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Federal Communications Commission
Office of Engineering and Technology
Laboratory Division

Guidelines for Labelling and User Information for Devices Subject to Part 15 and Part 18

This document provides a guide to the applicable rule sections for labelling, and information provided to users, required for authorization of Part 15 and Part 18 Radio Frequency (RF) equipment.

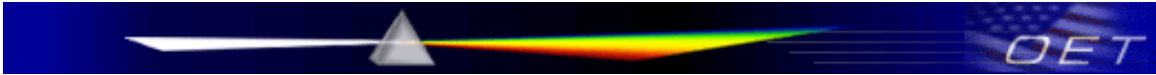
Labelling is determined by  the type of equipment authorization procedure, or procedures, required for a specific RF device. The procedure is determined by the rule parts regulating the specific type of equipment. In some cases, multiple authorization procedures may be required (see Multiple Authorization Procedures section at the end of this document).

Initially, a determination of the applicable equipment authorization procedure or procedures (Verification, Declaration of Conformity (DoC) or Certification) for the specific RF equipment must be made.

The following provide references to the pertinent rule Subpart sections for equipment authorization procedures; and the pertinent information and/or the specific equipment authorization procedure required for different types of equipment:

- Part 2 Subpart J - General equipment authorization procedures applicable for all types of equipment;
- Part 15 Subpart A (15.3) - General definitions of unlicensed unintentional, and intentional radiators; digital Class A and Class B devices;
- Part 15 Subpart B (15.101) – Equipment authorization procedures for unintentional radiators;
- Part 15 Subpart C (15.201), Subpart D (15.305), Subpart E (15.405), Subpart F (15.505) and Subpart G (15.607) - Identify applicable procedures for intentional radiators;
- Part 18 Subpart B (18.203) - General information regarding applications and authorizations for industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) equipment.

For information about purchasing and / or to view the Commission's rules and regulations online: <http://wireless.fcc.gov/rules.html>



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Labelling Requirements for Part 15 Devices:

Verification

The specific labelling requirements for a device subject to the Verification procedure are contained in Section 15.19(a). These labelling requirements are:

If the device is subject only to Verification, include a label bearing a unique identifier - Section 2.954 and one of three compliance statements specified in Section 15.19(a). If the labelling area for the device is so small, and / or it is not practical to place the compliance statement on the device, then the statement can be placed in the user manual or product packaging - Section 15.19(a)(5). However, the device must still be labelled with the unique identifier (Verification). Generally, devices smaller than the palm of the hand are considered small for the compliance statement.

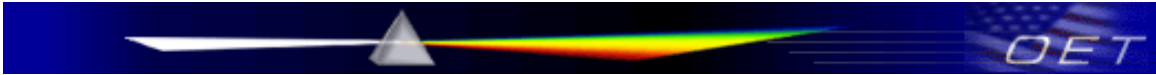
Certification

If the device is subject to Certification (1) Section 2.925 contains information on identification of the equipment; (2) include a label bearing an FCC Identifier (FCC ID) - Section 2.926 and (3) the appropriate compliance statement in Section 15.19(a). If the device is considered small, or impractical (smaller than the palm of the hand) to contain the compliance statement then the statement may be placed in the user manual or product packaging. However, the device must still be labeled with the FCC ID. If the device is beyond doubt too small for the FCC ID to be readable (smaller than 4~6 pts), the FCC ID may also be placed in the users' manual. However, the device itself must be too small and not just the allocated label area or because of over crowded identification of other product and regulatory information.

Certification of 15.212 Modular transmitters and software defined radios (2.944) may utilize an electronic display of the FCC identification number.

Declaration of Conformity (DoC):

The labelling requirements for a device subject to the Declaration of Conformity (DoC) procedure are specified in Section 15.19(b). The label should include the FCC logo along with the Trade Name and Model Number, which satisfies the unique identifier requirement of Section 2.1074 if it represents the identical equipment tested for DoC compliance. For personal computers assembled from authorized components, the following additional text must also be included: "Assembled from tested components," "Complete system not tested." When the device is so small and / or when it is not practical to place the required additional text on the device, the text may be placed in the user manual or pamphlet supplied to the user. However, the FCC logo, Trade Name, and Model Number must still be displayed on the device - Section 15.19(b)(3).



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Part 15 Declaration of Conformity (DoC) Label Examples

Equipment certified as software defined radio may use a means that readily displays the FCC Identifier (FCC ID) on an electronic display screen, instead of labelling the device (Section 2.925 (e)).

Labelling Requirements for Part 18 Devices:

Equipment that intentionally generates radio frequency energy for non telecommunications functions for industrial, scientific, medical (ISM) or other purposes must be authorized and labelled according to the procedures outlined in Part 2, Subpart J, Sections 18.203 and 18.209.

Non-consumer ISM equipment is authorized under the Verification procedure. Consumer ISM equipment is authorized under either the Declaration of Conformity or Certification procedure, except that consumer ultrasonic equipment generating less than 500 watts and operating below 90 KHz is subject to the Verification procedure.

Labelling for Verification requires a unique identifier (Section 2.954) to facilitate positive identification of the Verified device. The identification should not be confused with the FCC ID used on devices subject to Certification

Labels for Part 18 devices subject to Certification require an FCC Identifier as described in Section 2.926.

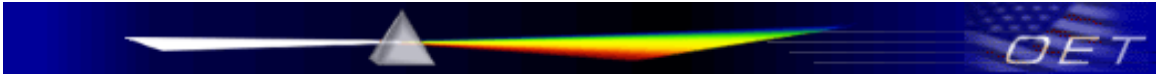
For Declaration of Conformity, the device shall be permanently labelled with the Part 18 logo (Section 18.209) illustrated below, in addition to a unique identifier (Section 2.1074) to facilitate positive identification.



Part 18 Declaration of Conformity (DoC) Logo

Label Location for Part 15 and 18 Devices:

The label or statement shall be etched, engraved, stamped, indelibly printed, or permanently affixed to a permanently attached part of the equipment and be visible at the time of purchase on the exterior of the equipment enclosure.



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For 15.212 Modular transmitters and software defined radios (2.944) utilizing an electronic display the FCC identification number must be readily accessible.

As an option to placing the FCC label on the exterior of the device, the FCC label may be placed in a user accessible area if the following conditions are met:

- The device is handheld (notebook computers are considered as handheld).
- The FCC Identifier (ID), is visible at the time of purchase. Marketing the device without the battery installed when the label is in the battery compartment is acceptable. The FCC ID on the box, or additional documentation directing the user where to find the FCC label, also satisfies this requirement.
- The user accessible area must not require any special tools for access, and the FCC label must not be placed on a removable part.
- The FCC ID, Model Number, or FCC logo must be on the label and must meet all general labelling requirements or policies that apply for Certification, Verification of Declaration of Conformity (DoC); e.g., for Certification, for handheld Part 15 or 18 devices.

User Manual and User Information for Part 15 Devices:

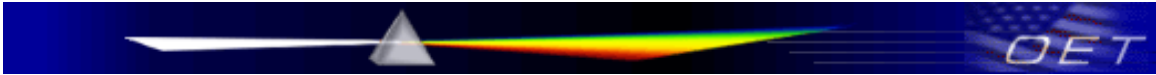
Section 15.21 requires that in the user manual the user shall be cautioned that changes / modifications not approved by the responsible party could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. The acceptable formats for user information dissemination are paper, computer disk or over the Internet. Where special accessories, such as shielded cables and/or special connectors, are required to comply with the emission limits, the instruction manual shall include appropriate instructions on the first page of the text describing the installation of the device (Section 15.27(a)).

For a Class A or Class B digital device (unintentional radiator), as well as any composite device that is both an intentional and unintentional radiator, the text specified in Section 15.105 must be placed in the user manual.

Devices authorized under the Declaration of Conformity (DoC) procedure must also include a compliance information statement (in the user manual or on a separate sheet) as required by Section 2.1077. The objective of this compliance statement is to allow the FCC to associate the equipment with the party responsible for compliance with the DoC requirements.

Devices certified as 15.212 Modular transmitters and software defined radios (2.944) that use an electronic labelling method to display the FCC ID must provide instructions in the user manual on how to access the electronic display (Section 2.925(e)).

Additional statements and information may be required for compliance to specific or general rule parts. The following is an example of some additional user information requirements. The party responsible for compliance must provide any additional statement(s) required:



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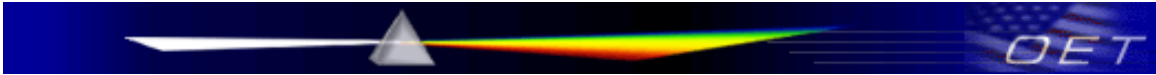
- Kits - TV interface and Cable system terminal device marketed as Kits: Section 15.25 (d);
- TV interface devices, including cable system terminal devices: Section 15.115 (c)(5);
- Labelling of digital cable ready products: Section 15.123 - use of the term cable ready/compatible;
- External power amplifiers and antenna modifications: Section 15:204(d)(2) - notice of authorized amplifiers;
- Cordless telephones: Section 15.214(c) & (d)(3) - privacy statement & security code statement;
- Cordless telephones: Section 15.233(b)(2)(ii) - interference to TV;
- Cordless telephones: Section 15.233(h) - cordless phones without digital security (Section 15.214);
- Professionally installed systems: Section 15.247(c)(1)(iii);
- Operation within the Band 92-95 GHz: Section 15.257(a)(4) - indoor use only;
- Unlicensed PCS: Section 15.311 - notification and coordination with UTAM, Inc.;
- RF exposure statements: Section 2.1091(d)(3) - Mobile devices (a minimum separation distance may be required).

User Manual and User Information for Part 18 Devices:

For all industrial, scientific, medical (ISM) devices, the instruction manual or, if no instruction manual is provided, the product packaging must provide information that addresses the following: (1) interference potential of the device, (2) maintenance of the system and (3) simple measures that can be taken to correct interference. RF lighting devices must add a statement similar to the following: "This product may cause interference to radio equipment and should not be installed near maritime safety communications equipment, ships at sea or other critical navigation or communications equipment operating between 0.45-30 MHz." (Section 18.213)

In addition, Part 18 devices that are authorized under the Declaration of Conformity procedure shall also include in the instruction manual, on a separate sheet, or on the packaging the following: identification of the product (e.g. name and model number), a statement similar to "This device complies with Part 18 of the FCC Rules" (Section 18.212), and the name and address of the responsible party (Section 2.909).

Multiple Authorization Procedures and Use of Certified Transmitter Modules:



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A device subject to multiple authorization procedures requires appropriate testing and labelling for each of the respective authorization procedures. As a general rule, the Declaration of Conformity (DoC) text statement is required over any Verification statement. For devices subject to DoC and Verification, or Certification and Verification, the labelling requirements for DoC or Certification need only apply. When a device is authorized under both DoC and Certification procedures, the DoC logo and FCC ID (or FCC IDs if applicable) are required.

This requirement does not negate the testing requirement for each individual device that is subject to both multiple authorization procedures, and / or multiple technical rules. For example, an 802.11 WIFI Router that is also a CLASS B personal computer peripheral digital device must be tested as a computer peripheral (Section 15.3) and as a digital transmitter (Section 15.247), and must be labelled with the DoC logo and an FCC ID.

Certified modules are distinctive assemblies containing a transmitter that can be installed inside a host device (i.e. computer, wireless security controller, etc). These devices can be sold by a manufacture (responsible party) to other equipment manufactures or used in their own products. When a certified modular is used inside a host, the host equipment can take advantage of the certification already granted to the module. This may reduce some of test for the host compared to using a transmitter that has not been already certified. The host containing a certified modular (for example a laptop with WIFI) may only require testing for DoC or Certification as a Class B computer - and possibly a subset of additional test associated with the transmitter. The alternative, using a non-certified transmitter, requires DoC or Certification as a Class B computer plus full certification of the transmitter. (See [FCC 07-56](#)). Any additional testing, conditions of use and limitations associated with the certified module must be provided in the module instruction manual by the manufacture of the module to the OEM using the host.

A certified modular has the option to use standard fixed labels, or an electronic display on the module. In addition, each type (fixed or display on module) may also provide an electrical interfaces to extend electronic labeling capability to the host. For all configurations (fixed, display-on-module or electrical interface) the OEM manual must provide clear instructions explaining the labeling requirements and the options (see next paragraph) that are applicable.

The host using the certified modular must use an additional label on the outside referring to the enclosed module: "Contains Transmitter Module FCC ID: XYZMODEL1" or "Contains FCC ID: XYZMODEL1." Only if the module is easily accessible to a user can the label be simplified to "Contain a Certified Transmitter Module". If the certified modular transmitter provides electrical interfaces to extend electronic labeling, the host device can elect to also electronically display the FCC ID on its own display. In all cases, the user manual provided by the host manufacture must contain clear instructions on how users can find and/or access the FCC ID.

When supplying information to users, all relevant instructions that pertain to all components of a composite device are required. For example, Class A or Class B statements in Section 15.105; all warning statements and special instructions as required by Sections 15.21 and 15.27; and all Part 18 applicable instructions must be clearly stated. Variations in editing to clarify the language and structure are permitted if all the relevant points applicable to all of the components are represented.