

## Summary of RF Exposure Compliance for Medtronic Model 24955 Programming Head:

### Bluetooth module (Panasonic, FCC ID: T7V1315) in Programming Head:

From the original filing for FCC ID: T7V1315, the maximum conducted output power is 10.47 mW. The maximum duty cycle is 47%, therefore the maximum source-based time-averaged power is 4.92 mW. Per KDB 447498D01 General RF Exposure Guidance D01 v05, section 4.3.1, Item #1:

“The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$$\left[ \frac{\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}}{\text{min. test separation distance, mm}} \right] \cdot \sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR, 16 where}$$

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation<sup>17</sup>
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq 50$  mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion”

Solving for the threshold equation above (using a worst-case separation of 5mm):

$(4.9 \text{ mW} / 5 \text{ mm}) * (2.45 \text{ GHz}) = 2.4$ . This is less  $< 3.0$ , therefore the FCC's SAR test exclusion can be applied.

While installed in the Medtronic Model 24955 programming head, the Panasonic Bluetooth module, FCC ID: T7V1315 is compliant with FCC RF Exposure requirements.

### Inductive Telemetry in Programming Head:

There is no RF exposure requirement in the US or Canada. No prohibition against co-location either.

The Inductive Telemetry has a conducted output power for 7.2 mW and a radiated power of 5.9 pW EIRP. These values are based upon source-based time averaging.

---