Testing Services™	Document SAR Compliance Test Model RDM71UW/RE	e ^{Page} 1(42)		
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011 RTS-3640-1102- L6ARDM70UW 25			2503A-RDM70UW
		04a	L6ARDN70UW	2503A-RDN70UW

SAR Compliance Test Report

Testing Lab:	440 Philli Waterloo, Canada N	Ontario	Applicant:	295 Philli Waterloo, Canada N Phone: Fax:	Ontario 2L 3W8 519-888-7465
				ti co site.	

Statement of RIM Testing Services declares under its sole responsibility that the product **Compliance:** to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate RF exposure standards, recommendations and guidelines. It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices.

This BlackBerry® Smartphone is a portable device, designed to be used in direct **Device Category:** contact with the user's head, hand and to be carried in approved accessories when carried on the user's body.

RF exposure This device has been shown to be in compliance for localized specific absorption environment: rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01), FCC 96-326, IEEE Std. C95.1-2005, Health Canada's Safety Code 6, as reproduced in RSS-102 issue 4-2010 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC OET Procedures, OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01), ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.3-2002, IEEE 1528-2003, IEC 62209-1-2005, IEC 62209 - 2-2010 and Health Canada's Safety Code 6.

Tested and documented by:	Signatures	Date
Hang Wang		10-Mar-2011
Compliance Associate	Lata	
Tested and reviewed by:		
Daoud Attayi Team Lead: Safety, SAR & HAC Compliance	David Attagi	14-April-2011

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14-April-2011

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Testing Services™	Document SAR Compliance Test Model RDM71UW/RD	e 2(42)			
Author Data	Dates of Test	IC ID			
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011 RTS-3640-1102- L6ARDM70UW 2			

04a

L6ARDN70UW

2503A-RDN70UW

CONTI		
SAR C	OMPLIANCE TEST REPORT	1
	CONTENTS	
1.0	OPERATING CONFIGURATIONS AND TEST CONDITIONS	4
1.		
1.:	2 ANTENNA DESCRIPTION	4
1.:	3 DEVICE DESCRIPTION	5
1.4	4 BODY WORN ACCESSORIES (HOLSTERS)	6
1.	5 HEADSET	6
1.0	5 BATTERY	6
1.		
1.	HIGHLIGHTS OF THE FCC OET SAR MEASUREMENT REQUIREMENTS	7
	1.8.1 SAR MEASUREMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR 3-6 GHZ AND MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES F	
	802.11 A/B/G/N TRANSMITTER	
	1.8.2 SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR 3G DEVICES	
1.9		
	TRANSMITTERS/ ANTENNAS & GSM/GPRS/EDGE PROCEDURE	
2.		
	2.1.1 EQUIPMENT LIST	-
2.3		
	2.2.1 DEVICE AND BASE STATION SIMULATOR SETUP	
	222 DASY SETUP	
3.0	ELECTRIC FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION	
3.		
3.		-
4.0	SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION	-
4.0		-
5.0 4.	PHANTOM DESCRIPTION	-
5.0 6.0	TISSUE DIELECTRIC PROPERTIES	
6.		
0.	6.1.1 EQUIPMENT	
	6.1.2 PREPARATION PROCEDURE	
6.3		-
0	6.2.2 TEST CONFIGURATION	
7.0	6.2.3 PROCEDURE	
7.0	SAR SAFETY LIMITS	-
8.0	DEVICE POSITIONING	
8.		
8.3		
	8.2.1 TEST POSITIONS OF DEVICE RELATIVE TO HEAD	
	8.2.1.1 DEFINITION OF THE "CHEEK" POSITION	-
	8.2.1.2 DEFINITION OF THE "TILTED" POSITION	-
0.0	8.2.2 BODY HOLSTER CONFIGURATION	-
9.0		
9.		
9.:		
9.3		
9.4		
10.0		-
11.0	TEST RESULTS	
11		32
11	.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS AT HIGHEST POWER MEASURED AGAINST THE BODY USING	
	ACCESSORIES	-
12.0	REFERENCES	41

Testing Services™	Document SAR Compliance Test Model RDM71UW/RD	e ^{Page} 3(42)		
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102- 04a	L6ARDM70UW L6ARDN70UW	2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW

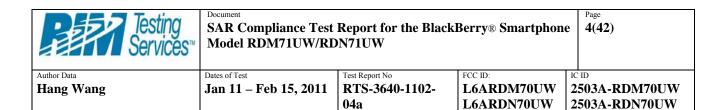
APPENDIX A: SAR DISTRIBUTION COMPARISON FOR ACCURACY VERIFICATION

APPENDIX B: SAR DISTRIBUTION PLOTS - HEAD CONFIGURATION

APPENDIX C: SAR DISTRIBUTION PLOTS - BODY-WORN CONFIGURATION

APPENDIX D: PROBE & DIPOLE CALIBRATION DATA

APPENDIX E: PHOTOGRAPHS



1.0 OPERATING CONFIGURATIONS AND TEST CONDITIONS

1.1 Picture of Device

Please refer to Appendix E. Figure 1.1.1 BlackBerry Smartphone

1.2 Antenna description

Туре	Internal fixed antenna
Location	Back bottom centre (main licensed
Location	transmitters)
Configuration	Internal fixed antenna

Table 1.2.1. Antenna description

Testing Services™	Document SAR Compliance Test Model RDM71UW/RD	e 5(42)		
Author Data	Dates of Test	IC ID		
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102- 04a		2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW

1.3 Device description

Device Model	RDM71UW, RDN71UW				
FCC ID	L6ARDM70UW,	L6ARDN70UW			
IC ID	2503A-RDM70UV	V, 2503A-RDN700	JW		
	26000070 (Radiate	ed Rev1), 2695E3C	2 (Radiated Rev2)), 26000080	
PIN	(Conducted Rev1)	, 2696B404 (Condu	cted Rev2)		
Hardware Version	Rev 1, Rev2				
Software Version	6.1.0.70, 6.1.0.157				
Prototype or Production Unit	Production				
	1-slot	2-slots	WCDMA /	WCDMA /	
Mode(s) of Operation in North	GSM 850	EDGE/GPRS	UMTS FDD	UMTS FDD	
America	GSM 1900	850/1900	V (850)	II (1900)	
Maximum nominal conducted	32.5	30.0	24.0	23.5	
RF Output Power (dBm)	30.0	27.0	24.0	25.5	
Tolerance in Power Setting on	± 0.50	± 0.50	± 0.50	± 0.50	
centre channel (dB)	± 0.50 ± 0.50 ± 0.50				
Duty Cycle	1:8 2:8 1:1 1:1				
	824.2 - 848.8 824.2 - 848.8				
	824.2 - 848.8 1850.2 - 1909.8 1850.2 - 1909.8				
Tx Frequency Range (MHz)	1050.2 - 1909.0	1050.2 - 1505.0			
Mode(s) of Operation in North	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n		
America	802.110	802.11g	802.1111		
Maximum nominal conducted	18.0	16.0	16.0		
RF Output Power (dBm)	10.0 10.0 10.0				
Tolerance in Power Setting on	± 0.50 ± 0.50 ± 0.50				
centre channel (dB)					
Duty Cycle	1:1	1:1	1:1		
Tx Frequency Range (MHz)	2412-2462	2412-2462	2412-2462		

Table 1.2.2. Test device description

Note 1: Device model: RDM71UW supports GSM/GPRS/EDGE 900/1800 MHz bands and UMTS band I that are not operational in North America, therefore no data is presented in this report for those bands.

Note 2: According to manufacturer's hardware similarity declaration document, the two models have identical design. Please refer to the declaration for more detail. The difference is model: RDN71UW does not support UMTS band V, but supports UMTS band VIII.

Note 3: Device model: RDN71UW supports GSM/GPRS/EDGE 900/1800 MHz bands and UMTS band I and VIII that are not operational in North America, therefore no data is presented in this report for those bands.

Testing Services™	Document SAR Compliance Test Model RDM71UW/RD	e 6(42)		
Author Data	Dates of Test Test Report No FCC ID: IC I			IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102- 04a		2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW

1.4 Body worn accessories (holsters)

The device has been tested with the holsters listed below. The holster is designed with the intended device orientation being with the LCD facing the belt clip. Proper positioning is vital for protection of the LCD display, and to help maximize the battery life of the device. The device can also be placed in the holster with the backside facing the belt clip. Body SAR measurements were carried out with the worst-case configuration front LCD side and backside towards the belt clip.

Number	Holster Type	Part Number	Separation distance (mm)
1	Vertical Holster	HDW-31012-001	19
*2	Vertical Holster (alt.)	HDW-31010-001	19

*Identical design, but made of a different type of material. Separation distance is identical

Table 1.4.1. Body worn holster

Please refer to Appendix E. Figure 1.4.1. Body-worn holster

1.5 Headset

The device was tested with and without the following headset model numbers.

- 1) HDW-14322-003
- 2) HDW-15766-005
- 3) HDW-24529-001

1.6 Battery

The device was tested with the following Lithium Ion Battery pack.

1) BAT-26483-003

Testing Services [™]	Document SAR Compliance Test Model RDM71UW/RD	e 7(42)
Author Data	Dates of Test	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW

1.7 Procedure used to establish test signal

The device was put into test mode for SAR measurements by placing a voice call from a Rohde & Schwarz CMU 200 Communications Test Instrument. The power control level was set to command the device to transmit at full power at the specified frequency. Other parameters include: Channel type = full rate, discontinuous transmission off, frequency hopping off.

1.8 Highlights of the FCC OET SAR Measurement Requirements

1.8.1 SAR Measurement Requirements for 3-6 GHz and Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g/n Transmitter

• Maintained dielectric parameter uncertainty as close to \pm 5.0% of the target value as possible.

• Liquid depth from SAM ERP or flat phantom was kept at 15 cm.

• Probe Requirement: Used SPEAG probe model EX3DV4 for 2.4 – 6 GHz SAR testing specs are outlined below:

Probe tip to sensor center	1.0 mm
Probe tip diameter is	2.5 mm
Probe calibration uncertainty	< 15 % for f = 2.45 to < 6.0 GHz
Probe calibration range	± 100 MHz

Table 1.8.1. Probe specification requirements

• Frequency Channel Configuration: 802.11 b/g modes are tested on "default test channels" 1, 6 and 11.

• For each frequency band, testing at higher rates and higher modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than ¹/₄ dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate.

• SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than ¹/₄ dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

• SAR test was conducted on each "default test channel" and each band with the worst case modulation and highest duty cycle.

Testing Services™	Document SAR Compliance Test Model RDM71UW/RD	e 8(42)		
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102- 04a	L6ARDM70UW L6ARDN70UW	2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW

• Conducted power measurements:

802 11	b @ 1Mbps	802.11g @ 6Mbps		802.11n @	65 Mbng
Chan	Cond. Power (dBm)	Chan	Cond. Power (dBm)	Chan	Cond. Power (dBm)
1	17.91	1	15.44	1	15.30
6	18.10	6	15.61	6	15.41
11	18.45	11	15.96	11	15.80

Table 1.8.2. 802.11 b/g/n channel vs. conducted power

		802.11g			802.11b
ta Rate (Mbps)	Mod.	Channel 6 Cond. Power (dBm)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Mod.	Channel 6 Cond. Power (dBm)
6	BPSK	15.61	1	BPSK	18.10
9	BPSK	15.22	2	DQPSK	17.84
12	QPSK	13.62	5.5	CCK	17.20
18	QPSK	12.95	11	CCK	16.70
24	16-QAM	11.71	22	CCK	18.10
36	16-QAM	10.75			
48	64-QAM	10.00			
54	64-QAM	10.00			
				802.11 n	
Data Rat	te (Mbps)	Mod	I. –	Channel 6	
				Cond. Pow	ver (dBm)
6	.5	MCS0		15.41	
1	3	MCS1		13.51	
19	9.5	MCS2	2 12.81		
	26	MCS3		11.67	
	39	MCS4		10.91	
	52	MCS5		10.41	
58	8.5	MCS6		10.31	
ϵ	55	MCS7		9.67	

 Table 1.8.3.
 802.11 b/g/n modulation type/data rate vs. conducted power

Testing Services™	Document SAR Compliance Test Model RDM71UW/RD	Page 9(42)		
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102- 04a		2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW

1.8.2 SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices

WCDMA Handsets

Output Power Verification

• Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels using 12.2 kbps RMC, 12.2 kbps AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signal radio bearer) with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's" for WCDMA/HSDPA or applying the required inner loop.

• For Release 5 HSDPA, output power is measured according to requirements for HS-DPCCH Sub-test 1-4

Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signalling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that RF channel in 12.2 RMC.

Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR for other spreading codes and multiple DPDCH_n, when supported by the DUT, are not required when the maximum average outputs of each RF channel, for each spreading code and DPDCH_n configuration, are less than ¹/₄ dB higher than those measured in 12.2 RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel with an applicable RMC configuration for the corresponding spreading code or DPDCH_n using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR with 12.2 RMC.

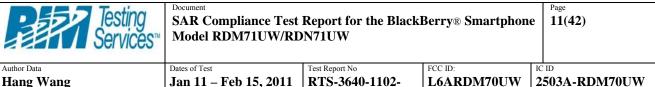
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Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102- 04a	L6ARDM70UW L6ARDN70UW	2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW

Handsets with HSPA

Body SAR is not required for handsets with HSPA capabilities, when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA active is less than ¹/₄ dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA Otherwise, SAR for HSPA is measured using FRC (fixed reference channel) in the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that RF channel in 12.2kbps RMC.

	Band	I	FDD V (850))]	FDD II (19	00)
	Channel	4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538
	Freq (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
Mode	Subtest	Max	burst aver	aged	Max bur	st average	d conducted
widue	Subtest	conduc	cted power	r (dBm)		power (dB	m)
Rel99	12.2 kbps RMC	24.05	24.10	24.15	23.72	23.25	23.90
Rel99	12.2 kbps AMR, SRB	24.00	24.15	24.12	23.71	23.30	23.82
	3.4 kbps						
Rel5 HSDPA	1	23.52	23.75	23.84	23.40	22.98	23.40
Rel5 HSDPA	2	23.60	23.77	23.83	23.42	22.87	23.34
Rel5 HSDPA	3	23.57	23.71	23.81	23.35	22.90	23.25
Rel5 HSDPA	4	23.50	23.70	23.80	23.38	22.80	23.30
Rel6 HSUPA	1	23.65	23.74	23.82	23.50	22.86	23.35
Rel6 HSUPA	2	23.69	23.65	23.90	23.42	22.73	23.30
Rel6 HSUPA	3	23.70	23.77	23.81	23.37	22.71	23.38
Rel6 HSUPA	4	23.50	23.68	23.80	23.42	22.80	23.28
Rel6 HSUPA	5	23.55	23.70	23.80	23.48	22.78	23.47

Table 1.8.4. WCDMA (Rel99) / HSPA conducted power measurements



0 0 0		04a	L6ARDN70UW	2503A-RDN70UW
19 Highlights of	the FCC OET SAR E	valuation Consider	ations for Handse	ts with

1.9 Highlights of the FCC OET SAR Evaluation Considerations for Handsets wirds Multiple Transmitters/ Antennas & GSM/GPRS/EDGE Procedure

Unlicensed Transmitters

When there is simultaneous transmission -

Stand-alone SAR not required when

- output $\leq 2 \cdot PRef$ and antenna is > 5.0 cm from other antennas
- output \leq PRef and antenna is > 2.5 cm from other antennas
- the other antenna(s), which are < 2.5 cm away, has an output \leq PRef OR max 1g SAR < 1.2 W/kg

Otherwise stand-alone SAR is required

• test SAR on highest output channel for each wireless mode and exposure condition

• if SAR for highest output channel is > 50% of SAR limit, evaluate all channels according to normal procedure

Simultaneous Transmission SAR not required:

Unlicensed only

- when stand-alone 1-g SAR is not required and antenna is > 5 cm from other antennas
- when the other antenna(s), which are < 2.5 cm away, has an output \leq PRef OR max 1g SAR < 1.2 W/kg

Licensed & Unlicensed

• when the sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg for each pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas. or

• when the ratio of SAR to peak SAR separation distance of simultaneous transmitting antenna pair is < 0.3

Simultaneous Transmission SAR required:

Licensed & Unlicensed

• antenna pairs with SAR to antenna separation ratio ≥ 0.3 ; test is only required for the configuration that results in the highest SAR in standalone configuration for each wireless mode and exposure condition.

	2.45	5.15 - 5.35	5.47 - 5.85	GHz	
P _{Ref}	12	6	5	mW	
Device output newsr should be counded to the nearest mW to compare with values specified in this table					

Device output power should be rounded to the nearest mW to compare with values specified in this table.

 Table 1.9.1 – Output Power Thresholds for Unlicensed Transmitters

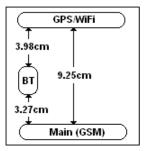


Figure 1.9.1. Back view of device showing closet distance between antenna pairs

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Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102- 04a	L6ARDM70UW L6ARDN70UW	2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW

Mode	Configuration	Highest 1 g SAR (W/kg)
GSM/GPRS/EDGE/	Head-Left-Touch	1.44
WCDMA	No Holster Back, 15mm away	0.94
	Head-Left-Tilt	0.25
802.11b/g/n	Body- Vertical Holster Back	0.07

Table 1.9.2. Highest SAR values for the same setup

Antenna	Channel	Position	SAR Zoom 1gr	X [mm]	Y [mm]	Z [mm]	
Antenna 1 (802.11b)	High	LHS, Touch	1.44	68.2	259	-168	
Antenna 2, UMTS band II	high	LHS, Touch	0.25	23.4	337	-169.0	
		SAR Sum	1.69				
		Delta [cm]		4.5	-7.8	0.1	
		closest Distance [cm]					9.00
		Ratio	0.19				

Table 1.9.3. Highest SAR values & Peak Coordiates distance

BT & WiFi: BT Stand-alone and Simultaneous Transmission SAR are not required, since WiFi antenna is < 2.5 cm away and has max 1g SAR < 1.2 W/kg.

BT & GSM/WCDMA: BT Stand-alone and Simultaneous Transmission SAR are not required, since BT output power is \leq PRef and antenna is > 2.5 cm from other antennas.

GSM & WiFi: Simultaneous Transmission SAR is not required for head/body configuration based on the sum of 1-g SAR values for each pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas being < 1.6W/kg.

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Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102- 04a	L6ARDM70UW L6ARDN70UW	2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW

WCDMA & WiFi: Simultaneous Transmission SAR is not required for head configuration based on ratio of SAR to peak SAR separation distance is < 0.3

• The device supports DTM, GPRS Category Class A, Multi-Slot Class 12 with maximum 5 s-lots (4-slots uplink and 1-slot downlink).

• For head SAR configuration, GSM 1-slot (CS) uplink and 2/3/4-slots DTM {GSM (SC) + EDGE (PD)} were evaluated.

• For body SAR configuration, 2/3/4-slots GPRS (PD) mode were tested.

• In EDGE/GPRS mode, GMSK Modulation was used using CS1-CS4 or MCSI-MCS4.

• 8-PSK modulation or MCS5-MCS9 code scheme were avoided since maximum burst avg power was measured lower on those modulation schemes.

• Each slot is set to maximum power, but there is software power reduction of ~ 2/4/6 dB in DTM/EDGE/GPRS 2/3/4-slots uplink modes.

Please refer to the conducted power measurements table below:

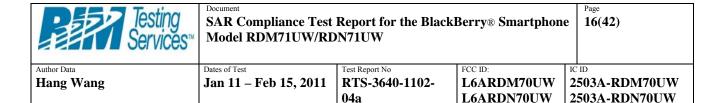
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Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102- 04a	L6ARDM70UW L6ARDN70UW	2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm) CS1	Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm) CS4	Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm) MCS1	Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm) MCS4	Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm) MCS5
2-slots	824.2	29.8	29.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
GPRS	836.8	29.8	29.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
850 MHz	848.8	29.6	29.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-slots	824.2	28.9	28.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
GPRS	836.8	28.8	28.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
850 MHz	848.8	28.4	28.4	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-slots	824.2	27.4	27.3	N/A	N/A	N/A
GPRS	836.8	27.6	27.4	N/A	N/A	N/A
850 MHz	848.8	27.3	27.2	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-slots	824.2	29.7	29.7	29.9	29.7	29.9
EDGE/DTM	836.8	29.8	29.8	29.8	29.7	29.8
850 MHz	848.8	29.6	29.6	29.8	29.9	29.8
3-slots	824.2	28.9	28.9	28.9	28.9	28.9
EDGE/DTM	836.8	28.4	28.4	28.4	28.4	28.4
850 MHz	848.8	28.4	28.4	28.4	28.4	28.4
4-slots	824.2	27.4	27.4	27.4	27.4	27.4
EDGE/DTM	836.8	27.6	27.6	27.6	27.6	27.6
850 MHz	848.8	27.3	27.3	27.3	27.3	27.3
2-slots	1850.2	27.3	27.3	N/A	N/A	N/A
GPRS	1880.0	27.2	27.2	N/A	N/A	N/A
1900 MIL-				N/A		N/A
MHz 3-slots	1909.8 1850.2	27.3 25.5	27.3 25.6	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
GPRS 1900	1880.0	25.2	25.3	N/A	N/A	N/A
MHz						
4-slots	1909.8	25.5	25.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
GPRS	1850.2	24.7	24.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
1900	1880.0	24.4	24.4	N/A	N/A	N/A
MHz	1909.8	24.3	24.2	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-slots EDGE/DTM	1850.2	27.2	27.4	27.4	27.3	27.2
1900	1880.0	27.0	27.2	27.2	27.1	27.1
MHz	1909.8	27.1	27.3	27.3	27.2	27.2
3-slots	1850.2	25.9	25.9	25.8	25.8	25.6
EDGE/DTM 1900	1880.0	25.6	25.6	25.5	25.5	25.4
MHz	1909.8	25.7	25.7	25.6	25.6	25.6
4-slots	1850.2	24.6	24.6	24.5	24.5	24.5
EDGE/DTM	1880.0	24.5	24.5	24.5	24.5	24.4

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	Testing Services™	Document SAR Compli Model RDM	e ^{Page} 15(42)				
uthor Data Iang Wang		Dates of Test Jan 11 – Feb	15, 2011	Test Report No RTS-3640-1102- 04a	FCC ID: L6ARDM7 L6ARDN7		IC ID 2503A-RDM70UV 2503A-RDN70UW
1900 MHz	1909.8	24.7	24.7	24.6	24.6		24.8
		Mode		Freq. (MHz)	Max burst av	eraged o er (dBm	
		1-slot		824.2 836.8 848.8	32.8 32.6 32.7		
	GSN	1-slot 1 (CS) 1900 MHz		1850.2 1880.0 1909.8		29.7 29.8 29.6	

1.9.3: GSM/EDGE/GPRS channel vs. conducted powers



2.0 DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

2.1 SAR measurement system

SAR measurements were performed using a Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY4), an automated SAR measurement system manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG), of Zurich, Switzerland.

The DASY 4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

• A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software.

• An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

· A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in

tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

• A DAE module that performs the signal amplification, signal

multiplexing, A/D conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection,

collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable

batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC).

 \cdot A unit to operate the optical surface detector that is connected to the EOC.

 \cdot The EOC performs the conversion from an optical signal into the digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the PC plug-in card.

 \cdot The functions of the PC plug-in card based on a DSP is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, surveillance of the robot operation fast movement interrupts.

· A computer operating Windows 2000.

• DASY 4 software version 4.7.

 \cdot Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

• The SAM Twin Phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.

• The device holder for mobile phones.

• Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes (see section 6.1).

· System validation dipoles allowing for the validation of proper functioning of the system.

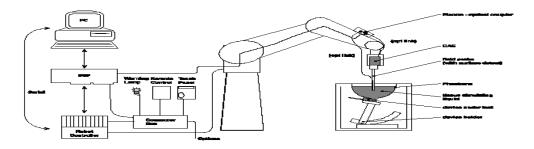
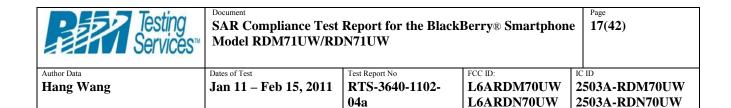


Figure 2.1.1. System Description



2.1.1 Equipment List

Manufacturer	Manufacturer Test Equipment		Serial Number	Cal. Due Date (MM/DD/YY)
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	E-field probe	ET3DV6	1643	03/09/2011
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	E-field probe	ET3DV6	1644	11/16/2011
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE3)	DAE3 V1	472	05/17/2011
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Dipole Validation Kit	D835V2	446	03/09/2013
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Dipole Validation Kit	D1900V2	545	03/09/2013
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Dipole Validation Kit	D2450V2	747	11/11/2011
Agilent Technologies	Signal generator	8648C	4037U03155	09/24/2011
Agilent Technologies	Power meter	E4419B	GB40202821	09/15/2011
Agilent Technologies	Power sensor	8481A	MY41095417	09/23/2011
Agilent Technologies	Power sensor	N1921A	SG45240281	05/22/2011
Agilent Technologies	Power meter	N1911A	MY45100905	05/01/2011
Amplifier Research	er Research Amplifier		300986	CNR
Agilent Technologies	Network analyzer	8753ES	US39174857	09/17/2011
Rohde & Schwarz	Base Station Simulator	CMU 200	109747	11/25/2011

 Table 2.1.2. Equipment list

Testing Services™	Document SAR Compliance Test Model RDM71UW/RD	Page 18(42)		
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102- 04a		2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW

2.2 Description of the test setup

Before SAR measurements are conducted, the device and the DASY equipment are setup as follows:

2.2.1 Device and base station simulator setup

- Power up the device.
- Turn on the base station simulator and set the radio channel and power to the appropriate values.
- Connect an antenna to the RF IN/OUT of the communication test set and place it close to the device.

2.2.2 DASY setup

- Turn the computer on and log on to Windows.
- Start the DASY4 software by clicking on the icon located on the Windows desktop.
- Mount the DAE unit and the probe. Turn on the DAE unit.
- Turn the Robot Controller on by turning the main power switch to the horizontal position
- Align the probe by clicking the 'Align probe in light beam' button.
- Open a file and configure the proper parameters probe, medium, communications system etc.
- Establish a connection between the Device and the communications test instrument. Place the Device on the stand and adjust it under the phantom.
- Start SAR measurements.

3.0 ELECTRIC FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION

3.1 Probe Specifications

SAR measurements were conducted using the dosimetric probe, designed by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG for the measurement of SAR. The probe is constructed using the thin film technique, with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. It has a symmetrical design with triangular core, built-in optical fibre for the surface detection system and built-in shielding against static discharge. The probe is sensitive to E-fields and thus incorporates three small dipoles arranged so that the overall response is close to isotropic. The table below summarizes the technical data for the probe.

Property		Data	
Pro			
Frequency range	10 MHz to 4 GHz		
Linearity	GHz)		
Directivity (rotation around probe axis)	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotati	on around probe axis)	
Directivity (rotation normal to probe axis)	\pm 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)		
Dynamic Range	$5 \mu W/g$ to > 100 mW/g	;; Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$	
Probe positioning repeatability	±0.2 mm		
Spatial resolution	< 0.125 mm ³		

Table 3.1.1. Probe specifications

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Testing Services™	Document SAR Compliance Test Model RDM71UW/RD	e 19(42)		
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW		

3.2 Probe calibration and measurement uncertainty

The probe had been calibrated with an accuracy better than $\pm 12\%$. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe were tested. The probe calibration parameters are shown on Appendix D and below:

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X Co	nvFY Co	nvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	6.12	6.12	6.12	0.99	1.07 ± 11.0%
1810	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	5.14	5.14	5.14	0.46	1.60 ± 11.0%
1950	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1. 40 ± 5%	4.96	4.96	4.96	0.47	1.57 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	4.53	4.53	4.53	0.41	1.89 ±11.0%

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvFX Cor	IVFY Co	nvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	5.97	5.97	5.97	0.98	1.12 ± 11.0%
1810	± 50 / ± 100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	4.90	4.90	4.90	0.35	2.07 ± 11.0%
1950	± 50 / ± 100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	4.83	4.83	4.83	0.32	2.45 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	4.32	4.32	4.32	0.74	1.27 ± 11.0%

c The validity of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher.

DASY v4.7 has been used for measurements, therefore \pm 100 MHz tolerance is valid.

Measured dielectric parameters are within $\pm 5\%$ of the probe calibration values and target values. Expanded probe calibration uncertainty (k=2) is $\leq 15\%$

4.0 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Prior to conducting SAR measurements, the system was validated using the dipole validation kit and the flat section of the SAM phantom. A power level of 1.0W was applied to the dipole antenna. The verification results are in the table below with a comparison to reference values. Printouts are shown in Appendix A. All the measured parameters are within the allowed tolerances.

At above 1.5 - 2 GHz, dipoles maintain good return loss of -15 dB to -20 dB, therefore SAR measurements are limited to approximately +/- 100 MHz of the probe/dipole calibration frequency.

Testing Services™	-	Document SAR Compliance Test Report for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RDM71UW/RDN71UW				
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID		
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102- 04a	L6ARDM70UW L6ARDN70UW	2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW		

4.1 System accuracy verification for head adjacent use

f	Limits / Measured	Limits / Measured SAR (W/kg)		Dielectric Parameters		
(MHz)	(MM/DD/YY)	1 g/ 10 g	ε _r	σ [S/m]	Temp (°C)	
835	Measured (02/09/2011)	9.59/6.29	40.4	0.92	22.4	
833	Recommended Limits	9.50/6.27	41.5	0.90	N/A	
1000	Measured (02/14/2011)	38.3/20.2	38.2	1.39	22.1	
1900	Recommended Limits	39.5/20.8	40.0	1.40	N/A	
2450	Measured (01/11/2011)	56.1/25.7	37.6	1.86	22.4	
2450	Recommended Limits	53.2/24.8	39.2	1.80	N/A	

 Table 4.1.1.
 System accuracy (validation for head adjacent use)

Testing Services™	Document SAR Compliance Test Report for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RDM71UW/RDN71UW			Page 21(42)
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102- 04a		2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW

5.0 PHANTOM DESCRIPTION

The SAM Twin Phantom, manufactured by SPEAG, was used during the SAR measurements. The phantom is made of a fibreglass shell integrated with a wooden table.

The SAM Twin Phantom is a fibreglass shell phantom with 2 mm shell thickness. It has three measurement areas:

Left side head Right side head Flat phantom

The phantom table dimensions are: 100x50x85 cm (LxWxH). The table is intended for use with freestanding robots.

The bottom shelf contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder in place. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is

necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different solutions).

A white cover is provided to top the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on the cover are possible; however the optical surface detector does not work properly at the cover surface. Place a sheet of white paper on the cover when using optical surface detection.

Liquid depth of \geq 15 cm is maintained in the phantom for all the measurements.



Figure 5.0.1. SAM Twin Phantom



6.0 TISSUE DIELECTRIC PROPERTIES

6.1 Composition of tissue simulant

The composition of the brain and muscle simulating liquids for 800-900 MHz and 1800-1900 MHz are shown in the table below.

INGREDIENT	MIXTURE 800–900MHz		MIXTURE 1800– 1900MHz		MIXTURE 2450 MHz	
INOREDIENT	Brain %	Muscle %	Brain %	Muscle %	Brain %	Muscle %
Water	40.29	65.45	55.24	69.91	55.0	68.75
Sugar	57.90	34.31	0	0	0	0
Salt	1.38	0.62	0.31	0.13	0	0
HEC	0.24	0	0	0	0	0
Bactericide	0.18	0.10	0	0	0	0
DGBE	0	0	44.45	29.96	40.0	31.25
Triton X-100	0	0	0	0	5.0	0

Table 6.1.1 Tissue simulant recipe

6.1.1 Equipment

Manufacturer	Test Equipment	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date (MM/DD/YY)
Pyrex, England	Graduated Cylinder	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pyrex, USA	Beaker	N/A	N/A	N/A
Acculab	Weight Scale	V1-1200	018WB2003	N/A
Control Company	Digital Thermometer	15-077-21	51129471	04/29/2011
IKA Works Inc.	Hot Plate	RC Basic	3.107433	N/A
Agilent Technologies	Network Analyzer	8753ES	US39174857	10/02/2010
Agilent				
Technologies	Dielectric probe kit	HP 85070C	US9936135	CNR
Dell	PC using GPIB card	GX110	347	N/A
Control Company	Digital Thermometer	23609-234	21352860	09/03/10

 Table 6.1.2 Tissue simulant preparation equipment

Testing Services™	SAR Compliance Test Report for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RDM71UW/RDN71UW			e 23(42)
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102-	L6ARDM70UW	2503A-RDM70UW
		04a	L6ARDN70UW	2503A-RDN70UW

6.1.2 Preparation procedure

800-900 MHz liquids

- Fill the container with water. Begin heating and stirring.
- Add the **Cellulose**, the **preservative substance** and the **salt**. After several hours, the liquid will become more transparent again. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Add Sugar. Stir it well until the sugar is sufficiently dissolved.

• Keep the liquid hot but below the boiling point for at least an hour. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.

• Remove the container from, and turn the hotplate off and allow the liquid to cool off to room temperature prior to performing dielectric measurements.

1800-2450 MHz liquid

- Fill the container with water and place it on hotplate. Begin heating and stirring.
- Add the salt, Glycol/Triton X-100. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Keep the liquid hot enough to dissolve sugar for at least an hour. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Remove the container from, and turn the hotplate off and allow the liquid to cool off to room temperature prior to performing dielectric measurements.

6.2 Electrical parameters of the tissue simulating liquid

The tissue dielectric parameters shall be measured before a batch can be used for SAR measurements to ensure that the simulated tissue was properly made and will simulate the desired human characteristic. Limits and measured electrical parameters are shown in the table below.

Recommended limits are adopted from IEEE P1528-2003:

"Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", DASY 4 manual and from FCC Tissue Dielectric Properties web page at <u>http://www.fcc.gov/fcc-bin/dielec.sh</u>

f (MII-)	Tissue	Limits / Measured	Dielectric	Parameters	Liquid Temp
f (MHz)	Туре	Limits / Wieasured	ε _r	σ [S/m]	(°C)
	Head	Measured (02/09/2011)	40.4	0.92	22.4
025	Head	Recommended Limits	41.5	0.90	N/A
835	Muscle	Measured (02/09/2011)	53.3	1.00	22.4
	Muscle	Recommended Limits	55.2	0.97	N/A
	Head	Measured (02/14/2011)	38.2	1.39	22.1
1000	пеац	Recommended Limits	40.0	1.40	N/A
1900	Muscle	Measured (02/14/2011)	50.6	1.56	22.3
	wuscie	Recommended Limits	53.3	1.52	N/A
	Head	Measured (01/11/2011)	37.6	1.86	22.4
2450	Head	Recommended Limits	39.2	1.80	N/A
2450	Mugale	Measured (01/11/2011)	50.6	1.93	22.8
	Muscle	Recommended Limits	52.7	1.95	N/A

Table 6.2.1	Electrical	parameters	of tissue	simulating liquid
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Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang				2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW

6.2.2 Test Configuration

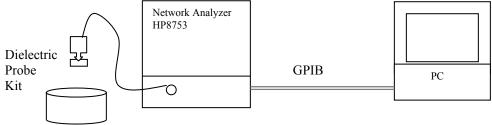


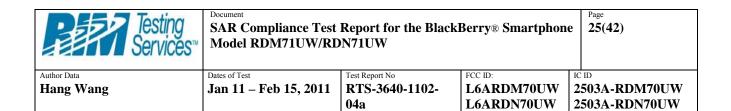
Figure 6.2.1 Test configuration

6.2.3 Procedure

- 1. Turn NWA on and allow at least 30 minutes for warm up.
- 2. Mount dielectric probe kit so that interconnecting cable to NWA will not be moved during measurements or calibration.
- 3. Pour de-ionized water and measure water temperature $(\pm 1^{\circ})$.
- 4. Set water temperature in HP-Software (Calibration Setup).
- 5. Perform calibration.
- 6. Relative permittivity $\mathcal{E}\mathbf{r} = \mathcal{E}'$ and conductivity can be calculated from \mathcal{E}''

$$\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 \epsilon_0$$

- 7. Measure liquid shortly after calibration.
- 8. Stir the liquid to be measured. Take a sample (~50ml) with a syringe from the center of the liquid container.
- 9. Pour the liquid into a small glass flask. Hold the syringe at the bottom of the flask to avoid air bubbles.
- 10. Put the dielectric probe in the glass flask. Check that there are no air bubbles in front of the opening in the dielectric probe kit.
- 11. Perform measurements.
- 12. Adjust medium parameters in DASY4 for the frequencies necessary for the measurements ('Setup Config', select medium (e.g. Head 835 MHz) and press 'Option'-button.
- 13. Select the current medium for the frequency of the validation (e.g. Setup Medium Brain 835 MHz).



7.0 SAR SAFETY LIMITS

Standards/Guideline	Localized SAR Limit (W/kg) General public (uncontrolled)	Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) Workers (controlled)
ICNIRP (1998) Standard	2.0 (10g)	10.0 (10g)
IEEE C95.1 (1999) Standard	1.6 (1g)	8.0 (1g)

Table 7.0.1. SAR safety limits for Controlled / Uncontrolled environment

Human Exposure	Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) 10g, ICNIRP (1998) Standard	Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) 1g, IEEE C95.1 (1999) Standard
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole		
body)	0.08	0.08
Spatial Peak (averaged over any X g of		
tissue)	2.00	1.60
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles		
averaged over 10 g)	4.00	4.00 (10g)

Table 7.0.2. SAR safety limits

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

Testing Services™	Document SAR Compliance Test Report for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RDM71UW/RDN71UW			e 26(42)
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102- 04a	L6ARDM70UW L6ARDN70UW	2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW

8.0 **DEVICE POSITIONING**

8.1 Device holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The Device was positioned for all test configurations using the DASY4 holder. The device holder facilitates the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately and with repeatability positioned according to FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).





Figure 7. Device Holder

1. Put the phone in the clamp mechanism (1) and hold it straight while tightening. (Curved phones or phones with asymmetrical ear pieces should be positioned so that the earpiece is in the symmetry plane of the clamp).

2. Adjust the sliding carriage (2) to 90° . Then adjust the phone holder angle (3) until the reference line of the phone is horizontal (parallel to the flat phantom bottom). The phone reference line is defined as the front tangential line between the earpiece and the center of the device bottom (or the center of the flip hinge). For devices with parallel front and backsides, the phone holder angle (3) is 0° .

3. Place the device holder at the desired phantom section and move it securely against the positioning pins (4). The screw in front of the turning plate can be applied for correct positioning (5). (Do not tighten it too strongly).

4. Shift the phone clamp (6) so that the earpiece is exactly below the ear marking of the phantom. The phone is now correctly positioned in the holder for all standard phantom measurements, even after changing the phantom or phantom section.

5. Adjust the device position angles to the desired measurement position.

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Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102- 04a	L6ARDM70UW L6ARDN70UW	2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW

6. After fixing the device angles, move the phone fixture up until the phone touches the ear marking. (The point of contact depends on the design of the device and the positioning angle).

8.2 Description of the test positioning

8.2.1 Test Positions of Device Relative to Head

The handset was tested in two test positions against the head phantom, the "cheek" position and the "tilted" position, on both left and right sides of the phantom.

The handset was tested in the above positions according to IEEE 1528- 2003 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques".

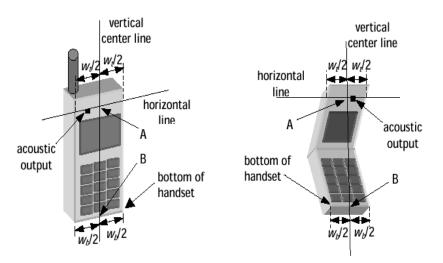


Figure 8.2.1a. Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines – fixed case

Figure 8.2.1b. Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines – "clam-shell"

Testing Services™	Document SAR Compliance Test Report for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RDM71UW/RDN71UW			e 28(42)
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102- 04a	L6ARDM70UW L6ARDN70UW	2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW

8.2.1.1 Definition of the "cheek" position

1) Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece, open the cover.

2) Define two imaginary lines on the handset: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width *wt* of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A on Figures 8.2.1a and 8.2.1b), and the midpoint of the width *wb* of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 8.2.1a). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output. However, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 8.2.1b), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip pieces, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

3) Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 8.2.1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal center line is in a plane approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.

4) Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the handset touches the ear.

5) While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is the plane normal to MB ("*mouth-back*") - NF ("*neck-front*") including the line MB (reference plane).

6) Rotate the phone around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.

7) While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, rotate the handset about the line NF until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek).

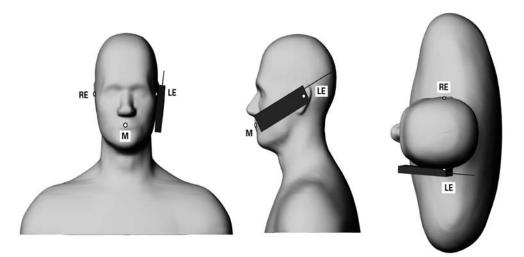


Figure 8.2.2. Phone position 1, "cheek" or "touch" position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning, are indicated. The shoulders are shown for illustration purposes only.

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Testing Services™	Document SAR Compliance Test Model RDM71UW/RD	•	Berry® Smartphon	e 29(42)
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW		

8.2.1.2 Definition of the "Tilted" Position

1) Repeat steps 1 to 7 of 5.4.1 (in this report 8.2.1.1) to replace the device in the "cheek position."

2) While maintaining the device in the reference plane (described above) and pivoting against the ear, move the device outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees, or until the antenna touches the phantom.

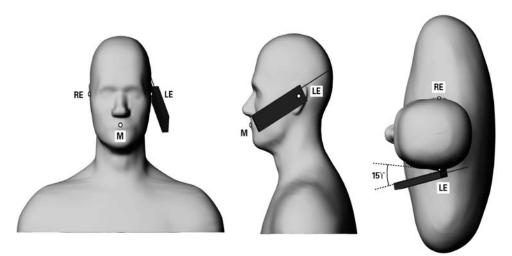


Figure 8.2.3. Phone position 2, "tilted position." The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning, are indicated. The shoulders are shown for illustration purposes only.

8.2.2 Body Holster Configuration

Body worn holsters, as well as 15mm separation distance, have been tested with the device for FCC RF exposure compliance. The EUT was positioned in each holster case and the belt clip was placed against the flat section of the phantom. A headset was then connected to the device to simulate hands-free operation in a body worn holster configuration.

Testing Services™	SAR Compliance Test Model RDM71UW/RD	1	Berry® Smartphone	e 30(42)
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW		

9.0 HIGH LEVEL EVALUATION

9.1 Maximum search

The maximum search is automatically performed after each coarse scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the coarse scan measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations.

9.2 Extrapolation

The extrapolation can be used in z-axis scans with automatic surface detection. The SAR values can be extrapolated to the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is the sum of the probe sensor offset, the surface detection distance and the grid offset. The extrapolation is based on fourth order polynomial functions. The extrapolation is only available for SAR values.

9.3 Boundary correction

The correction of the probe boundary effect in the vicinity of the phantom surface is done in the standard (worst case) evaluation; the boundary effect is reduced by different weights for the lowest measured points in the extrapolation routine. The result is a slight overestimation of the extrapolated SAR values (2% to 8%) depending on the SAR distribution and gradient. The advanced evaluation makes a full compensation of the boundary effect before doing the extrapolation. This is only possible for probes with specifications on the boundary effect.

9.4 Peak search for 1g and 10g cube averaged SAR

The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 5x5x7 scan. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements.

The measured volume of 30x30x30mm with 7.5mm resolution in (x,y) and 5mm resolution in z axis amounts to 175 measurement points. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. Boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume in a 1mm grid. In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is then moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. This last procedure is repeated for a 10 g cube. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.



Author Data
Hang Wang

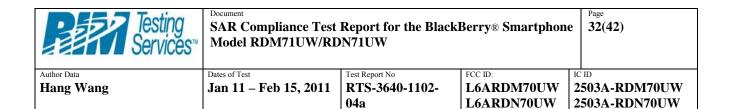
Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102-	L6ARDM70UW	2503A-RDM70UW
	04a	L6ARDN70UW	2503A-RDN70UW

10.0 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

DASY4 Uncertainty Budget According to IEEE P1528 [1]								
	Uncertainty	Prob.	Div.	(c_i)	(c_i)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(v_i)
Error Description	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	veff
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	$\pm 4.8\%$	N	1	1	1	$\pm 4.8\%$	$\pm 4.8\%$	8
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	$\pm 1.9\%$	$\pm 1.9\%$	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	$\pm 3.9\%$	$\pm 3.9\%$	80
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.6\%$	$\pm 0.6\%$	00
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.7\%$	$\pm 2.7 \%$	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.6\%$	$\pm 0.6\%$	∞
Readout Electronics	±1.0%	N	1	1	1	$\pm 1.0\%$	$\pm 1.0\%$	∞
Response Time	$\pm 0.8\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	$\pm 0.5 \%$	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.5\%$	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.2\%$	±0.2%	8
Probe Positioning	$\pm 2.9\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7\%$	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.6\%$	±0.6%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	$\pm 2.9\%$	N	1	1	1	$\pm 2.9\%$	$\pm 2.9\%$	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	$\pm 3.6\%$	$\pm 3.6\%$	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.9\%$	$\pm 2.9\%$	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.3\%$	$\pm 2.3\%$	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	±1.8%	$\pm 1.2\%$	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	$\pm 2.5\%$	N	1	0.64	0.43	$\pm 1.6\%$	$\pm 1.1\%$	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	$\pm 5.0\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	$\pm 1.7\%$	±1.4%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	$\pm 2.5\%$	N	1	0.6	0.49	$\pm 1.5 \%$	±1.2%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty		T				$\pm 10.3\%$	$\pm 10.0\%$	330
Expanded STD Uncertain	ity	l		[$\pm 20.6\%$	$\pm 20.1\%$	

Table 10.0.1. Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY4 assessed according to IEEE P1528.Source: Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

[1] The budget is valid for the frequency range 300MHz - 3 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerably smaller.



11.0 TEST RESULTS

11.1 SAR Measurement results at highest power measured against the head

	in measurem		Cond.			U U	R, averaged	l over 1 g
Test Position	Mode	f (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Slider Position	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
Right	4-slots	824.2						
Head	GSM/EDGE	836.8	27.6	Closed	21.6	0.30	-0.47	0.33
Cheek	850 MHz	848.8						
Right	3-slots	824.2						
Head	GSM/EDGE	836.8	28.4	Closed	21.7	0.31	0.15	0.31
Cheek	850 MHz	848.8						
Dight	2-slots	824.2						
Right Head	GSM/EDGE	836.8	29.8	Closed	21.7	0.34	-0.24	0.36
Cheek	850 MHz	836.8	29.8	Open	21.6	0.32	-0.18	0.32
CHECK	000 WIIIZ	848.8						
Right	2-slots	824.2						
Head	GSM/EDGE	836.8	29.8	Closed	21.6	0.32	0.08	0.32
15° Tilt	850 MHz	848.8						
Right	1-slot	824.2						
Head	GSM	836.8	32.6	Closed	21.5	0.34	-0.23	0.34
Cheek	850 MHz	848.8						
T - G	2 -1-4-	824.2						
Left	2-slots	836.8	29.8	Closed	21.6	0.33	-0.18	0.33
	Head GSM/EDGE Cheek 850 MHz	836.8	29.8	Open	21.6	0.27	1.53	0.27
CHEEK		848.8						
Left	2-slots	824.2						
Head	GSM/EDGE	836.8	29.8	Closed	21.7	0.36	0.06	0.36
15° Tilt	850 MHz	848.8						

Table 11.1.1. SAR results for GSM/EDGE 850 head configuration

* Notes that apply to all results: If the power drift is ≤ -0.200 dB, the extrapolated SAR is calculated using the formula: **Extrapolated SAR = (Measured SAR) * 10^(|Power Drift (dB)| / 10)** *Only Middle channel was tested when 1g Average SAr <0.8 W/Kg or 3dB lower than the limit.

Testing Services™	Document SAR Compliance Test Model RDM71UW/RD	•	Berry® Smartphone	e 33(42)
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW		

			Geral			SA	R, averaged	over 1 g
Test Position	Mode	f (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)	Slider Position	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
		826.4						
Right	WCDMA FDD V	836.4	24.1	Closed	21.7	0.26	-0.07	0.26
Head Cheek	850 MHz	836.4	24.1	Open	21.8	0.26	-0.03	0.26
		846.6						
Right	WCDMA	826.4						
Head	FDD V	836.4	24.1	Closed	21.8	0.26	-0.07	0.26
15° Tilt	850 MHz	846.6						
		826.4						
Left Head	WCDMA FDD V	836.4	24.1	Closed	21.6	0.24	-0.08	0.24
Cheek	850 MHz	836.4	24.1	Open	21.6	0.26	0.11	0.26
		846.6						
Left	Left WCDMA Head FDD V	826.4						
		836.4	24.1	Open	21.7	0.20	0.11	0.20
15° Tilt	850 MHz	846.6						

 Table 11.1.2. SAR results for WCDMA band V head configuration

Testing Services™	SAR Compliance Test Model RDM71UW/RD	-	Berry® Smartphone	e 34(42)
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW		

						SA	R, averaged	over 1 g
Test Position	Mode	f (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)	Slider Position	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
Right	4-slots	1850.2						
Head	GSM/EDGE	1880.0	24.5	Closed	21.9	0.36	-0.17	0.36
Cheek	1900 MHz	1909.8						
Right	3-slots	1850.2						
Head	GSM/EDGE	1880.0	25.6	Closed	22.0	0.36	-0.37	0.39
Cheek	1900 MHz	1909.8						
		1850.2						
Right	2-slots	1880.0	27.0	Closed	22.1	0.35	-0.51	0.39
Head Cheek	GSM/EDGE 1900 MHz	1880.0	27.0	Open	22.0	0.25	0.43	0.25
Cheek	1900 MILL	1909.8						
Right	2-slots	1850.2						
Head	GSM/EDGE	1880.0	27.0	Closed	21.8	0.34	0.13	0.34
15° Tilt	1900 MHz	1909.8						
Right	1-slot	1850.2						
Head	GSM	1880.0	29.8	Closed	21.9	0.31	-0.39	0.34
Cheek	1900 MHz	1909.8						
		1850.2						
Left	2-slots	1880.0	27.0	Closed	21.7	0.70	0.06	0.70
	Head GSM/EDGE Cheek 1900 MHz	1880.0	27.0	Open	21.7	0.40	-0.03	0.40
CHUCK		1909.8						
Left	2-slots	1850.2						
Head	GSM/EDGE	1880.0	27.0	Closed	21.8	0.35	0.05	0.35
15° Tilt	1900 MHz	1909.8						

 Table 11.1.3.
 SAR results for GSM/EDGE 1900 head configuration

Testing Services ^{**}	Document SAR Compliance Test Model RDM71UW/RD	-	Berry® Smartphone	e 35(42)
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW		

			a 1			SA	R, averaged	over 1 g
Test Position	Mode	f (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)	Slider Position	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
		1852.4						
Right	WCDMA	1880	23.2	Closed	22.4	0.75	-0.28	0.80
Head Cheek	FDD II 1900 MHz	1880	23.2	Open	22.3	0.47	0.05	0.47
		1907.6						
Right	WCDMA	1852.4						
Head	FDD II	1880	23.2	Closed	22.2	0.68	-0.04	0.68
15° Tilt	1900 MHz	1907.6						
		1852.4	23.7	Closed	22.0	1.29	-0.05	1.29
		1880	23.2	Closed	22.0	1.34	0.11	1.34
Left Head	WCDMA FDD II	1907.6	23.9	Closed	21.8	1.44	-0.04	1.44
Cheek	1900 MHz	1852.4	23.7	Open	21.7	0.79	-0.04	0.79
Cheek	1900 11112	1880	23.2	Open	21.8	0.89	-0.07	0.89
	1907.6	23.9	Open	21.9	0.99	-0.02	0.99	
Left	WCDMA	1852.4						
Head		1880	23.2	Closed	21.9	0.63	-0.12	0.63
15° Tilt	1900 MHz	1907.6						

Table 11.1.4. SAR results for WCDMA band II head configuration

Testing Services ^{**}	Document SAR Compliance Test Model RDM71UW/RD	•	Berry® Smartphone	e 36(42)
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW		

			Cond.			SA	R, averaged	over 1 g
Test Position	Mode	f (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Slider Position	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
		2412						
Right	802.11 b	2437						
Head Cheek	2450 MHz	2462	18.4	Closed	22.5	0.13	-0.03	0.13
		2462	18.4	Open	22.5	0.04	-0.31	0.04
Right	802.11 b	2412						
Head	2450	2437						
15° Tilt	MHz	2462	18.4	Closed	22.2	0.17	-0.12	0.17
		2412						
Left	802.11 b	2437						
Head Cheek	2450 MHz	2462	18.4	Closed	22.6	0.25	-0.06	0.25
		2462	18.4	Open	22.6	0.06	-0.03	0.06
Left 802.11 b	2412							
Head	2450	2437						
15° Tilt	MHz	2462	18.4	Closed	22.4	0.26	-0.15	0.26

Table 11.1.5. SAR results for 802.11b head configuration

*Note: Tested only highest output power channel

Testing Services™	Document SAR Compliance Test Model RDM71UW/RD	-	Berry® Smartphone	e 37(42)
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102-	L6ARDM70UW	2503A-RDM70UW
		04a	L6ARDN70UW	2503A-RDN70UW

11.2 SAR measurement results at highest power measured against the body using accessories

					SA	R, average	d over 1 g
Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Holster type / device configuration	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
	824.2	29.8	No Holster, back side 15mm away	22.1	0.62	-0.15	0.62
	836.8	29.8	No Holster, back side 15mm away	22.1	0.83	-0.18	0.83
	848.8	29.6	No Holster, back side 15mm away	22.1	0.76	0.02	0.76
2-slots GPRS	836.8	29.8	No Holster, front side 15mm away	22.1	0.38	010	0.38
850 MHz	836.8	29.8	Vertical Holster, back side facing	22.1	0.68	0.04	0.68
	836.8	29.8	No Holster, headset 1, back side 15mm away	22.1	0.62	0.08	0.62
	836.8	29.8	No Holster, headset 2, back side 15mm away	22.0	0.64	0.01	0.64
	836.8	29.8	No Holster, headset 3, back side 15mm away	22.0	0.40	-0.22	0.42
3-slots GPRS 850 MHz	836.8	28.8	No Holster, back side 15mm away	22.0	0.74	-0.39	0.81
4-slots GPRS 850 MHz	836.8	27.6	No Holster, back side 15mm away	21.9	0.80	0.03	0.80

 Table 11.2.1. SAR results for GPRS850 body-worn configurations

Testing Services™	SAR Compliance Test Model RDM71UW/RD	-	Berry® Smartphone	e 38(42)
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102- 04a	L6ARDM70UW L6ARDN70UW	2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW

					SAR, averaged over 1 g		
Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Holster type / device configuration	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
	836.4		No Holster, back side 15mm away	22.5	0.61	-0.08	0.61
	836.4		No Holster, front side 15mm away	22.1	0.28	-0.04	0.28
WCDMA FDD V	836.4		Vertical Holster, back side facing	22.0	0.79	-0.06	0.79
850 MHz	836.4		No Holster, HS#1, back side 15mm away	22.3	0.45	0.09	0.45
	836.4		No Holster, HS#2, back side 15mm away	22.2	0.43	0.09	0.43
	836.4		No Holster, HS#3, back side 15mm away	22.2	0.59	-0.06	0.59

Table 11.2.2. SAR results for WCDMA band V body-worn configurations

Testing Services™	Document SAR Compliance Test Model RDM71UW/RD	-	Berry® Smartphon	e 39(42)
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102- 04a	L6ARDM70UW L6ARDN70UW	2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW

					SAR, averaged over 1 g		
Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Holster type / device configuration	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
	1880.0	27.2	No Holster, back side 15mm away	22.1	0.34	-0.20	0.36
2-Slots GPRS	1880.0	27.2	Vertical Holster, back side facing	22.0	0.24	-0.38	0.27
1900 MHz	1880.0	27.2	No Holster, front side 15mm away	21.9	0.24	-0.35	0.26
	1880.0	27.2	No Holster, HS#2, back side 15mm away	21.9	0.30	0.02	0.30
3-Slots GPRS 1900 MHz	1880.0	25.2	No Holster, back side 15mm away	22.0	0.41	0.24	0.41
4-Slots GPRS 1900 MHz	1880.0	24.4	No Holster, back side 15mm away	22.0	0.42	0.42	0.42

 Table 11.2.3. SAR results for GPRS 1900 body-worn configurations

Testing Services™	SAR Compliance Test Model RDM71UW/RD	-	Berry® Smartphone	Page 40(42)
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102- 04a		2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW

					SAR	k, average	d over 1 g
Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Holster type / device configuration	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
	1852.4	23.7	No Hoslter, back side 15mm away	21.9	0.68	0.04	0.68
	1880.0	23.2	No Hoslter, back side 15mm away	21.9	0.79	-0.28	0.84
WCDMA FDD II	1907.6	23.9	No Hoslter, back side 15mm away	21.9	0.94	-0.03	0.94
1900MHz	1907.6	23.9	Vertical Holster, back side facing	22.0	0.59	-0.06	0.59
	1907.6	23.9	No Hoslter, front side 15mm away	22.1	0.54	0.02	0.54
	1907.6	23.9	No Holster, HS#2, back side 15 mm away	22.1	0.88	-0.18	0.88

Table 11.2.4: SAR results for WCDMA band II body-worn configurations

					SAF	k, average	d over 1 g
Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Holster type / device configuration	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
	2462	18.4	No Hoslter, back side 15mm away	22.5	0.06	-0.21	0.06
	2462	18.4	Vertical Holster, back side facing	22.6	0.07	-0.01	0.07
802.11b/ WLAN	2462	18.4	Vertical Holster, front side facing	22.6	0.05	0.14	0.05
2450 MHz	2462	18.4	No Holster, HS#1, back side 15 mm away	22.6	0.05	-0.12	0.05
	2462	18.4	No Holster, HS#2, back side 15 mm away	22.8	0.04	-0.32	0.04
	2462	18.4	No Holster, HS#3, back side 15 mm away	22.4	0.04	-0.12	0.04

 Table 11.2.5:
 SAR results for 802.11b/WLAN 2450 MHz body-worn configurations

Testing Services™	-	Document SAR Compliance Test Report for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RDM71UW/RDN71UW			
Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID	
Hang Wang	Jan 11 – Feb 15, 2011	RTS-3640-1102- 04a		2503A-RDM70UW 2503A-RDN70UW	

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[14] FCC OET SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters, May, 2007.

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Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	IC ID
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