

Test Report AIR-CAP1602y-B-K9 AIR-SAP1602y-B-K9 AIR-CLD1602y-B-K9 AIR-AP1602y-UXK9

Cisco Aironet 802.11n Dual Band Access Points

FCC ID: LDK102084

y = E (External Antenna) or I (Internal Antenna)

5710-5720 MHz

Against the following Specifications:

CFR47 Part 15.407

Cisco Systems

170 West Tasman Drive San Jose, CA 95134

Author: Jose Aguirre

lote L'Agruine

Tested By

Approved By: Jim Nicolson

Title: Technical Leader, Engineering

Revision: 2

This report replaces any previously entered test report under EDCS – **1538335**. This test report has been electronically authorized and archived using the CISCO Engineering Document Control system.



This test report has been electronically authorized and archived using the CISCO Engineering Document Control system.

| SECTION 1: OVERVIEW | 3 |
|---|----|
| SECTION2: ASSESSMENT INFORMATION | 4 |
| 2.1 General | 4 |
| 2.2 Date of testing. | 6 |
| 2.3 REPORT ISSUE DATE | 6 |
| 2.4 TESTING FACILITIES | |
| 2.5 EQUIPMENT ASSESSED (EUT) | |
| 2.6 EUT DESCRIPTION | 7 |
| SECTION 3: RESULT SUMMARY | 8 |
| 3.1 Results Summary Table | 8 |
| SECTION 4: SAMPLE DETAILS | 10 |
| APPENDIX A: EMISSION TEST RESULTS | 11 |
| CONDUCTED TEST SETUP DIAGRAM | 11 |
| TARGET MAXIMUM CHANNEL POWER | 11 |
| A.1 99% and 26dB Bandwidth | 12 |
| A.2 MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER/POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY | 17 |
| A.3 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS | 23 |
| A.4 CONDUCTED BANDEDGE | 30 |
| APPENDIX B: EMISSION TEST RESULTS | 31 |
| RADIATED EMISSION SETUP DIAGRAM-BELOW 1G | 31 |
| RADIATED EMISSION SETUP DIAGRAM-ABOVE 1G | 31 |
| B1 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS | 32 |
| B.2 RADIATED EMISSIONS 30MHz TO 1GHz | 39 |
| B.3 AC CONDUCTED EMISSIONS. | 41 |
| PHOTOGRAPHS OF SETUP | 43 |
| APPENDIX C: LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT USED TO PERFORM THE TEST | 46 |
| APPENDIX E: ABBREVIATION KEY AND DEFINITIONS | 48 |



Section 1: Overview

The samples were assessed against the tests detailed in section 3 under the requirements of the following specifications:

| Specifications: | |
|-------------------|--|
| CFR47 Part 15.407 | |
| | |

Measurements were made in accordance with

- ANSI C63.10:2013
- KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01
- KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output

Radio Test Report No: EDCS - 1538335



Section2: Assessment Information

2.1 General

This report contains an assessment of an apparatus against Electromagnetic Compatibility Standards based upon tests carried out on the samples submitted. The testing was performed by and for the use of Cisco systems Inc:

With regard to this assessment, the following points should be noted:

- a) The results contained in this report relate only to the items tested and were obtained in the period between the date of the initial assessment and the date of issue of the report. Manufactured products will not necessarily give identical results due to production and measurement tolerances.
- b) The apparatus was set up and exercised using the configuration and modes of operation defined in this report only.
- c) Where relevant, the apparatus was only assessed using the susceptibility criteria defined in this report and the Test Assessment Plan (TAP).
- d) All testing was performed under the following environmental conditions:

Temperature 15°C to 35°C (54°F to 95°F)

Atmospheric Pressure 860mbar to 1060mbar (25.4" to 31.3")

Humidity 10% to 75*%

e) All AC testing was performed at one or more of the following supply voltages:

110V 60 Hz (+/-20%)

Units of Measurement

The units of measurements defined in the appendices are reported in specific terms, which are test dependent. Where radiated measurements are concerned these are defined at a particular distance. Basic voltage measurements are defined in units of [dBuV]

As an example, the basic calculation for all measurements is as follows:

Emission level [dBuV] = Indicated voltage level [dBuV] + Cable Loss [dB] + Other correction factors [dB] The combinations of correction factors are dependent upon the exact test configurations [see test equipment lists for further details] and may include:-

Antenna Factors, Pre Amplifier Gain, LISN Loss, Pulse Limiter Loss and Filter Insertion Loss Note: to convert the results from dBuV/m to uV/m use the following formula:-

Level in uV/m = Common Antilogarithm [(X dBuV/m)/20] = Y uV/m



Measurement Uncertainty Values

| voltage and power measurements | ± 2 dB |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| conducted EIRP measurements | ± 1.4 dB |
| radiated measurements | ± 3.2 dB |
| frequency measurements | ± 2.4 10-7 |
| temperature measurements | ± 0.54º |
| humidity measurements | ± 2.3% |
| DC and low frequency measurements | ± 2.5% |

Where relevant measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Radiated emissions (expanded uncertainty, confidence interval 95%)

| 30 MHz - 300 MHz | +/- 3.8 dB |
|--------------------|------------|
| 300 MHz - 1000 MHz | +/- 4.3 dB |
| 1 GHz - 10 GHz | +/- 4.0 dB |
| 10 GHz - 18GHz | +/- 8.2 dB |
| 18GHz - 26.5GHz | +/- 4.1 dB |
| 26.5GHz - 40GHz | +/- 3.9 dB |

Conducted emissions (expanded uncertainty, confidence interval 95%)

A product is considered to comply with a requirement if the nominal measured value is below the limit line. The product is considered to not be in compliance in case the nominal measured value is above the limit line.

This report must not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of Cisco Systems.



2.2 Date of testing

12-Nov-15 - 29-Nov-15

2.3 Report Issue Date

11-December-2015

Cisco uses an electronic system to issue, store and control the revision of test reports. This system is called the Engineering Document Control System (EDCS). The actual report issue date is embedded into the original file on EDCS. Any copies of this report, either electronic or paper, that are not on EDCS must be considered uncontrolled.

2.4 Testing facilities

This assessment was performed by:

Testing Laboratory

Cisco Systems, Inc., 125 West Tasman Drive San Jose, CA 95134, USA

Registration Numbers for Industry Canada

| Cisco System Site | Address | Site Identifier |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| Building P, 10m Chamber | 125 West Tasman Dr | Company #: 2461N-2 |
| | San Jose, CA 95134 | |
| Building P, 5m Chamber | 125 West Tasman Dr | Company #: 2461N-1 |
| | San Jose, CA 95134 | |
| Building I, 5m Chamber | 285 W. Tasman Drive | Company #: 2461M-1 |
| | San Jose, California 95134 | |

Test Engineers

Jose Aguirre

2.5 Equipment Assessed (EUT)

AIR-CAP1602E-B-K9



2.6 EUT Description

The AIR-CAP1602E-B-K9 Cisco Aironet 802.11N Radio supports the following modes of operation. The modes are further defined in the radio Theory of Operation. The modes included in this report represent the worst case data for all modes.

```
802.11n/ac - HT-20, One Antenna, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT-20, Two Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT-20, Two Antennas, M8 to M15
802.11n/ac - HT-20, Three Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT-20, Three Antennas, M8 to M15
802.11n/ac - HT-20 Beam Forming, Two Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT-20 Beam Forming, Two Antennas, M8 to M15
802.11n/ac - HT-20 Beam Forming, Three Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT-20 Beam Forming, Three Antennas, M8 to M15
802.11n/ac - HT-20 STBC, Two Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT-20 STBC, Three Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - Non HT-40 Duplicate, One Antenna, 6 to 54 Mbps
802.11n/ac - Non HT-40 Duplicate, Two Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps
802.11n/ac - Non HT-40 Duplicate, Three Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps
802.11n/ac - HT-40, One Antenna, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT-40, Two Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT-40, Two Antennas, M8 to M15
802.11n/ac - HT-40, Three Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT-40, Three Antennas, M8 to M15
802.11n/ac - HT-40 Beam Forming, Two Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT-40 Beam Forming, Two Antennas, M8 to M15
802.11n/ac - HT-40 Beam Forming, Three Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT-40 Beam Forming, Three Antennas, M8 to M15
802.11n/ac - HT-40 STBC, Two Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - HT-40 STBC, Three Antennas, M0 to M7
802.11n/ac - Non HT-20, One Antenna, 6 to 54 Mbps
802.11n/ac - Non HT-20, Two Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps
802.11n/ac - Non HT-20, Three Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps
```

802.11n/ac - Non HT-20 Beam Forming, Two Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps 802.11n/ac - Non HT-20 Beam Forming, Three Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps

The following antennas are supported by this product series.

The data included in this report represent the worst case data for all antennas.

| The data included in this report represent the worst ease data for all aftermas. | | | | |
|---|------------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| Frequency Part Number | | Antenna Type | Antenna Gain (dBi) | |
| AIR-ANT2524DB-R | | Dual-resonant black dipole | 2/4 | |
| | AIR-ANT2524DW-R | Dual-resonant white dipole | 2 / 4 | |
| AIR-ANT2524DG-R Dual-resonant gray dipole 2.4/5 GHz AIR-ANT2524V4C-R Dual-resonant ceiling mount omni (4-pack) | | 2/4 | | |
| | | Dual-resonant ceiling mount omni (4-pack) | 2/4 | |
| | Internal | Omni-Directional | 4 / 4 | |
| | AIR-ANT2544V4M-R | Dual-resonant omni (4-pack) | 4 / 4 | |
| | AIR-ANT2566P4W-R | Dual-resonant "directional" antenna (4-pack) | 6 / 6 | |

Page No: 7 of 49



Section 3: Result Summary

3.1 Results Summary Table

Conducted emissions

| Basic Standard | Technical Requirements / Details | Result |
|--|---|--------|
| FCC 15.407 | 99% & 26 dB Bandwidth: The 99% occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. There is no limit for 99% OBW. The 26 dB emission is the width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 26 dB relative to the maximum level measured in | Pass |
| FCC 15.407 | the fundamental emission. Output Power: | |
| 100 13.407 | 15.407 (2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. | Pass |
| FCC 15.407 | Power Spectral Density: 15.407 The maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. | Pass |
| FCC 15.407 | Conducted Spurious Emissions / Band-Edge: | |
| | 15.407 (3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions | Pass |
| FCC 15.407 | outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz. | |
| FCC 15.407 FCC 15.209 FCC 15.205 | Restricted band: Unwanted emissions falling within the restricted bands, as defined in FCC 15.205 (a) must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC 15.209 (a). | Pass |



Radiated Emissions (General requirements)

| Basic Standard | Technical Requirements / Details | Result |
|--------------------------|---|--------|
| FCC 15.209 FCC 15.205 | TX Spurious Emissions: Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the filed strength limits table in this section. | Pass |
| FCC 15.207 | AC conducted Emissions: Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, for any radio apparatus equipped to operate from the public utility AC power supply, either directly or indirectly (such as with a battery charger), the radio frequency voltage of emissions conducted back onto the AC power lines in the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits shown in the table in these sections. The more stringent limit applies at the frequency range boundaries. | Pass |

^{*} MPE calculation is recorded in a separate report



Section 4: Sample Details

Note: Each sample was evaluated to ensure that its condition was suitable to be used as a test sample prior to the commencement of testing.

4.1 Sample Details

| Sample No. | Equipment Details | Manufacturer | Hardwar Rev. | Firmware Rev. | Software Rev. | Serial Number |
|------------|-------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|
| S01 | AIR-CAP1602E-B-K9 | Cisco Systems | A0 | AP1G2-K9 W7-xx.153 | CISCO IOS 15.3 | FGL1850X4F6 |
| S02* | AIR-PWR-C | Meanwell | A0 | NA | NA | EB46E93226 |

^(*) S02 are support equipment Power supplies for EUT S01

4.2 System Details

| System # | Description | Samples |
|----------|-------------------|---------|
| _ | AIR-CAP1602E-B-K9 | S01 |
| 1 | Power Supply | S02 |

4.3 Mode of Operation Details

| Mode# | Description | Comments |
|-------|-------------------------|--|
| 1 | Continuous Transmitting | Continuous Transmitting, >98% Duty Cycle |

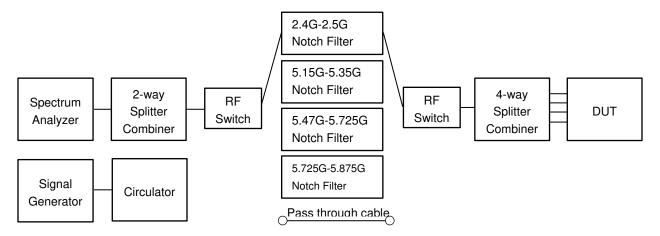
All measurements were made in accordance with

- ANSI C63.10:2013
- KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01
- KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output



Appendix A: **Emission Test Results**

Conducted Test Setup Diagram



Target Maximum Channel Power
The following table details the maximum supported Total Channel Power for all operating modes.

| | Maximum Channel Power (dBm) | |
|---|-----------------------------|--|
| | Frequency (MHz) | |
| Operating Mode | 5710 | |
| Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps | 21 | |
| HT-40, M0 to M15, M0 to M9 1-0ss | 21 | |
| HT-40 Beam Forming, M0 to M15, M0 to M9 1-0ss | 21 | |
| HT-40 STBC, M0 to M7 | 21 | |
| | 5720 | |
| Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps | 21 | |
| Non HT-20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps | 18 | |
| HT-20, M0 to M15, M0 to M9 1-0ss | 21 | |
| HT-20 Beam Forming, M0 to M15, M0 to M9 1-0ss | 20 | |
| HT-20 STBC, M0 to M7 | 21 | |



A.1 99% and 26dB Bandwidth

FCC 15.407 The 99% occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. There is no limit for 99% OBW.

The 26 dB emission is the width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 26 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

KDB 644545 D03 v01 section D1b

Band-crossing emissions: For an emission that crosses the boundary between two adjacent U-NII bands, the boundary frequency between the bands serves as one edge for defining the portion of the EBW that falls within a particular U-NII band. However, the -26 dB points are measured relative to the highest point on the contiguous segment—regardless of which band contains that highest point (Figure 4).

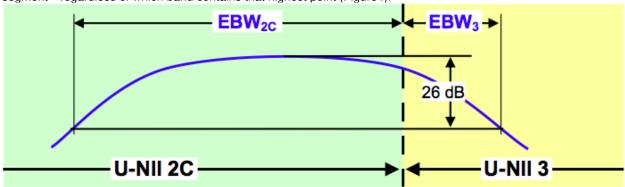


Figure 4. Emission Bandwidth (EBW) within a Band for Band-Crossing Signals

Test Procedure

Ref. ANSI C63.10: 2013 Section 6.9.3

KDB 644545 D03 v01

KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01

KDB 662911

99% BW and EBW (-26dB)

Test Procedure

- 1. Set the radio in the continuous transmitting mode.
- 2. Allow the trace to stabilize.
- 3. Setting the x-dB bandwidth mode to -26dB and OBW power function to 99% within the measurement set up function.
- 4. Select the automatic OBW measurement function of an instrument to perform bandwidth measurement.
- 5. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. ANSI C63.10: 2013 Section 6.9.3

99% BW and EBW (-26dB)

Test parameters

X dB BW = -26dB (using the OBW function of the spectrum analyzer)

OBW = 99% (using the OBW function of the spectrum analyzer)

Span = $1.5 \times 10^{-5} \times 1$

RBW = approx. 1% to 5% of the OBW

VBW ≥ $3 \times RBW$

Detector = Peak or where practical sample shall be used

Page No: 12 of 49



| Trace = Max | c. Hold | | |
|-------------|---------|--|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |

| System Number | Description | Samples | System under test | Support equipment |
|------------------|-------------|---------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 4 | EUT | S01 | S | |
| 1 | Support | S02 | | \checkmark |

| Tested By : | Date of testing: |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Jose Aguirre | 12-Nov-15 - 29-Nov-15 |
| Test Result : PASS | |

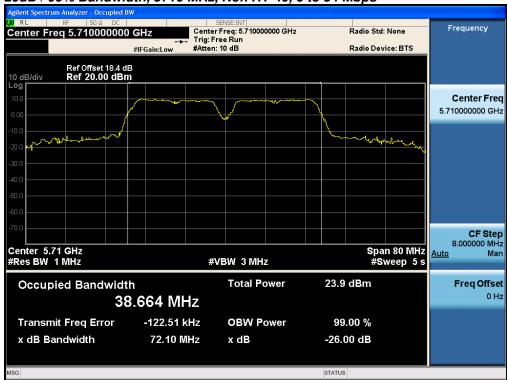
See Appendix C for list of test equipment



| Frequency | | Data Rate | 26dB BW | 99% BW |
|-----------|----------------------------------|-----------|---------|--------|
| (MHz) | Mode | (Mbps) | (MHz) | (MHz) |
| 5710 | Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps | 6 | 72.1 | 38.7 |
| 3/10 | HT-40, M0 to M15, M0 to M9 1-0ss | m0 | 42.2 | 37.4 |
| | | | | |
| 5720 | Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps | 6 | 21.8 | 18.7 |
| 3720 | HT-20, M0 to M15, M0 to M9 1-0ss | m0 | 21.8 | 18.7 |







26dB / 99% Bandwidth, 5710 MHz, HT-40, M0 to M15, M0 to M9 1-0ss

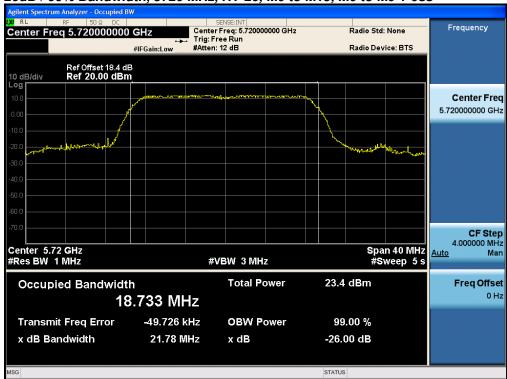








26dB / 99% Bandwidth, 5720 MHz, HT-20, M0 to M15, M0 to M9 1-0ss





A.2 Maximum Conducted Output Power/ Power Spectral Density

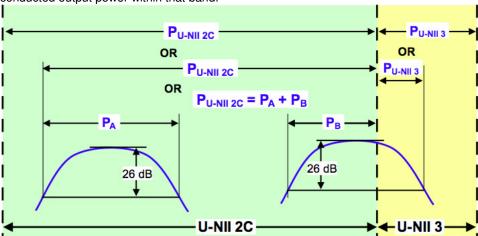
15.407 (2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

15.407 a (3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

The power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

KDB 644545 D03 (section F.2.b.ii)

When measuring the portion of the maximum conducted output power within a single U-NII band, the power shall be integrated across only the portion of the EBW that falls within that band. That is, if an EBW extends across the boundary between two adjacent bands, the boundary frequency between the bands serves as one edge of the frequency range to be integrated. Integration across an entire U-NII band without regard to 26 dB points is also acceptable for determining conducted output power within that band.



Conducted output power within a U-NII band: Integrate over the band, or integrate over a span including the 26 dB EBWs of transmission segments within the band, or integrate over 26 dB EBW of each transmission segment in the band and sum.

Figure 5. Conducted Output Power Measurement Examples

The "measure-and-sum technique" is used for measuring in-band transmit power of a device. In the measure-and-sum approach, the conducted emission level is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in linear power units. (ANSI C63.10: 2013, section 14.3.2.2)

Test Procedure

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01

Page No: 17 of 49



ANSI C63.10: 2013 KDB 644545 D03 v01

Output Power

Test Procedure

- 1. Set the radio in the continuous transmitting mode at full power
- 2. Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or alternatively entire 99% OBW) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function. The integration shall be performed using the spectrum analyzer band-power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW or the OBW band edges.

3. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01

ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 12.3.2.2 Method SA-1

Output Power

Test parameters

Span = >1.5 times the OBW

RBW = 1MHz

VBW ≥ 3 x RBW

Sweep = Auto couple

Detector = sample

Trace = Trace Average 100

The "measure-and-sum technique" is used for measuring in-band transmit power of a device. In the measure-and-sum approach, the conducted emission level is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in linear power units. (See ANSI C63.10 section 14.3.2.2)

Power Spectral Density (UNII 2C band)

Test parameters

ANSI C63.10: 2013, sec12.3.2.2 Method SA-1

Span = >1.5 times the OBW

RBW = 1MHz

VBW ≥ 3 x RBW

Sweep = Auto couple

Detector = Sample

Trace = Trace Average 100

Marker = Peak Search

The "Measure and add 10 log(N) dB technique", where N is the number of outputs, is used for measuring in-band Power Spectral Density. With this technique, spectrum measurements are performed at each output of the device, and the quantity 10 log(4) (or 6dB) is added to the worst case spectrum value before comparing to the emission limit. (ANSI C63.10 2013 section 14.3.2.3)

| System Number | Description | Samples | System under test | Support equipment |
|------------------|-------------|---------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | EUT | S01 | \checkmark | |
| l | Support | S02 | | \checkmark |

| Tested By : | Date of testing: |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Jose Aguirre | 12-Nov-15 - 29-Nov-15 |
| Test Result : PASS | |

See Appendix C for list of test equipment



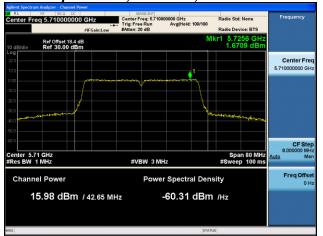
| Frequency (MHz) | Mode | Tx Paths | Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi) | Tx 1 Max Power (dBm) | Tx 2 Max Power (dBm) | Tx 3 Max Power (dBm) | Total Tx Channel Power (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps | 1 | 6 | 16.0 | | | 16.0 | 24.0 | 8.0 |
| | Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps | 2 | 6 | 16.0 | 15.7 | | 18.9 | 24.0 | 5.1 |
| | Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps | 3 | 6 | 16.0 | 15.7 | 17.4 | 21.2 | 24.0 | 2.8 |
| | HT-40, M0 to M7 | 1 | 6 | 16.0 | | | 16.0 | 24.0 | 8.0 |
| | HT-40, M0 to M7 | 2 | 6 | 16.0 | 15.7 | | 18.9 | 24.0 | 5.1 |
| | HT-40, M8 to M15 | 2 | 6 | 16.0 | 15.7 | | 18.9 | 24.0 | 5.1 |
| 5710 | HT-40, M0 to M7 | 3 | 6 | 16.0 | 15.7 | 17.8 | 21.4 | 24.0 | 2.6 |
| 57 | HT-40, M8 to M15 | 3 | 6 | 16.0 | 15.7 | 17.8 | 21.4 | 24.0 | 2.6 |
| | HT-40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7 | 2 | 9 | 16.0 | 15.7 | | 18.9 | 21.0 | 2.1 |
| | HT-40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15 | 2 | 6 | 16.0 | 15.7 | | 18.9 | 24.0 | 5.1 |
| | HT-40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7 | 3 | 11 | 12.6 | 12.6 | 14.6 | 18.1 | 19.2 | 1.1 |
| | HT-40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15 | 3 | 8 | 16.0 | 15.7 | 17.8 | 21.4 | 22.2 | 8.0 |
| | HT-40 STBC, M0 to M7 | 2 | 6 | 16.0 | 15.7 | | 18.9 | 24.0 | 5.1 |
| | HT-40 STBC, M0 to M7 | 3 | 6 | 16.0 | 15.7 | 17.8 | 21.4 | 24.0 | 2.6 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps | 1 | 6 | 15.9 | | | 15.9 | 23.7 | 7.8 |
| | Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps | 2 | 6 | 15.9 | 15.7 | | 18.8 | 23.7 | 4.9 |
| | Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps | 3 | 6 | 15.9 | 15.7 | 17.8 | 21.3 | 23.7 | 2.4 |
| | Non HT-20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps | 2 | 9 | 14.8 | 14.8 | | 17.8 | 20.7 | 2.9 |
| | Non HT-20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps | 3 | 11 | 10.6 | 10.4 | 12.5 | 16.0 | 18.9 | 2.9 |
| | HT-20, M0 to M7 | 1 | 6 | 15.9 | | | 15.9 | 23.8 | 7.9 |
| | HT-20, M0 to M7 | 2 | 6 | 15.9 | 15.7 | | 18.8 | 23.7 | 4.9 |
| 20 | HT-20, M8 to M15 | 2 | 6 | 15.9 | 15.7 | | 18.8 | 23.7 | 4.9 |
| 57 | HT-20, M0 to M7 | 3 | 6 | 15.9 | 15.7 | 17.7 | 21.3 | 23.7 | 2.4 |
| | HT-20, M8 to M15 | 3 | 6 | 15.9 | 15.7 | 17.7 | 21.3 | 23.7 | 2.4 |
| | HT-20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7 | 2 | 9 | 15.9 | 15.7 | | 18.8 | 20.7 | 1.9 |
| | HT-20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15 | 2 | 6 | 15.9 | 15.7 | | 18.8 | 23.7 | 4.9 |
| | HT-20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7 | 3 | 11 | 11.7 | 11.7 | 13.6 | 17.2 | 18.9 | 1.7 |
| | HT-20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15 | 3 | 8 | 14.9 | 15.0 | 16.8 | 20.4 | 21.9 | 1.5 |
| | HT-20 STBC, M0 to M7 | 2 | 6 | 15.9 | 15.7 | | 18.8 | 23.7 | 4.9 |
| | HT-20 STBC, M0 to M7 | 3 | 6 | 15.9 | 15.7 | 17.7 | 21.3 | 23.7 | 2.4 |



| Frequency (MHz) | Mode | Tx Paths | Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi) | Tx 1 PSD (dBm/MHz) | Tx 2 PSD (dBm/MHz) | Tx 3 PSD (dBm/MHz) | Total PSD (dBm/MHz) | Limit (dBm/MHz) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| | Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps | 1 | 6 | 2.5 | | | 2.5 | 11.0 | 8.5 |
| | Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps | 2 | 6 | 2.5 | 2.0 | | 5.3 | 11.0 | 5.7 |
| | Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps | 3 | 6 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 3.6 | 7.5 | 11.0 | 3.5 |
| | HT-40, M0 to M7 | 1 | 6 | 1.7 | | | 1.7 | 11.0 | 9.3 |
| | HT-40, M0 to M7 | 2 | 6 | 1.7 | 1.5 | | 4.6 | 11.0 | 6.4 |
| | HT-40, M8 to M15 | 2 | 6 | 1.7 | 1.5 | | 4.6 | 11.0 | 6.4 |
| 5710 | HT-40, M0 to M7 | 3 | 6 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 3.7 | 7.2 | 11.0 | 3.8 |
| 57 | HT-40, M8 to M15 | 3 | 6 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 3.7 | 7.2 | 11.0 | 3.8 |
| | HT-40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7 | 2 | 9 | 1.7 | 1.5 | | 4.6 | 8.0 | 3.4 |
| | HT-40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15 | 2 | 6 | 1.7 | 1.5 | | 4.6 | 11.0 | 6.4 |
| | HT-40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7 | 3 | 11 | -1.6 | -1.6 | 0.4 | 3.9 | 6.2 | 2.3 |
| | HT-40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15 | 3 | 8 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 3.7 | 7.2 | 9.2 | 2.0 |
| | HT-40 STBC, M0 to M7 | 2 | 6 | 1.7 | 1.5 | | 4.6 | 11.0 | 6.4 |
| | HT-40 STBC, M0 to M7 | 3 | 6 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 3.7 | 7.2 | 11.0 | 3.8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps | 1 | 6 | 5.2 | | | 5.2 | 11.0 | 5.8 |
| | Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps | 2 | 6 | 5.2 | 4.9 | | 8.1 | 11.0 | 2.9 |
| | Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps | 3 | 6 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 6.8 | 10.5 | 11.0 | 0.5 |
| | Non HT-20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps | 2 | 9 | 4.2 | 4.2 | | 7.2 | 8.0 | 0.8 |
| | Non HT-20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps | 3 | 11 | -0.3 | -0.6 | 1.4 | 5.0 | 6.2 | 1.2 |
| | HT-20, M0 to M7 | 1 | 6 | 4.8 | | | 4.8 | 11.0 | 6.2 |
| | HT-20, M0 to M7 | 2 | 6 | 4.8 | 4.7 | | 7.8 | 11.0 | 3.2 |
| 20 | HT-20, M8 to M15 | 2 | 6 | 4.8 | 4.7 | | 7.8 | 11.0 | 3.2 |
| 572 | HT-20, M0 to M7 | 3 | 6 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 6.6 | 10.2 | 11.0 | 0.8 |
| | HT-20, M8 to M15 | 3 | 6 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 6.6 | 10.2 | 11.0 | 0.8 |
| | HT-20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7 | 2 | 9 | 4.8 | 4.7 | | 7.8 | 8.0 | 0.2 |
| | HT-20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15 | 2 | 6 | 4.8 | 4.7 | | 7.8 | 11.0 | 3.2 |
| | HT-20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7 | 3 | 11 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 2.7 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 0.1 |
| | HT-20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15 | 3 | 8 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 5.7 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 0.0 |
| | HT-20 STBC, M0 to M7 | 2 | 6 | 4.8 | 4.7 | | 7.8 | 11.0 | 3.2 |
| | HT-20 STBC, M0 to M7 | 3 | 6 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 6.6 | 10.2 | 11.0 | 0.8 |



Peak Output Power, 5710 MHz, HT-40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15



Antenna A



Antenna C



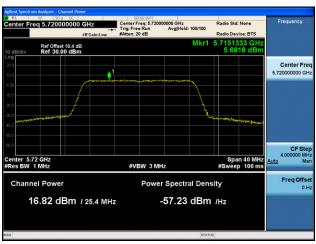
Antenna B



Power Spectral Density, 5720 MHz, HT-20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15



Antenna A



Antenna C



Antenna B



A.3 Conducted Spurious Emissions

15.407 (b) *Undesirable emission limits*. Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz..
- (6) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209.
- (7) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.

Test Procedure

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01 ANSI C63.10: 2013

Conducted Spurious Emissions

Test Procedure

- 1. Connect the antenna port(s) to the spectrum analyzer input.
- 2. Place the radio in continuous transmit mode. Use the procedures in KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01 to substitute conducted measurements in place of radiated measurements.
- 3. Configure Spectrum analyzer as per test parameters below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer).
- 4. Record the marker waveform peak to spur difference. Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands.
- 5. The "measure-and-sum technique" is used for measuring in-band transmit power of a device. In the measure-and-sum approach, the conducted emission level is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in linear power units. The worst case output is recorded.
- 6. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01 ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 12.7.7.3 (average) & 12.7.6 (peak)

Conducted Spurious Emissions

Test parameters

Span = 30MHz to 18GHz / 18GHz to 40GHz

RBW = 1 MHz

VBW ≥ 3 x RBW for Peak, 1kHz for Average

Sweep = Auto couple

Detector = Peak

Trace = Max Hold.

Page No: 23 of 49



| System Number | Description | Samples | System under test | Support equipment |
|------------------|-------------|---------|-------------------|-------------------|
| _ | EUT | S01 | \checkmark | |
| 1 | Support | S02 | | \triangleright |

| Tested By : | Date of testing: |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Jose Aguirre | 12-Nov-15 - 29-Nov-15 |
| Test Result : PASS | |

See Appendix C for list of test equipment



| Frequency (MHz) | Mode | Tx Paths | Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi) | Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm) | Tx 2 Spur Power (dBm) | Tx 3 Spur Power (dBm) | Total Conducted Spur (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps | 1 | 6 | -55.2 | | | -49.2 | -41.25 | 8.0 |
| | Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps | 2 | 6 | -55.2 | -67.0 | | -48.9 | -41.25 | 7.7 |
| | Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps | 3 | 6 | -55.2 | -67.0 | -66.8 | -48.6 | -41.25 | 7.4 |
| | HT-40, M0 to M7 | 1 | 6 | -54.1 | | | -48.1 | -41.25 | 6.9 |
| | HT-40, M0 to M7 | 2 | 6 | -54.1 | -67.0 | | -47.9 | -41.25 | 6.6 |
| | HT-40, M8 to M15 | 2 | 6 | -54.1 | -67.0 | | -47.9 | -41.25 | 6.6 |
| 5710 | HT-40, M0 to M7 | 3 | 6 | -54.1 | -67.0 | -67.1 | -47.7 | -41.25 | 6.4 |
| 57 | HT-40, M8 to M15 | 3 | 6 | -54.1 | -67.0 | -67.1 | -47.7 | -41.25 | 6.4 |
| | HT-40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7 | 2 | 9 | -54.1 | -67.0 | | -44.9 | -41.25 | 3.6 |
| | HT-40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15 | 2 | 6 | -54.1 | -67.0 | | -47.9 | -41.25 | 6.6 |
| | HT-40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7 | 3 | 11 | -53.9 | -67.0 | -67.0 | -42.7 | -41.25 | 1.4 |
| | HT-40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15 | 3 | 8 | -54.1 | -67.0 | -67.1 | -45.9 | -41.25 | 4.6 |
| | HT-40 STBC, M0 to M7 | 2 | 6 | -54.1 | -67.0 | | -47.9 | -41.25 | 6.6 |
| | HT-40 STBC, M0 to M7 | 3 | 6 | -54.1 | -67.0 | -67.1 | -47.7 | -41.25 | 6.4 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps | 1 | 6 | -54.2 | | | -48.2 | -41.25 | 7.0 |
| | Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps | 2 | 6 | -54.2 | -66.8 | | -48.0 | -41.25 | 6.7 |
| | Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps | 3 | 6 | -54.2 | -66.8 | -63.5 | -47.5 | -41.25 | 6.3 |
| | Non HT-20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps | 2 | 9 | -67.1 | -67.1 | | -55.1 | -41.25 | 13.8 |
| | Non HT-20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps | 3 | 11 | -54.0 | -67.1 | -63.6 | -42.6 | -41.25 | 1.3 |
| | HT-20, M0 to M7 | 1 | 6 | -54.2 | | | -48.2 | -41.25 | 7.0 |
| | HT-20, M0 to M7 | 2 | 6 | -54.2 | -67.0 | | -48.0 | -41.25 | 6.7 |
| 20 | HT-20, M8 to M15 | 2 | 6 | -54.2 | -67.0 | | -48.0 | -41.25 | 6.7 |
| 57 | HT-20, M0 to M7 | 3 | 6 | -54.2 | -67.0 | -66.9 | -47.8 | -41.25 | 6.5 |
| | HT-20, M8 to M15 | 3 | 6 | -54.2 | -67.0 | -66.9 | -47.8 | -41.25 | 6.5 |
| | HT-20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7 | 2 | 9 | -54.2 | -67.0 | | -45.0 | -41.25 | 3.7 |
| | HT-20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15 | 2 | 6 | -54.2 | -67.0 | | -48.0 | -41.25 | 6.7 |
| | HT-20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7 | 3 | 11 | -54.0 | -67.0 | -63.3 | -42.5 | -41.25 | 1.3 |
| | HT-20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15 | 3 | 8 | -54.0 | -66.9 | -63.6 | -45.6 | -41.25 | 4.3 |
| | HT-20 STBC, M0 to M7 | 2 | 6 | -54.2 | -67.0 | | -48.0 | -41.25 | 6.7 |
| | HT-20 STBC, M0 to M7 | 3 | 6 | -54.2 | -67.0 | -66.9 | -47.8 | -41.25 | 6.5 |



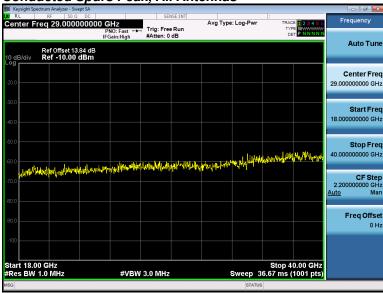
| Frequency (MHz) | Mode | Tx Paths | Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi) | Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm) | Tx 2 Spur Power (dBm) | Tx 3 Spur Power (dBm) | Total Conducted Spur (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps | 1 | 6 | -56.1 | | | -50.1 | -21.25 | 28.9 |
| | Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps | 2 | 6 | -56.1 | -55.9 | | -47.0 | -21.25 | 25.7 |
| | Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps | 3 | 6 | -56.1 | -55.9 | -57.9 | -45.8 | -21.25 | 24.5 |
| | HT-40, M0 to M7 | 1 | 6 | -59.0 | | | -53.0 | -21.25 | 31.8 |
| | HT-40, M0 to M7 | 2 | 6 | -59.0 | -58.9 | | -49.9 | -21.25 | 28.7 |
| | HT-40, M8 to M15 | 2 | 6 | -59.0 | -58.9 | | -49.9 | -21.25 | 28.7 |
| 5710 | HT-40, M0 to M7 | 3 | 6 | -59.0 | -58.9 | -57.0 | -47.4 | -21.25 | 26.2 |
| 57 | HT-40, M8 to M15 | 3 | 6 | -59.0 | -58.9 | -57.0 | -47.4 | -21.25 | 26.2 |
| | HT-40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7 | 2 | 9 | -59.0 | -58.9 | | -46.9 | -21.25 | 25.7 |
| | HT-40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15 | 2 | 6 | -59.0 | -58.9 | | -49.9 | -21.25 | 28.7 |
| | HT-40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7 | 3 | 11 | -56.9 | -59.4 | -57.3 | -42.2 | -21.25 | 20.9 |
| | HT-40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15 | 3 | 8 | -59.0 | -58.9 | -57.0 | -45.6 | -21.25 | 24.4 |
| | HT-40 STBC, M0 to M7 | 2 | 6 | -59.0 | -58.9 | | -49.9 | -21.25 | 28.7 |
| | HT-40 STBC, M0 to M7 | 3 | 6 | -59.0 | -58.9 | -57.0 | -47.4 | -21.25 | 26.2 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps | 1 | 6 | -58.5 | | | -52.5 | -21.25 | 31.3 |
| | Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps | 2 | 6 | -58.5 | -56.2 | | -48.2 | -21.25 | 26.9 |
| | Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps | 3 | 6 | -58.5 | -56.2 | -58.9 | -46.9 | -21.25 | 25.7 |
| | Non HT-20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps | 2 | 9 | -59.5 | -59.5 | | -47.5 | -21.25 | 26.2 |
| | Non HT-20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps | 3 | 11 | -58.2 | -54.5 | -57.6 | -40.9 | -21.25 | 19.6 |
| | HT-20, M0 to M7 | 1 | 6 | -56.0 | | | -50.0 | -21.25 | 28.8 |
| | HT-20, M0 to M7 | 2 | 6 | -56.0 | -58.3 | | -48.0 | -21.25 | 26.7 |
| 20 | HT-20, M8 to M15 | 2 | 6 | -56.0 | -58.3 | | -48.0 | -21.25 | 26.7 |
| 57. | HT-20, M0 to M7 | 3 | 6 | -56.0 | -58.3 | -58.2 | -46.6 | -21.25 | 25.3 |
| | HT-20, M8 to M15 | 3 | 6 | -56.0 | -58.3 | -58.2 | -46.6 | -21.25 | 25.3 |
| | HT-20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7 | 2 | 9 | -56.0 | -58.3 | | -45.0 | -21.25 | 23.7 |
| | HT-20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15 | 2 | 6 | -56.0 | -58.3 | | -48.0 | -21.25 | 26.7 |
| | HT-20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7 | 3 | 11 | -57.9 | -57.5 | -58.6 | -42.4 | -21.25 | 21.2 |
| | HT-20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15 | 3 | 8 | -57.9 | -56.7 | -58.8 | -45.1 | -21.25 | 23.9 |
| | HT-20 STBC, M0 to M7 | 2 | 6 | -56.0 | -58.3 | | -48.0 | -21.25 | 26.7 |
| | HT-20 STBC, M0 to M7 | 3 | 6 | -56.0 | -58.3 | -58.2 | -46.6 | -21.25 | 25.3 |



Conducted Spurs Average, All Antennas



Conducted Spurs Peak, All Antennas





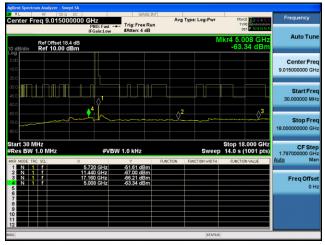
Conducted Spurs Average, 5720 MHz, HT-20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7



| Applied System Analyzer | Sweep 45 A | Sweep 18 - 10 | Sweep

Antenna A

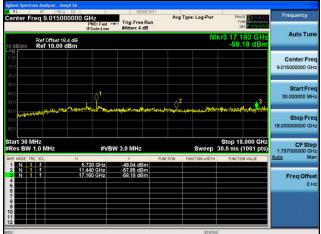
Antenna B

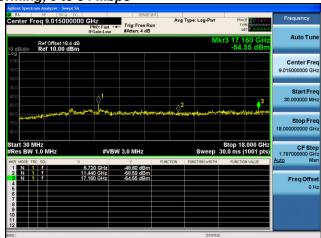


Antenna C

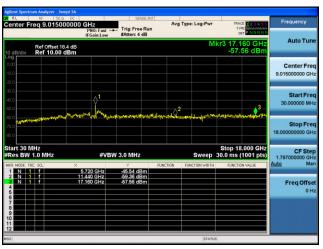


Conducted Spurs Peak, 5720 MHz, Non HT-20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps





Antenna A Antenna B



Antenna C



A.4 Conducted Bandedge

15.407 (b) *Undesirable emission limits.* Except as shown in paragraph (b) (7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (6) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in 15.209.
- (7) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.
- (8) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the upper and lower frequency band edges as the design of the equipment permits

Test Procedure

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01 ANSI C63.10: 2013

Conducted Bandedge

Test Procedure

- 1. Connect the antenna port(s) to the spectrum analyzer input.
- 2. Place the radio in continuous transmit mode. Use the procedures in ANSI C63.10: 2013 to substitute conducted measurements in place of radiated measurements.
- 3. Configure Spectrum analyzer as per test parameters below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer).
- 4. Place a marker at the end of the restricted band closest to the transmit frequency to show compliance. Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands.
- 5. The "measure-and-sum technique" is used for measuring in-band transmit power of a device. In the measure-and-sum approach, the conducted emission level is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in linear power units. The worst case output is recorded.
- 6. Place a marker at the end of the restricted band closest to the transmit frequency to show compliance. Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands
- 7. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 12.7.6 (peak) & 12.7.7.3 (average, Method VB-A (Alternative))

| 4 | - (| (|
|---|-----|---|
| Conducted Bandedge | | |
| Test parameters restricted Band | | |
| RBW = 1 MHz | | |
| VBW ≥ 3 x RBW for Peak, 100Hz for Average | | |
| Sweep = Auto couple | | |
| Detector = Peak | | |
| Trace = Max Hold. | | |

| System Number | Description | Samples | System under test | Support equipment |
|------------------|-------------|---------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | EUT | S01 | \checkmark | |
| 1 | Support | S02 | | \triangleright |

| Tested By : | Date of testing: |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Jose Aguirre | 12-Nov-15 - 29-Nov-15 |
| Test Result : Not Required | |

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

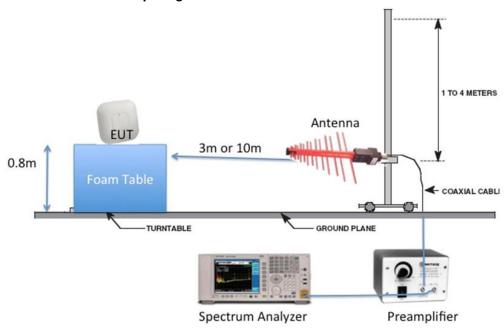
Page No: 30 of 49



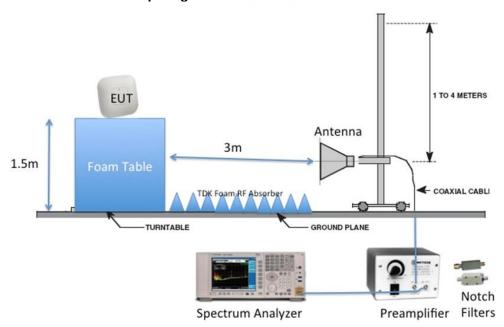
Appendix B: Emission Test Results

Testing Laboratory: Cisco Systems, Inc., 170 West Tasman Drive, San Jose, CA 95134, USA

Radiated Emission Setup Diagram-Below 1G



Radiated Emission Setup Diagram-Above 1G





B1 Radiated Spurious Emissions

15.407(b) *Undesirable emission limits.* Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

(3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz..

15.205 / 15.209

- (7) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.
- (6) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209.

Ref. ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 12.7.6 & 12.7.7.3 & section 6.6

Using Vasona, configure the spectrum analyzer as shown below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer). Place the radio in continuous transmit mode.

Span: 1GHz – 18 GHz
Reference Level: 80 dBuV
Attenuation: 10 dB
Sweep Time: Coupled
Resolution Bandwidth: 1MHz

Video Bandwidth: 1 MHz for peak, 1 kHz for average

Detector: Peak

Terminate the access Point RF ports with 50 ohm loads.

Maximize Turntable (find worst case table angle), Maximize Antenna (find worst case height)

Save 2 plots: 1) Average Plot (Vertical and Horizontal), Limit= 54dBuV/m @3m

2) Peak plot (Vertical and Horizontal), Limit = 74dBuV/m @3m

Place a marker at the end of the restricted band closest to the transmit frequency to show compliance. Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands.

This report represents the worst case data for all supported operating modes and antennas. There are no measurable emissions above 18 GHz.

| System # | Description | Samples | | |
|----------|----------------------|---------|--|--|
| 1 | EUT | S01 | | |
| 2 | Support Power Supply | S02 | | |

| Tested By : | Date of testing: |
|--------------------|------------------|
| Jose Aguirre | 29-Nov-2015 |
| Test Result : PASS | |

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

Page No: 32 of 49



B.1.A Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions-Average worst case

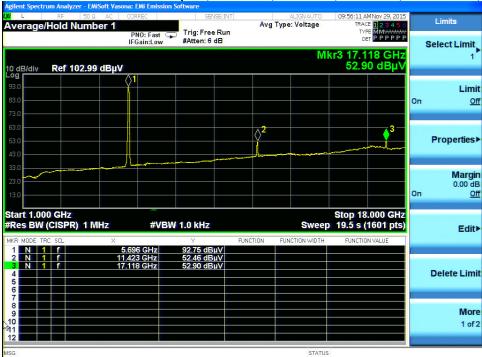
| Frequency (MHz) | Mode | Data Rate (Mbps) | Spurious Emission Level (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|---|-------------------|----------------|
| 5710 | HT/VHT40, M0 to M23, M0.0 to M9.4 | m0 | 52.9 | 54 | 1.1 |
| 5720 | 6 to 54 Mbps | 6 | 49.9 | 54 | 4.1 |







B.1.A.2 Radiated Transmitter Spurs, 5710 MHz , HT/VHT40, M0 to M23, M0.0 to M9.4, Average (1-18GHz)





B.1.A.8 Radiated Transmitter Spurs, All rate, All modes, Average (18GHz – 26.5GHz)



B.1.A.10 Radiated Transmitter Spurs, All rate, All modes, Average (26.5GHz – 40GHz)



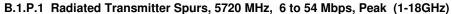


B.1.P Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions-Peak worst case

| Frequency (MHz) | Mode | Data Rate (Mbps) | Spurious Emission Level (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|---|-------------------|----------------|
| 5710 | HT/VHT40, M0 to M23, M0.0 to M9.4 | m0 | 65.1 | 74 | 8.9 |
| 5720 | 6 to 54 Mbps | 6 | 61.4 | 74 | 12.6 |

Page No: 36 of 49



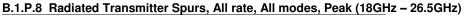




B.1.P.2 Radiated Transmitter Spurs, 5710 MHz , HT/VHT40, M0 to M23, M0.0 to M9.4, Peak (1-18GHz)









B.1.P.9 Radiated Transmitter Spurs, All rate, All modes, Peak (26.5-40GHz)





B.2 Radiated Emissions 30MHz to 1GHz

15.209 / 15.205 / 15.407:

Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

Ref. ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 6.5

Using Vasona, configure the spectrum analyzer as shown below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer). Place the radio in continuous transmit mode.

Span: 30MHz – 1GHz
Reference Level: 80 dBuV
Attenuation: 10 dB
Sweep Time: Coupled
Resolution Bandwidth: 100kHz

Video Bandwidth: 300kHz

Detector: Peak for Pre-scan, Quasi-Peak

Compliance shall be determined using CISPR quasi-peak detection; however, peak detection is permitted as an alternative to quasi-peak

detection.

Terminate the access Point RF ports with 50 ohm loads.

Maximize Turntable (find worst case table angle), Maximize Antenna (find worst case height)

This report represents the worst case data for all supported operating modes and antennas.

| System # | Description | Samples |
|----------|-------------|---------|
| 1 | EUT | S01 |

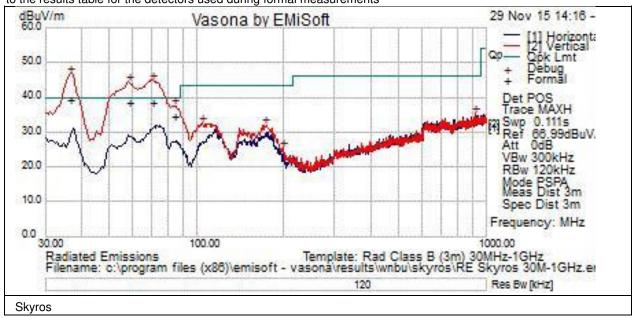
| Tested By : | Date of testing: |
|--------------------|------------------|
| Jose Aguirre | 29-Nov-2015 |
| Test Result : PASS | |

See Appendix C for list of test equipment



Graphical Test Results

Note that the data displayed on the plots detailed in this appendix were measured using a 'Peak Detector'. Please refer to the results table for the detectors used during formal measurements



Test Results Table

| | Comments | /Fail | Pass | Margin | Limit | Azt | Hgt | Pol | Measurement | Level | F dB | Cable | Raw | Frequency |
|--------------|----------|-------|------|--------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-------------|--------|------|-------|------|-----------|
| | | | | dB | dBuV/m | Deg | cm | | Туре | dBuV/m | | Loss | dBuV | MHz |
| power supply | | Pass | | -0.7 | 40 | 75 | 127 | V | Qp | 39.3 | 16.3 | 0.6 | 22.4 | 36.669 |
| power supply | | Pass | | -1.5 | 40 | 202 | 122 | V | Qp | 38.5 | 8.5 | 0.9 | 29.1 | 70.619 |
| power supply | | Pass | | -1.3 | 40 | 212 | 115 | V | Qp | 38.7 | 7.5 | 0.8 | 30.4 | 58.613 |
| Power supply | | Pass | | -5.2 | 40 | 168 | 112 | V | Qp | 34.8 | 7.8 | 1 | 26 | 83.35 |
| | | Pass | | -10.9 | 43.5 | 199 | 100 | V | Peak | 32.6 | 11.5 | 1 | 20 | 104.569 |
| | | Pass | | -11.5 | 43.5 | 292 | 100 | V | Peak | 32 | 11.5 | 1.3 | 19.2 | 171.862 |
| | | Pass | | -18 | 43.5 | 239 | 100 | V | Peak | 25.4 | 11.9 | 1.4 | 12.1 | 198.538 |
| | | Pass | | -10.6 | 46 | 332 | 200 | V | Peak | 35.4 | 22.4 | 2.8 | 10.3 | 914.519 |



B.3 AC Conducted Emissions

15.207

Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, for any radio apparatus equipped to operate from the public utility AC power supply, either directly or indirectly (such as with a battery charger), the radio frequency voltage of emissions conducted back onto the AC power lines in the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits shown in the table in these sections. The more stringent limit applies at the frequency range boundaries.

Measurement Procedure

Accordance with ANSI C63.10:2013 section 6.2

Using Vasona, configure the spectrum analyzer as shown below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer). Place the radio in continuous transmit mode.

Span: 150 KHz – 30 MHz

Attenuation: 10 dB Sweep Time: Coupled Resolution Bandwidth: 9 KHz Video Bandwidth: 30 KHz

Detector: Quasi-Peak / Average

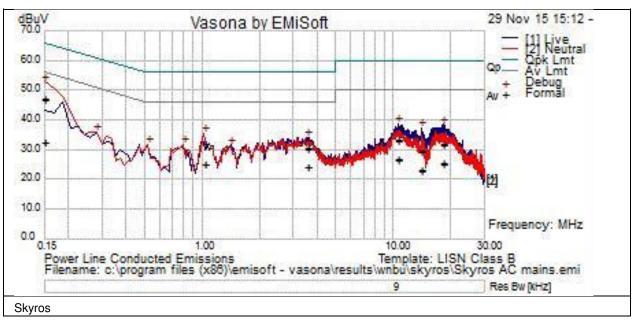
| System # | Description | Samples |
|----------|-------------|---------|
| 1 | EUT | S01 |

| Tested By : | Date of testing: | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Jose Aguirre | 29-Nov-2015 | | | | |
| Test Result : Pass | | | | | |

Graphical Test Results

Note that the data displayed on the plots detailed in this appendix were measured using a 'Peak Detector'. Please refer to the results table for the detectors used during formal measurements





Test Results Table

| Test Resu | its rabi | е | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|----------|-------|---------|-------|-------------|------|-------|--------|------------|----------|
| Frequency | Raw | Cable | Factors | Level | Measurement | Line | Limit | Margin | Pass /Fail | Comments |
| MHz | dBuV | Loss | dB | dBuV | Туре | | dBuV | dB | | |
| 18.303 | 11.8 | 20.3 | 0.2 | 32.2 | Qp | L | 60 | -27.8 | Pass | |
| 1.027 | 12 | 19.9 | 0 | 32 | Qp | L | 56 | -24 | Pass | |
| 0.15 | 25.9 | 21.2 | 0.1 | 47.1 | Qp | L | 66 | -18.9 | Pass | |
| 3.545 | 10.4 | 19.9 | 0.1 | 30.5 | Qp | L | 56 | -25.5 | Pass | |
| 10.616 | 13.2 | 20.1 | 0.1 | 33.4 | Qp | L | 60 | -26.6 | Pass | |
| 14.086 | 9.6 | 20.1 | 0.2 | 29.9 | Qp | L | 60 | -30.1 | Pass | |
| 0.15 | 26.3 | 21.2 | 0.1 | 47.5 | Qp | N | 66 | -18.5 | Pass | |
| 3.545 | 10.6 | 19.9 | 0.1 | 30.7 | Qp | N | 56 | -25.3 | Pass | |
| 1.027 | 12 | 19.9 | 0 | 31.9 | Qp | N | 56 | -24.1 | Pass | |
| 18.303 | 11.4 | 20.3 | 0.2 | 31.9 | Qp | N | 60 | -28.1 | Pass | |
| 14.086 | 8.9 | 20.1 | 0.2 | 29.3 | Qp | N | 60 | -30.7 | Pass | |
| 10.616 | 12.8 | 20.1 | 0.1 | 33 | Qp | N | 60 | -27 | Pass | |
| 18.303 | 5.4 | 20.3 | 0.2 | 25.9 | Av | L | 50 | -24.1 | Pass | |
| 1.027 | 5.1 | 19.9 | 0 | 25.1 | Av | L | 46 | -20.9 | Pass | |
| 0.15 | 11.2 | 21.2 | 0.1 | 32.5 | Av | L | 56 | -23.5 | Pass | |
| 3.545 | 4.2 | 19.9 | 0.1 | 24.2 | Av | L | 46 | -21.8 | Pass | |
| 10.616 | 6.9 | 20.1 | 0.1 | 27.1 | Av | L | 50 | -22.9 | Pass | |
| 14.086 | 3.1 | 20.1 | 0.2 | 23.5 | Av | L | 50 | -26.5 | Pass | |
| 0.15 | 11.4 | 21.2 | 0.1 | 32.6 | Av | N | 56 | -23.4 | Pass | |
| 3.545 | 4.2 | 19.9 | 0.1 | 24.2 | Av | N | 46 | -21.8 | Pass | |
| 1.027 | 5.2 | 19.9 | 0 | 25.2 | Av | N | 46 | -20.8 | Pass | |
| 18.303 | 4.9 | 20.3 | 0.2 | 25.3 | Av | N | 50 | -24.7 | Pass | |
| 14.086 | 2.5 | 20.1 | 0.2 | 22.9 | Av | N | 50 | -27.1 | Pass | |
| 10.616 | 6.5 | 20.1 | 0.1 | 26.6 | Av | N | 50 | -23.4 | Pass | |



Photographs of setup



This is a dual band $2.4 \, \text{GHz} / 5 \, \text{GHz}$ device. All ports in this test set up photo are connected as all testing is automated. Section 2.6 of this test report given an overview of the different Tx antenna combinations used by this device.







AC Conducted Emissions setup







Appendix C: List of Test Equipment Used to perform the test

| Equip# | Manufacturer/ Model | Description | Last Cal | Next Cal Due Date | Test Item |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|---|---------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| CIS005691 | Miteq NSP1800-25-S1 | Broadband Preamplifier (1-18GHz) | 25-JUN-15 | 25-JUN-16 | B.1 |
| CIS008447 | Cisco NSA 10m Chamber | NSA 10m Chamber | 14-OCT-15 | 14-OCT-16 | B.2 |
| CIS020975 | Micro-Coax UFB311A-0-1344-520520 | RF Coaxial Cable, to 18GHz, 134.4 in | 18-FEB-15 | 18-FEB-16 | B.1, B.2 |
| CIS030559 | Micro-Coax UFB311A-1-0950-504504 | RF Coaxial Cable, to 18GHz, 95 in | 20-FEB-15 | 20-FEB-16 | B.1, B.2 |
| CIS030571 | Micro-Coax UFB311A-1-3510-504504 | Rf Coaxial Cable to 18GHz | 15-DEC-14 | 15-DEC-15 | B.1, B.2 |
| CIS035284 | ETS-Lindgren 3117 | Double Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna | 30-SEP-15 | 30-SEP-16 | B.1 |
| CIS042266 | Sunol Sciences JB1 | Combination Antenna | 21-APR-15 | 21-APR-16 | B.2 |
| CIS041929 | Newport iBTHP-5-DB9 | 5 inch Temp/RH/Press Sensor w/20ft cable | 20-DEC-14 | 20-DEC-15 | B.1, B.2 |
| CIS043124 | Cisco Above 1GHz Site Cal | Above 1GHz Cispr Site Verification | 15-JAN-15 | 15-JAN-16 | B.1 |
| CIS044940 | ROHDE & SCHWARZ / ESU40 | EMI RECEIVER, 40GHZ | 27-May-15 | 27-May-16 | B.1 |
| CIS047410 | Agilent N9038A | EMI Receiver | 17-FEB-15 | 17-FEB-16 | B.1, B.2 |
| CIS051642 | Huber+Suhner Sucoflex 106PA | RF N Type Cable 8.5m | 10-FEB-15 | 10-FEB-16 | B.1, B.2 |
| CIS054647 | Stanley 33-605 | 10meter Measuring Tape | Cal Not Required | N/A | B.1, B.2 |

| | Test Equipment used for AC Mains Conducted Emissions | | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|--|---------------------|-----------|-----|--|--|--|
| CIS005687 | Fluke 73 III | Digital Multimeter | 05-NOV-15 | 05-NOV-16 | B.3 | | | |
| CIS020975 | Micro-Coax UFB311A-0-1344-520520 | RF Coaxial Cable, to 18GHz, 134.4 in | 18-FEB-15 | 18-FEB-16 | B.3 | | | |
| CIS030559 | Micro-Coax UFB311A-1-0950-504504 | RF Coaxial Cable, to 18GHz, 95 in | 20-FEB-15 | 20-FEB-16 | B.3 | | | |
| CIS041929 | Newport iBTHP-5-DB9 | 5 inch Temp/RH/Press Sensor w/20ft cable | 20-DEC-14 | 20-DEC-15 | B.3 | | | |
| CIS046002 | Fischer Custom Communications F-090527-1009-1 | Line Impedance Stabilization Network | 10-JUN-15 | 10-JUN-16 | B.3 | | | |
| CIS046003 | Fischer Custom Communications F-090527-1009-2 | Lisn Adapter | 10-JUN-15 | 10-JUN-16 | B.3 | | | |
| CIS047410 | Agilent N9038A | EMI Receiver | 17-FEB-15 | 17-FEB-16 | B.3 | | | |
| CIS049532 | TTE H785-150K-50-21378 | High Pass Filter | 08-MAY-15 | 08-MAY-16 | B.3 | | | |
| CIS051642 | Huber+Suhner Sucoflex 106PA | RF N Type Cable 8.5m | 10-FEB-15 | 10-FEB-16 | B.3 | | | |
| CIS051751 | Bird 5-T-MB | 5W 50 Ohm BNC Termination 4GHz | 06-AUG-15 | 06-AUG-16 | B.3 | | | |
| CIS054647 | Stanley 33-605 | 10meter Measuring Tape | Cal Not Required | N/A | B.3 | | | |

| RF Conducted at output antenna port | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|--|--|
| CIS050721 | N9030A/ Keysight | PXA Signal Analyzer | 13-Apr-15 | 13-Apr-16 | A1 thru A4 | | |
| CIS054609 | ZFSC-2-10G /Mini-Circuits | Splitter | 01-June-15 | 01-June-16 | A1 thru A4 | | |

Page No: 46 of 49



| CIS054608 | D3C2060 / Ditom | Splitter | 01-June-15 | 01-June-16 | A1 thru A4 |
|-----------|----------------------------|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| CIS054607 | PS4-09-452/4S/ Pulsar | Splitter | 01-June-15 | 01-June-16 | A1 thru A4 |
| CIS054606 | BRC50705-02/ Micro-Tronics | Notch Filter | 01-June-15 | 01-June-16 | A1 thru A4 |
| CIS054605 | BRC50703-02 / | Notch Filter | 01-June-15 | 01-June-16 | A1 thru A4 |
| C18034603 | Micro-Tronics | Notch Filter | | | |
| CIS054604 | BRC50704-02/ Micro-Tronics | Notch Filter | 01-June-15 | 01-June-16 | A1 thru A4 |
| CIS054603 | BRM50702-02/ | Notch Filter | 01-June-15 | 01-June-16 | A1 thru A4 |
| C18034603 | Micro-Tronics | Notch Filter | | | |
| CIS054637 | BWS30-W2/ Aeroflex | SMA 30dB Attenuator | 02-June-15 | 02-June-16 | A1 thru A4 |
| CIS054636 | BWS20-W2/ Aeroflex | 20dB SMA Attenuator | 02-June-15 | 02-June-16 | A1 thru A4 |
| CIS054625 | RA08-S1S1-24/Megaphase | SMA cable 24" | 02-June-15 | 02-June-16 | A1 thru A4 |
| CIS054624 | RA08-S1S1-18/Megaphase | SMA cable 18" | 02-June-15 | 02-June-16 | A1 thru A4 |
| CIS054623 | RA08-S1S1-18/Megaphase | SMA cable 18" | 02-June-15 | 02-June-16 | A1 thru A4 |
| CIS054622 | RA08-S1S1-18/Megaphase | SMA cable 18" | 02-June-15 | 02-June-16 | A1 thru A4 |
| CIS054621 | RA08-S1S1-18/Megaphase | SMA cable 18" | 02-June-15 | 02-June-16 | A1 thru A4 |



Appendix E: Abbreviation Key and Definitions

The following table defines abbreviations used within this test report.

| Abbreviation | Description | Abbreviation | Description |
|--------------|--|--------------|------------------------------------|
| EMC | Electro Magnetic Compatibility | °F | Degrees Fahrenheit |
| EMI | Electro Magnetic Interference | °C | Degrees Celsius |
| EUT | Equipment Under Test | Temp | Temperature |
| ITE | Information Technology Equipment | S/N | Serial Number |
| TAP | Test Assessment Schedule | Qty | Quantity |
| ESD | Electro Static Discharge | emf | Electromotive force |
| EFT | Electric Fast Transient | RMS | Root mean square |
| EDCS | Engineering Document Control System | Qp | Quasi Peak |
| Config | Configuration | Av | Average |
| CIS# | Cisco Number (unique identification number for Cisco test equipment) | Pk | Peak |
| Cal | Calibration | kHz | Kilohertz (1x10 ³) |
| EN | European Norm | MHz | MegaHertz (1x10 ⁶) |
| IEC | International Electro technical Commission | GHz | Gigahertz (1x10 ⁹) |
| CISPR | International Special Committee on Radio Interference | Н | Horizontal |
| CDN | Coupling/Decoupling Network | V | Vertical |
| LISN | Line Impedance Stabilization Network | dB | decibel |
| PE | Protective Earth | V | Volt |
| GND | Ground | kV | Kilovolt (1x10 ³) |
| L1 | Line 1 | μV | Microvolt (1x10 ⁻⁶) |
| L2 | Line2 | A | Amp |
| L3 | Line 3 | μΑ | Micro Amp (1x10 ⁻⁶) |
| DC | Direct Current | mS | Milli Second (1x10 ⁻³) |
| RAW | Uncorrected measurement value, as indicated by the measuring device | μS | Micro Second (1x10 ⁻⁶) |
| RF | Radio Frequency | μS | Micro Second (1x10 ⁻⁶) |
| SLCE | Signal Line Conducted Emissions | m | Meter |
| Meas dist | Measurement distance | Spec dist | Specification distance |
| N/A or NA | Not Applicable | SL | Signal Line (or Telecom Line) |
| Р | Power Line | L | Live Line |
| N | Neutral Line | R | Return |
| S | Supply | AC | Alternating Current |



End