custom unit equivalent to the upper known value point.
- Linear offset - the value required to zero out pressures affecting the desired pressure reading.

- Low flow cutoff - point at which output is driven to zero to prevent problems caused by process noise. It is highly recommended to use the low flow cutoff function in order to have a stable output and avoid problems due to process noise at a low flow or no flow condition. A low flow cutoff value that is practical for the flow element in the application should be entered.

Configuring Scaled Variable using a Field Communicator

From the *HOMES* screen, enter the Fast Key sequence.

Device Dashboard Fast Keys	2, 1, 7, 1
----------------------------	------------

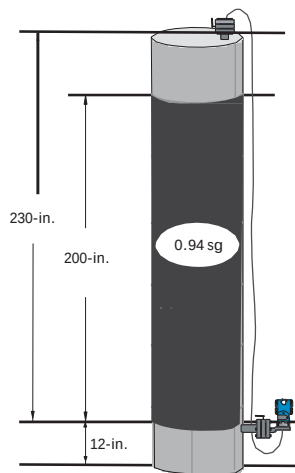
1. Follow the screen prompts to configure Scaled Variable.
 - a. When configuring for level, select **Linear** under *Select Scaled data options*.
 - b. When configuring for flow, select **Square Root** under *Select Scaled data options*.

Configuring Scaled Variable using AMS Device Manager

1. Right click on the device and, select **Configure**.
2. Select the **Scaled Variable** tab and select the **Scaled Variable** button.
3. Follow screen prompts to configure Scaled Variable
 - a. When configuring for level applications, select **Linear** under *Select Scaled data options*.
 - b. When configuring for flow applications, select **Square Root** under *Select Scaled data options*.

DP Level Example

Figure 2-3. Example Tank



A differential transmitter is used in a level application. Once installed on an empty tank and taps vented, the process variable reading is -209.4 inH₂O. The process variable reading is the head pressure created by fill fluid in the capillary. Based on [Table 2-2 on page 11](#), the scaled variable configuration would be as follows:

Table 2-2. Scaled Variable Configuration for Tank Application

Scaled Variable units	inch
Scaled data options	linear
Pressure value position 1	0 inH ₂ O
Scaled Variable position 1	12-in.
Pressure value position 2	188 inH ₂ O
Scaled Variable position 2	212-in.
Linear offset	-209.4 inH ₂ O

DP Flow example

A differential pressure transmitter is used in conjunction with an orifice plate in a flow application where the differential pressure at full scale flow is 125 inH₂O. In this particular application, the flow rate at full scale flow is 20,000 gallons of water per hour. It is highly recommended to use the low flow cutoff function in order to have a stable output and avoid problems due to process noise at a low flow or no flow condition. A low flow cutoff value that is practical for the flow element in the application should be entered. In this particular example, the low flow cutoff value is 1000 gallons of water per hour. Based on this information, the scaled variable configuration would be as follows:

Table 2-3. Scaled Variable Configuration for Flow Application

Scaled variable units:	gal/h
Scaled data options:	square root
Pressure value position 2:	125 inH ₂ O
Scaled variable position 2:	20,000 gal/h
Low flow cutoff:	1000 gal/h

Note

Pressure value position 1 and Scaled Variable position 1 are always set to zero for a flow application. No configuration of these values is required.

2.6.2 Re-mapping device variables



The re-mapping function allows the transmitter primary, secondary, tertiary, and quaternary variables (PV, SV, TV, and QV) to be configured in one of two configurations. The user may select either the option of classic mapping or scaled variable mapping, see [Table 2-4](#) for what is mapped to each variable. All variables can be remapped with a Field Communicator or AMS Device Manager.

Table 2-4. Variable Mapping

Variable	Classic mapping	Scaled variable mapping
PV	Pressure	Scaled variable
SV	Sensor temperature	Pressure
TV	Electronics temperature	Sensor temperature
QV	Supply voltage	Supply voltage

Note

The variable assigned to the primary variable drives the output. This value can be selected as pressure or scaled variable.

Re-mapping using a Field Communicator

From the *HOME* screen, enter the Fast Key sequence

Devise Dashboard Fast Keys	2, 1, 1, 4
----------------------------	------------

Re-mapping using AMS Device Manager

1. Right click on the device and select **Configure**.
2. Select **Manual Setup** and select on the *HART* tab.
3. Assign primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary variables under *Variable Mapping*.
4. Select **Send**.
5. Carefully read the warning and select **Yes** if it is safe to apply the changes.

2.6.3 Set range points

From the *HOME* screen, enter the Fast Key sequence

Devise Dashboard Fast Keys	2, 1, 1, 5
----------------------------	------------

The Range Values command sets the lower and upper range values used for the percent of range measurement.

Note

Transmitters are shipped from Emerson fully calibrated per request or by the factory default of full scale (span=upper range limit).

1. From the *Home* screen, select **2: Configure**
2. Select **1: Guided Setup**
3. Select **1: Basic Setup**
4. Select **5: Range Values**

2.7 Review configuration data

The following is a list of factory default configurations that can be viewed by using the Field Communicator or AMS Device Manager. Follow the steps below to review the transmitter configuration information.

Note

Information and procedures in this section that make use of Field Communicator Fast Key sequences and AMS Device Manager assume that the transmitter and communication equipment are connected, powered, and operating correctly.

2.7.1 Review pressure information

Devise Dashboard Fast Keys	2, 2, 2
-----------------------------------	---------

To view pressure information:

1. From the *Homescreen*, select **2: Configure**.
2. Select **2: Manual Setup**.
3. Select **2: Pressure**.
4. Select from the corresponding number to view each field:
 - 1 Set range points
 - 2 Set range points manually
 - 3 Sensor limits
 - 4 Units
 - 5 Damping
 - 6 Transfer function

2.7.2 Review device information

Devise Dashboard Fast Keys	2, 2, 8
-----------------------------------	---------

To view device information:

1. From the *Homescreen*, select **2: Configure**.
2. Select **2: Manual Setup**.
3. Select **8: Device Information**.
4. Select from the corresponding number to view each field:
 - 1 Identification
 - 2 Model Numbers
 - 3 Flange Information
 - 4 Remoteseal Information
 - 5 Serial number

2.7.3 Review radio information

Device Dashboard Fast Keys	1, 9, 3
-----------------------------------	---------

To view radio information:

1. From the *Homescreen*, select **1: Overview**.
2. Select **9: Device Information**.
3. Select **3: Radio**.
4. Select from the corresponding number to view each field
 - 1 Manufacturer
 - 2 Device type
 - 3 Device revision
 - 4 Software revision
 - 5 Hardware revision
 - 6 Transmit power level
 - 7 Minimum update rate

2.7.4 Review operating parameters

Device Dashboard Fast Keys	3, 2
-----------------------------------	------

The pressure output value in both engineering units and percent of range will reflect the applied pressure even when the applied pressure is outside of the configured range as long as the applied pressure is between the upper and lower range limit of the transmitter. For example, if a Range 2 3051T (LRL = 0 psi, URL = 150 psi) is ranged from 0 to 100 psi, an applied pressure of 150 psi will return a percent of range output of 150% and an engineering output of 150 psi.

To view the *Operating Parameters* menu:

1. From the *Homescreen*, select **3: Service Tools**.
2. Select **2: Variables**.

The *Operating Parameters* menu displays the following information pertaining to the device:

1. Process
 - Pressure
 - Percent of range
 - Last update time
 - Last update time
 - Enter Fast Update Mode
2. Device
 - Sensor temperature
 - Supply voltage

2.8 Configuring the LCD display

The LCD display configuration command allows customization of the LCD display to suit application requirements. The LCD display will alternate between the selected items.

- Pressure units
- Sensor temperature
- % of range
- Supply voltage
- Scaled variable

In the following instructions, the LCD display can also be configured to display configuration information during the device startup. Select **Review Parameters at Startup** to enable or disable this functionality.

Configuring LCD display with a Field Communicator

From the *HOMES* screen, enter the Fast Key sequence

Device Dashboard Fast Keys	2, 2, 4
-----------------------------------	---------

Configuring LCD display with AMS Device Manager

Right click on the device and select **Configure**.

1. Click **Manual Setup**, select the *Display* tab.
2. Select desired display options and select **Send**.

2.9 Detailed transmitter setup

2.9.1 Configure process alerts

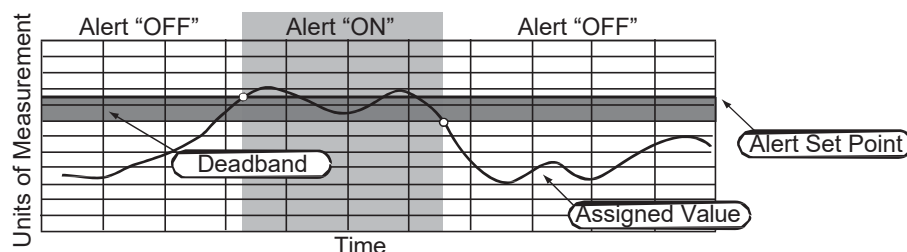
Device Dashboard Fast Keys	2, 1, 6
-----------------------------------	---------

Process alerts allow the transmitter to indicate when the configured data point is exceeded. Process alerts can be set for pressure, temperature, or both. An alert will be displayed on a Field Communicator, AMS Device Manager status screen or in the error section of the LCD display. The alert will reset once the value returns within range.

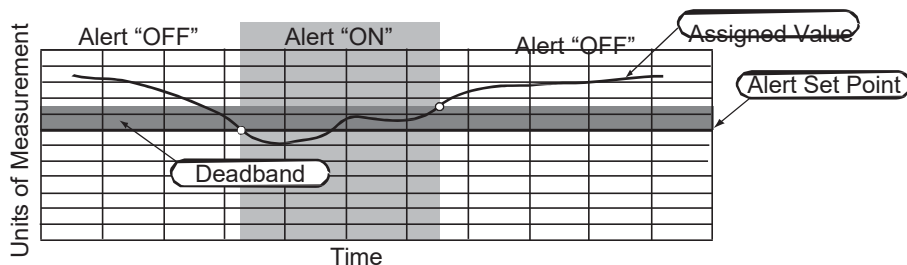
Note

HI alert value must be higher than the LO alert value. Both alert values must be within the pressure or temperature sensor limits.

Example 1: Rising Alert



Example 2: Falling Alert



To configure the process alerts, perform the following procedure:

1. From the *Homescreen*, select **2: Configure**.
2. Select **1: Guided Setup**.
3. Select **6: Configure Process Alerts** and follow the on-screen instructions to complete configure of process alarms.

2.9.2 Damping

The damping command introduces a delay in processing which increases the response time of the transmitter; smoothing variations in output readings caused by rapid input changes. In the Rosemount 3051 Wireless, damping only takes effect when the device is placed in high power refresh mode and during calibration. In normal power mode, the effective damping is zero. Note that when the device is in high power refresh mode, battery power will be depleted rapidly. Determine the appropriate damp setting based on the necessary response time, signal stability, and other requirements of the loop dynamics of your system. The damping value of your device is user selectable from zero to 60 seconds.

Damping with a Field Communicator

From the *HOMEScreen*, enter the Fast Key sequence.

Device Dashboard Fast Keys	2, 2, 2, 5
-----------------------------------	------------

Enter desired damping value and select **Apply**.

Damping with AMS Device Manager

1. Right click on the device and select **Configure**.
2. Select **Manual Setup**.
3. Within the *Pressure Setup* box, enter desired damping value and click **Send**.
4. Carefully read the warning and select **Yes** if it is safe to apply the changes.

2.9.3 Write protect

The Rosemount 3051 Wireless has a software write protect security feature.

Enabling write protect with a Field Communicator

From the *HOMEScreen*, enter the Fast Key sequence.

Device Dashboard Fast Keys	2, 2, 6, 3
-----------------------------------	------------

Select **Write Protect** to enable.

Enabling write protect with AMS Device Manager

1. Right click on device and select **Configure**.
2. Select **Manual Setup**.
3. Select the tab labeled **Device Information**.
4. Select **Write Protect** to enable this feature.

2.10 Diagnostics and service

Diagnostics and service functions listed below are primarily for use after field installation. The Transmitter Test feature is designed to verify the transmitter is operating properly, and can be performed either on the bench or in the field.

2.10.1 Master reset

The master reset function will reset the device electronics. To perform a master reset:

Performing master reset using a Field Communicator

From the *HOME* screen, enter the Fast Key sequence.

Device Dashboard Fast Keys	3, 5, 1, 2, 1
----------------------------	---------------

Performing master reset using AMS Device Manager

1. From the *Homes* screen, select **3: Service Tools**.
2. Select **5: Maintenance**
3. Select **1: Calibration**
4. Select **2: Factory Calibration**
5. Select **1: Restore** to restore to factory presets.

2.10.2 Join status

Viewing join status using a Field Communicator

From the *HOME* screen, enter the Fast Key sequence.

Device Dashboard Fast Keys	3, 4, 1
----------------------------	---------

Viewing join status using AMS Device Manager

To view the join status of the device, perform the following procedure:

1. From the *Homescreen*, select **3: Service Tools**.
2. Select **4: Communications**.
3. Select **1: Join Status**.

Wireless devices join the secure network through a four step process:

- Step 1. Network Found
- Step 2. Network Security Clearance Granted
- Step 3. Network Bandwidth Allocated
- Step 4. Network Join Complete

2.10.3 Number of available neighbors

Viewing number of available neighbors using a Field Communicator

From the *HOMEScreen*, enter the Fast Key sequence.

Device Dashboard Fast Keys	3, 4, 3
----------------------------	---------

Viewing number of available neighbors using AMS Device Manager

In a self-organizing network, the more neighbors a device has, the more robust the network will be. To view the number of available neighbors for the wireless device, perform the following procedure:

1. From the *Homescreen*, select **3: Service Tools**.
2. Select **4: Routine Maintenance**.
3. Select **3: Number of Available Neighbors**.

2.11 Advanced functions for HART Protocol

2.11.1 Saving, recalling, and cloning configuration data

Device Dashboard Fast Keys	left arrow, 1, 2
----------------------------	------------------

Use the cloning feature of the Field Communicator or the AMS "User Configuration" feature to configure several Rosemount 3051 Wireless similarly. Cloning involves configuring a transmitter, saving the configuration data, then sending a copy of the data to a separate transmitter. Several possible procedures exist when saving, recalling, and cloning configuration data. For complete instructions refer to the Field Communicator [Reference Manual](#) or AMS Books Online. One common method is as follows:

Field Communicator

1. Completely configure the first transmitter.
2. Save the configuration data:
 - a. Select **F2 Save** from the Field Communicator *Home/Online* screen.
 - b. Ensure the location to which the data will be saved is set to *Module*. If it is not, **select 1: Location** to set the save location to module.
 - c. **Select 2: Name**, to name the configuration data. The default is the transmitter tag number.
 - d. Ensure the data type is set to standard. If the data type is NOT standard, **select 3: Data Type** to set the data type to standard.
 - e. Select **F2 Save**.
3. Connect and power the receiving transmitter and Field Communicator.
4. Select the back arrow from the *HOME/ONLINE* screen. The Field Communicator menu appears.
5. Select **1: Offline, 2: Saved Configuration, 1: Module Contents** to reach the *MODULE CONTENTS* menu.
6. Use the **DOWN ARROW** to scroll through the list of configurations in the memory module, and use the **RIGHT ARROW** to select and retrieve the required configuration.
7. Select **1: Edit**.
8. Select **1: Mark All**.
9. Select **F2 Save**.
10. Use the down arrow to scroll through the list of configurations in the memory module, and use the right arrow to select the configuration again.
11. Select **3: Send** to download the configuration to the transmitter.
12. Select **OK** after the control loop is set to manual.
13. After the configuration has been sent, select **OK**.

When finished, the Field Communicator informs you of the status. Repeat steps 3 through 13 to configure another transmitter.

Note

The transmitter receiving cloned data must have the same software version (or later) as the original transmitter.

AMS Device Manager creating a reusable copy

To create a reusable copy of a configuration perform the following procedure:

1. Completely configure the first transmitter.
2. Select **View** then **User Configuration View** from the *Menu* bar (or click the toolbar button).
3. In the *User Configuration* window, right click and select **New** from the context menu.
4. In the *New* window, select a device from the list of templates shown, and select **OK**.
5. The template is copied into the *User Configurations* window, with the tag name highlighted; rename it as appropriate and press **Enter**.

Note

A device icon can also be copied by dragging and dropping a device template or any other device icon from AMS Explorer or Device Connection View into the User Configurations window.

The *Compare Configurations* window appears, showing the Current values of the copied device on one side and mostly blank fields on the other (User Configuration) side.

6. Transfer values from the current configuration to the user configuration as appropriate or enter values by typing them into the available fields.
7. Select **Apply** to apply the values, or select **OK** to apply the values and close the window.

AMS Device Manager applying a user configuration

Any amount of user configurations can be created for the application. They can also be saved, and applied to connected devices or to devices in the Device List or Plant Database.

To apply a user configuration perform the following procedure:

1. Select the desired user configuration in the *User Configurations* window.
2. Drag the icon onto a like device in AMS Explorer or Device Connection View. The *Compare Configurations* window opens, showing the parameters of the target device on one side and the parameters of the user configuration on the other.
3. Transfer parameters from the user configuration to the target device as desired, Select **OK** to apply the configuration and close the window.

Section 3 Installation

Overview	page 21
Safety messages	page 21
Installation considerations	page 22
Installation procedures	page 25
Installing the LCD display	page 36
Rosemount 304, 305, and 306 Integral Manifolds	page 37

3.1 Overview

The information in this section covers installation considerations. A Rosemount™ 3051 with WirelessHART® Protocol. A Quick Start Guide is shipped with every transmitter to describe basic installation and startup procedures. Dimensional drawings for each Rosemount 3051 Wireless variation and mounting configuration are included in [Appendix A: Specifications and Reference Data](#).

Note

For transmitter disassembly refer to “[Removing from service](#)” on page 76.

3.2 Safety messages

Procedures and instructions in this section may require special precautions to ensure the safety of the personnel performing the operation. Information that raises potential safety issues is indicated with a warning symbol (⚠). Refer to the following safety messages before performing an operation preceded by this symbol.

WARNING

Failure to follow these installation guidelines could result in death or serious injury.

- Make sure only qualified personnel perform the installation.

Explosions could result in death or serious injury.

Installation of this transmitter in an explosive environment must be in accordance with the appropriate local, national, and international standards, codes, and practices. Review the approvals section of this manual for any restrictions associated with a safe installation.

- Before connecting a Field Communicator in an explosive atmosphere, make sure the instruments are installed in accordance with intrinsically safe or non-incendive field wiring practices.
- Verify the operating atmosphere of the transmitter is consistent with the appropriate hazardous locations certifications.

Process leaks could result in death or serious injury.

- Install and tighten process connectors before applying pressure.
-

⚠ WARNING

Electrical shock could cause death or serious injury.

- Avoid contact with the leads and terminals. High voltage that may be present on leads can cause electrical shock.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following conditions: This device may not cause harmful interference. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- This device must be installed to ensure a minimum antenna separation distance of 20 cm (8-in.) from all persons.

Electrical shock can result in death or serious injury.

- Avoid contact with the leads and terminals.

Process leaks could result in death or serious injury.

- Install and tighten all four flange bolts before applying pressure.
- Do not attempt to loosen or remove flange bolts while the transmitter is in service.

Replacement equipment or spare parts not approved by Emerson for use as spare parts could reduce the pressure retaining capabilities of the transmitter and may render the instrument dangerous.

- Use only bolts supplied or sold by Emerson as spare parts.

Improper assembly of manifolds to traditional flange can damage sensor module.

- For safe assembly of manifold to traditional flange, bolts must break back plane of flange web (i.e., bolt hole) but must not contact sensor module housing.

The power module with the wireless unit contains a primary lithium-thionyl chloride battery. Each power module contains approximately 5.0 grams of lithium. Under normal conditions, the power module materials are self-contained and are not reactive as long as the batteries and the pack integrity are maintained. Care should be taken to prevent thermal, electrical or mechanical damage. Contacts should be protected to prevent premature discharge.

3.3 Installation considerations

Measurement performance depends upon proper installation of the transmitter and impulse piping. Mount the transmitter close to the process and use a minimum of piping to achieve best performance. Also, consider the need for easy access, personnel safety, practical field calibration, and a suitable transmitter environment. Install the transmitter to minimize vibration, shock, and temperature fluctuation.

3.3.1 Wireless considerations

Power up sequence

The power module should not be installed on any wireless device until the Smart Wireless Gateway is installed and functioning properly. This transmitter uses the green power module (order model number 701PGNKF). Wireless devices should also be powered up in order of proximity from the Gateway, beginning with the closest. This will result in a simpler and faster network installation. Enable Active Advertising on the Gateway to ensure new devices join the network faster. For more information, see the Smart Wireless Gateway [Reference Manual](#).

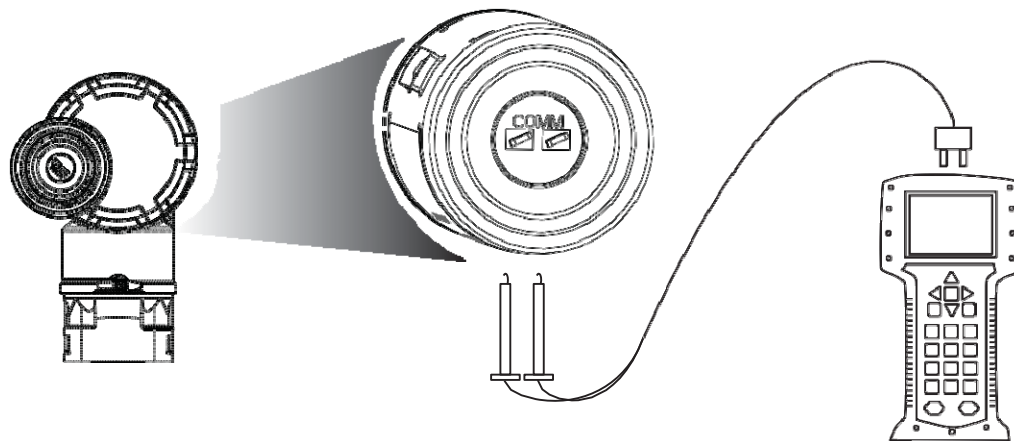
Internal antenna position

The internal antenna is designed for multiple mounting orientations. The transmitter should be mounted according to measurement best practices for your pressure measurement application. The antenna should be approximately 3 ft. (1 m) from any large structure or building to allow clear communication to other devices.

Field Communicator connections

In order for the Field Communicator to interface with the Rosemount 3051 Wireless, the power module must be connected. Refer to [Figure 3-1](#) for a diagram on how to connect the Field Communicator.

Figure 3-1. Field Communicator Connections



3.3.2 Mechanical considerations

Steam service

For steam service or for applications with process temperatures greater than the limits of the transmitter, do not blow down impulse piping through the transmitter. Flush lines with the blocking valves closed and refill lines with water before resuming measurement. Refer to [Figure 3-11 on page 32](#) for correct mounting orientation.

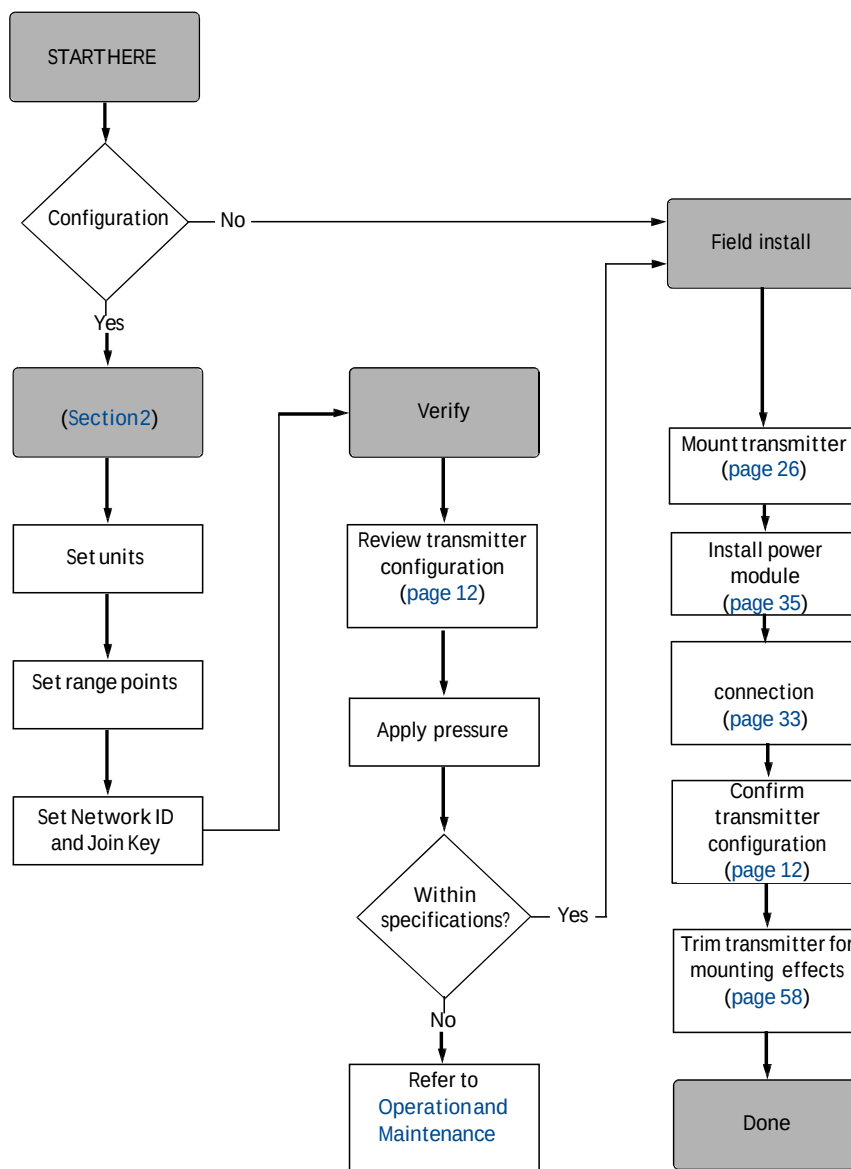
Side mounted

When the transmitter is mounted on its side, position the coplanar flange to ensure proper venting or draining. Mount the flange as shown in [Figure 3-11 on page 32](#), keeping drain/vent connections on the bottom for gas service and on the top for liquid service.

3.3.3 Environmental considerations

Best practice is to mount the transmitter in an environment that has minimal ambient temperature change. The transmitter electronics temperature operating limits are -40 to 185 °F (-40 to 85 °C). Refer to [Appendix A: Specifications and Reference Data](#) that lists the sensing element operating limits. Mount the transmitter so that it is not susceptible to vibration and mechanical shock and does not have external contact with corrosive materials.

Figure 3-2. Installation Flowchart

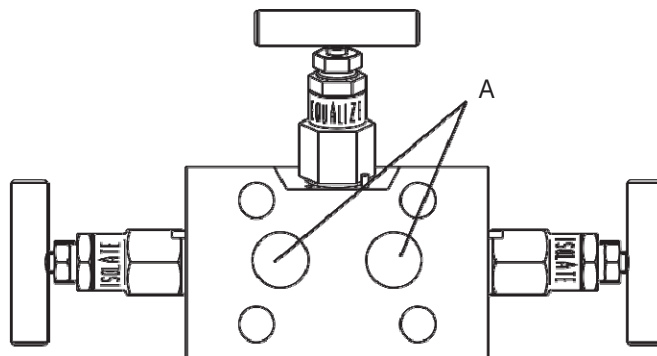


3.3.4 Draft range considerations

For the Rosemount 3051CD0 Draft Range Pressure Transmitter, it is best to mount the transmitter with the isolators parallel to the ground. See [Figure 3-3 on page 25](#) for a draft range installation example on a Rosemount 304 Manifold. Installing the transmitter in this way reduces oil head effect.

Tilting of the transmitter may cause a zero shift in the transmitter output, but can be eliminated by performing a trim procedure.

Figure 3-3. Draft Range Installation



A. Isolators

Reducing process noise

Rosemount 3051CD0 Draft Transmitters are sensitive to small pressure changes. Increasing the damping will decrease output noise, but will further reduce response time. In gage applications, it is important to minimize pressure fluctuations to the low side isolator.

Output damping

The damping command introduces a delay in processing which increases the response time of the transmitter; smoothing variations in output readings caused by rapid input changes. In the Rosemount 3051 Wireless, damping only takes effect when the device is placed in high power refresh mode and during calibration. In normal power mode, the effective damping is zero. Note that when the device is in high power refresh mode, battery power will be depleted rapidly. Determine the appropriate damp setting based on the necessary response time, signal stability, and other requirements of the loop dynamics of your system. The damping value of your device is user selectable from zero to 60 seconds.

Reference side filtering

In gage applications it is important to minimize fluctuations in atmospheric pressure to which the low side isolator is exposed.

One method of reducing fluctuations in atmospheric pressure is to attach a length of tubing to the reference side of the transmitter to act as a pressure buffer.

3.4 Installation procedures

3.4.1 Mounting the transmitter

For dimensional drawing information refer to [Appendix A: Specifications and Reference Data](#) on page 79.

Process flange orientation

Mount the process flanges with sufficient clearance for process connections. For safety reasons, place the drain/vent valves so the process fluid is directed away from possible human contact when the vents are used. In addition, consider the need for a testing or calibration input.

Note

Most transmitters are calibrated in the horizontal position. Mounting the transmitter in any other position will shift the zero point to the equivalent amount of liquid head pressure caused by the varied mounting position. To reset zero point, refer to “[Sensor trim](#)” on [page 59](#).

Housing rotation

The electronics housing can be rotated up to 180 degrees in either direction to improve field access, or to better view the optional LCD display. To rotate the housing, perform the following procedure:

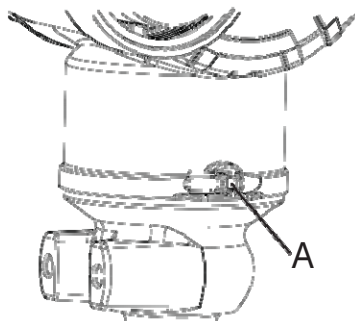
1. Loosen the housing rotation set screw using a $\frac{5}{64}$ -in. hex wrench.
2. Turn the housing left or right up to 180° from its original position.

Note

Over rotating will damage the transmitter.

3. Retighten the housing rotation set screw.

Figure 3-4. Housing Rotation



A. Housing rotation set screw ($\frac{5}{64}$ -in.)

Terminal side of electronics housing

Mount the transmitter so the power module side is accessible. Clearance of 3.5-in. (89 mm) is required for cover and power module removal.

Circuit side of electronics housing

Provide 1.75-in. (45 mm) of clearance for units without an LCD display. Three inches of clearance is required for cover removal if a meter is installed.

Environmental seal for housing

Thread sealing (PTFE) tape or paste on male threads of conduit is required to provide a water/dust tight conduit seal and meets requirements of NEMA Type 4X, IP66, and IP68. Consult factory if other Ingress Protection ratings are required.

For M20 threads, install conduit plugs to full thread engagement or until mechanical resistance is met.

Always ensure a proper seal by installing the electronics housing cover(s) so that polymer contacts polymer (i.e. no O-ring visible). Use Rosemount O-rings.

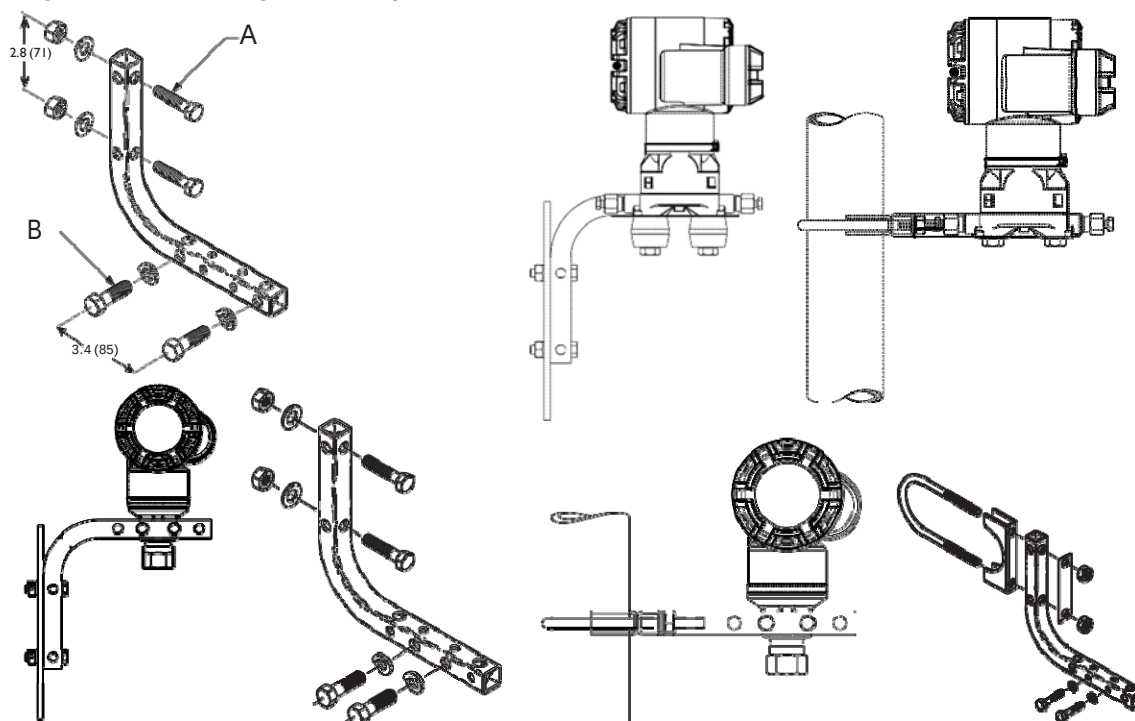
Mounting brackets

Rosemount 3051 Transmitters may be panel-mounted or pipe-mounted via an optional mounting bracket. Refer to [Table 3-1](#) for the complete offering and see [Figure 3-5 on page 27](#) for dimensional and mounting configuration information.

Table 3-1. Rosemount 3051 Mounting Brackets

Option code	Process connections			Mounting			Materials			
	Coplanar	In-line	Traditional	Pipe mount	Panel mount	Flat panel mount	CS bracket	SST bracket	CS bolts	SST bolts
B4	X	X	N/A	X	X	X	N/A	X	N/A	X
B1	N/A	N/A	X	X	N/A	N/A	X	N/A	X	N/A
B2	N/A	N/A	X	N/A	X	N/A	X	N/A	X	N/A
B3	N/A	N/A	X	N/A	N/A	X	X	N/A	X	N/A
B7	N/A	N/A	X	X	N/A	N/A	X	N/A	N/A	X
B8	N/A	N/A	X	N/A	X	N/A	X	N/A	N/A	X
B9	N/A	N/A	X	N/A	N/A	X	X	N/A	N/A	X
BA	N/A	N/A	X	X	N/A	N/A	N/A	X	N/A	X
BC	N/A	N/A	X	N/A	N/A	X	N/A	X	N/A	X

Figure 3-5. Mounting Bracket Option Code B4



A. $\frac{5}{16} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ bolts for panel mounting (not supplied)

B. $\frac{3}{8} \times 16 \times 1\frac{1}{4}$ bolts for mounting to transmitter

Dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

Figure 3-6. Mounting Bracket Option Codes B1, B7, and BA

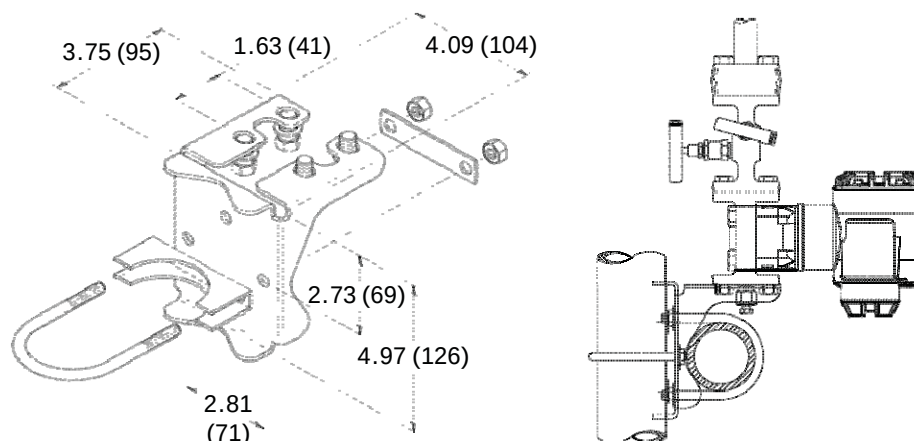
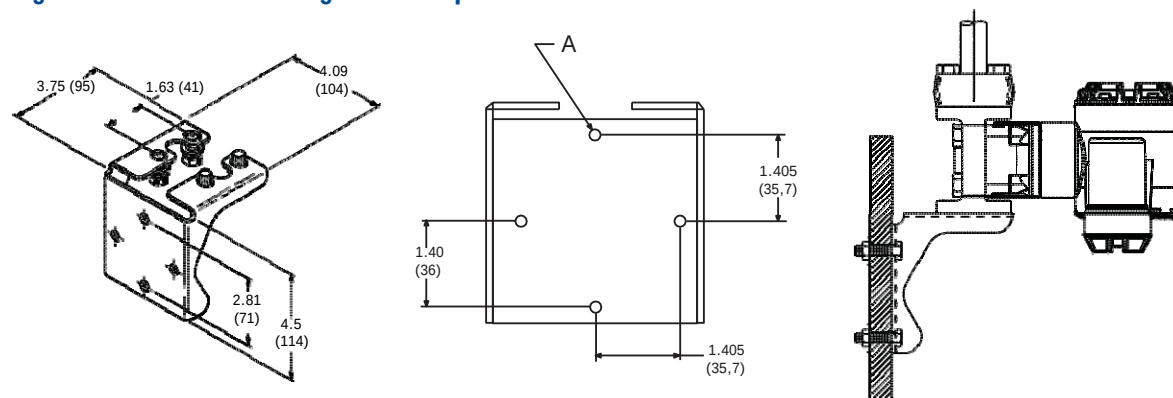
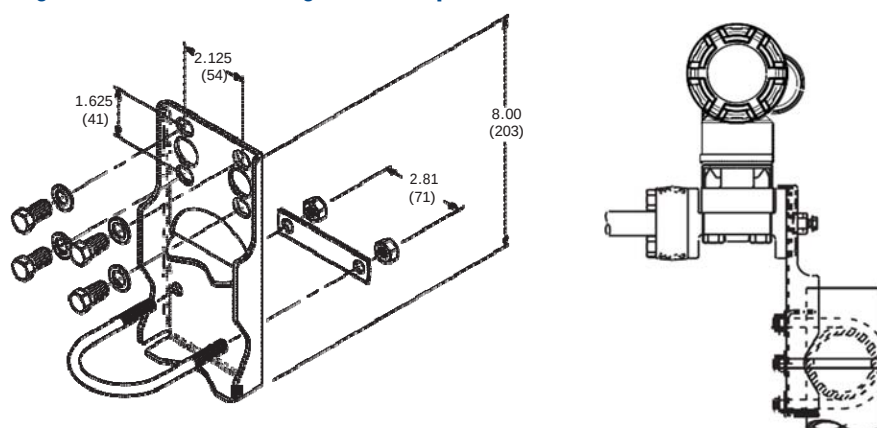


Figure 3-7. Panel Mounting Bracket Option Codes B2 and B8



A. Mounting holes 0.375 diameter (10)
Dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

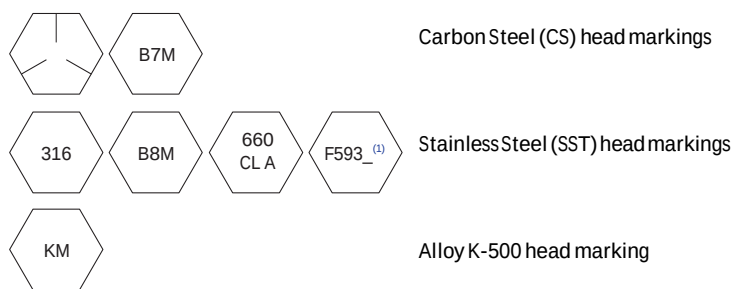
Figure 3-8. Flat Mounting Bracket Option Codes B3 and BC



Dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

Flange bolts

The Rosemount 3051 Wireless can be shipped with a coplanar flange or a traditional flange installed with four 1.75-in. flange bolts. Mounting bolts and bolting configurations for the coplanar and traditional flanges can be found in [Figure 3-9 on page 30](#). Stainless steel bolts supplied by Emerson are coated with a lubricant to ease installation. Carbon steel bolts do not require lubrication. No additional lubricant should be applied when installing either type of bolt. Bolts supplied by Emerson are identified by their head markings:



1. The last digit in the F593_ head marking may be any letter between A and M.

Bolt installation

⚠ Only use bolts supplied with the Rosemount 3051 or sold by Emerson as spare parts. When installing the transmitter to one of the optional mounting brackets, torque the bolts to 125 in-lb. (0.9 N-m). Use the following bolt installation procedure:

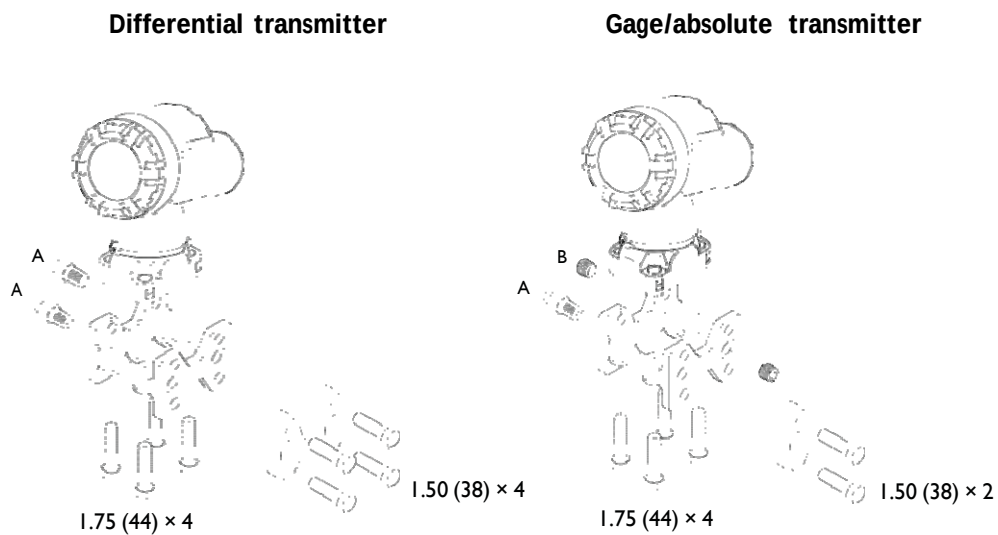
1. Finger-tighten the bolts.
2. Torque the bolts to the initial torque value using a crossing pattern.
3. Torque the bolts to the final torque value using the same crossing pattern.

Torque values for the flange and manifold adapter bolts are as follows:

Table 3-2. Bolt Installation Torque Values

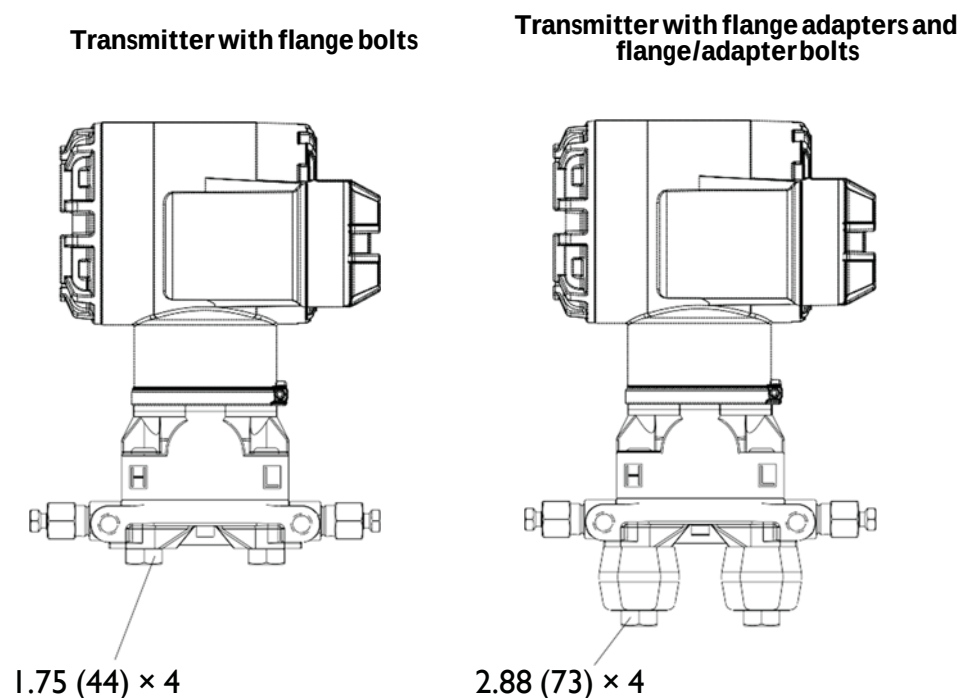
Bolt material	Initial torque value	Final torque value
CS-ASTM-A445 Standard	300 in-lb (34 N-m)	650 in-lb (73 N-m)
316 SST—Option L4	150 in-lb (17 N-m)	300 in-lb (34 N-m)
ASTM-A-193-B7M—Option L5	300 in-lb (34 N-m)	650 in-lb (73 N-m)
Alloy K-500—Option L6	300 in-lb (34 N-m)	650 in-lb (73 N-m)
ASTM-A-453-660—Option L7	150 in-lb (17 N-m)	300 in-lb (34 N-m)
ASTM-A-193-B8M—Option L8	150 in-lb (17 N-m)	300 in-lb (34 N-m)

Figure3-9. Traditional Flange Bolt Configurations



A. Drain/vent
B. Vented fitting
Dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

Figure 3-10. Mounting Bolts And Bolt Configurations For Coplanar Flange



Dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

Description	Qty	Size in. (mm)
Differential pressure		
Flangebolts	4	1.75 (44)
Flange/adaptor bolts	4	2.88 (73)
Gage/absolute pressure ⁽¹⁾		
Flangebolts	4	1.75 (44)
Flange/adaptor bolts	2	2.88 (73)

1. Rosemount 3051T transmitters are direct mount and do not require bolts for process connection.

3.4.2

Impulse piping

Mounting requirements

Refer to [Figure 3-11 on page 32](#) for examples of the following mounting configurations:

Liquid flow measurement

- Place taps to the side of the line to prevent sediment deposits on the process isolators.
- Mount the transmitter beside or below the taps so gases vent into the process line.
- Mount drain/vent valve upward to allow gases to vent.

Gas flow measurement

- Place taps in the top or side of the line.
- Mount the transmitter beside or above the taps so to drain liquid into the process line.

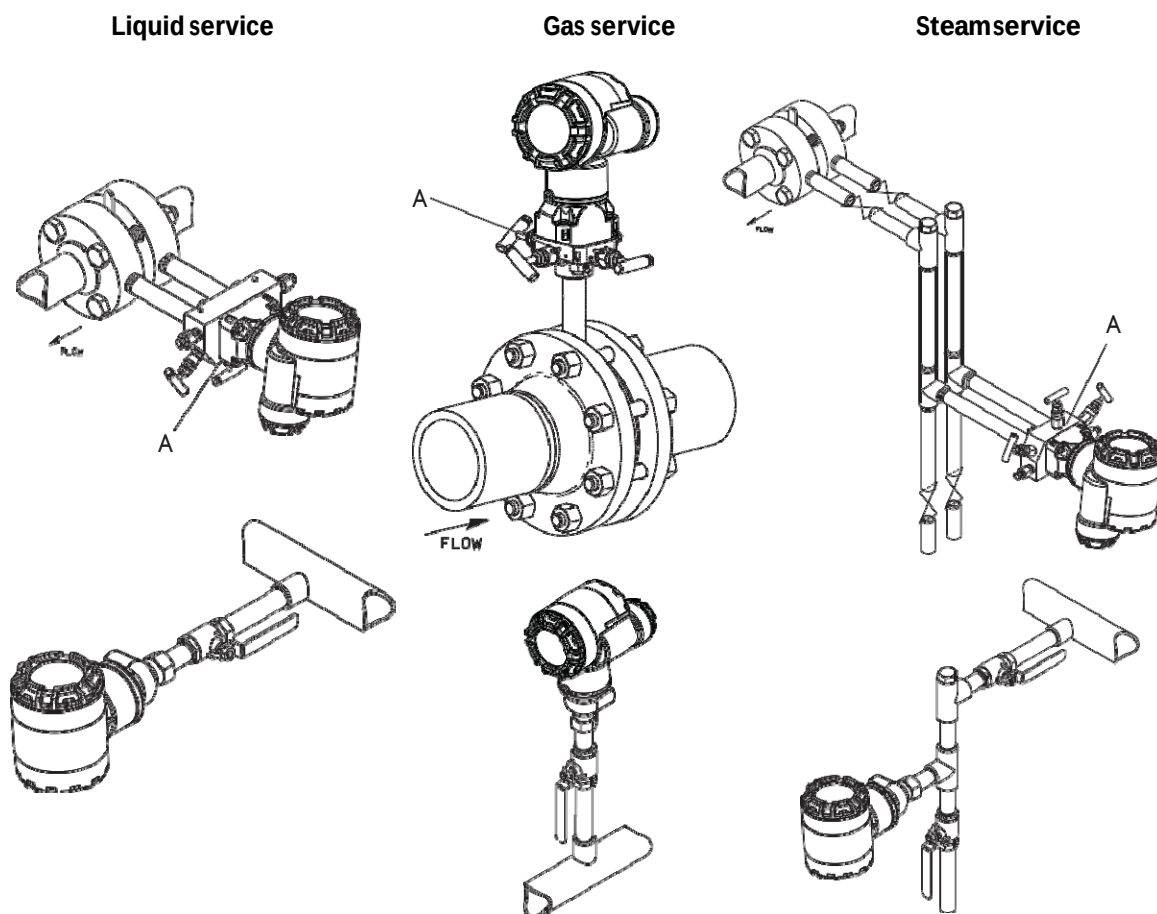
Steam flow measurement

- Place taps to the side of the line.
- Mount the transmitter below the taps to ensure impulse piping will remain filled with condensate.
- Fill impulse lines with water to prevent steam from contacting the transmitter directly and to ensure accurate measurement start-up.

Note

For steam or other elevated temperature services, it is important that temperatures at the Coplanar process flanges must not exceed 250 °F (121 °C) for transmitters with silicone fill, or 185 °F (85 °C) for inert fill. For vacuum service, these temperature limits are reduced to 220 °F (104 °C) for silicone fill and 160 °F (71 °C) for inert fill.

Figure 3-11. Installation Examples



A. Drain/vent valves

Best practices

The piping between the process and the transmitter must accurately transfer the pressure to obtain accurate measurements. There are five possible sources of error: leaks, friction loss (particularly if purging is used), trapped gas in a liquid line, liquid in a gas line, and density variations between the legs.

The best location for the transmitter in relation to the process pipe depends on the process itself. Use the following guidelines to determine transmitter location and placement of impulse piping:

- Keep impulse piping as short as possible.
- For liquid service, slope the impulse piping at least 1 inch per foot (8 cm per m) upward from the transmitter toward the process connection.
- For gas service, slope the impulse piping at least 1 inch per foot (8 cm per m) downward from the transmitter toward the process connection.
- Avoid high points in liquid lines and low points in gas lines.
- Make sure both impulse legs are the same temperature.
- Use impulse piping large enough to avoid friction effects and blockage.
- Vent all gas from liquid piping legs.
- When using a sealing fluid, fill both piping legs to the same level.
- When purging, make the purge connection close to the process taps and purge through equal lengths of the same size pipe. Avoid purging through the transmitter.
- Keep corrosive or hot (above 250 °F [121 °C]) process material out of direct contact with the sensor module and flanges.
- Prevent sediment deposits in the impulse piping.
- Keep the liquid head balanced on both legs of the impulse piping.
- Avoid conditions that might allow process fluid to freeze within the process flange.

3.5.3 Process connections

Coplanar or traditional process connection

- ⚠ Install and tighten all four flange bolts before applying pressure to avoid leakage. When properly installed, the flange bolts will protrude through the top of the sensor module housing. Do not attempt to loosen or remove the flange bolts while the transmitter is in service.

Flange adapters

- ⚠ Rosemount 3051DP and GP process connections on the transmitter flanges are $\frac{1}{4}$ -18 NPT. Flange adapters are available with standard $\frac{1}{2}$ -14 NPT Class 2 connections. The flange adapters allow users to disconnect from the process by removing the flange adapter bolts. Use plant-approved lubricant or sealant when making the process connections. Refer to ["Dimensional drawings" on page 88](#) for the distance between pressure connections. This distance may be varied $\pm \frac{1}{4}$ -in. (6.4 mm) by rotating one or both of the flange adapters.

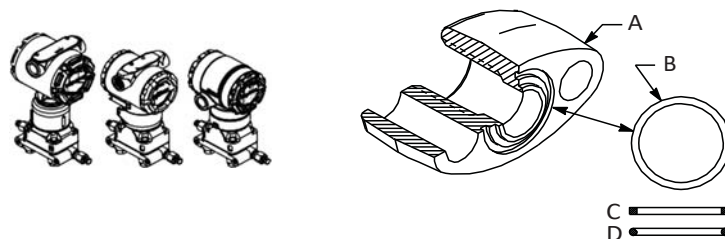
To install adapters to a coplanar flange, perform the following procedure:

1. Remove the flange bolts.
2. Leaving the flange in place, move the adapters into position with the O-ring installed.
3. Clamp the adapters and the coplanar flange to the transmitter module using the longer of the bolts supplied.
4. Tighten the bolts. Refer to [“Flange bolts” on page 29](#) for torque specifications.

⚠ WARNING

Failure to install proper flange adapter O-rings may cause process leaks, which can result in death or serious injury. The two flange adapters are distinguished by unique O-ring grooves. Only use the O-ring designed for its specific flange adapter, as shown below:

Rosemount 3051S/3051/2051



- A. Flange adapter
- B. O-ring
- C. PTFE-based elastomer

Note

PTFE O-rings should be replaced if the flange adapter is removed.

Whenever you remove flanges or adapters, visually inspect the PTFE O-rings. Replace them if there are any signs of damage, such as nicks or cuts. If you replace the O-rings, re-torque the flange bolts after installation to compensate for cold flow. Refer to the process sensor body reassembly procedure in [Section 6 on page 73](#).

3.5.4 Inline process connection

Inline gage transmitter orientation

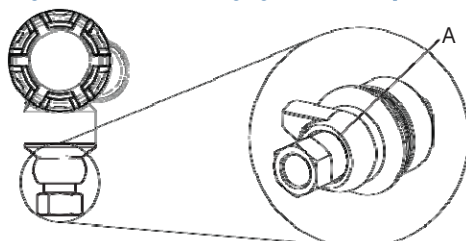
⚠ CAUTION

Interfering or blocking the atmospheric reference port will cause the transmitter to output erroneous pressure values.

The low side pressure port on the inline gage transmitter is located in the neck of the transmitter, behind the housing. The vent path is 360 degrees around the transmitter between the housing and sensor (See [Figure 3-12](#)).

Keep the vent path free of any obstruction, such as paint, dust, and lubrication by mounting the transmitter so that the process can drain away.

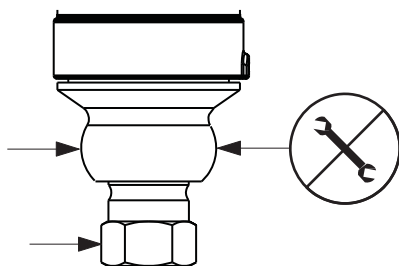
Figure 3-12. Inline gage low side pressure port



A. Low side pressure port (atmospheric reference)

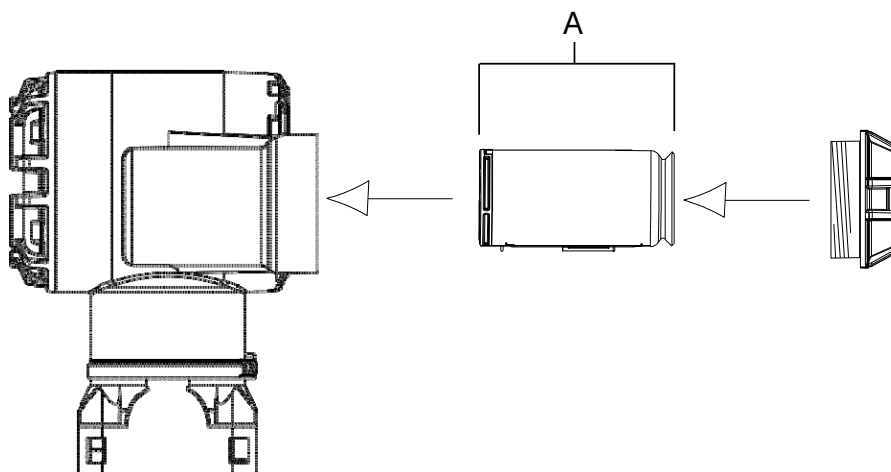
⚠ WARNING

Do not apply torque directly to the sensor module. Rotation between the sensor module and the process connection can damage the electronics. To avoid damage, apply torque only to the hex-shaped process connection.



3.5.5 Power module installation

Figure 3-13. Power Module



A. Power module ($\frac{5}{64}$ -in. hex wrench required)

To make connections, perform the following procedure:

- ⚠ 1. Remove the housing cover on the power module compartment side. The power module supplies all power to the transmitter.
2. Connect Power Module 701PGNKF.
3. Replace the power module cover and tighten to safety specification (polymer to polymer).

3.5.6 Installing the LCD display

Transmitters ordered with the LCD display will be shipped with the display installed.

Note

Only use Rosemount Wireless LCD Part Number: 00753-9004-0002
An LCD display from a wired device will not function in a wireless device.

In addition to housing rotation, the optional LCD display can be rotated in 90-degree increments by squeezing the two tabs, pulling out, rotating and snapping back into place.

If LCD display pins are inadvertently removed from the interface board, carefully re-insert the pins before snapping the LCD display back into place.

Use the following procedure and [Figure 3-14](#) to install the LCD display:

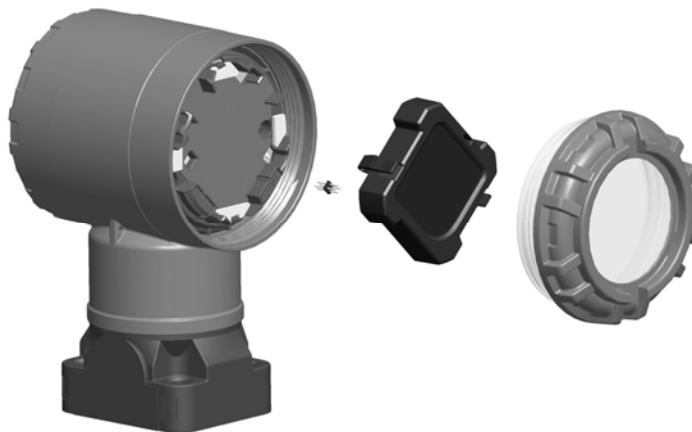
1. Remove the back cover and Power Module.
- ⚠ 2. Remove the transmitter cover opposite the field terminal side. Do not remove the instrument covers in explosive environments when the circuit is live.
3. Engage the four-pin connector into the LCD display and snap into place.

Note the following LCD display temperature limits:

Operating: -40 to 175 °F (-40 to 80 °C)

Storage: -40 to 185 °F (-40 to 85 °C)

Figure 3-14. Optional LCD Display

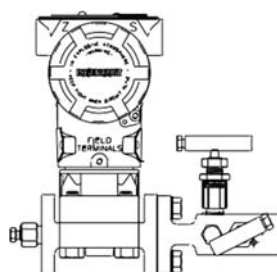


3.6 Rosemount 304, 305, and 306 Integral Manifolds

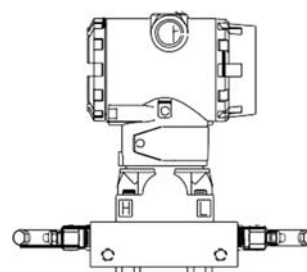
The Rosemount 305 Integral Manifold mounts directly to the transmitter and is available in two designs: Traditional and Coplanar. The traditional Rosemount 305 Integral Manifold can be mounted to most primary elements with mounting adapters in the market today. The Rosemount 306 Integral Manifold is used with Rosemount 3051T In-line transmitters to provide block-and-bleed valve capabilities of up to 10000 psi (690 bar). The Rosemount 304 comes in two basic styles: traditional (flange x flange and flange x pipe) and wafer. The 304 traditional manifold comes in 2-, 3-, and 5-valve configurations. The Rosemount 304 wafer manifold comes in 3- and 5-valve configurations.

Figure 3-15. Integral Manifold Designs

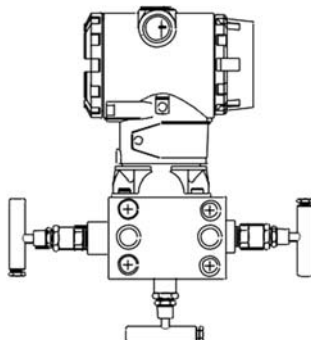
Rosemount 3051C and 304 Conventional



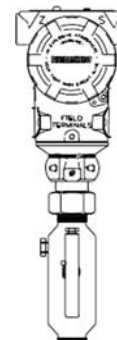
Rosemount 3051C and 305 Integral Coplanar



Rosemount 3051C and 305 Integral Traditional



Rosemount 3051T and 306 In-Line



3.6.1 Rosemount 305 Integral Manifold installation procedure

To install a Rosemount 305 Integral Manifold to a Rosemount 3051 Wireless Transmitter:

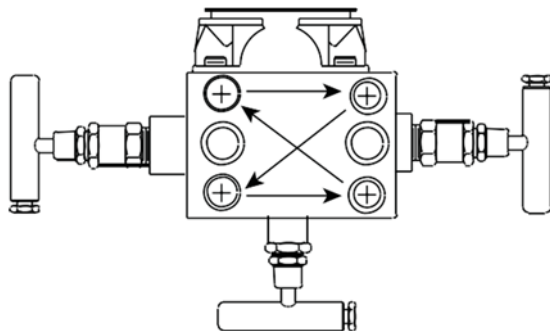
1. Inspect the PTFE sensor module O-rings. If the O-rings are undamaged, reusing them is recommended. If the O-rings are damaged (if they have nicks or cuts, for example), replace them with new O-rings.

Important

If replacing the O-rings, take care not to scratch or deface the O-ring grooves or the surface of the isolating diaphragm while you remove the damaged O-rings.

2. Install the integral manifold on the sensor module. Use the four 2.25-in. manifold bolts for alignment. Finger tighten the bolts, then tighten the bolts incrementally in a cross pattern as seen in [Figure 3-16 on page 38](#) to final torque value. See “[Flange bolts](#)” on [page 29](#) for complete bolt installation information and torque values. When fully tightened, the bolts should extend through the top of the module housing.

Figure 3-16. Bolt Tightening Pattern



3. If the PTFE sensor module O-rings have been replaced, the flange bolts should be re-tightened after installation to compensate for cold flow of the O-rings.
4. If applicable, install flange adapters on the process end of the manifold using the 1.75-in. flange bolts supplied with the transmitter.

Note

Always perform a zero trim on the transmitter/manifold assembly after installation to eliminate mounting effects. See “[Sensor trim](#)” on [page 59](#).

3.6.2 Rosemount 306 Integral Manifold installation procedure

The Rosemount 306 Manifold is for use only with a Rosemount 3051T Wireless In-line transmitter.

- ⚠ Assemble the Rosemount 306 Manifold to the Rosemount 3051T Wireless In-line transmitter with a thread sealant.

1. Place transmitter into holding fixture.
2. Apply appropriate thread paste or tape to threaded instrument end of the manifold.
3. Count total threads on the manifold before starting assembly.
4. Start turning the manifold by hand into the process connection on the transmitter.

Note

If using thread tape, be sure the thread tape does not strip when the manifold assembly is started.

5. Wrench tighten manifold into process connection.

Note

Minimum torque value is 425 in-lb.

- Count how many threads are still showing.

Note

Minimum engagement is three revolutions.

- Subtract the number of threads showing (after tightening) from the total threads to calculate the revolutions engaged. Further tighten until a minimum of three rotations is achieved.
- For block and bleed manifold, verify the bleed screw is installed and tightened. For two-valve manifold, verify the vent plug is installed and tightened.
- Leak-check assembly to maximum pressure range of transmitter.

3.6.3 Rosemount 304 Conventional Manifold installation procedure

To install a Rosemount 304 Conventional Manifold to a Rosemount 3051 Wireless Transmitter:

- Align the Conventional Manifold with the transmitter flange. Use the four manifold bolts for alignment.
- Finger tighten the bolts, then tighten the bolts incrementally in a cross pattern to final torque value. See [“Flange bolts” on page 29](#) for complete bolt installation information and torque values. When fully tightened, the bolts should extend through the top of the sensor module housing.
- If applicable, install flange adapters on the process end of the manifold using the 1.75-in. flange bolts supplied with the transmitter.

3.6.4 Manifold operation

⚠ WARNING

Improper installation or operation of manifolds may result in process leaks, which may cause death or serious injury.

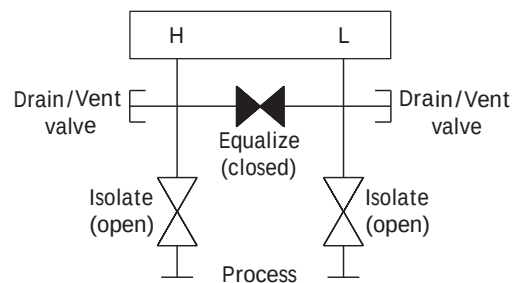
Always perform a zero trim on the transmitter/manifold assembly after installation to eliminate any shift due to mounting effects. See [“Sensor trim” on page 59](#).

Coplanar transmitters

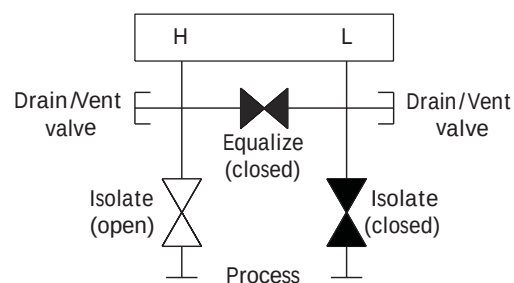
3-valve and 5-valve manifolds

Performing zero trim at static line pressure

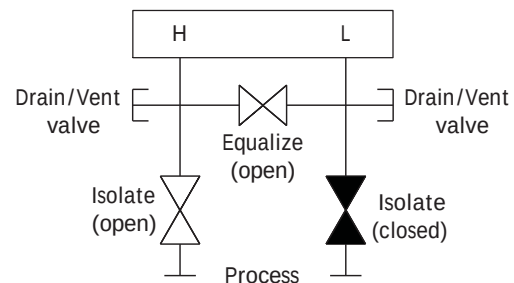
In normal operation the two isolate (block) valves between the process ports and transmitter will be open and the equalize valve will be closed.



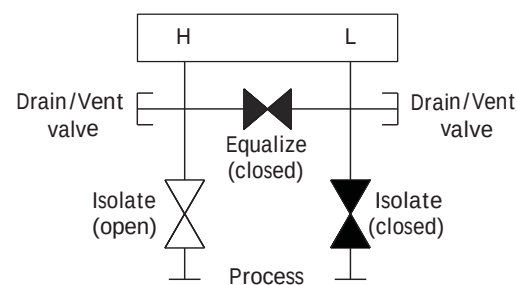
1. To zero trim the transmitter, close the isolate valve on the low side (downstream) side of the transmitter.



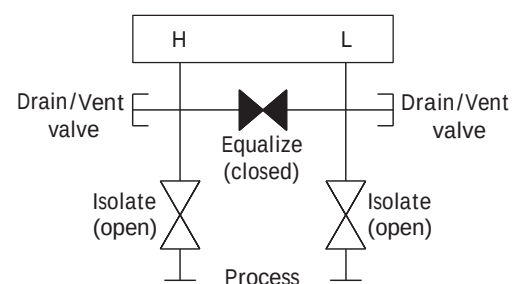
2. Open the equalize valve to equalize the pressure on both sides of the transmitter. The manifold is now in the proper configuration for performing a zero trim on the transmitter.



3. After performing a zero trim on the transmitter, close the equalize valve.



4. Finally, to return the transmitter to service, open the low side isolate valve.



5-valve natural gas manifold

Performing zero trim at static line pressure

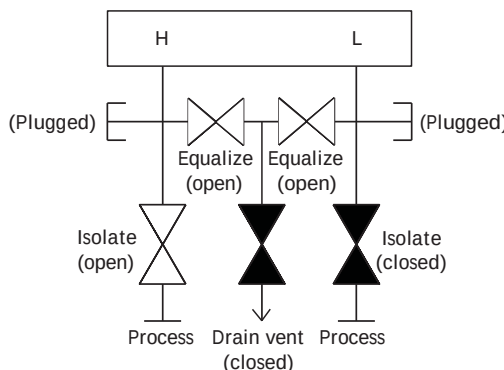
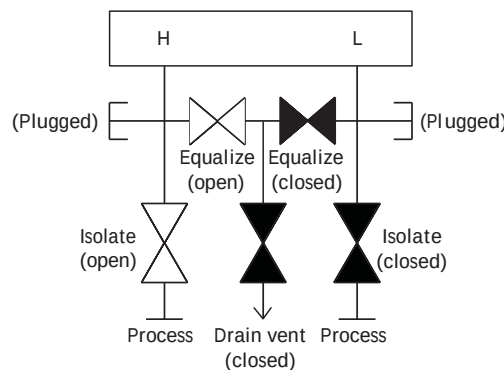
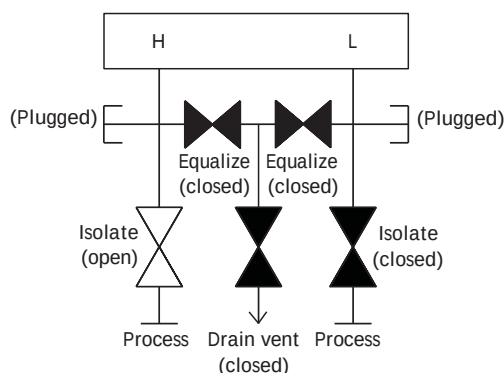
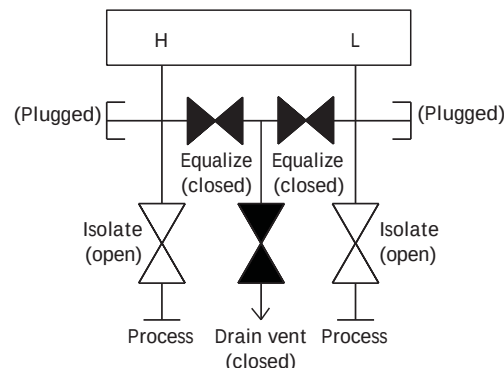
5-valve natural gas configurations shown:

In normal operation, the two isolate (block) valves between the process ports and transmitter will be open, and the equalize valves will be closed. Vent valves may be opened or closed.

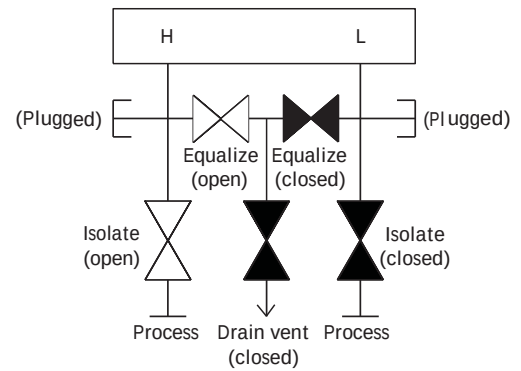
1. To zero trim the transmitter, first close the isolate valve on the low pressure (downstream) side of the transmitter and the vent valve.

2. Open the equalize valve on the high pressure (upstream) side of the transmitter.

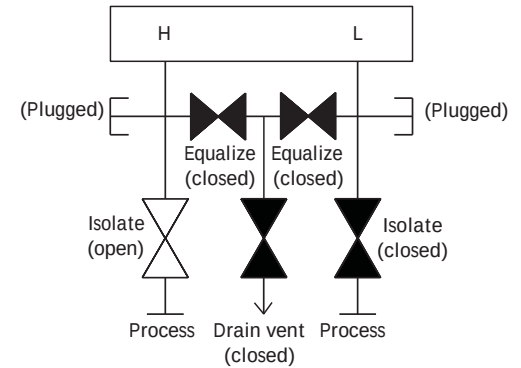
3. Open the equalize valve on the low pressure (downstream) side of the transmitter. The manifold is now in the proper configuration for performing a zero trim on the transmitter.



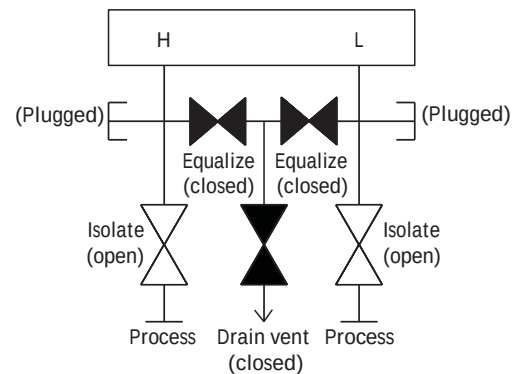
4. After performing a zero trim on the transmitter, close the equalize valve on the low pressure (downstream) side of the transmitter.



5. Close the equalize valve on the high pressure (upstream) side.



6. Finally, to return the transmitter to service, open the lowside isolate valve and vent valve. The vent valve can remain open or closed during operation.

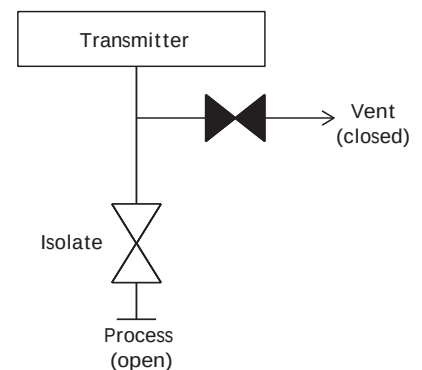


In-line transmitters

2-valve and block and bleed style manifolds

Isolating the transmitter

In normal operation the isolate (block) valve between the process port and transmitter will be open and the test / vent valve will be closed. On a block and bleed style manifold, a single block valve provides transmitter isolation and a bleed screw provides drain/vent capabilities.



1. To isolate the transmitter, close the isolate valve.

valve or bleed screw.

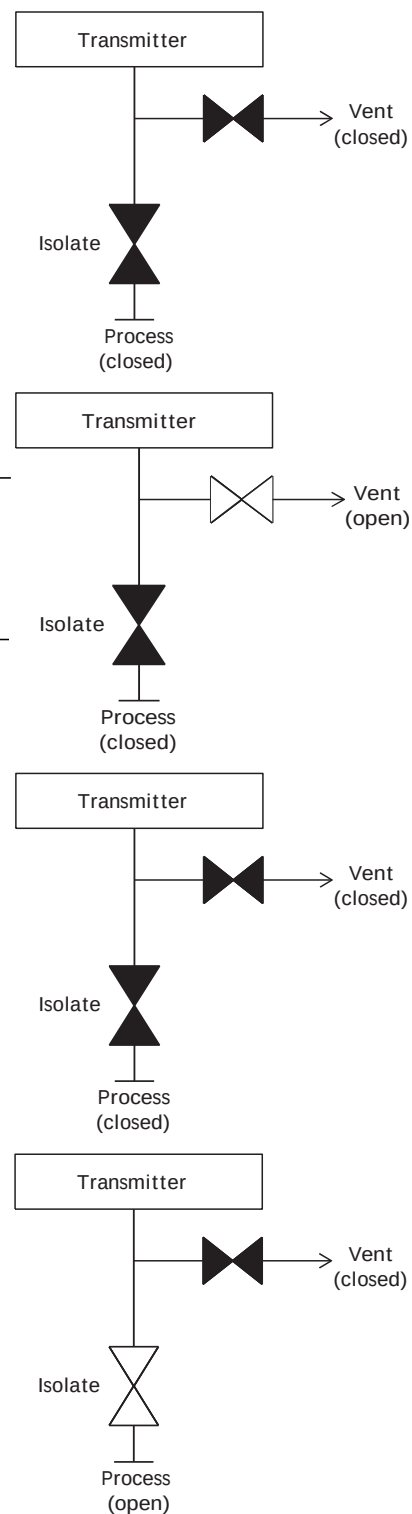
Note

A $\frac{1}{4}$ -in. male NPT pipe plug may be installed in the test /vent port and will need to be removed with a wrench in order to vent the manifold properly.

⚠ Always use caution when venting directly to atmosphere.

3. After venting to atmosphere, perform any required calibration and then close the test /vent valve or replace the bleed screw.

4. Open the Isolate (block) valve to return the transmitter to service.



Adjusting valve packing

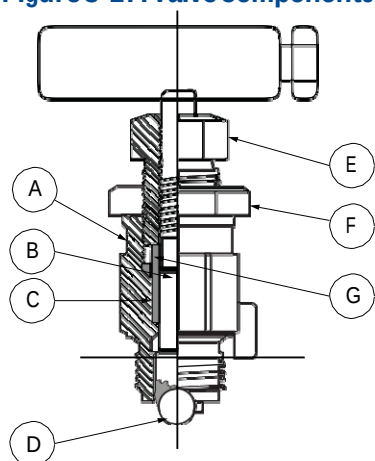
Over time, the packing material inside a Rosemount manifold may require adjustment in order to continue to provide proper pressure retention. Not all Rosemount manifolds have this adjustment capability. The Rosemount manifold model number will indicate what type of stem seal or packing material has been used.

The following steps are provided as a procedure to adjust valve packing:

1. Remove all pressure from device.
2. Loosen manifold valve jam nut.
3. Tighten manifold valve packing adjuster nut $1/4$ turn.
4. Tighten manifold valve jam nut.
5. Re-apply pressure and check for leaks.

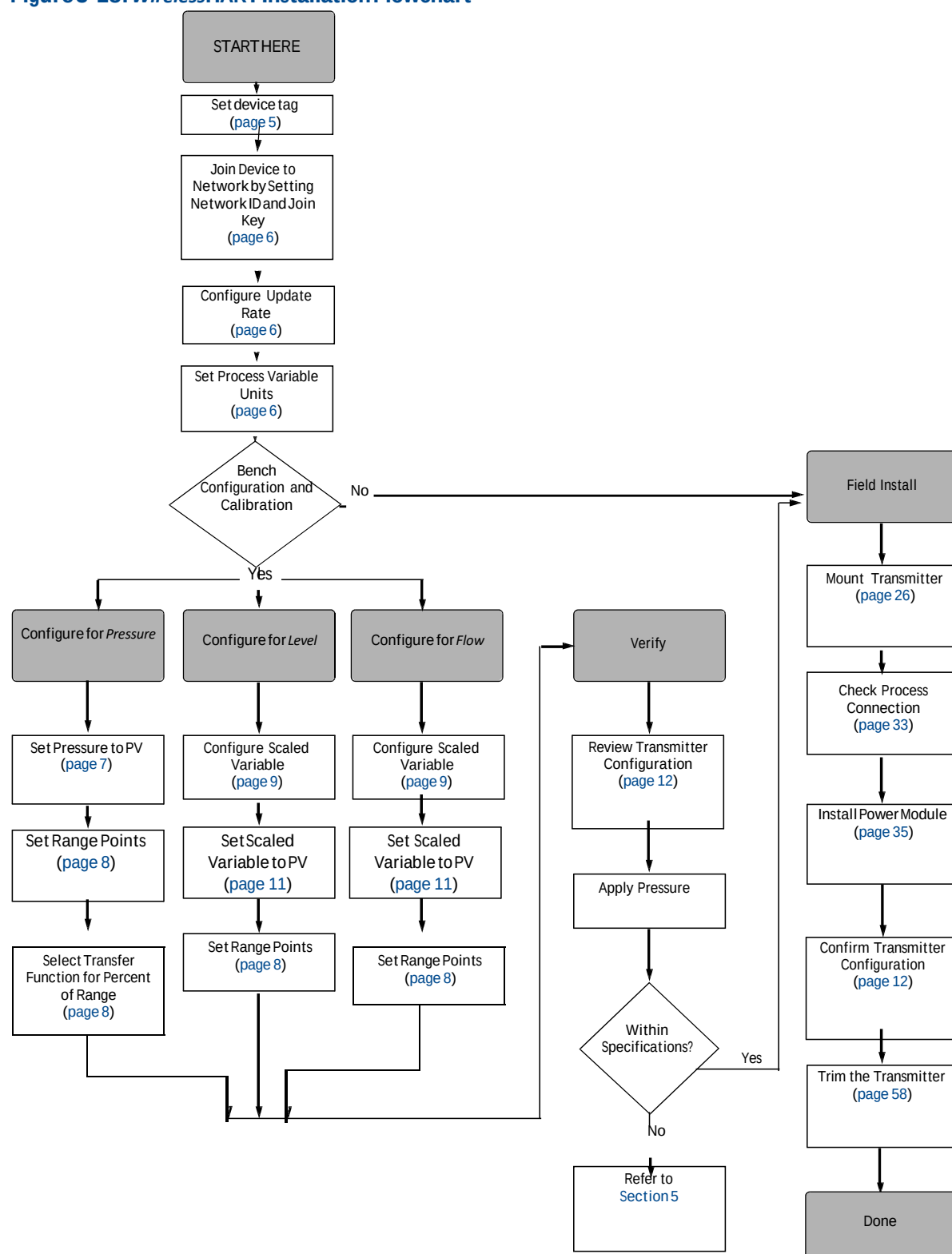
Above steps can be repeated, if necessary. If the above procedure does not result in proper pressure retention, the complete manifold should be replaced.

Figure 3-17. Valve Components



- | | |
|--------------|---------------------|
| A. Bonnet | E. Packing adjuster |
| B. Stem | F. Jam nut |
| C. Packing | G. Packing follower |
| D. Ball seat | |

Figure 3-18. WirelessHART Installation Flowchart



Section 4 Commissioning

Safety messages	page 47
Viewing network status	page 48
Verifying operation	page 48

4.1 Overview

The information in this section covers installation considerations for the Rosemount™ 3051 Wireless Pressure Transmitter. A Quick Start Guide is shipped with every transmitter to describe pipe-fitting, wiring procedures and basic configuration for initial installation.

Note

For transmitter disassembly refer to sections “Removing from service” on page 76.

4.2 Safety messages

Instructions and procedures in this section may require special precautions to ensure the safety of the personnel performing the operations. Information that potentially raises safety issues is indicated by a warning symbol (⚠). Refer to the following safety messages before performing an operation preceded by this symbol.

⚠ WARNING

Failure to follow these installation guidelines could result in death or serious injury.

- Make sure only qualified personnel perform the installation.

Explosions could result in death or serious injury.

Installation of this transmitter in an explosive environment must be in accordance with the appropriate local, national, and international standards, codes, and practices. Review the approvals section of this manual for any restrictions associated with a safe installation.

- Before connecting a Field Communicator in an explosive atmosphere, make sure the instruments are installed in accordance with intrinsically safe or non-incendive field wiring practices.
- Verify the operating atmosphere of the transmitter is consistent with the appropriate hazardous locations certifications.

Process leaks could result in death or serious injury.

- Install and tighten process connectors before applying pressure.
-

⚠ WARNING

Electrical shock could cause death or serious injury.

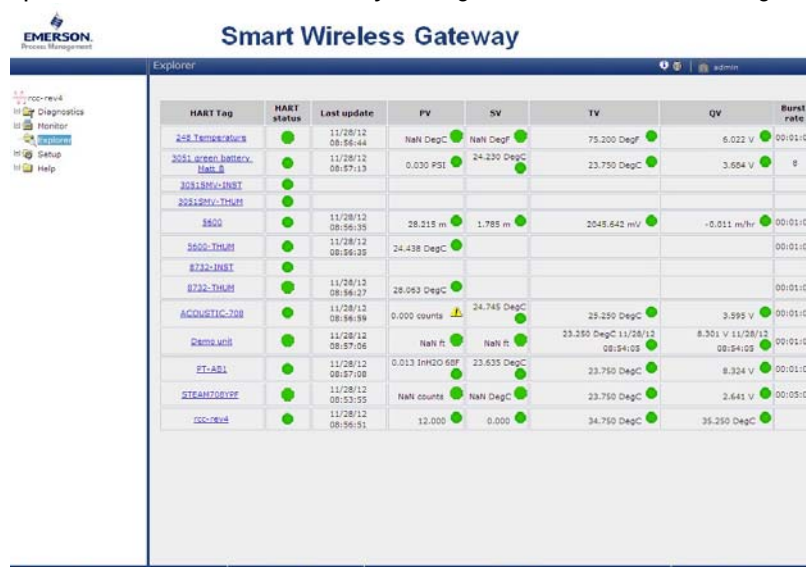
- Avoid contact with the leads and terminals. High voltage that may be present on leads can cause electrical shock.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following conditions: This device may not cause harmful interference. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- This device must be installed to ensure a minimum antenna separation distance of 20 cm (8-in.) from all persons.

4.3 Viewing network status

If the Rosemount 3051 Wireless was configured with the Network ID and Join Key and sufficient time for network polling has passed, the transmitter should be connected to the network. To verify connectivity, open the Smart Wireless Gateway's integral web interface and navigate to the *Explorer* page.



The screenshot shows the 'Explorer' page of the Smart Wireless Gateway. It displays a table with columns: HART Tag, HART status, Last update, PV, SV, TV, QV, and Burst rate. The table lists various HART tags with their corresponding values and status indicators (green for good, red for error). A sidebar on the left contains navigation links: Home, Diagnostics, Monitor, Setup, and Help. The top of the page shows the Emerson logo and the title 'Smart Wireless Gateway'.

HART Tag	HART status	Last update	PV	SV	TV	QV	Burst rate
248-Temperature	●	11/28/12 08:56:44	NaN DegC	NaN DegC	75.200 DegC	6.022 V	00:01:00
3051-Process battery, HART	●	11/28/12 08:57:13	0.030 PSI	24.230 DegC	23.750 DegC	3.604 V	8
3051-SM-VINBT	●						
3051-SM-VINBT	●						
5500	●	11/28/12 08:56:35	28.215 m	1.785 m	2048.642 mV	-0.011 mV/m	00:01:00
5500-TIMBT	●	11/28/12 08:56:35	24.438 DegC				00:01:00
5732-TIMBT	●	11/28/12 08:56:35	28.063 DegC				00:01:00
5732-TIMBT	●	11/28/12 08:56:35	28.063 DegC				00:01:00
ACQUSTIC-708	●	11/28/12 08:56:35	0.000 counts	24.745 DegC	25.230 DegC	3.595 V	00:01:00
CHMS-VOLT	●	11/28/12 08:57:06	NaN ft	NaN ft	23.380 DegC 11/28/12 08:54:09	8.301 V 11/28/12 08:54:09	00:01:00
ETASL	●	11/28/12 08:57:08	0.013 InH2O 58F	23.635 DegC	23.750 DegC	8.324 V	00:01:00
STEAM708VPE	●	11/28/12 08:57:05	NaN counts	NaN DegC	23.750 DegC	2.641 V	00:05:00
3051-REV4	●	11/28/12 08:56:51	12.000	0.000	34.750 DegC	35.250 DegC	

This page will display the transmitter's HART® tag, PV, SV, TV, QV, and UpdateRate. A green status indicator means that the device is working properly. A red indicator means that there is a problem with either the device or its communication path. For more detail on a specific device, click on the tag name.

4.4 Verifying operation

Operation can be verified in four locations, at the device via the Local Display, using the Field Communicator, at the Smart Wireless Gateway's integrated web interface, or by using AMS Suite Wireless Configurator or AMS Device Manager.

LCD display

The LCD display will display the PV value at the same rate as the configured update rate. Press the Diagnostic button to display the TAG, Device ID, Network ID, Network Join Status and Device Status screens.

For Device Status screens, see “LCD display screen messages” on page 63.

Table 4-1. Diagnostic Screen Sequence

Tag	Device ID	Network ID	Network join status	Device status

Table 4-2. Network Join Status Screens

Searching for network	Joining network	Connected with limited bandwidth	Connected

Field Communicator

For HART Wireless transmitter communication, a Rosemount 3051 Wireless DD is required. To obtain the latest DD, visit the Emerson Easy Upgrade site at:

Emerson.com/Rosemount/Device-Install-Kits.

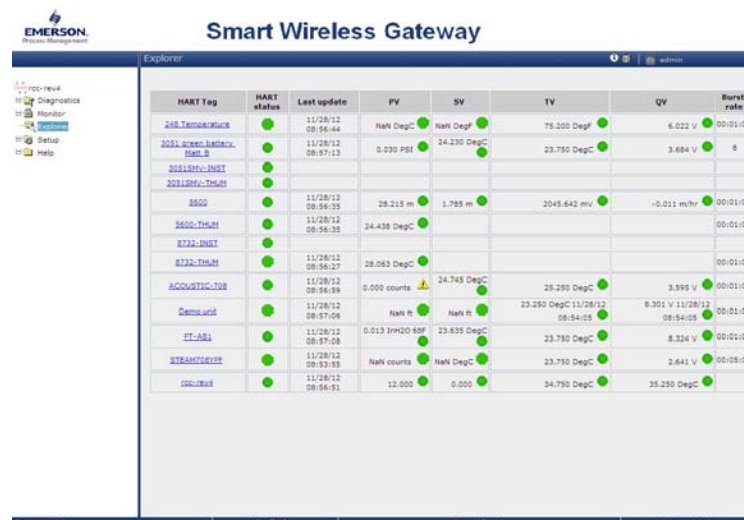
The communication status may be verified in the wireless device using the following Fast Key sequence.

Function	Fast Key sequence	Menu items
Communications	3, 4	Join Status, Join Mode, Number of Available Neighbors, Number of Advertisements Heard, Number of Join Attempts

Smart Wireless Gateway

Using the Gateway's web interface, navigate to the *Explorer* page as shown in Figure 4-1 on page 50. Locate the device in question and verify all status indicators are good (green).

Figure 4-1. Smart Wireless Gateway Explorer page.



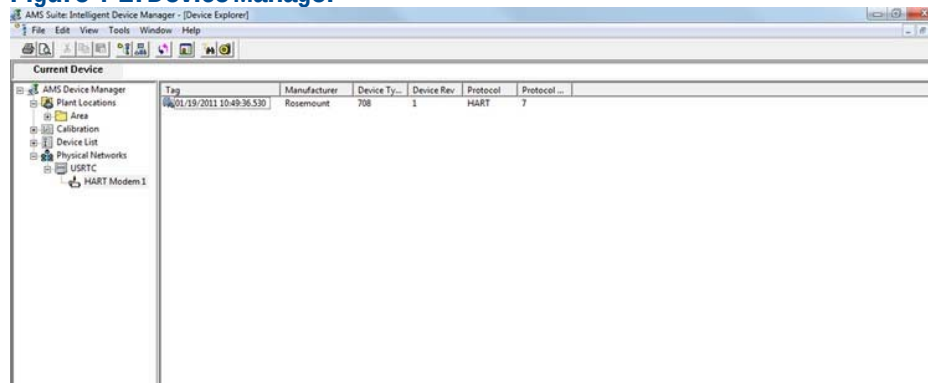
The screenshot shows the 'Smart Wireless Gateway Explorer' page. It features a table with columns for HART Tag, HART status, Last update, PV, SV, TV, QV, and Burst rate. The table lists various devices with their respective status indicators (green for good, yellow for warning, red for error).

HART Tag	HART status	Last update	PV	SV	TV	QV	Burst rate
266-Tamoxifen	●	11/28/12 08:56:44	NaN DegC	NaN DegC	75.200 DegC	6.022 V	00:01:00
3051-Wireless HART	●	11/28/12 08:57:13	0.030 PSI	24.230 DegC	23.780 DegC	3.684 V	8
3051-Wireless HART	●						
3051-Wireless HART	●						
3051-Wireless HART	●						
3051-Wireless HART	●	11/28/12 08:56:35	28.215 m	1.785 m	2045.642 mV	-0.011 mV	00:01:00
3051-Wireless HART	●	11/28/12 08:56:35	24.438 DegC				00:01:00
3051-Wireless HART	●	11/28/12 08:56:35	28.063 DegC				00:01:00
3051-Wireless HART	●	11/28/12 08:56:27	24.748 DegC				00:01:00
3051-Wireless HART	●	11/28/12 08:56:59	0.000 counts				00:01:00
3051-Wireless HART	●	11/28/12 08:57:06	NaN R	NaN R	23.250 DegC	8.301 V	00:01:00
3051-Wireless HART	●	11/28/12 08:57:06	0.013 InH2O	23.635 DegC	23.780 DegC	8.324 V	00:01:00
3051-Wireless HART	●	11/28/12 08:57:06	NaN counts	NaN DegC	23.780 DegC	2.641 V	00:01:00
3051-Wireless HART	●	11/28/12 08:56:51	12.000	0.005	34.750 DegC	35.250 DegC	

AMS Device Manager

When the device has joined the network, it will appear in the Device Manager as illustrated in Figure 4-2. For HART Wireless Transmitter Communication, a Rosemount 3051 Wireless DD is required. To obtain the latest DD, visit the Emerson Easy Upgrade site at: Emerson.com/Rosemount/Device-Install-Kits.

Figure 4-2. Device Manager



The screenshot shows the 'AMS Suite Intelligent Device Manager - [Device Explorer]' window. It displays a table with columns for Tag, Manufacturer, Device Ty..., Device Rev, Protocol, and Protocol ... The table lists various devices with their respective status indicators (green for good, yellow for warning, red for error).

Tag	Manufacturer	Device Ty...	Device Rev	Protocol	Protocol ...
01/29/2011 10:49:36.530	Rosemount	708	1	HART	7

4.4.1 Using the Field Communicator

Note

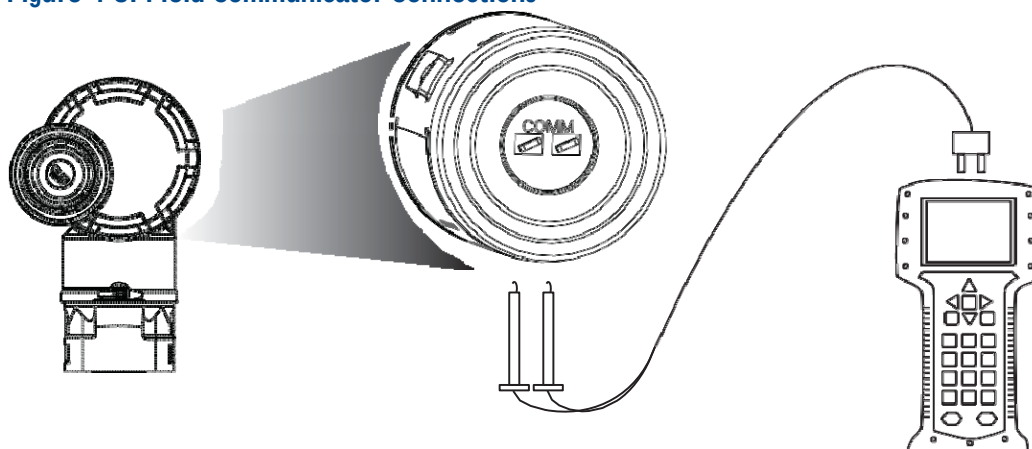
In order to communicate with a Field Communicator, power the Rosemount 3051 Wireless by connecting the power module. For more information on the Power Module, refer to the Power Module [Product Data Sheet](#).

Table 4-3 includes Fast Key sequences frequently used to interrogate and configure the device.

Table 4-3. Rosemount 3051 Wireless Fast Key Sequence

Function	Fast Key sequence	Menu Items
Device Information	2, 2, 8	Identification, Model Numbers, Flange Information, Remote Seal Information, Serial Number
Guided Setup	2, 1	Basic Setup, Join Device to Network, Configure Update Rates, Alert Setup
Manual Setup	2, 2	Wireless, Sensor, HART, Security, Device Information, Power
Wireless	2, 2, 1	Network ID, Join Device to Network, Broadcast Information

Figure 4-3. Field Communicator Connections



4.5 Configuring transmitter security

There are two security methods with the Rosemount 3051 Wireless Transmitter.

- HART Lock
- Configuration Buttons Lock

HART Lock

The HART Lock prevents changes to the transmitter configuration from all sources; all changes requested via HART and local configuration buttons will be rejected. The HART Lock can only be set via HART Communication. The HART Lock can be enabled or disabled with a Field Communicator or AMS Device Manager.

Configuring HART Lock using Field Communicator

From the *HOME* screen, enter the Fast Key sequence

Device Dashboard Fast Keys	2, 2, 6, 2
-----------------------------------	------------

Configuring HART Lock using AMS Device Manager

1. Right click on the device and select **Configure**.
2. Under *Manual Setup* select the **Security** tab.
3. Select **Lock/Unlock** button under HART Lock (Software) and follow the screen prompts.

Configuration button lock

The configuration button lock disables all local button functionality. Changes to the transmitter configuration from the local buttons will be rejected. Local external keys can be locked via HART Communication only.

Configuring configuration button lock using a Field Communicator

From the *HOMES* screen, enter the Fast Key sequence

Device Dashboard Fast Keys	2, 2, 6, 1
----------------------------	------------

Configuring configuration button lock using AMS device Manager

1. Right click on the device and select **Configure**.
2. Under *Manual Setup* select the **Security** tab.
3. Within the *Configuration Buttons* dropdown menu select **Disabled** to lock external local keys.
4. Select **Send**.
5. Confirm service reason and select **Yes**.

Section 5 Operation and Maintenance

Overview	page 53
Safety messages	page 53
Calibration overview	page 54
Trim the pressure signal	page 58
LCD display screen messages	page 63

5.1 Overview

This section contains information on commissioning and operating Rosemount™ 3051 Wireless Pressure Transmitters.

Field Communicator and AMS Device Manager instructions are given to perform configuration functions. For convenience, Field Communicator Fast Key sequences are labeled “Fast Keys” for each software function below the appropriate headings.

5.2 Safety messages

Instructions and procedures in this section may require special precautions to ensure the safety of the personnel performing the operations. Information that potentially raises safety issues is indicated by a warning symbol (⚠). Refer to the following safety messages before performing an operation preceded by this symbol.

⚠ WARNING

Failure to follow these installation guidelines could result in death or serious injury.

- Make sure only qualified personnel perform the installation.

Explosions could result in death or serious injury.

Installation of this transmitter in an explosive environment must be in accordance with the appropriate local, national, and international standards, codes, and practices. Review the approvals section of this manual for any restrictions associated with a safe installation.

- Before connecting a Field Communicator in an explosive atmosphere, make sure the instruments are installed in accordance with intrinsically safe or non-incendive field wiring practices.
- Verify the operating atmosphere of the transmitter is consistent with the appropriate hazardous locations certifications.

Process leaks could result in death or serious injury.

- Install and tighten process connectors before applying pressure.
-

⚠ WARNING

Electrical shock could cause death or serious injury.

- Avoid contact with the leads and terminals. High voltage that may be present on leads can cause electrical shock.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following conditions: This device may not cause harmful interference. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- This device must be installed to ensure a minimum antenna separation distance of 20 cm (8-in.) from all persons.

5.3 Calibration overview

Calibrating a Rosemount 3051 Wireless may include the following procedures:

- Sensor trim: Adjusts the position of the factory sensor characterization curve to optimize performance over a specified pressure range, or to adjust for mounting effects.

The Rosemount 3051 Sensor Module contains information about the sensor's specific characteristics in response to pressure and temperature inputs. A smart transmitter compensates for these sensor variations. The process of generating the sensor performance profile is called factory sensor characterization.

Sensor trimming requires an accurate pressure input and adds additional compensation that adjusts the position of the factory sensor characterization curve to optimize performance over a specific pressure range.

Note

Sensor trimming adjusts the position of the factory sensor characterization curve. It is possible to degrade performance of the transmitter if the trim is done improperly or with inaccurate equipment.

⚠ CAUTION

Absolute pressure transmitters (Rosemount 3051CA and 3051TA) are calibrated at the factory. Trimming adjusts the position of the factory characterization curve. It is possible to degrade performance of the transmitter if any trim is done improperly or with inaccurate equipment.

Table 5-1. Recommended Calibration Tasks

Transmitter	Bench calibration tasks	Field calibration tasks
Rosemount 3051CD 3051CG 3051L 3051TG, Range 1-4	- Set output configuration parameters: - Set the range points. - Set the output units. - Set the output type. <i>Optional</i>: Perform a sensor trim. (Accurate pressure source required.)	- Reconfigure parameters if necessary. - Zero trim the transmitter to compensate for mounting effects or static pressure effects.
Rosemount 3051CA 3051TA 3051TG, Range 5	- Set output configuration parameters: - Set the range points. - Set the output units. - Set the output type. <i>Optional</i>: Perform a sensor trim if equipment available (accurate absolute pressure source required), otherwise perform the low trim value section of the sensor trim procedure.	- Reconfigure parameters if necessary. - Perform low trim value section of the sensor trim procedure to correct for mounting position effects.

Note

For Rosemount 3051CA, 3051TA Range 0 and 5 devices, an accurate absolute pressure source is required.

5.3.1 Determining necessary sensor trims

Bench calibrations allow for calibrating the instrument for its desired range of operation. Straight forward connections to pressure source allow for a full calibration at the planned operating points. Exercising the transmitter over the desired pressure range allows for verification of the output value. “[Sensor trim](#)” on page 59 discusses how the trim operations change the calibration. It is possible to degrade the performance of the transmitter if a trim is done improperly or with inaccurate equipment. The transmitter can be set back to factory settings using the recall factory trim command in “[Recall factory trim—sensor trim](#)” on page 60.

For transmitters that are field installed, the manifolds discussed in “[Rosemount 304, 305, and 306 Integral Manifolds](#)” on page 37 allow the differential transmitter to be zeroed using the zero trim function. Both 3- and 5-valve manifolds are discussed. This field calibration will eliminate any pressure offsets caused by mounting effects (head effect of the oil fill) and static pressure effects of the process.

Determine the necessary trims with the following steps.

- Apply pressure.
- Check digital pressure, if the digital pressure does not match the applied pressure, perform a digital zero trim. See “[Sensor trim](#)” on page 59.

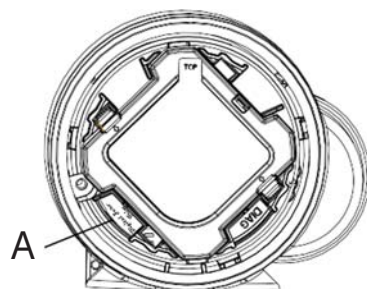
Trimming with configuration buttons

Local configuration buttons are buttons located inside the housing of the transmitter. To access the buttons, remove the housing cover.

- **Digital Zero Trim (DZ)**: Used for performing a sensor zero trim. See “[Sensor trim overview](#)” on page 58 for trim instructions.

Figure 5-1 shows the location of the digital zero button.

Figure 5-1. Digital zero button location



A. Digital zero button

5.3.2 Determining calibration frequency

Calibration frequency can vary greatly depending on the application, performance requirements, and process conditions. Use the following procedure to determine calibration frequency that meets the needs of your application.

1. Determine the performance required for your application.
2. Determine the operating conditions.
3. Calculate the Total Probable Error (TPE).
4. Calculate the stability per month.
5. Calculate the calibration frequency.

Sample calculation for Rosemount 3051 (0.04% accuracy and 5-year stability)

Step 1: Determine the performance required for your application.

Required Performance: 0.20% of span

Step 2: Determine the operating conditions.

Transmitter:	3051CD, Range 2 [URL=250 inH ₂ O(623 mbar)]
Calibrated Span:	150 inH ₂ O (374 mbar)
Ambient Temperature Change:	±50 °F (28 °C)
Line Pressure:	500 psig (34,5 bar)

Step 3: Calculate total probable error (TPE)⁽¹⁾.

$$TPE = \sqrt{(\text{Reference Accuracy})^2 + (\text{Temperature Effect})^2 + (\text{Static Pressure Effect})^2} = 0.105\% \text{ of span}$$

Where:

$$\text{Reference Accuracy} = \pm 0.04\% \text{ of span}$$

$$\text{Ambient Temperature Effect} = \left(\frac{0.0125 \times \text{URL}}{\text{Span}} + 0.0625 \right) \% \text{ per } 50^\circ \text{F} = \pm 0.0833\% \text{ of span}$$

$$\text{Span Static Pressure Effect} = 0.1\% \text{ reading per } 1000 \text{ psi (69 bar)} = \pm 0.05\% \text{ of span at maximum span}$$

Step 4: Calculate the stability per month.

$$\text{Stability} = \pm \left[\frac{0.125 \times \text{URL}}{\text{Span}} \right] \% \text{ of span for 5 years} = \pm 0.0021\% \text{ of URL for one month}$$

Step 5: Calculate calibration frequency.

$$\text{Cal. Freq.} = \frac{(\text{Req. Performance} - \text{TPE})}{\text{Stability per Month}} = \frac{(0.2\% - 0.105\%)}{0.0021\%} = 45 \text{ months}$$

5.3.3 Compensating for span line pressure effects (range 4 and 5)

Rosemount 3051 Range 4 and 5 Pressure Transmitters require a special calibration procedure when used in differential pressure applications. The purpose of this procedure is to optimize transmitter performance by reducing the effect of static line pressure in these applications. The Rosemount 3051 Differential Pressure Transmitters (ranges 0 through 3) do not require this procedure because optimization occurs at the sensor.

The systematic span shift caused by the application of static line pressure is -0.95% of reading per 1000 psi (69 bar) for Range 4 transmitters, and -1% of reading per 1000 psi (69 bar) for Range 5 transmitters. Using the following procedure, the span effect can be corrected to $\pm 0.2\%$ of reading per 1000 psi (69 bar) for line pressures from 0 to 3626 psi (0 to 250 bar).

Use the following example to compute correct input values.

Example

A range 4 differential pressure HART® transmitter (Rosemount 3051CD4...) will be used in an application with a static line pressure of 1200 psi (83 bar). The transmitter output is ranged with the lower range value at 500 inH₂O (1, 2 bar) and the upper range value at 1500 inH₂O (3, 7 bar). To correct for systematic error caused by high static line pressure, first use the following formulas to determine the corrected values for the high trim value.

High trim value:

$$HT = (\text{URV} - (\text{S}/100 \times \text{P}/1000 \times \text{LRV}))$$

	HT =	Corrected high trim value
	URV =	Upper range value
Where:	S =	Span shift per specification (as a percent of reading)
	P =	Static line pressure in psi

1. Zero static pressure effect removed by zero trimming at line pressure.

In this example:

URV =	1500 inH ₂ O (3.74 bar)
S =	-0.95%
P =	1200 psi
LT =	$1500 - (-0.95\% / 100 \times 1200 \text{ psi} / 1000 \text{ psi} \times 1500 \text{ inH}_2\text{O})$
LT =	1517.1 inH ₂ O

Complete the upper sensor trim procedure as described in [“Sensor trim” on page 59](#). In the example above, at step 4, apply the nominal pressure value of 1500 inH₂O. However, enter the calculated correct upper sensor trim value of 1517.1 inH₂O with a Field Communicator.

Note

The range values for the upper and lower range points should be at the nominal URV and LRV. In the example above, the values are 1500 inH₂O and 500 inH₂O respectively. Confirm the values on the *HOME* screen of the Field Communicator. Modify, if needed, by following the steps in [“Set range points” on page 8](#).

5.4 Trim the pressure signal

5.4.1 Sensor trim overview

A sensor trim corrects the pressure offset and pressure range to match a pressure standard. The upper sensor trim corrects the pressure range and the lower sensor trim (zero trim) corrects the pressure offset. An accurate pressure standard is required for full calibration. A zero trim can be performed if the process is vented, or the high and low side pressure are equal (for differential pressure transmitters).

Zero trim is a single-point offset adjustment. It is useful for compensating for mounting position effects and is most effective when performed with the transmitter installed in its final mounting position. Since this correction maintains the slope of the characterization curve, it should not be used in place of a sensor trim over the full sensor range.

When performing a zero trim, ensure the equalizing valve is open and all wet legs are filled to the correct levels. Line pressure should be applied to the transmitter during a zero trim to eliminate line pressure errors. Refer to [“Manifold operation” on page 39](#).

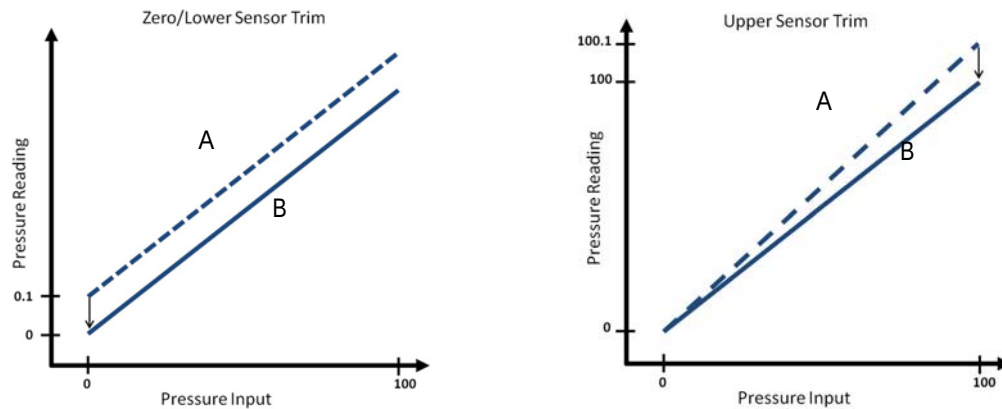
Note

Do not perform a zero trim on Rosemount 3051 Wireless Absolute Pressure Transmitters. Zero trim is zero based, and absolute pressure transmitters reference absolute zero. To correct mounting position effects on a Rosemount 3051 Wireless, perform a low trim within the sensor trim function. The low trim function provides an offset correction similar to the zero trim function, but it does not require zero-based input.

Sensor trim is a 2-point sensor calibration where two end-point pressures are applied, and all output is linearized between them. Always adjust the low trim value first to establish the correct offset. Adjustment of the high trim value provides a slope correction to the characterization curve based on the low trim value. The trim values allow you to optimize performance over your specified measuring range at the calibration temperature.

During a trim operation, the Rosemount 3051 Wireless is placed in high power refresh mode, which provides frequent pressure measurement updates and allows the configured damping to take effect. This behavior allows for more accurate calibration of the device. When the device is in high power refresh mode, the battery power supply will be depleted more rapidly.

Figure 5-2. Sensor Trim Example



A. Before trim
B. After trim

5.4.2 Sensor trim

When performing a sensor trim, both the upper and lower limits can be trimmed. If both upper and lower trims are to be performed, the lower trim must be done prior to the upper trim.

Note

Use a pressure input source that is at least four times more accurate than the transmitter, and allow the input pressure to stabilize for ten seconds before entering any values.

Performing a sensor trim with a Field Communicator

From the *Home* screen, enter the Fast Key sequence and follow the steps within the Field Communicator to complete the sensor trim.

Device Dashboard Fast Keys	3, 5, 1, 1
-----------------------------------	------------

To calibrate the transmitter using the sensor trim function:

1. Assemble and power the entire calibration system including the Rosemount 3051, Field Communicator / AMS Device Manager, power supply, pressure input source, and readout device.
2. From the *Home* screen, select **3: Service Tools**.
3. Select **5: Maintenance**.
4. Select **1: Calibration**.
5. Select **1: Sensor Trim**.
6. Select **2: Lower Sensor Trim**. The lower sensor trim value should be the sensor trim point that is closest to zero.

Note

Select pressure points so that lower and upper values are equal to or outside the expected process operation range.

7. Follow the on-screen instructions to complete the adjustment of the lower value.
8. Repeat the procedure for the upper value. Select **1: Upper Sensor Trim** and follow the on-screen instructions to complete the adjustment of the upper value.

Performing a sensor trim with AMS Device Manager

1. Right click on the device and, under the *Method* drop down menu, move cursor over *Calibrate* and, under *Sensor Trim*, select **Lower Sensor Trim**.
2. Follow the screen prompts to perform a Sensor Trim using AMS Device Manager.
3. If desired right click on the device and under the *Method* drop down menu, move cursor over *Calibrate* and under *Sensor Trim* and select **Upper Sensor Trim**

Performing a Digital Zero Trim (option DZ)

A Digital Zero Trim (option DZ) provides the same function as a zero / lower sensor trim, but can be completed in hazardous areas at any given time by simply pushing the zero trim button when the transmitter is at zero pressure. If the transmitter is not close enough to zero when the button is pushed, the command may fail due to excess correction. If ordered, a Digital Zero Trim can be performed by utilizing configuration buttons located inside the housing of the transmitter, see [Figure 5-1 on page 56](#) for DZ button location.

1. Remove the electronics housing cover.
2. Press and hold the Digital zero button for at least two seconds then release to perform a Digital Zero Trim

5.4.3 Recall factory trim—sensor trim

The Recall Factory Trim—Sensor Trim command allows the restoration of the as-shipped factory settings of the Sensor Trim. This command can be useful for recovering from an inadvertent zero trim of an absolute pressure unit or inaccurate pressure source.

Recalling factory trim with Field Communicator

From the *HOME* screen, enter the Fast Key sequence and follow the steps within the Field Communicator to complete the Sensor Trim.

Device Dashboard Fast Keys

3, 5, 1, 2

Recalling factory trim with AMS Device Manager

Right click on the device and, under the *Method* drop down menu, move cursor over *Calibrate* and select **Restore Factory Calibration**.

1. Click **Next** after setting the control loop to manual.
2. Select **Sensor Trim** under *Trim to recall* and select **Next**.
3. Follow the screen prompts to recall sensor trim.

5.4.4 Line pressure effect (range 2 and 3)

The following specifications show the static pressure effect for the Rosemount 3051 Range 2 and 3 Pressure Transmitters used in differential pressure applications where line pressure exceeds 2000 psi (138 bar).

Zero effect

$\pm 0.1\%$ of the upper range limit plus an additional $\pm 0.1\%$ of upper range limit error for each 1000 psi (69 bar) of line pressure above 2000 psi (138 bar).

Example: Line pressure is 3000 psi (207 bar) for ultra performance transmitter. Zero effect error calculation:

$\pm \{0.05 + 0.1 \times [3 \text{ kpsi} - 2 \text{ kpsi}]\} = \pm 0.15\%$ of the upper range limit

Span effect

Refer to “Line pressure effect (range 2 and 3)” on page 61.

5.4.5 Compensating for line pressure (range 4 and 5)

The Rosemount 3051 Wireless Range 4 and 5 Transmitters require a special calibration procedure when used in differential pressure applications. The purpose of this procedure is to optimize transmitter performance by reducing the effect of static line pressure in these applications. The Rosemount 3051 Wireless Differential Transmitters (Ranges 1, 2, and 3) do not require this procedure because optimization occurs in the sensor.

Applying high static pressure to the Rosemount 3051 Wireless Range 4 and 5 Transmitters causes a systematic shift in the output. This shift is linear with static pressure; correct it by performing the “Sensor trim” procedure on page 59.

The following specifications show the static pressure effect for the Rosemount 3051 Wireless Range 4 and 5 Transmitters used in differential pressure applications:

Zero effect

$\pm 0.1\%$ of the upper range limit per 1000 psi (69 bar) for line pressures from 0 to 2000 psi (0 to 138 bar)

For line pressures above 2000 psi (138 bar), the zero effect error is $\pm 0.2\%$ of the upper range limit plus an additional $\pm 0.2\%$ of upper range limit error for each 1000 psi (69 bar) of line pressure above 2000 psi (138 bar).

Example: Line pressure is 3000 psi (3 kpsi). Zero effect error calculation:

$\pm \{0.2 + 0.2 \times [3 \text{ kpsi} - 2 \text{ kpsi}]\} = \pm 0.4\%$ of the upper range limit

Span effect

Correctable to $\pm 0.2\%$ of reading per 1000 psi (69 bar) for line pressures from 0 to 3626 psi (0 to 250 bar)

The systematic span shift caused by the application of static line pressure is -1.00% of reading per 1000 psi (69 bar) for Range 4 transmitters, and -1.25% of reading per 1000 psi (69 bar) for Range 5 transmitters.

Use the following example to compute corrected input values.

Example

A transmitter with model number 3051_CD4 will be used in a differential pressure application where the static line pressure is 1200 psi (83 bar). The transmitter output is ranged with 4 mA at 500 inH₂O (1,2 bar) and 20 mA at 1500 inH₂O (3,7 bar).

To correct for systematic error caused by high static line pressure, first use the following formulas to determine corrected values for the low trim and high trim.

$$LT = LRV + S \times (LRV) \times P$$

Where:	LT =	Corrected low trim value
	LRV =	Lower range value
	S =	-(Span shift per specification)
	P =	Static line pressure

$$HT = URV + S \times (URV) \times P$$

Where:	HT =	Corrected high trim value
	URV =	Upper range value
	S =	-(Span shift per specification)
	P =	Static line pressure

In this example.

URV =	1500 inH ₂ O (3.74 bar)
LRV =	500 inH ₂ O (1.25 bar)
P =	1200 psi (82.74 bar)
S =	± 0.01/1000

To calculate the low trim (LT) value:

LT =	500 + (0.01/1000)(500)(1200)
LT =	506 inH ₂ O (1.26 bar)

To calculate the high trim (HT) value:

HT =	1500 + (0.01/1000)(1500)(1200)
HT =	1518 inH ₂ O (3.78 bar)

Complete a Rosemount 3051 Wireless sensor trim and enter the corrected values for low trim (LT) and high trim (HT), refer to [“Sensor trim” on page 59](#).

Enter the corrected input values for low trim and high trim through the Field Communicator keypad after you apply the nominal value of pressure as the transmitter input.

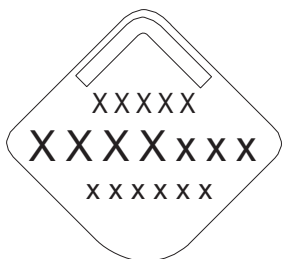
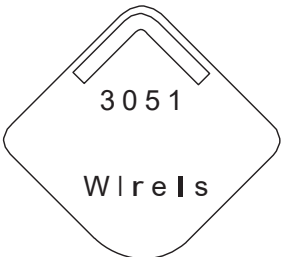
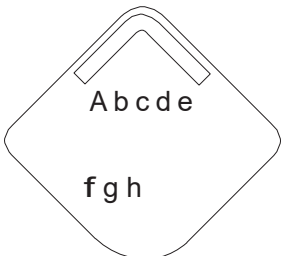
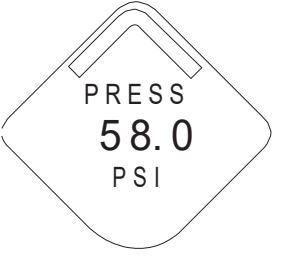
Note

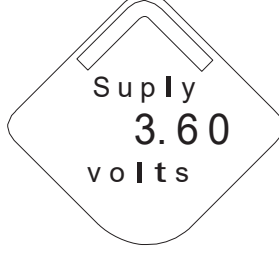
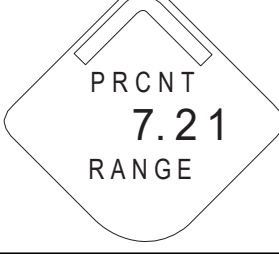
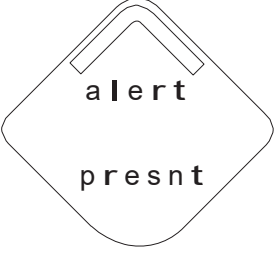
After sensor trimming Rosemount 3051 Wireless Range 4 and 5 Transmitters for high differential pressure applications, verify the lower and upper operating points are at nominal values using the Field Communicator.

5.5 LCD display screen messages

5.5.1 Startup screen sequence

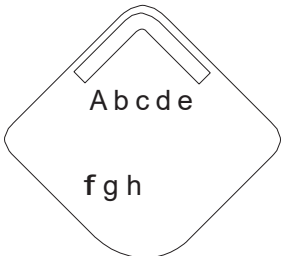
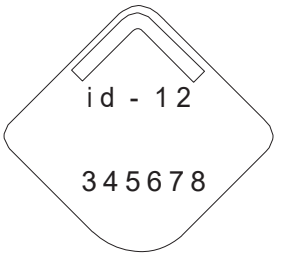
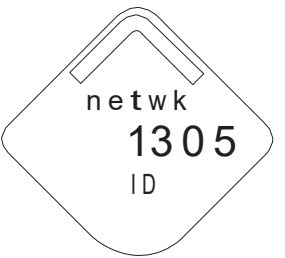
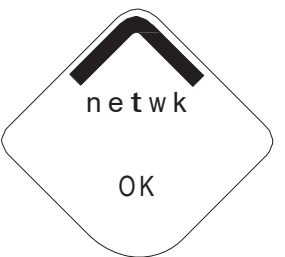
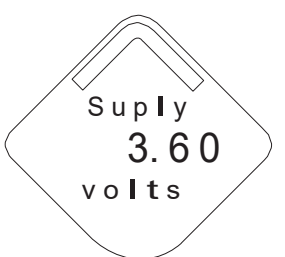
The following screens will display when the power module is first connected to the Rosemount 3051 Wireless.

	All Segments On: Used to visually determine if there are any bad segments on the LCD display.
	Device Identification: Used to determine Device Type.
	Device Information - Tag: User entered tag which is eight characters long - will not display if all characters are blank
	PV Screen - process pressure value

	SV Screen - sensor temperature value
	TV Screen - device temperature value
	QV Screen - voltage reading at the power supply terminals
	Percent Range Screen - percent range reading
	Alert Screen - at least one alert is present - this screen will not display if no alerts are present

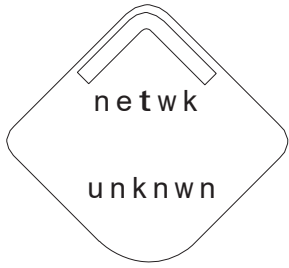
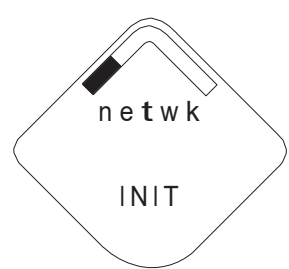
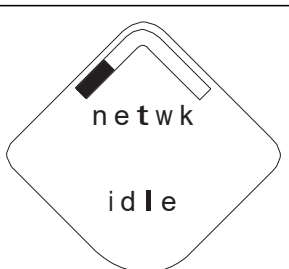
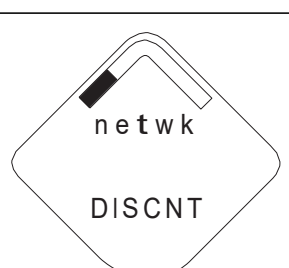
5.5.2 Diagnostic button screen sequence

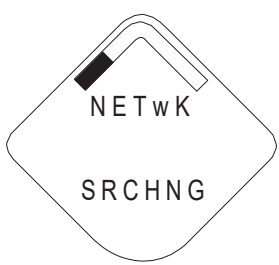
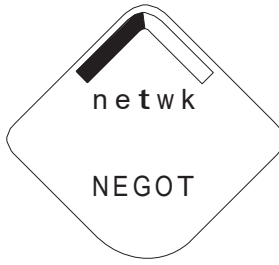
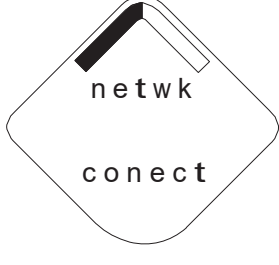
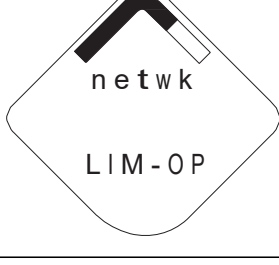
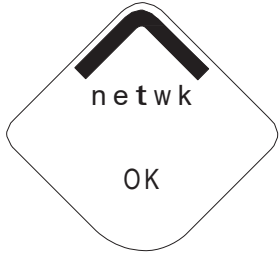
The following five screens will display when the device is operating properly and the Diagnostic Button has been pressed.

	Device Information - Tag: User entered tag which is eight characters long - will not display if all characters are blank
	Device Identification: Used to determine Device ID
	Diagnostic Button Screen 3: Assuming the device has the correct join key, this ID tells the user what network the device can connect with
	Diagnostic Button Screen 4: The device has joined a network and has been fully configured and has multiple parents
	Diagnostic Button Screen 5: Voltage reading at the power supply terminals

5.5.3 Network diagnostic status screens

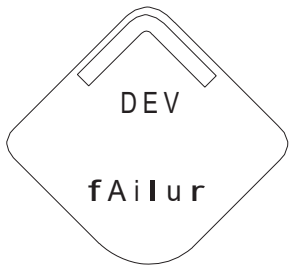
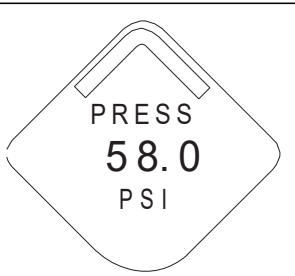
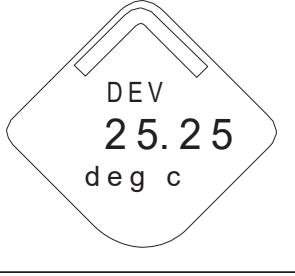
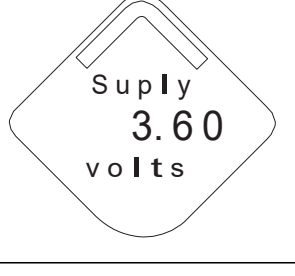
These screens display the network status of the device. Only one will be shown during the startup sequence or diagnostic sequence.

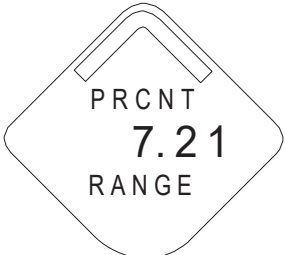
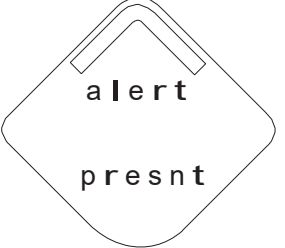
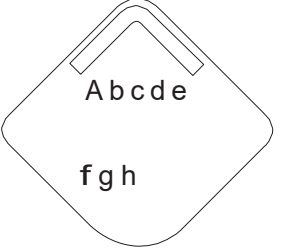
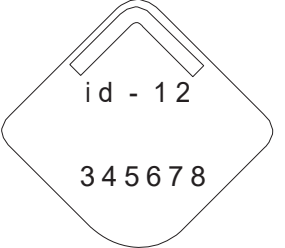
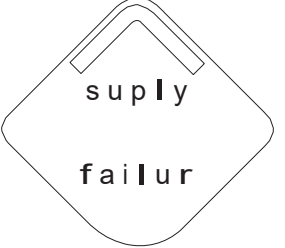
	Diagnostic Button Screen 4.1: The device is attempting to start the radio
	Diagnostic Button Screen 4.2: The device has just restarted
	Diagnostic Button Screen 4.3: The device is starting to join the process
	Diagnostic Button Screen 4.4: The device is in a disconnected state and requires a "ForceJoin" command to join the network

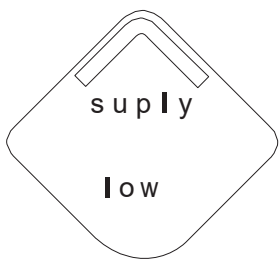
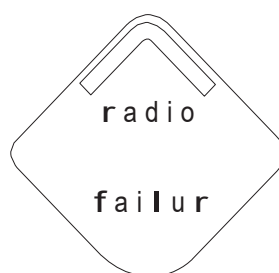
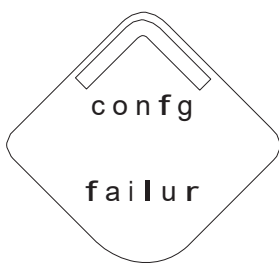
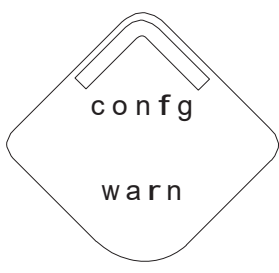
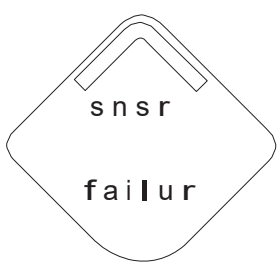
	Diagnostic Button Screen 4.5: The device is searching for the Network
	Diagnostic Button Screen 4.6: The device is attempting to join a network
	Diagnostic Button Screen 4.7: The device is connected to the Network, but is in a "Quarantined" state
	Diagnostic Button Screen 4.8: The device is joined and operational, but is running with limited bandwidth for sending periodic data
	Diagnostic Button Screen 4.9: The device has joined a network and has been fully configured and has multiple parents

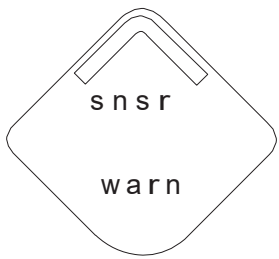
5.5.4 Device Diagnostic screens

The following screens will show the device diagnostics depending on the state of the device.

	Device Information - Status: There is a critical error which may prevent the device from operating correctly. Check additional status screens for more information.
	PV Screen - process pressure value
	SV Screen - sensor temperature value
	TV Screen - device temperature value
	QV Screen - voltage reading at the power supply terminals

	Percent Range Screen - percent range reading
	Alert Screen - at least one alert is present - this screen will not display if no alerts are present
	Diagnostic Button Screen 1 - Tag: User entered tag which is eight characters long - will not display if all characters are blank
	Diagnostic Button Screen 2: The device's identifier that is used to make up the HART long address - the Smart Wireless Gateway may use this to help identify devices if no unique user tag is available
	Diagnostic Button Screen 7.1: The terminal voltage has dropped below level of operating limit. Replace the power module (part number: 701PGNKF)

	Diagnostic Button Screen 7.2: The terminal voltage is below the recommended operating range - the Power Module should be replaced
	Diagnostic Button Screen 8: The device may not be able to communicate with the radio or the radio has an internal error. In this state the device may still be operational and publishing HART data
	Diagnostic Button Screen 9.1: Configuration of the transmitter is invalid such that critical operation of the device may be affected - check the extended configuration status to identify which configuration item(s) need to be corrected
	Diagnostic Button Screen 9.2: Configuration of the transmitter is invalid such that non-critical operation of the device may be affected - check the extended configuration status to identify which configuration item(s) need to be corrected
	Diagnostic Button Screen 10.1: A sensor attached to the transmitter has failed, and valid readings from that sensor are no longer possible - check the sensor and sensor wiring connections - check additional status for more detailed information of the failure source

	Diagnostic Button Screen 10.2: A sensor attached to the transmitter is degraded, readings from that sensor may not be within accuracy specifications - check the process, and sensor wiring connections - check additional status for more detailed information of the warning source
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Note

Use the Rosemount Wireless LCD part number: 00753-9004-0002.

Section 6 Troubleshooting

Overview	page 73
Safety messages	page 73
Removing from service	page 76

6.1 Overview

Table 6-1, Table 6-2, and Table 6-3 provide summarized maintenance and troubleshooting suggestions for the most common operating problems for the transmitter and the wireless network connection.

6.2 Safety messages

Procedures and instructions in this section may require special precautions to ensure the safety of the personnel performing the operations. Information that raises potential safety issues is indicated by a warning symbol (⚠). Refer to the following safety messages before performing an operation preceded by this symbol.

⚠ WARNING

Failure to follow these installation guidelines could result in death or serious injury.

- Make sure only qualified personnel perform the installation.

Explosions could result in death or serious injury.

Installation of this transmitter in an explosive environment must be in accordance with the appropriate local, national, and international standards, codes, and practices. Review the approvals section of this manual for any restrictions associated with a safe installation.

- Before connecting a Field Communicator in an explosive atmosphere, make sure the instruments are installed in accordance with intrinsically safe or non-incendive field wiring practices.
- Verify the operating atmosphere of the transmitter is consistent with the appropriate hazardous locations certifications.

Process leaks could result in death or serious injury.

- Install and tighten process connectors before applying pressure.

Electrical shock could cause death or serious injury.

- Avoid contact with the leads and terminals. High voltage that may be present on leads can cause electrical shock.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following conditions: This device may not cause harmful interference. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- This device must be installed to ensure a minimum antenna separation distance of 20 cm (8-in.) from all persons.

Table 6-1. Device Status Information

Devicestatus	Description	Recommended action
ElectronicsFailure	An electronics error that could impact the device measurement reading has occurred.	1. Reset the device 2. Reconfirm all configuration items in the device 3. If the condition persists, replace the electronics
Radio Failure	The wireless radio has detected a failure or stopped communicating.	1. Reset the device 2. If the condition persists, replace the electronics
SupplyVoltageFailure	The supply voltage is too low for the device to function properly.	1. Replace the power module
Electronics Warning	The device has detected an electronics error that does not currently impact the device measurement reading.	1. Reset the device 2. Reconfirm all configuration items in the device 3. If the condition persists, replace the electronics
Pressurehas Exceeded Limits	The sensor has exceeded the maximum measurement range.	1. Check process for possible saturation condition 2. Verify the appropriate sensor was chosen for the application 3. Reconfirm sensor configuration 4. Reset the device 5. Replace the sensor
Electronics Temperature has Exceeded Limits	The electronics temperature has exceeded the transmitter's maximum range.	1. Verify environmental temperature is within the transmitter's range 2. Remote mount the transmitter away from process and environmental conditions 3. Reset the device 4. If the condition persists, replace the electronics
Supply Voltage Low	The supply voltage is low and may soon affect broadcast updates.	1. Replace the power module
Database Memory Warning	The device has failed to write to the database memory. Any data written during this time may have been lost.	1. Reset the device 2. Reconfirm all configuration items in the device 3. If logging dynamic data not needed, this advisory can be safely ignored. If the condition persists, replace the electronics
Configuration Error	The device has detected a configuration error based on a change to the device.	1. Click on details for more information 2. Correct the parameter that has a configuration error 3. Reset the device 4. If the condition persists, replace the electronics

Table 6-1. Device Status Information

Device status	Description	Recommended action
HI HI Alarm	The primary variable has surpassed the user defined limit.	1. Verify the process variable is within user specified limits 2. Reconfirm the user defined alarm limit 3. If not needed, disable this alert
HI Alarm	The primary variable has surpassed the user defined limit.	1. Verify the process variable is within user specified limits 2. Reconfirm the user defined alarm limit 3. If not needed, disable this alert
LO Alarm	The primary variable has surpassed the user defined limit.	1. Verify the process variable is within user specified limits 2. Reconfirm the user defined alarm limit 3. If not needed, disable this alert
LO LO Alarm	The primary variable has surpassed the user defined limit.	1. Verify the process variable is within user specified limits 2. Reconfirm the user defined alarm limit 3. If not needed, disable this alert
Button Stuck	A buttons on the Electronics Board is detected as stuck in the active position.	1. Check the buttons for obstructions 2. Reset the device 3. If the condition persists, replace the electronics
Simulation Active	The device is in simulation mode and may not be reporting actual information.	1. Verify simulation is no longer required 2. Disable Simulation mode in Service Tools 3. Reset the device

Table 6-2. Troubleshooting

Symptom	Recommended actions
Transmitter will not respond to changes in applied pressure	Check test equipment
	Check impulse piping or manifold for blockage
	Verify applied pressure is within sensor limits
Digital Pressure Variable reading is low or high	Check test equipment (verify accuracy)
	Check impulse piping for blockage or low fill in wet leg
	Verify transmitter is calibrated properly
	Verify pressure calculations for application
Digital Pressure Variable reading is erratic	Check application for faulty equipment in pressure line
	Verify transmitter is not reacting directly to equipment turning on/off
LCD display is not functioning	Reseat the LCD according to "Installing the LCD display" on page 36
	Verify the LCD display is a wireless LCD Meter. An LCD from a wired device will not function in a wireless device. Rosemount™ part number: 00753-9004-0002 Verify the LCD display mode is not disabled.

Table 6-3. Wireless Network Troubleshooting

Symptom	Recommended actions
Device not joining the network	Verify network ID and join key
	Wait longer (30 min.)
	Enable High Speed Operation (Active Advertising) on Smart Wireless Gateway
	Check Power Module
	Verify device is within range of at least one other device
	Verify network is in active network advertise
	Power Cycle device to try again
	Verify device is configured to join. Send the "Force Join" command to the device
	See troubleshooting section of Smart Wireless Gateway for more information
Short battery life	Check that "Power Always On" mode is off
	Verify device is not installed in extreme temperatures
	Verify device is not a network pinch point
	Check for excessive network rejoins due to poor connectivity
Limited Bandwidth Error	Reduce the Update Rate on transmitter
	Increase communication paths by adding more wireless points
	Check that device has been online for at least an hour
	Check that device is not routing through a "limited" routing node
	Create a new network with an additional Smart Wireless Gateway

6.3 Removing from service

Follow these steps:

- Follow all plant safety rules and procedures.
- Isolate and vent the process from the transmitter before removing the transmitter from service.
- Remove the transmitter from the process connection.
 - The Rosemount 3051C Wireless Transmitter is attached to the process connection by four bolts and two cap screws. Remove the bolts and screws and separate the transmitter from the process connection. Leave the process connection in place and ready for re-installation. Reference [Figure 3-6 on page 28](#) for coplanar flange.
 - The Rosemount 3051T Wireless Transmitter is attached to the process by a single hex nut process connection. Loosen the hex nut to separate the transmitter from the process. Do not wrench on neck of transmitter. See warning in ["Inline process connection" on page 34](#).
- Do not scratch, puncture, or depress the isolating diaphragms.
- Clean isolating diaphragms with a soft rag and a mild cleaning solution, and rinse with clear water.
- Whenever you remove the process flange or flange adapters, visually inspect the PTFE O-rings. Replace the O-rings if they show any signs of damage, such as nicks or cuts. Undamaged O-rings may be reused.

6.4 Service support

Within the United States, call the Emerson™ Instrument and Valve Response Center using the 1-800-654-RSMT (7768) toll-free number. This center, available 24 hours a day, will assist you with any needed information or materials.

The center will ask for product model and serial numbers, and will provide a Return Material Authorization (RMA) number. The center will also ask for the process material to which the product was last exposed.

For inquiries outside of the United States, contact the nearest Emerson representative for RMA instructions.

To expedite the return process outside of the United States, contact the nearest Emerson representative.

⚠ CAUTION

Individuals who handle products exposed to a hazardous substance can avoid injury if they are informed of and understand the hazard. The product being returned will require a copy of the required Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for each substance must be included with the returned goods.

Emerson Instrument and Valve Response Center representatives will explain the additional information and procedures necessary to return goods exposed to hazardous substances.

Appendix A Specifications and Reference Data

Performance specifications	page 79
Functional specifications	page 82
Physical specifications	page 85
Dimensional drawings	page 88
Ordering information	page 90

A.1 Performance specifications

For zero-based spans, reference conditions, silicone oil fill, glass-filled PTFE O-rings, SST materials, coplanar flange (Rosemount™ 3051C Pressure Transmitter) or 1/2 in. -14 NPT (Rosemount 3051T) process connections, digital trim values set to equal range points.

A.1.1 Conformance to specification (±3σ [Sigma])

Technology leadership, advanced manufacturing techniques and statistical process control ensure specification conformance to ±3σ or better.

A.1.2 Digital output

For wireless devices, use calibrated range in place of span.

A.1.3 Reference accuracy

Models	Rosemount™ 3051 WirelessHART®
Rosemount 3051C Ranges 2–4	+ 0.04% of span For spans less than 10:1 accuracy = $\pm \left[0.015 + 0.005 \left(\frac{URL}{Span} \right) \right] \% \text{ of Span}$
Range 1	+ 0.10% of span For spans less than 15:1 accuracy = $\pm \left[0.025 + 0.005 \left(\frac{URL}{Span} \right) \right] \% \text{ of Span}$
Range 0 (CD)	+ 0.10% of span For spans less than 2:1 accuracy = + 0.05% of URL
Ranges 5	±0.065% of span For spans less than 10:1, accuracy = $\pm \left[0.015 + 0.005 \left(\frac{URL}{Span} \right) \right] \% \text{ of Span}$

Rosemount 3051CA Ranges 1–4	+ 0.04% of span For spans less than 10:1 accuracy = $\pm \left[0.0075 \left(\frac{URL}{Span} \right) \right] \% \text{ of Span}$
Rosemount 3051T Ranges 1–4	+ 0.04% of span For spans less than 10:1 accuracy = $\pm \left[0.0075 \left(\frac{URL}{Span} \right) \right] \% \text{ of Span}$
Range 5	+ 0.075% of span For Spans less than 10:1 accuracy = $\pm \left[0.0075 \left(\frac{URL}{Span} \right) \right] \% \text{ of Span}$
Rosemount 3051L Ranges 2–4	+ 0.075% of span For spans less than 10:1 accuracy = $\pm \left[0.025 + 0.005 \left(\frac{URL}{Span} \right) \right] \% \text{ of Span}$
Rosemount 3051L Range 1	±0.10% of span For spans less than 10:1, accuracy = $\pm \left[0.025 + 0.005 \left(\frac{URL}{Span} \right) \right] \% \text{ of Span}$

A.1.4 Flow performance - flow reference accuracy

Rosemount 3051CFA Annubar™ Flowmeter (for Rosemount 3051 and enhanced 3051)		
Ranges 2-3	N/A	±1.60% of flow rate at 8:1 flow turndown
Rosemount 3051CFC Compact Orifice Flowmeter - Conditioning option C		
Ranges 2-3	$\beta = 0.4$	±1.75% of flow rate at 8:1 flow turndown
	$\beta = 0.65$	±1.95% of flow rate at 8:1 flow turndown
Rosemount 3051CFC Compact Orifice Flowmeter - Orifice type option P ⁽¹⁾		
Ranges 2-3	$\beta = 0.4$	±2.00% of flow rate at 8:1 flow turndown
	$\beta = 0.65$	±2.00% of flow rate at 8:1 flow turndown
Rosemount 3051CFP Integral Orifice Flowmeter		
Ranges 2-3	$\beta < 0.1$	±3.00% of flow rate at 8:1 flow turndown
	$0.1 < \beta < 0.2$	±1.95% of flow rate at 8:1 flow turndown
	$0.2 < \beta < 0.6$	±1.75% of flow rate at 8:1 flow turndown
	$0.6 < \beta < 0.8$	±2.15% of flow rate at 8:1 flow turndown

1. For smaller line sizes, see Rosemount Compact Orifice.

A.1.5 Total performance

Total performance is based on combined errors of reference accuracy, ambient temperature effect, and static pressure effect.

For ±50 °F (28 °C) temperature changes, up to 1000 psi (6.9 MPa) line pressure (CD only), from 1:1 to 5:1 rangedown.

Models	Total performance
Rosemount 3051C Ranges 2-5	±0.12% of span
Rosemount 3051T Ranges 1-4	±0.12% of span

A.1.6 Long term stability

Models	Long term stability
Rosemount 3051C Ranges 2-5	±0.125% of URL for 5 years ±50 °F (28 °C) temperature changes, and up to 1000 psi (6.9 MPa) line pressure.
Rosemount 3051CD, 3051CG Low/Draft Range Ranges 0-1	±0.2% of URL for 1 year
Rosemount 3051CA Low Range Range 1	±0.125% of URL for 5 years ±50 °F (28 °C) temperature changes, and up to 1000 psi (6.9 MPa) line pressure.
Rosemount 3051T Ranges 1-5	±0.125% of URL for 5 years ±50 °F (28 °C) temperature changes, and up to 1000 psi (6.9 MPa) line pressure.

A.1.7 Line pressure effect per 1000 psi (6.9 MPa)

For line pressures above 2000 psi (13.7 MPa) and ranges 4–5, see Rosemount 3051 HART® [Reference Manual](#), Rosemount 3051 FOUNDATION™ Fieldbus [Reference Manual](#), and Rosemount 3051 PROFIBUS® PA [Reference Manual](#).

Models	Line pressure effect (for Rosemount 3051 and enhanced 3051)
Rosemount 3051CD, 3051CF	Zero error
Ranges 2–3	$\pm 0.05\%$ of URL / 1000 psi (68.9 bar) for line pressures from 0 to 2000 psi (0 to 13.7 MPa)
Range 1	$\pm 0.25\%$ of URL / 1000 psi (68.9 bar)
Range 0	$\pm 0.125\%$ of URL / 100 psi (6.89 bar)
	Span error
Ranges 2–3	$\pm 0.1\%$ of reading / 1000 psi (68.9 bar)
Range 1	$\pm 0.4\%$ of reading / 1000 psi (68.9 bar)
Range 0	$\pm 0.15\%$ of reading / 100 psi (6.89 bar)

A.1.8 Ambient Temperature Effect per 50 °F (28 °C)

Models	Ambient temperature effect
Rosemount 3051C Ranges 2–5	$\pm(0.0125\% \text{ URL} + 0.0625\% \text{ span})$ from 1:1 to 5:1 $\pm(0.025\% \text{ URL} + 0.125\% \text{ span})$ from 5:1 to 150:1
Range 1	$\pm(0.1\% \text{ URL} + 0.25\% \text{ span})$ from 1:1 to 30:1
Range 0	$\pm(0.25\% \text{ URL} + 0.05\% \text{ span})$ from 1:1 to 30:1
Rosemount 3051CA Ranges 1–4	$\pm(0.025\% \text{ URL} + 0.125\% \text{ span})$ from 1:1 to 30:1
	$\pm(0.035\% \text{ URL} + 0.125\% \text{ span})$ from 30:1 to 150:1
Rosemount 3051T Range 2–4	$\pm(0.025\% \text{ URL} + 0.125\% \text{ span})$ from 1:1 to 30:1 $\pm(0.035\% \text{ URL} + 0.125\% \text{ span})$ from 30:1 to 150:1
Range 1	$\pm(0.025\% \text{ URL} + 0.125\% \text{ span})$ from 1:1 to 10:1 $\pm(0.05\% \text{ URL} + 0.125\% \text{ span})$ from 10:1 to 150:1
Range 5	$\pm(0.1\% \text{ URL} + 0.15\% \text{ span})$
Rosemount 3051L	See Instrument Toolkit™ software.

A.1.9 Mounting position effects

Models	Mounting position effects
Rosemount 3051C	Zero shifts up to ± 1.25 inH ₂ O (3,11 mbar), which can be calibrated out. No span effect.
Rosemount 3051L	With liquid level diaphragm in vertical plane, zero shift of up to 1 inH ₂ O (2,49 mbar). With diaphragm in horizontal plane, zero shift of up to 5 inH ₂ O (12,43 mbar) plus extension length on extended units. All zero shifts can be calibrated out. No span effect.
Rosemount 3051CA, 3051T	Zero shifts up to 2.5 inH ₂ O (6,22 mbar), which can be calibrated out. No span effect.

A.1.10 Vibration effect

Less than $\pm 0.1\%$ of URL when tested per the requirements of IEC60770-1: 1999 field or pipeline with high vibration level (10–60 Hz 0.21mm displacement peak amplitude / 60–2000 Hz 3g).

A.1.11 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

Meets all industrial environment requirements of EN61326.
Maximum deviation < 1% Span during EMC disturbance.

A.2 Functional specifications

A.2.1 Service

Liquid, gas, and vapor applications

A.2.2 Range and sensor limits

Table A-1. Rosemount 3051CD, 3051CG, 3051CF, and 3051L Range and Sensor Limits

Range	Minimum span	Upper (URL)	Lower (LRL)			
			Rosemount 3051CD Differential 3051CF Flowmeters	Rosemount 3051CG Gage	Rosemount 3051L Differential	Rosemount 3051L Gage
0 ⁽¹⁾	0.1 inH ₂ O (0,25 mbar)	3.0 inH ₂ O (7,47 mbar)	-3.0 inH ₂ O (-7,47 mbar)	N/A	N/A	N/A
1 ⁽²⁾	0.5 inH ₂ O (1,2 mbar)	25 inH ₂ O (62,3 mbar)	-25 inH ₂ O (-62,1 mbar)	-25 inH ₂ O (-62,1 mbar)	N/A	N/A
2	1.7 inH ₂ O (4,2 mbar)	250 inH ₂ O (0,62 bar)	-250 inH ₂ O (-0,62 bar)	-250 inH ₂ O (-0,62 bar)	-250 inH ₂ O (-0,62 bar)	-250 inH ₂ O (-0,62 bar)
3	6.7 inH ₂ O (16,7 mbar)	1000 inH ₂ O (2,49 bar)	-1000 inH ₂ O (-2,49 bar)	0.5 psia (34,5 mbar abs)	-1000 inH ₂ O (-2,49 bar)	0.5 psia (34,5 mbar abs)
4	2.0 psi (137,7 mbar)	300 psi (20,6 bar)	-300 psi (-20,6 bar)	0.5 psia (34,5 mbar abs)	-300 psi (-20,6 bar)	0.5 psia (34,5 mbar abs)
5 ⁽³⁾	13.3 psi (917,0 bar)	2000 psi (137,9 bar)	-2000 psi (-137,9 bar)	0.5 psia (34,5 mbar abs)	N/A	N/A

1. Range 0 only available with Rosemount 3051CD.
2. Range 1 only available with Rosemount 3051CD, 3051CG, or 3051CF.
3. Range 5 not available with Rosemount 3051L Differential and Rosemount 3051L Gage.

Table A-2. Rosemount 3051CA and 3051T Range and Sensor Limits

Range	Rosemount 3051CA			Range	Rosemount 3051T			
	Minimum Span	Range and sensor limits			Minimum Span	Range and sensor limits		Lower ⁽¹⁾ (LRL) (Gage)
		Upper (URL)	Lower (LRL)			Upper (URL)	Lower (LRL)	
1	0.3 psia (20,7 mbar)	30 psia (2,07 bar)	0 psia (0 bar)	1	0.3 psi (20,6 mbar)	30 psi (2,07 bar)	0 psia (0 bar)	-14.7 psig (-1,01 bar)
2	1 psia (68,9 mbar)	150 psia (10,3 bar)	0 psia (0 bar)	2	1 psi (0,068 bar)	150 psi (10,3 bar)	0 psia (0 bar)	-14.7 psig (-1,01 bar)
3	5.3 psia (367,7 mbar)	800 psia (55,2 bar)	0 psia (0 bar)	3	5.3 psi (0,36 bar)	800 psi (55,2 bar)	0 psia (0 bar)	-14.7 psig (-1,01 bar)
4	26.7 psia (1,84 bar)	4000 psia (275,8 bar)	0 psia (0 bar)	4	26.6 psi (1,83 bar)	4000 psi (275,8 bar)	0 psia (0 bar)	-14.7 psig (-1,01 bar)
				5	2000 psi (137,9 bar)	10000 psi (689,4 bar)	0 psia (0 bar)	-14.7 psig (-1,01 bar)

1. Assumes atmospheric pressure of 14.7 psig.

A.2.3 Zero and span adjustment requirements

Zero and span values can be set anywhere within the range limits stated in Table A-1.

Span must be greater than or equal to the minimum span stated in Table A-1.

A.3 Wireless self-organizing networks

A.3.1 Output

IEC 62591 (WirelessHART) 2.4 GHz DSSS

A.3.2 Wireless radio (internal antenna, WP option)

- Frequency: 2.4 - 2.4835 GHz
- Channels: 15
- Modulation: IEEE 802.15.4 compliant DSSS
- Transmission: maximum of 10 dBm EIRP

A.3.3 Local display

The optional 3-line, 7-digit LCD display can show user-selectable information such as primary variable in engineering units, scaled variable, percent of range, sensor module temperature, and electronics temperature. The display updates based on the wireless update rate.

A.3.4 Digital zero trim

Digital zero trim (option DZ) is an offset adjustment to compensate for mounting position effects, up to 5% of URL.

A.3.5 Update rate

User selectable, one second to 60 minutes.

A.3.6 Wireless sensor module for in-line transmitters

The Rosemount 3051 Wireless requires the engineered polymer housing to be selected. The standard sensor module will come with aluminum material. If stainless steel is required, the option WSM must be selected.

A.3.7 Power module

Field replaceable, keyed connection eliminates the risk of incorrect installation. Intrinsically Safe Lithium-thionyl chloride Power Module (green power module, model number 701PGNKF) with PBT/PC enclosure. 10-year life at one minute update rate.⁽¹⁾

A.3.8 Overpressure limits

Rosemount 3051CD/CG/CF

- Range 0: 750 psi (51.7 bar)
- Range 1: 2000 psig (137.9 bar)
- Ranges 2-5: 3626 psig (250 bar)
- 4500 psig (310.3 bar) for option code P9

Rosemount 3051CA

- Range 1: 750 psia (51.7 bar)
- Range 2: 1500 psia (103.4 bar)
- Range 3: 1600 psia (110.3 bar)
- Range 4: 6000 psia (413.7 bar)

Rosemount 3051TG/TA

- Range 1: 750 psi (51.7 bar)
- Range 2: 1500 psi (103.4 bar)
- Range 3: 1600 psi (110.3 bar)
- Range 4: 6000 psi (413.7 bar)
- Range 5: 15000 psi (1034.2 bar)

Rosemount 3051L T

For Rosemount 3051L or level flange option codes FA, FB, FC, FD, FP, and FQ, limit is 0 psia to the flange rating or sensor rating, whichever is lower.

Table A-3. Rosemount 3051L and Level Flange Rating Limits

Standard	Type	CS rating	SST rating
ANSI/ASME	Class 150	285 psig	275 psig
ANSI/ASME	Class 300	740 psig	720 psig
ANSI/ASME	Class 600	1480 psig	1440 psig
At 100 °F (38 °C), the rating decreases with increasing temperature, per ANSI/ASME B16.5.			
DIN	PN 10-40	40 bar	40 bar
DIN	PN 10/16	16 bar	16 bar
DIN	PN 25/40	40 bar	40 bar
At 248 °F (120 °C), the rating decreases with increasing temperature, per DIN 2401.			

1. Reference conditions are 70 °F (21 °C), and routing data for three additional network devices.
NOTE: Continuous exposure to ambient temperature limits of -40 °F or 185 °F (-40 °C or 85 °C) may reduce specified life by less than 20 percent.

A.3.9 Static pressure limit

Rosemount 3051CD only

Operates with specifications between static line pressures of 0.5 psia and 3626 psig [4500 psig (310.3 bar) for option code P9].

Range 0: 0.5 psia and 750 psig (3.4 bar and 51.7 bar)

Range 1: 0.5 psia and 2000 psig (3.4 bar and 137.9 bar)

A.3.10 Burst pressure limits

-40 to 185 °F (-40 to 85 °C)

With LCD display⁽¹⁾: -40 to 175 °F (-40 to 80 °C)

Rosemount 3051C, 3051CF coplanar or traditional process flange

- 10000 psig (69 MPa).

3051T In-line

- Ranges 1-4: 11000 psi (75.8 MPa)
- Range 5: 26000 psig (179 MPa)

A.3.11 Temperature limits

Ambient

Storage

-40 to 185 °F (-40 to 85 °C)

With LCD display: -40 to 185 °F (-40 to 85 °C)

Process temperature limits

At atmospheric pressures and above. See [Table A-4](#).

Table A-4. Rosemount 3051 Process Temperature Limits

Rosemount 3051CD, 3051CG, 3051CF, 3051CA ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	
Silicone fill sensor	
with coplanar flange	-40 to 250 °F (-40 to 121 °C)
with Traditional flange ⁽³⁾	-40 to 300 °F (-40 to 149 °C)
with level flange	-40 to 300 °F (-40 to 149 °C)
with Rosemount 305 Integral Manifold ⁽³⁾	-40 to 300 °F (-40 to 149 °C)
Rosemount 3051T In-Line (process fill fluid) ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾	
Silicone fill sensor	-40 to 250 °F (-40 to 121 °C)
Rosemount 3051L Low-Side temperature limits ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	
Silicone fill sensor	-40 to 250 °F (-40 to 121 °C)
Rosemount 3051L High-Side temperature limits (process fill fluid)	
Syltherm® XLT	-100 to 300 °F (-73 to 149 °C)
Dow Corning® Silicone 704 ⁽⁵⁾	32 to 400 °F (0 to 205 °C)
D. C. Silicone 200	-40 to 400 °F (-40 to 205 °C)
Inert	-50 to 320 °F (-45 to 160 °C)
Glycerin and water	5 to 200 °F (-18 to 93 °C)
Neobee M-20®	5 to 400 °F (-18 to 205 °C)
Propylene Glycol and water	5 to 203 °F (-18 to 93 °C)

1. Process temperatures above 185 °F (85 °C) require derating the ambient limits by a 1.5:1 ratio.
2. 220 °F (104 °C) limit in vacuum service; 130 °F (54 °C) for pressures below 0.5 psia.
3. Rosemount 3051CD0 process temperature limits are -40 to 212 °F (-40 to 100 °C).
4. 220 °F (104 °C) limit in vacuum service; 130 °F (54 °C) for pressures below 0.5 psia.
5. Upper limit of 600 °F (315 °C) is available with Rosemount 1199 Seal Assemblies mounted away from the transmitter with the use of capillaries and up to 500 °F (260 °C) with direct mount extension.

A.3.12 Humidity limits

0-100 percent relative humidity

A.3.13 Volumetric displacement

Less than 0.005 in³ (0.08 cm³)

1. Wireless LCD display may not be readable and LCD display updates will be slower at temperature below -4 °F (-20 °C)

A.3.14 Damping

The damping command introduces a delay in processing which increases the response time of the transmitter; smoothing variations in output readings caused by rapid input changes. In the Rosemount 3051 Wireless, damping only takes effect when the device is placed in high power refresh mode and during calibration. In normal power mode, the effective damping is 0. Note that when the device is in high power refresh mode, battery power will be depleted rapidly.

A.4 Physical specifications

A.4.1 Electrical connections

HART interface connections fixed to the power module.

A.4.2 Process connections

Rosemount 3051C

$1/4$ -18 NPT on $2^{1/8}$ -in. centers

$1/2$ -14 NPT on 2-in. (50.8 mm), $2^{1/8}$ -in. (54.0 mm), or $2^{1/4}$ -in. (57.2 mm) centers

Rosemount 3051T

$1/2$ -14 NPT female,
G1/2 A DIN 16288 male (available in SST for range 1–4 transmitters only)

Rosemount 3051L

High pressure side: 2-in. (50.8 mm), 3-in. (72 mm), or 4-in. (102 mm), ASME B 16.5 (ANSI) Class 150, 300 or 600 flange; 50, 80 or 100 mm, DIN 2501 PN 40 or 10/16 flange

Low pressure side: $1/4$ -18 NPT on flange, $1/2$ -14 NPT on process adapter

Rosemount 3051CF

For Rosemount 3051CFA, 3051CFC, and 3051CFP, see Rosemount DP Flowmeters and Primary Elements [Product Data Sheet](#).

A.4.3 Process-wetted parts

Process Isolating Diaphragms

Isolating diaphragm material	3051CD 3051CG	3051T	3051CA
316L SST	•	•	•
Alloy C-276	•	•	•

Drain/vent valves

316 SST, Alloy C-276, or Alloy 400 material (Alloy 400 is not available with 3051L).

Process flanges and adapters

Plated carbon steel, SST cast CF-8M (cast version of 316 SST, material per ASTM-A743), C-Type cast alloy CW12MW, or cast alloy M30C

Wetted O-rings

Glass-filled PTFE or Graphite-filled PTFE

A.4.4 Rosemount 3051L process wetted parts

Flanged process connection (transmitter high side)

Process diaphragms, including process gasket surface

316L SST, Alloy C-276, or Tantalum

Extension

CF-3M (Cast 316L SST, material per ASTM A743), or CW-12MW (Cast C-276, material ASTM A494); fits schedule 40 and 80 pipe

Mounting flange

Zinc-cobalt plated CS or 316 SST

Reference process connection (transmitter low side)

Isolating diaphragms

316L SST or Alloy C-276

Reference flange and adapter

CF-8M (Cast version of 316 SST, material per ASTM-A743)

A.4.5 Non-wetted parts

Electronics housing

Housing material code P: PBT/PC

Enclosures meet NEMA® Type 4X, IP66, and IP67 when properly installed.

Sensor module housing

Coplanar: CF-3M (Cast version of 316L SST, material per ASTM-A743)

Inline: Aluminum module painted with polyurethane or CF-3M (Cast version of 316L SST, material per ASTM-A743)

Bolts

ASTM A449, Type 1 (zinc-cobalt plated carbon steel)

ASTM F593G, Condition CW1 (Austenitic 316 SST)

ASTM A193, Grade B7M (zinc plated alloy steel)

Alloy K-500

Sensor module fill fluid

Silicone

Process fill fluid (Rosemount 3051L only)

SylthermXLT, D.C. Silicone 704,
D.C. Silicone 200, inert, glycerin and water,
Neobee M-20, propylene glycol and water.

Cover O-rings

Silicone

Power module

Field replaceable, keyed connection eliminates the risk of incorrect installation, Intrinsically Safe Lithium-thionyl chloride Power Module (green power module, model number 701PGNKF) with PBT enclosure

A.4.6 Shipping weights for Rosemount 3051 Wireless

Table A-5. Transmitter Weights without Options

Complete transmitter ⁽¹⁾	Weight In lb (kg)
Rosemount 3051C with engineered polymer housing	3.90 (1.8)
Rosemount 3051T with engineered polymer housing	1.9 (0.86)
Rosemount 3051L with engineered polymer housing	Table A-6 on page 87

1. Transmitter weights include the sensor module and housing only.

Table A-6. Rosemount 3051L Weights without Options

Flange	Flush lb. (kg)	2-in. Ext. lb (kg)	4-in. Ext. lb (kg)	6-in. Ext. lb (kg)
2-in., 150	6.1 (2,8)	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-in., 150	12.3 (5,6)	13.0 (5,9)	14.2 (6,4)	15.5 (7,0)
4-in., 150	17.8 (8,1)	17.5 (7,9)	18.7 (8,4)	20.0 (9,1)
2-in., 300	7.9 (3,6)	N/A	N/A	N/A/N/A
3-in., 300	16.2 (7,3)	16.9 (7,7)	18.1 (8,2)	19.4 (8,8)
4-in., 300	27 (12,2)	26.9 (12,2)	28.1 (12,7)	29.4 (13,3)
2-in., 600	9.4 (4,3)	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-in., 600	18.7 (8,5)	19.4 (8,8)	20.6 (9,3)	21.9 (9,9)
DN 50/PN 40	7.9 (3,6)	N/A	N/A	N/A
DN 80/PN 40	12.6 (5,7)	13.3 (6,0)	14.5 (6,6)	15.8 (7,2)
DN 100/PN 10/16	7.8 (3,5)	8.5 (3,9)	9.7 (4,4)	11.0 (5,0)
DN 100/PN 40	9.2 (4,2)	9.9 (4,5)	11.1 (5,0)	12.4 (5,6)

Table A-7. Transmitter Option Weights

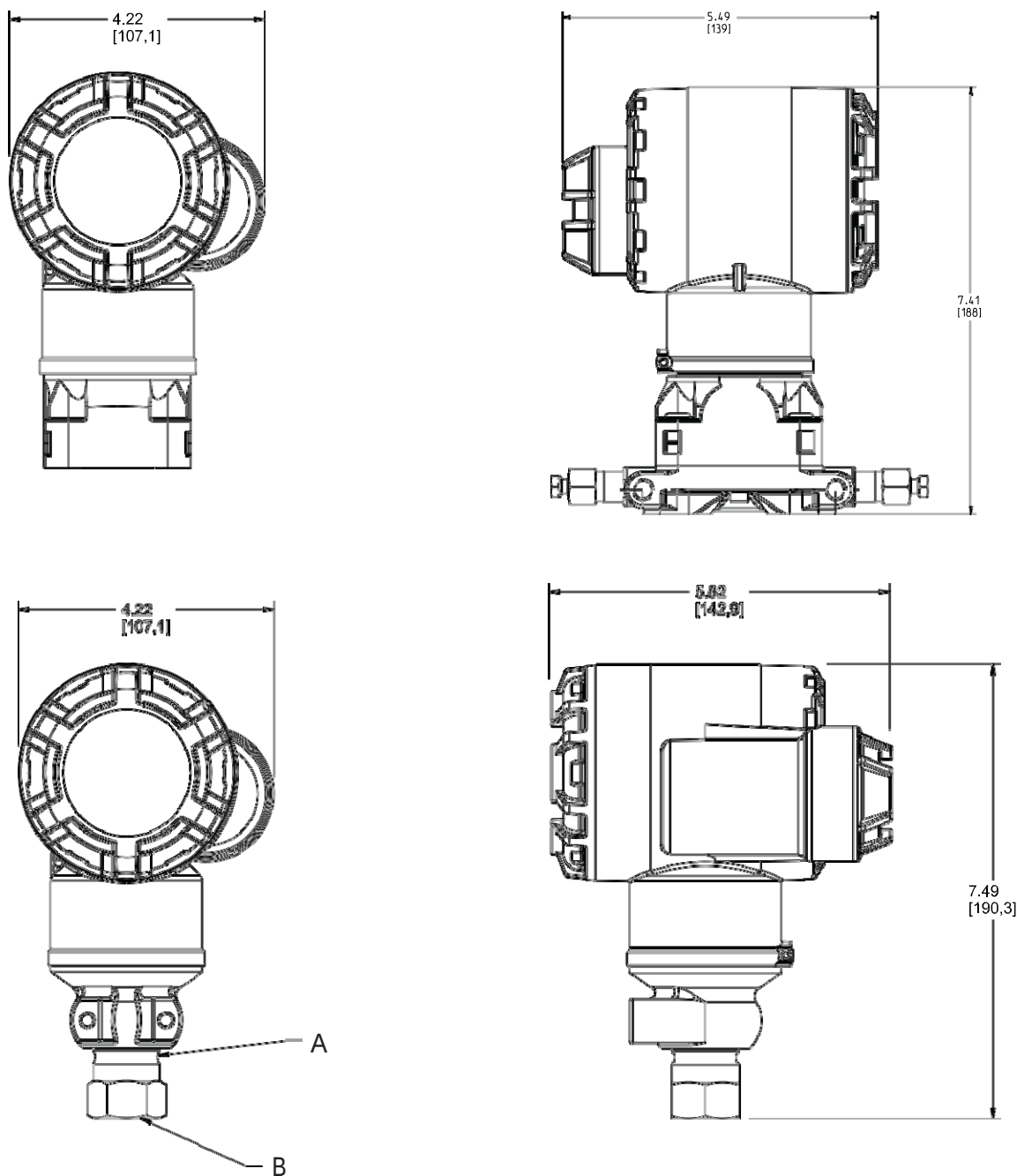
Code	Option	Add lb. (kg)
M5	LCD display	0.1 (0.04)
B4	SST mounting bracket for coplanar flange	1.0 (0.5)
B1, B2, B3	Mounting bracket for traditional flange	2.3 (1.0)
B7, B8, B9	Mounting bracket for traditional flange	2.3 (1.0)
BA, BC	SST bracket for traditional flange	2.3 (1.0)
H2	Traditional flange	2.4 (1.1)
H3	Traditional flange	2.7 (1.2)
H4	Traditional flange	2.6 (1.2)
H7	Traditional flange	2.5 (1.1)
FC	Level flange—3 in., 150	10.8 (4.9)
FD	Level flange—3 in., 300	14.3 (6.5)
FA	Level flange—2 in., 150	10.7 (4.8)
FB	Level flange—2 in., 300	14.0 (6.3)
FP	DIN level flange, SST, DN 50, PN 40	8.3 (3.8)
FQ	DIN level flange, SST, DN 80, PN 40	13.7 (6.2)
WSM	SST sensor module	1.0 (0.45)
	Coplanar flange	1.91 (0.87)
	Power module (701PGNKF)	0.4 (0.18)

A.5 Dimensional drawings

Dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

Process adapters (option D2) and Rosemount 305 Integral Manifolds must be ordered with the transmitter.

Figure A-1. Rosemount 3051 Wireless Housing with In-Line and Coplanar Platform



A. U-bolt bracket
B. $\frac{1}{2}$ NPT female or G $\frac{1}{2}$ A DIN16288 male process connection
Dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

Table A-8. Rosemount 3051L Dimensional Specifications

Except where indicated, dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

Class	Pipe size	Flange thickness A	Bolt circle diameter B	Outside diameter C	No. of bolts	Bolt hole diameter	Extension diameter ⁽¹⁾ D	O.D. gasket surface E
ASME B16.5 (ANSI) 150	2 (51)	0.69 (18)	4.75 (121)	6.0 (152)	4	0.75 (19)	NA	3.6 (92)
	3 (76)	0.88 (22)	6.0 (152)	7.5 (191)	4	0.75 (19)	2.58 (66)	5.0 (127)
	4 (102)	0.88 (22)	7.5 (191)	9.0 (229)	8	0.75 (19)	3.5 (89)	6.2 (158)
ASME B16.5 (ANSI) 300	2 (51)	0.82 (21)	5.0 (127)	6.5 (165)	8	0.75 (19)	NA	3.6 (92)
	3 (76)	1.06 (27)	6.62 (168)	8.25 (210)	8	0.88 (22)	2.58 (66)	5.0 (127)
	4 (102)	1.19 (30)	7.88 (200)	10.0 (254)	8	0.88 (22)	3.5 (89)	6.2 (158)
ASME B16.5 (ANSI) 600	2 (51)	1.00 (25)	5.0 (127)	6.5 (165)	8	0.75 (19)	NA	3.6 (92)
	3 (76)	1.25 (32)	6.62 (168)	8.25 (210)	8	0.88 (22)	2.58 (66)	5.0 (127)
DIN 2501 PN 10-40	DN 50	20 mm	125 mm	165 mm	4	18 mm	NA	4.0 (102)
DIN 2501 PN 25/40	DN 80	24 mm	160 mm	200 mm	8	18 mm	65 mm	5.4 (138)
	DN 100	24 mm	190 mm	235 mm	8	22 mm	89 mm	6.2 (158)
DIN 2501 PN 10/16	DN 100	20 mm	180 mm	220 mm	8	18 mm	89 mm	6.2 (158)

1. Tolerances are 0.040 (1.02), -0.020 (0.51).

Class	Pipe size	Process side F	Lower housing G		H
			1/4 NPT	1/2 NPT	
ASME B16.5 (ANSI) 150	2 (51)	2.12 (54)	0.97 (25)	1.31 (33)	6.66 (169)
	3 (76)	3.6 (91)	0.97 (25)	1.31 (33)	6.66 (169)
	4 (102)	3.6 (91)	0.97 (25)	1.31 (33)	6.66 (169)
ASME B16.5 (ANSI) 300	2 (51)	2.12 (54)	0.97 (25)	1.31 (33)	6.66 (169)
	3 (76)	3.6 (91)	0.97 (25)	1.31 (33)	6.66 (169)
	4 (102)	3.6 (91)	0.97 (25)	1.31 (33)	6.66 (169)
ASME B16.5 (ANSI) 600	2 (51)	2.12 (54)	0.97 (25)	1.31 (33)	8.66 (219)
	3 (76)	3.6 (91)	0.97 (25)	1.31 (33)	8.66 (219)
DIN 2501 PN 10-40	DN 50	2.4 (61)	0.97 (25)	1.31 (33)	6.66 (169)
DIN 2501 PN 25/40	DN 80	3.6 (91)	0.97 (25)	1.31 (33)	6.66 (169)
	DN 100	3.6 (91)	0.97 (25)	1.31 (33)	6.66 (169)
DIN 2501 PN 10/16	DN 100	3.6 (91)	0.97 (25)	1.31 (33)	6.66 (169)

A.5.1 Ordering information

Table A-9. Rosemount 3051C Coplanar Pressure Transmitter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Model	Transmitter type			
3051C	Coplanar Pressure Transmitter			
Measurement type				
D	Differential			★
G	Gage			★
A ⁽¹⁾	Absolute			
Pressure range				
	Rosemount 3051CD	Rosemount 3051CG	Rosemount 3051CA	
1	-25 to 25 inH ₂ O (-62.2 to 62.2 mbar)	-25 to 25 inH ₂ O (-62,1 to 62.2 mbar)	0 to 30 psia (0 to 2.1 bar)	★
2	-250 to 250 inH2O (-623 to 623 mbar)	-250 to 250 inH ₂ O (-621 to 623 mbar)	0 to 150 psia (0 to 10.3 bar)	★
3	-1000 to 1000 inH ₂ O (-2.5 to 2.5 bar)	-393 to 1000 inH ₂ O (-0.98 to 2.5 bar)	0 to 800 psia (0 to 55.2 bar)	★
4	-300 to 300 psi (-20.7 to 20.7 bar)	-14.2 to 300 psi (-0.98 to 20.7 bar)	0 to 4000 psia (0 to 275.8 bar)	★
5	-2000 to 2000 psi (-137.9 to 137.9 bar)	-14.2 to 2000 psi (-0.98 to 137.9 bar)	N/A	★
0 ⁽²⁾	-3 to 3 inH ₂ O (-7.5 to 7.5 mbar)	N/A	N/A	
Transmitter output				
X	Wireless			★
Materials of construction				
	Process flange type	Flange material	Drain/vent	
2	Coplanar	SST	SST	★
3 ⁽³⁾	Coplanar	Cast Alloy C-276	Alloy C-276	★
4	Coplanar	Cast Alloy 400	Alloy 400/K-500	★
5	Coplanar	PlatedCS	SST	★
7 ⁽³⁾	Coplanar	SST	Alloy C-276	★
8 ⁽³⁾	Coplanar	PlatedCS	Alloy C-276	★
0	Alternate process connection			★
Isolating diaphragm ⁽³⁾				
2	316L SST			★
3	Alloy C-276			★

Table A-9. Rosemount 3051C Coplanar Pressure Transmitter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

O-ring			
A	Glass-filled PTFE		★
B	Graphite-filled PTFE		★
Sensorfillfluid			
1	Silicone		★
Housing material		Conduitentrysize	
P	Engineered polymer	No conduit entries	★

Wireless options (Requires Wireless output code X and Engineered Polymer housing code P)

Wireless transmit rate, operating frequency and protocol		
WA3	Userconfigurabletransmit rate, 2.4GHz <i>Wireless</i> HART	★
Antenna and SmartPower		
WP5	Internalantenna, compatiblewithgreen power module (I.S. power modulesoldseparately)	★

Options (Include with selected model number)

Alternate Flange ⁽⁴⁾		
H2	Traditional flange, 316 SST, SST drain/vent	★
H3 ⁽³⁾	Traditional flange, cast Alloy C, Alloy C-276 drain/vent	★
H4	Traditional flange, cast Alloy 400, Alloy 400/K-500 drain/vent	★
H7 ⁽³⁾	Traditional flange, 316 SST, Alloy C-276 drain/vent	★
HJ	DIN compliant traditional flange, SST, 1/16 in. adapter / manifold bolting	★
FA	Level flange, SST, 2 in., ANSI Class 150, vertical mount	★
FB	Level flange, SST, 2 in., ANSI Class 300, vertical mount	★
FC	Level flange, SST, 3 in., ANSI Class 150, vertical mount	★
FD	Level flange, SST, 3 in., ANSI Class 300, vertical mount	★
FP	DIN level flange, SST, DN 50, PN 40, vertical mount	★
FQ	DIN level flange, SST, DN 80, PN 40, vertical mount	★
HK ⁽⁵⁾	DIN compliant traditional flange, SST, 10 mm adapter / manifold bolting	
HL	DIN compliant traditional flange, SST, 12 mm adapter / manifold bolting (not available on Rosemount 3051CD0)	
Manifold assembly ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾		
S5	Assemble to Rosemount 305 Integral Manifold	★
S6	Assemble to Rosemount 304 Manifold or Connection System	★

Table A-9. Rosemount 3051C Coplanar Pressure Transmitter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Integral mount primary element ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾		
S3	Assemble to Rosemount 405 Compact Orifice Plate	★
S4 ⁽⁷⁾	Assemble to Rosemount Annubar or Rosemount 1195 Integral Orifice	★
Seal assemblies ⁽⁶⁾		
S1 ⁽⁸⁾	Assemble to one Rosemount 1199 Seal	★
S2 ⁽⁹⁾	Assemble to two Rosemount 1199 Seals	★
S7	One seal, all-welded system (capillary connection type)	
S8	Two seals, all-welded system (capillary connection type)	
S9	Two seals, all-welded system (one direct mount and one capillary connection type)	
S0	One seal, all-welded system (direct mount connection type)	
Mounting bracket ⁽¹⁰⁾		
B1	Traditional flange bracket for 2-in. pipe mounting, CS bolts	★
B2	Traditional flange bracket for panel mounting, CS bolts	★
B3	Traditional flange flat bracket for 2-in. pipe mounting, CS bolts	★
B4	Coplanar flange bracket for 2-in. pipe or panel mounting, all SST	★
B7	B1 bracket with series 300 SST bolts	★
B8	B2 bracket with series 300 SST bolts	★
B9	B3 bracket with series 300 SST bolts	★
BA	SST B1 bracket with series 300 SST bolts	★
BC	SST B3 bracket with series 300 SST bolts	★
Product certifications		
I1	ATEX Intrinsic Safety	★
I2	INMETRO Intrinsic Safety	★
I3	China Intrinsic Safety	★
I4	TIIS Intrinsic Safety	★
I5	FM Intrinsically Safe, Division 2	★
I6	CSA Intrinsic Safety	★
I7	IECEX Intrinsic Safety	★
Drinking water approval ⁽¹¹⁾		
DW	NSF drinking water approval	★
Bolting material		
L4	Austenitic 316 SST Bolts	★
L5	ASTM A 193, Grade B7M Bolts	★
L6	Alloy K-500 Bolts	★

Table A-9. Rosemount 3051C Coplanar Pressure Transmitter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Display and interface options		
M5	LCD display	★
Calibration certificate		
Q4	Calibration Certificate	★
QG	Calibration Certificate and GOST Verification Certificate	★
QP	Calibration certification and tamper evident seal	★
Material traceability certification		
Q8	Material Traceability Certification per EN 10204 3.1.B	★
Configuration buttons		
DZ	Digital zero trim	★
Software configuration		
C1	Custom software configuration (Completed Rosemount 3051 Wireless Configuration Data Sheet required with order)	★
Gage pressure calibration		
C3	Gage calibration (Model 3051CA4 only)	★
Pressure testing		
P1	Hydrostatic testing with certificate	
Cleaning process area		
P2	Cleaning for special service	
P3	Cleaning for <1 PPM chlorine/fluorine	
Pressure calibration		
P4	Calibrate at line pressure (Specify Q48 on order for corresponding certificate)	
High accuracy ⁽¹²⁾		
P8	0.04% Accuracy to 5:1 turndown (Range 2-4)	★
Flange adapters ⁽¹³⁾		
DF	1/2-14 NPT flange adapter(s)	★
Vent/drain valves		
D7	Coplanar flange without drain/vent ports	
RC ¹ / ₄ RC ¹ / ₂ process connection ⁽¹⁴⁾		
D9	RC ¹ / ₄ Flange with RC ¹ / ₂ flange adapter - SST	
Max static line pressure		
P9	4500 psig (310 bar) static pressure limit (Rosemount 3051CD Ranges 2-5 only)	★

Table A-9. Rosemount 3051C Coplanar Pressure Transmitter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Surface finish		
Q16	Surface finish certification for sanitary remote seals	★
Toolkit total system performance reports		
QZ	Remote seal system performance calculation report	★
Typical Model Number: 3051CD 2 X 2 2 A 1 P WA3 WP5 B4 M5		

1. Wireless output (code X) available in absolute measurement type (Code A) with only range 1-4, 316L SST isolating diaphragm material (code 2), silicone fill fluid (code 1), and housing code (code P).
2. Wireless output (code X) available in draft range 0 with only silicone fill fluid code 1, process flange code 0 (alternate flange H2), isolating diaphragm code 2, O-ring code A, and bolting option L4.
3. Materials of Construction comply with recommendations per NACE® MR0175/ISO 15156 for sour oil field production environments. Environmental limits apply to certain materials. Consult latest standard for details. Selected materials also conform to NACE MR0103 for sour refining environments.
4. Requires 0 code in materials of construction for alternate process connection.
5. Not valid with optional code P9 for 4500 psi static pressure.
6. "Assemble-to" items are specified separately and require a completed model number.
7. Process flange limited to coplanar (codes 2, 3, 5, 7, 8) or Traditional (H2, H3, H7).
8. Not valid with optional code D9 for RC¹/2 adapters.
9. Not valid for optional codes DF and D9 for adapters.
10. Panel mounting bolts are not supplied.
11. Not available with Alloy C-276 isolator (3 code), tantalum isolator (5 code), all Cast Alloy C-276 flanges, all plated CS flanges, all DIN flanges, all Level flanges, assemble-to manifolds (S5 and S6 codes), assemble-to seals (S1 and S2 codes), assemble-to primary elements (S3 and S4 codes), surface finish certification (Q16 code), and remote seal system report (QZ code).
12. Only available with Standard 3051. See specification section for more information.
13. Not valid with Alternate Process Connection options S3, S4, S5, and S6.
14. Not available with alternate process connection; DIN Flanges and level flanges.

Table A-10. Rosemount 3051T In-Line Pressure Transmitter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Model	Transmitter type		
3051T	In-Line Pressure Transmitter		
Pressure type			
G	Gage		★
A ⁽¹⁾	Absolute		★
Pressure range			
	Rosemount 3051TG ⁽²⁾	Rosemount3051TA	
1	-14.7 to 30 psi (-1.0 to 2.1 bar)	0 to 30 psia (0 to 2.1 bar)	★
2	-14.7 to 150 psi (-1.0 to 10.3 bar)	0 to 150 psia (0 to 10.3 bar)	★
3	-14.7 to 800 psi (-1.0 to 55 bar)	0 to 800 psia (0 to 55 bar)	★
4	-14.7 to 4000 psi (-1.0 to 276 bar)	0 to 4000 psia (0 to 276 bar)	★
5	-14.7 to 10000 psi (-1.0 to 689 bar)	0 to 10000 psia (0 to 689 bar)	★
Transmitter output			
X	Wireless		★
Process connection style			
2B	1/2-14 NPT female		★
2C ⁽³⁾	G1/2 A DIN 16288 male (Available in SST for range 1-4 only)		★
Isolating diaphragm ⁽⁴⁾		Process connection wetted parts material	
2	316L SST	316l SST	★
3	Alloy C-276	alloy c-276	★
Sensor fill fluid			
1	Silicone		★
Housing Material		Conduit entry size	
P	Engineered polymer	No conduit entries	★

Wireless options (Requires wireless output code X and Engineered Polymer housing code P)

Wireless transmit rate, operating frequency and protocol		
WA3	Userconfigurable transmit rate, 2.4GHz <i>Wireless</i> HART	★
Antenna and SmartPower		
WP5	Internalantenna, compatiblewithgreenpower module (i.s. power modulesoldseparately)	★

Table A-10. Rosemount 3051T In-Line Pressure Transmitter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Options (Include with selected model number)

Integral assembly⁽⁵⁾		
S5	Assemble to Rosemount 306 Integral Manifold	★
Diaphragm seal assemblies⁽⁵⁾		
S1	Assemble to one Rosemount 1199 seal	★
Mounting bracket⁽⁶⁾		
B4	Bracket for 2-in. pipe or panel mounting, All SST	★
Product certifications		
I1	ATEX Intrinsic Safety	★
I2	INMETRO Intrinsic Safety	★
I3	China Intrinsic Safety	★
I4	TIIS Intrinsic Safety	★
I5	FM Intrinsically Safe, Division 2	★
I6	CSA Intrinsic Safety	★
I7	IECEx Intrinsic Safety	★
Drinking water approval⁽⁷⁾		
DW	NSF drinking water approval	★
Calibration certification		
Q4	Calibration Certificate	★
QG	Calibration Certificate and GOST Verification Certificate	★
QP	Calibration Certification and tamper evident seal	★
Material traceability certification		
Q8	Material Traceability Certification per EN 10204 3.1.B	★
Configuration buttons		
DZ	Digital zero trim	★
Display and interface options		
M5	LCD display	★
Wireless sensor module		
WSM	Wireless SST sensor module	★
Software configuration⁽⁶⁾		
C1	Custom software configuration (Completed Rosemount 3051 Wireless Configuration Data Sheet required with order)	★

Table A-10. Rosemount 3051T In-Line Pressure Transmitter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Pressure testing		
P1	Hydrostatic Testing with Certificate	
Cleaning process area ⁽⁸⁾		
P2	Cleaning for special service	
P3	Cleaning for <1 PPM chlorine/fluorine	
High accuracy ⁽⁹⁾		
P8	0.04% accuracy to 5:1 turndown (range 2–4)	★
Surface finish		
Q16	Surface finish certification for sanitary remote seals	★
Toolkit total system performance reports		
QZ	Remote seal system performance calculation report	★
Typical Model Number: 3051T G 5 X 2B 2 1 P WA3 WP5 B4 M5		

1. Wireless output (code X) available in absolute measurement type (Code A) with only range 1–5, with ¹/214-NPT process connection (code 2B) and housing (code P).
2. 3051TG lower range limit varies with atmospheric pressure.
3. Wireless output (code X) only available in G ¹/2A DIN 16288 Male process connection (code 2C) with range 1–4, 316L SST isolating diaphragm (code 2), silicone fill fluid (code 1), and housing code (code P).
4. Materials of Construction comply with recommendations per NACE MR0175/ISO 15156 for sour oil field production environments. Environmental limits apply to certain materials. Consult latest standard for details. Selected materials also conform to NACE MR0103 for sour refining environments.
5. "Assemble-to" items are specified separately and require a completed model number.
6. Panel mounting bolts are not supplied.
7. Not available with Alloy C-276 isolator (3 code), tantalum isolator (5 code), all Cast Alloy C-276 flanges, all plated CS flanges, all DIN flanges, all Level flanges, assemble-to manifolds (S5 and S6 codes), assemble-to seals (S1 and S2 codes), assemble-to primary elements (S3 and S4 codes), surface finish certification (Q16 code), and remote seal system report (QZ code).
8. Not valid with alternate process connection S5.
9. Only available with Standard 3051. See specification section for more information.

Table A-11. Rosemount 3051CFA Annubar Flowmeter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Model	Product description	
3051CFA	Annubar Flowmeter	
Measurement type		
D	Differential Pressure	★
Fluid type		
L	Liquid	★
G	Gas	★
S	Steam	★
Line size		
020	2-in. (50 mm)	★
025	2 ¹ / ₂ -in. (63.5 mm)	★
030	3-in. (80 mm)	★
035	3 ¹ / ₂ -in. (89 mm)	★
040	4-in. (100 mm)	★
050	5-in. (125 mm)	★
060	6-in. (150 mm)	★
070	7-in. (175 mm)	★
080	8-in. (200 mm)	★
100	10-in. (250 mm)	★
120	12-in. (300 mm)	★
140	14-in. (350 mm)	
160	16-in. (400 mm)	
180	18-in. (450 mm)	
200	20-in. (500 mm)	
240	24-in. (600 mm)	
300	30-in. (750 mm)	
360	36-in. (900 mm)	
420	42-in. (1066 mm)	
480	48-in. (1210 mm)	
600	60-in. (1520 mm)	
720	72-in. (1820 mm)	
780	78-in. (1950 mm)	
840	84-in. (2100 mm)	
900	90-in. (2250 mm)	
960	96-in. (2400 mm)	

Table A-11. Rosemount 3051CFA Annubar Flowmeter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Pipe I.D. range		
C	Range C from the Pipe I.D. table	★
D	Range D from the Pipe I.D. table	★
A	Range A from the Pipe I.D. table	
B	Range B from the Pipe I.D. table	
E	Range E from the Pipe I.D. table	
Z	Non-standard Pipe I.D. range or line sizes greater than 12-in.	
Pipe material/mounting assembly material		
C	Carbon steel (A105)	★
S	316 stainless steel	★
O	No mounting (customer supplied)	★
G	Chrome-Moly Grade F-11	
N	Chrome-Moly Grade F-22	
J	Chrome-Moly Grade F-91	
Piping orientation		
H	Horizontal piping	★
D	Vertical piping with downwards flow	★
U	Vertical piping with upwards flow	★
Annubar type		
P	Pak-Lok	★
F	Flanged with opposite side support	★
L	Flange-Lok	
G	Gear-Drive Flo-Tap	
M	Manual Flo-Tap	
Sensor material		
S	316 stainless steel	★
H	Alloy C-276	
Sensor size		
1	Sensor size 1 — line sizes 2-in. (50 mm) to 8-in. (200 mm)	★
2	Sensor size 2 — line sizes 6-in. (150 mm) to 96-in. (2400 mm)	★
3	Sensor size 3 — line sizes greater than 12-in. (300 mm)	★

Table A-11. Rosemount 3051CFA Annubar Flowmeter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Mounting type				
T1	Compression or threaded connection			★
A1	Class 150 RF ANSI			★
A3	Class 300RF ANSI			★
A6	Class 600 RF ANSI			★
D1	DNPN16 Flange			★
D3	DNPN40 Flange			★
D6	DNPN100 Flange			★
A9 ⁽¹⁾	Class 900 RF ANSI			
AF ⁽¹⁾	Class 1500 RF ANSI			
AT ⁽¹⁾	Class 2500 RF ANSI			
R1	Class150RTJ flange			
R3	Class300RTJ flange			
R6	Class600RTJ flange			
R9 ⁽¹⁾	Class900RTJ flange			
RF ⁽¹⁾	Class1500RTJ flange			
RT ⁽¹⁾	Class2500RTJ flange			
Opposite side support or packing gland				
0	No opposite side support or packing gland (required for Pak-Lok and Flange-Lok models)			★
	Opposite side support - required for flanged models			
C	NPT threaded opposite support assembly - extended tip			★
D	Welded opposite support assembly - extended tip			★
	Packing gland - required for flo-tap models			
	Packing gland material	Rod material	Packing material	
J	Stainless steel packing gland/cage nipple	Carbon steel	PTFE	
K	Stainless steel packing gland/cage nipple	Stainless steel	PTFE	
L	Stainless steel packing gland/cage nipple	Carbon steel	Graphite	
N	Stainless steel packing gland/cage nipple	Stainless steel	Graphite	
R	Alloy C-276 packing gland/cage nipple	Stainless steel	Graphite	
Isolation valve for Flo-Tap models				
0	Not applicable or customer supplied			★
1	Gate valve, carbon steel			
2	Gate valve, stainless steel			
5	Ball valve, carbon steel			
6	Ball valve, stainless steel			

Table A-11. Rosemount 3051CFA Annubar Flowmeter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Temperature measurement		
T	Integral RTD – not available with Flanged model greater than Class 600	★
0	No temperature sensor	★
R	Remote thermowell and RTD	
Transmitter connection platform		
3	Direct-mount, Integral 3-valve manifold – not available with flanged model greater than Class 600	★
5	Direct-mount, 5-valve manifold – not available with flanged model greater than Class 600	★
7	Remote-mount NPT Connections ($1/2$ -in. NPT)	★
6	Direct-mount, high temperature 5-valve manifold – not available with flanged model greater than Class 600	
8	Remote-mount SW Connections ($1/2$ -in.)	
Differential pressure range		
1	0 to 25 in H ₂ O (0 to 62,3 mbar)	★
2	0 to 250 in H ₂ O (0 to 623 mbar)	★
3	0 to 1000 in H ₂ O (0 to 2,5 bar)	★
Transmitter output		
X	Wireless	★
Transmitter housing material		Conduit entry size
P	Engineered polymer	No conduit entries
		★
Transmitter performance class		
1	1.6% flow rate accuracy, 8:1 flow turndown, 5-yr. stability	★

Wireless options (Requires wireless output code X and Engineered Polymer housing code P)

Wireless transmit rate, operating frequency and protocol	
WA3	User configurable transmit rate, 2.4GHz WirelessHART
Antenna and SmartPower	
WP5	Internal antenna, compatible with green power module (i.s. power module sold separately)

Options (Include with selected model number)

Pressure testing ⁽²⁾	
P1	Hydrostatic Testing with Certificate
PX	Extended Hydrostatic Testing
Special cleaning	
P2	Cleaning for special services
PA	Cleaning per ASTM G93 Level D (Section 11.4)

Table A-11. Rosemount 3051CFA Annubar Flowmeter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Material testing		
V1	Dye penetrant exam	
Material examination		
V2	Radiographic examination	
Flow calibration		
W1	Flow calibration (Average K)	
Special inspection		
QC1	Visual and Dimensional Inspection with Certificate	★
QC7	Inspection and Performance Certificate	★
Surface finish		
RL	Surface finish for Low Pipe Reynolds # in Gas & Steam	★
RH	Surface finish for High Pipe Reynolds # in Liquid	★
Material traceability certification⁽³⁾		
Q8	Material Traceability Certification per EN 10474:20043.1	★
Code conformance⁽⁴⁾		
J2	ANSI/ASME B31.1	
J3	ANSI/ASME B31.3	
Materials conformance⁽⁵⁾		
J5	NACE MR-0175/ISO 15156	
Country certification		
J6	European Pressure Directive (PED)	★
J1	Canadian Registration	
Installed in flanged pipe spool section		
H3	Class 150 flanged connection with Rosemount standard length and schedule	
H4	Class 300 flanged connection with Rosemount standard length and schedule	
H5	Class 600 flanged connection with Rosemount standard length and schedule	
Instrument connections for remote mount options		
G2	Needle valves, stainless steel	★
G6	OS and Y gate valve, stainless steel	★
G1	Needle valves, carbon steel	
G3	Needle valves, Alloy C-276	
G5	OS and Y gate valve, carbon steel	
G7	OS and Y gate valve, Alloy C-276	

Table A-11. Rosemount 3051CFA Annubar Flowmeter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Special shipment		
Y1	Mounting hardware shipped separately	★
Special dimensions		
VM	Variable mounting	
VT	Variable tip	
VS	Variable length spool section	
Product Certifications		
I1	ATEX Intrinsic Safety	★
I2	INMETRO Intrinsic Safety	★
I3	China Intrinsic Safety	★
I4	TIIS Intrinsic Safety	★
I5	FM Intrinsically Safe, Division 2	★
I6	CSA Intrinsic Safety	★
I7	IECEx Intrinsic Safety	★
Sensor fill fluid and o-ring options		
L2	Graphite-Filled (PTFE) O-ring	★
Display and interface options		
M5	LCD display	★
Transmitter calibration certification		
Q4	Calibration Certificate for Transmitter	★
Manifold for remote mount option		
F2	3-valve manifold, stainless steel	★
F6	5-valve manifold, stainless steel	★
F1	3-valve manifold, carbon steel	
F3	3-valve manifold, Alloy C-276	
F5	5-valve manifold, carbon steel	
F7	5-valve manifold, Alloy C-276	
Configuration buttons		
DZ	Digital zero trim	★
Typical Model Number: 3051CFA DL060DCHPS2T100032XP1WA3WP5M5		

1. Available in remote mount applications only.
2. Applies to assembled flowmeter only, mounting not tested.
3. Instrument connections for remote mount options and isolation valves for Flo-tap models are not included in the Material Traceability Certification.
4. Not available with transmitter connection platform 6.
5. Materials of Construction comply with metallurgical requirements within NACE MR0175/ISO for sour oil field production environments. Environmental limits apply to certain materials. Consult latest standard for details. Selected materials also conform to NACE MR0103 for sour refining environments.

Table A-12. Rosemount 3051CFC Compact Flowmeter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Model	Product description	
3051CFC	Compact Flowmeter	
Measurement type		
D	Differential pressure	★
Primary element technology		
C	Conditioning orifice plate	★
P	Orifice plate	★
Material type		
S	316 SST	★
Line size		
005 ⁽¹⁾	1/2-in. (15 mm)	★
010 ⁽¹⁾	1-in. (25 mm)	★
015 ⁽¹⁾	1 1/2-in. (40 mm)	★
020	2-in. (50 mm)	★
030	3-in. (80 mm)	★
040	4-in. (100 mm)	★
060	6-in. (150 mm)	★
080	8-in. (200 mm)	★
100	10-in. (250 mm)	★
120	12-in. (300 mm)	★
Primary element style		
N	Square edged	★
Primary element Type		
040	0.40 beta ratio	★
065 ⁽²⁾	0.65 beta ratio	★
Temperature measurement		
0	No temperature sensor	★
R	Remote thermowell and RTD	
Transmitter connection platform		
3	Direct-mount, Integral 3-valve manifold	★
7	Remote-mount, 1/4-in. NPT connections	★

Table A-12. Rosemount 3051CFC Compact Flowmeter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Differential pressure range		
1	0 to 25 in H ₂ O (0 to 62,3 mbar)	★
2	0 to 250 in H ₂ O (0 to 623 mbar)	★
3	0 to 1000 in H ₂ O (0 to 2,5 bar)	★
Transmitter output		
X	Wireless	★
Transmitter housing material		Conduit entry size
P	Engineered polymer	No conduit entries
		★
Transmitter performance class		
1	Up to ±1.75% flow rate accuracy, 8:1 flow turndown, 5-year stability	★

Wireless options (requires wireless output code X and Engineered Polymer housing code P)

Wireless transmit rate, operating frequency and protocol	
WA3	User configurable transmit rate, 2.4GHz WirelessHART
Antenna and SmartPower	
WP5	Internal antenna, compatible with green power module (i.s. power modules sold separately)

Options (Include with selected model number)

Installation accessories		
AB	ANSI alignment ring (Class 150) (only required for 10-in. [250 mm] and 12-in. [300 mm] line sizes)	★
AC	ANSI alignment ring (Class 300) (only required for 10-in. [250 mm] and 12-in. [300 mm] line sizes)	★
AD	ANSI alignment ring (Class 600) (only required for 10-in. [250 mm] and 12-in. [300 mm] line sizes)	★
DG	DIN alignment ring (PN16)	★
DH	DIN alignment ring (PN40)	★
DJ	DIN alignment ring (PN100)	★
JB	JIS alignment ring (10K)	
JR	JIS alignment ring (20K)	
JS	JIS alignment ring (40K)	
Remote adapters		
FE	Flange adapters 316 SST (1/2-in NPT)	★
High temperature application		
HT	Graphite valve packing (T _{max} = 850 °F)	

Table A-12. Rosemount 3051CFC Compact Flowmeter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Flow calibration ⁽³⁾		
WC	Flow calibration certification (3 point)	
WD	Discharge coefficient verification (full 10 point)	
Pressure testing		
P1	Hydrostatic Testing with Certificate	
Special cleaning		
P2	Cleaning for Special Services	
PA	Cleaning per ASTM G93 Level D (Section 11.4)	
Special inspection		
QC1	Visual and Dimensional Inspection with Certificate	★
QC7	Inspection and Performance Certificate	★
Transmitter calibration certification		
Q4	Calibration Certificate for Transmitter	★
Material traceability certification		
Q8	Material Traceability Certification per EN 10204:2004 3.1	★
Code conformance		
J2	ANSI / ASME B31.1	
J3	ANSI / ASME B31.3	
J4	ANSI / ASME B31.8	
Materials Conformance ⁽⁴⁾		
J5	NACE MR-0175 / ISO 15156	
Country Certification		
J1	Canadian Registration	
Product Certifications		
I1	ATEX Intrinsic Safety	★
I2	INMETRO Intrinsic Safety	★
I3	China Intrinsic Safety	★
I4	TIIS Intrinsic Safety	★
I5	FM Intrinsically Safe, Division 2	★
I6	CSA Intrinsic Safety	★
I7	IECEX Intrinsic Safety	★
Sensor fill fluid and O-ring options		
L2	Graphite-Filled (PTFE) O-ring	★

Table A-12. Rosemount 3051CFC Compact Flowmeter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Display and interface options		
M5	LCD display	★
Manifold for remote mount option		
F2	3-valve manifold, stainless steel	★
F6	5-valve manifold, stainless steel	★
DZ	Digital zero trim	★
Typical Model Number: 3051CFC D C S 060 N 065 0 3 2 X P 1 WA3 WP5 WC M5 DZ		

1. Not available for Primary Element Technology C.
2. For 2-in. (50 mm) line sizes the Primary Element Type is 0.6 for Primary Element Technology Code C.
3. Not available with Primary Element Technology P.
4. Materials of Construction comply with metallurgical requirements within NACE MR0175/ISO for sour oil field production environments. Environmental limits apply to certain materials. Consult latest standard for details. Selected materials also conform to NACE MR0103 for sour refining environments.

Table A-13. Rosemount 3051CFP Integral Orifice Flowmeter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Model	Product description	
3051CFP	Integral Orifice Flowmeter	
Measurement type		
D	Differential pressure	★
Body material		
S	316 SST	★
Line size		
005	1/2-in. (15 mm)	★
010	1-in. (25 mm)	★
015	1 1/2-in. (40 mm)	★
Process connection		
T1	NPT female body (not available with remote thermowell and RTD)	★
S1 ⁽¹⁾	Socket weld body (not available with remote thermowell and RTD)	★
P1	Pipe ends: NPT Threaded	★
P2	Pipe ends: Beveled	★
D1	Pipe ends: Flanged, DIN PN16, slip-on	★
D2	Pipe ends: Flanged, DIN PN40, slip-on	★
D3	Pipe ends: Flanged, DIN PN100, slip-on	★
W1	Pipe ends: Flanged, RF, ANSI Class 150, weld-neck	★
W3	Pipe ends: Flanged, RF, ANSI Class 300, weld-neck	★
W6	Pipe ends: Flanged, RF, ANSI Class 600, weld-neck	★
A1	Pipe ends: Flanged, RF, ANSI Class 150, slip-on	
A3	Pipe ends: Flanged, RF, ANSI Class 300, slip-on	
A6	Pipe ends: Flanged, RF, ANSI Class 600, slip-on	
R1	Pipe ends: Flanged, RTJ, ANSI Class 150, slip-on	
R3	Pipe ends: Flanged, RTJ, ANSI Class 300, slip-on	
R6	Pipe ends: Flanged, RTJ, ANSI Class 600, slip-on	
Orifice plate material		
S	316 SST	★
H	Alloy C-276	
M	Alloy 400	

Table A-13. Rosemount 3051CFP Integral Orifice Flowmeter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Bore size option		
0066	0.066-in. (1.68 mm) for 1/2-in. pipe	★
0109	0.109-in. (2.77 mm) for 1/2-in. pipe	★
0160	0.160-in. (4.06 mm) for 1/2-in. pipe	★
0196	0.196-in. (4.98 mm) for 1/2-in. pipe	★
0260	0.260-in. (6.60 mm) for 1/2-in. pipe	★
0340	0.340-in. (8.64 mm) for 1/2-in. pipe	★
0150	0.150-in. (3.81 mm) for 1-in. pipe	★
0250	0.250-in. (6.35 mm) for 1-in. pipe	★
0345	0.345-in. (8.76 mm) for 1-in. pipe	★
0500	0.500-in. (12.70 mm) for 1-in. pipe	★
0630	0.630-in. (16.00 mm) for 1-in. pipe	★
0800	0.800-in. (20.32 mm) for 1-in. pipe	★
0295	0.295-in. (7.49 mm) for 1 1/2-in. pipe	★
0376	0.376-in. (9.55 mm) for 1 1/2-in. pipe	★
0512	0.512-in. (13.00 mm) for 1 1/2-in. pipe	★
0748	0.748-in. (19.00 mm) for 1 1/2-in. pipe	★
1022	1.022-in. (25.96 mm) for 1 1/2-in. pipe	★
1184	1.184-in. (30.07 mm) for 1 1/2-in. pipe	★
0010	0.010-in. (0.25 mm) for 1/2-in. pipe	
0014	0.014-in. (0.36 mm) for 1/2-in. pipe	
0020	0.020-in. (0.51 mm) for 1/2-in. pipe	
0034	0.034-in. (0.86 mm) for 1/2-in. pipe	
Transmitter connection platform		
D3	Direct-mount, 3-valve manifold, SST	★
D5	Direct-mount, 5-valve manifold, SST	★
R3	Remote-mount, 3-valve manifold, SST	★
R5	Remote-mount, 5-valve manifold, SST	★
D4	Direct-mount, 3-valve manifold, Alloy C-276	
D6	Direct-mount, 5-valve manifold, Alloy C-276	
D7	Direct-mount, high temperature, 5-valve manifold, SST	
R4	Remote-mount, 3-valve manifold, Alloy C-276	
R6	Remote-mount, 5-valve manifold, Alloy C-276	

Table A-13. Rosemount 3051CFP Integral Orifice Flowmeter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Differential pressure ranges		
1	0 to 25 in H ₂ O (0 to 62,3 mbar)	★
2	0 to 250 in H ₂ O (0 to 623 mbar)	★
3	0 to 1000 in H ₂ O (0 to 2,5 bar)	★
Transmitter output		
X	Wireless	★
Transmitter housing material		Conduit entry size
P	Engineered polymer	No conduit entries
		★
Transmitter performance class		
1	up to ±1.75% flow rate accuracy, 8:1 flow turndown, 5-year stability	★

Wireless options (Requires wireless option code X and Engineered Polymer housing code P)

Wireless transmit rate, operating frequency and protocol	
WA3	User configurable transmit rate, 2.4GHz WirelessHART
Antenna and SmartPower	
WP5	Internal antenna, compatible with green power module (i.s. power modules sold separately)

Options (Include with selected model number)

Transmitter body/bolt material	
GT	High temperature (850 °F/454 °C)
Temperature sensor ⁽²⁾	
RT	Thermowell and RTD
Optional connection	
G1	DIN 19213 transmitter connection
	★
Pressure testing ⁽³⁾	
P1	Hydrostatic Testing with Certificate
Special cleaning	
P2	Cleaning for Special Services
PA	Cleaning per ASTM G93 Level D (Section 11.4)
Material testing	
V1	Dye penetrant exam
Material examination	
V2	Radiographic examination

Table A-13. Rosemount 3051CFP Integral Orifice Flowmeter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Flow calibration⁽⁴⁾		
WD	Discharge Coefficient Verification	
Special inspection		
QC1	Visual and Dimensional Inspection with Certificate	★
QC7	Inspection and Performance Certificate	★
Material traceability certification		
Q8	Material Traceability Certification per EN10204:20043.1	★
Code Conformance⁽⁵⁾		
J2	ANSI/ASME B31.1	
J3	ANSI/ASME B31.3	
J4	ANSI/ASME B31.8	
Materials Conformance⁽⁶⁾		
J5	NACE MR-0175/ISO 15156	
Country Certification		
J6	European Pressure Directive (PED)	★
J1	Canadian Registration	
Transmitter Calibration Certification		
Q4	Calibration Certificate for Transmitter	★
Product certifications		
I1	ATEX Intrinsic Safety	★
I2	INMETRO Intrinsic Safety	★
I3	China Intrinsic Safety	★
I4	TIIS Intrinsic Safety	★
I5	FM Intrinsically Safe, Division 2	★
I6	CSA Intrinsic Safety	★
I7	IECEx Intrinsic Safety	★
Sensor fill fluid and O-ring options		
L2	Graphite-Filled (PTFE) O-ring	★
Display and interface options		
M5	LCD display	★

Table A-13. Rosemount 3051CFP Integral Orifice Flowmeter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Configuration buttons		
DZ	Digital zero trim	★
Typical Model Number: 3051CFP D S 010 W1 S 0500 D3 2 X P 1 WA3 WP5 I7 M5 DZ		

1. To improve pipe perpendicularity for gasket sealing, socket diameter is smaller than standard pipe O.D.
2. Thermowell Material is the same as the body material.
3. Does not apply to Process Connection codes T1 and S1.
4. Not available for bore sizes 0010, 0014, 0020, or 0034.
5. Not available with DIN Process Connection codes D1, D2, or D3.
6. Materials of Construction comply with metallurgical requirements within NACE MR0175/ISO for sour oil field production environments. Environmental limits apply to certain materials. Consult latest standard for details. Selected materials also conform to NACE MR0103 for sour refining environments.

Table A-14. Rosemount 3051L Level Transmitter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Model	Transmitter type			
3051L	Level transmitter			
Pressure range				
2	-250 to 250 inH ₂ O (-0,6 to 0,6 bar)			★
3	-1000 to 1000 inH ₂ O (-2,5 to 2,5 bar)			★
4	-300 to 300 psi (-20,7 to 20,7 bar)			★
Transmitter output				
X	Wireless			★
Process connection size, material, extension length (high side)				
Code	Process connection size	Material	Extension length	
G0 ⁽¹⁾	2-in./DN 50/A	316L SST	Flush mount only	★
H0 ⁽¹⁾	2-in./DN50	Alloy C-276	Flush mount only	★
J0	2-in./DN50	Tantalum	Flush mount only	★
A0 ⁽¹⁾	3-in./DN80	316L SST	Flush mount	★
A2 ⁽¹⁾	3-in./DN80	316L SST	2-in./50 mm	★
A4 ⁽¹⁾	3-in./DN80	316L SST	4-in./100mm	★
A6 ⁽¹⁾	3-in./DN80	316L SST	6-in./150mm	★
B0 ⁽¹⁾	4-in./DN100	316L SST	Flush mount	★
B2 ⁽¹⁾	4-in./DN100	316L SST	2-in./50 mm	★
B4 ⁽¹⁾	4-in./DN100	316L SST	4-in./100mm	★
B6 ⁽¹⁾	4-in./DN100	316L SST	6-in./150mm	★
C0 ⁽¹⁾	3-in./DN80	Alloy C-276	Flush mount	★
C2 ⁽¹⁾	3-in./DN80	Alloy C-276	2-in./50 mm	★
C4 ⁽¹⁾	3-in./DN80	Alloy C-276	4-in./100mm	★
C6 ⁽¹⁾	3-in./DN80	Alloy C-276	6-in./150mm	★
D0 ⁽¹⁾	4-in./DN100	Alloy C-276	Flush mount	★
D2 ⁽¹⁾	4-in./DN100	Alloy C-276	2-in./50 mm	★
D4 ⁽¹⁾	4-in./DN100	Alloy C-276	4-in./100mm	★
D6 ⁽¹⁾	4-in./DN100	Alloy C-276	6-in./150mm	★
E0	3-in./DN80	Tantalum	Flush mount only	★
F0	4-in./DN100	Tantalum	Flush mount only	★

Table A-14. Rosemount 3051L Level Transmitter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Mounting Flange Size, Rating, Material (High Side)				
	Size	Rating	Material	
M	2-in.	ANSI/ASME B16.5 Class 150	CS	★
A	3-in.	ANSI/ASME B16.5 Class 150	CS	★
B	4-in.	ANSI/ASME B16.5 Class 150	CS	★
N	2-in.	ANSI/ASME B16.5 Class 300	CS	★
C	3-in.	ANSI/ASME B16.5 Class 300	CS	★
D	4-in.	ANSI/ASME B16.5 Class 300	CS	★
P	2-in.	ANSI/ASME B16.5 Class 600	CS	★
E	3-in.	ANSI/ASME B16.5 Class 600	CS	★
X ⁽¹⁾	2-in.	ANSI/ASME B16.5 Class 150	SST	★
F ⁽¹⁾	3-in.	ANSI/ASME B16.5 Class 150	SST	★
G ⁽¹⁾	4-in.	ANSI/ASME B16.5 Class 150	SST	★
Y ⁽¹⁾	2-in.	ANSI/ASME B16.5 Class 300	SST	★
H ⁽¹⁾	3-in.	ANSI/ASME B16.5 Class 300	SST	★
J ⁽¹⁾	4-in.	ANSI/ASME B16.5 Class 300	SST	★
Z ⁽¹⁾	2-in.	ANSI/ASME B16.5 Class 600	SST	★
L ⁽¹⁾	3-in.	ANSI/ASME B16.5 Class 600	SST	★
Q	DN50	PN 10-40 per EN 1092-1	CS	★
R	DN80	PN 40 per EN 1092-1	CS	★
S	DN100	PN 40 per EN 1092-1	CS	★
V	DN100	PN 10/16 per EN 1092-1	CS	★
K ⁽¹⁾	DN50	PN 10-40 per EN 1092-1	SST	★
T ⁽¹⁾	DN80	PN 40 per EN 1092-1	SST	★
U ⁽¹⁾	DN100	PN 40 per EN 1092-1	SST	★
W ⁽¹⁾	DN100	PN 10/16 per EN 1092-1	SST	★
7 ⁽¹⁾	4 in.	ANSI/ASME B16.5 Class 600	SST	★
1	N/A	10K per JIS B2238	CS	
2	N/A	20K per JIS B2238	CS	
3	N/A	40K per JIS B2238	CS	
4 ⁽¹⁾	N/A	10K per JIS B2238	316 SST	
5 ⁽¹⁾	N/A	20K per JIS B2238	316 SST	
6 ⁽¹⁾	N/A	40K per JIS B2238	316 SST	

Table A-14. Rosemount 3051L Level Transmitter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Seal fill fluid (high side)		Specific gravity	Temperature limits [ambient temperature of 70 °F (21 °C)]		
A	Syltherm XLT	0.85	-102 to 293 °F (-75 to 145 °C)		★
C	Silicone 704	1.07	32 to 401 °F (0 to 205 °C)		★
D	Silicone 200	0.93	- 49 to 401 °F (-45 to 205 °C)		★
H	Inert (Halocarbon)	1.85	- 49 to 320 °F (-45 to 160 °C)		★
G	Glycerine and Water	1.13	5 to 203 °F (-15 to 95 °C)		★
N	Neobee M-20	0.92	5 to 401 °F (-15 to 205 °C)		★
P	Propylene Glycol and Water	1.02	5 to 203 F (-15 to 95 °C)		★
Low pressure side ⁽¹⁾					
	Configuration	Flange adapter	Diaphragm material	Sensor fill fluid	
11	Gage	SST	316L SST	Silicone	★
21	Differential	SST	316L SST	Silicone	★
22	Differential	SST	Alloy C-276	Silicone	★
31	Tuned-System Assembly with Remote Seal	None	316L SST	Silicone (Requires Option Code S1)	★
O-ring					
A	Glass-filled PTFE				★
Housing material			Conduit entry size		
P	Engineered polymer		No conduit entries		★

Wireless options (Requires wireless output code X and Engineered Polymer housing code P)

Wireless transmit rate, operating frequency and protocol		
WA3	User configurable transmit rate, 2.4 GHz WirelessHART	★
Antenna and SmartPower		
WP5	Internal antenna, compatible with green power module (I.S. power modules sold separately)	★

Table A-14. Rosemount 3051L Level Transmitter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Options (Include with selected model number)

Seal assemblies⁽²⁾		
S1	Assembled to One Rosemount 1199 Seal (Requires 1199M)	★
Product certifications		
I1	ATEX Intrinsic Safety	★
I2	INMETRO Intrinsic Safety	★
I3	China Intrinsic Safety	★
I4	TIIS Intrinsic Safety	★
I5	FM Intrinsically Safe, Division 2	★
I6	CSA Intrinsic Safety	★
I7	IECEx Intrinsic Safety	★
Bolting material		
L4	Austenitic 316 SST bolts	★
L5	ASTM A 193, Grade B7M bolts	★
L6	Alloy K-500 bolts	★
L8	ASTM A 193 Class 2, Grade B8M bolts	★
Display and interface options		
M5	LCD display	★
Calibration certification		
Q4	Calibration Certificate	★
QP	Calibration Certificate and tamper evident seal	★
QG	Calibration Certificate and GOST Verification Certificate	★
Material traceability certification		
Q8	Material Traceability Certification per EN 102043.1	★
Toolkit total system performance reports		
QZ	Remote seal system performance calculation report	★
Configuration buttons		
DZ	Digital zero trim	★
Software configuration		
C1	Custom software configuration (Completed Rosemount 3051 Configuration Data Sheet)	★

Table A-14. Rosemount 3051L Level Transmitter Ordering Information

The starred offerings (★) represent the most common options and should be selected for best delivery. The non-starred offerings are subject to additional delivery lead time.

Lower housing flushing connection options				
	Ring material	Number	Size (NPT)	
F1	316 SST	1	1/4-18 NPT	★
F2	316 SST	2	1/4-18 NPT	★
F3	Alloy C-276	1	1/4-18 NPT	★
F4	Alloy C-276	2	1/4-18 NPT	★
F7	316 SST	1	1/2-14 NPT	★
F8	316 SST	2	1/2-14 NPT	★
F9	Alloy C-276	1	1/2-14 NPT	★
F0	Alloy C-276	2	1/2-14 NPT	★
Typical Model Number: 3051L 2 X A0 D 21 A P WA3 WP5 M5 DZ F1				

1. Materials of Construction comply with metallurgical requirements highlighted within NACE MR0175/ISO 15156 for sour oil field production environments. Environmental limits apply to certain materials. Consult latest standard for details. Selected materials also conform to NACE MR0103 for sour refining environments.
2. "Assemble-to" items are specified separately and require a completed model number.

A.6 Options

A.6.1 Standard configuration

Unless otherwise specified, transmitter is shipped as follows:

Engineering units Differential/gage Absolute/Rosemount 3051TA:	inH ₂ O (Range 0, 1, 2, and 3) psi (Range 4 and 5) psi (all ranges)
Low limit	0 (engineering units above)
High limit	Upper range limit
Output	Linear
Flange type	Specified model code option
Flange material	Specified model code option
O-ring material	Specified model code option
Drain/vent	Specified model code option
LCD display	Installed or none
Software tag	(Blank)

A.6.2 Custom configuration

If Option Code C1 is ordered, the customer may have the factory pre-configure special parameters in the transmitter.

Refer to the Rosemount 3051 Pressure Transmitter [Configuration Data Sheet](#).

A.6.3 Tagging (3 options available)

- Standard SST hardware tag is wired to the transmitter. Tag character height is 0.125-in. (3.18 mm), 56 characters maximum.
- Tag may be permanently stamped on transmitter nameplate upon request, 56 characters maximum.
- Tag may be stored in transmitter memory. Character limit is dependent on protocol.
 - WirelessHART: 32 characters

A.6.4 Optional Rosemount 304, 305, or 306 Integral Manifolds

Factory assembled to 3051C and 3051T transmitters. Refer to the Rosemount Manifolds [Product Data Sheet](#) for additional information.

A.6.5 Other seals

Refer to Rosemount DP Level Transmitters and Diaphragm Seal System [Product Data Sheet](#) for additional information.

A.6.6 Output information

Output range points must be the same unit of measure. Available units of measure include:

Table A-15. Pressure Units

atm	inH ₂ O @ 4 °C	g/cm ²	psi
mbar	mmH ₂ O	kg/cm ²	torr
bar	mmHg	Pa	cmH ₂ O @ 4 °C
inH ₂ O	mmH ₂ O @ 4 °C	kPa	cmHg @ 0 °C
inHg	ftH ₂ O	MPa	ftH ₂ O @ 60 °F
hPa	inH ₂ O @ 60 °F	kg/SqM	mH ₂ O @ 4 °C
mHg @ 0 °C	Psf	ftH ₂ O @ 4C	

A.6.7 Display and interface options

Digital display option provides diagnostic messages for local troubleshooting and has 90 degree rotation capability for easy viewing.

M5 Digital Display

- 3-Line, 7-Digit LCD display for wireless

A.6.8 Configuration buttons

The Rosemount 3051 Wireless comes with a Digital Zero trim installed with or without the LCD display.

A.6.9 Bolts for flanges and adapters

- Options permit bolts for flanges and adapters to be obtained in various materials
- Standard material is plated carbon steel per ASTM A449, Type 1

L4 Austenitic 316 Stainless Steel Bolts

L5 ASTM A 193, Grade B7M Bolts

L6 Alloy K-500 Bolts

Rosemount 3051C Coplanar Flange and Rosemount 3051T bracket option

B4 Bracket for 2-in. Pipe or Panel Mounting

- For use with the standard Coplanar flange configuration
- Bracket for mounting of transmitter on 2-in. pipe or panel
- Stainless steel construction with stainless steel bolts

Rosemount 3051C Traditional Flange bracket options

B1 Bracket for 2-in. Pipe Mounting

- For use with the traditional flange option
- Bracket for mounting on 2-in. pipe
- Carbon steel construction with carbon steel bolts
- Coated with polyurethane paint

B2 Bracket for Panel Mounting

- For use with the traditional flange option
- Bracket for mounting transmitter on wall or panel
- Carbon steel construction with carbon steel bolts
- Coated with polyurethane paint

B3 Flat Bracket for 2-in. Pipe Mounting

- For use with the traditional flange option
- Bracket for vertical mounting of transmitter on 2-in. pipe
- Carbon steel construction with carbon steel bolts
- Coated with polyurethane paint

B7 B1 Bracket with SST Bolts

- Same bracket as the B1 option with Series 300 stainless steel bolts

B8 B2 Bracket with SST Bolts

- Same bracket as the B2 option with Series 300 stainless steel bolts

B9 B3 Bracket with SST Bolts

- Same bracket as the B3 option with Series 300 stainless steel bolts

BA Stainless Steel B1 Bracket with SST Bolts

- B1 bracket in stainless steel with Series 300 stainless steel bolts

BC Stainless Steel B3 Bracket with SST Bolts

- B3 bracket in stainless steel with Series 300 stainless steel bolts

Table A-16. Shipping Weights

Rosemount transmitter	Add weight In lb (kg)
3051C	3.9 (1.8)
3051L	Table A-17
3051T	1.9 (0.86)

Table A-17. Rosemount 3051L Weights without Options

Flange	Flush lb. (kg)	2-in. Ext. lb (kg)	4-in. Ext. lb (kg)	6-in. Ext. lb (kg)
2-in., 150	12.5 (5.7)	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-in., 150	17.5 (7.9)	19.5 (8.8)	20.5 (9.3)	21.5 (9.7)
4-in., 150	23.5 (10.7)	26.5 (12.0)	28.5 (12.9)	30.5 (13.8)
2-in., 300	17.5 (7.9)	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-in., 300	22.5 (10.2)	24.5 (11.1)	25.5 (11.6)	26.5 (12.0)
4-in., 300	32.5 (14.7)	35.5 (16.1)	37.5 (17.0)	39.5 (17.9)
2-in., 600	15.3 (6.9)	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-in., 600	25.2 (11.4)	27.2 (12.3)	28.2 (12.8)	29.2 (13.2)
DN 50/PN 40	13.8 (6.2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
DN 80/PN 40	19.5 (8.8)	21.5 (9.7)	22.5 (10.2)	23.5 (10.6)
DN 100/PN 10/16	17.8 (8.1)	19.8 (9.0)	20.8 (9.5)	21.8 (9.9)
DN 100/PN 40	23.2 (10.5)	25.2 (11.5)	26.2 (11.9)	27.2 (12.3)

A.7 Spare parts

Meter kit	02051-9020-0001
Meter cover	
O-ring, Silicone, #235	
Grease, O-ring	
LCD display assembly	
Connector, 4-position	
LCD display assembly kit	02051-9020-0002
LCD display assembly	
Connector, 4-position	
Meter cover assembly kit	02051-9020-0003
Meter cover	
O-ring, Silicone, #235	
Grease, O-ring	
Standard cover assembly kit	02051-9021-0001
Standard cover	
O-ring, Silicone, #235	
Grease, O-ring	
Main cover O-ring	02051-9021-0002
O-ring, Silicone, #235	
Battery compartment cover assy kit	00708-9050-0001
Battery compartment cover assy	
O-ring, Silicone, #134	
Grease, O-ring	
Lock ring screw	02051-9022-0001
Screw (lock ring), Qty: 1	
Lock ring screw	02051-9022-0002
10 screws	

Appendix B Product Certifications

Rev 1.4

European Directive Information	page 123
Telecommunication compliance	page 123
FCC and IC	page 123
Installing in North America	page 123

B.1 European Directive Information

A copy of the EU Declaration of Conformity can be found at the end of the Quick Start Guide. The most recent revision of the EU Declaration of Conformity can be found at Emerson.com/Rosemount.

B.2 Telecommunication compliance

All wireless devices require certification to ensure that they adhere to regulations regarding the use of the RF spectrum. Nearly every country requires this type of product certification. Emerson™ is working with governmental agencies around the world to supply fully compliant products and remove the risk of violating country directives or laws governing wireless device usage.

B.3 FCC and IC

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation

IC This device contains license-exempt transmitter(s)/receiver(s) that comply with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada's license-exempt RSS(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: This device may not cause interference. This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device
IC Cet appareil contient des émetteurs / récepteurs exemptés de licence qui sont conformes aux RSS exempts de licence d'Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada. Son fonctionnement est soumis aux deux conditions suivantes: Cet appareil ne doit pas provoquer d'interférences. Cet appareil doit accepter toute interférence, y compris les interférences pouvant entraîner un fonctionnement indésirable de l'appareil

B.4 Ordinary Location Certification

As standard, the transmitter has been examined and tested to determine that the design meets the basic electrical, mechanical, and fire protection requirements by a nationally recognized test laboratory (NRTL) as accredited by the Federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

B.5 Installing in North America

The US National Electrical Code® (NEC) and the Canadian Electrical Code (CEC) permit the use of Division marked equipment in Zones and Zone marked equipment in Divisions. The markings must be suitable for the area classification, gas, and temperature class. This information is clearly defined in the respective codes.

USA

- I5** U.S.A. Intrinsically Safe (IS)
Range 1-5
Certificate: FM 3046325
Standards: FM Class 3600 - 2011, FM Class 3610 - 2010, FM Class 3810 - 2005, ANSI/ISA 60079-0 - 2009, ANSI/ISA 60079-11 - 2009, NEMA® 250 - 2003, ANSI/IEC 60529
Markings: IS CL I, DIV 1, GP A, B, C, D T4; CL 1, Zone 0 AEx ia IIC T4; T4(-40 °C ≤ T_a ≤ +70 °C) when installed per Rosemount drawing 03031-1062; Type 4X/IP66/IP68

Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

1. The Rosemount 3051 Wireless Pressure Transmitter shall only be used with the 701PGNKF Rosemount SmartPower Battery Pack.
2. The inline pressure sensor may contain more than 10% aluminum and is considered a potential risk of ignition by impact or friction. Care must be taken into account during installation and used to prevent impact and friction.
3. The surface resistivity of the transmitter housing is greater than one gigaohm. To avoid electrostatic charge build-up, it must not be rubbed or cleaned with solvents or a dry cloth.

- Range 6
Certificate: CSA 2526009
Standards: FM Class 3600 - 2011, FM Class 3610 - 2010, FM Class 3810 - 2005, ANSI/ISA 60079-0 - 2009, ANSI/ISA 60079-11 - 2009, UL 61010-1 (3rd edition), UL 50E (1st Edition)
Markings: IS CL I, DIV 1, GP A, B, C, D T4; CL 1, Zone 0 AEx ia IIC T4; T4(-40 °C ≤ T_a ≤ +70 °C) when installed per Rosemount drawing 03031-1063; Type 4X/IP66/IP68

-
- I6** Canada Intrinsically
Safe Certificate: CSA
2526009
Standards: CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 0-M91, CAN/CSA C22.2
No. 94-M91, CSA Std C22.2 No. 142-M1987,
CSA Std C22.2 No. 157-92, CSA Std C22.2 No.
60529:05

Markings: Intrinsically Safe for Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D, T4 when installed per Rosemount drawing 03031-1063; Type 4X/IP66/IP68

B.7 Europe

- I1** ATEX Intrinsic Safety
Certificate: Baseefa12ATEX0228X
Standards: EN 60079-0: 2012, EN 60079-11: 2012
Markings:  II 1 G Ex ia IIC T4 Ga, T4(-40 °C ≤ T_a ≤ +70 °C)
IP66/IP68

Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

1. The plastic enclosure may constitute a potential electrostatic ignition risk and must not be rubbed or cleaned with a dry cloth.
2. The Model 701PGNKF Power Module may be replaced in a hazardous area. The power module has a surface resistivity greater than $1 \text{ G}\Omega$ and must be properly installed in the wireless device enclosure. Care must be taken during transportation to and from the point of installation to prevent electrostatic charge build-up.

B.8 International

- I7** IECEx Intrinsic Safety
Certificate: IECExBAS12.0124X
Standards: IEC 60079-0: 2011, IEC 60079-11: 2011
Markings: Ex ia IIC T4 Ga, T4(-40 °C ≤ T_a ≤ +70 °C) IP66/IP68

Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

1. The plastic enclosure may constitute a potential electrostatic ignition risk and must not be rubbed or cleaned with a dry cloth.
2. The Model 701PGNKF Power Module may be replaced in a hazardous area. The power module has a surface resistivity greater than $1 \text{ G}\Omega$ and must be properly installed in the wireless device enclosure. Care must be taken during transportation to and from the point of installation to prevent electrostatic charge build-up.

B.9 Brazil

- I2** INMETRO Intrinsic Safety
Certificate: UL-BR 13.0534X
Standards: ABNT NBR IEC 60079-0:2008 + Errata 1:2011, ABNT NBR IEC 60079-11:2009
Markings: Ex ia IIC T4 IP66 Ga, T4(-40 °C ≤ T_a ≤ +70 °C)

Special Condition for Safe Use (X):

1. See certificate for special conditions.

B.10 China

- I3** China Intrinsic Safety
Certificate: GYJ13.1362X, GYJ15.1367X [Flowmeters]
Standards: GB3836.1-2010, GB3836.4-2010, GB3836.20-2010
Markings: Ex ia IIC T4 Ga, T4(-40 ~ +70 °C)

Special Condition for Safe Use (X):

1. See certificate for special conditions.

B.11 Japan

- I4** TIIS Intrinsic Safety
Certificate: TC22022X (Rosemount 3051C/L), TC22023X (Rosemount 3051T), TC22024X (Rosemount 3051CFx)
Markings: Ex ia IIC T4 Ga, T4(-20 ~ +60 °C)

Special Condition for Safe Use (X):

1. See certificate for special conditions.

B.12 EAC-Belarus, Kazakhstan, Russia

- IM** Technical Regulation Customs Union (EAC) Intrinsic Safety
Certificate: TU RU C-US.AA87.B.00534
Markings: 0Ex ia IIC T4 Ga X; (-40 °C ≤ T_a ≤ +70 °C)

Special Condition for Safe Use (X):

1. See certificate for special conditions.

B.13 Korea

- IP** Korea Intrinsic Safety
Certificate: 13-KB4BO-0295X
Markings: Ex ia IIC T4 (-40 °C ≤ T_a ≤ +70 °C)

Special Condition for Safe Use (X):

1. See certificate for special conditions.

Appendix C Network Design Best Practices

All recommended practices should be followed to ensure highest data reliability. Deviation from these best practices may require device repeaters in the network to maintain 99% data. The following are guidelines to achieve the best possible Smart Wireless reliability Network.

1. Each wireless network field should be scoped to a single process unit.
2. Minimize the number of hops to the Gateway in order to reduce latency. A minimum of five wireless instruments should be within effective range of the Smart Wireless Gateway.
3. Each device in the network should have at minimum three devices with potential communication paths. A mesh network gets its reliability from multiple communication pathways. Ensuring each device has multiple neighbors within range will result in the most reliable network.
4. Have 25 percent of wireless instruments in the network within range of Smart Wireless Gateway. Other enhancing modifications include creating a higher percentage of devices within effective range of the gateway to 35 percent or more. This clusters more devices around the gateway and ensures fewer hops and more bandwidth available to *WirelessHART* devices with fast scan rates.
5. Effective range is determined by type of process unit and the density of the infrastructure that surrounds the network.

C.1 Effective range

Heavy obstruction: 100 ft. (30 m). Typical heavy density plant environment. Cannot drive a truck or equipment through.

Medium obstruction: 250 ft. (76 m). Typical light process areas, lots of space between equipment and infrastructure.

Light obstruction: 500 ft. (152 m). Typical of tank farms. Despite tanks being big obstructions themselves, lots of space between and above makes for good RF propagation.

Line of sight: 750 ft. (230 m). No obstructions between *WirelessHART* devices and devices mounted a minimum of 6 ft. (2 m) above ground or obstructions.

For examples and complete explanations, refer to the IEC62591 *WirelessHART* System [Engineering Guide](#).

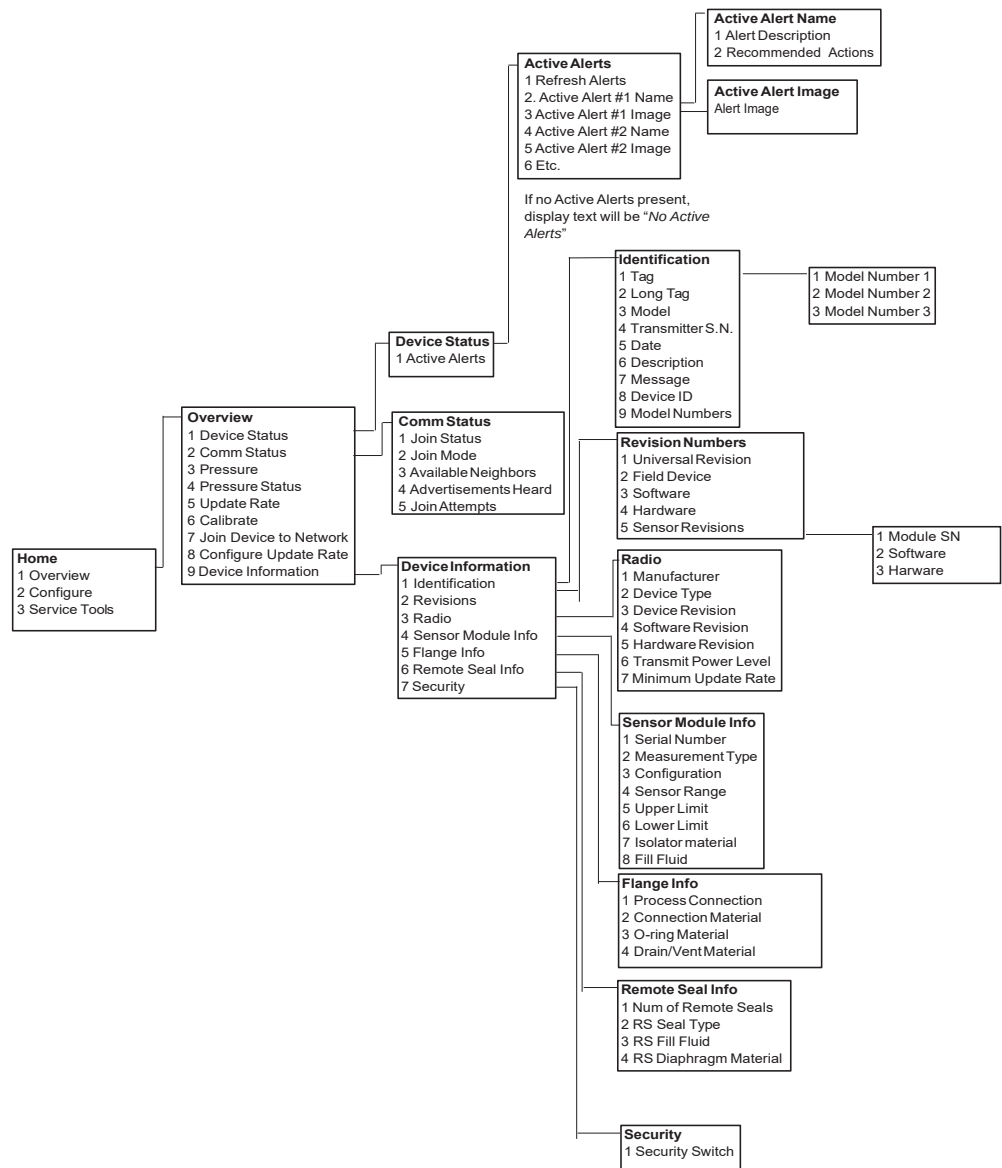
Appendix D

Field Communicator Menu Trees and Fast Keys

Field Communicator menu tree	page 127
Field Communicator Fast Keys	page 131

D.1 Field Communicator menu tree

FigureD-1. Overview



FigureD-2. Configure

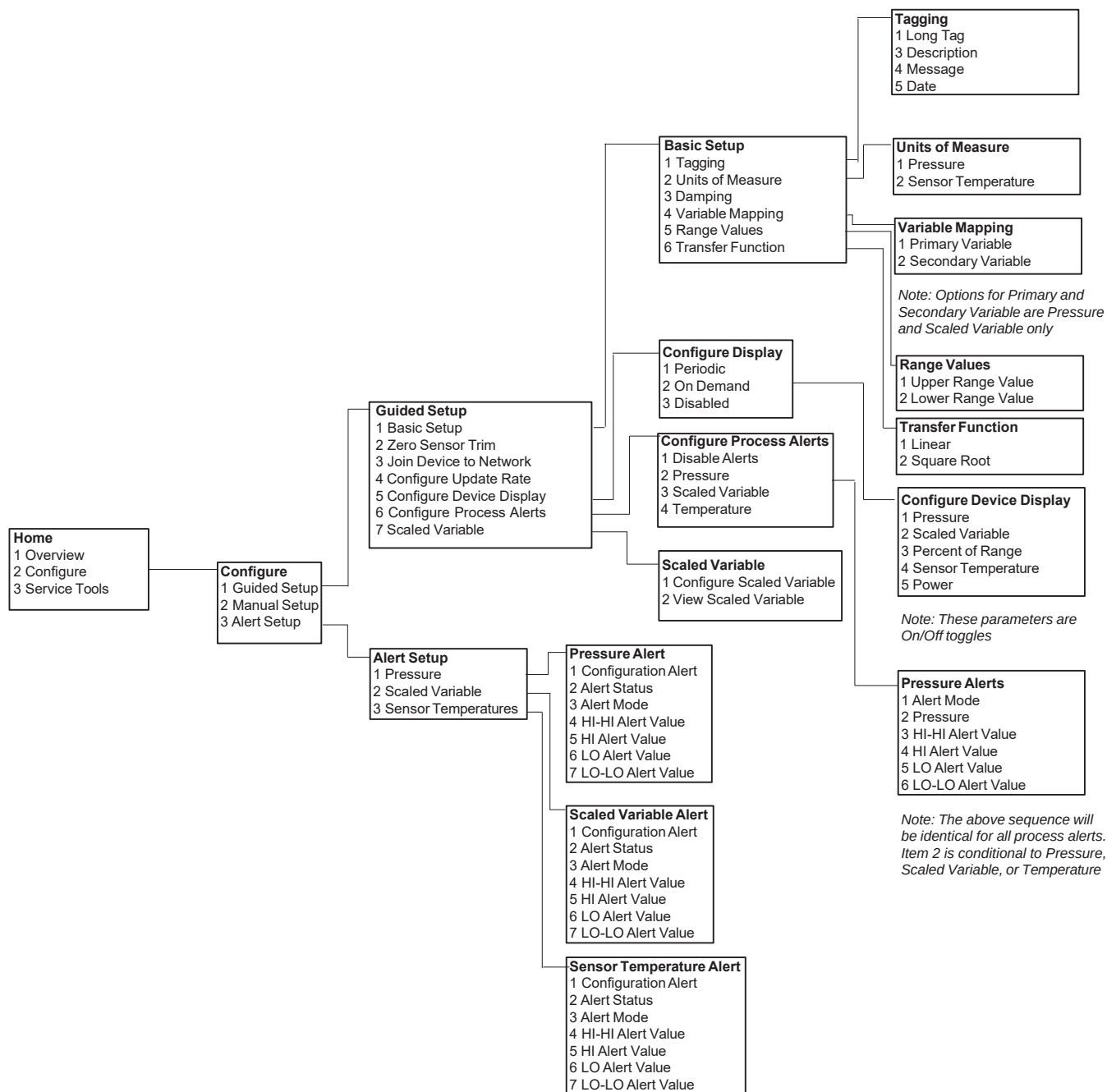


Figure D-3. Service Tools

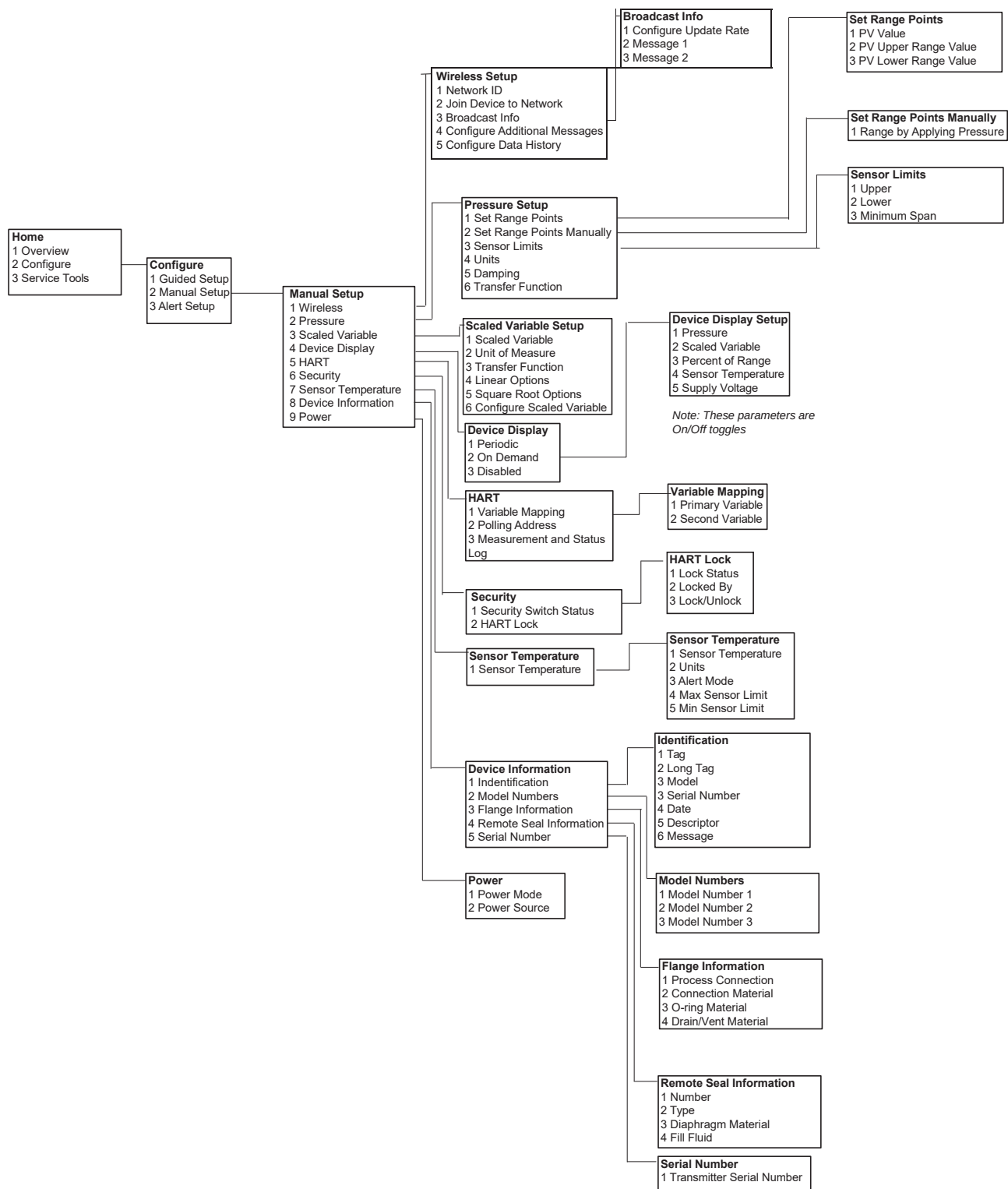
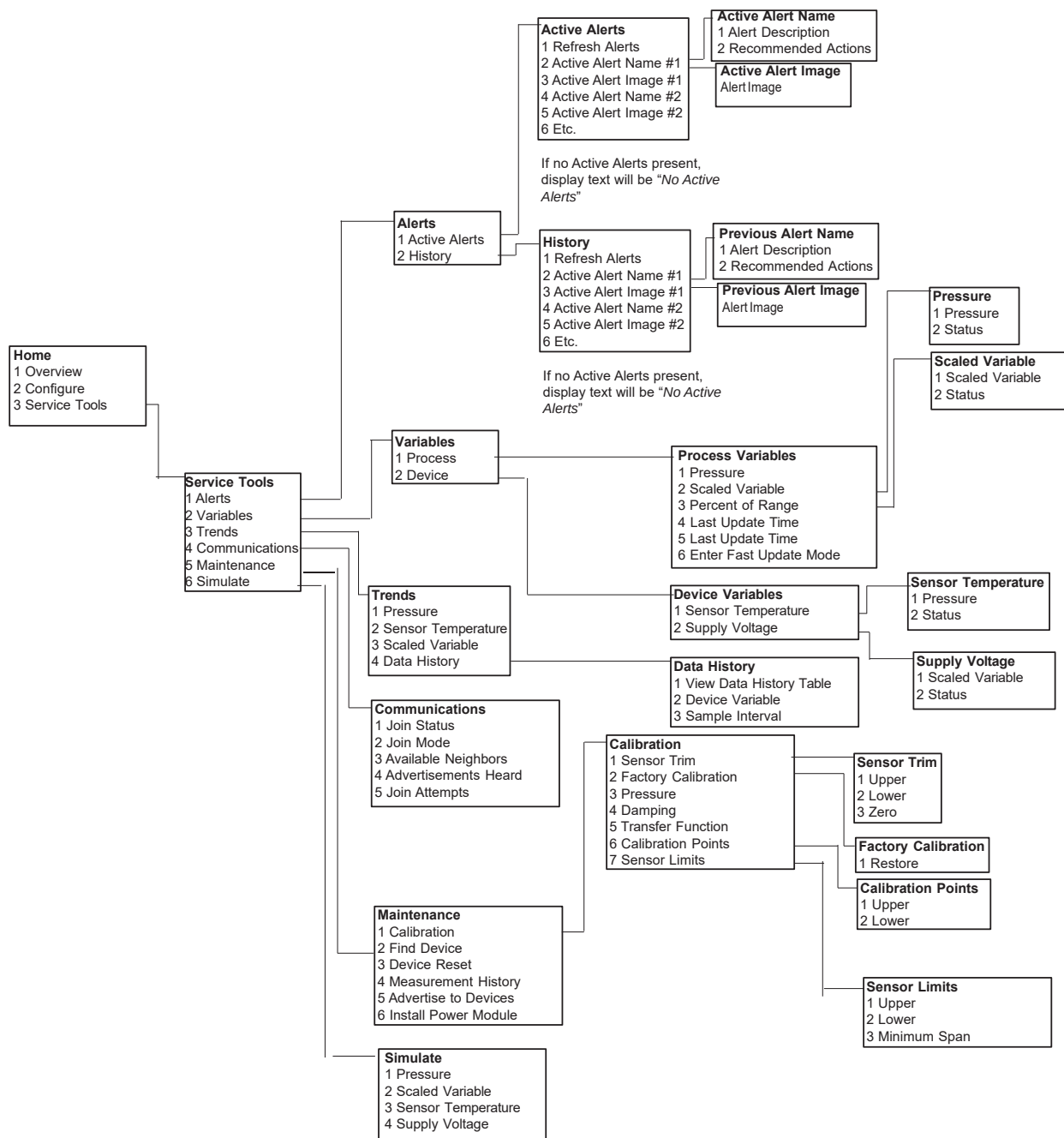


Figure D-4. Rosemount 3051 Field Communicator Menu Tree: Manual Setup



D.2 Field Communicator Fast Keys

- A(✓) indicates the basic configuration parameters. At minimum these parameters should be verified as a part of configuration and startup.
- A(7) indicates availability only in HART revision 7 mode.

Table D-1. Device Revision 9 and 10 (HART7), DD Revision 1 Fast Key sequence

	Function	FastKeySequence	
		HART7	HART5
✓	Alarm and Saturation Levels	2, 2, 2, 5	2, 2, 2, 5
✓	Damping	2, 2, 1, 1, 5	2, 2, 1, 1, 5
✓	Primary Variable	2, 2, 5, 1, 1	2, 2, 5, 1, 1
✓	Range Values	2, 2, 2, 1	2, 2, 2, 1
✓	Tag	2, 2, 7, 1, 1	2, 2, 7, 1, 1
✓	Transfer Function	2, 2, 1, 1, 6	2, 2, 1, 1, 6
✓	Pressure Units	2, 2, 1, 1, 4	2, 2, 1, 1, 4
	Date	2, 2, 7, 1, 5	2, 2, 7, 1, 4
	Descriptor	2, 2, 7, 1, 6	2, 2, 7, 1, 5
	Digital to Analog Trim (4–20 mA Output)	3, 4, 2, 1	3, 4, 2, 1
	Digital Zero Trim	3, 4, 1, 3	3, 4, 1, 3
	Display Configuration	2, 2, 4	2, 2, 4
	LOI Password Protection	2, 2, 6, 5	2, 2, 6, 4
	Loop Test	3, 5, 1	3, 5, 1
	Lower Sensor Trim	3, 4, 1, 2	3, 4, 1, 2
	Message	2, 2, 7, 1, 7	2, 2, 7, 1, 6
	Pressure Trend	3, 3, 1	3, 3, 1
	Rerange with Keypad	2, 2, 2, 1	2, 2, 2, 1
	Scaled D/A Trim (4–20 mA Output)	3, 4, 2, 2	3, 4, 2, 2
	Scaled Variable	2, 2, 3	2, 2, 3
	Sensor Temperature Trend	3, 3, 3	3, 3, 3
	Switch HART Revision	2, 2, 5, 2, 4	2, 2, 5, 2, 3
	Upper Sensor Trim	3, 4, 1, 1	3, 4, 1, 1
7	Long Tag	2, 2, 7, 1, 2	N/A
7	Locate Device	3, 4, 5	N/A
7	Simulate Digital Signal	3, 5	N/A

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