





Components



Technical Information

Micropilot FMR50

Flow

Level radar Level measurement in liquids



Application

Continuous, non-contact level measurement of liquids, pastes and slurries

Features FMR50

- Attractively-priced device for basic supply and storage applications as well as utility processes
- Encapsulated PVDF or PP cladded horn antenna
- Maximum measuring range: 30 m (98 ft); for version with enhanced dynamics: 40 m (131 ft)
- Process connection: 1¹/₂" thread , mounting bracket or with slip-on flange
- Temp. range: -40 to +130 °C (-40 to +266 °F)
- Pressure range: -1 to +3 bar (-14.5 to +43.5 psi)
- Accuracy: ± 2 mm

Your benefits

- Reliable measurement even for changing product and process conditions
- Integrated data memory (HistoROM) for high availability
- Intuitive operating menu in national languages for easy commissioning

- Simple integration into control or asset management systems
- Exact diagnostic and process information to assist fast decisions
- International approvals for use in hazardous areas
- 5-point linearity protocol
- WHG and marine approvals
- SIL2 according to IEC 61508, SIL3 in case of homogeneous or heterogeneous redundancy
- System integration via HART/PROFIBUS PA (Profile 3.02)/FOUNDATION Fieldbus



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Important document information

Document conventions

Safety symbols

DANGER! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.
WARNING! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.
CAUTION! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.
NOTICE! This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury.

Electrical symbols

Symbol	Meaning
A0011197	Direct current A terminal to which DC voltage is applied or through which direct current flows.
A0011198	Alternating current A terminal to which alternating voltage is applied or through which alternating current flows.
A0017381	 Direct current and alternating current A terminal to which alternating voltage or DC voltage is applied. A terminal through which alternating current or direct current flows.
	Ground connection A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.
A0011199	Protective ground connection A terminal which must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections.
A0011201	Equipotential connection A connection that has to be connected to the plant grounding system: This may be a potential equalization line or a star grounding system depending on national or company codes of practice.

Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning
A0011182	Allowed Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are allowed.
A0011183	Preferred Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.
A0011184	Forbidden Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.
A0011193	Tip Indicates additional information.
A0011194	Reference to documentation Refers to the corresponding device documentation.

Symbol	Meaning
A0011195	Reference to page Refers to the corresponding page number.
A0011196	Reference to graphic Refers to the corresponding graphic number and page number.

Symbols in graphics

Symbol	Meaning
1, 2, 3	Item numbers
1. , 2. , 3	Series of steps
A, B, C,	Views
A-A, B-B, C-C,	Sections
A0011187	Hazardous area Indicates a hazardous area.
A0011188	Safe area (non-hazardous area) Indicates a non-hazardous location.

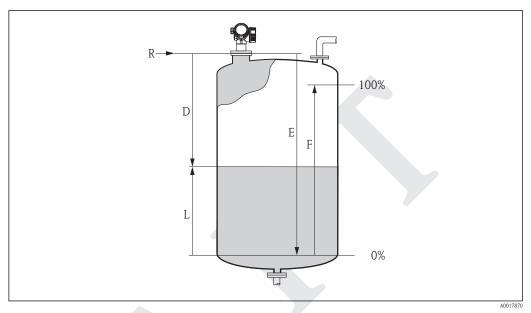
Symbols at the device

Symbol	Meaning
$\land \to \blacksquare$	Safety instructions Observe the safety instructions contained in the associated Operating Instructions.
⊂.¥	Temperature resistance of the connection cables Specifies the minimum value of the temperature resistance of the connection cables.

Function and system design

Measuring principle

The Micropilot is a "downward-looking" measuring system, operating based on the time-of-flight method (ToF). It measures the distance from the reference point (process connection) to the product surface. Radar impulses are emitted by an antenna, reflected off the product surface and received again by the radar system.



⊡ 1 Setup parameters of the Micropilot

- Reference point of the measurement (lower edge of the flange or threaded connection) R
- Ε *Empty calibration (= zero)*
- F Full calibration (= span)
- D Measured distance L
- Level (L = E D)

Input

The reflected radar impulses are received by the antenna and transmitted into the electronics. A microprocessor evaluates the signal and identifies the level echo caused by the reflection of the radar impulse at the product surface. The unambiguous signal identification is accomplished by the PulseMaster® eXact software together with the Multi-echo tracking algorithms, based on many years of experience with time-offlight technology.

The distance D to the product surface is proportional to the time of flight t of the impulse:

$D = c \cdot t/2,$

with c being the speed of light.

Based on the known empty distance E, the level L is calculated:

L = E - D

The reference point R of the measurement is located at the process connection. For details see the dimensional drawing:

FMR50: (→ 🖹 51)

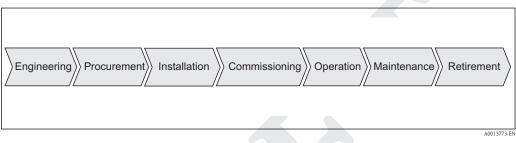
The Micropilot is equipped with functions to suppress interference echoes. The user can activate these functions. Together with the multi-echo tracking algorithms they ensure that interference echoes (i.e. from edges and weld seams) are not interpreted as level echo.

Output

The Micropilot is commissioned by entering an empty distance "E" (=zero), a full distance "F" (=span) and application parameters. The application parameters are automatically adapt into the instrument to the process conditions. For models with a current output, the factory adjustment for zero point "E" and span "F" is 4 mA and 20 mA. For digital outputs and the display module, the factory adjustment for zero point "E" and span "F" is 0 % and 100 %.

A linearization with max. 32 points, based on a table entered either manually or semi-automatically, can be activated locally or remotely. This function provides a measurement in engineering units and a linear output signal for spheres, horizontal cylindrical tanks and vessels with conical outlet.

Life cycle of the product



2 Life cycle

Engineering

- Universal measuring principle
- Measurement unaffected by medium properties
- Hardware and software developed according to SIL IEC 61508

Procurement

- Endress+Hauser being the world market leader in level measurement guarantees asset protection
- Worldwide support and service

Installation

- Special tools are not required
- Reverse polarity protection
- Modern, detachable terminals
- Main electronics protected by a separate connection compartment

Commissioning

- Fast, menu-guided commissioning in only a few steps on site or from the control room
- Plain text display in national languages reduces the risk of error or confusion
- Direct local access of all parameters
- Short instruction manual at the device

Operation

- Multi-echo tracking: Reliable measurement through self-learning echo-search algorithms taking into
 account the short-term and long-term history in order to check the found echoes for plausibility and to
 suppress interference echoes.
- Diagnostics in accordance with NAMUR NE107

Maintenance

- HistoROM: Data backup for instrument settings and measured values
- Exact instrument and process diagnosis to assist fast decisions with clear details concerning remedies
- Intuitive, menu-guided operating concept in national languages saves costs for training, maintenance and operation
- Cover of the electronics compartment can be opened in hazardous areas

Retirement

- Order code translation for subsequent models
- RoHS-conforming (Restriction of certain Hazardous Substances), unleaded soldering of electronic components
- Environmentally sound recycling concept

Input

Measured variable	The measured variable is the distance between the reference point and the product surface.
	Subject to the empty distance entered "E" the level is calculated.
	Alternatively, the level can be converted into other variables (volume, mass) by means of linearization (32 points).

Measuring range

Maximum measuring range

Device	Maximum measuring range
FMR50 - standard version	30 m (98 ft)
FMR50 - with "Advanced dynamics" application package	40 m (131 ft)

Usable measuring range

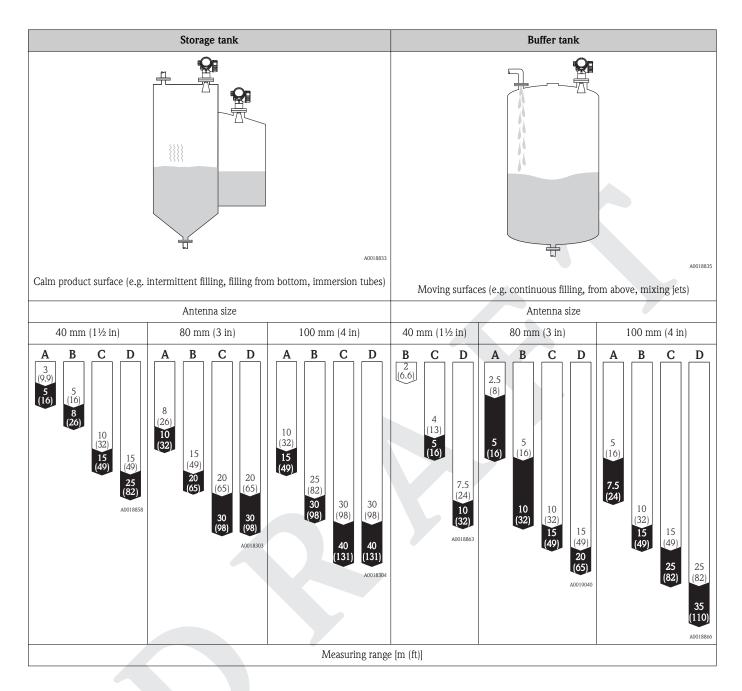
The usable measuring range depends on the size of the antenna, the reflectivity of the medium, the mounting location and eventual interference reflections.

The following tables describe the groups of media as well as the achievable measuring range as a function of application and media group. If the dielectric constant of a medium is unknown, it is recommended to assume media group B to ensure a reliable measurement.

Media groups

Media groups	DK (ɛ _r)	Example
Α	1.4 to 1.9	non-conducting liquids, e.g. liquefied gas ¹⁾
В	1.9 to 4	non-conducting liquids, e.g. benzene, oil, toluene,
С	4 to 10	e.g. concentrated acids, organic solvents, esters, aniline, alcohol, acetone,
D	> 10	conducting liquids, e.g. aqueous solutions, dilute acids and alkalis

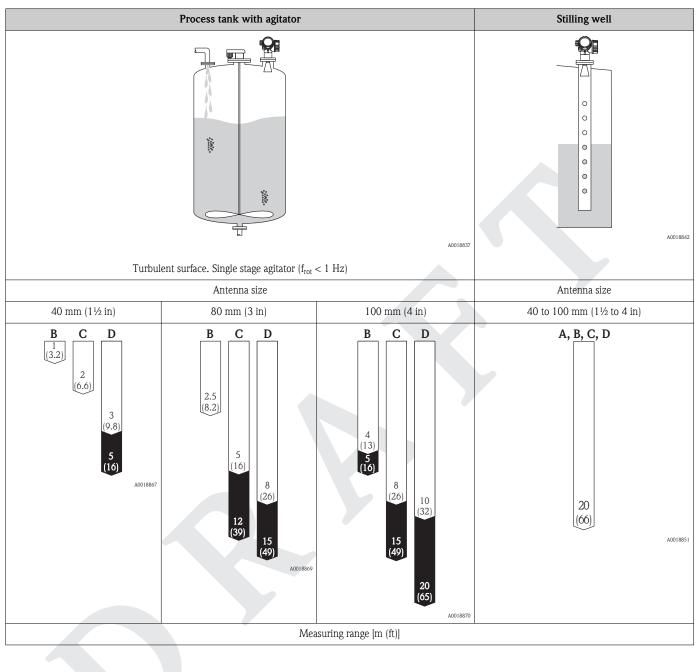
1) Treat Ammonia NH_3 as a medium of group A.



Legend

U	Measuring range	of the sta	andard	version						
-		c .1				 1			c	

Measuring range for the "Advanced dynamics" application package (product structure: feature 540: "Application Package", Option EM: "Advanced dynamics")



Legend

□ | Measuring range of the standard version

Measuring range for the "Advanced dynamics" application package (product structure: feature 540: "Application Package", Option EM: "Advanced dynamics")

Operating frequency

K-band (~ 26 GHz)

Up to 8 Micropilot transmitters can be installed in the same tank because the transmitter pulses are statistically coded.

Transmitting power

Distance	Average energy density in beam direction		
	Standard version	With "Advanced dynamics" application package ¹⁾	
1 m (3.3 ft)	$< 12 \text{ nW/cm}^2$	$< 64 \text{ nW/cm}^2$	
5 m (16 ft)	< 0.4 nW/cm ²	$< 2.5 \text{ nW/cm}^2$	

1) Product structure, feature 540: "Application package", option EM: "Advanced dynamics"

Output

Output signal

HART

Signal coding	FSK ±0.5 mA over current signal
Data transmission rate	1 200 Bit/s
Galvanic isolation	Yes

PROFIBUS PA (in preparation)

Signal coding	Manchester Bus Powered (MBP)
Data transmission rate	31.25 kBit/s, voltage mode
Galvanic isolation	Yes

FOUNDATION Fieldbus (in preparation)

Signal coding	Manchester Bus Powered (MBP)
Data transmission rate	31.25 kBit/s, voltage mode
Galvanic isolation	Yes

Switch output

For HART devices, the switch output is available as an option. See product structure, feature 20: "Power Supply, Output", option B: "2-wire; 4-20mA HART, switch output"

Devices with PROFIBUS PA and FOUNDATION Fieldbus always have a switch output.

Switch output			
Function	Open collector switching output		
Switching behavior	Binary (conductive or non-conductive), switches when the programmable switch point is reached		
Failure mode	non-conductive		
Eectrical connection values	$U=10.4 \text{ to } 35 \ V_{DC}, I=0 \text{ to } 40 \ \text{mA}$		
Internal resistance	$R_l < 880 \ \Omega$ The voltage drop at this internal resistance has to be taken into account on planning the configuration. For example, the resulting voltage at a connected relay must be sufficient to switch the relay.		
Insulation voltage	floating, Insulation voltage 1 350 V_{DC} to power supply aund 500 V_{AC} to ground		
Switch point	freely programmable, separately for switch-on and switch-off point		
Switching delay	freely programmable from 0 to 100 sec. , separately for switch-on and switch-off point $% \left({{\left[{{{\rm{D}}} \right]}_{{\rm{D}}}}} \right)$		
Number of switching cycles	corresponds to the measuring cycle		
Signal source device variables	 Level linearized Distance Terminal voltage Electronic temperature Relative echo amplitude Diagnostic values, Advanced diagnostics 		
Number of switching cycles	unlimited		

Signal on alarm	 Current output (for HART of – Failsafe mode selectable (Minimum alarm: 3.6 mA Maximum alarm (= facto – Failsafe mode with user-ss Local display – Status signal (in accordan – Plain text display Operating tool via digital co interface (CDI) 	 Status signal (in accordance with NAMUR Recommendation NE 107) Plain text display Operating tool via digital communication (HART, PROFIBUS PA, FOUNDATION Fieldbus) or service interface (CDI) Status signal (in accordance with NAMUR Recommendation NE 107) 		
Linearization	The linearization function of the device allows the conversion of the measured value into any unit of leng or volume. Linearization tables for calculating the volume in cylindrical tanks are pre-programmed. Othe tables of up to 32 value pairs can be entered manually or semi-automatically.			
Galvanic isolation	All circuits for the outputs are	All circuits for the outputs are galvanically isolated from each other.		
Protocol-specific data	HART			
	Manufacturer ID	17 (0x11)		
	Device type ID	41 (0x28)		
	HART specification	6.0		
	Device description files (DTM, DD)	Information and files under: • www.endress.com • www.hartcomm.org		
	HART load	Min. 250 Ω		
	HART device variables	The measured values can be freely assigned to the device variables.		
		 Measured values for PV (primary variable) Level linearized Distance Electronic temperature Relative echo amplitude Analog output adv. diagnostics 		
		 Measured values for SV, TV, FV (second, third and fourth variable) Level linearized Distance Terminal voltage Electronic temperature Absolute echo amplitude Relative echo amplitude Area of incoupling 		
	Supported functions	Burst modeAdditional transmitter status		

PROFIBUS PA (in preparation)

Manufacturer ID	17 (0x11)
Ident number	0x1559
Profile version	3.02
GSD file	Information and files under:
GSD file version	www.endress.comwww.profibus.org

Output values	Analog Input: • Level linearized • Distance • Terminal voltage • Electronic temperature • Absolute echo amplitude • Relative echo amplitude
	Digital Input:Extended diagnostic blocksStatus output PFS Block
Input values	 Analog Output: Analog value from PLC (for sensor block external pressure and temperature) Analog value from PLC to be indicated on the display
	Digital Output: Extended diagnostic block Level limiter Sensor block measurement on Sensor block save history on Status output
Supported functions	 Identification & Maintenance Einfachste Geräteidentifizierung seitens des Leitsystems und des Typenschildes Automatic Ident Number Adoption GSD compatibility mode with respect to the preceding product Micropilot M FMR2xx Physical Layer Diagnostics Installation check of the PRFIBUS segment and the Micropilot FMR5x via the terminal voltage and telegram surveillance. PROFIBUS Up-/Download Up to 10 times faster writing and reading of parameters via PROFIBUS up-/ download Condensed Status Simple and self-explanatory diagnostic information by categorization of occurring diagnostic messages.

FOUNDATION Fieldbus (in preparation)

Manufacturer ID	0x452B48
Device type	0x1028
Device Revision	0x01
DD Revision CFF Revision	Information and files can be found: • www.endress.com • www.fieldbus.org
Device Tester Version (ITK Version)	6.0.1
ITK Test Campaign Number	IT085300
Link Master (LAS) capable	yes
Link Master / Basic Device selectable	yes; default: Basic Device
Node address	Default: 247 (0xF7)
Features supported	Following methods are supported: Restart ENP Restart Setup Linearization Self Check
Virtual Communication Relation	onships (VCRs)
Number of VCRs	44
Number of Link Objects in VFD	50

Permanent entries	1
Client VCRs	0
Server VCRs	10
Source VCRs	43
Sink VCRs	0
Subscriber VCRs	43
Publisher VCRs	43
Device Link Capabilities	
Slot time	4
Min. inter PDU delay	8
Max. response delay	20

Transducer Blocks

Max. response delay	20			
Transducer Blocks				
Block	Content	Output values		
Setup Transducer Block	Setup Transducer Block Contains all parameters for a standard commissioning procedure			
Advanced Setup Transducer Block	Contains all parameters for a more detailed configuration of the device	no output values		
Display Transducer Block	Contains all parameters for the configuration of the display module	no output values		
Diagnostic Transducer Block	Contains diagnostic information	no output values		
Expert Configuration Transducer Block	Contains parameters which require detailed knowledge of the functionalities of the device	no output values		
Expert Information Transducer Block	Contains information about the state of the device	no output values		
Service Sensor Transducer Block	Contains parameters which can only be operated by Endress+Hauser service personnel	no output values		
Service Information Transducer Block	Contains information on the state of device which is relevant for service operations	no output values		
Data Transfer Transducer Block	Contains parameters which allow to backup the device configuration in the display module and to restore it into the device.	no output values		

1) depending on the configuration of the block

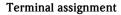
Function Blocks

Block	Content	Number of permanent blocks	Number of instantiable blocks	Execution time	Functionality
Resource Block	The Resource Block contains all the data that uniquely identifies the field device. It is an electronic version of a nameplate of the device.	1	0	-	enhanced
Multiple Analog Input Block	The AI block takes the manufacturer's input data, selected by channel number, and makes it available to other function blocks at its output.	2	3	25 ms	enhanced
Discrete Input Block	The DI block takes a discrete input value (e.g. indication of an level limit), and makes it available to other function blocks at its output.	1	2	20 ms	standard

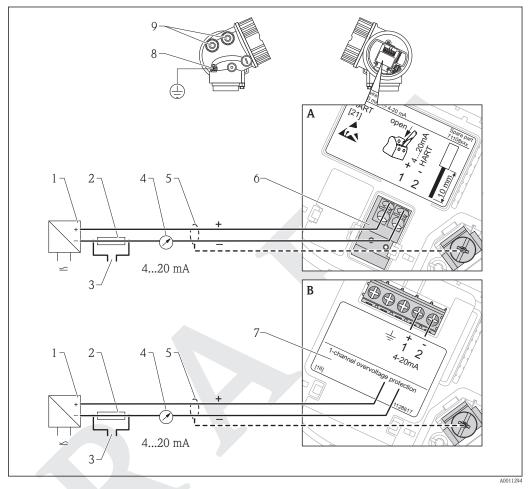
Block	Content	Number of permanent blocks	Number of instantiable blocks	Execution time	Functionality
PID Block	The PID block serves as proportional- integralderivative controller and is used almost universally to do closed-loop- control in the field including cascade and feedforward.	1	1	25 ms	standard
Arithmetic Block	This block is designed to permit simple use of popular measurement math functions. The user does not have to know how to write equations. The math algorithm is selected by name, chosen by the user for the function to be done.	1	1	25 ms	standard
Signal Characterizer Block	The signal characterizer block has two sections, each with an output that is a non-linear function of the respective input. The non-linear function is determined by a single look-up table with 21 arbitrary x-y pairs.	1	1	25 ms	standard
Input Selector Block	The input selector block provides selection of up to four inputs and generates an output based on the configured action. This block normally receives its inputs from AI blocks. The block performs maximum, minimum, middle, average and 'first good' signal selection.	1	1	25 ms	standard
Integrator Block	The Integrator Function Block integrates a variable as a function of the time or accumulates the counts from a Pulse Input block. The block may be used as a totalizer that counts up until reset or as a batch totalizer that has a setpoint, where the integrated or accumulated value is compared to pre-trip and trip settings, generating discrete signals when these settings are reached.	1	1	25 ms	standard
Analog Alarm Block		1	1	25 ms	standard

Up to 20 blocks can be instantiated in the device altogether, including the blocks already instantiated on delivery.

Power supply



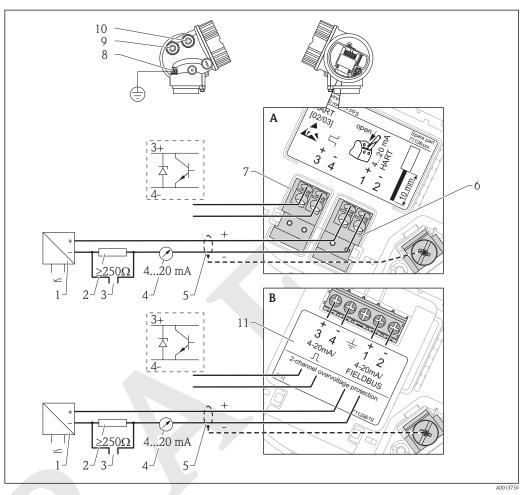
2-wire: 4-20mA HART



Terminal assignment 2-wire; 4-20mA HART **⊡** 3

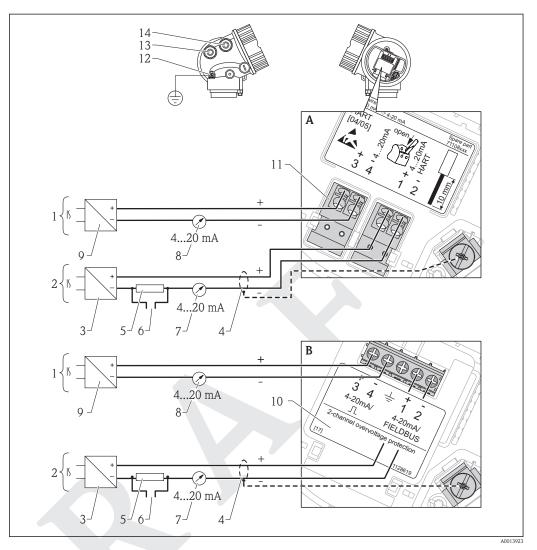
- Α Without integrated overvoltage protection
- With integrated overvoltage protection В
- 1 Active barrier with power supply (e.g. RN221N): Observe terminal voltage ($\rightarrow \square 24$) 2
- HART communication resistor ($\geq 250 \Omega$): Observe maximum load ($\rightarrow \square 24$)
- Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert SFX100 (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem) 3
- 4 Analog display device: Observe maximum load ($\rightarrow \stackrel{\text{l}}{\Rightarrow} 24$)
- 5 Cable screen; observe cable specification ($\rightarrow \ge 27$)
- Terminals for 4–20mA HART (passive) 6
- 7 Overvoltage protection module 8
- Terminal for potential equalization line
- Cable entry 9

2-wire: 4-20mA HART, switch output



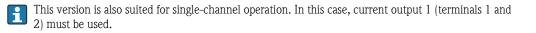
- 🕼 4 Terminal assignment 2-wire; 4-20mA HART, switch output
- A Without integrated overvoltage protection
- *B* With integrated overvoltage protection
- 1 Active barrier with power supply (e.g. RN221N): Observe terminal voltage ($\rightarrow \stackrel{\circ}{=} 24$)
- *2* HART communication resistor ($\geq 250 \Omega$): Observe maximum load ($\rightarrow \square 24$)
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert SFX100 (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)
- 4 Analog display device: Observe maximum load ($\rightarrow \ge 24$)
- 5 Cable screen; observe cable specification ($\rightarrow \square 27$)
- 6 Terminals for 4–20mA HART (passive)
- 7 Terminals for switch output (open collector)
- 8 Terminal for potential equalization line
- 9 Cable entry for 4–20mA HART line
- 10 Cable entry for switch output line
- 11 Overvoltage protection module

2-wire: 4-20mA HART, 4-20mA

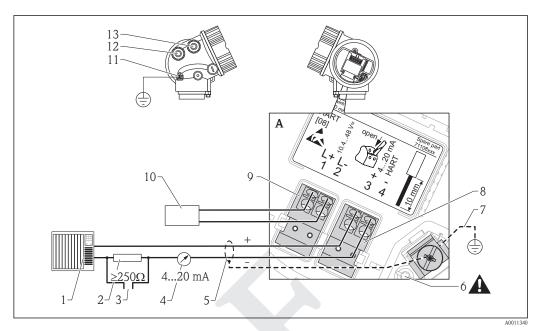


5 Terminal assignment 2-wire, 4-20 mA HART, 4...20mA

- A Without integrated overvoltage protection
- *B* With integrated overvoltage protection
- 1 Connection current output 2
- 2 Connection current output 1
- 3 Supply voltage for current output 1 (e.g. RN221N); Observe terminal voltage ($\rightarrow \stackrel{\circ}{=} 25$)
- 4 Cable screen; observe cable specification ($\rightarrow \square 27$)
- 5 HART communication resistor ($\geq 250 \Omega$): Observe maximum load ($\rightarrow \square 25$)
- 6 Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert SFX100 (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)
- 7 Analog display device ; observe maximum load ($\rightarrow \ge 25$)
- 8 Analog display device ; observe maximum load ($\rightarrow \square 25$)
- 9 Supply voltage for current output 2 (e.g. RN221N); Obesrve terminal voltage ($\rightarrow \ge 25$)
- 10 Overvoltage protection module
- 11 Terminals for current output 2
- 12 Terminal for the potential equalization line
- 13 Cable entry for current output 1
- 14 Cable entry for current output 2



4-wire: 4-20mA HART (10.4 to 48 V_{DC})

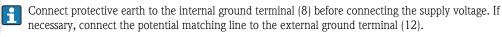


Control of the second s

- 1 Evaluation unit, e.g. PLC
- *2* HART communication resistor ($\geq 250 \Omega$): Observe maximum load ($\rightarrow \exists 26$)
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert SFX100 (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)
- 4 Analog display device: Observe maximum load ($\rightarrow \ge 26$)
- 5 Signal cable including screening (if required), observe cable specification ($\rightarrow \square 27$)
- 6 Protective connection; do not disconnect!
- 7 Protective earth, observe cable specification ($\rightarrow \ge 27$)
- 8 Terminals for 4...20mA HART (active)
- 9 Terminals for supply voltage
- 10 Supply voltage: Observe terminal voltage ($\rightarrow \square 26$), observe cable specification ($\rightarrow \square 27$)
- 11 Terminal for potential equalization
- 12 Cable entry for signal line
- 13 Cable entry for power supply

To ensure electrical safety:

- Do not disconnect the protective connection (7).
- Disconnect the supply voltage before disconnecting the protective earth (8).

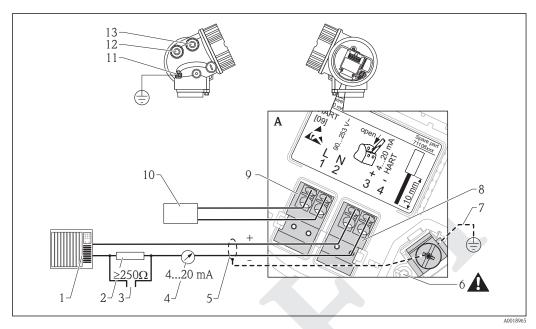


In order to ensure electromagnetic compatibility (EMC): Do not only ground the device via the protective earth conductor of the supply cable. Instead, the functional grounding must also be connected to the process connection (flange or threaded connection) or to the external ground terminal.



An easily accessible power switch must be installed in the proximity of the device. The power switch must be marked as a disconnector for the device (IEC/EN61010).

4-wire: 4-20mA HART (90 to 253 VAC)

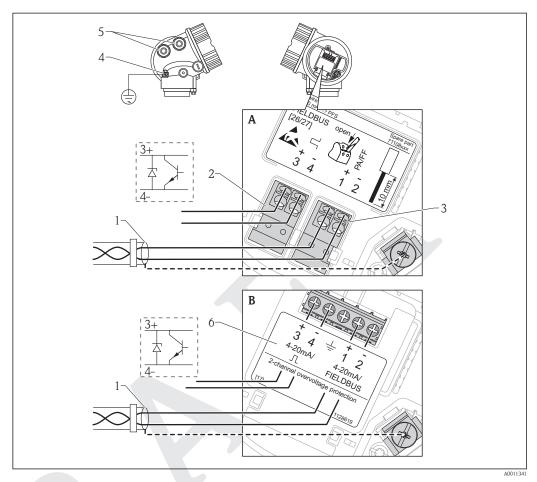


Terminal assignment 4-wire; 4-20mA HART (90 to 253 VAC)

- 1 Evaluation unit, e.g. PLC
- *2* HART communication resistor ($\geq 250 \Omega$): Observe maximum load ($\rightarrow \triangleq 26$)
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert SFX100 (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)
- 4 Analog display device: Observe maximum load ($\rightarrow \square 26$)
- 5 Signal cable including screening (if required), observe cable specification ($\rightarrow \ge 27$)
- 6 Protective connection; do not disconnect!
- 7 Protective earth, observe cable specification ($\rightarrow \exists 27$)
- 8 Terminals for 4...20mA HART (active)
- 9 Terminals for supply voltage
- 10 Supply voltage: Observe terminal voltage ($\rightarrow \square 26$), observe cable specification ($\rightarrow \square 27$)
- 11 Terminal for potential equalization
- 12 Cable entry for signal line
- 13 Cable entry for power supply

To ensure electrical safety:

- ► Do not disconnect the protective connection (7).
 - Disconnect the supply voltage before disconnecting the protective earth (8).
- Connect protective earth to the internal ground terminal (8) before connecting the supply voltage. If necessary, connect the potential matching line to the external ground terminal (12).
- In order to ensure electromagnetic compatibility (EMC): Do not only ground the device via the protective earth conductor of the supply cable. Instead, the functional grounding must also be connected to the process connection (flange or threaded connection) or to the external ground terminal.
- An easily accessible power switch must be installed in the proximity of the device. The power switch must be marked as a disconnector for the device (IEC/EN61010).



PROFIBUS PA / FOUNDATION Fieldbus (in preparation)

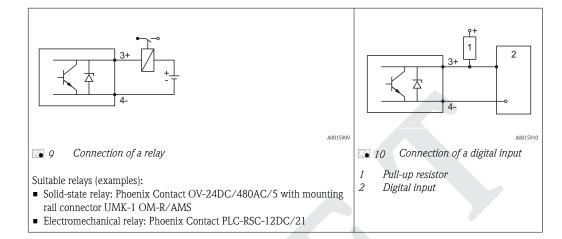
- Terminal assignment PROFIBUS PA / FOUNDATION Fieldbus **B**
- Without integrated overvoltage protection A
- В With integrated overvoltage protection
- 1 *Cable screen: Observe cable specifications* (\rightarrow \supseteq 27)
- 2
- Terminals for switch output (open collector) Terminals PROFIBUS PA / FOUNDATION Fieldbus 3
- Terminal for potential equalization line 4
- 5 Cable entries
- Overvoltage protection module 6

Connection examples for the switch output



For HART devices, the switch output is available as an option. See product structure, feature 20: "Power Supply, Output", option B: "2-wire; 4-20mA HART, switch output"

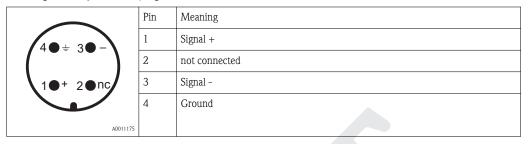
Devices with PROFIBUS PA and FOUNDATION Fieldbus always have a switch output.



Device plug connectors

For the versions with fieldbus plug connector (M12 or 7/8"), the signal line can be connected without opening the housing.

Pin assignment of the M12 plug connector



Pin assignment of the 7/8" plug connector

	Pin	Meaning
1 3	1	Signal -
	2	Signal +
2● 4●	3	Screen
A0011176	4	Not connected

Supply voltage

P Vai

An external power supply is required.

Various supply units can be ordered from Endress+Hauser: see "Accessories" section (\rightarrow $\stackrel{\frown}{=}$ 73)

2-wire, 4-20mA HART, passive

"Power Supply, Output" ¹⁾	"Approval" ²⁾	Terminal voltage U at the device	Maximum load R, depending on the supply voltage U_0 at the supply unit
A: 2-wire; 4-20mA HART	 Non-Ex Ex nA Ex ic CSA GP 	10.4 to 35 V ³⁾	R [Ω] 500
	Ex ia / IS	10.4 to 30 V ³⁾	0 10 10.4 20 30 35 U ₀ [V] A0017140
	 Ex d(ia) / XP Ex ic(ia) Ex nA(ia) Ex ta / DIP 	12 to 35 V ⁴)	R [Ω] 500
	Ex ia + Ex d(ia) / IS + XP	12 to 30 V ⁴⁾	0 10 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12

1) Feature 020 of the product structure

2) Feature 010 of the product structure

3) For ambient temperatures $T_a \le -20$ °C (-4 °F) a minimum voltage of 15 V is required for the sartup of the device at the MIN error current (3,6 mA). The startup current can be parametrized. If the device is operated with a fixed current I \ge 5,5 mA (HART multidrop mode), a voltage of U \ge 10,4 V is sufficient throughout the entire range of ambient temperatures.

4) For ambient temperatures $T_a \le -20$ °C (-4 °F) a minimum voltage of 16 V is required for the satrtup of the device at the MIN error current (3.6 mA).

"Power Supply, Output" ¹⁾	"Approval" ²⁾	Terminal voltage U at the device	Maximum load R, depending on the supply voltage U_0 at the supply unit
B: 2-wire; 4-20 mA HART, switch output	 Non-Ex Ex nA Ex nA(ia) Ex ic Ex ic(ia) Ex d(ia) / XP Ex ta / DIP CSA GP 	12 to 35 V ³⁾	R [Ω] 500
	 Ex ia / IS Ex ia + Ex d(ia) / IS + XP 	12 to 30 V ³⁾	0 10 12 20 30 35 U ₀ [V] A001913 A001913

1) Feature 020 of the product structure

2) Feature 010 of the product structure

3) For ambient temperatures $T_a \le -30$ °C (-22 °F) a minimum voltage of 16 V is required for the satrtup of the device at the MIN error current (3.6 mA).

"Power Supply, Output" ¹⁾	"Approval" 2)	Terminal voltage U at the device	Maximum load R, depending on the supply voltage \mathbf{U}_0 at the supply unit
C: 2-wire; 4-20mA HART, 4-20mA	any	12 to 30 V ³⁾	R [Ω] 500 0 10 12 20 23 30 U ₀ [V] Δ017055

1) Feature 020 of the product structure

2) Feature 010 of the product structure

3) For ambient temperatures $T_a \le -30$ °C (-22 °F) a minimum voltage of 16 V is required for the satrup of the device at the MIN error current (3.6 mA).

Polarity reversal protection	Yes
Admissible residual ripple at $f = 0$ to 100 Hz	$U_{SS} < 1 V$
Admissible residual ripple at f = 100 to 10000 Hz	$U_{SS} < 10 \text{ mV}$

4-wire, 4-20mA HART, active

"Power supply; Output" 1)	Terminal voltage	$Maximum \ load \ R_{max}$
K: 4-wire 90-253VAC; 4-20mA HART	90 to 253 V_{AC} (50 to 60 Hz), overvoltage category II	500 Ω
L: 4-wire 10,4-48VDC; 4-20mA HART	10.4 to 48 V _{DC}	

1) Feature 020 of the product structure

PROFIBUS PA, FOUNDATION Fieldbus (in preparation)

"Power supply; Output" ¹⁾	"Approval" ²⁾	Terminal voltage
E: 2-wire; FOUNDATION Fieldbus, switch output G: 2-wire; PROFIBUS PA, switch output	 Non-Ex Ex nA Ex nA(ia) Ex ic Ex ic(ia) Ex d(ia) / XP Ex ta / DIP CSA GP 	9 to 32 V ³
	 Ex ia / IS Ex ia + Ex d(ia) / IS + XP 	9 to 30 V $^{3)}$

1) Feature 020 of the product structure

2)

Feature 010 of the product structure Input voltages up to 35 V will not spoil the device. 3)

Polarity sensitive	No		
FISCO/FNICO compliant according to IEC 60079-27	Yes		

Power consumption

"Power supply; Output" ¹⁾	Power consumption
A: 2-wire; 4-20mA HART	< 0.9 W
B: 2-wire; 4-20mA HART, switch output	< 0.9 W
C: 2-wire; 4-20mA HART, 4-20mA	< 2 x 0.7 W
K: 4-wire 90-253VAC; 4-20mA HART	6 VA
L: 4-wire 10,4-48VDC; 4-20mA HART	1.3 W

Feature 020 of the product structure 1)

Current consumption

HART

Nominal current	3.6 to 22 mA, the start-up current for multidrop mode can be parametrized (is set to 3.6 mA on delivery)
Breakdown signal (NAMUR NE43)	adjustable: 3.59 to 22.5 mA

PROFIBUS PA (in preparation)

Nominal current	14 mA
Error current FDE (Fault Disconnection Electronic)	0 mA

FOUNDATION Fieldbus (in preparation)

Device basic current	14 mA
Error current FDE (Fault Disconnection Electronic)	0 mA

FISCO (in preparation)

	Ui	17.5 V		
	Ii	550 mA		
	Pi	5.5 W		
	Ci	5 nF		
	L	10 µH		
	- Confirmation :	e seteined in the Uiste DOM (EEDDOM)		
Power supply failure		s retained in the HistoROM (EEPROM). (incl. value of operated hours counter) are stored.		
Potential equalization	No special measur	res for potential equalization are required.		
	If the device Instructions	e is designed for hazardous areas, observe the information in the documentation "Safety " (XA, ZD).		
Terminals	 Without integrated overvoltage protection Plug-in spring terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm² (20 to 14 AWG) With integrated overvoltage protection Screw terminals for wire cross-sections 0.2 to 2.5 mm² (24 to 14 AWG) 			
Cable entries	 Metal M20x Thread for cable 1/2" NPT G 1/2" M20 × 1.5 	x1.5 for cable \emptyset 5 to 10 mm (0.2 to 0.39 in): non-Ex, ATEX/IECEx/NEPSI Ex ia/ic 1.5 for cable \emptyset 7 to 10 mm (0.28 to 0.39 in): dust-Ex, FM IS, CSA IS, CSA GP, Ex nA		
Cable specification	 Minimum cross 	e cable is sufficient for the power supply of the device. s-section: ($\rightarrow \equiv 27$) mperature T _U $\geq 60 \text{ °C}$ (140 °F): use cable for temperature T _U +20 K.		
	HART			
	A normal device cable suffices if only the analog signal is used.A shielded cable is recommended if using the HART protocol. Observe grounding concept of the plant.			
	PROFIBUS (in preparation)			
	Use a twisted, screened two-wire cable, preferably cable type A.			
	For further information on the cable specifications, see Operating Instructions BA00034S "Guidelines for planning and commissioning PROFIBUS DP/PA", PNO Guideline 2.092 "PROFIBUS PA User and Installation Guideline" and IEC61158-2 (MBP).			
	FOUNDATION Fieldbus (in preparation)			
	Endress+Hauser recommends using twisted, shielded two-wire cables.			
	For further information on the cable specifications, see Operating Instructions BA00013S			

For further information on the cable specifications, see Operating Instructions BA00013S "FOUNDATION Fieldbus Overview", FOUNDATION Fieldbus Guideline and IEC 61158-2 (MBP).

Overvoltage protection

If the measuring device is used for level measurement in flammable liquids which requires the use of overvoltage protection according to DIN EN 60079-14, standard for test procedures 60060-1 (10 kA, pulse $8/20 \ \mu s$), overvoltage protection has to be ensured by an integrated or external overvoltage protection module.

Integrated overvoltage protection

An integrated overvoltage protection module is available for 2-wire HART as well as PROFIBUS PA and FOUNDATION Fieldbus devices.

Product structure: Feature 610 "Accessory mounted", option NA "Overvoltage protection".

Technical data			
Resistance per channel	2 * 0.5 Ω max		
Threshold DC voltage	400 to 700 V		
Threshold impulse voltage	< 800 V		
Capacitance at 1 MHz	< 1.5 pF		
Nominal arrest impulse voltage (8/20 µs)	10 kA		

External overvoltage protection

HAW562 or HAW569 from Endress+Hauser are suited as external overvoltage protection.

For detailed information please refer to the following documents:

- HAW562: TI01012K
- HAW569: TI01013K

Performance characteristics

Reference operating conditions	 Temperature = +24 °C (+75 °F) ±5 °C (±9 °F) Pressure = 960 mbar abs. (14 psia) ±100 mbar (±1.45 psi) Humidity = 60 % ±15 % Reflector: metal plate with a minimum diameter of 1 m (40 in)
	 No major interference reflections inside the signal beam

Maximum measured error

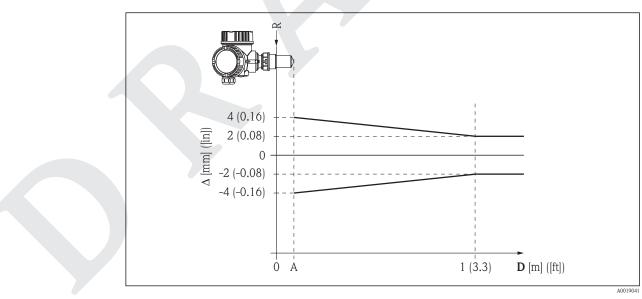
Typical data under reference operating conditions: DIN EN 61298–2, percentage values in relation to the span.

Device	Value	Output	
		digital	analog 1)
FMR50 Standard version	Sum of non-linearity, nonrepeatability and hysteresis	± 2 mm (0.08 in)	± 0.02 %
	Offset/Zero	± 4 mm (0.2 in)	± 0.03 %
FMR50 Version with application package "Advanced dynamics" ²⁾	Sum of non-linearity, nonrepeatability and hysteresis	± 3 mm (0.12 in)	± 0.02 %
	Offset/Zero	± 4 mm (0.2 in)	± 0.03 %

1) Add error of the analogous value to the digital value.

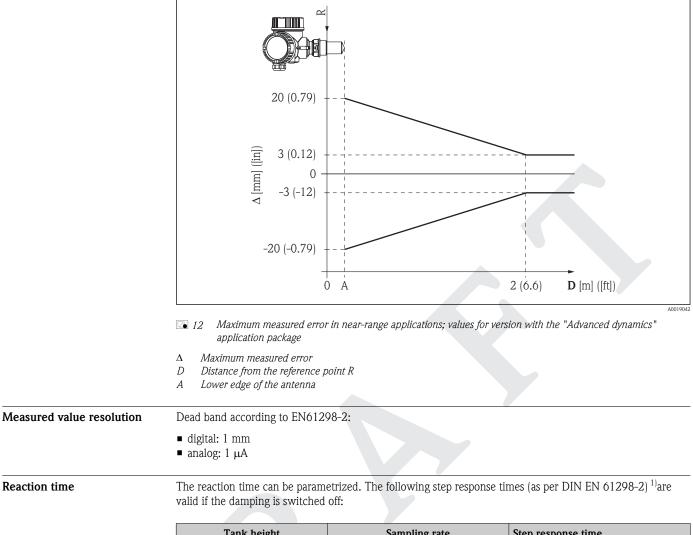
2) Product structure: Feature 540 "Application Package", Option EM "Advanced dynamics"

Differing values in near-range applications



[] 11 Maximum measured error in near-range applications; values for standard version

- $\Delta \qquad \textit{Maximum measured error}$
- D Distance from the reference point R
- A Lower edge of the antenna



Tank height	Sampling rate	Step response time
< 10 m (33 ft)	≥ 3.6 s ⁻¹	< 0.8 s
< 40 m (132 ft)	$\geq 2.7 \mathrm{s}^{-1}$	< 1 s

Influence of ambient temperature

The measurements are carried out in accordance with EN 61298-3 Digital (HART, PROFIBUS PA):

- Standard version: average $T_K = 2 \text{ mm}/10 \text{ K}$; maximum 5 mm

– Version with advanced dynamics $^{2)}$: average $T_{K}=5\ \text{mm}/10\ \text{K}$; maximum 15 mm

Analog (current output):

- zero point (4 mA): average $T_K = 0.02 \ \%/10 \ K$
- span (20 mA): average $T_{\rm K}=0.05$ %/10 K

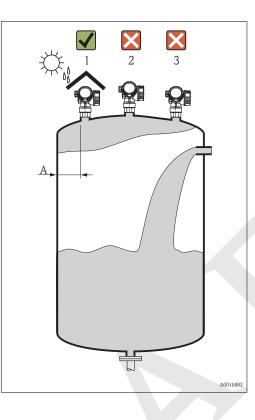
2) Feature 540 "Application Package", option EM

According to DIN EN 61298-2 the response time is the time which passes after a sudden change of the input signal until the output signal for the first time assumes 90% of the steady-state value.
 Externa 640 "Annihisting Package" action EM

Installation

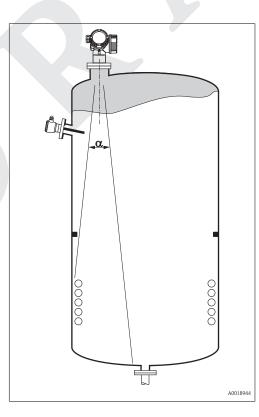
Installation conditions

Mounting position



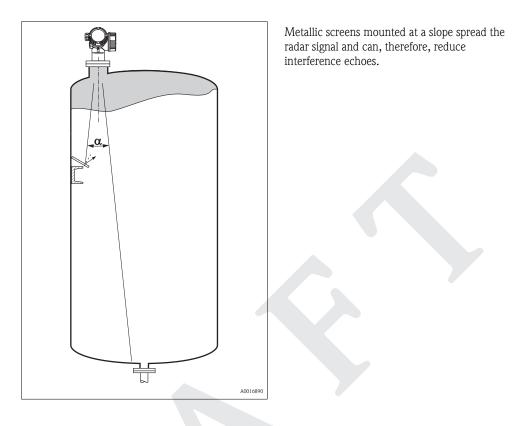
- Recommended distance A from wall to outer edge of nozzle: ~ 1/6 of tank diameter. Nevertheless the device should not be installed closer than 15 cm (5.91 in) to the tank wall.
- Not in the center (2), as interference can cause signal loss.
- Not above the fill stream (3).
- It is recommended to us a weather protection cover (1) in order to protect the device from direct sun or rain.

Vessel installations



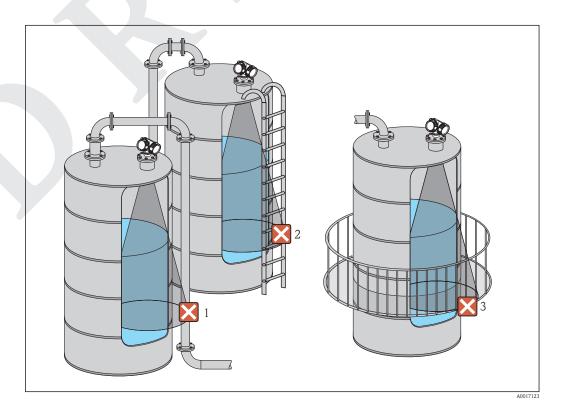
Avoid any installations (limit switches, temperature sensors, braces, vacuum rings, heating coils, baffles etc.) inside the signal beam. Take into account the beam angle ($\rightarrow \square 34$):

Reduction of interference echoes



Measurement in a plastic vessel

If the outer wall of the vessel is made of a non-conductive material (e.g. GRP), microwaves can also be reflected off interfering installations outside the signal beam (e.g. metallic pipes (1), ladders (2), grates (3), ...). Therefore, there should be no such interfering installations in the signal beam. Please contact Endress+Hauser for further information.

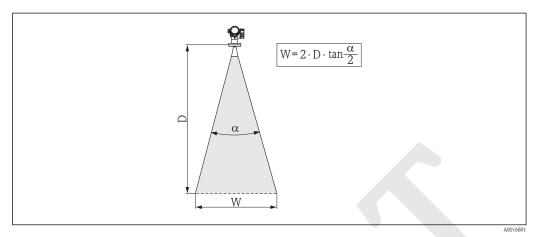


Optimization options

Antenna size

- The bigger the antenna, the smaller the beam angle α and the fewer interference echoes ($\rightarrow \exists 34$). • Mapping
- The measurement can be optimized by means of electronic suppression of interference echoes. • Antenna alignment
- Take into account the marker on the flange or threaded connection (\rightarrow $\stackrel{\circ}{=}$ 36) (\rightarrow $\stackrel{\circ}{=}$ 37).
- Stilling well
- A stilling well can be applied to avoid interferences ($\rightarrow \equiv 39$).
- Metallic screens mounted at a slope (3)
 - They spread the radar signals and can, therefore, reduce interference echoes.

Beam angle



 \square 13 Relationship between beam angle α , distance D and beamwidth diameter W

The beam angle is defined as the angle α where the energy density of the radar waves reaches half the value of the maximum energy density (3-dB-width). Microwaves are also emitted outside the signal beam and can be reflected off interfering installations.

Beam diameter W as a function of beam angle $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$ and measuring distance $\boldsymbol{D}:$

	FMR50		
Antenna size	40 mm (1-1/2 in)	80 mm (3 in)	100 mm (4 in)
Beam angle α	23°	10°	8°
Measuring distance (D)	B	eamwidth diameter W	
3 m (9.8 ft)	1.22 m (4 ft)	0.53 m (1.7 ft)	0.42 m (1.4 ft)
6 m (20 ft)	2.44 m (8 ft)	1.05 m (3.4 ft)	0.84 m (2.8 ft)
9 m (30 ft)	3.66 m (12 ft)	1.58 m (5.2 ft)	1.26 m (4.1 ft)
12 m (39 ft)	4.88 m (16 ft)	2.1 m (6.9 ft)	1.68 m (5.5 ft)
15 m (49 ft)	6.1 m (20 ft)	2.63 m (8.6 ft)	2.10 m (6.9 ft)
20 m (66 ft)	8.14 m (27 ft)	3.50 m (11 ft)	2.80 m (9.2 ft)
25 m (82 ft)	10.17 m (33 ft)	4.37 m (14 ft)	3.50 m (11 ft)
30 m (98 ft)	-	5.25 m (17 ft)	4.20 m (14 ft)
35 m (115 ft)	-	6.12 m (20 ft)	4.89 m (16 ft)
40 m (131 ft)	-	7.00 m (23 ft)	5.59 m (18 ft)

Measuring conditions	 In case of boiling surfaces, bubbling or tendency for foaming use FMR53 or FMR54. Depending on its consistence, foam can either absorb microwaves or reflect them off the foam surface. Measurement is possible under certain conditions. For FMR50, FMR51 and FMR52, the additional option "Advanced dynamics" is recommended in these cases (feature 540: "Application Package", option EM). In case of heavy steam development or condensate, the maximum measuring range of FMR50, FMR51 and FMR52 may decrease depending on density, temperature and composition of the steam → use FMR53 or FMR54. For the measurement of absorbing gases such as ammonia NH₃ or some fluorocarbons ³¹, please use Levelflex or Micropilot FMR54 in a stilling well. The measuring range begins, where the beam hits the tank bottom. Particularly with dish bottoms or conical outlets the level cannot be detected below this point. For stilling well applications, the zero should be positioned at the end of the tube, as the electromagnetic waves do not propagate completely outside the tube. It must be taken into account that the accuracy may be reduced in the area C. In order to guarantee the required accuracy in these cases, it is recommended to position the zero-point at a distance C above the end of the tube (see figure). In case of media with a low dielectric constant (s_r = 1.5 to 4) ⁴¹ the tank bottom can be visible through the medium at low levels (low height C). Reduced accuracy has to be expected in this range. If this is not acceptable, we recommend positioning the zero point at a distance C (see figure) above the tank bottom in these applications. In principle it is possible to measure up to the tip of the antenna with FMR51, FMR53 and FMR54. However, due to considerations regarding corrosion and build-up, the end of the measuring range should not be closer than A (see figure) to the tip of the antenna. When using FMR54 with planar antenna, especially for media with low diel
	 The tank diameter should be greater than D (see figure), the tank height at least H (see figure).

Device	A [mm (in)]	B [m (ft)]	C [mm (in)]	D [m (ft)]	H [m (ft)]
FMR50	150 (5.91)	> 0.2 (0.7)	50 to 250 (1.97 to 9.84)	> 0.2 (0.7)	> 0.3 (1.0)

³⁾

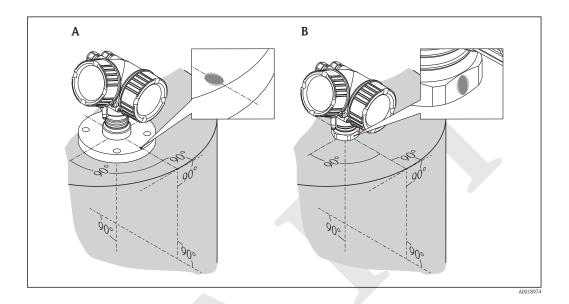
Affected compounds are e.g. R134a, R227, Dymel 152a. Dielectric constants of important media commonly used in the industry are summarized in the document SD106F, which can be downloaded from the Endress+Hauser web page (www.endress.com). 4)

Installation in vessel (free space)

Horn antenna encapsulated (FMR50)

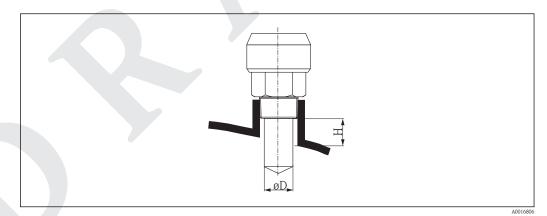
Alignment

- Align the antenna vertically to the product surface.
- A marking at the threaded connection enables axial alignment of the antenna. This marking must be aligned towards the tank wall.



Nozzle mounting

For optimum measurement, the tip of the antenna should extend below the nozzle. Nozzle heights up to 500 mm (19.7 in) can be accepted if this should not be possible due to mechanical reasons.



14 Nozzle height and diameter for horn antenna, encapsulated (FMR50)

Antenna size	40 mm (1½ in)
D	39 mm (1.54 in)
Н	< 85 mm (3.35 in)

Ple Ple

Please contact Endress+Hauser for applications with higher nozzle.

Threaded connection

- Tighten with the hexagonal nut only.
- Tool : Hexagonal wrench 50 mm
- Maximum permissible torque: 35 Nm (26 lbf ft)

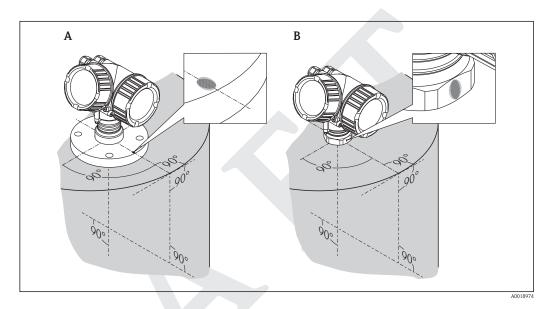
Horn antenna with slip-on flange (FMR50)

Alignment

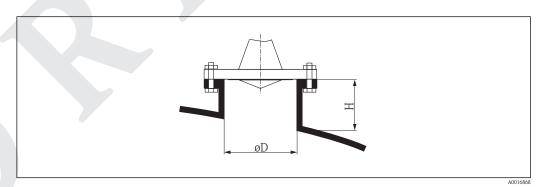


When using the Micropilot with a slip-on flange in explosion-hazardous areas, strictly observe all specifications in the relevant Safety Instructions (XA).

- Align the antenna vertically to the product surface.
 Optionally, a variable flange seal, which is available as an accessory, can be used for alignment (see
- Technical Information BA01048F, chapter "Accessories").A marking at the boss enables axial alignment of the antenna. This marking must be aligned towards the tank wall.



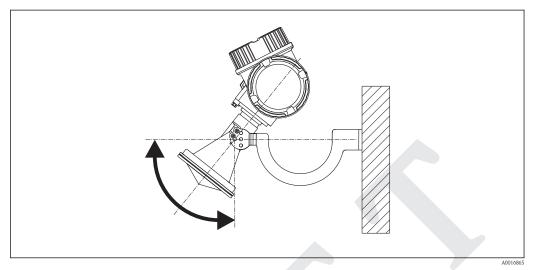
Nozzle mounting



[] 15 Nozzle height and diameter for horn antenna with slip-on flange (FMR50/FMR56)

Antenna size		80 mm (3 in)		100 mm (4 in)				
D	80 mm (3.15 in)	100 mm (3.94 in)	150 mm (5.91 in)	100 mm (3.94 in)	150 mm (5.91 in)			
Н	< 500 mm (19.7 in)							

Horn antenna with mounting bracket (FMR50)



[] 16 Installation of the horn antenna with mounting bracket (FMR50/FMR56)

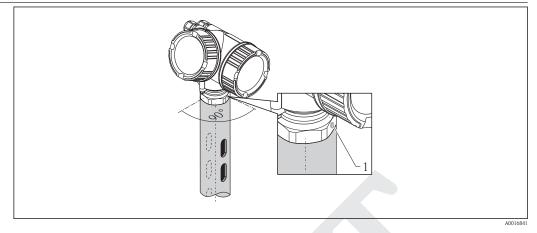
Align the antenna vertically to the product surface using the mounting bracket.

NOTICE

The mounting bracket has no conductive connection to the transmitter housing. Danger of electrostatic charge

• Connect the mounting bracket to the local potential equalization system.

Installation in stilling well



[] 17 Installation in stilling well

1 Marking for antenna alignment

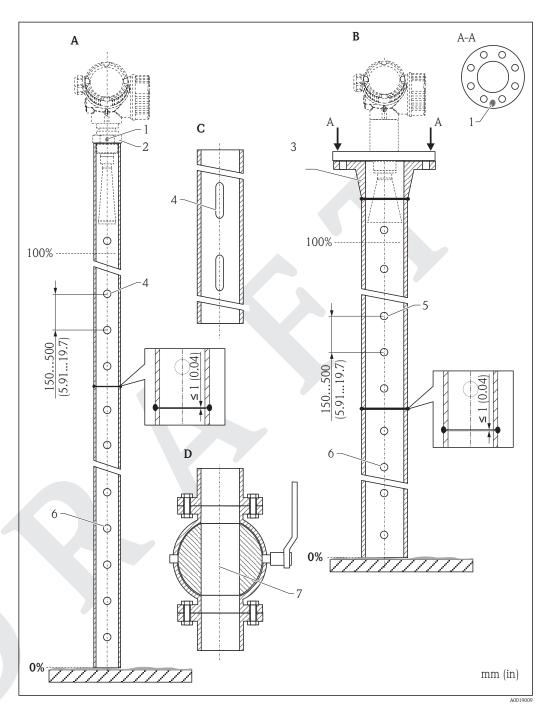
- For horn antenna: Align the marking towards the slots of the stilling well.
- Measurements can be performed through an open full bore ball valve without any problems.
- After mounting, the housing can be turned 350° in order to simplify access to the display and the terminal compartment.

Recommendations for the stilling well

- Metal (no enamel coating; plastic on request).
- Constant diameter.
- Diameter of stilling well not larger than antenna diameter.
- Weld seam as smooth as possible and on the same axis as the slots.
- Slots offset 180° (not 90°).
- Slot width or diameter of holes max. 1/10 of pipe diameter, de-burred. Length and number do not have any influence on the measurement.
- Select horn antenna as big as possible. For intermedaite sizes (e.g. 180 mm (7 in)) select next larger antenna and adapt it mechanically (for horn antennas)
- At any transition (i.e. when using a ball valve or mending pipe segments), no gap may be created exceeding 1 mm (0.04 in).
- The stilling well must be smooth on the inside (average roughness $R_z \le 6.3 \ \mu m$ (248 μin)). Use extruded or parallel welded stainless steel pipe. An extension of the pipe is possible with welded flanges or pipe sleeves. Flange and pipe have to be properly aligned at the inside.
- Do not weld through the pipe wall. The inside of the stilling well must remain smooth. In case of unintentional welding through the pipe, the weld seam and any unevenness on the inside need to be carefully removed and smoothened. Otherwise, strong interference echoes will be generated and material build-up will be promoted.
- Particularly on smaller nominal widths it needs to be observed that flanges are welded to the pipe such that they allow for a correct orientation (marker aligned toward slots).

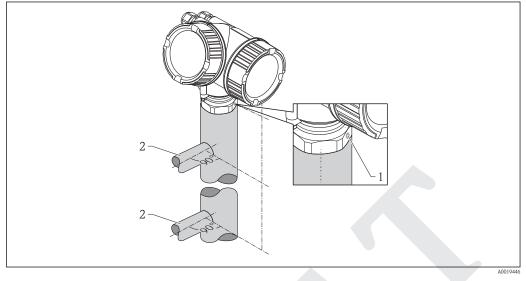
The performance of Micropilot FMR54 with planar antenna is not dependent on the alignment or geometry of standard stilling wells. No special alignment is required. However, make sure that the planar antenna is installed vertically relative to the stilling well axis.





- Micropilot FMR50/FMR51: Horn 40mm(11/2") Α
- В Micropilot FMR50/FMR51/FMR52/FMR54: Horn 80mm(3")
- C D Stilling well with slots Full bore ball valve
- Marking for axial alignment Threaded connection 1
- 2
- 3 e.g. welding neck flange DIN2633
- 4
- Ø hole max. 1/10Ø stilling well Ø hole max. 1/10Ø stilling well; single sided or drilled through 5
- 6 Inside of holes deburred
- 7 Diameter of opening of ball valve must always be equivalent to pipe diameter; avoid edges and constrictions.

Installation in bypass



[18 Installation in bypass

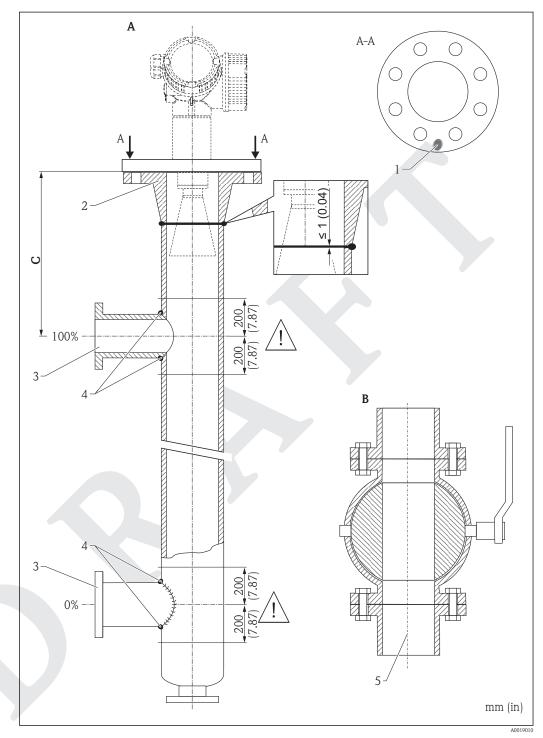
- Marking for antenna alignment 1
- Tank connectors 2

- Alighn the marker perpendicular (90°) to the tank connectors.
 Measurements can be performed through an open full bore ball valve without any problems.
 After mounting, the housing can be turned 350° in order to simplify access to the display and the terminal compartment.

Recommendations for the bypass pipe

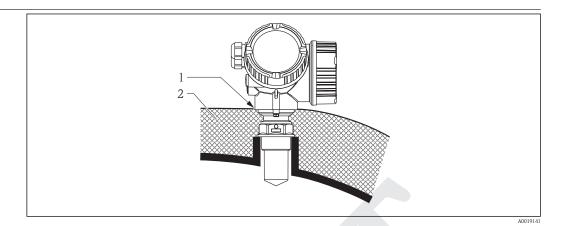
- Metal (no plastic or enamel coating).
- Constant diameter.
- Select horn antenna as big as possible. For intermediate sizes (e.g. 95 mm (3.5 in)) select next larger antenna and adapt it mechanically (for horn antennas).
- At any transition (i.e. when using a ball valve or mending pipe segments), no gap may be created exceeding 1 mm (0.04 in).
- In the area of the tank connections (~ ±20 cm (7.87 in)) ia reduced accuracy of the measurement has to be expected.

Example for the construction of a bypass



- Α Micropilot FMR50/FMR51/FMR52/FMR54: Horn 80mm(3")
- В Full bore ball valve
- С Minimum distance to upper connection pipe: 400 mm (15,7 in)
- 1 Marking for axial alignment
- 2
- e.g. welding neck flange DIN2633 Diameter of the connection pipes as small as possible 3
- 4 Do not weld through the pipe wall; the inside of the bypass must remain smooth.
- 5 Diameter of opening of ball valve must always be equivalent to pipe diameter. Avoid edges and constrictions.

Vessels with heat insulation



If process temperatures are high, the device must be included in normal tank insulation to prevent the electronics heating up as a result of heat radiation or convection. The insulation may not exceed beyond the neck of the housing.

Environment

Ambient temperature range	Meas	uring dev	ice	-40 reque		(-40 to +1	76 °F); –5	0 °C (–58	°F) with n	nanufacture	er declarati	on on
	Local	Local display -20 to $+70$ °C (-4 to $+158$ °F), the readability of the display may be impaired at temperatures outside the temperature range.										
	MorAvoUse	unt the de id direct a weathe	evice in a sunlight, er protect	ice in the shady po especially ion cover	sition. in warme (see acces	er regions ssories).			unto Thou		further	atriation
Ambient temperature limits	With a	for certifie a tempera	ed device ture (T _p)	versions.	Please ref ocess conr	ere to the ection th	e separate e admissi	Safety In	structions	e may be $S \rightarrow \square 7$ rature (T_a	4).	
	Information concerning the derating tables											
	Option Meaning											
	A 2-wire; 4-20 mA HART											
	В			2-wire; 4-2			-					
	C E			2-wire; 4-20 mA HART, 4-20 mA								
	E G			2-wire; FF, switch output 2-wire; PA, switch output								
	K			4-wire 90-253VAC; 4-20 mA HART								
	L			4-wire 10,	· · ·							
FMR50 Housing: GT19 (Plastics PBT) Temperature unit: °C (°F)									P)- - - -	T _a	Q	P3 T P4 A001935
Power Supply; Output (Pos. 2 of	P	21	I	2	P	3	P	4	F	25	P	6
the product structure)	T _p	Ta	T _p	Ta	Tp	Ta	Tp	Ta	Tp	Ta	T _p	Ta
A	-40 (-40)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output not used	-40 (-40)	76 (169)	76 (169)	76 (169)	80 (176)	75 (167)	80 (176)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output used	-40 (-40)	60 (140)	60 (140)	60 (140)	80 (176)	58 (136)	80 (176)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
C Channel 2 not used	-40 (-40)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
C Channel 2 used	-40 (-40)	74 (165)	74 (165)	74 (165)	80 (176)	73 (163)	80 (176)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
	-40	79	79	79	80	79	80	-40	-40	-40	-	-
E, G Switch output not used	(-40)	(174)	(174)	(174)	(176)	(174)	(176)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)		

FMR50 Housing: GT20 (Alu, coated) Temperature unit: °C (°F)									@)-	Ta	P2_	P3
									P5-			P4
Power Supply; Output (Pos. 2 of	P	1	F	2	F	23	P	4	F	25	Р	A0019351
the product structure)	T _p	Ta	T _p	Ta	T _p	Ta	T _p	Ta	T _p	Ta	T _p	Ta
А	-40 (-40)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output not used	-40 (-40)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output used	-40 (-40)	77 (171)	77 (171)	77 (171)	80 (176)	76 (169)	80 (176)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
C Channel 2 not used	-40 (-40)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
C Channel 2 used	-40 (-40)	79 (174)	79 (174)	79 (174)	80 (176)	79 (174)	80 (176)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
E, G Switch output not used	-40 (-40)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
E, G Switch output used	-40 (-40)	78 (172)	78 (172)	78 (172)	80 (176)	78 (172)	80 (176)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
K, L	-40 (-40)	77 (171)	77 (171)	77 (171)	80 (176)	77 (171)	80 (176)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	_	-
Storage temperature	-40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)											
Climate class	DIN E	N 60068	-2-38 (te	st Z/AD)								
Geometric height according to IEC61010-1 Ed.3	Up to 2 000 m (6 600 ft) above MSL. Can be expanded to 3 000 m (9 800 ft) above MSL by application of an overvoltage protection, e.g. HAW562 or HAW569.											
Degree of protection	 With closed housing tested according to: IP68, NEMA6P (24 h at 1.83 m under water surface) For plastic housing with transparent cover (display module): IP68 (24 h at 1.00 m under water surface)⁵⁾ IP66, NEMA4X With open housing: IP20, NEMA1 (also ingress protection of the display) Degree of protection IP68 NEMA6P applies for M12 PROFIBUS PA plugs only when the PROFIBUS when the PROFIBUS and inclusion of the display. 											
Vibration resistance	Cable is plugged in and is also rated IP68 NEMA6P. DIN EN 60068-2-64 / IEC 68-2-64: 20 to 2 000 Hz, 1 (m/s ²) ² /Hz											
Cleaning the antenna	can th	us eventu	ially be h		he degre	e of conta	mination	leading t		and recept r depends		icrowaves iedium
	has to materi	If the medium tends to cause contamination and deposits, cleaning on a regular basis is recommended. Care has to be taken not to damage the antenna in the process of a mechanical or hose-down cleaning. The material compatibility has to be considered if cleaning agents are used! The maximum permitted temperature at the flange should not be exceeded.										

⁵⁾ This restriction is valid if the following options of the product structure have been selected at the same time: 030("Display, Operation") = C("SD02") or E("SD03"); 040("Housing") = A("GT19").

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	Electromagnetic compatibility to all relevant requirements of the EN 61326- series and NAMUR recommendation EMC (NE21). For details see declaration of conformity. ⁶⁾ .
	If only the analogue signal is used, unshielded interconnection lines are sufficient for the installation. In case of using the digital signal (HART/ PA/FF) use shielded interconnection lines. Use a shielded cable when working with a digital communications signal.

Max. fluctuations during EMC- tests: < 0.5 % of the span. As an exception to this, the maximum fluctuations may amount to 2 % of the span for devices with plastic housing and see-through lid (integrated display and operating module SD02 or SD03) if strong electromagnetic interferences in the frequenency range of 1 to 2 GHz are present.

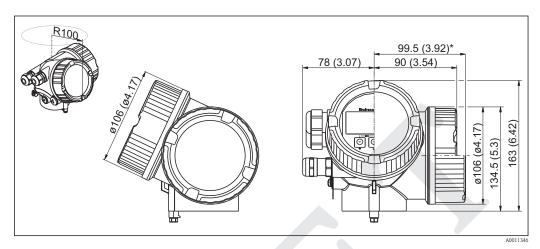
⁶⁾ Can be downloaded from www.endress.com.

Process Process temperature range Sensor **Process Connection** Process temperature range FMR50 Thread ISO228 G1¹/₂ -40 to +130 °C (-40 to +266 °F) Thread ANSI MNPT1¹/₂ Flange -40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F) Process pressure range Sensor Process pressure range FMR50 $p_{rel}=-1$ to 3 bar $\left(-14.5 \text{ to } 43.5 \text{ psi}\right)$ $p_{abs} < 4$ bar (58 psi) Dielectric constant For liquids - $\epsilon_r \geq 1.9$ in free-field applications $-\epsilon_r \ge 1.4$ in stilling well For bulk solids $\epsilon_r \ge 1.6$

Mechanical construction

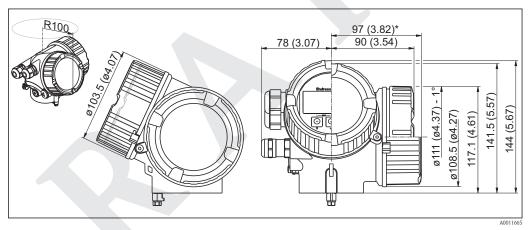
Dimensions

Dimensions of the electronics housing



[2] 19 Housing GT19 (Plastics PBT); Dimensions in mm (in)

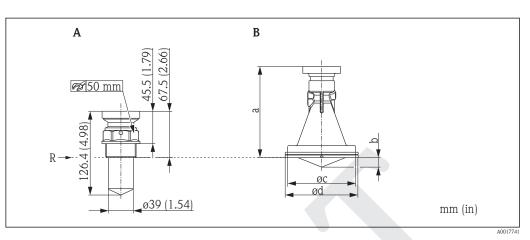
*This measure is valid for devices with integrated overvoltage protection.



20 Housing GT20 (Alu coated); Dimensions in mm (in)

*This measure is valid for devices with integrated overvoltage protection.

Dimensions FMR50 (process connection/antenna)

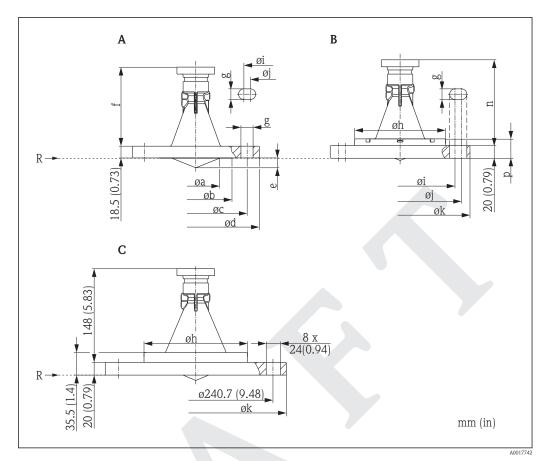


A B

G1½", NPT1½" threaded version Horn DN80 (3")/DN100 (4") standard version Reference point of the measurement

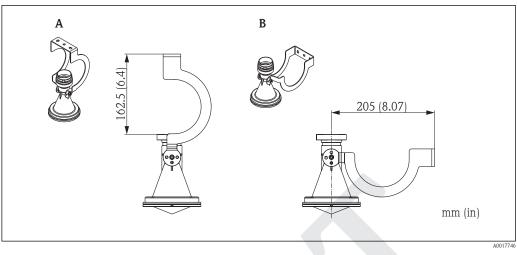
R

Dimension	DN80	DN100
a	137.9 mm (5.43 in)	150.5 mm (5.93 in)
b	15 mm (0.59 in)	20 mm (0.79 in)
ØC	107 mm (4.21 in)	127 mm (5 in)
ød	115 mm (4.53 in)	135 mm (5.31 in)



- Horn DN80 (3")/DN100 (4"); flange DN80/DN100 (with slotted hole) with slip-on flange Α suitable for DN80 PN16 / ANSI 3" 150 lbs / 10K 80 suitable for DN100 PN16 / ANSI 3" 150 lbs / 10K 80 suitable for DN100 PN16 / ANSI 4" 150 lbs / 10K 100 Horn DN80 (3"); flange DN100/DN150 with adapter ring
- В suitable for DN100 PN16 / ANSI 4" 150 lbs / 10K 100 suitable for DN150 PN16 / ANSI 4" 150 lbs / 10K 100 Horn DN100 (4"); flange DN150 with adapter ring suitable for DN150 PN16 / ANSI 6" 150 lbs / 10K 150
- С
- R Reference point of the measurement

Dimension	DN80 (3")	DN100 (4")	DN150 (6")
a	ø75 mm (2.95 in)	ø95 mm (3.74 in)	-
b	ø115.6 mm (4.55 in)	ø135.6 mm (5.34 in)	-
с	ø156.2 mm (6.15 in)	-	-
d	ø200 mm (7.87 in)	ø228.6 mm (9 in)	-
e	15.5 mm (0.61 in)	20.5 mm (0.81 in)	-
f	119 mm (4.69 in)	131.5 mm (5.18 in)	-
g	8 x ø21 mm (0.83 in)	8 x 19 mm (0.75 in)	8 x 23 mm (0.91 in)
h	ø143 mm (5.63 in)	ø163 mm (6.42 in)	-
i	-	ø175 mm (6.89 in)	ø240 mm (9.45 in)
j	-	ø190.5 mm (7.5 in)	ø241.3 mm (9.5 in)
k	-	ø228.6 mm (9 in)	⊘285 mm (11.2 in)
n	129.5 mm (5.1 in)	142 mm (5.59 in)	-
р	30.5 mm (1.2 in)	35.5 mm (1.4 in)	-



- Mounting bracket with alignment for roof mounting Mounting bracket with alignment for wall mounting Α
- В

Weight

Housing	
Part	Weight
Housing GT19 - plastic	approx. 1.2 kg (2.7 lbs)
Housing GT20 - aluminium	approx. 1.9 kg (4.2 lbs)

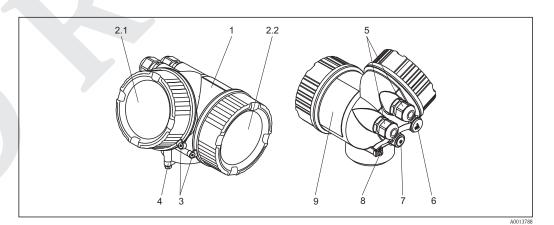
Antenna and process connection

Device	Weight of antenna and process connection
FMR50	max. 1.5 kg (3.3 lbs) + weight of flange $^{1)}$

1) For the weight of the flange refer to Technical Information TI00426F.

Materials

Housing



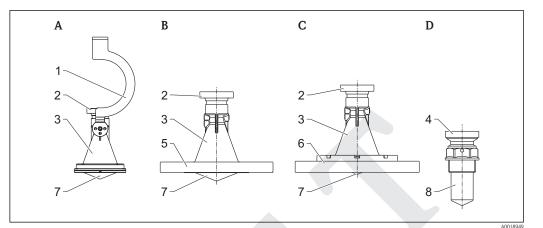
	Housing GT19 - plastic						
No.	Part: material	No.	Part: material				
1	Housing: PBT	5	Cable entry				
2.1	 Cover of the electronics compartment Cover: PA (see-through cover) PBT (non-transparent cover) Cover seal: EPDM 		 Sealing: EMPB Cable gland: polyamide (PA), nickel-plated brass (CuZn) Adapter: 316L (1.4435) 				

	Housing GT19 - plastic					
No.	Part: material	No.	Part: material			
2.2		6	Dummy plug: nickel-plated brass (CuZn)			
	Cover: PBTCover seal: EPDM	7	Pressure relief stopper: nickel-plated brass (CuZn)			
4	Turn housing Screw: A4-70 Clamp: 316L (1.4404)	8	Ground terminal Screw: A2 Spring washer: A4 Clamp: 304 (1.4301) Holder: 304 (1.4301)			
		9	Identification Nameplate: sticker			

	Housing GT20 - die-cast alun	ninum	, powder-coated, seawater-resistant			
No.	No. Part: material		Part: material No. Part: material			
1	Housing: AlSi10Mg(<0.1% Cu) Coating: polyester		Cable entry Sealing: EMPB			
2.1	Cover of the electronics compartment Cover: AlSi10Mg(<0.1% Cu) Window: glass Cover seal: EPDM		 Cable gland: polyamide (PA), nickel-plated brass (CuZn) Adapter: 316L (1.4435) 			
2.2	Cover of the terminal compartment	6	Dummy plug: nickel-plated brass (CuZn)			
	Cover: AlSi10Mg(<0.1% Cu)Cover seal: EPDM	7	Pressure relief stopper: nickel-plated brass (CuZn)			
3	Cover lock • Screw: A4 • Clamp: 316L (1.4404)	8	Ground terminal Screw: A2 Spring washer: A2 Clamp: 304 (1.4301) Holder: 304 (1.4301)			
4	Turn housing • Screw: A4-70 • Clamp: 316L (1.4404)	9	Identification Nameplate: sticker			

Antenna and process connection

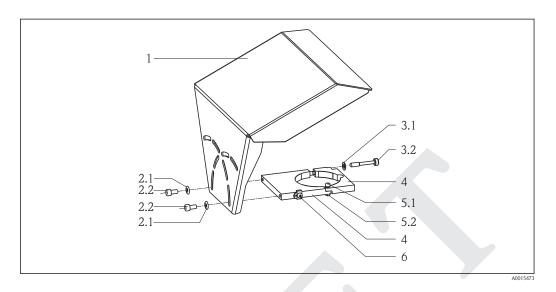
FMR50



- Α
- В
- Standard version with mounting bracket Horn antenna with slip-on flange Horn antenna with flange and adapter ring С
- D Threaded version

Pos.	Part	Material
1	Mounting bracket	304 (1.4301)
	Screw	A2
	Nordlock washer	A4
2	Housing adapter	304 (1.4301)
3	Horn	PBT
4	Housing adapter	PBT
5	Slip-on flange	PP
6	Flange + adapter ring	PP
	Screw	A2
	Seal	FKM
7	Focusing lense	PP
	Seal	VMQ
8	Schrew-in adapter	PVDF

Weather protection cover



	Weather protection cover				
Nr.	Part: material	Nr.	Part: material		
1	Protection cover: 304 (1.4301)	4	Bracket: 304 (1.4301)		
2.1	Washer: A2	5.1	Cheese head screw: A2-70		
2.2	Cheese head screw: A4-70	5.2	Nut: A2		
3.1	Washer: A2	6	Ground terminal		
3.2	Tightening screw: 304 (1.4301)		 Screw: A4 Spring washer: A4 Clamp: 316L (1.4404) Holder: 316L (1.4404) 		

Operability

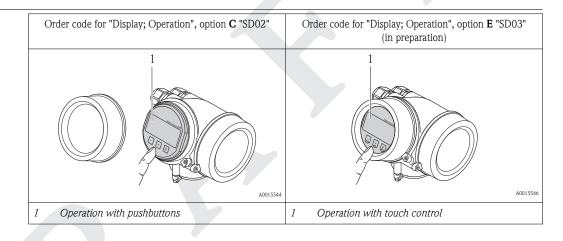
Operating concept	Operator-oriented menu structure for user-specific tasks
	Commissioning
	Operation
	Diagnostics
	Expert level
	Quick and safe commissioning
	 Guided menus ("Make-it-run" wizards) for applications
	Menu guidance with brief explanations of the individual parameter functions
	Reliable operation
	Local operation in different languages (see product structure, feature "Additional Operation Language")
	Standardized operation at the device and in the operating tools
	• Data storage device (HistoROM) for process and measuring device data with event logbook available at all

times - even if electronics modules are replaced

Efficient diagnostics increase measurement reliability

- Remedy information is integrated in plain text
- Diverse simulation options and line recorder functions

Local operation



Display elements

- 4-line display
- In the case of order code for "Display; Operation", option **E**: white background lighting; switches to red in event of device errors (in preparation)
- Format for displaying measured variables and status variables can be individually configured
- Permitted ambient temperature for the display: -20 to +60 °C (-4 to +140 °F)
 The readability of the display may be impaired at temperatures outside the temperature range.

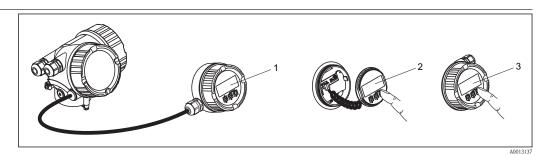
Operating elements

- In the case of order code "Display; Operation", Option C: local operation with 3 push buttons (ⓒ, ⓒ), ⓒ)
- In the case of order code for "Display; Operation", option E: external operation via touch control; 3 optical keys: ⊙, ⊙, ⓒ (in preparation)
- Operating elements also accessible in various hazardous areas

Additional functionality

- Data backup function
- The device configuration can be saved in the display module.
- Data comparison function The device configuration saved in the display module can be compared to the current device configuration.
- Data transfer function
- The transmitter configuration can be transmitted to another device using the display module.

Operation with remote display and operating module FHX50

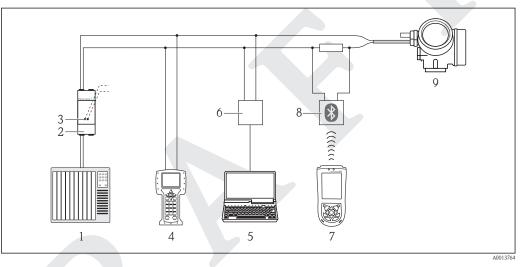


21 FHX50 operating options

- Housing of the remote display and operating module FHX50 1
- Display and operating module SD02, push buttons; cover must be removed 2
- 3 Display and operating module SD03, optical keys; can be operated through the glass of the cover (in preparation)

Remote operation

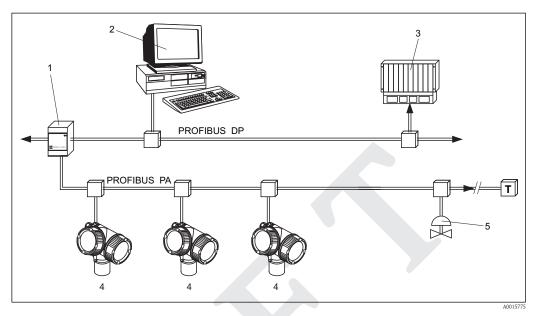
Via HART protocol



Options for remote operation via HART protocol **⊡** 22

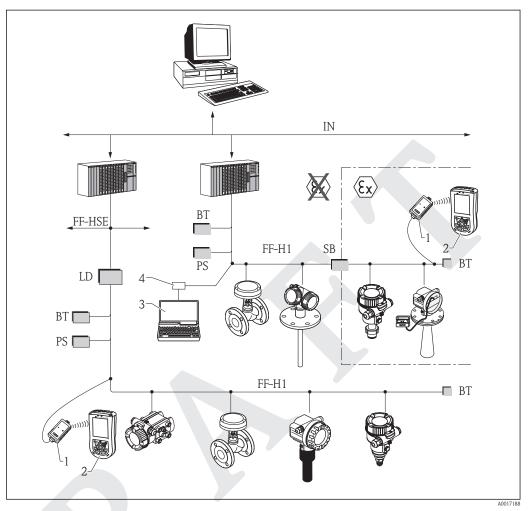
- 1
- PLC (programmable logic controller) Transmitter power supply unit, e.g. RN221N (with communication resistor) 2 3
 - Connection for Commubox FXA191, FXA195 and Field Communicator 375, 475
- 4 Field Communicator 375, 475
- 5 Computer with operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, AMS Device Manager, SIMATIC PDM)
- Commubox FXA191 (RS232) or FXA195 (USB) 6
- 7 Field Xpert SFX100
- VIATOR Bluetooth modem with connecting cable 8
- Q Transmitter

Via PROFIBUS PA protocol (in preparation)



- 1
- Segment coupler Computer with Profiboard/Proficard and operating tool (e.g. FieldCare) PLC (Progrommable Logic Controller) 2 3
- 4 5 Transmitter
- Additional functions (valves etc.)

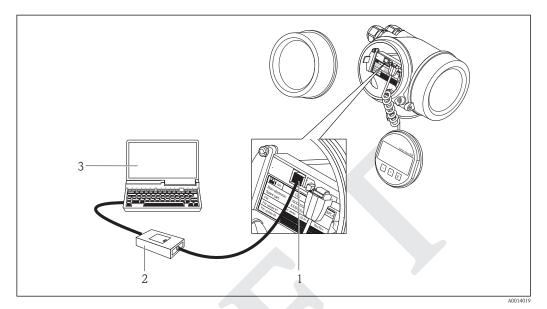
Via FOUNDATION Fieldbus (in preparation)



23 FOUNDATION Fieldbus system architecture with associated components

- IN Industrial network
- FF- High Speed Ethernet
- HSE
- FF- FOUNDATION Fieldbus-H1
- H1
- LD Linking Device FF-HSE/FF-H1 PS Bus Power Supply
- SB
- Safety Barrier Bus Terminator BT
- FFblue Bluetooth modem 1
- 2 Field Xpert SFX100
- 3 FieldCare
- 4 NI-FF interface card

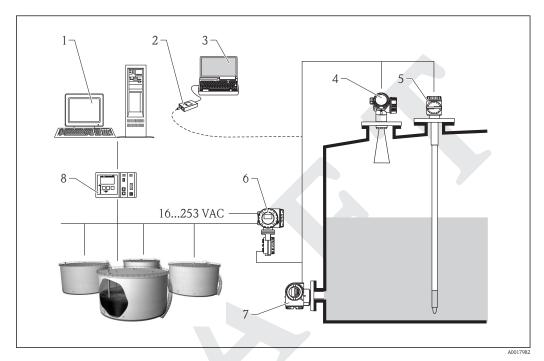
Via service interface (CDI)



- Service interface (CDI) of the measuring device (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) Commubox FXA291 Computer with "FieldCare" operating tool 1
- 2 3

Integration in tank gauging system

The Endress+Hauser Tank Side Monitor NRF590 provides integrated communications for sites with multiple tanks, each with one or more sensors on the tank, such as radar, spot or average temperature, capacitive probe for water detection and/or pressure sensors. Multiple protocols out of the Tank Side Monitor guarantee connectivity to nearly any of the existing industry standard tank gauging protocols. Optional connectivity of analog 4...20 mA sensors, digital I/O and analog output simplify full tank sensor integration. Use of the proven concept of the intrinsically safe HART bus for all on-tank sensors yields extremely low wiring costs, while at the same time providing maximum safety, reliability and data availability.



24 The complete measuring system consists of:

- 1 Tankvision workstation
- 2 Commubox FXA195 (USB) optional
- 3 Computer with operating tool (ControlCare) optional
- 4 Level measuring device
- 5 Temperature measuring device
- 6 Tank Side Monitor NRF5907 Pressure measuring device
- Pressure measuring device
 Tankvision Tank Scanner NXA820

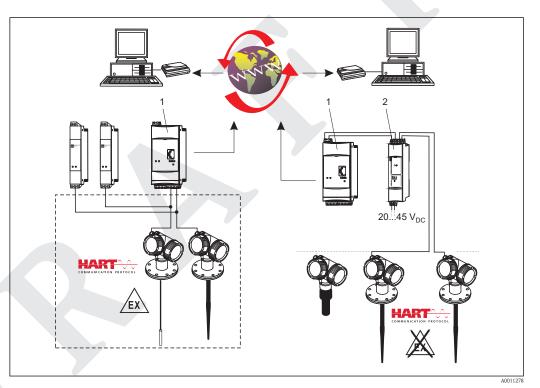
System integration via Fieldgate

Vendor Managed Inventory

By using Fieldgates to interrogate tank or silo levels remotely, suppliers of raw materials can provide their regular customers with information about the current supplies at any time and, for example, account for them in their own production planning. For their part, the Fieldgates monitor the configured level limits and, if required, automatically activate the next supply. The spectrum of options here ranges from a simple purchasing requisition via e-mail through to fully automatic order administration by coupling XML data into the planning systems on both sides.

Remote maintenance of measuring equipment

Fieldgates not only transfer the current measured values, they also alert the responsible standby personnel, if required, via e-mail or SMS. In the event of an alarm or also when performing routine checks, service technicians can diagnose and configure connected HART devices remotely. All that is required for this is the corresponding HART operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, ...) for the connected device. Fieldgate passes on the information transparently, so that all options for the respective operating software are available remotely. Some on-site service operations can be avoided by using remote diagnosis and remote configuration and all others can at least be better planned and prepared.



25 The complete measuring system consists of devices and:

- 1 Fieldgate FXA520
- 2 Multidrop Connector FXN520
- The number of instruments which can be connected in mutidrop mode can be calculated by the "FieldNetCalc" program. A description of this program can be found in Technical Information TI 400F (Multidrop Connector FXN520). The program is available form your Endress+Hauser sales organisation or in the internet at: www.de.endress.com/Download (text search = "Fieldnetcalc").

CE mark	The measuring system meets the legal requirements of the applicable EC guidelines. These are listed in the corresponding EC Declaration of Conformity together with the standards applied.		
	Endress+Hauser confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark.		
C-Tick symbol	The measuring system meets the EMC requirements of the "Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA)".		
Ex approval	 ATEX IEC Ex CSA (in Vorbereitung) FM (in Vorbereitung) NEPSI (in Vorbereitung) TIIS (in Vorbereitung) 		
	Additional safety instructions must be observed for applications in hazardous areas. They are contained in the separate "Safety Instructions" (XA) document, which is included in the scope of delivery. Reference is made to the XA on the nameplate of the device.		
	Details on the available certificats as well as the associated XAs can be found in the Associated documentation chapter in the Safety instructions section: ($\rightarrow \stackrel{\frown}{=} 74$).		
Dual seal according to ANSI/ISA 12.27.01	The devices Micropilot FMR5x have been designed according to ANSI/ISA 12.27.01 as dual seal devices, allowing the user to waive the use and save the cost of installing external secondary process seals in the conduit as required by the process sealing sections of ANSI/NFPA 70 (NEC) and CSA 22.1 (CEC). These instruments comply with the North-American installation practice and provide a very safe and cost-saving installation for pressurized applications with hazardous fluids.		
	Further information can be found in the control drawings of the relevant devices.		
Functional Safety	Used for level monitoring (MIN, MAX, range) up to SIL 3 (homogeneous or inhomogeneous redundance independently assessed by TÜV Rhineland as per IEC 61508. Other information see documentation SD01087F: "Functional Safety Manual".		
Pressure Equipment Directive	The Micropilot is not subject to the scope of the Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC, as it does not have a pressure-bearing housing according to article 1, section 2.1.4 of the directive.		
Marine certificate (in preparation)	in preparation		
Radio standard EN302729-1/2	The devices Micropilot FMR50, FMR51, FMR52, FMR56 and FMR57 are conform with the LPR (Level Probing Radar) standard EN302729-1/2. The devices are allowed to be used inside or outside of closed bins or tanks in countries of th EU and the EFTA. Precondition is that the country itself already has implemented the directive.		
	At present, the following countries have already implemented the directive:		
	Belgium, Bulgaria, Germany, Denmark, Estonia, France, Greece, Great Britain, Ireland, Iceland, Italy, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Latvia, Malta, Netherland, Norway, Austria, Poland, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, Slovakia, Spain, Czech Republic and Cyprus.		
	All countries not mentioned above are at present in the implementation phase.		
	For the use of the devices outside of closed bins or tanks, the following has to be observed:		
	1. The installation has to be done by trained personnel.		
	2. The antenna of the device has to be mounted on a fixed place and vertically to the bottom.		
	3. The mounting place has to be in a distance of at least 4 km to the mentioned astronomical stations or an appropriate permission has to be issued by the national authority. If the device is mounted at a		

Certificates and approvals

distance of 4 to 40 km from the stations mentioned, the maximum mounting height is restricted to 15 m (49 ft).

Country	Name of the station	Geographical latitude	Geographical longitude
Germany	Effelsberg	50°31'32" N	06°53'00" E
Finland	Metsähovi	60°13'04" N	24°23'37" E
	Tuorla	60°24'56" N	24°26'31" E
France	Plateau de Bure	44°38'01" N	05°54'26" E
	Floirac	44°50'10" N	00°31'37" W
United Kingdom	Cambridge	52°09'59" N	00°02'20" E
	Damhall	53°09'22" N	02°32'03" W
	Jodrell Bank	53°14'10" N	02°18'26" W
	Knockin	52°47'24" N	02°59'45" W
	Pickmere	53°17'18" N	02°26'38" W
Italy	Medicina	44°31'14" N	11°38'49" E
	Noto	36°52'34" N	14°59'21" E
	Sardinia	39°29'50" N	09°14'40" E
Poland	Krakow Fort Skala	50°03'18" N	19°49'36" E
Russia	Dmitrov	56°26'00" N	37°27'00" E
	Kalyazin	57°13'22" N	37°54'01" E
	Pushchino	54°49'00" N	37°40'00" E
	Zelenchukskaya	43°49'53" N	41°35'32" E
Sweden	Onsala	57°23'45" N	11°55'35" E
Switzerland	Bleien	47°20'26" N	08°06'44" E
Spain	Yebes	40°31'27" N	03°05'22" W
	Robledo	40°25'38" N	04°14'57" W
Hungary	Penc	47°47'22" N	19°16'53" E

Astronomical stations

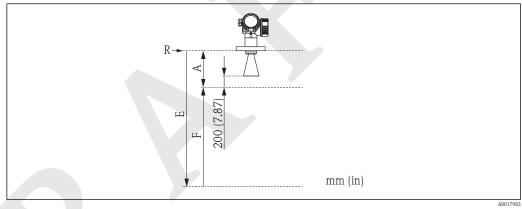
In general the requirements of EN 302729-1/2 has to be taken in consideration.

Radio standard EN302372-1/2	The devices Micropilot FMR50, FMR51, FMR52, FMR53, FMR54, FMR56 and FMR57 are conform with the TLPR (Tanks Level Probing Radar) standard EN302372-1/2 and can always be used in closed tanks or bins. For installation, points a to f in Annex B of EN302372-1 have to be taken into account.
FCC / Industry Canada	This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
	Canada CNR-Gen Section 7.1.3
	This device complies with Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.
	Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.
	[Any] changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

CRN approval	in preparation
Track record	FMR5x is the upgrade model of the corresponding FMR2xx series.
Other standards and guidelines	 EN 60529 Degrees of protection by housing (IP code) EN 61010-1 Protection Measures for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control, Regulation and Laboratory Procedures. IEC/EN 61326 "Emission in accordance with Class A requirements". Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC requirements) NAMUR NE 21 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of industrial process and laboratory control equipment. NAMUR NE 43 Standardization of the signal level for the breakdown information of digital transmitters with analog output signal. NAMUR NE 53 Software of field devices and signal-processing devices with digital electronics NAMUR NE 107 Status classification as per NE107 NAMUR NE 131 Requirements for field devices for standard applications IEC61508

Ordering information

Ordering information	 Detailed ordering information is available from the following sources: In the Product Configurator on the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com → Select country → Instruments → Select device → Product page function: Configure this product From your Endress+Hauser Sales Center: www.endress.com/worldwide 		
	 Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration Up-to-the-minute configuration data Depending on the device: Direct input of measuring point-specific information such as measuring range or operating language Automatic verification of exclusion criteria Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format Ability to order directly in the Endress+Hauser Online Shop 		
5-point linearity protocol (in preparation)	The following notes must be taken into account if option F4 ("5 point linearity protocol") has been selected in feature 550 ("Calibration").		
	The five points of the linearity protocol are evenly distributed across the measuring range (0% to 100%). In order to define the measuring range, Empty calibration (E) and Full calibration (F) have to be specified ⁷ .		
	The following restrictions have to be taken into account when defining E and F:		



Minimum distance between reference point (R) and 100% level	Minimum span	Maximum value for "empty calibration"
$A \ge$ Length of antenna + 200 mm (8 in) Minimum value: 400 mm (16 in)	$F \ge 400 \text{ mm} (16 \text{ in})$	$E \le 24 \text{ m} (79 \text{ ft})$

The linearity is checked under reference conditions.

The selected values of **Empty calibration** and **Full calibration** are only used to record the linearity protocol and are reset to their antenna specific default values thereafter. If values different from the default are required, they must be ordered as a customized parametrization ($\rightarrow \exists 68$).

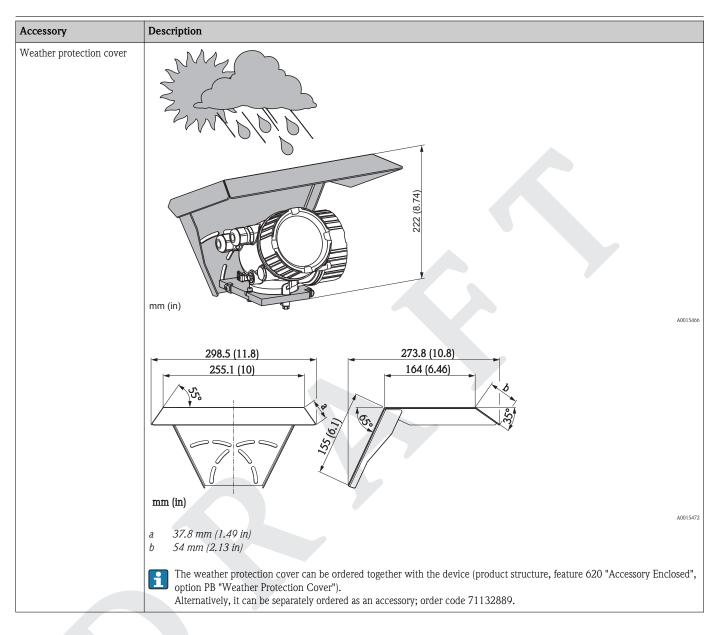
F

⁷⁾ If E and F are not specified, antenna dependent default values will be used instead.

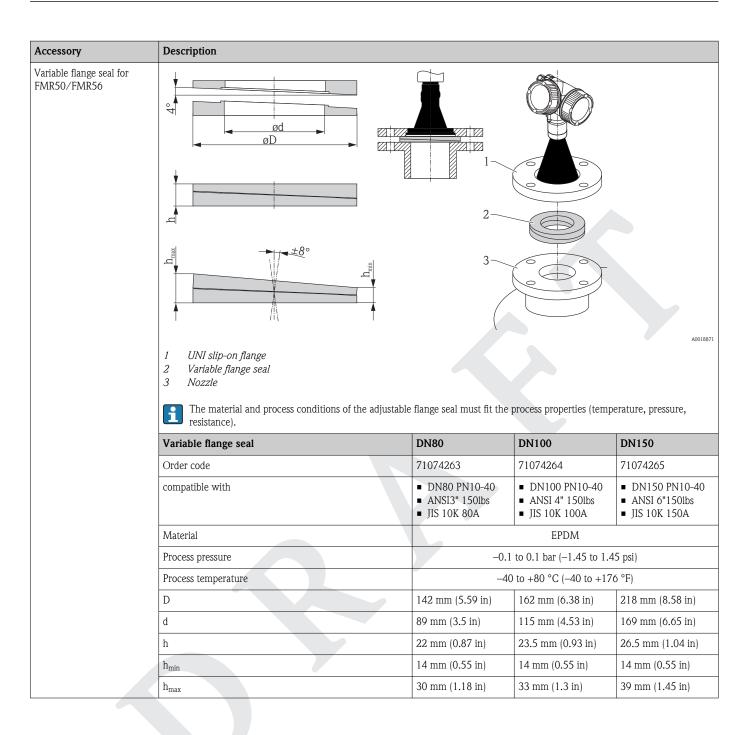
Customized parametrization

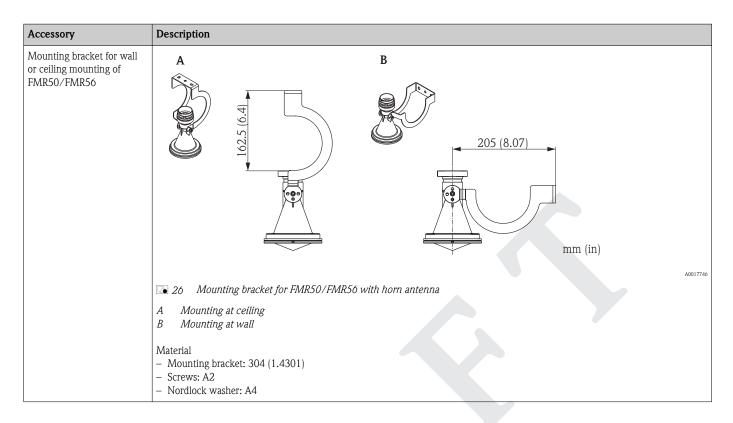
If the option IJ "Customized parametrization HART", IK "Customized parametrization PA" or IL "Customized parametrization FF" has been selected in feature 570 "Service", customer specific presettings can be selected for the following parameters:

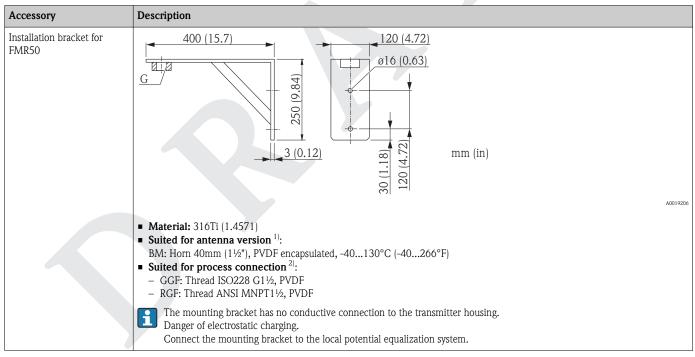
Parameter	Communication	Selection list / range of values
Setup \rightarrow Distance unit	HARTPAFF	inmm
Setup \rightarrow Empty calibration	HARTPAFF	0 to 70 m (0 to 230 ft)
Setup \rightarrow Full calibration	HARTPAFF	0 to 70 m (0 to 230 ft)
Setup \rightarrow Adv. Setup \rightarrow Current output 1/2 \rightarrow Damping	HART	0 to 999,9 s
Setup \rightarrow Adv. Setup \rightarrow Current output 1/2 \rightarrow Failure mode	HART	MinMaxLast valid value
Expert \rightarrow Comm. \rightarrow HART config. \rightarrow Burst mode	HART	OffOn



Accessories







1) Feature 070 of the product structure

2) Feature 100 of the product structure

Accessory	Description
Remote display FHX50	 Material: Plastics PBT 316L (in preparation) Suitable for the display modules: SD02 (push buttons) SD03 (buch control) (in preparation) Connection cable: Cable with M12 phug supplied with the FHX50; up to 30 m (98 ft) Costomer supplied standard cable; up to 60 m (196 ft) If the remote display is to be used, the Micropilot must be ordered in the version "Prepared for display FHX50" (feature 030, option L or M). For the FHX50, on the other hand, the option A: "Prepared for display FHX50" thas to be selected in feature 050: "Option Measurement Device". If a Micropilot has not been ordered in the version "Prepared for display FHX50" in feature 050: "Option Measurement Device". If a Micropilot has not been ordered in the version "Prepared for display FHX50" in feature 050: "Option Measurement Device". If a Micropilot has not been ordered in the version "Prepared for display FHX50" in feature 050: "Option Measurement Device". If a Micropilot has not been ordered in the version "Prepared for display FHX50, in the saverneent Device" of the FHX50. In this case, a retrofit kit, needed to prepare the Micropilot for the remote display, is supplied together with the HX50. For details refer to the document SD01007F.

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Communication-specific accessories	Accessory	Description
accessories	Commubox FXA195 HART	For intrinsically safe HART communication with FieldCare via the USB interface.
		For details refer to Technical Information TI00404F

Accessory	Description
Commubox FXA291	Connects Endress+Hauser field devices with CDI interface (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) to the USB interface of a computer.
	For details refer to Technical Information TI00405C

Accessory	Description	
HART Loop Converter HMX50	Evaluates the dynamic HART variables and converts them to analog current signals or limit values.	
	\fboxi For details refer to Technical Information TI00429F and Operating Instructions BA00371F	

Accessory	Description	
WirelessHART Adapter SWA70	Connects field devices to a WirelessHART network. The WirelessHART adapter can be mounted directly at a HART device and is easly integrated into an existing HART network. It ensures safe data transmission and can be operated in parallel with other wireless networks.	
	For details refer to Operating Instructions BA00061S	

Accessory	Description		
Fieldgate FXA320	Gateway for remote monitoring of connected 4-20mA measuring devices via web browser.		
	For details refer to Technical Information TI00025S and Operating Instructions BA00053S		

Accessory	Description
Fieldgate FXA520	Gateway for remote diagnosis and parametrization of connected HART measuring devices via web browser.
	For details refer to Technical Information TI00025S and Operating Instructions BA00051S

Accessory	Description
Field Xpert SFX100	Compact, flexible and robust industry handheld terminal for remote parametrization and measured value inspection via the HART output or via FOUNDATION Fieldbus .

Service-specific accessories	Accessory	Description
	FieldCare	Endress+Hauser's FDT-based Plant Asset Management tool. Helps to configure and maintain all field devices of your plant. By supplying status information it also supports the diagnosis of the devices. For details refer to Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S.

System components	Accessory	Description
	Graphic Data Manager Memograph M	The graphic data manager Memograph M provides information on all the relevant process variables. Measured values are recorded correctly, limit values are monitored and measuring points analyzed. The data are stored in the 256 MB internal memory and also on an SD card or USB stick.
		For details refer to Technical Information TI00133R and Operating Instructions BA00247R
	RN221N	Active barrier with power supply for safe separation of 4 to 20 mA current circuits. Provides bi-directional HART transmission.
		For details refer to Technical Information TI00073R and Operating Instructions BA00202R
	RNS221	Transmitter supply for 2-wire sensors or transmitters exclusively for non-Ex areas. Provides bi-directional communication using the HART communication sockets.
		For details refer to Technical Information TI00081R and Operating Instructions KA00110R

Documentation

The following document types are available: • On the CD supplied with the device

- H
 - In the Download Area of the Endress+Hauser Internet site: www.endress.com \rightarrow Download

Standard documentation

Micropilot FMR50

Correlation of documentations to the device:

Device	Power supply, output	Communikation	Document type	Document code
FMR50	A, B, C, K, L	HART	Operating Instructions	BA01045F/00/EN
			Brief Operating Instructions	KA01099F/00/EN
			Description of Device Parameters	GP01014F/00/EN
		Operating Instructions	BA01124F/00/EN	
		(in preparation)	Brief Operating Instructions	KA01128F/00/EN
			Description of Device Parameters	GP01018F/00/EN
	E FOUNDATION Fieldbus	Operating Instructions	BA01120F/00/EN	
		(in preparation)	Brief Operating Instructions	KA01124F/00/EN
			Description of Device Parameters	GP01017F/00/EN

Supplementary documentation	Device	Document type	Document code
	Fieldgate FXA520	Technical Information	TI369F/00/EN
	Tank Side Monitor NRF590	Technical Information	TI402F/00/EN
		Operating Instructions	BA256F/00/EN
		Description of Device Parameters	BA257F/00/EN

Safety Instructions (XA)

Depending on the approval, the following Safety Instructions (XA) are supplied with the device. They are an integral part of the Operating Instructions.

Feature 010	Approval	Available for	Safety Instructions HART	Safety Instructions PROFIBUS FOUNDATION Fieldbus
BA	ATEX: II 1 G Ex ia IIC Tó Ga	FMR50	XA00677F	XA00685F
BB	ATEX: II 1/2 G Ex ia IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb	FMR50	XA00677F	XA00685F
BC	ATEX: II 1/2 G Ex d [ia] IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb	FMR50	XA00680F	XA00688F
BG	ATEX: II 3 G Ex nA IIC T6-T1 Gc	FMR50	XA00679F	XA00687F
BH	ATEX: II 3 G Ex ic IIC T6-T1 Gc	FMR50	XA00679F	XA00687F
B2	ATEX: II 1/2 G Ex ia IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb ATEX: II 1/2 D Ex ia IIIC Txx°C Da/Db	FMR50	XA00683F	XA00691F
B3	ATEX: II 1/2 G Ex d [ia] IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb ATEX: II 1/2 D Ex ta IIIC Txx°C Da/Db	FMR50	XA00684F	XA00692F
B4	ATEX:II 1/2 G Ex ia IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb ATEX: II 1/2 G Ex d [ia] IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb	FMR50	XA00681F	XA00689F
IA	IECEx: Ex ia IIC T6-T1 Ga	FMR50	XA00677F	XA00685F
IB	IECEx: Ex ia IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb	FMR50	XA00677F	XA00685F
IC	IECEx: Ex d [ia] IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb	FMR50	XA00680F	XA00688F
IG	IECEx: Ex nA IIC T6-T1 Gc	FMR50	XA00679F	XA00687F
IH	IECEx: Ex ic IIC T6-T1 Gc	FMR50	XA00679F	XA00687F

Feature 010	Approval	Available for	Safety Instructions HART	Safety Instructions PROFIBUS FOUNDATION Fieldbus
I2	IECEx: Ex ia IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb IECEx: Ex ia IIIC Txx°C Da/Db	FMR50	XA00683F	XA00691F
I3	IECEx: Ex d [ia] IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb IEXEx: Ex ta IIIC Txx°C Da/Db	FMR50	XA00684F	XA00692F
I4	IECEx: Ex ia IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb IECEx: Ex d [ia] IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb	FMR50	XA00681F	XA00689F

F

For certified devices the relevant Safety Instructions (XA) are indicated on the nameplate.

If the device is prepared for the remote display FHX50 (product structure: feature 030: Display, Operation", option L or M), the Ex marking of some certificates changes according to the following table $^{8)}$:

Feature 010 ("Approval")	Feature 030 ("Display, Operation")	Ex marking
BG	L oder M	ATEX II 3G Ex nA [ia Ga] IIC Tó Gc
ВН	L oder M	ATEX II 3G Ex ic [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gc
В3	L oder M	ATEX II 1/2G Ex d [ia] IIC T6 Ga/Gb, ATEX II 1/2D Ex ta [ia Db] IIIC Txx°C Da/Db
IG	L oder M	IECEx Ex nA [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gc
IH	L oder M	IECEx Ex ic [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gc
13	L oder M	IECEx Ex d [ia] IIC T6 Ga/Gb, IECEx Ex ta [ia Db] IIIC Txx°C Da/Db

Registered trademarks

HART®

Registered trademark of the HART Communication Foundation, Austin, USA

PROFIBUS®

Registered trademark of the PROFIBUS User Organization, Karlsruhe, Germany

FOUNDATIONTM Fieldbus

Registered trademark of the Fieldbus Foundation, Austin, Texas, USA

KALREZ[®], VITON[®]

Registered trademark of DuPont Performance Elastomers L.L.C., Wilmington, USA

TEFLON®

Registered trademark of E.I. DuPont de Nemours & Co., Wilmington, USA

TRI CLAMP®

Registered trademark of Alfa Laval Inc., Kenosha, USA

Patents

This product may be protected by at least one of the following patents.

Further patents are pending.

US Patents	EP Patents
5.948.979	882 957
6.087.978	955 527

⁸⁾ The marking of certificates not mentioned in this table are not affected by the FHX50.

US Patents	EP Patents
6.140.940	-
6.155.112	834 722
-	882 955
6.266.022	1 083 413
6.295.874	210 567
6.512.358	1 301 914
6.606.904	-
6.640.628	-
6.679.115	1 360 523
-	1 389 337
6.779.397	-
7.201.050	-
7.412.337	
7.552.634	-
7.730.760	-
7.819.002	-
-	1 774 616
7.966.141	-
8.040.274	-
8.049.371	-

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