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Author Data	Dates of Test	Test Report No	FCC ID:	
Daoud Attayi	May 03 – 13 & June 08 - 11, 2004	RIM-0086-0405-01	L6ARAP40GV	N

# **SAR Compliance Test Report**

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Statement of Research In Motion Limited, declares under its sole responsibility that the product Compliance: to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate RF exposure standards, recommendations and guidelines. It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines and recommended practices are noted below:

(none)

- **Device Category:** This wireless handheld is a portable device, designed to be used in direct contact with the user's head, hand and to be carried in approved accessories when carried on the user's body.
- **RF** exposure This wireless portable device has been shown to be in compliance for environment: localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01), FCC 96-326, IEEE Std. C95.1-1999, Health Canada's Safety Code 6, and reproduced in RSS-102 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01), ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.3-1991, IEEE 1528-2003 and Health Canada's Safety Code 6.

Approved by:

Signatures Paul & Cardinal Daond Attagi

Date

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Tested and documented by: Daoud Attavi **Compliance Specialist** 

June 13, 2004

July 08, 2004

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Author Data Daoud Attayi	May 03 – 13 & June 08 - 11, 2004	Test Report No RIM-0086-0405-01	FCC ID: L6ARAP40	GW

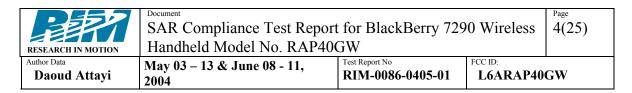
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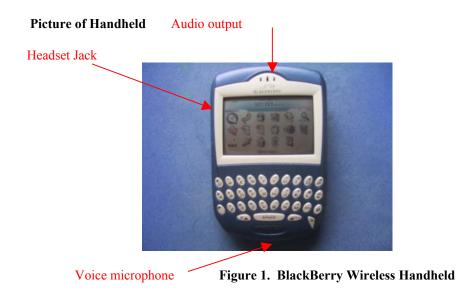
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APPENDIX A: SAR DISTRIBUTION COMPARISON FOR THE ACCURACY VERIFICATION APPENDIX B: SAR DISTRIBUTION PLOTS FOR HEAD CONFIGURATION APPENDIX C: SAR DISTRIBUTION PLOTS FOR BODY-WORN CONFIGURATION APPENDIX D: PROBE & DIPOLE CALIBRATION DATA APPENDIX E: SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS



### **1.0 OPERATING CONFIGURATIONS AND TEST CONDITIONS**



#### 1.2 Antenna description

1.1

Туре	Internal fixed antenna
Location	Back top centre section
Configuration	Internal fixed antenna

#### Table 1. Antenna description

#### **1.3 Handheld description**

Handheld Model	RAP40GW				
FCC ID	L6ARAP40GW	/			
Serial Number	1003205029				
Prototype or Production	Pre-production				
Unit					
Mode(s) of Operation	GSM 850	GSM 900	DCS 1800	PCS 1900	Bluetooth
Maximum conducted RF					
Output Power	33.00 dBm	33.00 dBm	30.00 dBm	30.00 dBm	3.5 dBm
Tolerance in Power Setting					
on centre channel	$32.7 \pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$	$32.7 \pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$	$29.7 \pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$	$29.7 \pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$	N/A
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:8	1:8	1:8	N/A
Transmitting Frequency	824.20-	880.20-	1710.20-	1850.20-	
Range (MHz)	848.80	814.80	1784.80	1909.80	2402-2483

#### Table 2. Test device description

**Note:** GSM 900 & DCS 1800 bands are not operational in the North America, therefore there is no SAR results presented in this report for FCC/IC submission. A separate report has been generated for these bands.

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#### 1.3 Body worn accessories

#### Holsters

The plastic swivel holster P/N: ASY-06669-001, leather swivel holster P/N: HDW-07386-001, with integral belt-clip, are designed to allow the BlackBerry handheld to slide in only one way, and that is with the keyboard side facing the user (facing the belt-clip) while in the holster. This positioning has the benefit of protecting the keypad and the large LCD from damage.

The top right portion of Figure 2 shows the holster with the handheld keyboard side facing the user and with the keyboard side facing away from user. Photo to the middle left shows that the device with keyboard away from the user does not fit into the holster.

In addition to the above holsters, horizontal foam holster P/N: HDW-06619-XXX and vertical foam holster P/N: HDW-06620-XXX are designed to be used with the BlackBerry Wireless Handheld as shown in the bottom photos.



Figure 2. Body-worn holsters

The device-to-phantom spacing when the handheld is in the holster is 15 mm as shown in the middle portion of Figure 2.

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#### 1.5 Headsets

The Blackberry Wireless Handheld was tested with and without headset model number HDW-03458-001. The SAR values are shown in the Table 16.

#### 1.6 Batteries

The Blackberry Wireless Handheld was tested with the following Lithium Ion Batteries:

- GS Melcotec battery pack P/N: BAT-03087-003
- Sanyo battery pack P/N: BAT-03487-002
- Sanyo GS higher capacity battery pack P/N: BAT-06532-001

#### 1.7 Procedure used to establish the test signal

The Handheld was put into test mode for the SAR measurements by enabling a call via a Rohde & Schwartz CMU 200 Base Station Simulator test instrument. A SIM card was placed in the Handheld to enable the interaction between the BSS communications test instrument and the Handheld. The CMU 200 communications test instrument then sent out a command for the Handheld to transmit at full power at the specified frequency.

A second CMU 200 was used to connect to the Bluetooth band and set to transmit at maximum power. Worst case SAR was measured with GSM and Bluetooth bands ON simultaneously.

# 2.0 DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

#### 2.1 SAR measurement system

SAR measurements were performed using a Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY 4), an automated SAR measurement system manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG), of Zurich, Switzerland.

The DASY 4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

· A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software.

· An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

· A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in

tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

· A DAE module which performs the signal amplification, signal

multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection,

collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable

batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC).

 $\cdot$  A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

 $\cdot$  The EOC performs the conversion from an optical signal into the digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the PC plug-in card.

• The functions of the PC plug-in card based on a DSP is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, surveillance of the robot operation fast movement interrupts.

• A computer operating Windows NT.

- DASY 4 software version 3.1C.
- · Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as

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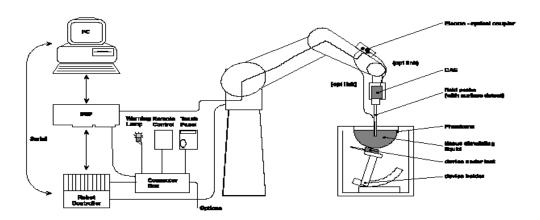
warning lamps, etc.

• The SAM Twin Phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.

 $\cdot$  The device holder for handheld mobile phones.

• Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes (see Application Note).

• System validation dipoles allowing for the validation of proper functioning of the system.



**Figure 3: System Description** 

#### 2.1.1 Equipment List

Manufacturer	Test Equipment	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	E-field probe	ET3DV6	1643	09/10/2004
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE3)	DAE3 V1	472	19/08/2004
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Dipole Validation Kit	D835V2	446	21/08/2005
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Dipole Validation Kit	D1900V2	545	22/08/2005
Agilent Technologies	Signal generator	HP 8648C	4037U03155	01/08/2005
Agilent Technologies	Power meter	E4419B	GB40202821	31/07/2004
Agilent Technologies	Power sensor	8482A	US37295126	07/08/2004
Amplifier Research	Amplifier	5S1G4M3	300986	CNR
Agilent Technologies	Network analyzer	8753ES	US39174857	31/07/2004
Rohde & Schwarz	Base Station Simulator	CMU 200	103437	22/04/2005
Rohde & Schwarz	Base Station Simulator	CMU 200	100251	21/04/2005

#### Table 3. Equipment list

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#### 2.2 Description of the test setup

Before a SAR test is conducted the Handheld and the DASY equipment are setup as follows:

#### 2.2.1 Handheld and base station simulator setup

• Insert SIM card into the Handheld's SIM card slot and power it up.

- Turn on the CMU 200 test set and set the carrier frequency and power to the appropriate values.
- Connect an antenna to the RF IN/OUT of the communication test set and place it close to the Handheld.

#### 2.2.2 DASY setup

• Turn the computer on and log on to Windows NT.

• Start DASY 4 software by clicking on the icon located on the Windows desktop. Once the software loads, click on the Change to Robot toolbar button to open the State and Robot Monitoring Windows.

- Once the DASY State dialog opens you can ignore all errors and click OK to open the Robot Monitoring window.
- Mount the DAE unit and the probe. Turn on the DAE unit.
- Turn the Robot Controller on by turning the main power switch to the horizontal position
- Align the probe and click the align probe in the light beam button to correct the probe offset.
- Open a program and configure it to the proper parameters
- Establish a connection between the Handheld and the communications test instrument. Place the Handheld on the stand and adjust it under the phantom.
- Start SAR measurements.

#### 3.0 ELECTRIC FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION

#### 3.1 Probe Specification

SAR measurements were conducted using the dosimetric probe ET3DV6, designed by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG for the measurement of SAR. The probe is constructed using the thin film technique, with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. It has a symmetrical design with triangular core, built-in optical fiber for the surface detection system and built-in shielding against static discharge. The probe is sensitive to E-fields and thus incorporates three small dipoles arranged so that the overall response is close to isotropic. The table below summarizes the technical data for the probe.

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Property	Data
Frequency range	30 MHz – 3 GHz
Linearity	±0.1 dB
Directivity (rotation around probe axis)	≤ ±0.2 dB
Directivity (rotation normal to probe axis)	±0.4 dB
Dynamic Range	5 mW/kg – 100 W/kg
Probe positioning repeatability	±0.2 mm
Spatial resolution	< 0.125 mm <sup>3</sup>

#### Table 4. Probe specification

#### **3.2 Probe calibration and measurement errors**

The probe was calibrated on 09/10/2003 with an accuracy better than  $\pm 10\%$ . The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe were tested. The probe calibration parameters are shown on Appendix D.

#### 4.0 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Prior to conducting SAR evaluation, the measurements were validated using the dipole validation kit and a flat phantom. A power level of 1.0 W was applied to the dipole antenna. The verification results are in the table below with a comparison to reference values. Printouts are shown in Appendix A. All the measured parameters are satisfactory.

	T	SAR (W/kg)	Dielectric l	Liquid Temp	
f (MHz)	Limits / Measured	1 g/ 10 g	ε <sub>r</sub>	σ [S/m]	(°C)
	Measured	9.4 / 6.2	42.5	0.90	23.0
835	Recommended Limits	9.6 / 6.2	43.3	0.91	N/A
1900	Measured	41.6 / 21.9	39.2	1.42	22.8
1900	Recommended Limits	41.2 / 21.3	40.2	1.46	N/A

#### 4.1 System accuracy verification for Head Adjacent use

#### Table 5. System accuracy (Validation for Head Adjacent use)

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#### 5.0 PHANTOM DESCRIPTION

The SAM Twin Phantom, manufactured by SPEAG, was used during the SAR measurements. The phantom is made of a fiberglass shell integrated with a wooden table.

The SAM Twin Phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2 mm shell thickness. It has three measurement areas: Left hand Right hand Flat phantom

The phantom table dimensions are: 100x50x85 cm (LxWxH). The table is intended for use with free standing robots.

The bottom shelf contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder in place. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is

necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different solutions).

A white cover is provided to top the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on the cover are possible; however the optical surface detector does not work properly at the cover surface. Place a sheet of white paper on the cover when using optical surface detection.

Liquid depth of  $\geq$  15 cm is maintained in the phantom for all the measurement.



Figure 4 SAM Twin Phantom

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#### 6.0 TISSUE DIELECTRIC PROPERTY

#### 6.1 Composition of tissue simulant

The composition of the brain and muscle simulating liquids for 800-900 MHz and 1800-1900 MHz are shown in the table below.

INGREDIENT	MIXTURE	800–900MHz	MIXTURE 1	XTURE 1800–1900MHz	
INOREDIENT	Brain %	Muscle %	Brain %	Muscle %	
Water	51.07	65.45	54.88	69.91	
Sugar	47.31	34.31	0	0	
Salt	1.15	0.62	0.21	0.13	
HEC	0.23	0	0	0	
Bactericide	0.24	0.10	0	0	
DGBE	0	0	44.91	29.96	

#### Table 6. Tissue simulant recipe

#### 6.1.1 Equipment

Manufacturer	Test Equipment	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date
Pyrex, England	Graduated Cylinder	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pyrex, USA	Beaker	N/A	N/A	N/A
Acculab	Weight Scale	V1-1200	018WB2003	N/A
Hart Scientific	Digital Thermometer	61161-302	21352860	15/09/2005
IKA Works Inc.	Hot Plate	RC Basic	3.107433	N/A

#### Table 7. Tissue simulant preparation equipment

#### 6.1.2 **Preparation procedure**

#### 800-900 MHz liquids

- Fill the container with water. Begin heating and stirring.
- Add the **Cellulose**, the **preservative substance** and the **salt**. After several hours, the liquid will become more transparent again. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Add Sugar. Stir it well until the sugar is sufficiently dissolved.
- Keep the liquid hot but below the boiling point for at least an hour. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.

• Remove the container from, and turn the hotplate off and allow the liquid to cool off to room temperature prior to performing dielectric measurements.

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#### 1800-1900 MHz liquid

- Fill the container with water. Begin heating and stirring.
- Add the salt and Glycol. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Keep the liquid hot but below the boiling point for at least an hour. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.

• Remove the container from, and turn the hotplate off and allow the liquid to cool off to room temperature prior to performing dielectric measurements.

#### 6.2 Electrical parameters of the tissue simulating liquid

The tissue dielectric parameters shall be measured before a batch can be used for SAR measurements to ensure that the simulated tissue was properly made and will simulate the desired human characteristic. Limits and measured electrical parameters are show in the table below.

Recommended limits are adopted from IEEE P1528/D1.2, April 21, 2003:

"Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", SPEAG dipole calibration certificates and from FCC Tissue Dielectric Properties web page at <u>http://www.fcc.gov/fcc-bin/dielec.sh</u>

f (MHz)	Tissue	Limits / Measured	Dielectric	Parameters	Liquid Temp
1 (1112)	Туре		ε <sub>r</sub>	σ [S/m]	(°C)
	Haad	Measured	42.5	0.90	23.0
	Head	Recommended Limits	43.3	0.91	N/A
835	Muscle	Measured	54.3	0. 98	22.0
	Muscle	Recommended Limits	55.2	0.97	N/A
	TT 1	Measured	39.2	1.42	22.8
	Head	Recommended Limits	40.0	1.46	N/A
1900		Measured	50.3	1.57	21.5
	Muscle	Recommended Limits	53.3	1.52	N/A

#### Table 8. Electrical parameters of tissue simulating liquid

#### 6.2.1 Equipment

Manufacturer	Test Equipment	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date
Agilent Technologies	Network Analyzer	8753ES	US39174857	31/07/2004
Agilent Technologies	Dielectric probe kit	HP 85070C	US9936135	CNR
Dell	PC using GPIB card	GX110	347	N/A
Hart Scientific	Digital Thermometer	61161-302	21352860	15/09/2005

#### Table 9. Equipment required for electrical parameter measurements

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#### 6.2.2 Test Configuration

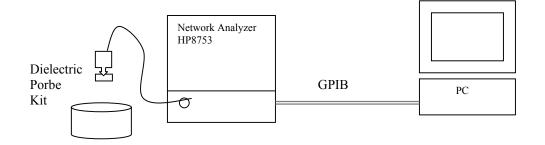


Figure 5: Test configuration

#### 6.2.3 Procedure

- 1. Turn NWA on and allow at least 30 minutes for warm up.
- 2. Mount dielectric probe kit so that interconnecting cable to NWA will not be moved during measurements or calibration.
- 3. Pour de-ionized water and measure water temperature  $(\pm 1^{\circ})$ .
- 4. Set water temperature in HP-Software (Calibration Setup).
- 5. Perform calibration.
- 6. Validate calibration with dielectric material of known properties (e.g. polished ceramic slab with >8mm thickness  $\varepsilon'=10.0$ ,  $\varepsilon''=0.0$ ). If measured parameters do not fit within tolerance, repeat calibration ( $\pm 0.2$  for  $\varepsilon'$ :  $\pm 0.1$  for  $\varepsilon''$ ).
- 7. Relative permittivity  $\varepsilon r = \varepsilon'$  and conductivity can be calculated from  $\varepsilon'' = \sigma \varepsilon_0 \varepsilon''$
- 8. Measure liquid shortly after calibration.
- 9. Stir the liquid to be measured. Take a sample (~50ml) with a syringe from the center of the liquid container.
- 10. Pour the liquid into a small glass flask. Hold the syringe at the bottom of the flask to avoid air bubbles.
- 11. Put the dielectric probe in the glass flask. Check that there are no air bubbles in front of the opening in the dielectric probe kit.
- 12. Perform measurements.
- 13. Adjust medium parameters in DASY 4 for the frequencies necessary for the measurements ('Setup Config', select medium (e.g. Brain 900 MHz) and press 'Option'-button.
- 14. Select the current medium for the frequency of the validation (e.g. Setup Medium Brain 900 MHz).

Sample calculation for 835 MHz head tissue dielectric parameters using data from Table 10.

Relative permittivity  $\varepsilon r = \varepsilon' = 42.55$ Conductivity  $\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_0 \varepsilon'' = 2 \times 3.1416 \times 835 \text{ e}+6 \times 8.854\text{e}-12 \times 19.31 = 0.90 \text{ S/m}$ 

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2004

Title

SubTitle

May 03, 2004 10:32 AM

-0405-01	

0-0403-01					

Title

SubTitle

May 04, 2004 11:25 AM	

Frequency	e'	e"	Frequency	e'	e"
800.000000 MHz	42.9462	19.4654	800.000000 MHz	54.5535	21.2658
805.000000 MHz	42.8759	19.4466	805.000000 MHz	54.5220	21.2502
810.000000 MHz	42.8353	19.4145	810.000000 MHz	54.4524	21.2200
815.000000 MHz	42.7685	19.4009	815.000000 MHz	54.4273	21.1855
820.000000 MHz	42.7247	19.3704	820.000000 MHz	54.3986	21.1693
825.000000 MHz	42.6430	19.3723	825.000000 MHz	54.3559	21.1583
830.000000 MHz	42.6164	19.3587	830.000000 MHz	54.3239	21.1434
835.000000 MHz	42.5501	<mark>19.3145</mark>	835.000000 MHz	54.2616	<mark>21.0735</mark>
840.000000 MHz	42.4959	19.3093	840.000000 MHz	54.2229	21.0946
845.000000 MHz	42.4427	19.3041	845.000000 MHz	54.1491	21.1066
850.000000 MHz	42.3891	19.3303	850.000000 MHz	54.1461	21.0706
855.000000 MHz	42.3238	19.2770	855.000000 MHz	54.0888	21.0332
860.000000 MHz	42.2488	19.2582	860.000000 MHz	54.0031	21.0179
865.000000 MHz	42.1766	19.2800	865.000000 MHz	53.9647	21.0389
870.000000 MHz	42.1132	19.2583	870.000000 MHz	53.9106	21.0014
875.000000 MHz	42.0573	19.2247	875.000000 MHz	53.8388	20.9711
880.000000 MHz	41.9854	19.2367	880.000000 MHz	53.7867	20.9337
885.000000 MHz	41.9424	19.2402	885.000000 MHz	53.7420	20.9680
890.000000 MHz	41.9134	19.2045	890.000000 MHz	53.6907	20.9413
895.000000 MHz	41.8444	19.1663	895.000000 MHz	53.6766	20.9267
900.000000 MHz	41.7827	19.1660	900.000000 MHz	53.6235	20.8909
905.000000 MHz	41.7603	19.1293	905.000000 MHz	53.5622	20.8846
910.000000 MHz	41.7110	19.1159	910.000000 MHz	53.5289	20.8416

Table 10. 835 MHz head and muscle tissue dielectric parameters

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# Title

SubTitle June 08, 2004 11:18 AM

2004

# Title

SubTitle June 09, 2004 01:41 PM

Frequency	e'	e"	Frequency	e'	e"
1.80000000 GHz	39.5634	13.0986	1.800000000 GHz	50.6915	14.4749
1.805000000 GHz	39.5551	13.1205	1.805000000 GHz	50.6927	14.4794
1.81000000 GHz	39.5236	13.1382	1.810000000 GHz	50.6601	14.4938
1.815000000 GHz	39.5074	13.1558	1.815000000 GHz	50.6543	14.5145
1.820000000 GHz	39.4957	13.1555	1.820000000 GHz	50.6285	14.5447
1.825000000 GHz	39.4642	13.1914	1.825000000 GHz	50.6205	14.5617
1.830000000 GHz	39.4593	13.2110	1.83000000 GHz	50.5985	14.5908
1.835000000 GHz	39.4313	13.2268	1.835000000 GHz	50.5727	14.6106
1.840000000 GHz	39.4149	13.2414	1.84000000 GHz	50.5611	14.6468
1.845000000 GHz	39.3831	13.2596	1.845000000 GHz	50.5423	14.6821
1.850000000 GHz	39.3655	13.2809	1.85000000 GHz	50.5425	14.7060
1.855000000 GHz	39.3558	13.3095	1.855000000 GHz	50.5200	14.7118
1.860000000 GHz	39.3360	13.3262	1.86000000 GHz	50.4808	14.7361
1.865000000 GHz	39.3122	13.3455	1.865000000 GHz	50.4574	14.7718
1.87000000 GHz	39.2909	13.3633	1.870000000 GHz	50.4467	14.7970
1.875000000 GHz	39.2775	13.3791	1.875000000 GHz	50.4285	14.8250
1.880000000 GHz	39.2429	13,3843	1.880000000 GHz	50.4200	14.8213
1.885000000 GHz	39.2231	13.3983	1.885000000 GHz	50.3866	14.8439
1.89000000 GHz	39.2045	13.3996	1.890000000 GHz	50.3665	14.8598
1.895000000 GHz	39,1583	13.4273	1.895000000 GHz	50.3455	14.8905
1.90000000 GHz	39.1478	13.4265	1.900000000 GHz	50.3231	14.8944
1.905000000 GHz	39.1329	13.4464	1.905000000 GHz	50.3233	14.9282
1.91000000 GHz	39,1094	13,4569	1.910000000 GHz	50.2957	14.9333
1.915000000 GHz	39.0856	13.4618	1.915000000 GHz	50.2785	14.9540
1.920000000 GHz	39.0609	13.4879	1.920000000 GHz	50.2605	14.9650
1.925000000 GHz	39.0195	13.5012	1.925000000 GHz	50.2256	14.9803
1.93000000 GHz	39.0019	13,5052	1.930000000 GHz	50,1984	14.9959
1.935000000 GHz	38.9625	13.5115	1.935000000 GHz	50,1830	15.0085
1.94000000 GHz	38.9439	13.5222	1.940000000 GHz	50.1719	15.0174
1.945000000 GHz	38.9144	13.5429	1.945000000 GHz	50,1462	15.0532
1.95000000 GHz	38.8987	13.5663	1.950000000 GHz	50.1210	15.0571

Table 11. 1900 MHz head and muscle tissue dielectric parameters

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# 7.0 SAR SAFETY LIMITS

Standards/Guideline	Localized SAR Limit (W/kg) General public (uncontrolled)	Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) Workers (controlled)
ICNIRP (1998) Standard	2.0 (10g)	10.0 (10g)
IEEE C95.1 (1999) Standard	1.6 (1g)	8.0 (1g)

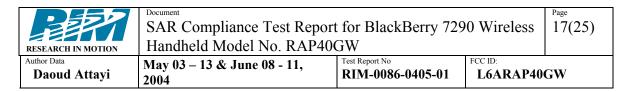
#### Table 12. SAR safety limits for Controlled / Uncontrolled environment

Human Exposure	Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) 10g, ICNIRP (1998) Standard	Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) 1g, IEEE C95.1 (1999) Standard
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole		
body)	0.08	0.08
Spatial Peak (averaged over any X g of		
tissue)	2.00	1.60
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles		
averaged over 10 g)	4.00	4.00 (10g)

#### Table 13. SAR safety limits

**Uncontrolled Environments** are defined as locations where there is exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

**Controlled Environments** are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).



#### 8.0 DEVICE POSITIONING

#### 8.1 Device holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The Handheld was positioned for all test configurations using the DASY 4 holder. The device holder facilitates the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately and with repeatability positioned according to FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).





#### Figure 6 Device Holder

1. Put the phone in the clamp mechanism (1) and hold it straight while tightening. (Curved phones or phones with asymmetrical ear pieces should be positioned so that the ear piece is in the symmetry plane of the clamp).

2. Adjust the sliding carriage (2) to 90°. Then adjust the phone holder angle (3) until the reference line of the phone is horizontal (parallel to the flat phantom bottom). The phone reference line is defined as the front tangential line between the ear piece and the center of the device bottom (or the center of the flip hinge). For devices with parallel front and back sides, the phone holder angle (3) is  $0^{\circ}$ .

3. Place the device holder at the desired phantom section and move it securely against the positioning pins (4). The screw in front of the turning plate can be applied for correct positioning (5). (Do not tighten it too strongly).

4. Shift the phone clamp (6) so that the ear piece is exactly below the ear marking of the phantom. The phone is now correctly positioned in the holder for all standard phantom measurements, even after changing the phantom or phantom section.

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5. Adjust the device position angles to the desired measurement position.

6. After fixing the device angles, move the phone fixture up until the phone touches the ear marking. (The point of contact depends on the design of the device and the positioning angle).

# 8.2 Description of the test positioning

#### 8.2.1 Test Positions of Device Relative to Head

The handset was tested in two test positions against the head phantom, the "cheek" position and the "tilted" position, on both left and right sides of the phantom.

The handset was tested in the above positions according to IEEE 1528/D.2, April 21, 2003 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques".

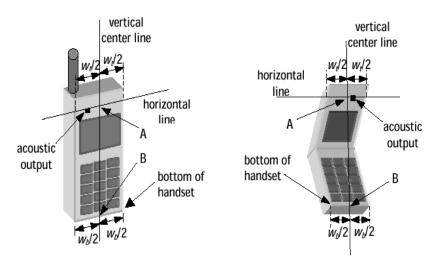


Figure 7a – Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines – fixed case

Figure 7b – Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines – "clam-shell"

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#### 8.2.1.1 Definition of the "cheek" position

1) Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece, open the cover.

2) Define two imaginary lines on the handset: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A on Figures 7a and 7b), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 7a). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output. However, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 7b), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip pieces, and other irregularly shaped handsets. 3) Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 7), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal center line is in a plane approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. 4) Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the handset touches the ear.

**5)** While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is the plane normal to MB ("*mouth-back*") - NF ("*neck-front*") including the line MB (reference plane).

6) Rotate the phone around the vertical centerline until the phone

(horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.

7) While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, rotate the handset about the line NF until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek).

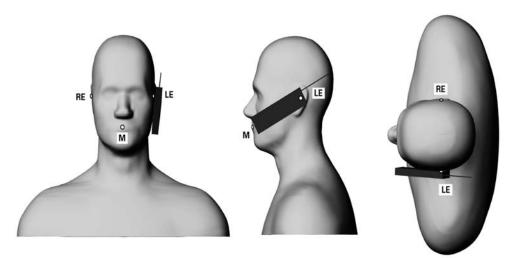


Figure 8 – Phone position 1, "cheek" or "touch" position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning, are indicated. The shoulders are shown for illustration purposes only.

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#### 8.2.1.2 Definition of the "Tilted" Position

Repeat steps 1 to 7 of 5.4.1 (in this report 8.2.1.1) to replace the device in the "cheek position."
 While maintaining the device in the reference plane (described above) and pivoting against the ear, move the device outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees, or until the antenna touches the phantom.

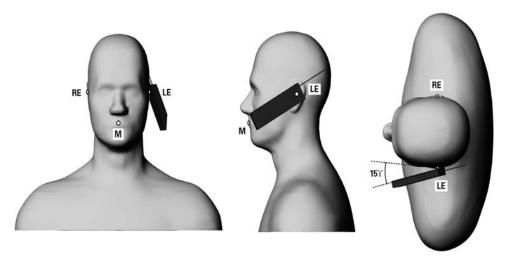


Figure 9 – Phone position 2, "tilted position." The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning, are indicated. The shoulders are shown for illustration purposes only.

#### 8.2.2 Body Holster Configuration

A body worn holster, as shown on Figure 2, was tested with the Wireless Handheld for FCC RF exposure compliance. The EUT was positioned in the holster case and the belt clip was placed against the flat section of the phantom. A headset was then connected to the handheld to simulate hands-free operation in a body worn holster configuration.

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#### 9.0 High Level Evaluation

#### 9.1 Maximum search

The maximum search is automatically performed after each coarse scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the coarse scan measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations.

#### 9.2 Extrapolation

The extrapolation can be used in z-axis scans with automatic surface detection. The SAR values can be extrapolated to the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is the sum of the probe sensor offset, the surface detection distance and the grid offset. The extrapolation is based on fourth order polynomial functions. The extrapolation is only available for SAR values.

#### 9.3 Boundary correction

The correction of the probe boundary effect in the vicinity of the phantom surface is done in the standard (worst case) evaluation; the boundary effect is reduced by different weights for the lowest measured points in the extrapolation routine. The result is a slight overestimation of the extrapolated SAR values (2% to 8%) depending on the SAR distribution and gradient. The advanced evaluation makes a full compensation of the boundary effect before doing the extrapolation. This is only possible for probes with specifications on the boundary effect.

#### 9.4 Peak search for 1g and 10g cube averaged SAR

The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 5x5x7 scan. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements. The measure volume of 32x32x35mm mm contains about 35g of tissue. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. Boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume in a 1mm grid (35000 points). In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is then moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. This last procedure is repeated for a 10 g cube. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.

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# **10.0 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES**

DASY4 Uncertainty Budget According to IEEE P1528 [1]								
	Uncertainty	Prob.	Div.	$(c_i)$	$(c_i)$	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	$(v_i)$
Error Description	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	veff
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	$\pm 4.8\%$	N	1	1	1	$\pm 4.8\%$	$\pm 4.8\%$	.∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	$\pm 1.9\%$	$\infty$
Hemispherical Isotropy	$\pm 9.6\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	$\pm 3.9\%$	$\pm 3.9\%$	$\infty$
Boundary Effects	$\pm 1.0\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.6\%$	±0.6%	$\infty$
Linearity	$\pm 4.7\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.7\%$	$\pm 2.7\%$	$\infty$
System Detection Limits	$\pm 1.0\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.6\%$	$\pm 0.6\%$	$\infty$
Readout Electronics	±1.0%	N	1	1	1	$\pm 1.0\%$	$\pm 1.0\%$	8
Response Time	$\pm 0.8\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.5\%$	$\pm 0.5 \%$	$\infty$
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.5\%$	$\pm 1.5 \%$	8
RF Ambient Conditions	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	8
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.2\%$	±0.2%	8
Probe Positioning	$\pm 2.9\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7\%$	±1.7%	8
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.6\%$	±0.6%	8
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	$\pm 2.9\%$	N	1	1	1	$\pm 2.9\%$	$\pm 2.9\%$	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	$\pm 3.6\%$	$\pm 3.6\%$	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.9\%$	$\pm 2.9\%$	$\infty$
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	$\pm 4.0\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.3\%$	$\pm 2.3 \%$	$\infty$
Liquid Conductivity (target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	$\pm 1.8\%$	$\pm 1.2 \%$	$\infty$
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	$\pm 2.5\%$	N	1	0.64	0.43	$\pm 1.6\%$	$\pm 1.1\%$	$\infty$
Liquid Permittivity (target)	$\pm 5.0\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	$\pm 1.7\%$	$\pm 1.4\%$	$\infty$
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	$\pm 2.5\%$	N	1	0.6	0.49	$\pm 1.5 \%$	$\pm 1.2\%$	8
Combined Std. Uncertainty						$\pm 10.3\%$	$\pm 10.0\%$	330
Expanded STD Uncertain	ty			<b> </b>		$\pm 20.6\%$	$\pm 20.1\%$	

 Table 14. Measurement uncertainty

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## **11.0 TEST RESULTS**

#### 11.1 SAR Measurement results at highest power measured against the head

				SAR, averaged over 1 g (W/Kg)			SAR, averaged over 1 g (W/Kg)		
		Cond.	Battery	Left-hand			<b>Right-hand</b>		
Mode	f (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	type	Liquid Temp (°C)	Cheek	Tilted	Liquid Temp (°C)	Cheek	Tilted
	*836.80	32.8	GS	23.1	0.24	0.22	22.8	0.26	0.23
	836.80	32.8	Sanyo	-	-	-	22.6	0.23	-
GSM 850	836.80	32.8	higher capacity	-	-	-	22.8	0.22	-
	836.80 + BT	32.8	GS	23.2	0.26	-	22.6	0.25	-
	1880.00	30.2	GS	22.8	0.14	0.20	22.8	0.21	0.28
GSM	1880.00	30.2	Sanyo	-	-	-	22.6	-	0.31
1900	1880.00	30.2	higher capacity	-	_	_	22.5	_	0.26
	1880.00 + BT	30.2	GS	21.6	-	0.21	21.6	-	0.28

Table 15. SAR results for head configuration

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#### 11.2 SAR measurement results at highest power measured against the body using accessories

Mode	f (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)	Liquid Temp (°C)	Accessory	SAR, averaged over 1 g (W/kg) Holster
	*836.80	32.8	22.0	Plastic Swivel Holster	0.22
	836.80	32.8	22.1	Leather Swivel Holster	0.24
	824.20	32.7	22.1	Horizontal Foam Holster	0.78
	836.80	32.8	22.0	Horizontal Foam Holster	0.88
	848.80	32.8	21.8	Horizontal Foam Holster	1.00
GSM	824.20	32.7	21.7	Vertical Foam Holster & GS battery	0.89
850	836.80	32.8	22.0	Vertical Foam Holster & GS battery	1.06
050	848.80	32.8	22.8	Vertical Foam Holster & GS battery	1.03
	836.80	32.8	22.8	Vertical Foam Holster & Sanyo battery	1.00
	836.80	32.8	22.6	Vertical Foam Holster & higher cap. battery	0.72
	836.80	32.8	22.5	Vertical Foam Holster, GS battery & headset	0.92
	836.80 + BT	32.7	22.6	Vertical Foam Holster & GS battery	0.95
	*1880.00	30.0	21.5	Plastic Swivel Holster	0.08
	1880.00	30.0	21.7	Leather Swivel Holster	0.08
	1850.20	30.0	21.8	Horizontal Foam Holster	1.16
	1880.00	30.0	21.9	Horizontal Foam Holster	0.95
	1909.80	30.0	22.4	Horizontal Foam Holster	0.77
GSM	1850.20	30.0	22.7	Vertical Foam Holster & GS battery	1.34
1900	1880.00	30.0	22.6	Vertical Foam Holster & GS battery	1.13
	1909.80	30.0	22.8	Vertical Foam Holster & GS battery	1.38
	1880.00	30.0	22.6	Vertical Foam Holster & Sanyo battery	0.81
	1880.00	30.0	22.8	Vertical Foam Holster & higher cap. battery	0.76
	1909.80+BT	30.0	22.9	Vertical Foam Holster, GS battery & headset	1.33

 $^{\ast}$  Supplement C: Middle channel testing is sufficient only if SAR < 3dB below limit see PN 02-1438

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#### 12.0 REFERENCES

[1] EN 50360: 2001, Product standard to demonstrate the compliance of mobile phones with the basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields (300 MHz - 3 GHz)

[2] EN 50361: 2001, Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz)

[3] ICNIRP, International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (1998), Guidelines for limiting exposure in time-varying electric, magnetic, and electromagnetic fields (up to 300 GHz).

[4] Council Recommendation 1999/519/EC of July 1999 on the limitation of exposure of the general public to electromagnetic fields (0 Hz to 300 GHz)

[5] IEEE C95.3-1991, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields – RF and Microwave.

[6] IEEE C95.1-1999, IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

[7] OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01) Supplement C (Edition 01-01), Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields.

[8] FCC 96-326, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio-Frequency Radiation.

[9] DASY 4 DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT SYSTEM SOFTWARE MANUAL V4.1 Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, April 2003.

[10] IEEE 1528-2003: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Aborption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

[11] Health Canada, Safety Code 6, 1999: Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

[12] RSS-102, issue 1 (Provisional), September 25, 1999: Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields.