

*Electromagnetic Emissions Test Report
In Accordance With
FCC Part 90
on the
Cisco Systems, Inc.
Transmitter
Model: U58H068*

FCC ID NUMBER: LDKXSCLCR14

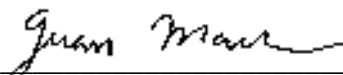
GRANTEE: Cisco Systems, Inc.
170 West Tasman Drive
San Jose, CA 95134

TEST SITE: Elliott Laboratories, Inc.
684 W. Maude Ave
Sunnyvale, CA 94086

REPORT DATE: April 23, 2005

FINAL TEST DATE: April 21, 2005

AUTHORIZED SIGNATORY: _____



Juan Martinez
Senior EMC Engineer



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TABLE OF CONTENTS

COVER PAGE	1
<u>TABLE OF CONTENTS</u>	2
<u>FCC CERTIFICATION INFORMATION</u>	3
<u>DECLARATIONS OF COMPLIANCE</u>	5
<u>SCOPE</u>	6
<u>OBJECTIVE</u>	6
<u>SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS</u>	7
<u>PART 90 AND RSS-119 TEST SUMMARY</u>	7
<u>MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES</u>	8
<u>EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DETAILS</u>	9
<u>GENERAL</u>	9
<u>ENCLOSURE</u>	9
<u>MODIFICATIONS</u>	9
<u>SUPPORT EQUIPMENT</u>	9
<u>EUT INTERFACE PORTS</u>	10
<u>EUT OPERATION DURING TESTING</u>	10
<u>TEST SITE</u>	11
<u>GENERAL INFORMATION</u>	11
<u>CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS</u>	11
<u>RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS</u>	11
<u>MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION</u>	12
<u>RECEIVER SYSTEM</u>	12
<u>INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER</u>	12
<u>PEAK POWER METER</u>	12
<u>FILTERS/ATTENUATORS</u>	12
<u>ANTENNAS</u>	13
<u>ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE</u>	13
<u>INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION</u>	13
<u>TEST PROCEDURES</u>	14
<u>SPECIFICATION LIMITS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS</u>	19
<u>RADIATED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS</u>	19
<u>CALCULATIONS – EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER</u>	19
<u>EXHIBIT 1: Test Equipment Calibration Data</u>	1
<u>EXHIBIT 2: Test Data Log Sheets</u>	2
<u>EXHIBIT 3: Test Configuration Photographs</u>	3
<u>EXHIBIT 4: Theory of Operation Cisco Systems Model U58H068</u>	4
<u>EXHIBIT 5: Proposed FCC ID Label & Label Location</u>	5
<u>EXHIBIT 6: Detailed Photographs Cisco Systems Model U58H068</u>	6
<u>EXHIBIT 7: Installation Guide Cisco Systems Model U58H068</u>	7
<u>EXHIBIT 8: Block Diagram Cisco Systems Model U58H068</u>	8
<u>EXHIBIT 9: Schematic Diagrams Cisco Systems Model U58H068</u>	9
<u>EXHIBIT 10: RF Exposure Information</u>	10

FCC CERTIFICATION INFORMATION

The following information is in accordance with FCC Rules, 47CFR Part 2, Subpart J, Section 2.1033(C) & to Industry Canada RSP-100.

2.1033(c)(1) Applicant:

Cisco Systems, Inc.
170 West Tasman Drive
San Jose, Ca 95134

2.1033(c)(2) & RSP-100 (4) FCC ID: LDKXSCLCR14

2.1033(c)(3) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Instructions/Installation Manual

Please refer to Exhibit 7: User Manual, Theory of Operation, and Tune-up Procedure

2.1033(c)(4) & RSP-100 (7.2(b)(iii)) Type of emissions

FCC 90: 5M00X1D, 10M0X1D, 20M0X1D

2.1033(c)(5) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Frequency Range

FCC 90: **4940 – 4990 MHz**

2.1033(c)(6) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Range of Operation Power

FCC 90: **0.05 Watts**

2.1033(c)(7) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Maximum FCC & IC Allowed Power Level

FCC 90.210: Maximum power is 20dBm (100mW)

2.1033(c)(8) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Applied voltage and currents into the final transistor elements

+5Vdc, 1amp

2.1033(c)(9) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Tune-up Procedure

There are no tuneable components on the Radio. All transmitter parameters are controlled by software and by AR5414 chip

2.1033(c)(10) & RSP 100 (7.2(a)) Schematic Diagram of the Transmitter

Refer to Exhibit 6: Schematic diagram

2.1033(c)(10) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Means for Frequency Stabilization

Y1 = 40 MHz (XTAL) Frequency stability.

2.1033(c)(10) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Means for Suppression of Spurious radiation

F2 DEA165850LT-1197B2 low pass filter

2.1033(c)(10) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Means for Limiting Modulation

Controlled by software in the Atheros chip U1 (AR5414)

2.1033(c)(10) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Means for Limiting Power

Controlled by software in the Atheros chip U1 (AR5414) and scrip files.

2.1033(c)(11) & RSP-100 (7.2(g)) Photographs or Drawing of the Equipment Identification Plate or Label

Refer to Exhibit 4

2.1033(c)(12) & RSP-100 (7.2(c)) Photographs of equipment

Refer to Exhibit 5

2.1033(c)(13) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Equipment Employing Digital Modulation & 90.203 (Certification Requirements)

N/A

2.1033(c)(14) & RSP-100 (7.2(b)(ii)) Data taken per Section 2.1046 to 2.1057 and RSS-133 issue 2, Rev. 1.

Refer to Exhibit 2

DECLARATIONS OF COMPLIANCE

Equipment Name and Model:
U58H068

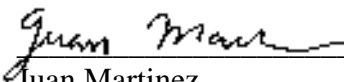
Manufacturer:
Cisco Systems, Inc.
170 West Tasman Drive
San Jose, CA 95134

Tested to applicable standards:
FCC Part 90 (Private Land Mobile Radio Service)

Measurement Facility Description Filed With Department of Industry:

Departmental Acknowledgement Number: IC4549_3 Dated March 5, 2003
Departmental Acknowledgement Number: IC2845-2 Dated August 8, 2001

I declare that the testing was performed or supervised by me; that the test measurements were made in accordance with the above mentioned departmental standards (through the use of TIA/EIA-603 and the specific RSS standards applicable to this device); and that the equipment performed in accordance with the data submitted in this report.

Signature	
Name	Juan Martinez
Title	Senior EMC Engineer Elliott Laboratories Inc.
Address	684 W. Maude Ave Sunnyvale, CA 94086 USA

Date: April 23, 2005

Maintenance of compliance with the above standards is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product which may result in increased emissions should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained (i.e., printed circuit board layout changes, different line filter, different power supply, harnessing or I/O cable changes, etc.).

SCOPE

FCC Part 90 testing was performed for the equipment mentioned in this report. The equipment was tested in accordance with the procedures specified in Sections 2.1046 to 2.1057 of the FCC Rule. TIA-603 was also used as a test procedure guideline to perform some of the required tests.

The intentional radiator above was tested in a simulated typical installation to demonstrate compliance with the relevant FCC performance and procedural standards.

Final system data was gathered in a mode that tended to maximize emissions by varying orientation of EUT, orientation of power and I/O cabling, antenna search height, and antenna polarization.

Every practical effort was made to perform an impartial test using appropriate test equipment of known calibration. All pertinent factors have been applied to reach the determination of compliance.

OBJECTIVE

The primary objective of the manufacturer is compliance with the FCC Part 90. Certification of these devices is required as a prerequisite to marketing as defined in Section 2.1033.

Certification is a procedure where the manufacturer or a contracted laboratory makes measurements and submits the test data and technical information to FCC. FCC issues a grant of equipment authorization and a certification number upon successful completion of their review of the submitted documents. Once the equipment authorization has been obtained, the label indicating compliance must be attached to all identical units subsequently manufactured.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product that may result in increased emissions should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained (i.e., printed circuit board layout changes, different line filter, different power supply, harnessing or I/O cable changes, etc.).

SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS**Part 90 and RSS-119 Test Summary**

Measurement Required	FCC Part 2 & 90 Sections	Test Performed	Measured Value	Test Procedure Used	Result
Modulation Tested	OFDM	-	-	-	-
Modulation characteristics	2.1047	Modulated with appropriated signal	-	H	-
Radiated RF power output (ERP/EIRP)	2.1046 / 90.1215(a)	Radiated Output Power Test	-	-	-
Conducted RF power output	2.1046 / 90.1215(a)	Conducted Output Power Test	17dBm (.05 Watts)	B	Complies
Spurious emissions at antenna Port	2.1051/ 90.210(L)	Emission Limits and/or Unwanted Emission 30MHz – 40GHz (Antenna Conducted)	All spurious emissions < -36dBm	J	Complies
Occupied Bandwidth	2.1049/ 90.210(L)	Emission Mask and 99% Bandwidth	Refer to Plots	C & D	Complies
Field strength of spurious radiation	2.1053 / 90.210(b)	Radiated Spurious Emissions 30MHz – 40GHz	-40.2 dBm @ 9970 MHz (-2.0 dB)	N	Complies
Frequency stability	2.1055 / 90.213	Frequency Vs. Temperature	100 Hz	K	Complies
Frequency stability	2.1055 / 90.213	Frequency Vs. Voltage	15 Hz	L & M	Complies
Transient Frequency Behavior	90.214	Transient Behavior	N/A	N/A	N/A
Exposure to Mobile devices	2.1091	Exposure of Humans to RF Fields	MPE Calculation	-	
Receiver	15.109	Receiver Spurious Emissions	N/A	N/A	Complies

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

ISO Guide 17025 requires that an estimate of the measurement uncertainties associated with the emissions test results be included in the report. The measurement uncertainties given below are based on a 95% confidence level and were calculated in accordance with NAMAS document NIS 81.

Measurement Type	Frequency Range (MHz)	Calculated Uncertainty (dB)
Conducted Emissions	0.15 to 30	± 2.4
Radiated Emissions	30 to 1000	± 3.6

EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DETAILS**GENERAL**

The EUT is an Atheros base 802.11a radio which Clear Creek will use for Public Safety organizations for applications that require high throughput and citywide coverage in the United States. Normally, the EUT would be placed on a table top during operation. The EUT was, therefore, treated as table-top equipment during testing to simulate the end-user environment. The electrical rating of the EUT is 5Vdc.

The sample was received on April 19, 2005 and tested on April 21, 2005. The EUT consisted of the following component(s):

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
Cisco Systems	U58H068	4.9GHz module	-	LDKXSCLCR14

ENCLOSURE

The EUT does not have an enclosure as it is designed to be installed within the enclosure of a host.

MODIFICATIONS

The EUT did not require modifications during testing in order to comply with the emission specifications.

SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

The following equipment was used as local support equipment for emissions testing:

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
IBM	X31	Laptop	99-ARYWO	DoC

No remote support equipment was used during emissions testing.

EUT INTERFACE PORTS

The I/O cabling configuration during emissions testing was as follows:

Port	Connected to	Description	Shielded or Unshielded	Length (m)
Antenna power	Termination	Coaxial	Shielded	0.5

EUT OPERATION DURING TESTING

The device was configured to transmit or receive on the channel specified in the test description. The antenna port was terminated in a 50-ohm load during radiated emissions tests.

TEST SITE

GENERAL INFORMATION

Final test measurements were taken on April 19 and 21, 2005 at the Elliott Laboratories Site 2 and 3 located at 684 West Maude Avenue, Sunnyvale, California. Pursuant to Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules, construction, calibration, and equipment data has been filed with the Commission.

CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS

Conducted emissions testing are performed in conformance with Section 2 of FCC Rules. Measurements are made with the EUT connected to a spectrum analyzer through an attenuator to prevent overloading the analyzer.

RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS

Radiated measurements are performed in an open field environment or Anechoic Chamber. The test site is maintained free of conductive objects within the CISPR 16-1 defined elliptical area.

MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION

RECEIVER SYSTEM

An EMI receiver as specified in CISPR 16-1 is used for emissions measurements. The receivers are capable of measuring over the frequency range of 9 kHz up to 2000 MHz. These receivers allow both ease of measurement and high accuracy to be achieved. The receivers have Peak, Average, and CISPR (Quasi-peak) detectors built into their design so no external adapters are necessary. The receiver automatically sets the required bandwidth for the particular detector used during measurements.

For measurements above the frequency range of the receivers, a spectrum analyzer is utilized because it provides visibility of the entire spectrum along with the precision and versatility required to support engineering analysis. If average measurements above 1000MHz are performed, the linear-average method with a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz and a video bandwidth of 10 Hz is used.

INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER

A personal computer is utilized to record the receiver measurements of the field strength at the antenna, which is then compared directly with the appropriate specification limit. The receiver is programmed with appropriate factors to convert the received voltage into field strength at the antenna. Results are printed in a graphic and/or tabular format, as appropriate.

The test receiver also provides a visual display of the signal being measured.

PEAK POWER METER

A peak power meter and thermister mount may be used for output power measurements from transmitters as they provide a broadband indication of the power output.

FILTERS/ATTENUATORS

External filters and precision attenuators are often connected between the receiving antenna or EUT and the receiver. This eliminates saturation effects and non-linear operation due to high amplitude transmitters and transient events.

ANTENNAS

A biconical antenna is used to cover the range from 30 MHz to 300 MHz and a log periodic antenna is utilized from 300 MHz to 1000 MHz. Narrowband tuned dipole antennas are used over the 30 to 1000 MHz range for precision measurements of field strength. Above 1000 MHz, a horn antenna is used. The antenna calibration factors are included in site factors programmed into the test receivers

ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE

The antennas used to measure the radiated electric field strength are mounted on a non-conductive antenna mast equipped with a motor drive to vary the antenna height.

The requirements of ANSI C63.4 were used for configuration of the equipment turntable. It specifies that the test height above ground for table-mounted devices shall be 80 centimeters. Floor mounted equipment shall be placed on the ground plane if the device is normally used on a conductive floor or separated from the ground plane by insulating material from 3 to 12 mm if the device is normally used on a non-conductive floor. During radiated measurements, the EUT is positioned on a motorized turntable in conformance with this requirement.

INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

All test equipment is regularly checked to ensure that performance is maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. All antennas are calibrated at regular intervals with respect to tuned half-wave dipoles. An appendix of this report contains the list of test equipment used and calibration information.

TEST PROCEDURES

General: For Transmitters with detachable antenna, direct measurements for output power, modulation characterization, occupied bandwidth, and frequency stability are performed with the antenna port of the EUT connected to either the power meter, modulation analyzer, or spectrum analyzer via a suitable attenuator and/or filter. The attenuators and/or filters are used to ensure that the transmitter fundamental will not overload the front end of the measurement instrument.

Procedure B – Power Measurement (Conducted Method): The following procedure was used for transmitters that do use external antennas.

- 1) Set the EUT to maximum power and to the lowest channel.
- 2) Either a power meter or a spectrum analyzer was used to measure the power output.
- 3) If a spectrum analyzer was used a resolution and video bandwidth 10kHz was used to measure the power output. Corrected for any external attenuation used for the protection of the input of analyzer. In addition, For CDMA or TDMA modulations set spectrum analyzer resolution to 2MHz and video to 3 MHz.
- 4) If a power meter was used, corrected for any external attenuation used for the protection of the input of the sensor head. Also set the power sensor correction by setting up the frequency range that will be measured.
- 5) Repeat this for the high channel and all modulations that will be used and all output ports used for transmission

Procedure C - Occupied Bandwidth (Conducted Method): Either for analog, digital, or data modulations, occupied bandwidth was performed. The EUT was set to transmit the appropriate modulation at maximum power. The bandwidth was measured using following methods:

- 1) The built-in 99% function of the spectrum analyzer was used.
- 2) If the built-in 99% is not available then the following method is used:

26-dB or 20-dB was subtracted to the maximum peak of the emission. Then the display line function was used, in conjunction with the marker delta function, to measure the emissions bandwidth.

- 3) For the above two methods a resolution and video bandwidth of 100 or 300 Hz was used to measure the emission's bandwidth.

Procedure D - Occupied Bandwidth (Conducted Emission Mask): Either for analog, digital, or data modulations, emission mask was performed. The EUT was set to transmit the appropriate modulation at maximum power. The following method was used:

Taken from Part 90.210 Emission Mask L

The following Resolution and Video bandwidth was used to show compliance for the above requirement: 1% of the occupied bandwidth.

Procedure H - Other Types of Equipment: Either digital or data modulated signals were simulated, by software or external sources, to performed the required tests. The EUT was set to transmit the appropriate digital modulation.

Procedure J – Antenna Conducted Emissions: For spurious emission measurements at the antenna terminal the following procedure was performed:

- 1) Set the transmitting signal at the middle of the operating range of the transmitter, as specified in the standard. Power is set to maximum and then to minimum.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer display line function to -37 -dBm.
- 3) Set the spectrum analyzer bandwidth to 1MHz <1GHz and 1 MHz >1GHz.
- 4) For the spectrum analyzer, the start frequency was set to 30 MHz and the stop frequency set to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental. All spurious or intermodulation emission must not exceed the -37 dBm limit.
- 5) Steps 1 to 4 were repeated for all modulations and output ports that will be used for transmission.

Procedure K - Frequency Stability: The EUT is placed inside a temperature chamber with all support and test equipment located outside of the chamber. The spectrum analyzer is configured to give a 6-digit display for the marker-frequency function. The spectrum analyzer's built-in frequency counter is used to measure the maximum deviation of the fundamental frequency at each temperature. The Temperature chamber was varied from -30 to $+50^{\circ}$ C (or $+60^{\circ}$ C for some IC RSS standards, if applicable) in 10 degrees increment. The EUT was allowed enough time to stabilize for each temperature variation.

Procedure L - Frequency Stability: For AC or DC operated devices the nominal voltage is varied to 85% and to 115% at either room temperature or at a controlled $+20^{\circ}$ C temperature.

Procedure M - Frequency Stability: For battery-powered devices the voltage battery end-point is determined by reducing the dc voltage until the unit ceases to function. This is performed at either room temperature or at a controlled $+20^{\circ}$ C temperature.

Procedure N - Field Strength Measurement: The EUT was set on the turntable and the search antenna position 3 meters away. The output antenna terminal was terminated with a 50-ohm terminator. The EUT was set at the middle of the frequency band and set at maximum output power.

For the first scan, a pre-liminary measurement is performed. A preliminary scan of emissions is conducted in which all significant EUT frequencies are identified with the system in a nominal configuration. One or more of these is with the antenna polarized vertically while the one or more of these are with the antenna polarized horizontally. During the preliminary scans, the EUT is rotated through 360°, the antenna height is varied and cable positions are varied to determine the highest emission relative to the limit.

For the final measurement, Substitution method is performed on spurious emissions not being 20-dB below the calculated radiated limit. Substitution method is performed by replacing the EUT with a transmit antenna and signal generator. The substitution antenna can be reference to a half-wave dipole in dBi. The signal generator is then set to a fix output level of either -10 or -20dBm. This is then injected into the substitution antenna. The field strength produced by the substitution antenna is then measured. This measured value is then used to determine the conversion factor to convert the EUTs field strength levels to a dBm value.

Procedure I – Transient Frequency Behavior: The TIA/EIA 603 procedure was used to determine compliance to radio being keyed on and off.

- 1) Connected the Test Receiver DOP or Video Output to Channel 1 of the oscilloscope. The output of the RF crystal detector was connected to Auxiliary channel 1, which served as a trigger input. The output of the combiner was connected to the Test Receiver.
- 2) Set the EUT to maximum power and connected as illustrated above. Set the signal generator to the assigned transmitter frequency and modulate it with a 1 kHz tone at 6.25kHz, 12.5 kHz, or 25 kHz deviation and set its output to –100 dBm, then turn on the EUT.
- 3) The Combiner output side was connected to the Test Receiver, which was used to measure the Power. Used enough external attenuation so that the output at the combiner was set to 40 dB below the maximum input of the Test Receiver, then turn off the EUT.
- 4) Set the signal generator output to the same level in step 3. This level was maintained for the remainder of the test.
- 5) Set the horizontal sweep rate on the storage oscilloscope to 10 milliseconds per division and adjusted the display to continuously view the 1 kHz tone from the DOP or Video Output. Adjusted the vertical amplitude control to display the 1 kHz at +/- 4 divisions vertically centered on the display.
- 6) Set the oscilloscope to trigger at the AUX channel 1 input port.
- 7) Removed enough external attenuation so that the input to the RF detector and combiner is increased by 30 dB.
- 8) Turn on the transmitter and plotted the result for **Ton**, **T1**, and **T2**.
- 9) Set the oscilloscope to trigger in decreasing magnitude from the RF crystal detector.
- 10) Turn off the transmitter and plotted the result for **T3**.

SPECIFICATION LIMITS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS**RADIATED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS**

The limits for radiated emissions are based on the power of the transmitter at the operating frequency. Data is measured in the logarithmic form of decibels relative to one milliwatt (dBm) or one microvolt/meter (dBuV/m.). The field strength of the emissions from the EUT is measured on a test site with a receiver.

Below is a formula example used to calculate the attenuation requirement, relative to the transmitters power output, in dBuV/m. For this example an operating power range of 3 watts is used. The radiated emissions limit for spurious signals outside of the assigned frequency block is 43+10Log₁₀(mean output power in watts) dB below the measured amplitude at the operating power.

CALCULATIONS – EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER

$$E(\text{V/m}) = \frac{\sqrt{30 * P * G}}{d}$$

E= Field Strength in V/m

P= Power in Watts (for this example we use 3 watts)

G= Gain of antenna in numeric gain (Assume 1.64 for ERP)

d= distance in meters

$$E(\text{V/m}) = \frac{\sqrt{30 * 3 \text{ watts} * 1.64 \text{ dB}}}{3 \text{ meters}}$$

$$20 * \log (4.049 \text{ V/m} * 1,000,000) = 132.14 \text{ dBuV/m @ 3 meters}$$

FCC Rules request an attenuation of 43 + 10 log (3) or 47.8 dB for all emissions outside the assigned block, the limit for spurious and harmonic emissions is:

$$132.1 \text{ dBuV/m} - 47.8 \text{ dB} = 84.3 \text{ dBuV/m @ 3 meter.}$$

Note: Substitution Method is performed for spurious emission not being 20-dB below the calculated field strength.

EXHIBIT 1: Test Equipment Calibration Data

1 Page

Antenna Conducted, Radiated Emissions 1000 - 40,000 MHz, 06-May-05

Engineer: Chris Groat

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Model #</u>	<u>Asset #</u>	<u>Cal Due</u>
Hewlett Packard	Microwave EMI test system (SA40, 30Hz - 40GHz), Sunnyvale	84125C	1149	11-Jun-05
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter, Single Channel	NRVS	1534	01-Mar-06
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor 100uW - 10 Watts	NRV-Z53	1555	01-Nov-05

EXHIBIT 2: Test Data Log Sheets

ELECTROMAGNETIC EMISSIONS

TEST LOG SHEETS

AND

MEASUREMENT DATA

T59447 29 Pages



EMC Test Data

Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
		Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell		
Emissions Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	Radio
Immunity Spec:	-	Environment:	-

EMC Test Data

For The

Cisco Systems

Model

U58H068

Date of Last Test: 5/6/2005



EMC Test Data

Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
		Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell		
Emissions Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	Radio
Immunity Spec:	-	Environment:	-

EUT INFORMATION

General Description

The EUT is an Atheros base 802.11a radio which Clear Creek will use for Public Safety organizations for applications that require high throughput and citywide coverage in the United States. Normally, the EUT would be placed on a table top during operation. The EUT was, therefore, treated as table-top equipment during testing to simulate the end-user environment. The electrical rating of the EUT is 5Vdc.

Equipment Under Test

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
Cisco Systems	U58H068	4.9 GHz radio module	N/A	LDKXSCLCR14

EUT Enclosure

The EUT does not have an enclosure as it is designed to be installed within the enclosure of a host.

Modification History

Mod. #	Test	Date	Modification
1	-	-	None

Modifications applied are assumed to be used on subsequent tests unless otherwise stated as a further modification.



EMC Test Data

Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Emissions Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	Radio
Immunity Spec:	-	Environment:	-

Test Configuration #1

Local Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
IBM	X31	Laptop	99-ARYWO	DoC

Remote Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
None				

Interface Cabling and Ports

Port	Connected To	Cable(s)		
		Description	Shielded or Unshielded	Length(m)
Antenna power	termination	coaxial	Shielded	0.5

EUT Operation During Emissions Tests

Transmitting continuously on selected frequencies at 16 dBm average power.



EMC Test Data

Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
		Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell		
Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	N/A

Radiated Spurious Emissions, FCC Part 90

Test Specifics

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 4/21/2005	Config. Used: 1
Test Engineer: Juan Martinez	Config Change: None
Test Location: SVOATS #3	EUT Voltage: 120V/60Hz

General Test Configuration

The EUT and all local support equipment were located on the turntable for radiated spurious emissions testing.

The measurement antenna was located 3 meters from the EUT.

Ambient Conditions:

Temperature:	16 °C
Rel. Humidity:	47 %

Summary of Results

Run #	Test Performed	Limit	Pass / Fail	Result / Margin
1	RE, 1000 - 40,000 MHz - Spurious Emissions Transmit	FCC 90	Pass	Refer to run
2	RE, 1000 - 40,000 MHz - Spurious Emissions Transmit	FCC 90	Pass	Refer to run

Modifications Made During Testing:

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.



EMC Test Data

Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	N/A

Run #1: Radiated Spurious Emissions, Transmit Mode: Final Field Strength and Substitution Measurements

Frequency = 4985 MHz (5MHz)

Frequency	Level	Pol	FCC 90 ^{Note 1}		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB μ V/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
9970.000	59.6	v	59.2	0.4	Avg	-	-	
9970.000	52.3	h	59.2	-6.9	Avg	-	-	
14055.00	33.8	v	59.2	-25.4	Avg	-	-	
14055.00	32.3	h	59.2	-26.9	Avg	-	-	

Frequency = 4985 MHz (10MHz)

9970.000	58.3	v	59.2	-0.9	Avg	-	-	
9970.000	52.7	h	59.2	-6.5	Avg	-	-	
14055.00	37.0	v	59.2	-22.2	Avg	-	-	
14055.00	36.4	h	59.2	-22.8	Avg	-	-	

Frequency = 4985 MHz (20MHz)

9970.000	59.0	v	59.2	-0.2	Avg	-	-	
9970.000	53.4	h	59.2	-5.8	Avg	-	-	
14055.00	36.0	v	59.2	-23.2	Avg	-	-	
14055.00	38.2	h	59.2	-21.0	Avg	-	-	

Note 1: The field strength limit in the tables above was calculated from the erp/eirp limit detailed in the standard using the free space propagation equation: $E = (30PG)/d$. This limit is conservative - it does not consider the presence of the ground plane and, for erp limits, the dipole gain (2.2dBi) has not been included. The erp or eirp for all signals with less than 10dB of margin relative to this field strength limit is determined using substitution measurements.



EMC Test Data

Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	N/A

Horizontal

Frequency MHz	Substitution measurements			Site Factor ⁴	EUT measurements			eirp Limit dBm	erp Limit dBm	Margin dB
	Pin ¹	Gain ²	FS ³		FS ⁵	eirp (dBm)	erp (dBm)			
9970.000	-17.7	12.8	92.0	97.0	52.3	-44.7	-46.9	-36.0		-8.7
9970.000	-17.7	12.8	92.0	97.0	52.7	-44.3	-46.5	-36.0		-8.3
9970.000	-17.7	12.8	92.0	97.0	53.4	-43.6	-45.8	-36.0		-7.6

Vertical

Frequency MHz	Substitution measurements			Site Factor ⁴	EUT measurements			eirp Limit dBm	erp Limit dBm	Margin dB
	Pin ¹	Gain ²	FS ³		FS ⁵	eirp (dBm)	erp (dBm)			
9970.000	-17.7	12.8	92.6	97.6	59.6	-38.0	-40.2	-36.0		-2.0
9970.000	-17.7	12.8	92.6	97.6	58.3	-39.3	-41.5	-36.0		-3.3
9970.000	-17.7	12.8	92.6	97.6	59.0	-38.6	-40.8	-36.0		-2.6

Note 1: Pin is the input power (dBm) to the substitution antenna

Note 2: Gain is the gain (dBi) for the substitution antenna. A dipole has a gain of 2.2dBi.

Note 3: FS is the field strength (dBuV/m) measured from the substitution antenna.

Note 4: Site Factor - this is the site factor to convert from a field strength in dBuV/m to an eirp in dBm.

Note 5: EUT field strength as measured during initial run.



EMC Test Data

Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	N/A

Run #2: Radiated Spurious Emissions, Transmit Mode: Final Field Strength and Substitution Measurements

Frequency = 4950 MHz (5MHz)

Frequency MHz	Level dB μ V/m	Pol v/h	FCC 90 ^{Note 1}		Detector Pk/QP/Avg	Azimuth degrees	Height meters	Comments
			Limit	Margin				
9970.000	54.2	v	59.2	-5.1	Avg	-	-	
9970.000	53.4	h	59.2	-5.8	Avg	-	-	
14055.00	37.0	v	59.2	-22.2	Avg	-	-	
14055.00	38.0	h	59.2	-21.2	Avg	-	-	

Frequency = 4950 MHz (10MHz)

9970.000	55.0	v	59.2	-4.2	Avg	-	-	
9970.000	48.5	h	59.2	-10.7	Avg	-	-	
14055.00	36.0	v	59.2	-23.2	Avg	-	-	
14055.00	37.8	h	59.2	-21.4	Avg	-	-	

Frequency = 4950 MHz (20MHz)

9970.000	59.3	v	59.2	0.1	Avg	-	-	
9970.000	48.4	h	59.2	-10.8	Avg	-	-	
14055.00	35.0	v	59.2	-24.2	Avg	-	-	
14055.00	36.7	h	59.2	-22.5	Avg	-	-	

Note 1: The field strength limit in the tables above was calculated from the erp/eirp limit detailed in the standard using the free space propagation equation: $E = (30PG)/d$. This limit is conservative - it does not consider the presence of the ground plane and, for erp limits, the dipole gain (2.2dBi) has not been included. The erp or eirp for all signals with less than 10dB of margin relative to this field strength limit is determined using substitution measurements.



EMC Test Data

Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	N/A

Horizontal

Frequency MHz	Substitution measurements			Site Factor ⁴	EUT measurements			eirp Limit dBm	erp Limit dBm	Margin dB
	Pin ¹	Gain ²	FS ³		FS ⁵	eirp (dBm)	erp (dBm)			
9970.000	-17.7	12.8	92.0	97.0	54.3	-42.7	-44.9	-36.0		-6.7
9970.000	-17.7	12.8	92.0	97.0	48.5	-48.5	-50.7	-36.0		-12.5
9970.000	-17.7	12.8	92.0	97.0	48.4	-48.6	-50.8	-36.0		-12.6

Vertical

Frequency MHz	Substitution measurements			Site Factor ⁴	EUT measurements			eirp Limit dBm	erp Limit dBm	Margin dB
	Pin ¹	Gain ²	FS ³		FS ⁵	eirp (dBm)	erp (dBm)			
9970.000	-17.7	12.8	92.6	97.6	54.2	-43.4	-45.6	-36.0		-7.4
9970.000	-17.7	12.8	92.6	97.6	55.0	-42.6	-44.8	-36.0		-6.6
9970.000	-17.7	12.8	92.6	97.6	59.3	-38.3	-40.5	-36.0		-2.3

- Note 1: Pin is the input power (dBm) to the substitution antenna
- Note 2: Gain is the gain (dBi) for the substitution antenna. A dipole has a gain of 2.2dBi.
- Note 3: FS is the field strength (dBuV/m) measured from the substitution antenna.
- Note 4: Site Factor - this is the site factor to convert from a field strength in dBuV/m to an eirp in dBm.
- Note 5: EUT field strength as measured during initial run.



EMC Test Data

Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	Radio

OCCUPIED BANDWITDH (EMISSION MASK)

Test Specifics

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 5/5/2005	Config. Used: 1
Test Engineer: Juan Martinez	Config Change: None
Test Location: SVOATS# 2	EUT Voltage: 120V/60Hz

General Test Configuration

Connected the radios antenna port directly to the spetrum analyzer. Used external attenuation to protect the analyzer input. Any losses were included into the measurements.

Ambient Conditions:	Temperature:	18 °C
	Rel. Humidity:	45 %

Summary of Results

Run #	Test Performed	Limit	Result	Comment
1	Occupied Bandwith	FCC 90.210 (Mask L)	Pass	Refer to plots

Modifications Made During Testing:

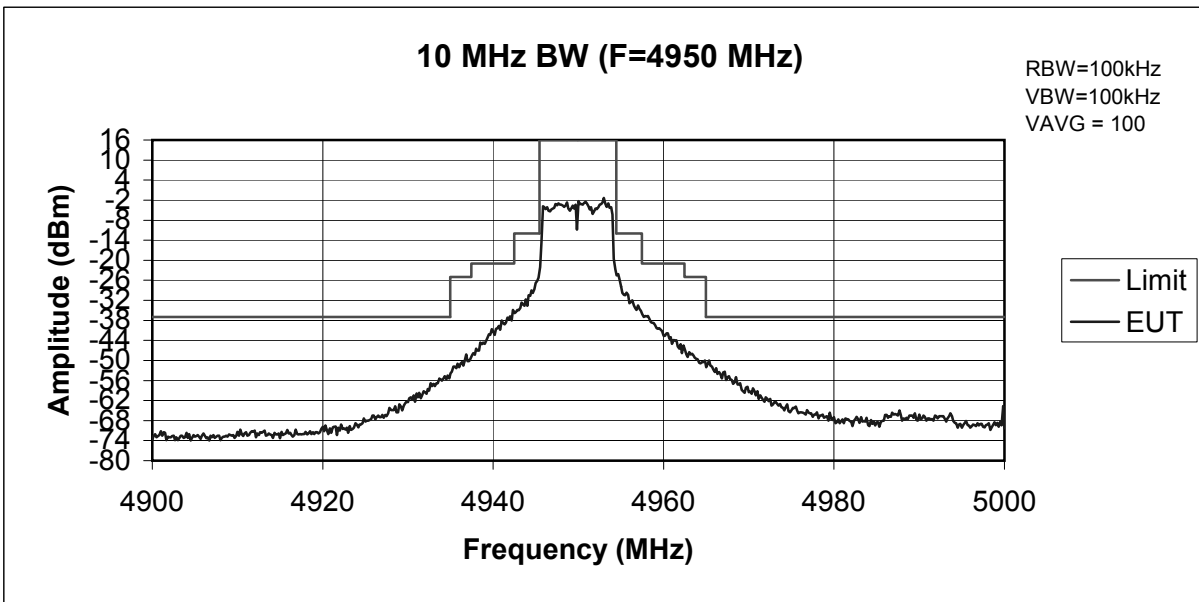
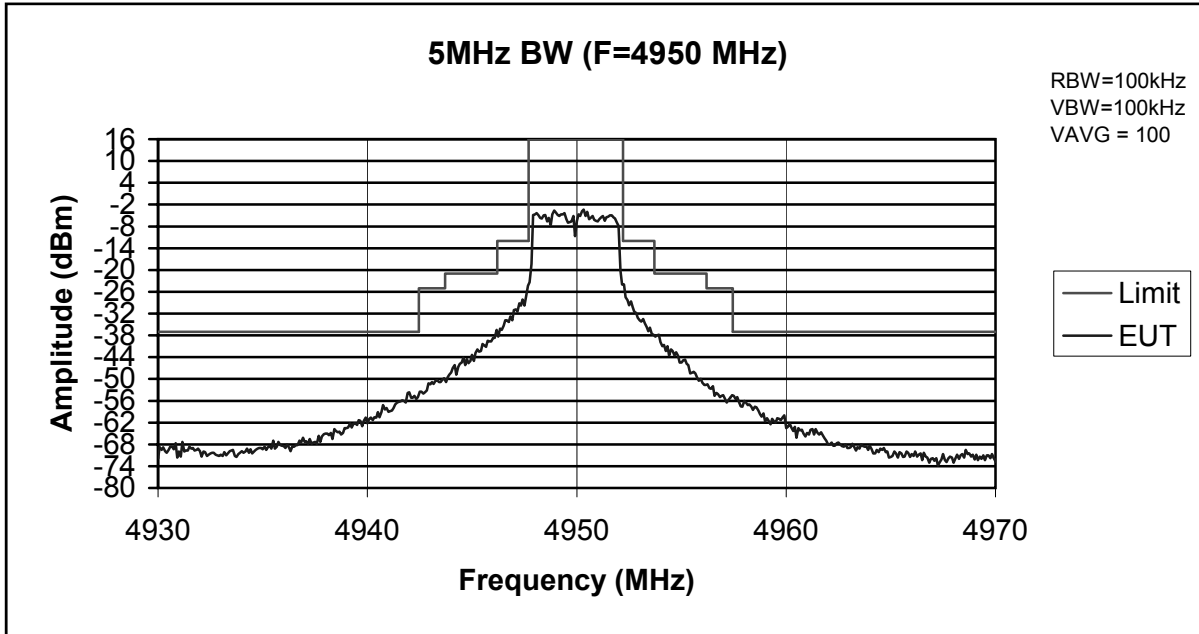
No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.

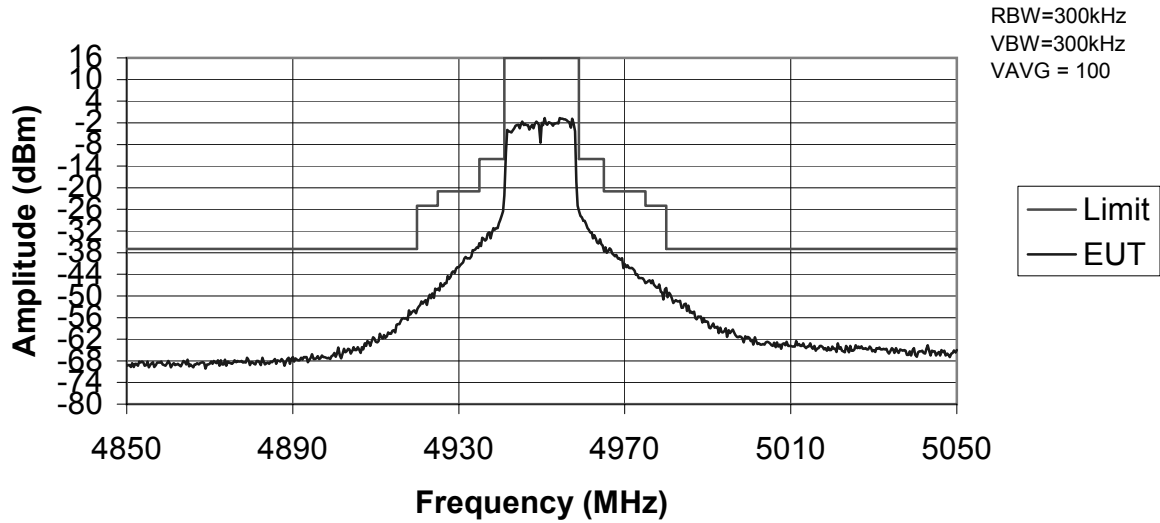
Client: Cisco Systems	Job Number: J59447
Model: U58H068	T-Log Number: T59447
Contact: Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager: Susan Pelzl
Spec: FCC part 90	Class: Radio

Run #1: Emission Mask Plots

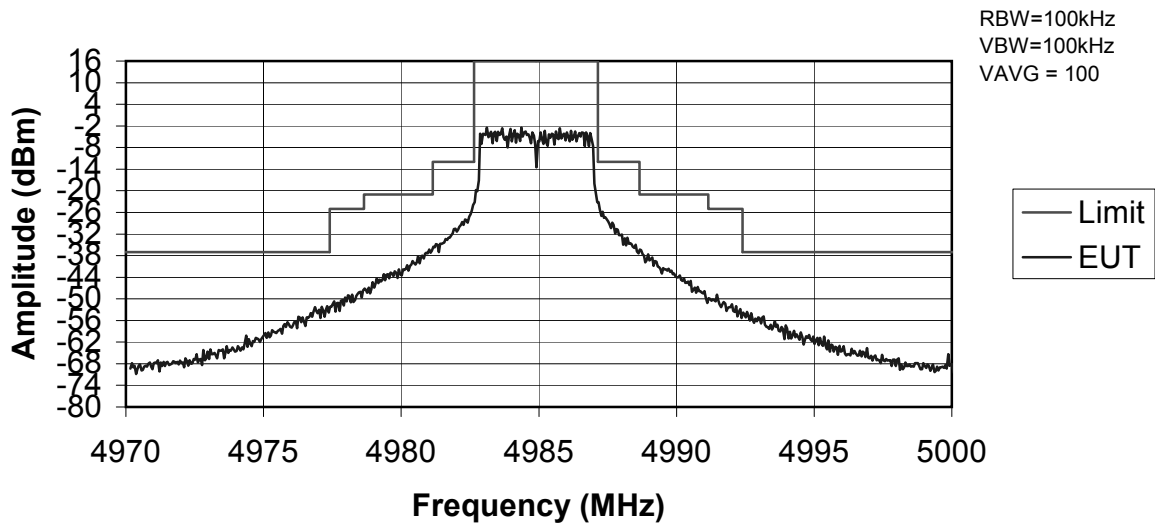


Client: Cisco Systems	Job Number: J59447
Model: U58H068	T-Log Number: T59447
Contact: Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager: Susan Pelzl
Spec: FCC part 90	Class: Radio

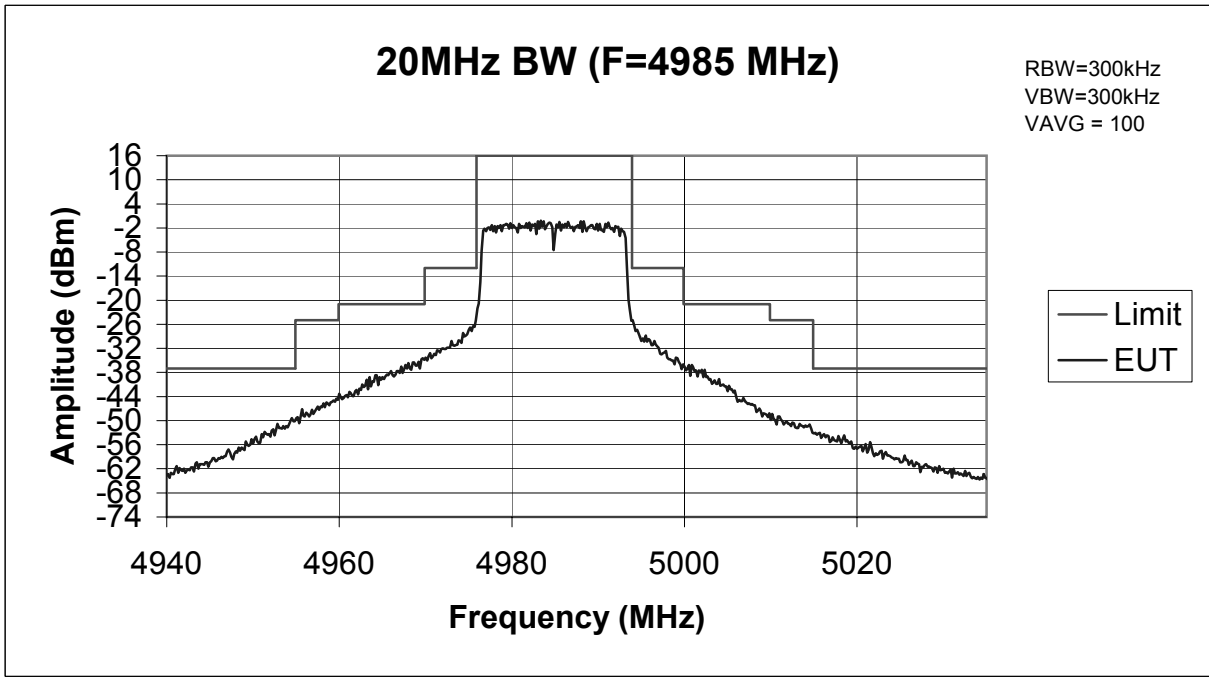
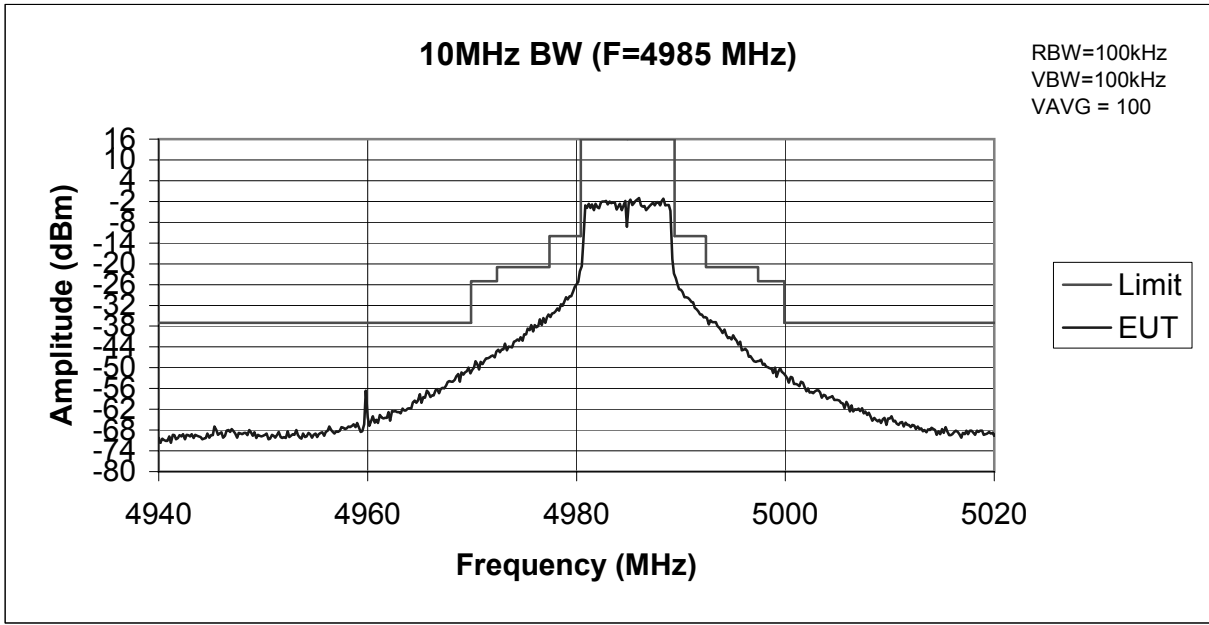
20 MHz BW (F= 4950 MHz)



5MHz BW (F=4985 MHz)



Client: Cisco Systems	Job Number: J59447
Model: U58H068	T-Log Number: T59447
Contact: Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager: Susan Pelzl
Spec: FCC part 90	Class: Radio





EMC Test Data

Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
		Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell		
Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	Radio

Antenna Conducted Emissions

Test Specifics

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 4/19/2005	Config. Used: 1
Test Engineer: Juan Martinez	Config Change: None
Test Location: SVOATS #2	EUT Voltage: 120V/60Hz

General Test Configuration

Connected the radios antenna port directly to the spectrum analyzer. Used external attenuation to protect the analyzer input. Any losses were included into the measurements.

For the out of band measurements the limit is based on the following: 17dBm (Average Power) and Per 90.210 (L)(4) 53 dB attenuation. Per this emissions must be below 17 dBm - 53 dB = **-36 dBm**.

Ambient Conditions: Temperature: 18 °C
 Rel. Humidity: 45 %

Summary of Results

Run #	Test Performed	Limit	Result	Margin
1	Power Output	Part 90	Pass	Refer to plots
2	PSD	Part 90	Pass	Refer to plots
3	Out of Band	Part 90	Pass	Refer to plots

Modifications Made During Testing:

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.



EMC Test Data

Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	Radio

Run #1: Power Output

Max Hold, sample detector, power = 19.78dBm (FRAME mode)

Spectrum Analyzer Settings

CF: 4985.0MHz
SPAN: 25.0MHz
RB 1.0MHz
VB 3.0MHz
Detector Sample
Att 40
RL Offset 3.00
Sweep Time 50.0ms
Ref Lvl: 33.00DBM

Max held trace over 100 sweeps

Highest PSD

10.50 dBm/1.0MHz

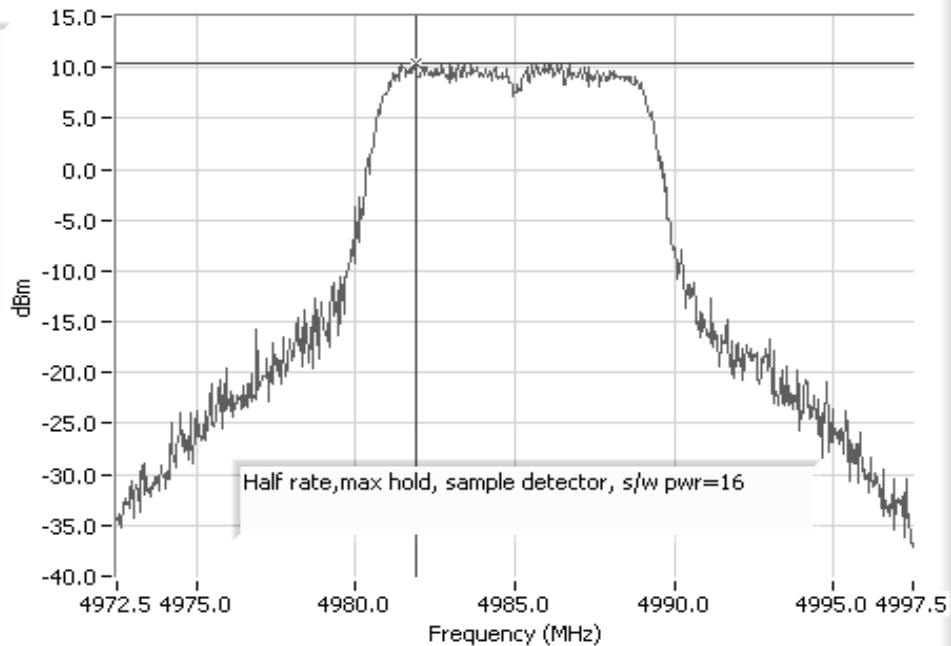
99% Bandwidth (MHz)

5.00

Power Over Span

94.968 mW

19.78 dBm





EMC Test Data

Client: Cisco Systems	Job Number: J59447
Model: U58H068	T-Log Number: T59447
Contact: Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager: Susan Pelzl
Spec: FCC part 90	Class: Radio

Spectrum Analyzer Settings

CF: 4950.0MHz
SPAN: 100.0MHz
RB 1.0MHz
VB 3.0MHz
Detector Sample
Att 30
RL Offset 3.00
Sweep Time 50.0ms
Ref Lvl: 23.00DBM

Max held trace over 73 sweeps

Highest PSD

11.83 dBm/1.0MHz

99% Bandwidth (MHz)

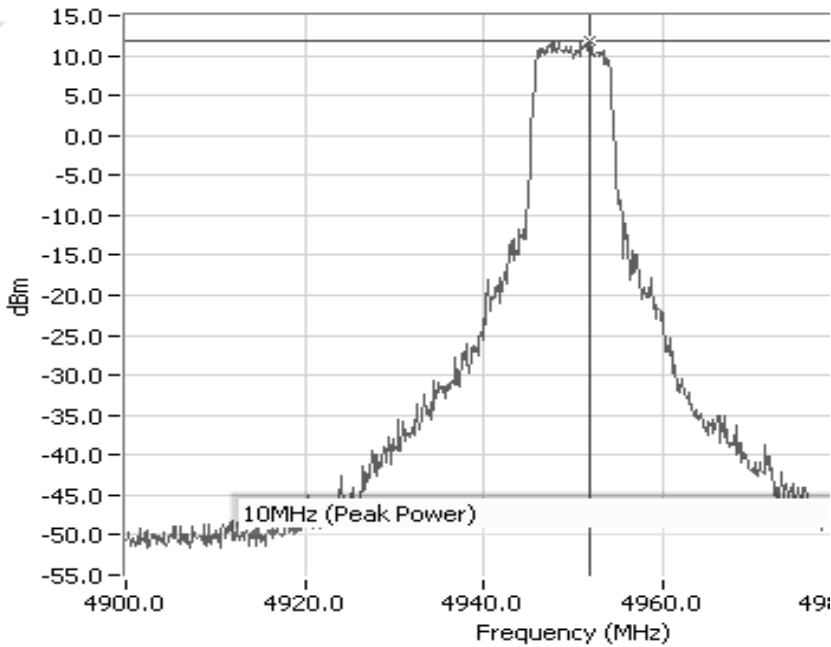
10.00

Power Over Span

.19.412 mW

20.77 dBm

Close Window



Copy the screen the clipboard using Alt-Prnt Scrn

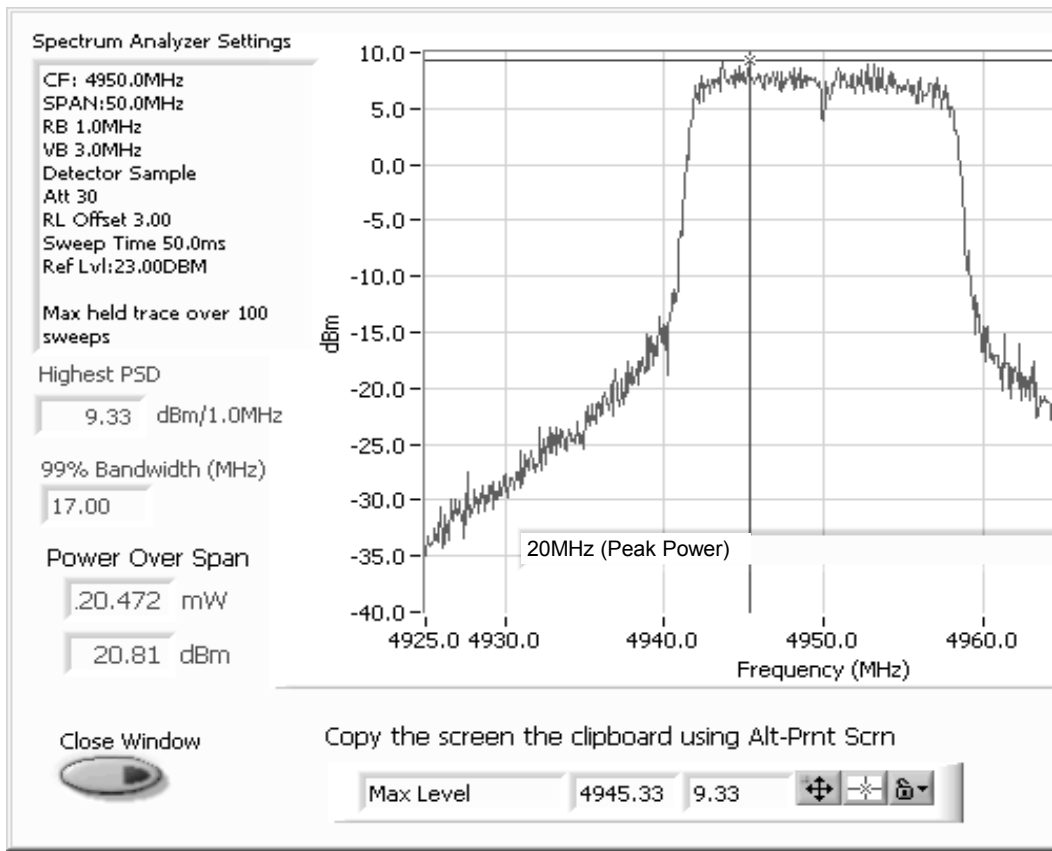
Max Level

4951.83

11.83



Client: Cisco Systems	Job Number: J59447
Model: U58H068	T-Log Number: T59447
Contact: Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager: Susan Pelzl
Spec: FCC part 90	Class: Radio

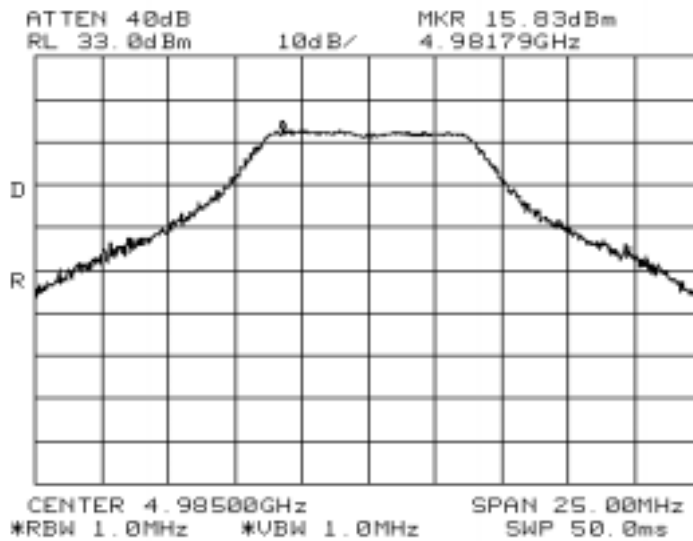


Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Peak Power (dBm)	Bandwidth (MHz)
4950.0	17	-	5.0
4950.0	17	20.8	10.0
4950.0	17	20.8	20.0
4985.0	17	19.8	5.0
4985.0	17	-	10.0
4985.0	17	-	20.0

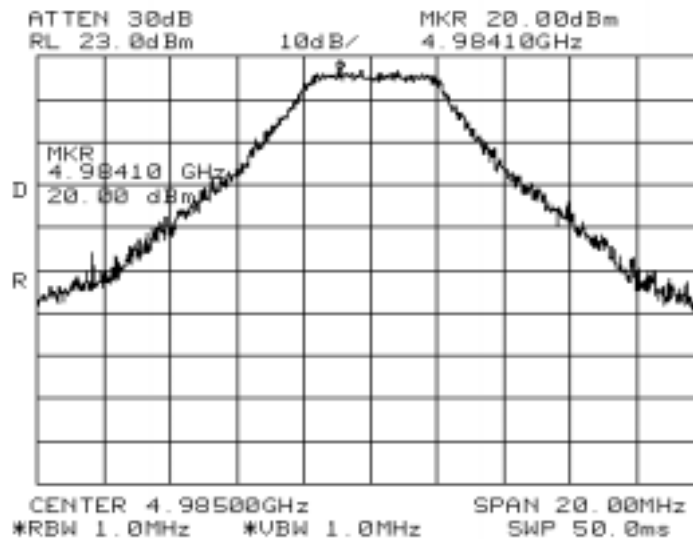
Client: Cisco Systems	Job Number: J59447
Model: U58H068	T-Log Number: T59447
Contact: Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager: Susan Pelzl
Spec: FCC part 90	Class: Radio

Run #2: Power spectral density

10MHz (4985 MHz)



5MHz (4985 MHz)

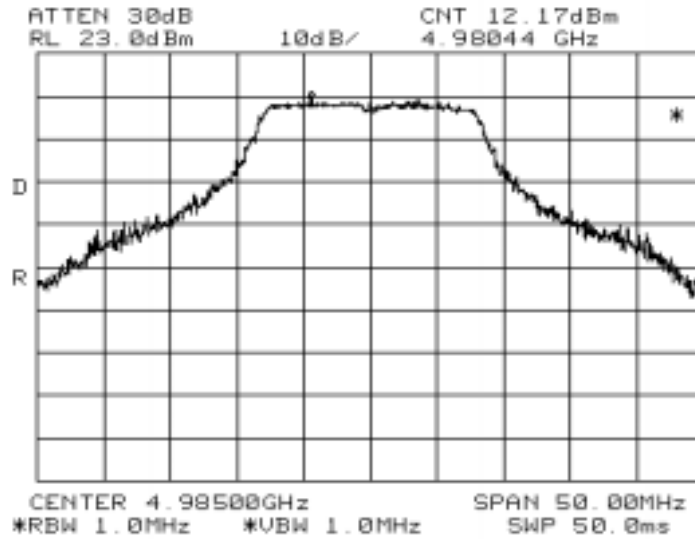




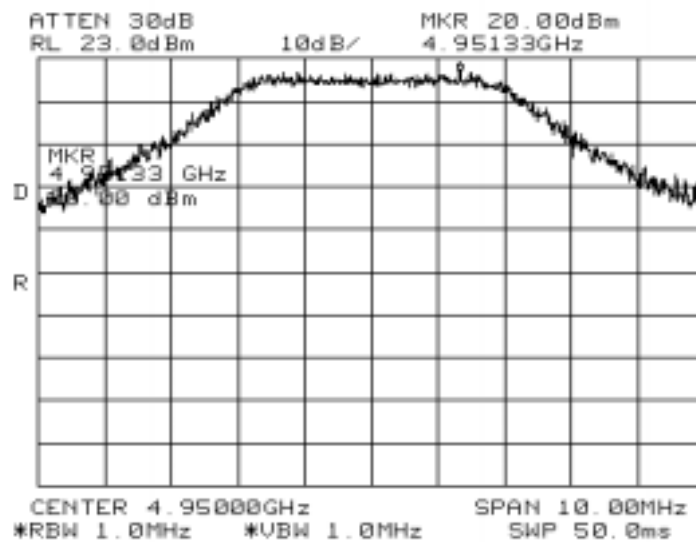
EMC Test Data

Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	Radio

20MHz (4985 MHz)

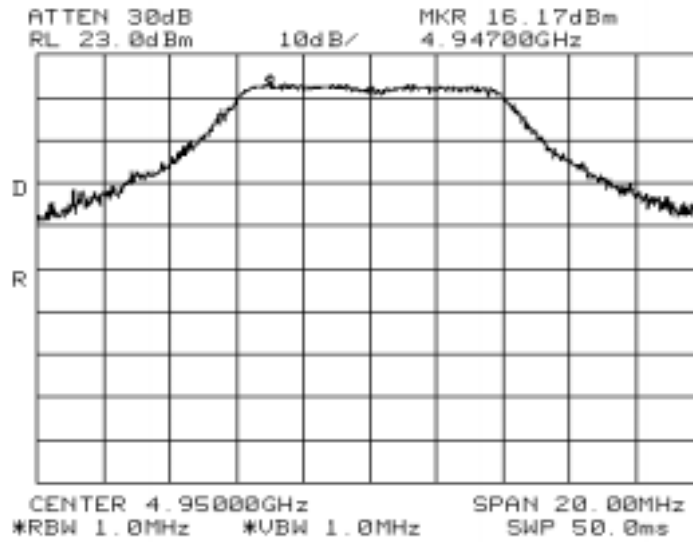


5MHz (4950 Mhz)

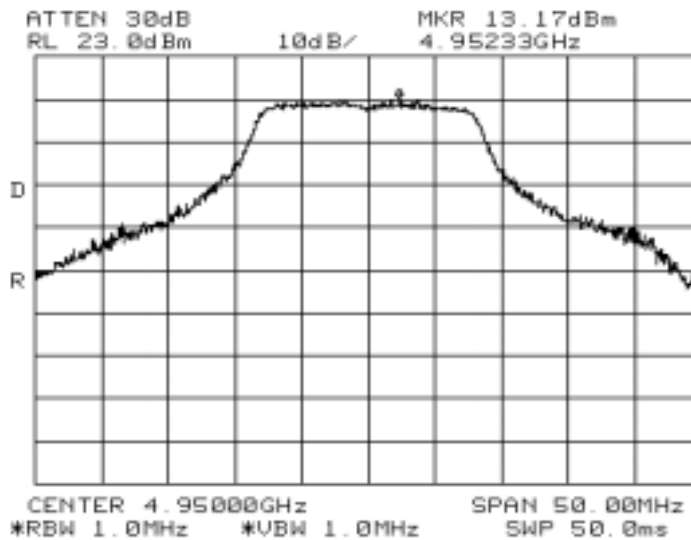


Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	Radio

10MHz (4950 MHz)



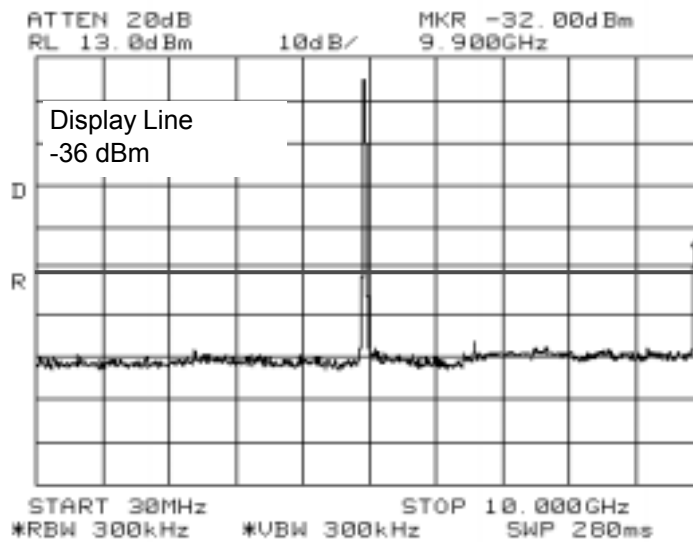
20MHz (4950 MHz)



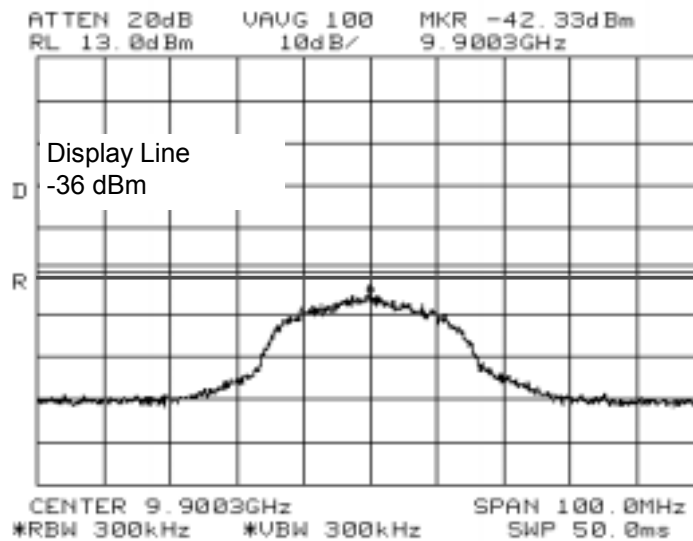
Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	Radio

Run #3: Out of Band

20MHz out of band



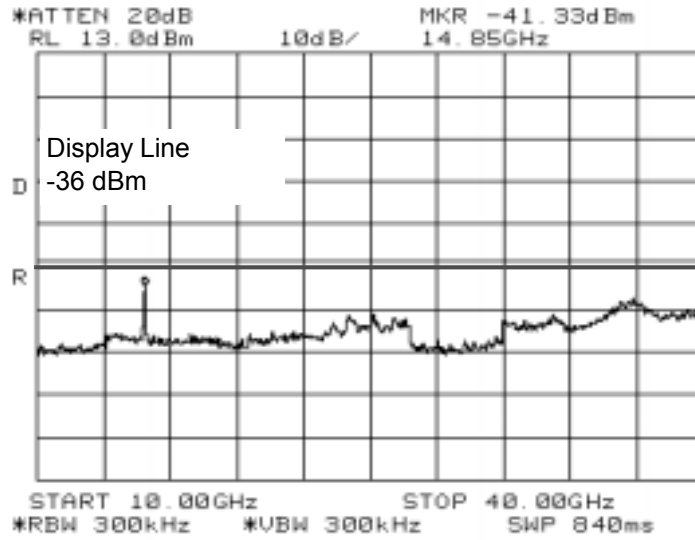
Plot below is based with a Video Average (Sample Detector) set to 100 Sweeps (This is to show non-compliant 2nd harmonic from above plot to be in compliance when using average.)





EMC Test Data

Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	Radio

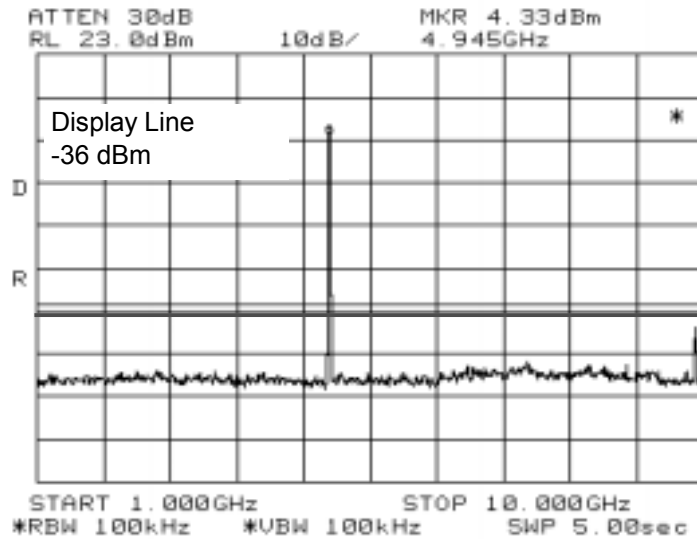
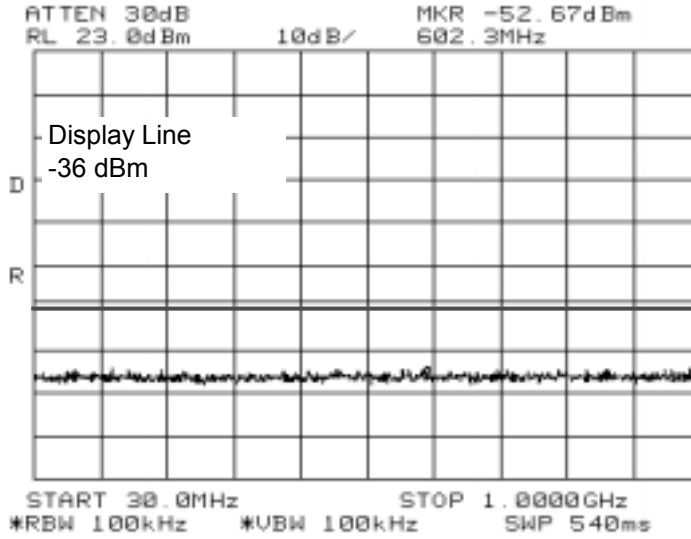




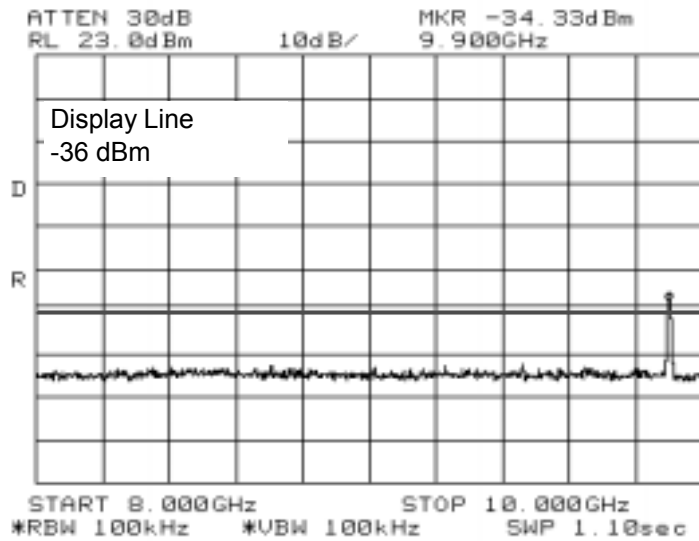
EMC Test Data

Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	Radio

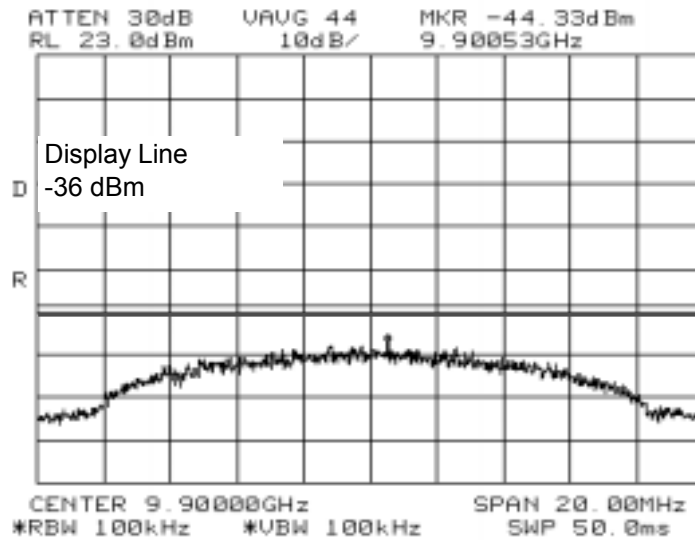
10MHz out of band



Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	Radio



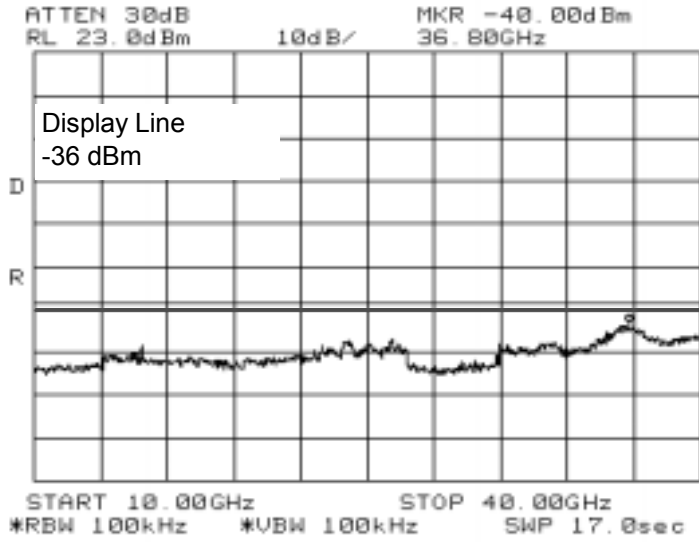
Plot below is based with a Video Average (Sample Detector) set to 100 Sweeps (This is to show non-compliant 2nd harmonic from above plot to be in compliance when using average.)





EMC Test Data

Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	Radio

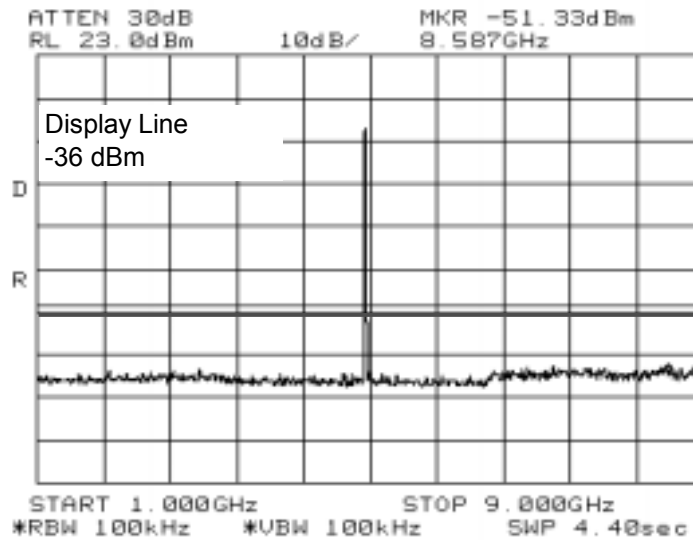
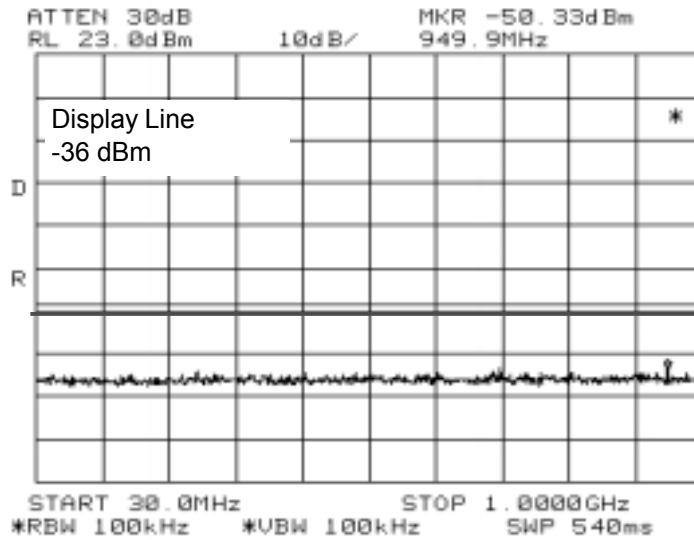




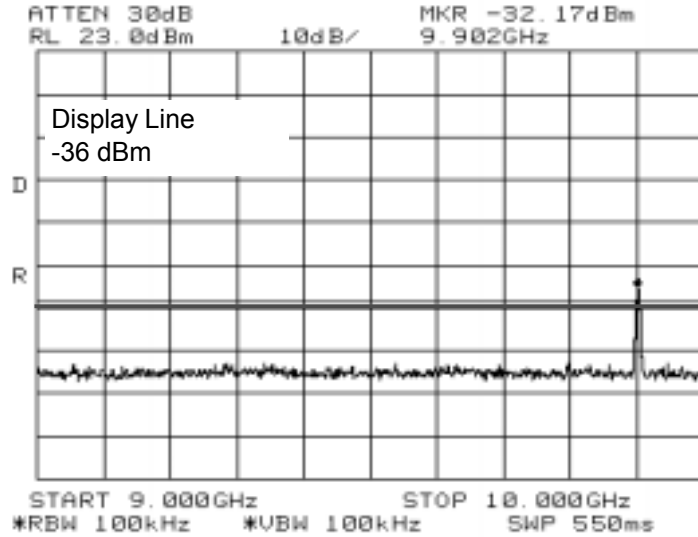
EMC Test Data

Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	Radio

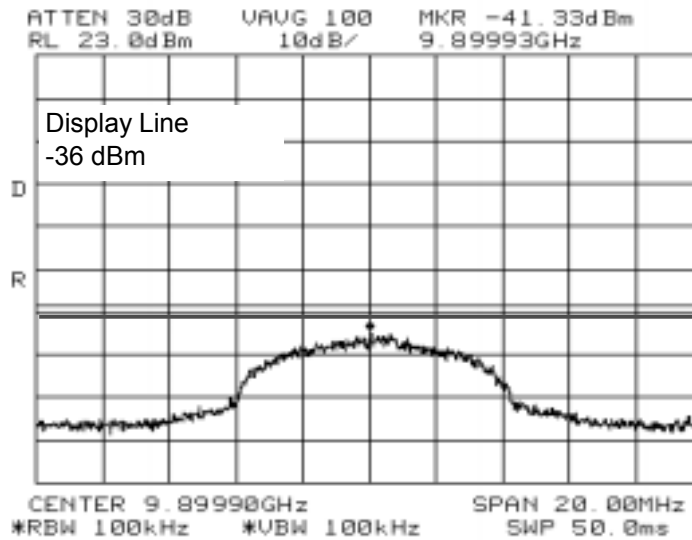
5MHz out of band



Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	Radio



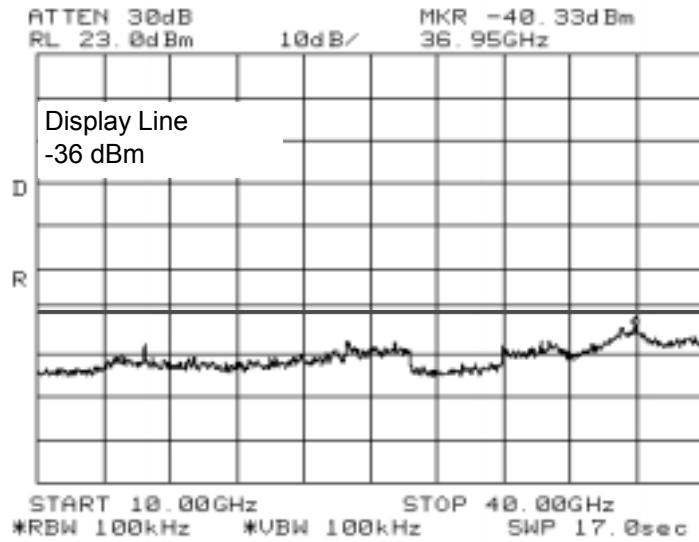
Plot below is based with a Video Average (Sample Detector) set to 100 Sweeps (This is to show non-compliant 2nd harmonic from above plot to be in compliance when using average.)





EMC Test Data

Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	Radio





EMC Test Data

Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	Radio

Radio Performance Test - Part 90 Frequency Stability

Test Specifics

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 4/20/2005	Config. Used: 1
Test Engineer: Juan Martinez	Config Change: None
Test Location: Environmental Chamber	EUT Voltage: 3.3Vdc

General Test Configuration

The EUT's rf port was connected to the measurement instrument's rf port, via an attenuator or dc-block if necessary. EUT was place inside an environmental chamber.

Summary of Results

Run #	Test Performed	Limit	Result	Value / Margin
1-2	Frequency and Voltage Stability	Part 90	Pass	Refer to individual runs

Modifications Made During Testing:

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.



EMC Test Data

Client:	Cisco Systems	Job Number:	J59447
Model:	U58H068	T-Log Number:	T59447
Contact:	Fred Leffingwell	Account Manager:	Susan Pelzl
Spec:	FCC part 90	Class:	Radio

Run #1: Temperature Vs. Frequency

Drift	Freq.	Limit
(ppm)	(MHz)	(Hz)
N/A		

Temperature	Reference Frequency	Frequency Drift	Drift	Limit
(Celsius)	(MHz)	(MHz)	(Hz)	(Hz)
-30	4950.000000	4949.999967	-33	0.0
-20	4950.000000	4949.999954	-46	0.0
-10	4950.000000	4949.999998	-2	0.0
0	4950.000000	4950.000018	18	0.0
10	4950.000000	4950.000089	89	0.0
20	4950.000000	4950.000075	75	0.0
30	4950.000000	4950.000100	100	0.0
40	4950.000000	4950.000065	65	0.0
50	4950.000000	4950.000087	87	0.0

Run #2: Voltage Vs. Frequency

Nominal Voltage is 5Vdc.

Voltage	Reference Frequency	Frequency Drift	Drift	Limit	Comment
(Dc)	(MHz)	(MHz)	(Hz)	(Hz)	
85%	4950.000000	4949.999990	-10	0.0	2.8
115%	4950.000000	4950.000015	15	0.0	3.8

Battery endpoint is 1.5 Vdc

Voltage	Reference Frequency	Frequency Drift	Drift	Limit	Comment
(Dc)	(MHz)	(MHz)	(Hz)	(Hz)	
3.3	4950.000000	4950.000034	34	0.0	Note 1

Note 1: Maximum drift of fundamental frequency before it shut down at 1.5 Vdc.

EXHIBIT 3: Test Configuration Photographs

3 Pages

EXHIBIT 4: Theory of Operation Cisco Systems Model U58H068

Theory of Operation 24 Pages
Bill of Materials 4 Pages
Tune Up Procedure 330 Pages

EXHIBIT 5: Proposed FCC ID Label & Label Location

2 Pages

EXHIBIT 6: Detailed Photographs Cisco Systems Model U58H068

External Photographs 1 Pages

Internal Photographs 3 Pages

EXHIBIT 7: Installation Guide Cisco Systems Model U58H068

56 Pages

EXHIBIT 8: Block Diagram Cisco Systems Model U58H068

1 Page

EXHIBIT 9: Schematic Diagrams Cisco Systems Model U58H068

6 Pages

EXHIBIT 10: RF Exposure Information

MPE 2 Pages
Antenna Specifications 6 Pages