

EDCS-1539153



RF Exposure Study - Engineering Analysis per

FCC 2.1091

AIR-CAP1532I-B-K9

Cisco Aironet 802.11n Dual Band Mesh Access Points
FCC ID: LDK102090P

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1.0: Attestation Statement of Compliance

The Cisco AIR-CAP1532I-B-K9, 802.11N radio has been evaluated for Maximum Permissible Exposure in compliance with 47 Code of Federal Regulations 2.1091. The evaluation was in accordance with methodology as referenced in FCC Bulletin OET 65C (rev 01-01). This report serves as the additional technical analysis of the Cisco radio modules

This study addresses the addition of an additional pair of transmitters using the data derived in the afore mentioned report #

2.4GHz DTS report EDCS#- 1280939

5GHz UNII-1 report EDCS-1539150

5GHz UNII-2 report EDCS-1282499

5GHz UNII-2ext reports EDCS-1282501, 1539151

5GHz UNII-3 report EDCS-1539152

The limits used for this evaluation are in line with the recommendations of the World Health Organizations (WHO) International Committee on Non Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) as well as the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) C95.1.

The limits chosen are of **General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure**.

the following case scenarios were used :

2.4GHz WLAN

5GHz WLAN

This device must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons. Installers must be provided with antenna installation and transmitter operating conditions for satisfying RF exposure compliance.

Based on the study this case scenario, the General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure and the minimum recommended distance is around 20cm (7.8 inches) from the antenna.



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2.0 EUT Description.

The 1532I Series Cisco Aironet 802.11n Dual Band Mesh Access Points support the following modes of operation. The modes are further defined in the radio Theory of Operation. The modes included in this report represent the worst case data for all modes.

Non HT/VHT-20, One Antenna, 6 to 54 Mbps
Non HT/VHT-20, Two Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps

HT/VHT-20, One Antenna, M0 to M7
HT/VHT-20, Two Antennas, M0 to M15

HT/VHT-20 STBC, Two Antennas, M0 to M7

Non HT/VHT-40 Duplicate, One Antenna, 6-54 Mbps
Non HT/VHT-40 Duplicate, Two Antennas, 6-54 Mbps

HT/VHT-40, One Antenna, M0 to M7
HT/VHT-40, Two Antennas, M0 to M15

HT/VHT-40 STBC, Two Antennas, M0 to M7

The following antennas are supported by this product series.

The data included in this report represent the worst case data for all antennas.

Frequency	Part Number	Antenna Type	Antenna Gain (dBi)
2.4/5 GHz	Internal	Dual-resonant Omni	3 / 5

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3.0 Methodology

All calculations were made in accordance with ANSI C95.1, and FCC OET 65C.

4.0 Technical Requirements

4.1 Single Band Operation – Limits

FCC Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time E ² , H ² or S (minutes)
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	(900/f ²)*	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500	--	--	f/300	6
1500-100,000	--	--	5	6

(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time E ² , H ² or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f ²)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	--	--	f/1500	30
1500-100,000	--	--	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz *Plane-wave equivalent power density

NOTE 1: See Section 1 for discussion of exposure categories.

NOTE 2: The averaging time for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure to fixed transmitters is not applicable for mobile and portable transmitters. See 47 CFR §§2.1091 and 2.1093 on source-based time-averaging requirements for mobile and portable transmitters.

5.0 Calculations

Given

$$E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G) / d} \text{ and } S = E^2 / 3770$$

where

E=Field Strength in Volts/meter

P=Power in Watts

G=Numeric Antenna Gain

d=Distance in meters

S=Power Density in mW/cm²

Combine equations and rearrange the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables:

$$d = \sqrt{((30 * P * G) / (3770 * S))}$$

Changing to units of power in mW and distance in cm, using:

$$P(\text{mW}) = P(\text{W}) / 1000 \quad d(\text{cm}) = 100 * d(\text{m})$$

yields

$$d = 100 * \sqrt{((30 * (P / 1000) * G) / (3770 * S))}$$

$$d = 0.282 * \sqrt{(P * G / S)}$$

where

d=Distance in cm

P=Power in mW

G=Numeric Antenna Gain

S=Power Density in mW/cm²

Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using:

$$P(\text{mW}) = 10^{(P(\text{dBm}) / 10)} \quad G(\text{numeric}) = 10^{(G(\text{dBi}) / 10)}$$

yields

$$d = 0.282 * 10^{((P + G) / 20)} / \sqrt{S} \quad \text{Equation (1)}$$

and

$$s = ((0.282 * 10^{((P + G) / 20)} / d)^2) \quad \text{Equation (2)}$$

where

d=MPE distance in cm

P=Power in dBm

G=Antenna Gain in dBi

S=Power Density in mW/cm²

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6.0 Results

Equation (1) and the measured peak power are used to calculate the MPE distance. Note that for mobile or fixed location transmitters such as an access point, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm even if the calculations indicate that the MPE distance may be less.

$S=1\text{mW/cm}^2$ maximum. The highest supported antenna gain is 5 dBi (8dBi with beamforming). Using the peak power levels recorded in the test report along with Equation 1 above, the MPE distances are calculated as follows.

MPE Calculations:

Band	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Peak Transmit Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	MPE Distance (cm)	Limit (cm)	Margin (cm)
2.4GHz DTS	1	28.6	3	10.72	20	9.28
5GHz UNII-1	1	20.9	5	5.56	20	14.44
5GHz UNII-2	1	21.2	5	5.76	20	14.24
5GHz UNII-2e	1	23.1	5	7.17	20	12.83
5GHz UNII-3	1	25.2	5	9.13	20	10.87

To maintain compliance, installations will assure a separation distance of at least 20cm.

Using Equation 2, the MPE levels (s) at 20 cm are calculated as follows:

Band	MPE Distance (cm)	Peak Transmit Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit (mW/cm ²)	Margin (mW/cm ²)
2.4GHz DTS	20	28.6	3	0.29	1	0.71
5GHz UNII-1	20	20.9	5	0.08	1	0.92
5GHz UNII-2	20	21.2	5	0.08	1	0.92
5GHz UNII-2e	20	23.1	5	0.13	1	0.87
5GHz UNII-3	20	25.2	5	0.21	1	0.79

Calculations with additional transmitters

The AIR-CAP1532I-B-K9 Cisco 802.11N Radio support operation with 2.4GHz WLAN & 5GHz WLAN.

Scenerio 1 :

2.4GHz WLAN (Highest power)

5GHz WLAN (Highest power)

$$\text{TX1} + \text{TX6} = \% \text{ of standard}$$

$$(0.29) + (0.21) = 0.5$$

$$D (\text{estimate}) = 20 * \sqrt{\%}$$

D = 14.1cm which is less than 20cm recommended

The configuration above co-location calculation is for **General Population/Uncontrolled exposure**. The minimum distance recommended is **20cm (8 inches)** when all antennas are within 20cm of each other.

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References

American National Standards Institute (ANSI), "Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz," ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 (previously issued as IEEE C95.1-1991). Copyright 1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. (IEEE), New York, N.Y. 10017. For copies contact the IEEE: 1-800-678-4333 or 1-908-981-1393.

American National Standards Institute (ANSI), "Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave". ANSI/IEEE C95.3-1992. Copyright 1992, The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. (IEEE), New York, NY 10017. For copies contact the IEEE: 1-800-678-4333 or 1-908-981-1393.

FCC OET 65C Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to RF Fields from 9KHz to 40 Ghz