

# Test Report Model: C9120AXE-(x) Cisco Catalyst C9120AX Series (x= B)

FCC ID: LDKEDAC92157

5250-5350 MHz

Against the following Specifications:

CFR47 Part 15.407



#### **Cisco Systems**

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Revision: Controlled by Doc Central

This report replaces any previously entered test report under EDCS – **18382884**. This test report has been electronically authorized and archived using the CISCO Engineering Document Control system. Test Report Template EDCS# 11644123.

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#### **Section 1: Overview**

The samples were assessed against the tests detailed in section 3 under the requirements of the following specifications:

Specifications:	
CFR47 Part 15.407	



#### Section 2: Assessment Information

#### 2.1 General

This report contains an assessment of an apparatus against Electromagnetic Compatibility Standards based upon tests carried out on the samples submitted. The testing was performed by and for the use of Cisco systems Inc:

With regard to this assessment, the following points should be noted:

- a) The results contained in this report relate only to the items tested and were obtained in the period between the date of the initial assessment and the date of issue of the report. Manufactured products will not necessarily give identical results due to production and measurement tolerances.
- b) The apparatus was set up and exercised using the configuration and modes of operation defined in this report only.
- c) Where relevant, the apparatus was only assessed using the susceptibility criteria defined in this report and the Test Assessment Plan (TAP).
- d) All testing was performed under the following environmental conditions:

Temperature 15°C to 35°C (54°F to 95°F)

Atmospheric Pressure 860mbar to 1060mbar (25.4" to 31.3")

Humidity 10% to 75\*%

e) All AC testing was performed at one or more of the following supply voltages:

110V 60 Hz (+/-20%)

#### **Units of Measurement**

The units of measurements defined in the appendices are reported in specific terms, which are test dependent. Where radiated measurements are concerned these are defined at a particular distance. Basic voltage measurements are defined in units of [dBuV]

As an example, the basic calculation for all measurements is as follows:

Emission level [dBuV] = Indicated voltage level [dBuV] + Cable Loss [dB] + Other correction factors [dB] The combinations of correction factors are dependent upon the exact test configurations [see test equipment lists for further details] and may include:-

Antenna Factors, Pre Amplifier Gain, LISN Loss, Pulse Limiter Loss and Filter Insertion Loss Note: to convert the results from dBuV/m to uV/m use the following formula:-

Level in uV/m = Common Antilogarithm [(X dBuV/m)/20] = Y uV/m



#### Measurement Uncertainty Values

voltage and power measurements	± 2 dB
conducted EIRP measurements	± 1.4 dB
radiated measurements	± 3.2 dB
frequency measurements	± 2.4 10-7
temperature measurements	± 0.54°
humidity measurements	± 2.3%
DC and low frequency measurements	± 2.5%

Where relevant measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Radiated emissions (expanded uncertainty, confidence interval 95%)

30 MHz - 300 MHz	+/- 3.8 dB
300 MHz - 1000 MHz	+/- 4.3 dB
1 GHz - 10 GHz	+/- 4.0 dB
10 GHz - 18GHz	+/- 8.2 dB
18GHz - 26.5GHz	+/- 4.1 dB
26.5GHz - 40GHz	+/- 3.9 dB

Conducted emissions (expanded uncertainty, confidence interval 95%)

A product is considered to comply with a requirement if the nominal measured value is below the limit line. The product is considered to not be in compliance in case the nominal measured value is above the limit line.

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#### 2.2 Date of testing

16-Sep-19 - 24-Sep-19

#### 2.3 Report Issue Date

10/24/2019

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#### 2.4 Testing facilities

This assessment was performed by:

#### **Testing Laboratory**

Cisco Systems, Inc. 125 West Tasman Drive (Building P) San Jose, CA 95134 USA

#### Headquarters

Cisco Systems, Inc., 170 West Tasman Drive San Jose, CA 95134, USA

#### **Registration Numbers for Industry Canada**

Cisco System Site	Address	Site Identifier	
Building P, 10m Chamber	125 West Tasman Dr	Company #: 2461N-2	
	San Jose, CA 95134		
Building P, 5m Chamber	125 West Tasman Dr	Company #: 2461N-1	
	San Jose, CA 95134		
Building 7, 5m Chamber	425 E. Tasman Drive	Company #: 2461N-3	
	San Jose, California 95134		

#### **Test Engineers**

Abhishek Upadhyay

#### 2.5 Equipment Assessed (EUT)

C9120AXE-B



#### 2.6 EUT Description

The radio supports the following modes of operation. The modes are further defined in the radio Theory of Operation. The modes included in this report represent the worst case data for all modes.

802.11a - Non HT20, One Antenna, 6 to 54 Mbps, 1ss

The following antennas are supported by this product series.

The data included in this report represent the worst case data for all antennas.

Eroguanav	Part Number	Antonna Tuna	Antenna Gain
Frequency	Part Number	Antenna Type	(dBi)
		-E SKU	
2.4GHz&5GHz		2.4 GHz 2 dBi/5 GHz 4 dBi Dipole Ant.,	2dBi@2.4GHz
	AIR-ANT2524DB-R/=	Black, connectors RP-TNC	4dBi@5GHz
2.4GHz&5GHz		2.4 GHz 2 dBi/5 GHz 4 dBi Dipole Ant.,	2dBi@2.4GHz
	AIR-ANT2524DG-R/=	Gray, connectors RP-TNC	4dBi@5GHz
2.4GHz&5GHz		2.4 GHz 2 dBi/5 GHz 4 dBi Dipole Ant.,	2dBi@2.4GHz
	AIR-ANT2524DW-R/=	White, connectors RP-TNC	4dBi@5GHz
2.4GHz&5GHz		2.4 GHz 3dBi/5 GHz 5 dBi Low Profile	3dBi@2.4GHz
	AIR-ANT2535SDW-R	Antenna, White, connectors RP-TNC	5dBi@5GHz
2.4GHz&5GHz		2.4 GHz 6 dBi/5 GHz 6 dBi Directionnel	6dBi@2.4GHz
	AIR-ANT2566P4W-R=	Ant., 4-port, connectors RP-TNC	6dBi@5GHz
2.4GHz&5GHz		2.4GHz 2 dBi/5GHz 4 dBi Ceiling Mount	2dBi@2.4GHz
	AIR-ANT2524V4C-R=	Omni Ant., 4-port, connectors RP-TNC	4dBi@5GHz
2.4GHz&5GHz		2.4GHz 4 dBi/5GHz 4 dBi Wall Mount	4dBi@2.4GHz
	AIR-ANT2544V4M-R=	Omni Ant., 4-port, connectors RP-TNC	4dBi@5GHz
2.4GHz&5GHz		2.4 GHz 6 dBi/5 GHz 6 dBi 60 Deg. Patch	6dBi@2.4GHz
	AIR-ANT2566D4M-R=	Ant., 4-port, RP-TNC	6dBi@5GHz
		-P SKU	
3.4611-0.5611		2.4 GHz 13 dBi/5 GHz 13 dBi Patch Ant.,	13dBi@2.4GHz
2.4GHz&5GHz	AIR-ANT2513P4M-N=	4-port, N Type	13dBi@5GHz



#### **Section 3: Result Summary**

#### 3.1 Results Summary Table

#### **Conducted emissions**

Basic Standard	Technical Requirements / Details	Result
FCC 15.407	99% & 26 dB Bandwidth:  The 99% occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. There is no limit for 99% OBW.	Pass
	The 26 dB emission is the width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 26 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.	
FCC 15.407	Output Power: For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz.  If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.	Pass
FCC 15.407	Power Spectral Density  The maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.	Pass
FCC 15.407	Conducted Spurious Emissions / Band-Edge: 2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.	Pass
FCC 15.407 FCC 15.205 FCC 15.209	Restricted band: Unwanted emissions must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209.	Pass



Radiated Emissions (General requirements)

Basic Standard	Technical Requirements / Details	Result
FCC 15.407 FCC 15.205 FCC 15.209	TX Spurious Emissions:  Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the field strength limits table in this section.	Not covered in this report
FCC 15.207	AC conducted Emissions: U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in §15.207.	Not covered in this report



#### **Section 4: Sample Details**

Note: Each sample was evaluated to ensure that its condition was suitable to be used as a test sample prior to the commencement of testing.

#### 4.1 Sample Details

Sample No.	Equipment Details	Manufacturer	Hardware Rev.	Firmware Rev.	Software Rev.	Serial Number
S01	C9120AXE-B	Cisco Systems	P2-2	1268.14948 .r14702 14702	cheetah-build6:/s an2/BUILD/work space/Nightly-Ch eetah-axel-bcm- mfg-c8_10_thrott le Rev Compiled Fri Sep 6 08:06:05 PDT 2019	FOC23302F0Q

#### 4.2 System Details

System #	Description	Samples
1	C9120AXE-B	S01

#### 4.3 Mode of Operation Details

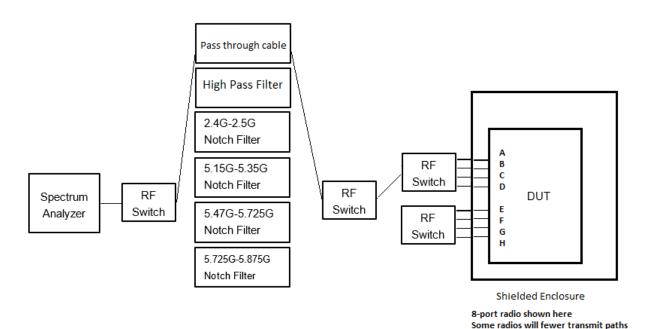
Mode#	Description	Comments		
		Continuously Transmitting, 96.7% duty cycle		
1	Continuous Transmitting, RF conducted measurements	Cisco AP Software, (ap1g7), [cheetah-build6:/san2/BUILD/workspace/Nightly-Cheetah-axel-bcm-mfg-c8_10_throttle]		
		Compiled Fri Sep 6 08:06:05 PDT 2019		

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#### **Appendix A: Emission Test Results**

#### Conducted Test Setup Diagram



# **Target Maximum Channel Power**

The following table details the maximum supported Total Channel Power for all operating modes

#### Antenna internal gain= 4dBi, 5dBi and 6dBi

	Maximum Channel Power (dBm)		
	Frequency (MHz)		
Operating Mode	5260 5300 5320		5320
Antenna internal gain= 6dBi			
Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	12 13 11		
Antenna internal gain= 5dBi			
Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	12	13	13
Antenna internal gain= 4dBi			
Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	12	13	13



# A.1 Duty Cycle

#### **Duty Cycle Test Requirement**

From KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01

#### B. Duty Cycle (x), Transmission Duration (T), and Maximum Power Control Level

1. All measurements are to be performed with the EUT transmitting at 100 percent duty cycle at its maximum power control level; however, if 100 percent duty cycle cannot be achieved, measurements of duty cycle, x, and maximum-power transmission duration, *T*, are required for each tested mode of operation.

#### **Duty Cycle Test Method**

From KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01:

#### B. Duty Cycle (x), Transmission Duration (T), and Maximum Power Control Level

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver, if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal. Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. Set RBW  $\geq$  EBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set VBW  $\geq$  RBW. Set detector = peak or average. The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T, where T is defined in section II.B.1.a), and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T  $\leq$  16.7 microseconds.)

#### **Duty Cycle Test Information**

Tested By :	Date of testing:
Abhishek Upadhyay	16-Sep-19 - 24-Sep-19
Test Result : PASS	

#### **Test Equipment**

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
	EUT	S01	<b>&gt;</b>	
1	Support	NA		<b>✓</b>

#### **Duty Cycle Data Table**

Duty Cycle table and screen captures are shown below for power/psd modes.

Antenna internal gain= 4dBi, 5dBi and 6dBi

					Correction
		On-time	Total Time	Duty	Factor
Mode	Data Rate	(ms)	(ms)	Cycle (%)	(dB)
NonHT20	6Mbps	0.293	0.302	96.7	0.15

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Duty Cycle Data Screenshots (Antenna internal gain= 4dBi, 5dBi and 6dBi) Frequency Avg Type: Log-Pwr Avg|Hold: 1/1 Center Freq 5.500000000 GHz Trig: Free Run PNO: Fast IFGain:Low #Atten: 22 dB **Auto Tune** Mkr4 225.0 µs -17.981 dBm 10 dB/div Log Ref 5.00 dBm Center Freq 5.500000000 GHz Start Freq 5.500000000 GHz Stop Freq 5.500000000 GHz Span 0 Hz Sweep 1.000 ms (1001 pts) CF Step Center 5.500000000 GHz Res BW 3.0 MHz **#VBW 100 kHz** 3.000000 MHz <u>Auto</u> Man FUNCTION FUNCTION WIDTH FUNCTION VALUE -26.796 dBm -23.265 dBm -12.165 dBm -17.981 dBm 527.0 µs 215.0 µs 225.0 µs Freq Offset 0 Hz 10

96.70, 0.15

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#### A.2 99% and 26dB Bandwidth

#### 99% and 26dB Bandwidth Test Requirement

There is no requirement for the value of bandwidth. However, the 26dB BW (EBW) is used to calculate the power limits in 15.407 (a) (2). Power measurements are made using the 99% Bandwidth as the integration bandwidth.

**Band-crossing emissions:** For an emission that crosses the boundary between two adjacent U-NII bands, the boundary frequency between the bands serves as one edge for defining the portion of the EBW that falls within a particular U-NII band. However, the -26 dB points are measured relative to the highest point on the contiguous segment—regardless of which band contains that highest point (Figure 4).

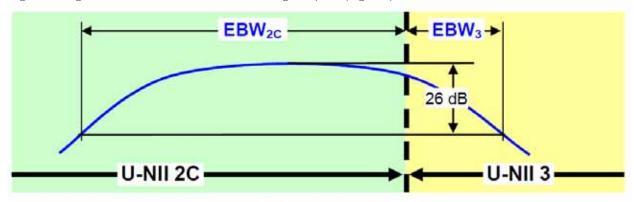


Figure 3. Emission Bandwidth (EBW) within a Band for Band-Crossing Signals

#### 99% and 26dB Bandwidth Test Procedure

#### Ref. KDB 789033 Section D. 99 Percent Occupied Bandwidth ANSI C63.10: 2013 Section 6.9.3 KDB 662911

#### 99% BW

**Test Parameters** 

- 1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
- 2. Set span = 1.5 times to 5.0 times the OBW.
- 3. Set RBW = 1 % to 5 % of the OBW
- 4. Set VBW ≥ 3 · RBW
- 5. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- 6. Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available).

#### Ref KDB 789033 in Section C. Measurement Bandwidth, Section 1

#### **26 BW**

Test parameters

X dB BW = -26dB (using the OBW function of the spectrum analyzer)

Emission Bandwidth (EBW)

- a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
- b) Set the VBW > RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.

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- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.

Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
4	EUT	S01	<b>&gt;</b>	
1	Support	NA		<b>✓</b>

Tested By :	Date of testing:
Abhishek Upadhyay	16-Sep-19 - 24-Sep-19
Test Result : PASS	

#### **Test Equipment**

See Appendix C for list of test equipment



# Antenna internal gain= 4dBi, 5dBi and 6dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	26dB BW (MHz)	99% BW (MHz)
5260	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	25.2	16.676
5300	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	24.7	16.631
5320	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	21.6	16.559



26dB / 99% Bandwidth, 5300 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps(Antenna internal gain= 4dBi, 5dBi and 6dBi)





# A.3 Maximum Conducted Output Power

**15.407 (2)** For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. ... If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

**15.407** (5) The maximum power spectral density is measured as a conducted emission by direct connection of a calibrated test instrument to the equipment under test. If the device cannot be connected directly, alternative techniques acceptable to the Commission may be used. Measurements in the 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and the 5.47-5.725 GHz bands are made over a bandwidth of 1 MHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less. A narrower resolution bandwidth can be used, provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth.

Referencing "644545 D03 Guidance for IEEE 802.11ac v01", covering signals that cross the boundary between two adjacent UNII bands, the FCC describes a procedure to measure EBW, power, and PSD in each UNII band. For the case of a 160MHz signal equally distributed between UNII-1 and UNII-2a, we apply the following alternate procedure. Rather than measure:

- The half of the signal in UNII-1, measured against the 30dBm power / 17dBm/MHz PSD limits
- The half of the signal in UNII-2a, measured against the 24dBm power / 11dBm/MHz PSD limits

If a 160MHz signal (equally distributed between the two bands) produces a total power of 27dBm across the entire 160 MHz EBW, the total power in each band would be half of the total, or 24dBm (which meets both the UNII-1 and UNII-2a limits), and would have a PSD no greater than 11dBm/MHz in either sub-band.

Given these facts, we have measured the complete 160 MHz EBW (across both sub-bands) against 27dBm power and 11dBm/MHz PSD limits, rather than individual sub-band measurements against the individual sub-band limits."

#### **Maximum Conducted Output Power Test Procedure**

#### Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 ANSI C63.10: 2013

#### **Maximum Conducted Output Power**

Test Procedure

- 1. Set the radio in the continuous transmitting mode at full power
- 2. Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or alternatively entire 99% OBW) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function. The integration shall be performed using the spectrum analyzer band-power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW or the OBW band edges.
- 3. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

#### Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01

2. Measurement using a Spectrum Analyzer or EMI Receiver (SA), (d) Method SA-2

#### **Maximum Conducted Output Power**

Test parameters

Method SA-2 (trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions, followed by duty cycle correction).

- (i) Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section II.B.
- (ii) Set span to encompass the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- (iii) Set RBW = 1 MHz.
- (iv) Set VBW  $\geq$  3 MHz.
- (v) Number of points in sweep  $\geq 2$  Span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is  $\leq$  RBW/2, so that narrowband

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signals are not lost between frequency bins.)

- (vi) Sweep time = auto.
- (vii) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
- (viii) Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run".
- (ix) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode; however, the number of traces to be averaged shall be increased above 100 as needed to ensure that the average accurately represents the true average over the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- (x) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth)

The "measure-and-sum technique" is used for measuring in-band transmit power of a device. In the measure-and-sum approach, the conducted emission level is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in linear power units. ANSI C63.10 section 14.3.2.2

Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
4	EUT	S01	<b>&gt;</b>	
1	Support	NA		<b>\</b>

Tested By :	Date of testing:	
Abhishek Upadhyay	16-Sep-19 - 24-Sep-19	
Test Result : PASS		

#### **Test Equipment**

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

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Maximum Output Power (Antenna internal gain= 6dBi)

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Max Power (dBm)	Duty cycle correction (dBm)	Total Tx Channel Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5260	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	12.0	0.2	12.2	24.0	11.9
5300	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	12.5	0.2	12.7	24.0	11.4
5320	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	11.0	0.2	11.2	24.0	12.9



#### Maximum Transmit Output Power, 5300 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps(Antenna internal gain= 6dBi)



Antenna A



Maximum Output Power(Antenna internal gain= 5dBi)

Hz)			na		tion			
cy (M			d Anten )	Power	e correc	thannel 3m)	(u	В)
Frequency (MHz)		Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Max Power (dBm)	Duty cycle correction (dBm)	Total Tx Channel Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Ē	Mode	ř	ပိ ဗိ	Υ Þ	Di (d	To Pc	Ë	Ĕ
5260								
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	12.0	0.2	12.2	24.0	11.8
5300								
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	12.5	0.2	12.7	24.0	11.3
5320	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	12.6	0.2	12.8	24.0	11.2



#### <u>Maximum Transmit Output Power, 5320 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps(Antenna internal gain= 5dBi)</u>



Antenna A



Maximum Output Power(Antenna internal gain= 4dBi)

Frequency (MHz)	·	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Max Power (dBm)	Duty cycle correction (dBm)	Total Tx Channel Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Fre	Mode	Tx F	Cor	Tx 1 M (dBm)	Duty c	Tota Pow	Lim	Mar
5260	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	4	12.0	0.2	12.2	24.0	11.8
5300	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	4	12.5	0.2	12.7	24.0	11.3
5320	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	4	12.6	0.2	12.8	24.0	11.2



#### <u>Maximum Transmit Output Power, 5320 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps(Antenna internal gain= 4dBi)</u>



Antenna A



## A.4 Power Spectral Density

#### **Power Spectral Density Test Requirement**

**15.407** (2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

**15.407** (5) The maximum power spectral density is measured as a conducted emission by direct connection of a calibrated test instrument to the equipment under test. If the device cannot be connected directly, alternative techniques acceptable to the Commission may be used. Measurements in the 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and the 5.47-5.725 GHz bands are made over a bandwidth of 1 MHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less. A narrower resolution bandwidth can be used, provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth.

Referencing "644545 D03 Guidance for IEEE 802.11ac v01", covering signals that cross the boundary between two adjacent UNII bands, the FCC describes a procedure to measure EBW, power, and PSD in each UNII band. For the case of a 160MHz signal equally distributed between UNII-1 and UNII-2a, we apply the following alternate procedure. Rather than measure:

- The half of the signal in UNII-1, measured against the 30dBm power / 17dBm/MHz PSD limits
- The half of the signal in UNII-2a, measured against the 24dBm power / 11dBm/MHz PSD limits

If a 160MHz signal (equally distributed between the two bands) produces a total power of 27dBm across the entire 160 MHz EBW, the total power in each band would be half of the total, or 24dBm (which meets both the UNII-1 and UNII-2a limits), and would have a PSD no greater than 11dBm/MHz in either sub-band.

Given these facts, we have measured the complete 160 MHz EBW (across both sub-bands) against 27dBm power and 11dBm/MHz PSD limits, rather than individual sub band measurements against the individual sub band limits."

#### **Power Spectral Density Test Procedure**

# Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 F. Maximum Power Spectral Density (PSD)

#### **Power Spectral Density**

Test Procedure

The rules requires "maximum power spectral density" measurements where the intent is to measure the maximum value of the time average of the power spectral density measured during a period of continuous transmission.

- 1. Create an average power spectrum for the EUT operating mode being tested by following the instructions in section II.E.2. for measuring maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver: select the appropriate test method (SA-1, SA-2, SA-3, or alternatives to each) and apply it up to, but not including, the step labeled, "Compute power...". (This procedure is required even if the maximum conducted output power measurement was performed using a power meter, method PM.)
- 2. Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
- 3. Make the following adjustments to the peak value of the spectrum, if applicable: a) If Method SA-2 or SA-2 Alternative was used, add  $10 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.
- b) If Method SA-3 Alternative was used and the linear mode was used in step II.E.2.g)(viii), add 1 dB to the final result to compensate for the difference between linear averaging and power averaging.
- 4. The result is the Maximum PSD over 1 MHz reference bandwidth.

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#### Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01

2. Measurement using a Spectrum Analyzer or EMI Receiver (SA), (d) Method SA-2

#### **Power Spectral Density**

Test parameters

Method SA-2 (trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions, followed by duty cycle correction).

- (i) Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section II.B.
- (ii) Set span to encompass the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- (iii) Set RBW = 1 MHz.
- (iv) Set  $VBW \ge 3$  MHz.
- (v) Number of points in sweep  $\geq$  2 Span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is  $\leq$  RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- (vi) Sweep time = auto.
- (vii) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
- (viii) Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run".
- (ix) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode; however, the number of traces to be averaged shall be increased above 100 as needed to ensure that the average accurately represents the true average over the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- (x) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth)

#### F. Maximum Power Spectral Density (PSD)

- 2. Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
- 3. Make the following adjustments to the peak value of the spectrum, if applicable: a) If Method SA-2 or SA-2 Alternative was used, add  $10 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.

The "measure-and-sum technique" is used for measuring in-band transmit power of a device. In the measure-and-sum approach, the conducted emission level is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in linear power units. (See ANSI C63.10 section 14.3.2.2)

Samples, Systems, and Modes

Campico, Cyclomo, and incuco							
System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment			
4	EUT	S01	<b>&gt;</b>				
1	Support	NA		<b>&gt;</b>			

Tested By :	Date of testing:
Abhishek Upadhyay	16-Sep-19 - 24-Sep-19
Test Result : PASS	

#### **Test Equipment**

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

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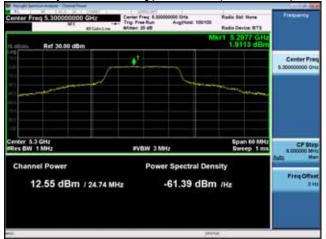


Power Spectral Density(Antenna internal gain= 6dBi)

	, ,,							
Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 PSD (dBm/MHz)	Duty cycle correction (dBm/MHz)	Total PSD (dBm/MHz)	Limit (dBm/MHz)	Margin (dB)
5260	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	1.1	0.2	1.3	11.0	9.8
5300	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	1.9	0.2	2.1	11.0	9.0
5320	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	0.4	0.2	0.6	11.0	10.5



### Power Spectral Density, 5300 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps (Antenna internal gain= 6dBi)



Antenna A



Power Spectral Density (Antenna internal gain= 5dBi)

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 PSD (dBm/MHz)	Duty cycle correction (dBm/MHz)	Total PSD (dBm/MHz)	Limit (dBm/MHz)	Margin (dB)
5260	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	1.1	0.2	1.3	11.0	9.8
5300	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	1.9	0.2	2.1	11.0	9.0
5320	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	2.0	0.2	2.2	11.0	8.9



#### Power Spectral Density, 5320 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps (Antenna internal gain= 5dBi)



Antenna A



Power Spectral Density (Antenna internal gain= 4dBi)

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 PSD (dBm/MHz)	Duty cycle correction (dBm/MHz)	Total PSD (dBm/MHz)	Limit (dBm/MHz)	Margin (dB)
5260	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	4	1.1	0.2	1.3	11.0	9.8
5300	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	4	1.9	0.2	2.1	11.0	9.0
5320	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	4	2.0	0.2	2.2	11.0	8.9



#### Power Spectral Density, 5320 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps (Antenna internal gain= 4dBi)



Antenna A



# A.5 Conducted Spurious Emissions

#### **Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Requirement**

**15.407(b)** *Undesirable emission limits.* Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
- (6) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209.
- (7) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.

Use formula below to substitute conducted measurements in place of radiated measurements

E[dBμV/m] = EIRP[dBm] - 20 log(d[meters]) + 104.77, where E = field strength and d = 3 meter

- 1) Average Plot, Limit= -41.25 dBm eirp
- 2) Peak plot, Limit = -21.25 dBm eirp

#### **Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Procedure**

#### KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01

**Ref.** ANSI C63.10: 2013

#### **Conducted Spurious Emissions**

Test Procedure

- 1. Connect the antenna port(s) to the spectrum analyzer input.
- 2. Place the radio in continuous transmit mode
- 3. Configure Spectrum analyzer as per test parameters below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer).
- 4. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum spurs amplitude level.
- 5. The "measure-and-sum technique" is used for measuring in-band transmit power of a device. In the measure-and-sum approach, the conducted emission level is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in linear power units. The worst case output is recorded. (see ANSI C63.10:2013 section 14.3.2.2)
- 6. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

#### Ref. ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 12.7.6 (Peak) and 12.7.7.2 (Average)

KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01, Sec. 5 (Peak), Sec. 6 (Average Method AD)

Conducted Spurious Emissions Test parameters	
Peak	Average
RBW = 1 MHz	RBW = 1 MHz
$VBW \ge 3 MHz$	$VBW \ge 3 MHz$
Sweep = Auto	Sweep = Auto

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Detector = Peak	Detector = RMS
Trace = Max Hold.	Power Averaging

Add the max antenna gain + ground reflection factor (4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).

Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
4	EUT	S01	<b>&gt;</b>	
1	Support	NA		<b>✓</b>

Tested By :	Date of testing:
Abhishek Upadhyay	16-Sep-19 - 24-Sep-19
Test Result : PASS	

#### **Test Equipment**

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

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Conducted Spurs Average Upper, 5260 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps(Antenna internal gain= 4dBi, 5dBi and 6dBi)



Conducted Spurs Peak Upper, 5260 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps(Antenna internal gain= 4dBi, 5dBi and 6dBi)





Conducted Spurs Average,(Antenna internal gain = 6dBi)

	Gondagtod Gpare 7 tronage, (7 times mile mile man ga							
Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle Correction (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5260	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	-63.6	0.2	-57.4	-41.25	16.2
5300	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	-62.7	0.2	-56.5	-41.25	15.3
5320	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	-63.0	0.2	-56.8	-41.25	15.6



### Conducted Spurs Average, 5300 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps,(Antenna internal gain = 6dBi)





Conducted Spurs Average,(Antenna internal gain = 5dBi)

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle Correction (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5260	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-63.6	0.2	-58.4	-41.25	17.2
5300	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-62.7	0.2	-57.5	-41.25	16.3
5320	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-61.6	0.2	-56.4	-41.25	15.2



### Conducted Spurs Average, 5320 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps(Antenna internal gain = 5dBi)





Conducted Spurs Average,(Antenna internal gain = 4dBi)

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle Correction (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5260	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	4	-63.6	0.2	-59.5	-41.25	18.2
5300	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	4	-62.7	0.2	-58.6	-41.25	17.3
5320	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	4	-61.6	0.2	-57.5	-41.25	16.2



### Conducted Spurs Average, 5320 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps (Antenna internal gain = 4dBi)





Conducted Spurs Peak,(Antenna internal gain = 6dBi)

5260 Frequency (MHz)	Mode  Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	Tx Paths	O Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power G (dBm)	Duty Cycle Correction (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	(mgk) Timit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5300	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	-56.4	0.2	-50.2	-21.25	29.0
5320	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	-57.2	0.2	-51.0	-21.25	29.8



## Conducted Spurs Peak, 5260 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps (Antenna internal gain = 6dBi)





Conducted Spurs Peak,(Antenna internal gain = 5dBi)

5260 Frequency (MHz)	Mode  Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle Correction (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5300	,							
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-56.4	0.2	-51.2	-21.25	30.0
5320	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-56.7	0.2	-51.5	-21.25	30.3



## Conducted Spurs Peak, 5260 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps (Antenna internal gain = 5dBi)





Conducted Spurs Peak,(Antenna internal gain = 4dBi)

Hz)	Conducted Opurs Feary(Antenna Internal gam -				ction	Spur		
Frequency (MHz)		s	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle Correction (dBm)	Total Conducted (dBm)	Bm)	(dB)
Frequ	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Sp (dBm)	Duty Cy (dBm)	Total Co	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5260								
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	4	-55.5	0.2	-51.3	-21.25	30.1
5300								
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	4	-56.4	0.2	-52.2	-21.25	31.0
5320	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	4	-56.7	0.2	-52.5	-21.25	31.3



## Conducted Spurs Peak, 5260 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps (Antenna internal gain = 4dBi)





## A.6 Conducted Bandedge

#### **Conducted Band Edge Test Requirement**

**15.407(b)** Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
- (6) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209.
- (7) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.
- **(8)** When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the upper and lower frequency band edges as the design of the equipment permits.

#### KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01

- 2. Unwanted Emissions that fall Outside of the Restricted Bands
- a) For all measurements, follow the requirements in II.G.3. "General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements."
- b) At frequencies below 1000 MHz, use the procedure described in II.G.4. "Procedure for Unwanted Emissions Measurements Below 1000 MHz."
- c) At frequencies above 1000 MHz, use the procedure for maximum emissions described in II.G.5., "Procedure for Unwanted Emissions Measurements Above 1000 MHz."
- (i) Sections 15.407(b)(1-3) specifies the unwanted emissions limit for the U-NII-1 and U-NII-2 bands. As specified, emissions above 1000 MHz that are outside of the restricted bands are subject to a peak emission limit of -27 dBm/MHz.3

#### **Conducted Band Edge Test Procedure**

#### KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01

**Ref.** ANSI C63.10: 2013

### **Conducted Spurious Emissions**

Test Procedure

- 1. Connect the antenna port(s) to the spectrum analyzer input.
- 2. Place the radio in continuous transmit mode
- 3. Configure Spectrum analyzer as per test parameters below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer).
- 4. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum spurs amplitude level.
- 5. The "measure-and-sum technique" is used for measuring in-band transmit power of a device. In the measure-and-sum approach, the conducted emission level is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in linear power units. The worst case output is recorded. (see ANSI C63.10:2013 section 14.3.2.2)
- 6. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

#### Ref. ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 12.7.6 (Peak) and 12.7.7.2 (Average)

KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01, Sec. 5 (Peak), Sec. 6 (Average Method AD)

#### **Conducted Spurious Emissions**

Test parameters

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Peak	Average
RBW = 1 MHz	RBW = 1 MHz
$VBW \ge 3 MHz$	$VBW \ge 3 MHz$
Sweep = Auto	Sweep = Auto
Detector = Peak	Detector = RMS
Trace = Max Hold.	Power Averaging

Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
	EUT	S01	>	
1	Support	NA		<

Tested By :	Date of testing:
Abhishek Upadhyay	16-Sep-19 - 24-Sep-19
Test Result : PASS	

#### **Test Equipment**

See Appendix C for list of test equipment



Conducted Bandedge Average (Antenna internal gain = 6dBi)

Frequency (MHz) 5320	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Bandedge Level (dBm)	Duty Cycle Correction (dBm)	Total Tx Bandedge Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	-51.0	0.2	-44.8	-41.25	3.6

Conducted Bandedge Average, 5320 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps(Antenna internal gain = 6dBi)



Antenna A



Conducted Bandedge Average (Antenna internal gain = 5dBi)

Frequency (MHz) 5320	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Bandedge Level (dBm)	Duty Cycle Correction (dBm)	Total Tx Bandedge Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-46.9	0.2	-41.8	-41.25	0.5	

Conducted Bandedge Average, 5320 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps(Antenna internal gain = 5dBi)



Antenna A



Conducted Bandedge Average (Antenna internal gain = 4dBi)

Frequency (MHz) 5320	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Bandedge Level (dBm)	Duty Cycle Correction (dBm)	Total Tx Bandedge Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	4	-46.9	0.2	-42.8	-41.25	1.5

### Conducted Bandedge Average, 5320 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps(Antenna internal gain = 4dBi)



Antenna A



Conducted Bandedge Peak (Antenna internal gain = 6dBi)

Frequency (MHz) 5320	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Bandedge Level (dBm)	Total Tx Bandedge Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	-33.8	-27.6	-21.25	6.4

#### Conducted Bandedge Peak, 5320 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps (Antenna internal gain = 6dBi)



Antenna A



Conducted Bandedge Peak (Antenna internal gain = 5dBi)

	The state of the s						
Frequency (MHz) 5320	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Bandedge Level (dBm)	Total Tx Bandedge Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-31.9	-26.7	-21.25	5.5

Conducted Bandedge Peak, 5320 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps (Antenna internal gain = 5dBi)



Antenna A



Conducted Bandedge Peak (Antenna internal gain = 4dBi)

Frequency (MHz) 5320	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Bandedge Level (dBm)	Total Tx Bandedge Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	4	-31.9	-27.7	-21.25	6.5

#### Conducted Bandedge Peak, 5320 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps (Antenna internal gain = 4dBi)

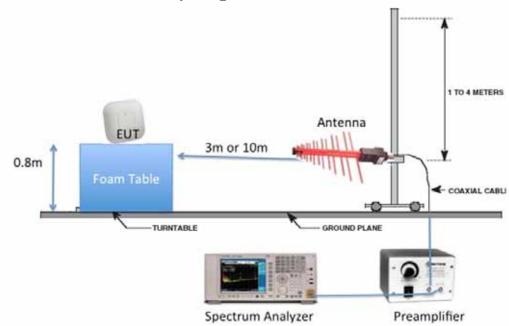




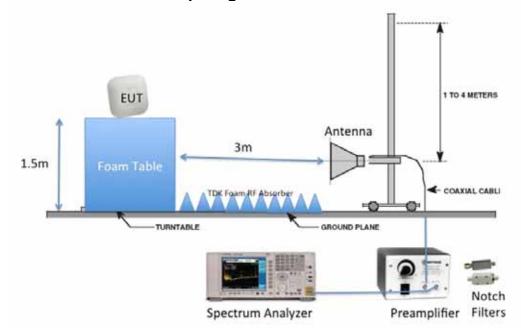
#### **Appendix B: Emission Test Results**

Testing Laboratory: Cisco Systems, Inc., 125 West Tasman Drive, San Jose, CA 95134, USA

### Radiated Emission Setup Diagram-Below 1G



## **Radiated Emission Setup Diagram-Above 1G**





# **B.1 Radiated Spurious Emissions**

Not covered by the scope of this test report.



## **B.2 Radiated Emissions 30MHz to 1GHz**

Not covered by the scope of this test report.



## **B.3 AC Conducted Emissions**

Not covered by the scope of this test report.



# **Appendix C: List of Test Equipment Used to perform the test**

Equip#	Manufacturer/ Model	Description	Last Cal	Next Due	Test Item
57478	Cisco	Automation Test Insertion Loss	Cal not required		A1-A8
53615	Keysight N9030A-550	PXA Signal Analyzer, 3Hz to 50GHz	16 Jul 2019 16 Jul 2020		A1-A8
55096	NI PXI-1042	CHASSIS, PXI	Cal not	required	A1-A8
57239	NI PXI-8115	Embedded Controller	Cal not	required	A1-A8
57250	NI PXI-2796	40 GHz Dual 6x1 Multiplexer (SP6T)	Cal not required		A1-A8
57251	NI PXI-2799	Switch 1x1	Cal not required		A1-A8
56093	NI PXI-2796	40 GHz Dual 6x1 Multiplexer (SP6T)	Cal not required		A1-A8
7329	Omega CT485B	Chart recorder	18 Feb 2019	18 Feb 2020	A1-A8
56328	Pasternack PE5019-1	Torque wrench	14 Feb 2019	14 Feb 2020	A1-A8
56329	Pasternack PE5019-1	Torque wrench	28 Feb 2019	28 Feb 2020	A1-A8
56330	Pasternack PE5019-1	Torque wrench	28 Feb 2019	28 Feb 2020	A1-A8
54303	Keysight N5182B	MXG X-Series RF Vector Signal Generator	8 Oct 2018	27 Dec 2019	A1-A8
49389	ROHDE & SCHWARZ NRP2	Power Meter	21 Nov 2018	21 Nov 2019	A1-A8
49390	ROHDE & SCHWARZ NRP-Z21	Power Sensor	21 Nov 2018	21 Nov 2019	A1-A8

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## **Appendix D: Abbreviation Key and Definitions**

The following table defines abbreviations used within this test report.

Abbreviation	Description	Abbreviation	Description
EMC	Electro Magnetic Compatibility	°F	Degrees Fahrenheit
EMI	Electro Magnetic Interference	°C	Degrees Celsius
EUT	Equipment Under Test	Temp	Temperature
ITE	Information Technology Equipment	S/N	Serial Number
TAP	Test Assessment Schedule	Qty	Quantity
ESD	Electro Static Discharge	emf	Electromotive force
EFT	Electric Fast Transient	RMS	Root mean square
EDCS	Engineering Document Control System	Qp	Quasi Peak
Config	Configuration	Av	Average
CIS#	Cisco Number (unique identification number for Cisco test equipment)	Pk	Peak
Cal	Calibration	kHz	Kilohertz (1x10 <sup>3</sup> )
EN	European Norm	MHz	MegaHertz (1x10 <sup>6</sup> )
IEC	International Electro technical Commission	GHz	Gigahertz (1x10 <sup>9</sup> )
CISPR	International Special Committee on Radio Interference	Н	Horizontal
CDN	Coupling/Decoupling Network	V	Vertical
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization	dB	decibel
	Network		
PE	Protective Earth	V	Volt
GND	Ground	kV	Kilovolt (1x10 <sup>3</sup> )
L1	Line 1	μV	Microvolt (1x10 <sup>-6</sup> )
L2	Line2	Α	Amp
L3	Line 3	μА	Micro Amp (1x10 <sup>-6</sup> )
DC	Direct Current	mS	Milli Second (1x10 <sup>-3</sup> )
RAW	Uncorrected measurement value, as indicated by the measuring device	μS	Micro Second (1x10 <sup>-6</sup> )
RF	Radio Frequency	μS	Micro Second (1x10 <sup>-6</sup> )
SLCE	Signal Line Conducted Emissions	m	Meter
Meas dist	Measurement distance	Spec dist	Specification distance
N/A or NA	Not Applicable	SL	Signal Line (or Telecom Line)
Р	Power Line	L	Live Line
N	Neutral Line	R	Return
S	Supply	AC	Alternating Current

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# **Appendix E: Photographs of Test Setups**

Please refer to the attachement



#### **Appendix F: Software Used to Perform Testing**

Cisco Internal LabView Radio Test Automation Software – RF Automation Main rev 57 patch 91 Cisco Internal LabView Radio Test Automation Software – Report Generation Main rev 44

### **Appendix G: Test Procedures**

Measurements were made in accordance with

- KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01
- KDB 662911 MIMO
- ANSI C63.4 2014 Unintentional Radiators
- ANSI C63.10 2013 Intentional Radiators

Test procedures are summarized below:

FCC 5GHz Test Procedures	EDCS # 1445048
FCC 5GHz RSE Test Procedures	EDCS # 1511600

### Appendix H: Scope of Accreditation (A2LA certificate number 1178-01)

The scope of accreditation of Cisco Systems, Inc. can be found on the A2LA web page at:

http://www.a2la.org/scopepdf/1178-01.pdf

#### **Appendix I: Test Assessment Plan**

Radio reg plan: EDCS# 16415403

#### Appendix J: UUT Software Info

APA453.0E7B.CCD0# APA453.0E7B.CCD0#Show ver Restricted Rights Legend

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```
Radio FW version : 1268.14948.r14702 14702
NSS FW version : NA
Base ethernet MAC Address
                                  : A4:53:0E:7B:CC:D0
                                  : 0-000000-00
Part Number
                                  : 800-105708-01
PCA Assembly Number
PCA Revision Number
                                  : 09
PCB Serial Number
                                  : FOC23302F00
Top Assembly Part Number
Top Assembly Serial Number
                                  : 800-105708-01
                                 : 0
Top Revision Number
                                  : 09
Product/Model Number
                                  : C9120AXE-B
APA453.0E7B.CCD0#Test watchdog monitoring off
APA453.0E7B.CCD0#
APA453.0E7B.CCD0#devshell
EXITING CISCO SHELL. PLEASE EXECUTE EXIT IN DEVSHELL TO GET BACK TO CISCO SHELL.
BusyBox v1.29.3 () built-in shell (ash)
Welcome to Cisco.
Usage of this device is governed by Cisco's End User License Agreement,
http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/general/warranty/English/EU1KEN_.html.
mA4530E7BCCD0:/# cat MERAKI_BUILD.extra
Fri Sep 6 08:06:05 PDT 2019
cheetah-build6
/san2/BUILD/workspace/Nightly-Cheetah-axel-bcm-mfg-c8_10_throttle
* (HEAD detached at fb31ca5b6a)
svn base: fb31ca5b6ab1468794221acdd081bea192921139
commit: fb31ca5b6ab1468794221acdd081bea192921139
tree 9933345a372cf5493649162765b52efdf4ff9219
mA4530E7BCCD0:/#
mA4530E7BCCD0:/# show_cookie
                                  : 0-000000-00
Part Number
Board Revision
                                  : 00
PCB Serial Number
                                  : FOC23302F0Q
PCB Fab Part Number
                                  : 0-000000-00
                                  : 0
Deviation Number
MAC Address
                                   : A4:53:0E:7B:CC:D0
MAC Address Block Size
Radio 0 MAC Address
                                   : D4:AD:BD:A2:16:80
Radio 0 MAC Address Block Size : 16
                                  : D4:AD:BD:A2:16:90
Radio 1 MAC Address
Radio 1 MAC Address Block Size : 16
PCA Assembly Number
                                  : 800-105708-01
PCA Revision Number
                                  : 09
Product/Model Number
                                  : C9120AXE-B
Top Assembly Part Number
                                  : 800-105708-01
Top Revision Number
                                  : 09
Top Assembly Serial Number
                                  : 0
                                   : 00
RMA Test History
RMA History
                                   : 00
RMA Number
                                   : 00-00-00-00
Device Type
                                   : 4C
Max Association Allowed
Radio(2.4G) Carrier Set
                                   : 0000
Radio(2.4G) Max Transmit Power Level: 100
```

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```
Radio(2.4G) Antenna Diversity Support: 01
Radio(2.4G) Encryption Ability : 0002
Radio(5G) Carrier Set
                                    : 0029
Radio(5G) Max Transmit Power Level : 100
Radio(5G) Antenna Diversity Support : 01
Radio(5G) Encryption Ability
                                   : 0002
Radio(802.11g) Radio Mode
                                   : 255
PEP Product Identifier (PID)
                                   : C9120AXE-B
PEP Version Identifier (VID)
                                   : V01
System Flags
                                    : 00
                                    : 0000
Controller Type
Host Controller Type
                                    : 0000
Mfr Service Date
                                    : 2019.08.03-47:59:59
Radio(49) Carrier Set
                                    : 0000
Radio(49) Max Transmit Power Level : 0
Radio(49) Antenna Diversity Support : 00
Radio(49) Encryption Ability
                                    : 0000
Radio(58) Carrier Set
                                    : 0029
Radio(58) Max Transmit Power Level : 100
Radio(58) Antenna Diversity Support : 01
Radio(58) Encryption Ability
                                    : 0002
                                    : C9120
ACT2 ID
                                    : 0
Static AP Mode
mA4530E7BCCD0:/# cat /storage/rxtx_mode
mA4530E7BCCD0:/# echo tx > /storage/rxtx_mode
mA4530E7BCCD0:/# cd /usr/bin/bcm/mfg
mA4530E7BCCD0:/usr/bin/bcm/mfg# ./init_config.sh
show_carrier_cookies | grep -o '..$'
wl -i apr1v0 country US
wl -i apr0v0 country US
Chanspec set to 0x1001
[*09/06/2019 22:46:29.0500] wlc_ucode_download: wl1: Loading 129 MU ucode
Chanspec set to 0xd024
[*09/06/2019 22:46:29.1280] wlc_ucode_download: wl0: Loading 129 MU ucode
mA4530E7BCCD0:/usr/bin/bcm/mfg# rhl_gpio 4 1
mA4530E7BCCD0:/usr/bin/bcm/mfg# ./dfstool.lua
Vanc dfstool
BOARD: Axel BCM !!!!!!
Display config:
wl -i apr0v0 status | head -3
"Not associated. Last associated with SSID: """
Display config:
wl -i aprlv0 status | head -3
"Not associated. Last associated with SSID: """
show_carrier_cookies | grep -o '..$'
rc:result="41"
wl -i apr1v0 country US
wl -i apr0v0 country US
```

----- End -----