



RF Exposure Study - Engineering Analysis per

FCC 2.1091

**AIR-AP3802P-B-K9
AIR-AP3802P-UXK9**

Cisco Aironet 802.11ac Dual Band Access Points

FCC ID: LDK102101

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1.0: Attestation Statement of Compliance

The Cisco AIR-AP3802P-B-K9, 802.11AC radio has been evaluated for Maximum Permissible Exposure in compliance with 47 Code of Federal Regulations 2.1091. The evaluation was in accordance with methodology as referenced in FCC Bulletin OET 65C (rev 01-01). This report serves as the additional technical analysis of the Cisco radio modules

This study addresses the addition of an additional pair of transmitters using the data derived in the afore mentioned report #

2.4GHz Report Gain 2 3 4 5 6 8 13 :	EDCS 1552567
5GHz UNII-1 report Gain 2 3 4 5 6 8 13:	EDCS 1552568
5GHz UNII-2 report Gain 2 3 4 5 6 8 13:	EDCS 1552570
5GHz UNII-2ext report Gain 2 3 4 5 6 8 13:	EDCS 1552572
5GHz UNII-3 report Gain 2 3 4 5 6 8 13:	EDCS 1552574
XOR UNII-1 report Gain 2 3 4 5 6 8 13:	EDCS 1552569
XOR UNII-2 report Gain 2 3 4 5 6 8 13:	EDCS 1552571
XOR UNII-2ext report Gain 2 3 4 5 6 8 13:	EDCS 1552573
XOR UNII-3 report Gain 2 3 4 5 6 8 13:	EDCS 1552575

The limits used for this evaluation are in line with the recommendations of the World Health Organizations (WHO) International Committee on Non Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) as well as the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) C95.1.

The limits chosen are of **General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure**.
the following case scenarios were used :

2.4GHz WLAN
5GHz WLAN
5GHz XOR WLAN

This device must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 30 cm from all persons. Installers must be provided with antenna installation and transmitter operating conditions for satisfying RF exposure compliance.

Based on the study this case scenario, the General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure and the minimum recommended distance is around 30cm (12 inches) from the antenna.



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2.0 EUT Description.

The Cisco Aironet 802.11ac Radio supports the following modes of operation. The modes are further defined in the radio Theory of Operation. The modes included in this report represent the worst case data for all modes.

802.11n/ac - Non HT20, One Antenna, 6 to 54 Mbps
802.11n/ac - Non HT20, Two Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps
802.11n/ac - Non HT20, Three Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps
802.11n/ac - Non HT20, Four Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps

802.11n/ac - Non HT20 Beam Forming, Two Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps
802.11n/ac - Non HT20 Beam Forming, Three Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps
802.11n/ac - Non HT20 Beam Forming, Four Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps

802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20, One Antenna, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20, Two Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20, Two Antennas, M8 to M15
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20, Three Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20, Three Antennas, M8 to M15
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20, Three Antennas, M16 to M23
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20, Four Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20, Four Antennas, M8 to M15
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20, Four Antennas, M16 to M23

802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, Two Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, Two Antennas, M8 to M15
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, Three Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, Three Antennas, M8 to M15
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, Three Antennas, M16 to M23
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, Four Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, Four Antennas, M8 to M15
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, Four Antennas, M16 to M23

802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20 STBC, Two Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20 STBC, Three Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20 STBC, Four Antennas, M0 to M7

802.11n/ac - Non HT40 Duplicate, One Antenna, 6 to 54 Mbps
802.11n/ac - Non HT40 Duplicate, Two Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps
802.11n/ac - Non HT40 Duplicate, Three Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps
802.11n/ac - Non HT40 Duplicate, Four Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps

802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40, One Antenna, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40, Two Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40, Two Antennas, M8 to M15
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40, Three Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40, Three Antennas, M8 to M15
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40, Three Antennas, M16 to M23
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40, Four Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40, Four Antennas, M8 to M15
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40, Four Antennas, M16 to M23

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802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, Two Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, Two Antennas, M8 to M15
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, Three Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, Three Antennas, M8 to M15
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, Three Antennas, M16 to M23
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, Four Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, Four Antennas, M8 to M15
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, Four Antennas, M16 to M23

802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40 STBC, Two Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40 STBC, Three Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40 STBC, Four Antennas, M0 to M7

802.11n/ac - Non HT80 Duplicate, One Antenna, 6 to 54 Mbps
802.11n/ac - Non HT80 Duplicate, Two Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps
802.11n/ac - Non HT80 Duplicate, Three Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps
802.11n/ac - Non HT80 Duplicate, Four Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps

802.11ac - VHT80, One Antenna, M0 to M9 1ss
802.11ac - VHT80, Two Antennas, M0 to M9 1ss
802.11ac - VHT80, Two Antennas, M0 to M9 2ss
802.11ac - VHT80, Three Antennas, M0 to M9 1ss
802.11ac - VHT80, Three Antennas, M0 to M9 2ss
802.11ac - VHT80, Three Antennas, M0 to M9 3ss
802.11ac - VHT80, Four Antennas, M0 to M9 1ss
802.11ac - VHT80, Four Antennas, M0 to M9 2ss
802.11ac - VHT80, Four Antennas, M0 to M9 3ss

802.11ac - VHT80 Beam Forming, Two Antennas, M0 to M9 1ss
802.11ac - VHT80 Beam Forming, Two Antennas, M0 to M9 2ss
802.11ac - VHT80 Beam Forming, Three Antennas, M0 to M9 1ss
802.11ac - VHT80 Beam Forming, Three Antennas, M0 to M9 2ss
802.11ac - VHT80 Beam Forming, Three Antennas, M0 to M9 3ss
802.11ac - VHT80 Beam Forming, Four Antennas, M0 to M9 1ss
802.11ac - VHT80 Beam Forming, Four Antennas, M0 to M9 2ss
802.11ac - VHT80 Beam Forming, Four Antennas, M0 to M9 3ss

802.11ac - VHT80 STBC, Two Antennas, M0 to M9 1ss
802.11ac - VHT80 STBC, Three Antennas, M0 to M9 1ss
802.11ac - VHT80 STBC, Four Antennas, M0 to M9 1ss

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The following antennas are supported by this product series.
The data included in this report represent the worst case data for all antennas.

Frequency	Part Number	Antenna Type	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Model	Antenna Gain >30 degrees (dBi)
2.4 GHz	AIR-ANT24020V-R	Omni	2	3800P	NA
	AIR-ANT2452V-R	Diversity Omni-directional	5.2	3800P	NA
	AIR-ANT2430V-R	MIMO 3-Element Omni	3	3800P	NA
	AIR-ANT2440NV-R	MIMO Wall-Mount Omni Antenna	4	3800P	NA
	AIR-ANT2460NP-R	MIMO 3-Element Patch	6	3800P	NA
5 GHz	AIR-ANT5140V-R	MIMO 3-Element Omni	4	3800P	Indoor Only
	AIR-ANT5140NV-R	MIMO Wall-Mount Omni Antenna	4	3800P	-8
	AIR-ANT5145V-R	Diversity Omni-directional	4.5	3800P	Indoor Only
	AIR-ANT5160NP-R	MIMO 3-Element Patch	6	3800P	3
2.4 / 5 GHz	AIR-ANT2451V-R	Omni	2 / 3	3800P	Indoor Only
	AIR-ANT2451NV-R	Omni	3 / 4	3800P	Indoor Only
	AIR-ANT2524DB-R	Dual-resonant black dipole	2 / 4	3800P	Indoor Only
	AIR-ANT2524DW-R	Dual-resonant white dipole	2 / 4	3800P	Indoor Only
	AIR-ANT2524DG-R	Dual-resonant gray dipole	2 / 4	3800P	Indoor Only
	AIR-ANT2524V4C-R	Dual-resonant ceiling mount omni (4-pack)	2 / 4	3800P	Indoor Only
	AIR-ANT2535SDW-R	Dual-resonant "stubby" monopole	3 / 5	3800P	Indoor Only
	AIR-ANT2544V4M-R	Dual-resonant omni (4-pack)	4 / 4	3800P	Indoor Only
	AIR-ANT2566P4W-R	Dual-resonant "directional" antenna (4-pack)	6 / 6	3800P	3
	AIR-ANT2566D4M-R	Dual-Band Polarization-Diverse Directional Array	6 / 6	3800P	3
	AIR-ANT2513P4M-N	Dual-resonant cross-pol "directional" antenna (4-pack)	13 / 13	3800P	-7
	AIR-ANT25-LOC-02	Directional HL / Directional WiFi	3 / 4	3800P	
	AIR-ANT25-LOC-03	Linear HL / Omni WiFi	0 / 1	3800P	
	AIR-ANT25-LOC-04	Omni HL / Omni WiFi	0 / 1	3800P	

3.0 Methodology

All calculations were made in accordance with ANSI C95.1, and FCC OET 65C.

4.0 Technical Requirements

4.1 Single Band Operation – Limits

FCC Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time E ² , H ² or S (minutes)
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	(900/f ²)*	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500	--	--	f/300	6
1500-100,000	--	--	5	6

(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time E ² , H ² or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f ²)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	--	--	f/1500	30
1500-100,000	--	--	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz *Plane-wave equivalent power density

NOTE 1: See Section 1 for discussion of exposure categories.

NOTE 2: The averaging time for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure to fixed transmitters is not applicable for mobile and portable transmitters. See 47 CFR §§2.1091 and 2.1093 on source-based time-averaging requirements for mobile and portable transmitters.

5.0 Calculations

Given

$$E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G) / d} \text{ and } S = E^2 / 3770$$

where

E=Field Strength in Volts/meter

P=Power in Watts

G=Numeric Antenna Gain

d=Distance in meters

S=Power Density in mW/cm²

Combine equations and rearrange the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables:

$$d = \sqrt{((30 * P * G) / (3770 * S))}$$

Changing to units of power in mW and distance in cm, using:

$$P(\text{mW}) = P(\text{W}) / 1000 \quad d(\text{cm}) = 100 * d(\text{m})$$

yields

$$d = 100 * \sqrt{((30 * (P / 1000) * G) / (3770 * S))}$$

$$d = 0.282 * \sqrt{(P * G / S)}$$

where

d=Distance in cm

P=Power in mW

G=Numeric Antenna Gain

S=Power Density in mW/cm²

Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using:

$$P(\text{mW}) = 10^{(P(\text{dBm}) / 10)} \quad G(\text{numeric}) = 10^{(G(\text{dBi}) / 10)}$$

yields

$$d = 0.282 * 10^{((P + G) / 20)} / \sqrt{S} \quad \text{Equation (1)}$$

and

$$s = ((0.282 * 10^{((P + G) / 20)}) / d)^2 \quad \text{Equation (2)}$$

where

d=MPE distance in cm

P=Power in dBm

G=Antenna Gain in dBi

S=Power Density in mW/cm²

6.0 Results

Equation (1) and the measured peak power are used to calculate the MPE distance. Note that for mobile or fixed location transmitters such as an access point, the minimum separation distance is 30 cm even if the calculations indicate that the MPE distance may be less.

$S=1\text{mW/cm}^2$ maximum. The highest supported antenna gain is 13dBi (19dBi with beamforming). Using the peak power levels recorded in the test report along with Equation 1 above, the MPE distances are calculated as follows.

MPE Calculations:

Band	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Peak Transmit Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	MPE Distance (cm)	Limit (cm)	Margin (cm)
2.4GHz DTS	1	22.8	13	17.39	30	12.61
5GHz UNII-1	1	21.1	13	14.30	30	15.70
5GHz UNII-2	1	16.1	13	8.04	30	21.96
5GHz UNII-2e	1	16.2	13	8.13	30	21.87
5GHz UNII-3	1	20.7	13	13.65	30	16.35
5GHz XOR UNII-1	1	22.7	13	17.19	30	12.81
5GHz XOR UNII-2	1	16.6	13	8.52	30	21.48
5GHz XOR UNII-2e	1	17	13	8.92	30	21.08
5GHz XOR UNII-3	1	22.8	13	17.39	30	12.61

To maintain compliance, installations will assure a separation distance of at least 30cm.

Using Equation 2, the MPE levels (s) at 30 cm are calculated as follows:

Band	MPE Distance (cm)	Peak Transmit Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit (mW/cm ²)	Margin (mW/cm ²)
2.4GHz DTS	30	22.8	13	0.34	1	0.66
5GHz UNII-1	30	21.1	13	0.23	1	0.77
5GHz UNII-2	30	16.1	13	0.07	1	0.93
5GHz UNII-2e	30	16.2	13	0.07	1	0.93
5GHz UNII-3	30	20.7	13	0.21	1	0.79
5GHz XOR UNII-1	30	22.7	13	0.33	1	0.67
5GHz XOR UNII-2	30	16.6	13	0.08	1	0.92
5GHz XOR UNII-2e	30	17	13	0.09	1	0.91
5GHz XOR UNII-3	30	22.8	13	0.34	1	0.66

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Calculations with additional transmitters

Scenerio 1 :

2.4GHz WLAN (Highest power)

5GHz only WLAN (Highest power)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{TX1} + \text{TX2} &= \% \text{ of standard} \\ (0.34) + (0.23) &= 0.57 \end{aligned}$$

$$D \text{ (estimate)} = 30 * \sqrt{\%}$$

D = 22.6cm which is less than 30cm recommended

The configuration above co-location calculation is for **General Population/Uncontrolled exposure**. The minimum distance recommended is **30cm (12 inches)** when all antennas are within 30cm of each other.

Scenerio 2 :

5GHz only WLAN (Highest power)

5GHz XOR WLAN (Highest power)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{TX2} + \text{TX3} &= \% \text{ of standard} \\ (0.23) + (0.34) &= 0.57 \end{aligned}$$

$$D \text{ (estimate)} = 30 * \sqrt{\%}$$

D = 22.6cm which is less than 30cm recommended

The configuration above co-location calculation is for **General Population/Uncontrolled exposure**. The minimum distance recommended is **30cm (12 inches)** when all antennas are within 30cm of each other.

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References

American National Standards Institute (ANSI), "Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz," ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 (previously issued as IEEE C95.1-1991). Copyright 1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. (IEEE), New York, N.Y. 10017. For copies contact the IEEE: 1-800-678-4333 or 1-908-981-1393.

American National Standards Institute (ANSI), "Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave". ANSI/IEEE C95.3-1992. Copyright 1992, The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. (IEEE), New York, NY 10017. For copies contact the IEEE: 1-800-678-4333 or 1-908-981-1393.

FCC OET 65C Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to RF Fields from 9KHz to 40 Ghz