

1(42)

Andrew Becker

August 4 – September 29, 2011 | RTS-5316-1109-53A

Test Report No

FCC ID: L6AREA70UW L6AREB70UW

IC ID 2503A-REA70UW 2503A-REB70UW

SAR Compliance Test Report

RIM Testing Services Testing Lab: Applicant: Research In Motion Limited

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Statement of **Compliance:** RIM Testing Services declares under its sole responsibility that the product to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate RF exposure standards, recommendations and guidelines. It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and

recommended practices.

Device Category: This BlackBerry® Smartphone is a portable device, designed to be used in direct

contact with the user's head, hand and to be carried in approved accessories when

carried on the user's body.

RF exposure environment: This device has been shown to be in compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits

specified in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01), FCC 96-326, IEEE Std. C95.1-2005, Health Canada's Safety Code 6, as reproduced in RSS-102 issue 4-2010 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC OET Procedures, OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01), ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.3-2002, IEEE 1528-2003, IEC 62209-1-2005, IEC 62209 - 2-2010 and Health

Canada's Safety Code 6.

Tested by: Signatures Date

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APPENDIX A: SAR DISTRIBUTION COMPARISON FOR ACCURACY VERIFICATION

APPENDIX B: SAR DISTRIBUTION PLOTS - HEAD CONFIGURATION

APPENDIX C: SAR DISTRIBUTION PLOTS - BODY-WORN CONFIGURATION

APPENDIX D: PROBE & DIPOLE CALIBRATION DATA

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OPERATING CONFIGURATIONS AND TEST CONDITIONS 1.0

1.1 **Picture of Device**

Please refer to Appendix E.

Figure 1.1.1 BlackBerry Smartphone

1.2 **Antenna description**

Type	Internal fixed antenna
Location	Back bottom centre (main licensed
Location	transmitters)
Configuration	Internal fixed antenna

Table 1.2.1. Antenna description

1.3 **Device description**

Device Model	REA71UW							
FCC ID	L6AREA70UW							
	27EB7923 (Rev1), 28302141 (Rev2	.)					
PIN	27EB7986 (Rev1	, Conducted), 283	0208A (Rev2, Con	ducted)				
Hardware Rev	Rev 1/ Rev 2	Rev 1/ Rev 2						
Software Version	7.0.0.1482/1725/	7.0.0.1482/1725/1755						
Prototype or Production Unit	Production							
	1-slot	2-slots	WCDMA /	WCDMA /				
Mode(s) of Operation in	GSM 850	EDGE/GPRS	UMTS FDD V	UMTS FDD II				
North America	GSM 1900	850/1900	(850)	(1900)				
Nominal Maximum	33.0	31.0						
conducted RF Output Power	29.0	28.0	24.0	22.0				
(dBm)	27.0	20.0						
Tolerance in Power Setting	± 0.5	± 0.5	± 0.5	± 0.5				
on centre channel (dB)	± 0.5	± 0.5		± 0.5				
Duty Cycle	1:8	2:8	1:1	1:1				
Transmitting Frequency	824.2 - 848.8	824.2 - 848.8	824.6 – 846.6	1852.4 – 1907.6				
Range (MHz)	1850.2 - 1909.8	1850.2 - 1909.8	824.0 - 840.0	1832.4 - 1907.0				
Mode(s) of Operation	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n	Bluetooth				
Nominal Maximum								
conducted RF Output Power	16.5	15.0	15.0					
(dBm)								
Tolerance in Power Setting ± 0.5		± 0.5	± 0.5	N/A				
on centre channel (dB)	± 0.5 ± 0.5 1V/A							
Duty Cycle	1:1 1:1 N/A							
Transmitting Frequency	2412-2462 2412-2462 2412-2462 2402-2483							
Range (MHz)								

Table 1.3.1. REA71UW Test device description

The REA71UW device supports GSM/GPRS/EDGE 900/1800 MHz bands and UMTS band I that are not operational in North America, therefore no data is presented in this report for those bands.



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Device Model	REB71UW							
FCC ID	L6AREB70UW							
PIN	27F38A38, 283	0681F						
Hardware Rev	Rev 1/Rev2	Rev 1/Rev2						
Software Version	7.0.0.1482/1725/	7.0.0.1482/1725/1755						
Prototype or Production Unit	Production	Production						
Mode(s) of Operation in North America	1-slot 2-slots WCDMA / GSM 850 EDGE/GPRS UMTS FDD IV GSM 1900 850/1900 (1700)							
Nominal Maximum conducted RF Output Power (dBm)	33.0 29.0	31.0 28.0	21.5					
Tolerance in Power Setting on centre channel (dB)	± 0.5	± 0.5	± 0.5					
Duty Cycle	1:8	2:8	1:1					
Transmitting Frequency Range (MHz)	824.2 - 848.8 1850.2 - 1909.8	824.2 - 848.8 1850.2 - 1909.8	1712.4-1752.6					
Mode(s) of Operation	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n	Bluetooth				
Nominal Maximum conducted RF Output Power (dBm)	16.5	15.0	15.0	8.5				
Tolerance in Power Setting on centre channel (dB)	± 0.5	N/A						
Duty Cycle	1:1 1:1 N/A							
Transmitting Frequency Range (MHz)	2412-2462	2412-2462	2412-2462	2402-2483				

Table 1.3.2. REB71UW Test device description

The REB71UW device supports GSM/GPRS/EDGE 900/1800 MHz bands and UMTS bands I and VIII that are not operational in North America, therefore no data is presented in this report for those bands.



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SAR Compliance Test Report for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model

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REA71UW/REB71UW SAR Report

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1.4 **Body worn accessories (holsters)**

The device has been tested with the holster below. The holster is designed with the intended device orientation being with the LCD facing the belt clip. Proper positioning is vital for protection of the LCD display, and to help maximize the battery life of the device. The device can also be placed in the holster with the backside facing the belt clip. Body SAR measurements were carried out with the worst-case configuration front LCD side and backside towards the belt clip.

Number	Holster Type	Part Number	Separation distance (mm)
1	Vertical Holster	HDW-41655-001	20

Table 1.4.1. Body worn holster

Please refer to Appendix E.

Figure 1.4.1. Body-worn holster

1.5 Headset

The device was tested with and without the following headset model numbers.

- 1) HDW-14322-003
- 2) HDW-15766-005
- 3) HDW-24529-001

1.6 **Battery**

The device was tested with the following Lithium Ion Battery pack.

BAT-30615-006 1)

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1.7 Procedure used to establish test signal

The device was put into test mode for SAR measurements by placing a voice call from a Rohde & Schwarz CMU 200 Communications Test Instrument. The power control level was set to command the device to transmit at full power at the specified frequency. Other parameters include: Channel type = full rate, discontinuous transmission off, frequency hopping off.

1.8 **Highlights of the FCC OET SAR Measurement Requirements**

1.8.1 SAR Measurement Requirements and Measurement Procedures for 802.11 b/g/n Transmitter

- Maintained dielectric parameter uncertainty as close to ± 5.0% of the target value as possible.
- Liquid depth from SAM ERP or flat phantom was kept at 15 cm.
- System accuracy validation was conducted within ± 100 MHz of device mid-band frequency and results were within \pm 10 % of the manufacturers target value for each band.
- Frequency Channel Configuration: 802.11 b/g modes are tested on "default test channels" 1, 6 and 11.
- For each frequency band, testing at higher rates and higher modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4 dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate.
- SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels. • SAR test are conducted on each "default test channel" and each band with the worst case modulation that resulted in maximum duty cycle.
- Conducted power measurements:

802.111	802.11b @ 1Mbps		802.11g @ 6Mbps		6.5 Mbps
Chan	Cond. Power (dBm)	Chan	Cond. Power (dBm)	Chan	Cond. Power (dBm)
1	16.58	1	13.20	1	11.82
6	16.64	6	15.43	6	15.31
11	16.76	11	12.92	11	12.72

Table 1.8.1. 802.11 b/g/n channel vs. conducted power

		802.11g			802.11b
		Channel 6	Data		Channel 6
ta Rate	Mod.	Cond.	Rate (Mbps)	Mod.	Cond. Power
(Mbps)		Power (dBm)			(dBm)
6	BPSK	15.43	1	BPSK	16.64



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9 BPSK 14.88 2 DQPSK 16.33 12 QPSK 12.90 5.5 CCK 15.72 18 QPSK 12.18 11 CCK 15.19 24 16-QAM 10.43 22 CCK 16.70 36 16-QAM 9.59 Incomparison of the comparison							
18 QPSK 12.18 11 CCK 15.19 24 16-QAM 10.43 22 CCK 16.70 36 16-QAM 9.59	9 BPSK		14.88	2	DQPSK	16.33	
24 16-QAM 10.43 22 CCK 16.70 36 16-QAM 9.59	12	QPSK	12.90	5.5	CCK	15.72	
36 16-QAM 9.59 48 64-QAM 7.92 54 64-QAM 7.74 802.11 n Channel 6 Cond. Power (dBm) 6.5 MCS0 15.31 13 MCS1 12.89 19.5 MCS2 12.05 26 MCS3 10.53 39 MCS4 9.62 52 MCS5 8.23 58.5 MCS6 8.06	18	18 QPSK		11	CCK	15.19	
48 64-QAM 7.92 54 64-QAM 7.74 802.11 n Channel 6 Cond. Power (dBm) 6.5 MCS0 15.31 13 MCS1 12.89 19.5 MCS2 12.05 26 MCS3 10.53 39 MCS4 9.62 52 MCS5 8.23 58.5 MCS6 8.06	24	16-QAM	10.43	22	CCK	16.70	
54 64-QAM 7.74 802.11 n Data Rate (Mbps) Mod. Channel 6 Cond. Power (dBm) 6.5 MCS0 15.31 13 MCS1 12.89 19.5 MCS2 12.05 26 MCS3 10.53 39 MCS4 9.62 52 MCS5 8.23 58.5 MCS6 8.06	36	16-QAM	9.59				
Data Rate (Mbps) 802.11 n Channel 6 Cond. Power (dBm) 6.5 MCS0 15.31 13 MCS1 12.89 19.5 MCS2 12.05 26 MCS3 10.53 39 MCS4 9.62 52 MCS5 8.23 58.5 MCS6 8.06	48	64-QAM	7.92				
Data Rate (Mbps) Mod. Channel 6 Cond. Power (dBm) 6.5 MCS0 15.31 13 MCS1 12.89 19.5 MCS2 12.05 26 MCS3 10.53 39 MCS4 9.62 52 MCS5 8.23 58.5 MCS6 8.06	54	64-QAM	7.74				
Data Rate (Mbps) Mod. Cond. Power (dBm) 6.5 MCS0 15.31 13 MCS1 12.89 19.5 MCS2 12.05 26 MCS3 10.53 39 MCS4 9.62 52 MCS5 8.23 58.5 MCS6 8.06					802.11 n		
6.5 MCS0 15.31 13 MCS1 12.89 19.5 MCS2 12.05 26 MCS3 10.53 39 MCS4 9.62 52 MCS5 8.23 58.5 MCS6 8.06	D-4- D-	4 - (MI)	Mod.		Channel 6		
13 MCS1 12.89 19.5 MCS2 12.05 26 MCS3 10.53 39 MCS4 9.62 52 MCS5 8.23 58.5 MCS6 8.06	Data Ka	ite (MDps)			Cond. Power (dBm)		
19.5 MCS2 12.05 26 MCS3 10.53 39 MCS4 9.62 52 MCS5 8.23 58.5 MCS6 8.06		6.5	MCS0		15.31		
26 MCS3 10.53 39 MCS4 9.62 52 MCS5 8.23 58.5 MCS6 8.06		13	MCS1		12.89		
39 MCS4 9.62 52 MCS5 8.23 58.5 MCS6 8.06	1	9.5	MCS	2 12.05		12.05	
52 MCS5 8.23 58.5 MCS6 8.06		26	MCS	MCS3		10.53	
58.5 MCS6 8.06		39	MCS	54	9.62		
		52	MCS	MCS5 8.23		8.23	
65 MCS7 6.97	5	8.5	MCS	MCS6 8.06		8.06	
				87 6.97		< 0 =	

Table 1.8.2. 802.11 b/g/n modulation type/data rate vs. conducted power

1.8.2 SAR Measurement Requirements for Bluetooth

Channe l	Freq (MHz)	Mode	Conducted Transmit Power (dBm)
0	2402	3DH5	8.17
39	2441	3DH5	8.93
78	2480	3DH5	8.94

Table 1.8.3. Bluetooth peak conducted power measurements



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1.8.3 SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices

WCDMA Handsets

Output Power Verification

- Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels using 12.2 kbps RMC, 12.2 kbps AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signal radio bearer) with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's" for WCDMA/HSPA or applying the required inner loop.
- For Release 6 HSPA, output power is measured according to requirements for HS-DPCCH Sub-test 1-4/1-5

Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signalling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that RF channel in 12.2 RMC.

Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR for other spreading codes and multiple DPDCH_n, when supported by the DUT, are not required when the maximum average outputs of each RF channel, for each spreading code and DPDCH_n configuration, are less than ½ dB higher than those measured in 12.2 RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel with an applicable RMC configuration for the corresponding spreading code or DPDCH_n using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR with 12.2 RMC.

Handsets with HSPA

Body SAR is not required for handsets with HSPA capabilities, when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA active is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA Otherwise, SAR for HSPA is measured using FRC (fixed reference channel) in the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that RF channel in 12.2kbps RMC.



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	Band	F	FDD V (850))]	FDD II (19	00)	
	Channel	4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538	
	Freq (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	
Mode	Subtest		burst aver	0	Max bur	Max burst averaged conducted		
Mode	Subtest	conduc	ted power	(dBm)		power (dBm)		
Rel99	12.2 kbps RMC	24.07	24.06	24.17	21.78	21.76	22.11	
Rel99	12.2 kbps, Voice,	24.13	24.07	24.13	21.84	21.72	22.10	
	AMR, SRB 3.4 kbps							
Rel5 HSDPA	1	23.92	23.89	23.90	21.67	21.55	21.99	
Rel5 HSDPA	2	23.92	23.89	23.90	21.70	21.57	22.00	
Rel5 HSDPA	3	23.90	23.85	23.89	21.65	21.52	21.97	
Rel5 HSDPA	4	23.95	23.90	23.92	21.64	21.53	21.99	
Rel6 HSUPA	1	23.92	23.89	23.90	21.70	21.59	22.00	
Rel6 HSUPA	2	23.96	23.84	23.91	21.68	21.56	21.97	
Rel6 HSUPA	3	23.95	23.82	23.89	21.65	21.55	21.97	
Rel6 HSUPA	4	23.96	23.83	23.92	21.63	21.50	21.95	
Rel6 HSUPA	5	23.94	23.82	23.90	21.62	21.51	21.94	

	Band	FDD IV (1700)		00)	
	Channel	1312	1312	1312	
	Freq (MHz)	1712.4	1712.4	1712.4	
Mode	Subtest	Max	burst aver	aged	
Mode	Subtest	conducted power (dBm)			
Rel99	12.2 kbps RMC	21.60	21.60	21.60	
Rel99	12.2 kbps, Voice, AMR, SRB 3.4 kbps	21.62	21.62	21.62	
Rel5 HSDPA	1	21.42	21.42	21.42	
Rel5 HSDPA	2	21.45	21.45	21.45	
Rel5 HSDPA	3	21.46	21.46	21.46	
Rel5 HSDPA	4	21.41	21.41	21.41	
Rel6 HSUPA	1	21.43	21.43	21.43	
Rel6 HSUPA	2	21.40	21.40	21.40	
Rel6 HSUPA	3	21.42	21.42	21.42	
Rel6 HSUPA	4	21.46	21.46	21.46	
Rel6 HSUPA	5	21.41	21.41	21.41	

Table 1.8.4. WCDMA (Rel99) / HSPA conducted power measurements

Tes Ser	sting vices™	SAR Compliance Test REA71UW/REB71UW	-	erry® Smartphon	e Model	Page 11(42)
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Highlights of the FCC OET SAR Evaluation Considerations for Handsets with Multiple Transmitters/ Antennas & GSM/GPRS/EDGE Procedure

Unlicensed Transmitters

When there is simultaneous transmission –

Stand-alone SAR not required when

- output $\leq 2 \cdot PRef$ and antenna is > 5.0 cm from other antennas
- output \leq PRef and antenna is > 2.5 cm from other antennas
- the other antenna(s), which are < 2.5 cm away, has an output \leq PRef OR max 1g SAR < 1.2 W/kg

Otherwise stand-alone SAR is required

- test SAR on highest output channel for each wireless mode and exposure condition
- if SAR for highest output channel is > 50% of SAR limit, evaluate all channels according to normal procedure

Simultaneous Transmission SAR not required:

Unlicensed only

- when stand-alone 1-g SAR is not required and antenna is > 5 cm from other antennas
- when the other antenna(s), which are < 2.5 cm away, has an output ≤ PRef OR max 1g SAR < 1.2 W/kg

Licensed & Unlicensed

- when the sum of the 1-g SAR is \leq 1.6 W/kg for each pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas. or
- when the ratio of SAR to peak SAR separation distance of simultaneous transmitting antenna pair is < 0.3

Simultaneous Transmission SAR required:

Licensed & Unlicensed

• antenna pairs with SAR to antenna separation ratio ≥ 0.3 ; test is only required for the configuration that results in the highest SAR in standalone configuration for each wireless mode and exposure condition.

	2.45	5.15 - 5.35	5.47 - 5.85	GHz			
\mathbf{P}_{Ref}	12	6	5	mW			
Device output power should be rounded to the nearest mW to compare with values specified in this table.							

Table 1.9.1. Output Power Thresholds for Unlicensed Transmitters



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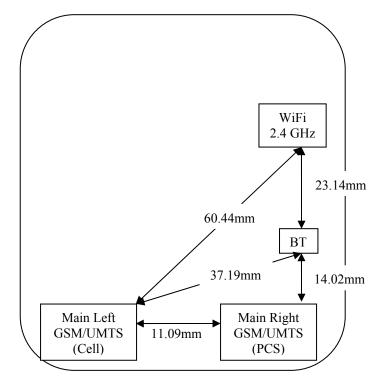


Figure 1.9.1. Back view of device showing closet distance between antenna pairs

Mode	Configuration	Highest 1 g SAR (W/kg)	
GSM/GPRS/EDGE/	GSM/GPRS/EDGE/ Head-Left-Touch		
UMTS	No Holster, back side 15 mm away	0.77	
902 11a/b/a/n	Head-Left-Touch	0.32	
802.11a/b/g/n	No Holster, back side 15 mm away	0.13	
BT	Head-Left-Touch	0.03	
ы	No Holster, back side 15 mm away	0.00	

Table 1.9.2. REA71UW Highest SAR values for the same setup

Mode	Configuration	Highest 1 g SAR (W/kg)
GSM/GPRS/EDGE/	GSM/GPRS/EDGE/ Head-Left-Touch	
UMTS	No Holster, back side 15 mm away	0.77
802.11a/b/g/n	Head-Left-Touch	0.32
802.11a/b/g/II	No Holster, back side 15 mm away	0.13
BT	Head-Left-Touch	0.03
DI	No Holster, back side 15 mm away	0.00

Table 1.9.3. REB71UW Highest SAR values for the same setup



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Mode	Config	Zoom Scan 1g SAR (W/Kg)	Volume Scan 1g SAR (W/Kg)	Multi-Band Average 1g SAR (W/Kg)
EDGE 850	Head	1.03	1.15	
802.11b	Right	0.57	0.55	1.21
Bluetooth	Touch	0.02	0.00	
UMTS Band V	Head	1.03	1.09	
802.11b	Right	0.57	0.55	1.15
Bluetooth	Touch	0.02	0.00	
EDGE 1900	Head	1.13	1.06	
802.11b	Right	0.57	0.55	1.10
Bluetooth	Touch	0.02	0.00	
EDGE 1900	Head	1.38	1.25	
802.11b	Left	0.30	0.32	1.33
Bluetooth	Touch	0.03	0.00	
UMTS Band II	Head	1.03	1.02	
802.11b	Right	0.57	0.55	1.06
Bluetooth	Touch	0.02	0.00	
UMTS Band II	Head	1.27	1.23	
802.11b	Left	0.30	0.32	1.32
Bluetooth	Touch	0.03	0.00]

Table 1.9.4. REA71UW Simultaneous transmission SAR results

Mode	Config	Zoom Scan 1g SAR (W/Kg)	Volume Scan 1g SAR (W/Kg)	Multi-Band Average 1g SAR (W/Kg)
UMTS Band IV	Head	1.01	1.04	
802.11b	Right	0.57	0.55	1.10
Bluetooth	Touch	0.02	0.00	
UMTS Band IV	Head	1.47	1.40	
802.11b	Left	0.30	0.32	1.47
Bluetooth	Touch	0.03	0.00	

Table 1.9.5. REB71UW Simultaneous transmission SAR results



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BT & WiFi:

- BT Stand-alone SAR is not required because the WiFi antenna(s), which are < 2.5 cm away, has a max 1g SAR < 1.2 W/kg
- BT Simultaneous Transmission SAR is not required because the WiFi antenna(s), which are < 2.5 cm away, has a max 1g SAR < 1.2 W/kg

BT & GSM/WCDMA:

- BT Stand-alone SAR is required because the main antenna, which is < 2.5 cm away, has an output \geq PRef AND max 1g SAR > 1.2 W/kg
- BT Simultaneous Transmission SAR is not required because the sum of the 1-g SAR between the main antenna and BT antenna is < 1.6 W/kg

GSM & WiFi:

- Head Configuration:
 - Simultaneous Transmission is required as the sum of the 1-g SAR is > 1.6 W/kg and the SAR to antenna separation ratio is ≥ 0.3 ;
- - Simultaneous Transmission is not required as the sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg

WCDMA & WiFi:

- Head Configuration:
 - Simultaneous Transmission is required as the sum of the 1-g SAR is > 1.6 W/kg and the SAR to antenna separation ratio is ≥ 0.3 ;
- **Body Configuration:**
 - Simultaneous Transmission is not required as the sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg
- The device supports DTM, GPRS Category Class A, Multi-Slot Class 10 with maximum 5-slots (2-slots uplink and 3-slot downlink).
- For head SAR configuration, GMSK 2-slots were evaluated.
- For body SAR configuration, GMSK 2-slots were evaluated.
- In EDGE/GPRS mode, GMSK Modulation was used using CS1-CS4 or MCSI-MCS4.
- 8-PSK modulation or MCS5-MCS9 code scheme were avoided since maximum burst avg power was measured lower on those modulation schemes.
- Each slot is set to maximum power, but there is software power reduction of ~ 2 dB in DTM/EDGE/GPRS 2-slots uplink modes.
- Please refer to the conducted power measurements table below:



Max burst

Max burst

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Max burst

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Max burst | Max burst |

Max burst

		averaged conducted power	averaged conducted power	averaged conducted power	averaged conducted power	averaged conducted power	averaged conducted power		
Mode	Freq. (MHz)	(dBm) CS1	(dBm) CS4	(dBm) MCS1	(dBm) MCS4	(dBm) MCS5	(dBm) MCS9		
2-slots	824.2	30.6	30.7	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
GPRS	836.8	31.0	31.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
850 MHz	848.8	31.3	31.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
2-slots	824.2	30.7	30.8	30.7	30.7	27.0	27.0		
EDGE	836.8	31.1	31.1	31.1	31.1	27.1	27.1		
850 MHz	848.8	31.3	31.4	31.3	31.3	27.1	27.1		
2-slots	1850.2	28.0	28.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
GPRS	1880.0	28.1	28.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
1900 MHz	1909.8	28.0	28.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
2-slots	1850.2	27.9	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0		
EDGE	1880.0	28.1	28.1	28.1	28.1	27.9	27.9		
1900 MHz	1909.8	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0		
Mode		Freq. (MHz)			Max b	Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm)			
1-slot			824.2			32.6			
GSM (CS)			836.8			32.9			
850 MHz		848.8				33.2			
1-slot		1850.2			30.0				
GSM (CS) 1900		1880.0			30.1				
MHz			1909.8			30.0			

1.9.6. GSM/EDGE/GPRS channel vs. conducted power

Se Se	esting ervices™	SAR Compliance Test REA71UW/REB71UW	t Report for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model W SAR Report			
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2.0 DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

2.1 SAR measurement system

SAR measurements were performed using a Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY52), an automated SAR measurement system manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG), of Zurich, Switzerland.

The DASY 52 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- · A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software.
- · An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- · A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- · A DAE module that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, A/D conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC).
- \cdot A unit to operate the optical surface detector that is connected to the EOC.
- \cdot The EOC performs the conversion from an optical signal into the digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the PC plug-in card.
- \cdot The functions of the PC plug-in card based on a DSP is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, surveillance of the robot operation fast movement interrupts.
- · A computer operating Windows.
- · DASY52 software version 52.6(2).
- \cdot Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- · The SAM Twin Phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- · The device holder for mobile phones.
- · Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes (see section 6.1).
- · System validation dipoles allowing for the validation of proper functioning of the system.

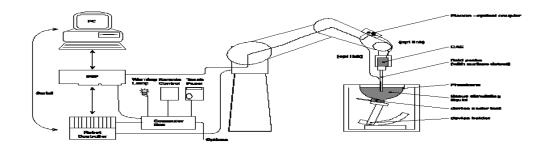


Figure 2.1.1. System Description



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2.1.1 **Equipment List**

Manufacturer	Test Equipment	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date (MM/DD/YY)
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	E-field probe	ES3DV3	3225	01/13/2012
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE3)	DAE3 V1	472	03/07/2012
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Dipole Validation Kit	D835V2	446	01/21/2013
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Dipole Validation Kit	D1800V2	2d020	01/13/2013
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	tner Dipole Validation Kit D1900V2		545	01/13/2013
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Dipole Validation Kit	D2450V2	747	11/11/2011
Agilent Technologies	Signal generator	8648C	4037U03155	09/24/2011
Amplifier Research	Amplifier	5S1G4M3	300986	CNR
Agilent Technologies	Power meter	E4419B	GB40202821	09/15/2011
Agilent Technologies	Power sensor	8481A	MY41095417	09/23/2011
Weinschel Corp	20dB Attenuator	33-20-34	BMO697	CNR
Agilent Technologies	Power meter	N1911A	MY45100905	05/17/2013
Agilent Technologies	Power sensor	N1921A	SG45240281	05/16/2012
Agilent Technologies	Agilent Technologies Network analyzer		US39174857	09/17/2011
Rohde & Schwarz	Base Station Simulator	CMU 200 109747		11/25/2011
Rohde & Schwarz	Bluetooth Tester	CBT	100678	11/28/2011

Table 2.1.1. Equipment list



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2.2

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Description of the test setup

Before SAR measurements are conducted, the device and the DASY equipment are setup as follows:

2.2.1 Device and base station simulator setup

- Power up the device.
- Turn on the base station simulator and set the radio channel and power to the appropriate values.
- Connect an antenna to the RF IN/OUT of the communication test set and place it close to the device.

2.2.2 DASY setup

- Turn the computer on and log on to Windows.
- Start the DASY software by clicking on the icon located on the Windows desktop.
- Mount the DAE unit and the probe. Turn on the DAE unit.
- Turn the Robot Controller on by turning the main power switch to the horizontal position
- Align the probe by clicking the 'Align probe in light beam' button.
- Open a file and configure the proper parameters probe, medium, communications system etc.
- Establish a connection between the Device and the communications test instrument. Place the Device on the stand and adjust it under the phantom.
- · Start SAR measurements.

3.0 ELECTRIC FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION

3.1 Probe Specifications

SAR measurements were conducted using the dosimetric probes ES3DV3/ET3DV6, designed by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG for the measurement of SAR. The probe is constructed using the thin film technique, with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. It has a symmetrical design with triangular core, built-in optical fibre for the surface detection system and built-in shielding against static discharge. The probe is sensitive to E-fields and thus incorporates three small dipoles arranged so that the overall response is close to isotropic. The table below summarizes the technical data for the probe.

Property	Data
Frequency range	30 MHz – 3 GHz
Linearity	±0.1 dB
Directivity (rotation around probe axis)	$\leq \pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$
Directivity (rotation normal to probe axis)	±0.4 dB
Dynamic Range	5 mW/kg – 100 W/kg
Probe positioning repeatability	±0.2 mm
Spatial resolution	< 0.125 mm ³

Table 3.1.1. Probe specifications



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3.2 Probe calibration and measurement uncertainty

The probe had been calibrated with an accuracy better than $\pm 12\%$. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe were tested. The probe calibration parameters are shown on Appendix D and below:

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X Con	nvF Y Cor	nvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	6.12	6.12	6.12	0.99	1.07 ± 11.0%
1810	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	5.14	5.14	5.14	0.46	1.60 ± 11.0%
1950	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	4.96	4.96	4.96	0.47	1.57 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	4.53	4.53	4.53	0.41	1.89 ± 11.0%

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X Co	nvFY Co	nvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	5.97	5.97	5.97	0.98	1.12 ± 11.0%
1810	± 50 / ± 100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	4.90	4.90	4.90	0.35	2.07 ± 11.0%
1950	± 50 / ± 100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	4.83	4.83	4.83	0.32	2.45 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	4.32	4.32	4.32	0.74	1.27 ± 11.0%

C The validity of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher. DASY 52 has been used for measurements, therefore \pm 100 MHz tolerance is valid.

Measured dielectric parameters are within +/- 5% of the probe calibration values and target values. Expanded probe calibration uncertainty (k=2) is < 15 %



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4.0 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Prior to conducting SAR measurements, the system was validated using the dipole validation kit and the flat section of the SAM phantom. A power level of 1.0W was applied to the dipole antenna. The verification results are in the table below with a comparison to reference values. Printouts are shown in Appendix A. All the measured parameters are within the allowed tolerances.

At above 1.5 - 2 GHz, dipoles maintain good return loss of -15 dB to -20 dB, therefore SAR measurements are limited to approximately +/- 100 MHz of the probe/dipole calibration frequency.

4.1 System accuracy verification for head adjacent use

		SAR	Dielectric Parameters		Liquid
f (MHz)	Limits / Measured (MM/DD/YYYY)	1 g/10 g (W/kg)	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	σ [S/m]	Temp.
	Measured (08/04/2011)	9.17/6.00	41.1	0.91	22.3
835	Measured (09/15/2011)	9.85/6.43	39.9	0.94	22.6
	Recommended Limits	9.63/6.27	41.5	0.90	N/A
	Measured (08/15/2011)	38.5/20.3	40.0	1.34	23.0
	Measured (09/01/2011)	40.9/21.4	38.5	1.43	23.2
1900	Measured (09/06/2011)	39.2/20.8	38.2	1.37	23.6
1900	Measured (09/09/2011)	40.7/21.3	38.3	1.38	23.1
	Measured (09/29/2011)	40.1/20.7	38.6	1.40	22.3
	Recommended Limits	40.0/20.8	40.0	1.40	N/A
	Measured (08/22/2011)	55.0/25.5	37.5	1.88	23.0
2450	Measured (09/06/2011)	57.2/26.7	38.0	1.88	23.7
	Recommended Limits	53.4/24.9	39.2	1.80	N/A

Table 4.1.1. REA71UW System accuracy (validation for head adjacent use)

		SAR	_	ectric meters	Liquid
f (MHz)	Limits / Measured (MM/DD/YYYY)	1 g/10 g (W/kg)	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	σ [S/m]	Temp.
	Measured (08/31/2011)	37.4/19.6	40.8	1.43	22.8
1800	Measured (09/08/2011)	36.8/19.2	39.0	1.43	23.3
	Recommended Limits	39.2/20.5	40.0	1.40	N/A

Table 4.1.2. REB71UW System accuracy (validation for head adjacent use)



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5.0 PHANTOM DESCRIPTION

The SAM Twin Phantom, manufactured by SPEAG, was used during the SAR measurements. The phantom is made of a fibreglass shell integrated with a wooden table.

The SAM Twin Phantom is a fibreglass shell phantom with 2 mm shell thickness. It has three measurement areas:

Left side head Right side head Flat phantom

The phantom table dimensions are: 100x50x85 cm (LxWxH). The table is intended for use with freestanding robots.

The bottom shelf contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder in place. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is

necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different solutions).

A white cover is provided to top the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on the cover are possible; however the optical surface detector does not work properly at the cover surface. Place a sheet of white paper on the cover when using optical surface detection.

Liquid depth of ≥ 15 cm is maintained in the phantom for all the measurements.



Figure 5.0.1. SAM Twin Phantom

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REA71UW/REB71UW SAR Report

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6.0 TISSUE DIELECTRIC PROPERTIES

6.1 Composition of tissue simulant

The composition of the brain and muscle simulating liquids are shown in the table below.

INGREDIE		RE 800- MHz	MIXTURE 1900		MIXTURE 2450 MIXTURE GHz			E 5 - 6
NT	Brain %	Muscle %	Brain %	Muscle %	Brain %	Muscle %	Brain %	Muscl e %
Water	40.29	65.45	55.24	69.91	55.0	68.75	64	64-78
Sugar	57.90	34.31	0	0	0	0	0	0
Salt	1.38	0.62	0.31	0.13	0	0	0	0
HEC	0.24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bactericide	0.18	0.10	0	0	0	0	0	0
DGBE	0	0	44.45	29.96	40.0	31.25	0	0
Triton X-	0	0	0	0	5.0	0	0	0
100 Additives and Salt	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2-3
Emulsifiers	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	9-15
Mineral Oil	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	11-18

Table 6.1.1. Tissue simulant recipe

6.1.1 **Equipment**

Manufacturer	Test Equipment	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date (MM/DD/YY)
Pyrex, England	Graduated Cylinder	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pyrex, USA	Beaker	N/A	N/A	N/A
Acculab	Weight Scale	V1-1200	018WB2003	N/A
IKA Works Inc.	Hot Plate	RC Basic	3.107433	N/A
Dell	PC using GPIB card	GX110	347	N/A
Agilent Technologies	Dielectric probe kit	HP 85070C	US9936135	CNR
Agilent Technologies	Network Analyzer	8753ES	US39174857	09/17/2011
Control Company	Digital Thermometer	23609-234	21352860	09/14/2011
Control Company	Digital Thermometer	05-077-21	51129471	05/17/2012

Table 6.1.2. Tissue simulant preparation equipment



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6.1.2 Preparation procedure

800-900 MHz liquids

- Fill the container with water. Begin heating and stirring.
- Add the Cellulose, the preservative substance and the salt. After several hours, the liquid will become more transparent again. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Add Sugar. Stir it well until the sugar is sufficiently dissolved.
- Keep the liquid hot but below the boiling point for at least an hour. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Remove the container from, and turn the hotplate off and allow the liquid to cool off to room temperature prior to performing dielectric measurements.

1800-2450 MHz liquid

- Fill the container with water and place it on hotplate. Begin heating and stirring.
- Add the salt, Glycol/Triton X-100. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Keep the liquid hot enough to dissolve sugar for at least an hour. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Remove the container from, and turn the hotplate off and allow the liquid to cool off to room temperature prior to performing dielectric measurements.

Electrical parameters of the tissue simulating liquid 6.2

The tissue dielectric parameters shall be measured before a batch can be used for SAR measurements to ensure that the simulated tissue was properly made and will simulate the desired human characteristic. Limits and measured electrical parameters are shown in the table below. Recommended limits are adopted from IEEE P1528-2003:

"Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", DASY manual and from FCC Tissue Dielectric Properties web page at http://www.fcc.gov/fcc-bin/dielec.sh



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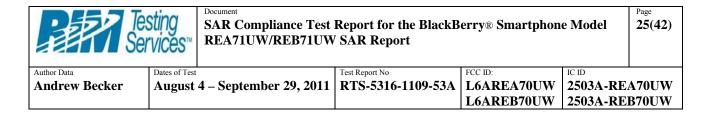
IC ID

Band	Tissue	Limits / Measured	f		electric ameters	Liquid Temp
(MHz)	Type	(MM/DD/YYYY)	(MHz)	$\varepsilon_{\rm r}$	σ [S/m]	(°C)
		Measured (08/04/2011)	835	41.1	0.91	22.3
			825	40.1	0.93	22.6
	Head	Measured (09/15/2011)	835	39.9	0.94	22.6
835			850	39.7	0.95	22.6
		Recommended Limits	835	41.5	0.90	N/A
	Mussla	Measured (08/04/2011)	835	54.6	1.00	22.3
	Muscle	Recommended Limits	835	55.2	0.97	N/A
		Measured (08/15/2011)	1900	40.0	1.34	23.0
		Measured (09/01/2011)	1900	38.5	1.43	23.2
		Measured (09/06/2011)	1900	38.2	1.37	23.6
			1850	38.7	1.33	
	Head	Measured (09/09/2011)	1900	38.3	1.38	23.1
1900			1980	38.1	1.46	
1900			1850 38.8	1.37		
		Measured (09/29/2011)	1900	38.6	1.40	22.3
			1910	38.3	1.42	
		Recommended Limits	1900	40.0	1.40	N/A
	Muscle	Measured (08/15/2011)	1900	52.0	1.57	23.2
	Muscie	Recommended Limits	1900	53.3	1.52	N/A
		Measured (08/19/2011)	2450	37.7	1.85	23.1
	Head	Measured (08/22/2011)	2450	37.5	1.88	23.0
2450	пеац	Measured (09/06/2011)	2450	38.0	1.88	23.7
2430		Recommended Limits	2450	39.2	1.80	N/A
	Muscle	Measured (08/22/2011)	2450	50.5	2.01	23.2
	Muscie	Recommended Limits	2450	52.7	1.95	N/A

Table 6.2.1. REA71UW Electrical parameters of tissue simulating liquid

Band (MHz)	Tissue			Die Par	Liquid Temp	
	Type	(MM/DD/YYYY)	(MHz)	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	σ [S/m]	(°C)
	Head	Measured (08/31/2011)	1800	40.8	1.43	22.8
			1710	39.63	1.33	
		Measured (09/08/2011)	1750	39.23	1.36	23.3
1800			1800	39.04	1.43	
		Recommended Limits	1800	40.0	1.40	N/A
	Muscle	Measured (08/09/2011)	1800	54.4	1.58	23.2
	iviuscie	Recommended Limits	1800	53.3	1.52	N/A

Table 6.2.2. REB71UW Electrical parameters of tissue simulating liquid



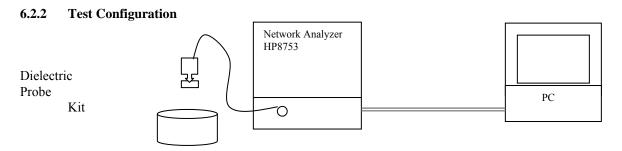
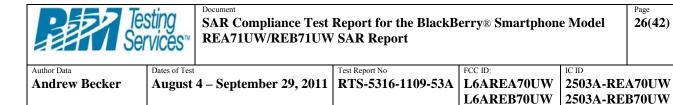


Figure 6.2.1. Test configuration

6.2.3 Procedure

- 1. Turn NWA on and allow at least 30 minutes for warm up.
- 2. Mount dielectric probe kit so that interconnecting cable to NWA will not be moved during measurements or calibration.
- 3. Pour de-ionized water and measure water temperature ($\pm 1^{\circ}$).
- 4. Set water temperature in HP-Software (Calibration Setup).
- 5. Perform calibration.
- 6. Relative permittivity $\mathcal{E}\mathbf{r} = \mathcal{E}'$ and conductivity can be calculated from \mathcal{E}''
- $\sigma = \omega \, \epsilon_0 \, \epsilon''$
- 7. Measure liquid shortly after calibration.
- 8. Stir the liquid to be measured. Take a sample (~50ml) with a syringe from the center of the liquid container.
- 9. Pour the liquid into a small glass flask. Hold the syringe at the bottom of the flask to avoid air bubbles.
- 10. Put the dielectric probe in the glass flask. Check that there are no air bubbles in front of the opening in the dielectric probe kit.
- 11. Perform measurements.
- 12. Adjust medium parameters in DASY software for the frequencies necessary for the measurements ('Setup Config', select medium (e.g. Head 835 MHz) and press 'Option'-button.
- 13. Select the current medium for the frequency of the validation (e.g. Setup Medium Brain 835 MHz).



7.0 **SAR SAFETY LIMITS**

Standards/Guideline	Localized SAR Limit (W/kg) General public (uncontrolled)	Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) Workers (controlled)
ICNIRP Standard	2.0 (10g)	10.0 (10g)
IEEE C95.1 Standard	1.6 (1g)	8.0 (1g)

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Table 7.0.1. SAR safety limits for Controlled / Uncontrolled environment

Human Exposure	Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) 10g, ICNIRP Standard	Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) 1g, IEEE C95.1 Standard
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole		
body)	0.08	0.08
Spatial Peak (averaged over any X g of		
tissue)	2.00	1.60
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles		
averaged over 10 g)	4.00	4.00 (10g)

Table 7.0.2. SAR safety limits

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).



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8.0 **DEVICE POSITIONING**

8.1 **Device holder for SAM Twin Phantom**

The Device was positioned for all test configurations using the DASY5 holder. The device holder facilitates the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately and with repeatability positioned according to FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).





Figure 8.1.1. Device Holder

- 1. Put the phone in the clamp mechanism (1) and hold it straight while tightening. (Curved phones or phones with asymmetrical ear pieces should be positioned so that the earpiece is in the symmetry plane of the clamp).
- 2. Adjust the sliding carriage (2) to 90°. Then adjust the phone holder angle (3) until the reference line of the phone is horizontal (parallel to the flat phantom bottom). The phone reference line is defined as the front tangential line between the earpiece and the center of the device bottom (or the center of the flip hinge). For devices with parallel front and backsides, the phone holder angle (3) is 0°.
- 3. Place the device holder at the desired phantom section and move it securely against the positioning pins (4). The screw in front of the turning plate can be applied for correct positioning (5). (Do not tighten it too strongly).
- 4. Shift the phone clamp (6) so that the earpiece is exactly below the ear marking of the phantom. The phone is now correctly positioned in the holder for all standard phantom measurements, even after changing the phantom or phantom section.
- 5. Adjust the device position angles to the desired measurement position.

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6. After fixing the device angles, move the phone fixture up until the phone touches the ear marking. (The point of contact depends on the design of the device and the positioning angle).

8.2 Description of the test positioning

8.2.1 Test Positions of Device Relative to Head

The handset was tested in two test positions against the head phantom, the "cheek" position and the "tilted" position, on both left and right sides of the phantom.

The handset was tested in the above positions according to IEEE 1528- 2003 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques".

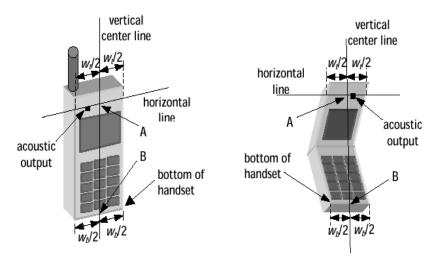


Figure 8.2.1a. Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines – fixed case

Figure 8.2.1b. Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines – "clam-shell"



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8.2.1.1 Definition of the "cheek" position

- 1) Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece, open the cover.
- 2) Define two imaginary lines on the handset: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A on Figures 8.2.1a and 8.2.1b), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 8.2.1a). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output. However, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 8.2.1b), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip pieces, and other irregularly shaped handsets.
- 3) Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 8.2.1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal center line is in a plane approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 4) Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the handset touches the ear.
- 5) While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is the plane normal to MB ("mouth-back") - NF ("neck-front") including the line MB (reference plane).
- 6) Rotate the phone around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
- 7) While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, rotate the handset about the line NF until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek).

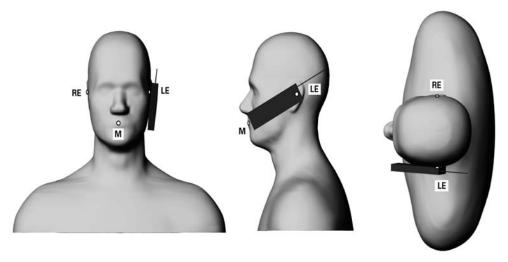


Figure 8.2.2. Phone position 1, "cheek" or "touch" position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning, are indicated. The shoulders are shown for illustration purposes only.

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8.2.1.2 Definition of the "Tilted" Position

- 1) Repeat steps 1 to 7 of 5.4.1 (in this report 8.2.1.1) to replace the device in the "cheek position."
- 2) While maintaining the device in the reference plane (described above) and pivoting against the ear, move the device outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees, or until the antenna touches the phantom.

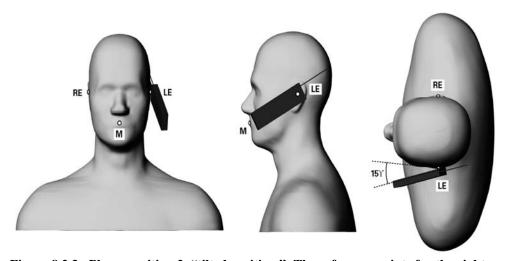


Figure 8.2.3. Phone position 2, "tilted position." The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning, are indicated. The shoulders are shown for illustration purposes only.

8.2.2 Body Holster Configuration

Body worn holsters, as shown on Figure 1.4.1, have been test with the device for FCC RF exposure compliance. The EUT was positioned in each holster case and the belt clip was placed against the flat section of the phantom. A headset was then connected to the device to simulate hands-free operation in a body worn holster configuration.



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9.0 HIGH LEVEL EVALUATION

9.1 Maximum search

The maximum search is automatically performed after each coarse scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the coarse scan measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations.

Extrapolation 9.2

The extrapolation can be used in z-axis scans with automatic surface detection. The SAR values can be extrapolated to the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is the sum of the probe sensor offset, the surface detection distance and the grid offset. The extrapolation is based on fourth order polynomial functions. The extrapolation is only available for SAR values.

9.3 **Boundary correction**

The correction of the probe boundary effect in the vicinity of the phantom surface is done in the standard (worst case) evaluation; the boundary effect is reduced by different weights for the lowest measured points in the extrapolation routine. The result is a slight overestimation of the extrapolated SAR values (2% to 8%) depending on the SAR distribution and gradient. The advanced evaluation makes a full compensation of the boundary effect before doing the extrapolation. This is only possible for probes with specifications on the boundary effect.

9.4 Peak search for 1g and 10g cube averaged SAR

The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 5x5x7 / 7x7x9 scan. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements.

The measured volume of 30x30x30mm / 24x24x20 with 7.5mm / 4.0 resolution in (x,y) and 5mm / 2.5mm resolution in z axis amounts to 175 / 693 measurement points. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. Boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume in a 1mm grid. In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is then moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. This last procedure is repeated for a 10 g cube. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.



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10.0 **MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY**

DASY5 Uncertainty Budget According to IEEE 1528/2003 [1]									
	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(c_i)	(c_i)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(v_i)	
Error Description	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	v_{eff}	
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	$\pm 5.5 \%$	N	1	1	1	±5.5 %	$\pm 5.5 \%$	∞	
Axial Isotropy	$\pm 4.7 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	$\pm 1.9 \%$	$\pm 1.9 \%$	∞	
Hemispherical Isotropy	$\pm 9.6\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	$\pm 3.9 \%$	$\pm 3.9 \%$	∞	
Boundary Effects	±1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6 %	$\pm 0.6 \%$	∞	
Linearity	$\pm 4.7 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.7 \%$	$\pm 2.7 \%$	∞	
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.6 \%$	$\pm 0.6 \%$	∞	
Readout Electronics	$\pm 0.3 \%$	N	1	1	1	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\pm 0.3 \%$	∞	
Response Time	$\pm 0.8 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.5 \%$	$\pm 0.5 \%$	∞	
Integration Time	$\pm 2.6 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.5 \%$	$\pm 1.5 \%$	∞	
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	∞	
RF Ambient Reflections	$\pm 3.0 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	∞	
Probe Positioner	$\pm 0.4 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.2\%$	$\pm 0.2 \%$	∞	
Probe Positioning	$\pm 2.9 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	∞	
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞	
Test Sample Related									
Device Positioning	$\pm 2.9 \%$	N	1	1	1	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\pm 2.9 \%$	145	
Device Holder	$\pm 3.6 \%$	N	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %	5	
Power Drift	$\pm 5.0 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\pm 2.9 \%$	∞	
Phantom and Setup									
Phantom Uncertainty	$\pm 4.0 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.3\%$	$\pm 2.3\%$	∞	
Liquid Conductivity (target)	$\pm 5.0 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	±1.8 %	±1.2 %	∞	
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	$\pm 2.5\%$	N	1	0.64	0.43	$\pm 1.6 \%$	±1.1 %	∞	
Liquid Permittivity (target)	$\pm 5.0 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.4 \%$	∞	
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	$\pm 2.5\%$	N	1	0.6	0.49	$\pm 1.5 \%$	$\pm 1.2 \%$	∞	
Combined Std. Uncertainty						$\pm 10.7 \%$	$\pm 10.5 \%$	387	
Expanded STD Uncertain	ty					$\pm 21.4\%$	$\pm 21.0\%$		

Table 10.0.1. Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY52 assessed according to IEEE P1528. Source: Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

[1] The budget is valid for the frequency range 300MHz - 3 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerably smaller.



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11.0 **TEST RESULTS**

11.1 SAR Measurement results at highest power measured against the head

					Cond.		SAR, averaged over 1 g		
					Output	Liquid		Power	
Test		f	Volume		Power	Temp.	Measured	Drift	*Extrapolated
Position	Mode	(MHz)	Scan	Peak	(dBm)	(°C)	(W/kg)	(dB)	(W/kg)
		824.2			31.2	22.4	0.96	0.00	0.96
Right	2-slots	836.8			31.2	22.4	1.02	-0.19	1.02
Head	GSM/EDGE	848.8			31.2	22.2	1.03	-0.02	1.03
Cheek	850 MHz	848.8	Volume Scan		31.2	22.6	1.15	0.21	1.15
D: 1.	2.1.	824.2							
Right	2-slots	836.8		Peak 1	31.2	22.1	0.58	-0.05	0.58
Head	GSM/EDGE	836.8		Peak 2	31.2	22.1	0.58	-0.08	0.58
15° Tilt	850 MHz	848.8							
Right	1-slot	824.2							
Head	GSM	836.8							
Cheek	850 MHz	848.8			33.3	22.3	0.86	-0.11	0.86
Left	2-slots	824.2							
Head	GSM/EDGE	836.8			31.2	22.8	0.72	-0.02	0.72
Cheek	850 MHz	848.8							
Left	2-slots	824.2							
Head	GSM/EDGE	836.8			31.2	22.5	0.52	0.03	0.52
15° Tilt	850 MHz	848.8							

Table 11.1.1. REA71UW SAR results for GSM/EDGE 850 head configuration

Note 1: If the power drift is ≤ -0.200 dB, the extrapolated SAR is calculated using the formula: Extrapolated SAR = (Measured SAR) * $10^{(10)}$ (Power Drift (dB)) / $10^{(10)}$

Note 2: Only Middle channel was tested when 1g Average SAR < 0.8 W/Kg or 3dB lower than the limit.



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				C1		SAl	R, average	ed over 1 g
Test Position	Mode	f (MHz)	Volume Scan	Cond. Output Power (dBm)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
		826.4		24.1	22.4	0.79	0.02	0.79
Right	WCDMA	836.4		24.1	22.4	0.98	-0.08	0.98
Head Cheek	FDD V 850 MHz	846.6		24.2	22.3	1.03	-0.11	1.03
Cheek		846.6	Volume Scan	24.2	22.5	1.09	0.70	1.09
Right	WCDMA	826.4						
Head	FDD V	836.4		24.1	22.5	0.56	0.18	0.56
15° Tilt	850 MHz	846.6						
Left	WCDMA	826.4						
Head	FDD V	836.4		24.1	22.6	0.72	0.05	0.72
Cheek	850 MHz	846.6						
Left	WCDMA	826.4						
Head	FDD V	836.4		24.1	22.6	0.52	0.26	0.52
15° Tilt	850 MHz	846.6						

Table 11.1.2. REA71UW SAR results for WCDMA FDD V head configuration

			Cond.		SAI	R, averaged	over 1 g
Test Position	Mode	f (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
Right	2-slots	1850.2	28.1	23.2	1.13	-0.02	1.13
Head	GSM/EDGE	1880.0	28.1	22.4	0.98	0.09	0.98
Cheek	1900 MHz	1909.8	28.0	22.5	0.90	-0.07	0.90
Right	2-slots	1850.2					
Head	GSM/EDGE	1880.0	28.1	22.2	0.45	0.03	0.45
15° Tilt	1900 MHz	1909.8					
Left	2-slots	1850.2	28.1	23.2	1.38	-0.05	1.38
Head	GSM/EDGE	1880.0	28.1	22.2	1.25	-0.19	1.25
Cheek	1900 MHz	1909.8	28.0	22.2	1.20	-0.04	1.20
Left	2-slots	1850.2					
Head	GSM/EDGE	1880.0	28.1	22.1	0.47	0.12	0.47
15° Tilt	1900 MHz	1909.8					
Left	1-slot	1850.2	28.8	22.7	1.02	-0.02	1.02
Head		1880.0					
Cheek	1900 MHz	1909.8					

Table 11.1.3. SAR results for GSM/EDGE 1900 head configuration



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				Cond.		SAI	R, averaged	over 1 g
Test Position	Mode	f (MHz)	Volume Scan	Output Power (dBm)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
Right Head Cheek	2-slots GSM/EDGE 1900 MHz	1850.2	Volume Scan	28.1	23.2	1.06	-0.14	1.06
Left Head Cheek	2-slots GSM/EDGE 1900 MHz	1850.2	Volume Scan	28.1	23.2	1.25	0.23	1.25

Table 11.1.4. SAR results for GSM/EDGE 1900 head configuration

						SAR	, averaged	over 1 g
Test Position	Mode	f (MHz)	Volume Scan	Cond. Output Power (dBm)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
		1852.4		21.8	22.9	1.03	-0.03	1.03
Right Head	WCDMA FDD II	1852.4	Volume Scan	21.8	22.9	1.02	-0.13	1.02
Cheek	1900 MHz	1880.0		21.8	23.0	0.91	-0.01	0.91
		1907.6		22.1	23.0	0.94	-0.03	0.94
Right	WCDMA	1852.4						
Head	FDD II	1880.0		21.8	23.4	0.49	0.04	0.49
15° Tilt	1900 MHz	1907.6						
		1852.4		21.8	23.5	1.27	-0.02	1.27
Left Head	WCDMA FDD II	1852.4	Volume Scan	21.8	22.8	1.23	-0.08	1.23
Cheek	1900 MHz	1880.0		21.8	23.5	1.16	-0.18	1.16
		1907.6		22.1	23.5	1.22	-0.02	1.22
Left	WCDMA	1852.4						
Head	Head FDD II	1880.0		21.8	23.4	0.50	-0.08	0.50
15° Tilt	1900 MHz	1907.6						

Table 11.1.5. REA71UW SAR results for WCDMA FDD II head configuration



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				Cond.		SAI	R, averaged	l over 1 g
Test Position	Mode	f (MHz)	Volume Scan	Output Power (dBm)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
		2412		16.6	22.7	0.39	0.13	0.39
Right	802.11 b	2437		16.6	22.5	0.54	0.12	0.54
Head Cheek	2450 MHz	2462		16.8	22.5	0.57	-0.11	0.57
CHECK	WIIIZ	2462	Volume Scan	16.8	23.5	0.55	0.97	0.55
Right	802.11 b	2412						
Head	2450	2437		16.6	22.8	0.15	-0.07	0.15
15° Tilt	MHz	2462						
		2412		16.6	22.6	0.24	-0.07	0.24
Left	802.11 b	2437		16.6	22.6	0.26	-0.09	0.26
Head Cheek	2450 MHz	2462		16.8	22.7	0.30	0.10	0.30
CHECK	MHZ	2462	Volume Scan	16.8	23.2	0.32	0.09	0.32
Left	Left 802.11 b Head 2450 15° Tilt MHz	2412						
Head		2437		16.6	22.7	0.08	0.15	0.08
15° Tilt		2462						

Table 11.1.6. REA71UW SAR results for WiFi/WLAN/802.11b head configuration

				Cand		SAR, averaged over 1 g			
Test Position	Mode	f (MHz)	Volume Scan	Cond. Output Power (dBm)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)	
		2402							
Right	Bluetooth	2441							
Head Cheek	2450 MHz	2480		8.94	22.5	0.02	0.12	0.02	
Cheek	WITIZ	2480	Volume Scan	8.94	22.4	0.00	0.45	0.00	
		2402							
Left	Bluetooth	2441							
Head 2450 Cheek MHz	2480		8.94	22.7	0.03	3.8	0.03		
	MHZ	2480	Volume Scan	8.94	22.5	0.00	0.59	0.00	

Table 11.1.7. REA71UW SAR results for Bluetooth head configuration

*Note: Tested only highest output power channel



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					Cond.		SAR	, average	d over 1 g
Test Position	Mode	f (MHz)	Volume Scan	Peaks	Output Power (dBm)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
		1712.4			21.6	22.6	0.97	0.11	0.97
Right	WCDMA	1732.6			21.6	22.6	1.01	-0.06	1.01
Head Cheek	FDD IV 1700 MHz	1732.6	Volume Scan		21.6	23.0	1.04	0.65	1.04
		1752.6			21.6	22.5	1.00	0.07	1.00
Right	WCDMA	1712.4							
Head	FDD IV	1732.6			21.6	22.5	0.43	0.02	0.43
15° Tilt	1700 MHz	1752.6							
		1712.4			21.6	22.7	1.34	0.12	1.34
Left	WCDMA	1732.6			21.6	22.7	1.43	0.16	1.43
Head Cheek	FDD IV 1700 MHz	1752.6			21.6	22.6	1.47	0.07	1.47
Cheek	1700 MITIZ	1752.6	Volume Scan		21.6	22.6	1.40	0.03	1.40
		1712.4							
Left	WCDMA EDD IV	1732.6		Peak 1	21.6	22.6	0.52	0.02	0.52
15° Tilt	Head FDD IV 15° Tilt 1700 MHz	1732.6		Peak 2	21.6	22.6	0.46	0.02	0.46
		1752.6							

Table 11.1.8. REB71UW SAR results for WCDMA FDD IV head configuration



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SAR measurement results at highest power measured against the body using 11.2 accessories

					SAR	, averaged	over 1 g
Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Holster type / device configuration	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
	836.8	31.2	No Holster, back side 15 mm away	22.9	0.77	-0.01	0.77
2-slots GPRS	836.8	31.2	No Holster, front side 15mm away	22.7	0.56	-0.01	0.56
850 MHz	836.8	31.2	Vertical Holster, back side facing	22.8	0.66	-0.03	0.66
	836.8	31.2	No Holster, HS, back side 15mm away	22.8	0.59	0.04	0.59

Table 11.2.1. REA71UW SAR results for GPRS850 body-worn configurations

Note 1: If the power drift is ≤ -0.200 dB, the extrapolated SAR is calculated using the formula: Extrapolated SAR = (Measured SAR) * $10^{(100)}$ (Power Drift (dB)) / $10^{(100)}$

Note 2: Only Middle channel was tested when 1g Average SAR < 0.8 W/Kg or 3dB lower than the limit.

					SAR,	averaged	l over 1 g
Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Holster type / device configuration	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
	836.4	24.1	No Holster, back side 15 mm away	22.3	0.76	-0.04	0.76
WCDMA FDD V	836.4	24.1	No Holster, front side 15mm away	22.6	0.57	-0.04	0.57
850 MHz	836.4	24.1	Vertical Holster, back side facing	22.4	0.67	-0.06	0.67
	836.4	24.1	No Holster, HS, back side 15mm away	22.4	0.54	-0.12	0.54

Table 11.2.2. REA71UW SAR results for WCDMA FDD V body-worn configurations



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					SAR,	averaged	l over 1 g
Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Holster type / device configuration	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
	1880.0	28.2	No Holster, back side 15 mm away	22.7	0.45	0.06	0.45
2-Slots GPRS 1900	1880.0	28.2	No Holster, front side 15mm away	22.5	0.34	0.00	0.34
MHz	1880.0	28.2	Vertical Holster, back side facing	22.6	0.24	0.07	0.24
	1880.0	28.2	No Holster, HS, back side 15mm away	22.7	0.49	0.04	0.49

Table 11.2.3. REA71UW SAR results for GPRS 1900 body-worn configurations

					SAR,	averaged	over 1 g
Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Holster type / device configuration	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
	1880.0	21.8	No Holster, back side 15 mm away	23.0	0.59	0.00	0.59
WCDMA FDD II	1880.0	21.8	No Holster, front side 15mm away	22.9	0.42	0.11	0.42
1900 MHz	1880.0	21.8	Vertical Holster, back side facing	22.8	0.30	0.02	0.30
	1880.0	21.8	No Holster, HS, back side 15mm away	22.7	0.58	0.04	0.58

Table 11.2.4. REA71UW SAR results for WCDMA FDD II body-worn configurations

					SAR	, average	d over 1 g
Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Holster type / device configuration	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
	2462	16.8	No Holster, back side 15 mm away	22.8	0.13	-0.04	0.13
802.11b/ WLAN	2462	16.8	No Holster, front side 15mm away	22.5	0.06	0.30	0.06
2450 MHz	2462	16.8	Vertical Holster, back side facing	22.4	0.09	-0.01	0.09
	2462	16.8	No Holster, HS, back side 15mm away	22.4	0.11	0.15	0.11

Table 11.2.5. REA71UW SAR results for WiFi/WLAN/802.11b body-worn configurations



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					SAR, averaged over 1 g			
Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Holster type / device configuration	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)	
Bluetooth 2450 MHz	2480	8.94	No Holster, back side 15 mm away	22.4	0.00	0.06	0.00	

Table 11.2.6. REA71UW SAR results for Bluetooth body-worn configurations

*Note: Tested only highest output power channel

					SAR, averaged over 1 g		
Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Holster type / device configuration	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
WCDMA FDD IV 1700 MHz	1732.6	21.6	No Holster, back side 15 mm away	22.1	0.43	-0.16	0.43
	1732.6	21.6	No Holster, front side 15mm away	22.3	0.43	-0.05	0.43
	1732.6	21.6	Vertical Holster, back side facing	22.5	0.30	-0.06	0.30
	1732.6	21.6	No Holster, HS, back side 15mm away	22.5	0.50	0.07	0.50

Table 11.2.7. REB71UW SAR results for WCDMA FDD IV body-worn configurations



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