

Radio Frequency Exposure

LIMIT

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

EUT Specification

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EUT	Powerline Ethernet Adapter with WiFi					
Frequency band (Operating)	 ◯ WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz ◯ WLAN: 5.150GHz ~ 5.250GHz ◯ WLAN: 5.725GHz ~ 5.850GHz ◯ Bluetooth: 2.402GHz ~ 2.480 GHz 					
Device category	☐ Portable (<20cm separation) ☐ Mobile (>20cm separation)					
Exposure classification	 ☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm²) ☐ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm²) 					
Antenna diversity	☐ Single antenna ☐ Multiple antennas ☐ Tx diversity ☐ Rx diversity ☐ Tx/Rx diversity					
Max. output power	802.11b: 25.49 dBm (354.02 mW) 802.11g: 26.05 dBm (402.61 mW) 802.11n (20MHz): 25.46 dBm (351.48 mW) 802.11n (40MHz): 25.03 dBm (318.68 mW)					
Antenna gain (Max)	ANT A: 3.29 dBi ANT B: 1.76 dBi Directional antenna gain for N mode: 4.43 dBi					
Evaluation applied	 MPE Evaluation* SAR Evaluation N/A 					
Remark:						

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^{1.} The maximum output power is 26.05 dBm (402.61 mW) at 2437 MHz (with numeric 10.77 antenna gain.)

^{2.} DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance.

For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.

^{*}Note: Simultaneous transmission is not applicable for this EUT.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

Calculation

Given

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = *Distance in meters*

S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and $d(cm) = d(m) / 100$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$

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Maximum Permissible Exposure

Modulation Mode	Frequency band (MHz)	Max. Conducted output power(dBm)	Antenna gain (dBi)	Distance (cm)	Power density (mW/cm2)	Limit (mW/cm2)
802.11b	2412-2462	25.49	4.43	20	0.195	1
802.11g	2412-2462	26.05	4.43	20	0.222	1
802.11n (20MHz)	2412-2462	25.46	4.43	20	0.194	1
802.11n (40MHz)	2422-2452	25.03	4.43	20	0.176	1

NOTE:

Total (Chain0+Chain1), the formula of calculated the MPE is:

CPD1 / LPD1 + CPD2 / LPD2 +etc. < 1

CPD = Calculation power density

LPD = Limit of power density

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