

RF EXPOSURE REPORT

REPORT NO.: SA991006E01

MODEL NO.: REN301-xx, TES301-xx, TEI301-xx

FCC ID: LDK-TEI301

ACCORDING: FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure

IEEE C95.1

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RF Exposure Measurement

1. Introduction

In this document, we try to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body for our product. The limit for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) specified in FCC 1.1310 is followed. The Gain of the antenna used in this product is measured in a Fully Anechoic Chamber (FAC) calibrated for antenna measurement in our lab, and also the maximum total power input to the antenna is measured. Through the Friis transmission formula and the maximum gain of the antenna, we can calculate the distance, away from the product, where the limit of MPE is reached.

Although the Friis transmission formula is a far field assumption, the calculated result of that is an over-prediction for near field power density. We will take that as the worst case to specify the safety range.

2.RF Exposure Limit

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency Range	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm²)	Average Time (minutes)			
	Strength (v/iii)		(IIIVV/CIII)	(Hilliates)			
(MHz)							
	(A)Limits For Occupational / Control Exposures						
300-1500	•••	•••	F/300	6			
1500-100,000	•••	•••	5	6			
(B)Limits For General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure							
300-1500	•••		F/1500	30			
1500-100,000			1.0	30			

F = Frequency in MHz



3. Friis Formula

Friis transmission formula : Pd = $(Pout*G) / (4*pi*r^2)$

where

Pd = power density in mW/cm²

Pout = output power to antenna in mW

G = gain of antenna in linear scale

Pi = 3.1416

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

Pd is the limit of MPE, 1 mW/cm². If we know the maximum Gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the MPE value at distance 20cm.

Ref.: David K. Cheng, *Field and Wave Electromagnetics*, Second Edition, Page 640, Eq. (11-133).

4. EUT Operating condition

The software provided by Manufacturer enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

5. Classification

The antenna of this product, under normal use condition, is at least 20cm away from the body of the user. So, this device is classified as **Mobile Device**.



6.TEST RESULTS

6.1 Antenna Gain

There are two antennas provided to this EUT, please refer to the following table:

No.	Antenna Type	Antenna Connector	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Cable loss(dB)	Net Gain (dBi)	Cable Length (cm)	Frequency range (GHz)
1	PIFA	I-PEX	3	1	2	26	2.4~2.5
2	PIFA	I-PEX	3	1	2	21	2.4~2.5



6.2 Output Power Into Antenna & RF Exposure value at distance 20cm:

802.11b:

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm²)
1	2412	151.4	0.048	1.0
6	2437	151.4	0.048	1.0
11	2462	147.9	0.047	1.0

802.11g:

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm²)
1	2412	199.5	0.063	1.0
6	2437	338.8	0.107	1.0
11	2462	173.8	0.055	1.0

802.11n (20MHz):

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm²)
1	2412	241.0	0.076	1.0
6	2437	625.3	0.197	1.0
11	2462	188.8	0.060	1.0

802.11n (40MHz):

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm²)
1	2422	224.9	0.071	1.0
4	2437	296.5	0.093	1.0
7	2452	242.8	0.077	1.0

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