
	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 1(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

APPENDIX D: PROBE & DIPOLE CALIBRATION DATA

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 2(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

**Calibration Laboratory of
 Schmid & Partner
 Engineering AG**
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S S S
 Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
 Service suisse d'étalonnage
 Servizio svizzero di taratura
 Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**



Client: **RTS (RIM Testing Services)**

Certificate No: **ES3-3225_Jan13**


CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **ES3DV3 - SN:3225**
 Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4**
 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes.
 Calibration date: **January 10, 2013**
 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.
 All calibrations have been conducted in the cooled laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.
 Calibration Equipment used (M&PE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01009)	Apr-13
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01008)	Apr-13
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531)	Apr-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)	Apr-13
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3013	28-Dec-12 (No. E93-3013, Dec12)	Dec-13
DAB4	SN: 660	20-Jun-12 (No. DAB4-660, Jun12)	Jun-13
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8440C	US36423101700	4-Aug-09 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37300608	18-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

Calibrated by:	Name James Kestrali	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Kolja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 

Issued: January 14, 2013.
 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 3(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

**Calibration Laboratory of
 Schmid & Partner
 Engineering AG**
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
 S Service suisse d'étalonnage
 S Servizio svizzero di taratura
 S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:


TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 82209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}:** Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 0$ ($f < 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values; i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}:** DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR:** PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}:** A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:** Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical Isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy):** in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset:** The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 4(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

ES3DV3 – SN:3225

January 10, 2013

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3225

Manufactured: September 1, 2009
Calibrated: January 10, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)



Author Data
Andrew Becker

Dates of Test
July 02 –August 15, 2013

Test Report No
RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3

FCC ID:
L6ARFY110LW

IC
2503A-RFY110LW

ES3DV3- SN:3225

January 10, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3225

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ⁵	1.29	1.19	1.31	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ⁶	100.5	101.5	99.9	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ⁷ (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	187.5	±2.7 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		158.4	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		165.9	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

⁵ The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

⁶ Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

⁷ Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



Document

Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3

Page

6(49)

Author Data

Andrew Becker

Dates of Test

July 02 –August 15, 2013

Test Report No

RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3

FCC ID:

L6ARFY110LW

IC

2503A-RFY110LW

ES3DV3- SN:3225

January 10, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3225

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^d	Conductivity (S/m) ^e	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.56	6.56	6.56	0.42	1.54	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.19	6.19	6.19	0.43	1.52	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	5.35	5.35	5.35	0.63	1.39	± 12.0 %
1950	40.0	1.40	5.09	5.09	5.09	0.80	1.23	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.66	4.66	4.66	0.61	1.63	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.43	4.43	4.43	0.60	1.32	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^d At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.



Document

Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3

Page

7(49)

Author Data
Andrew Becker

Dates of Test
July 02 –August 15, 2013

Test Report No
RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3

FCC ID:
L6ARFY110LW

IC
2503A-RFY110LW

ES3DV3- SN:3225

January 10, 2013


DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3225

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ¹	Relative Permittivity ²	Conductivity (S/m) ³	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.27	6.27	6.27	0.48	1.51	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.12	6.12	6.12	0.73	1.26	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	5.04	5.04	5.04	0.57	1.47	± 12.0 %
1950	53.3	1.52	4.94	4.94	4.94	0.58	1.50	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.96	4.36	4.35	4.35	0.70	1.16	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.11	4.11	4.11	0.67	0.99	± 12.0 %

¹ Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

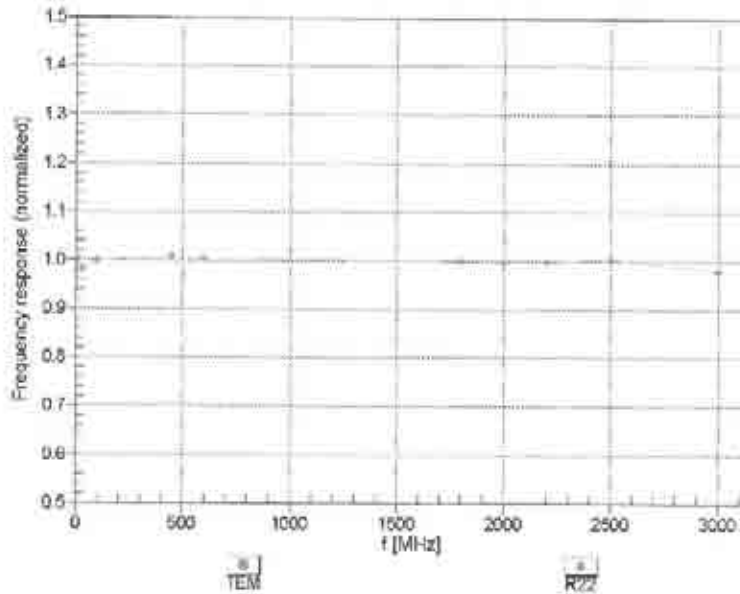
² At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 3%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 8(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW


ES30V3- 9N:3225

January 10, 2013

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:if110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



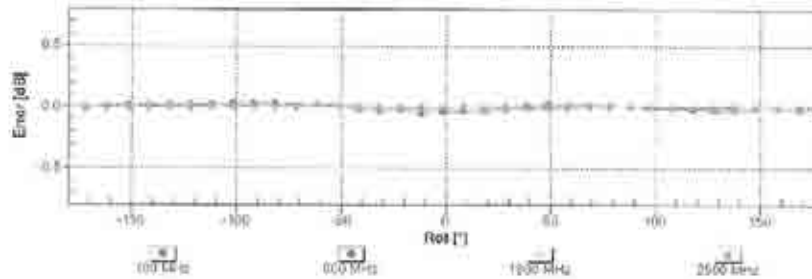
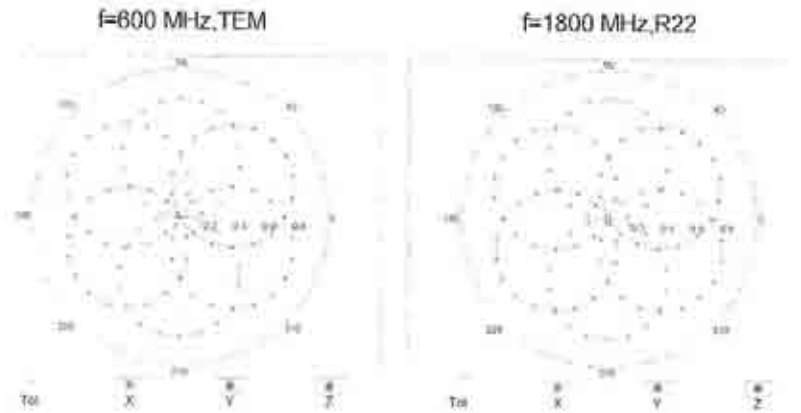
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 9(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

E53DV3- SN:3225

January 10, 2013

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

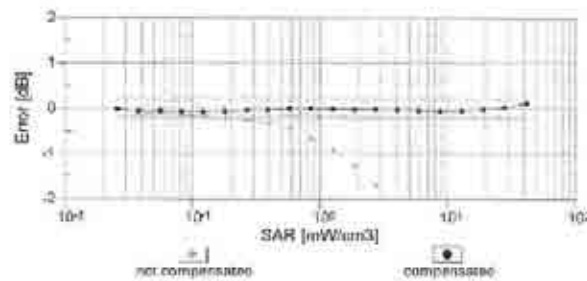
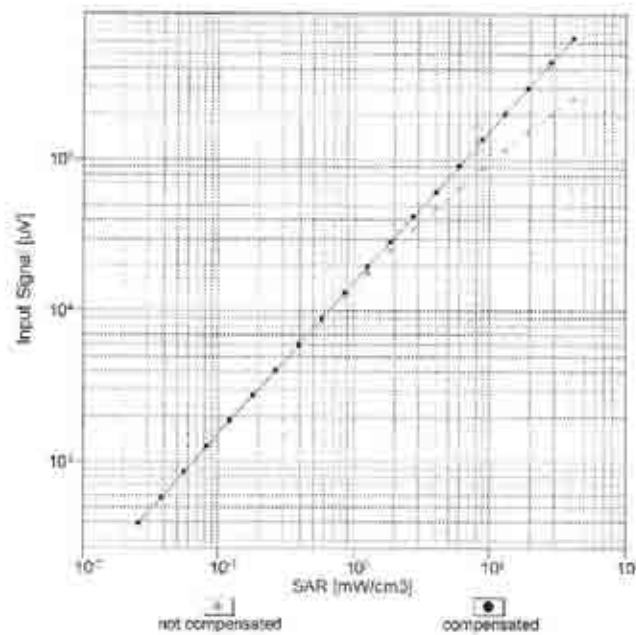


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)


ES9DV3– SA-3225

January 10, 2013

Dynamic Range $f(SAR_{head})$
 (TEM cell, $f = 900$ MHz)



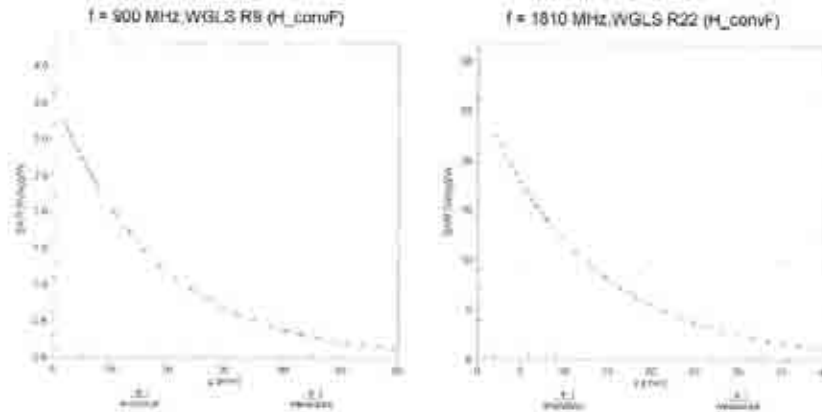
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 11(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

ES3DV3- SN:3225

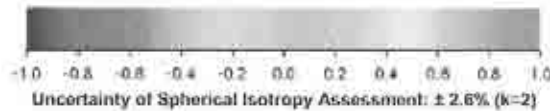
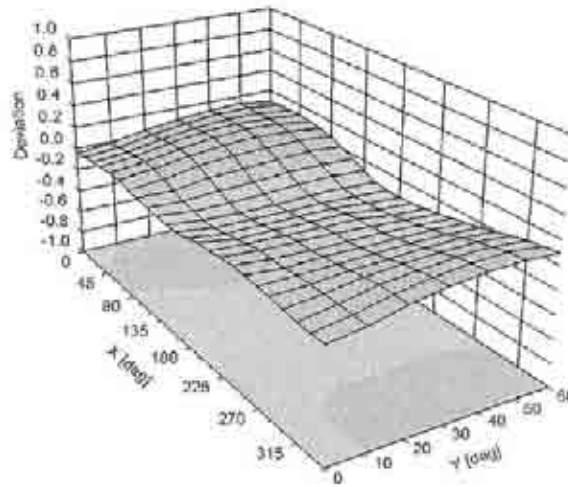
January 10, 2013

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900$ MHz





Author Data
Andrew Becker

Dates of Test
July 02 –August 15, 2013

Test Report No
RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3

FCC ID:
L6ARFY110LW

IC
2503A-RFY110LW


ES3DV3- SN:3225

January 10, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3225

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	8.3
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 13(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

**Calibration Laboratory of
 Schmid & Partner
 Engineering AG**
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
S Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

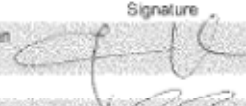

Client **RTS (RIM Testing Services)**


Certificate No: **EX3-3548_Jan13**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EX3DV4 - SN:3548
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	January 15, 2013
<p>This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)</p>	

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Apr-13
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Apr-13
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531)	Apr-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)	Apr-13
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 660	20-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-660_Jun12)	Jun-13
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8548C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

Calibrated by:	Name Jeton Kastrati	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 
Issued: January 15, 2013			
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 14(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
S Service suisse d'étalonnage
C Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:


TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., θ = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}:** Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}:** DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR:** PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}:** A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:** Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy):** in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset:** The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 15(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

EX3DV4 – SN:3548

January 15, 2013

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3548

Manufactured: November 16, 2004
Calibrated: January 15, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)



Document

Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3

Page

16(49)

Author Data

Andrew Becker

Dates of Test

July 02 –August 15, 2013

Test Report No

RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3

FCC ID:

L6ARFY110LW

IC

2503A-RFY110LW

EX3DV4– SN:3548

January 15, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3548

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.36	0.44	0.43	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	103.2	98.0	98.7	

Modulation Calibration Parameters


UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√ μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^C (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	181.3	±3.3 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		149.2	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		198.9	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^C Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 17(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

EX3DV4– SN:3548

January 15, 2013


DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3548

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
2600	39.0	1.96	7.15	7.15	7.15	0.47	0.86	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.13	5.13	5.13	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.79	4.79	4.79	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.61	4.61	4.61	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and α) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and α) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 18(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

EX3DV4- SN:3548

January 15, 2013


DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3548

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
2600	52.5	2.16	7.08	7.08	7.08	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.52	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	4.15	4.15	4.15	0.52	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.19	4.19	4.19	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

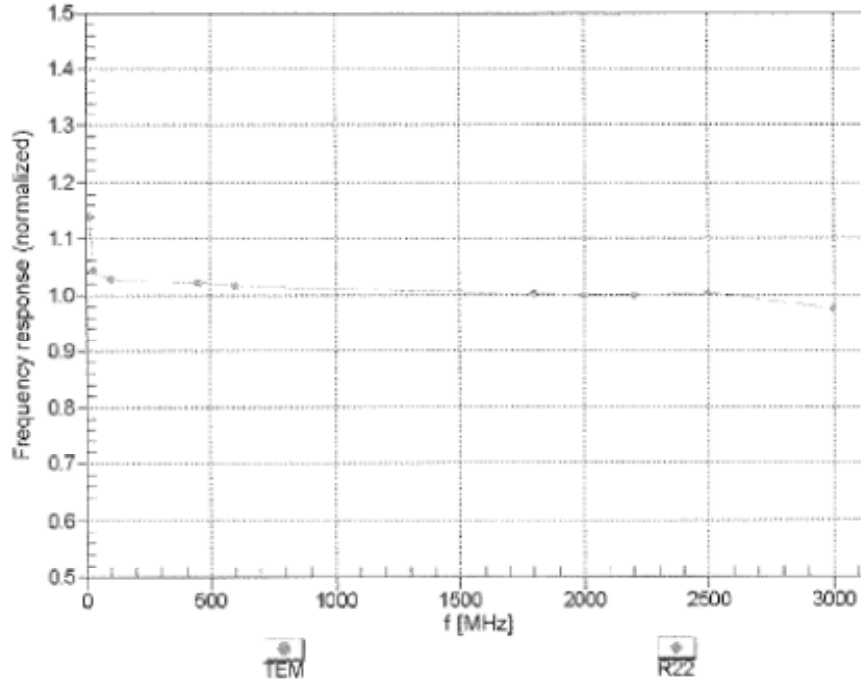
^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 19(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

EX3DV4– SN:3548

January 15, 2013

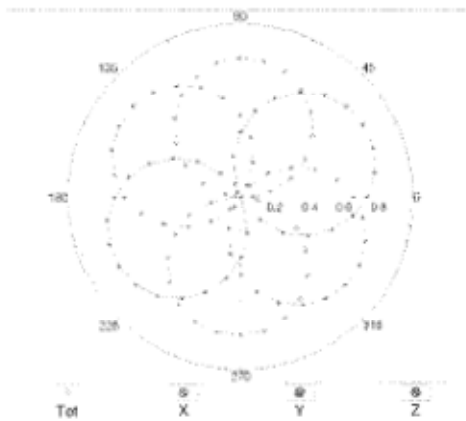
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



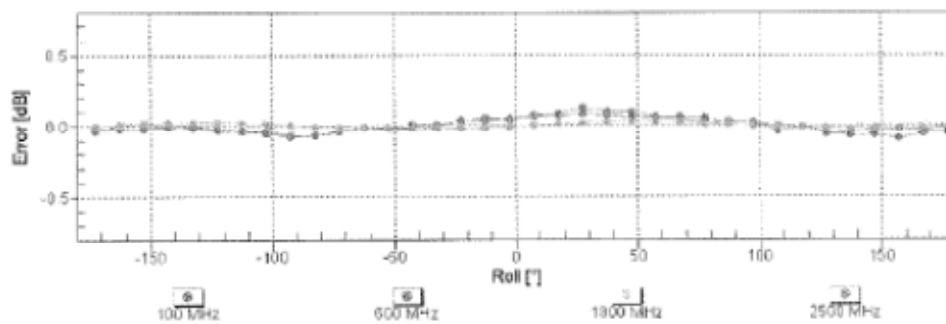
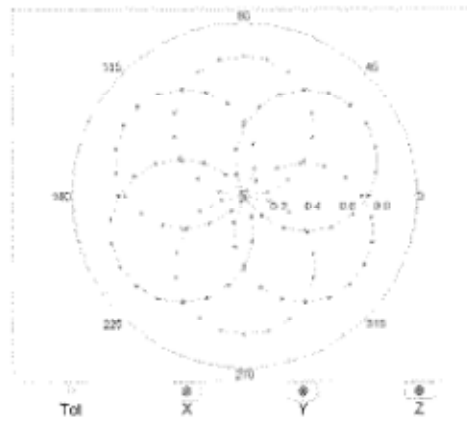
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM

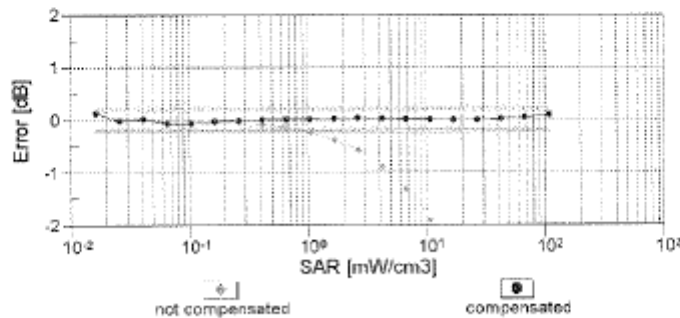
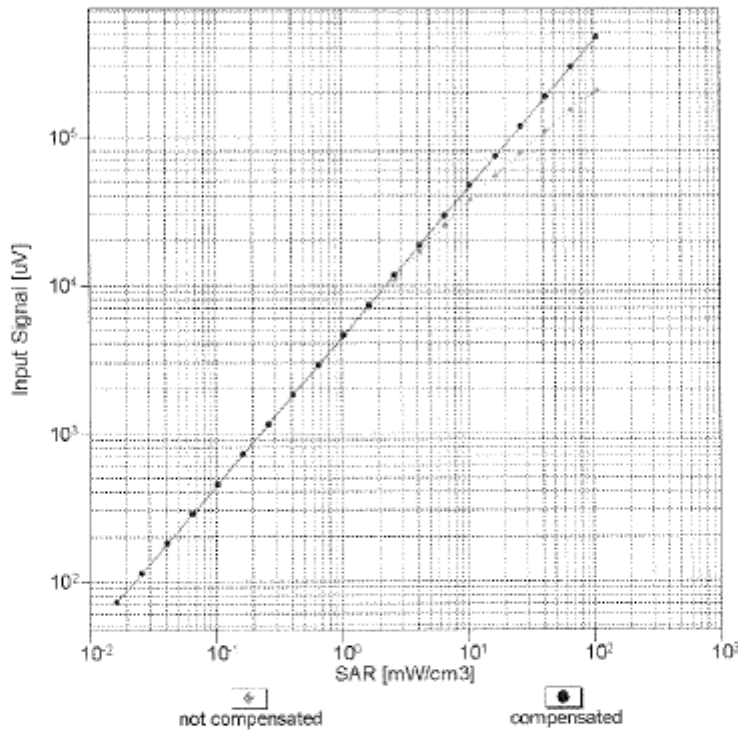


f=1800 MHz,R22



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})
 (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

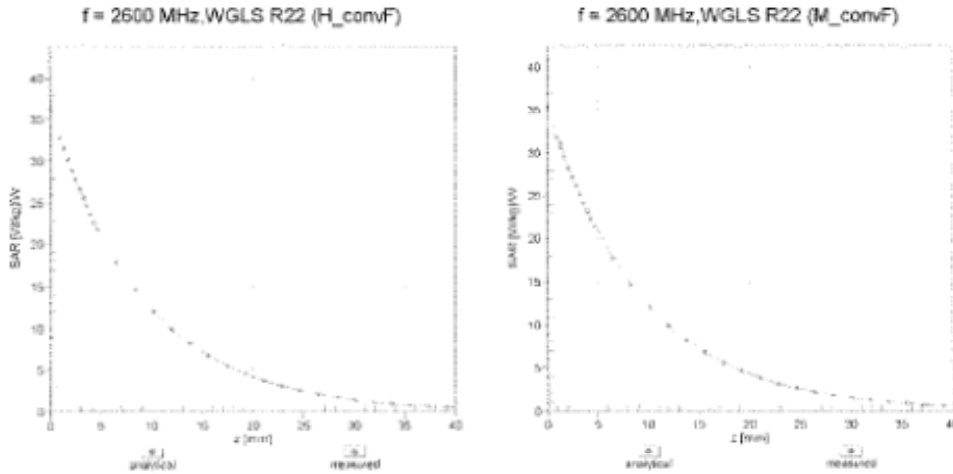


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

EX3DV4- SN:3548

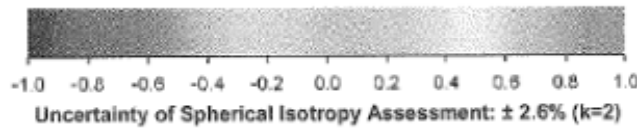
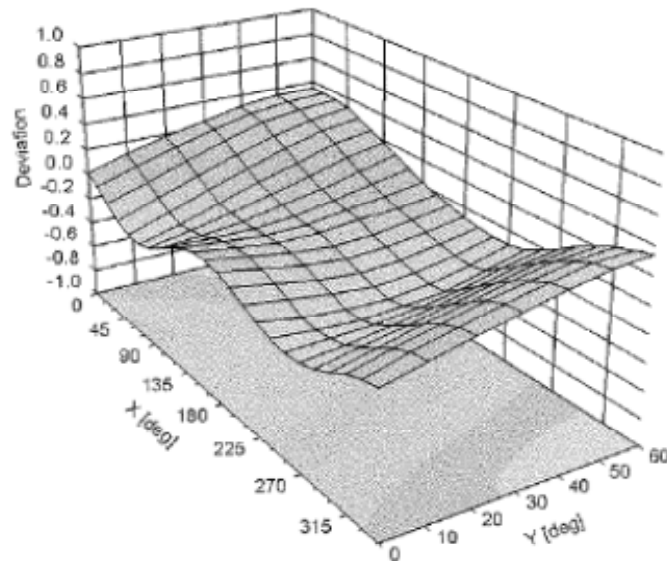
January 15, 2013


Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ , θ), f = 900 MHz



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 23(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW


EX3DV4- SN:3548

January 15, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3548

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-72.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 24(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

**Calibration Laboratory of
 Schmid & Partner
 Engineering AG**
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
S Service suisse d'étalonnage
C Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**


Client: **RTS (RIM Testing Services)**

Certificate No.: **D835V2-446_Jan13**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE			
Object:	D835V2 - SN: 446		
Calibration procedure(s):	QA CAL-05 v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz		
Calibration date:	January 07, 2013		
<p>This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (MATE critical for calibration)</p>			
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37290783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20A)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 6047.3 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ESSDV3	SN: 3205	28-Dec-12 (No. E83-3205_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE-d	SN: 601	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY410992317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	in house check: Oct-13
HP generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	in house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8755E	US37390585 S4208	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	in house check: Oct-13
Calibrated by:	Name Leif Klyener	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Kritija Pekovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 
			Issued: January 8, 2013
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			

Certificate No: D835V2-446_Jan13

Page 1 of 6

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 25(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

**Calibration Laboratory of
 Schmid & Partner
 Engineering AG**
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
S Service suisse d'étalonnage
C Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
 ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
 N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



Document

Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3

Page

26(49)

Author Data

Andrew Becker

Dates of Test

July 02 –August 15, 2013

Test Report No

RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3

FCC ID:

L6ARFY110LW

IC

2503A-RFY110LW**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	


Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.0 ± 6 %	0.82 mho/m ± 9 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	---	---

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.38 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.39 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.55 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.13 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 27(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.1 Ω - 8.5 jΩ
Return Loss	-23.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.355 ns
----------------------------------	----------


After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	October 24, 2001

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 28(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 07.01.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 446

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.05, 6.05, 6.05); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.4(1052); SEMCAD X 14.6.8(7028)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

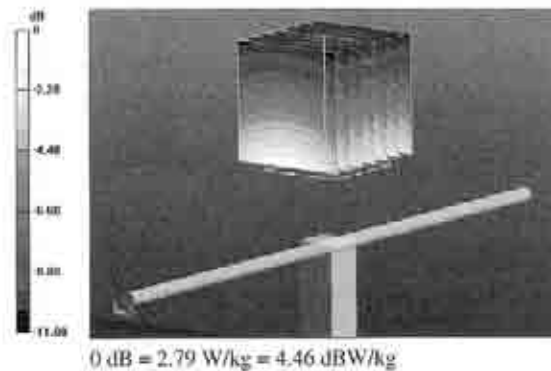
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$


Reference Value = 56.650 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.61 W/kg

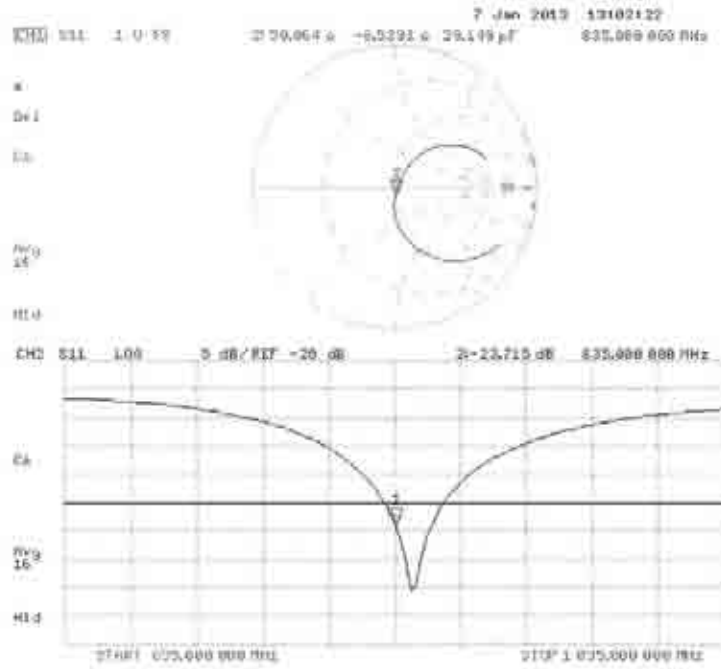
SAR(1 g) = 2.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 W/kg


Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.79 W/kg



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 29(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 30(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

**Calibration Laboratory of
 Schmid & Partner
 Engineering AG**
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
S Service suisse d'étalonnage
C Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **RTS (RIM Testing Services)**


Certificate No: **D1900V2-545_Jan13**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D1900V2 - SN: 545		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05,v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz		
Calibration date	January 09, 2013		
<p>This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (MATE critical for calibration)</p>			
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	G097480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8401A	US3292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (209)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP #481A	MY41022317	18-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100006	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8733E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
Calibrated by:	Name Israa El-Nasouq	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 
			Issued: January 9, 2013
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			

Certificate No: D1900V2-545_Jan13

Page 1 of 6

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 31(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

**Calibration Laboratory of
 Schmid & Partner
 Engineering AG**
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
S Service suisse d'étalonnage
C Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates.

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
 ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
 N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices; Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C. (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65


Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 32(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.4 ± 6 %	1.36 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	—	—

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.2 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.26 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.1 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)



Document

Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3

Page

33(49)

Author Data

Andrew Becker

Dates of Test

July 02 –August 15, 2013

Test Report No

RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3

FCC ID:

L6ARFY110LW

IC

2503A-RFY110LW

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.0 Ω + 1.7 jΩ
Return Loss	-34.3 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.198 ns
----------------------------------	----------


After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	November 15, 2001

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 34(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 09.01.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 545

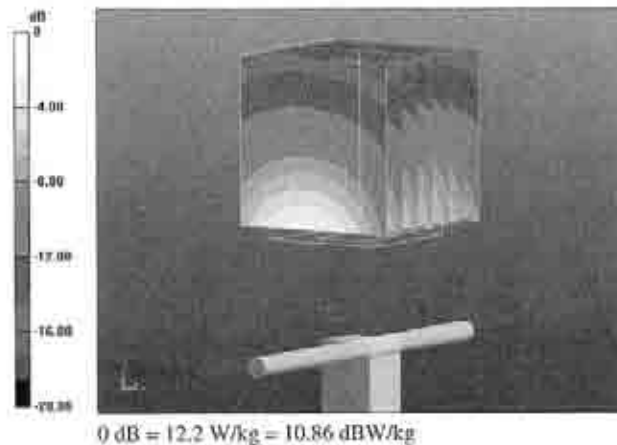
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section
 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)


DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.4(1052); SEMCAD X 14.6.8(7028)

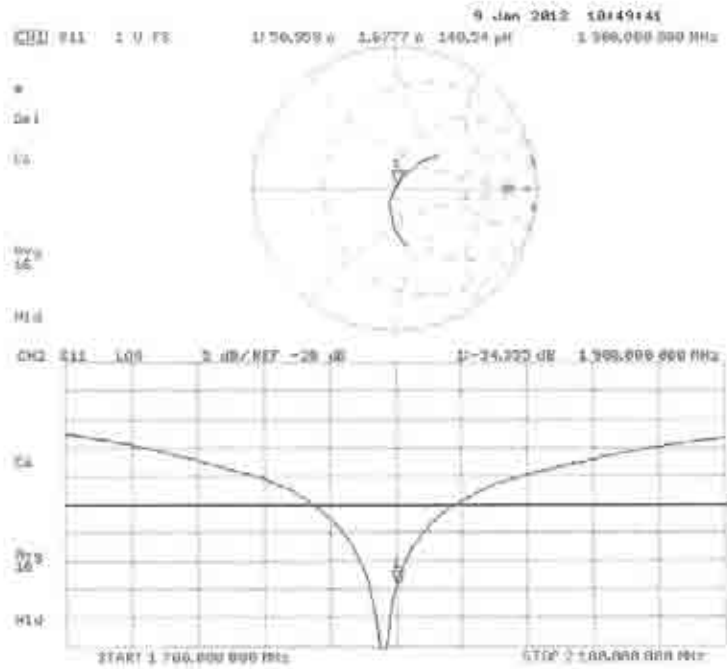
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:


Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 95.493 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.26 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.2 W/kg



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 35(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 36(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

**Calibration Laboratory of
 Schmid & Partner
 Engineering AG**
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **RTS (RIM Testing Services)**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-747_Nov11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

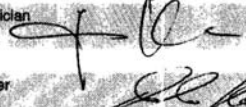

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 747**
 Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8
 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**
 Calibration date: **November 09, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.


Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11)	Apr-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

Calibrated by: **Jeton Kastrati** (Name), **Laboratory Technician** (Function),  (Signature)
 Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** (Name), **Technical Manager** (Function),  (Signature)

Issued: November 9, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 37(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

**Calibration Laboratory of
 Schmid & Partner
 Engineering AG**
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
S Service suisse d'étalonnage
C Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
 ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
 N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:


- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 38(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	


Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.7 ± 6 %	1.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	54.1 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.39 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.3 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 39(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.5 Ω + 1.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 31.2 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.161 ns
----------------------------------	----------


After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 01, 2003

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 40(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 09.11.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 747

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz
 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.84$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Flat Section
 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 102.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.853 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.39 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.782 mW/g



0 dB = 17.780mW/g



Author Data
Andrew Becker

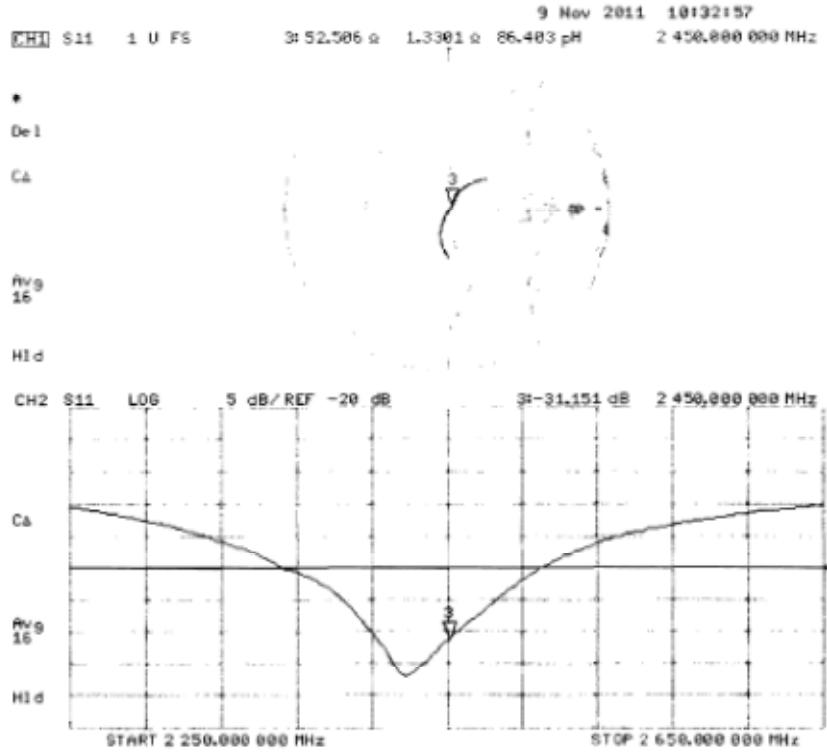
Dates of Test
July 02 –August 15, 2013


Test Report No
RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3

FCC ID:
L6ARFY110LW

IC
2503A-RFY110LW

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 42(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



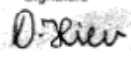

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
S Service suisse d'étalonnage
C Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**


Client **RTS (RIM Testing Services)**

Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1033_Nov11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE			
Object	D5GHzV2 - SN: 1033		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-22.v1 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz		
Calibration date:	November 15, 2011		
<p>This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)</p>			
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Power sensor HP B481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	04-Mar-11 (No. EX3-3503_Mar11)	Mar-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP B481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
Calibrated by:	Name Dimitri Iliev	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 
Issued: November 16, 2011 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1033_Nov11

Page 1 of 8

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 43(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

**Calibration Laboratory of
 Schmid & Partner
 Engineering AG**
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
S Service suisse d'étalonnage
C Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
 ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
 N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:


- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 44(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.6 ± 6 %	4.46 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.16 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.8 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.33 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.0 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz


The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.2 ± 6 %	4.75 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.82 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	87.3 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.50 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.7 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 45(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz


The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	33.7 ± 6 %	5.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.03 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.4 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.28 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.5 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 46(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.1 Ω - 8.7 j Ω
Return Loss	- 21.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.3 Ω - 2.7 j Ω
Return Loss	- 29.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.7 Ω - 4.3 j Ω
Return Loss	- 22.6 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design


Electrical Delay (one direction)	1,202 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 09, 2004

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 47(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 15.11.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1033

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz
 Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.75$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.03$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 33.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.41, 5.41, 5.41), ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91), ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 04.03.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.595 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.134 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.16 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.725 mW/g

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.819 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.056 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.82 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.5 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.019 mW/g

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,


dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

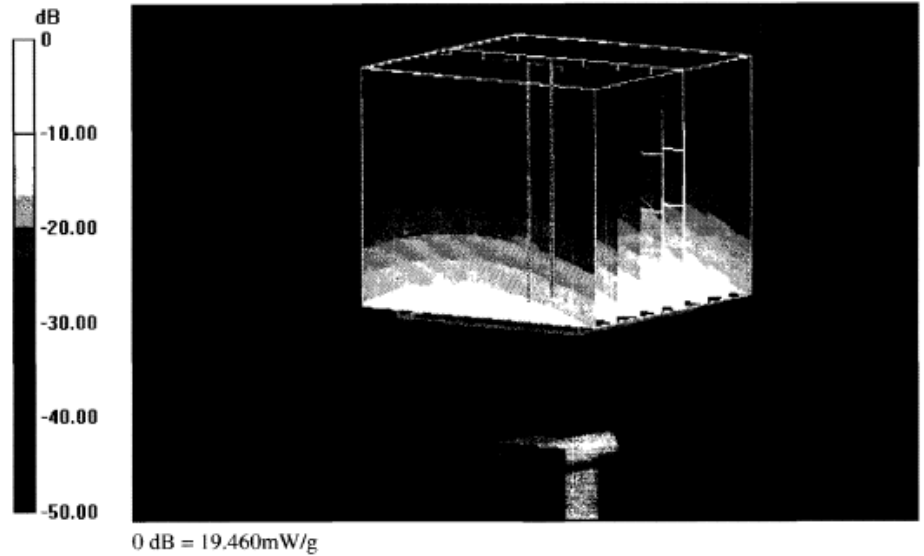
Reference Value = 62.220 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.743 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.03 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.463 mW/g

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFY111LW SAR Report Rev 3			Page 48(49)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test July 02 –August 15, 2013	Test Report No RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFY110LW





Author Data
Andrew Becker

Dates of Test
July 02 –August 15, 2013

Test Report No
RTS-6046-1308-34 Rev 3

FCC ID:
L6ARFY110LW

IC
2503A-RFY110LW

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

